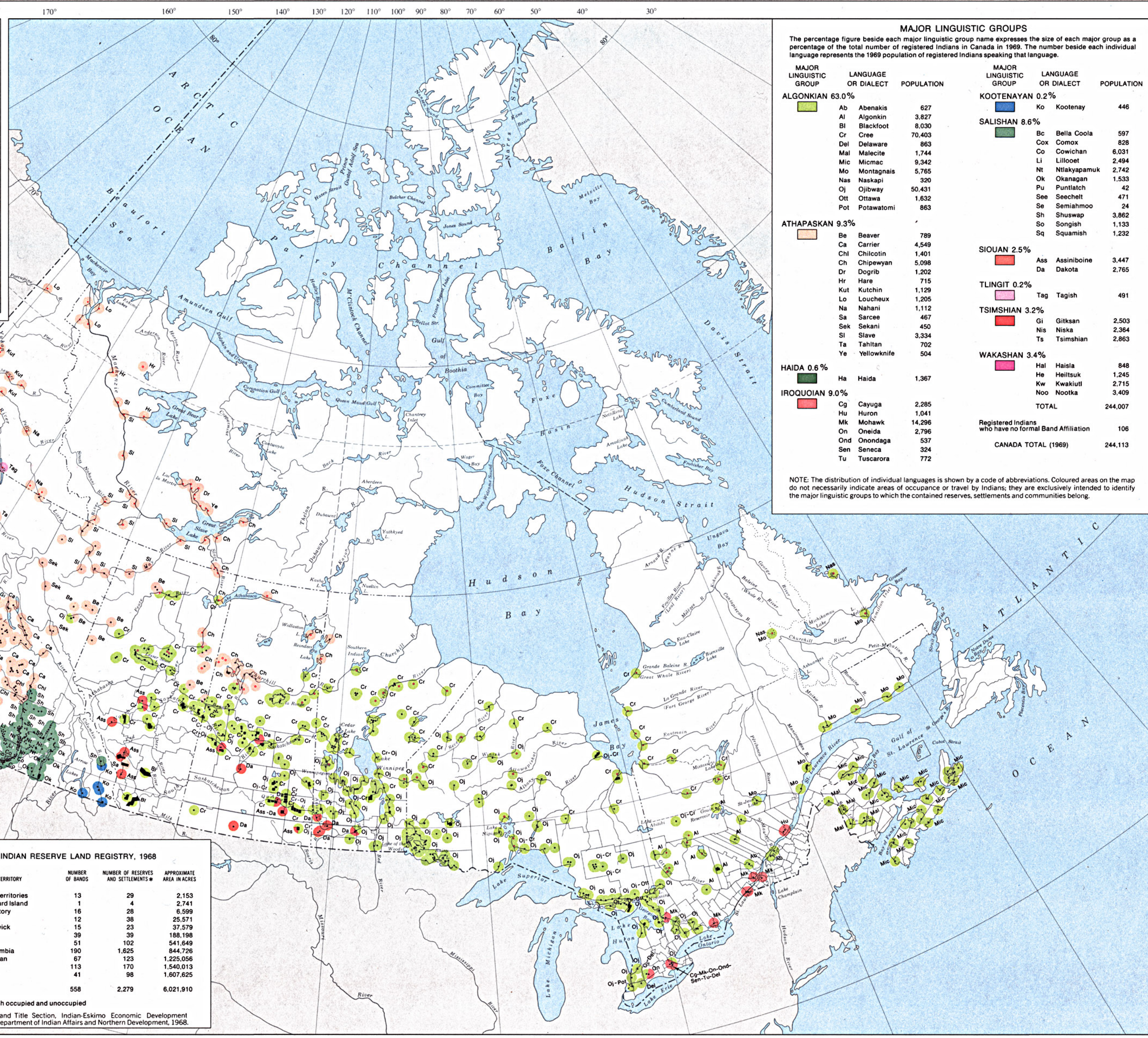
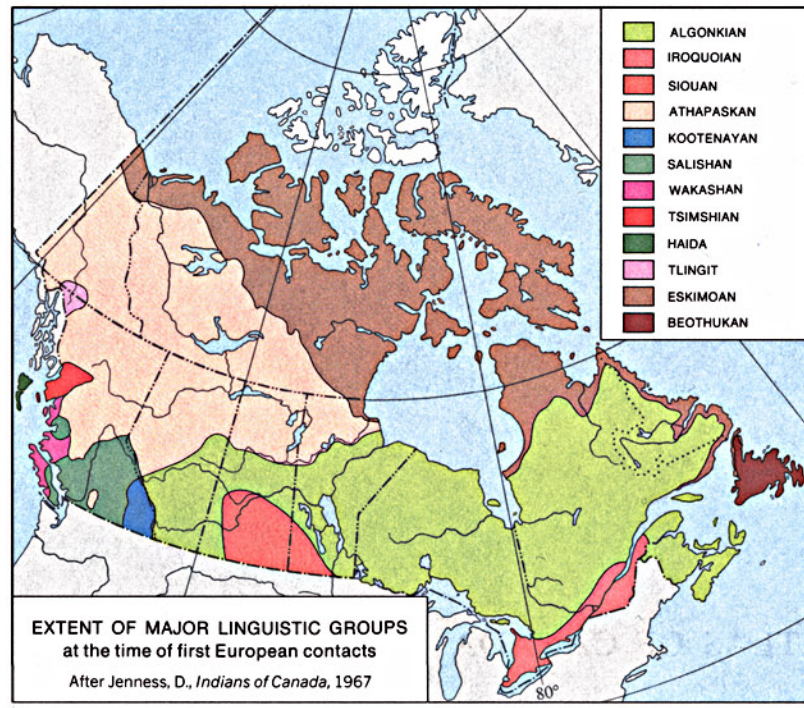


