Geomatics Canada Géomatique Canada

NATIONAL ATLAS OF CANADA BASE MAP SERIES

NORTH AMERICA

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Scale 1:10 000 000

1 centimetre represents 100 kilometres / 1 inch represents 158 miles

kilometres 100 0 100 200 300 400 500 kilometres

miles 100 0 100 200 300 miles

Lambert Zenithal Equal Area Projection; centred at 45°00' N. 95°00' W.

Copies of this map may be obtained from the Canada Map Office, Natural Resources Canada, Ottawa, telephone: (613) 952-7000 or 1-800 465-6277 (Canada and U.S.A.); or Fax: (613) 957-8861 or 1-800 661-6277 (Canada and U.S.A.); or through your nearest map dealer. Quote **MCR 31**.

The principal map is available in digital form, for Geographic Information System (GIS) applications, electronic publishing and customized digital products. Contact Digital Distribution Services, Geomatics Canada, telephone: (613) 995-0314 or Fax: (613) 947-2189.

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LEGEND

POPULATED PLACES[1]

CAPITAL CITIES

- ⊛ OTTAWA — National Capital
- ALBANY — Capital of a province, state or territory (for Canada, United States or Mexico), or of a dependency.

OTHER POPULATED PLACES

- Iqaluit — 1 - 9 999
- Lethbridge — 10 000 - 99 999
- Moncton — 100 000 - 999 999
- Miami — 1 000 000 - 2 999 999
- Los Angeles — 3 000 000 or greater

TRANSPORTATION ROUTES

- Expressways (multi-lane, divided, limited access roads)
- Other roads
- Railways, selected
- Ferries

BOUNDARIES[2]

- International
- Provincial, state, territorial
- District (Canada)
- Undemarcated
- Dividing line (Canada and Kalaallit Nunaat)

200-MILE LIMIT

- (Shown only for Canada)

HYDROGRAPHY

- Glacier or icefield
- 200 — Bathymetric contour (metres)

[1] The same population classes are used for capital cities as for other populated places. Populations usually refer to a single city, however, for all metropolitan areas shown, the population symbol for its principal city reflects the population of the entire metropolitan area. Where metropolitan area names consist of several city names, the first one given is assumed to be the principal city; usually this is the largest populated place in the metropolitan area. The metropolitan areas of the United States shown on the map are Metropolitan Statistical Areas (MSAs) or Primary Metropolitan Statistical Areas (PMSAs). Population data are usually from the period 1990-92.

[2] The representation of political features on this map does not necessarily reflect the position of the Government of Canada on international issues of recognition, sovereignty or jurisdiction. Political status is as of January 1995.

Mexican States

1 AGUASCALIENTES
2 QUERÉTARO DE ARTEAGA
3 COLIMA
4 TLAXCALA
5 ESTADO DE MÉXICO
6 MORELOS
7 DISTRITO FEDERAL

CODES OF THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION (ISO) FOR SELECTED COUNTRY NAMES

ISO CODE	COUNTRY NAME
CO	Colombia
CR	Costa Rica
DK	Denmark
FR	France
GB	United Kingdom
HN	Honduras
MX	Mexico
NI	Nicaragua
NL	Netherlands
NO	Norway
US	United States of America
VE	Venezuela

PHYSIOGRAPHY OF NORTH AMERICA

Scale 1:53 000 000

Elevations in metres

metres	
Mt. McKinley 6 193	
3 000	
2 000	
1 000	
500	
300	
200	
0	
All ocean areas and major lakes	

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, National Geophysical Data Center, 1994, *Global Relief Data - CD-ROM*, Washington, D.C.

ROAD DISTANCES (in kilometres) BETWEEN SELECTED URBAN AREAS

(Example: TORONTO to EDMONTON is 3506 kilometres)

| Urban Area | Population ('000) | Time Zone | | |