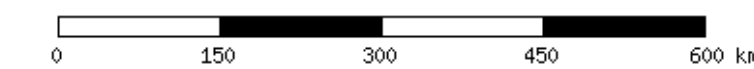


Atlas of Canada 6th Edition
(archival version)

Mother Tongue, 2006 — English (by census subdivision)

The 2006 Census data showed that Anglophones, that is the population whose mother tongue is English, made up the majority of the population in Canada, about 57.8%. This was the case for all provinces and territories except Quebec, where the majority of the population reported French as mother tongue. In total, 22.1% of the population in Canada were Francophones, which is the population with French as their mother tongue. Allophones, the population who reported a non-official language as mother tongue, made up 20%.



Lambert Conformal Conic Projection, Standard Parallels 49°N and 77°N

Mother Tongue by Census Subdivision (English)

- 0.0% - 11.9%
- 12.0% - 35.9%
- 36.0% - 60.9%
- 61.0% - 79.9%
- 80.0% - 91.9%
- 92.0% - 100.0%
- Incompletely Enumerated Indian Reserves and Settlements
- Data Suppressed for Reasons of Confidentiality
- Non-ecumene Population (sparsely populated area)

Selected Populated Place Names

- 0 - 999
- 1 000 - 4 999
- 5 000 - 24 999
- 25 000 - 99 999
- 100 000 - 499 999
- 500 000 or greater
- Abbreviation (FN) First Nation Community

Boundaries

- International
- Provincial / Territorial
- Canada / Kalaallit Nunaat dividing line
- Canada's Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ)
- Census Subdivision Boundaries

Capital Cities

- National: Ottawa
- Provincial / Territorial

Note: The ecumene represents the inhabited areas, with a population density greater than or equal to 0.4 persons per square kilometre (or one person per square mile).

Source(s):
Mother Tongue, 2006
Statistics Canada, Profile of Language, Immigration, Citizenship, Mobility and Migration for Canada, Provinces, Territories, Census Divisions and Census Subdivisions, 2006 Census, Catalogue No. 94-577-X2006004.

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