



Atlas of Canada 6th Edition
 (archival version)

Terrestrial Ecozones (Nunavut)

Ecozones are one of several levels of ecological regions that cover all of Canada. An ecozone is a discrete system, which has resulted from the mesh and interplay of geology, landform, soil, vegetation, climate, wildlife, water and human factors. Four of the fifteen terrestrial ecozones of Canada are found in Nunavut: Northern Arctic, Arctic Cordillera, Southern Arctic, and Taiga Shield.

Lambert Conformal Conic Projection. Standard Parallels 49°N and 77°N

Terrestrial Ecozones Arctic Cordillera Northern Arctic Southern Arctic Taiga Plain Taiga Shield Boreal Shield Atlantic Maritime Mixed-Wood Plain Boreal Plain Prairie Tundra Cordillera Boreal Cordillera Pacific Maritime Montane Cordillera Hudson Plain	Populated Places 1 - 4 999 5 000 - 49 999 50 000 - 99 999 100 000 and greater Capitals (Canada) National Provincial and Territorial Nunavut Populated Places Named Community Polar Ice Area Ice Area	Boundaries EEZ (200 mile) Canada / Kalaallit Nunaat dividing line International Provincial / Territorial
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Source(s):
 Terrestrial Ecozones
 Marshall, Ian. 1999. Ecosystems of Canada. Ecosystem Stratification Working Group, Agriculture and Agri-food Canada and Environment Canada.

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