INDIAN LANDS AND LANGUAGES

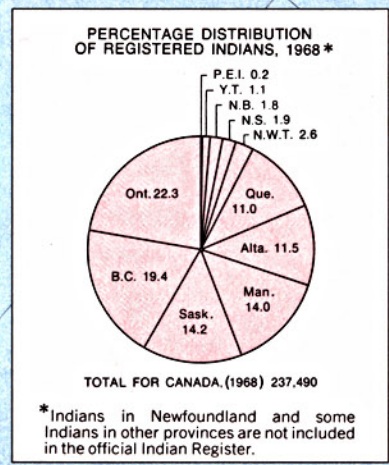
INDIAN LANDS AND LANGUAGES



MAJOR LINGUISTIC GROUPS
The percentage figure beside each major linguistic group name expresses the size of each major group as a percentage of the total number of registered Indians in Canada in 1969. The number beside each individual language represents the 1969 population of registered Indians speaking that language.

MAJOR LINGUISTIC GROUP	LANGUAGE OR DIALECT	POPULATION	MAJOR LINGUISTIC GROUP	LANGUAGE OR DIALECT	POPULATION	
ALGONKIAN 63.0%	Ab	Abenakis 627	KOOTENAYAN 0.2%	Ko	Kootenay 446	
	Al	Algonkin 3,827		SALISHAN 8.6%	Bc	Bella Coola 597
	Bl	Blackfoot 8,030			Cox	Comox 828
	Cr	Cree 70,403			Co	Cowichan 6,031
	Del	Delaware 863			Li	Lillooet 2,494
	Mal	Malecite 1,744			Nt	Nlakyapamuk 2,742
	Mic	Micmac 9,342			Ok	Okanagan 1,533
	Mo	Montagnais 5,765			Pu	Puntlatch 42
	Nas	Naskapi 320			Se	Seechelt 471
	Oj	Ojibway 50,431			Sh	Shuswap 3,862
	Ott	Ottawa 1,632			So	Songish 1,133
	Pot	Potawatomi 863			Sq	Squamish 1,232
ATHAPASKAN 9.3%	Be	Beaver 789	SIOUAN 2.5%		Ass	Assiniboine 3,447
	Ca	Carrier 4,549		Da	Dakota 2,765	
	Chl	Chilcotin 1,401	TLINGIT 0.2%	Tag	Tagish 491	
	Ch	Chipewyan 5,098		TSIMSHIAN 3.2%	Gi	Gitksan 2,503
	Dr	Dogrib 1,202	Nis		Niska 2,364	
	Hr	Hare 715	Ts	Tsimshian 2,863		
	Kut	Kutchin 1,129	WAKASHAN 3.4%	Hal	Haisla 848	
	Lo	Loucheux 1,205		He	Heiltsuk 1,245	
	Na	Nahani 1,112		Kw	Kwakiutl 2,715	
	Sa	Sarcee 467		Noo	Nootka 3,409	
Sek	Sekani 450	IROQUOIAN 9.0%	TOTAL 244,007			
Sl	Slave 3,334		Registered Indians who have no formal Band Affiliation 106			
Ta	Tahltan 702		CANADA TOTAL (1969) 244,113			
Ye	Yellowknife 504					
Cg	Cayuga 2,285					
Hu	Huron 1,041					
Mk	Mohawk 14,296					
On	Onaida 2,796					
Ond	Onondaga 537					
Sen	Seneca 324					
Tu	Tuscarora 772					

NOTE: The distribution of individual languages is shown by a code of abbreviations. Coloured areas on the map do not necessarily indicate areas of occupancy or travel by Indians; they are exclusively intended to identify the major linguistic groups to which the contained reserves, settlements and communities belong.



INDIAN LANDS AND LANGUAGES

OCCUPIED INDIAN RESERVES, SETTLEMENTS AND COMMUNITIES, 1961

- Occupied Indian Reserve (one symbol may represent a group of reserves)
- Occupied Indian Reserve (extent shown)
- Occupied Indian Settlement
- Other Indian Community

NOTE: No definitive statement on the precise legal status of Indian Reserve and Settlement lands can be made without extensive enumeration of particular cases. In general terms, Indian Reserve land is set apart by order-in-council in accordance with the provisions of a particular treaty between the Crown and an Indian Band. An Indian Settlement is situated on Crown Land officially listed as an Indian Settlement, but to which the Band cannot claim title. Those additional Indian Communities shown on this map are simply some distinct centres of Indian population, not officially listed as settlements. Only those Indian Reserves, Settlements and certain communities which were occupied in 1961 are shown.

INDIAN RESERVE LAND REGISTRY, 1968

PROVINCE OR TERRITORY	NUMBER OF BANDS	NUMBER OF RESERVES AND SETTLEMENTS*	APPROXIMATE AREA IN ACRES
Northwest Territories	13	29	2,153
Prince Edward Island	1	4	2,741
Yukon Territory	16	28	6,599
Nova Scotia	12	38	25,571
New Brunswick	15	23	37,579
Quebec	39	39	188,198
Manitoba	51	102	541,649
British Columbia	190	1,625	844,726
Saskatchewan	67	123	1,225,056
Ontario	113	170	1,540,013
Alberta	41	98	1,607,625
CANADA	558	2,279	6,021,910

*Includes both occupied and unoccupied

Source: Land Title Section, Indian-Eskimo Economic Development Branch, Department of Indian Affairs and Northern Development, 1968.