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## Seismological Service of Canada

# CANADIAN EARTHQUAKES—1968

A. E. Stevens, W. G. Milne, R. B. Horner,  
R. J. Wetmiller, G. Leblanc and G. A. McMechan

Seismological Series Number 71  
Ottawa, Canada 1976



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1 Observatory Crescent  
Ottawa Canada  
K1A 0E4

1 Place de l'Observatoire  
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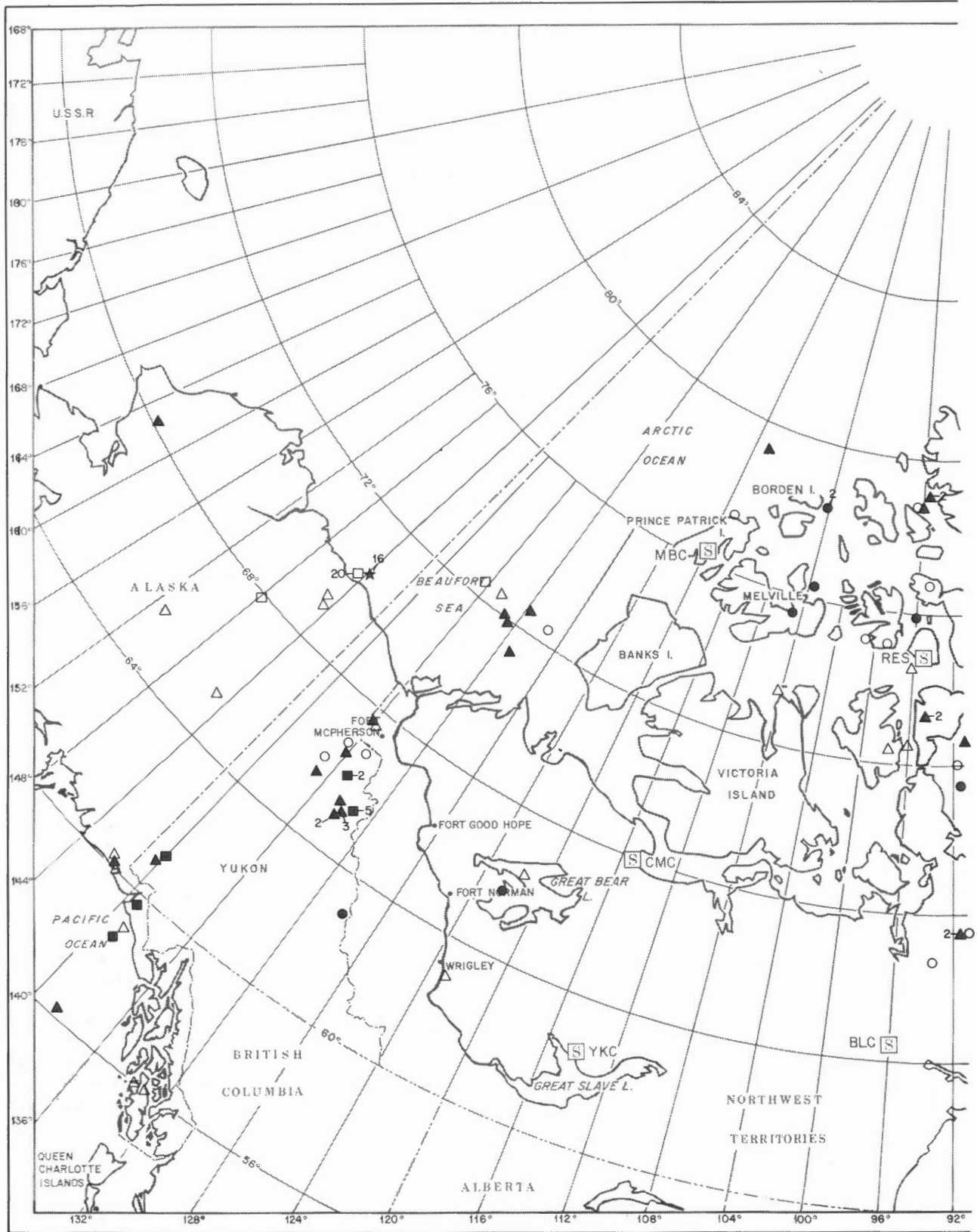


Figure 2. Earthquakes of Northern Canada and adjacent areas - 1968 (Sheet 1 of 2)

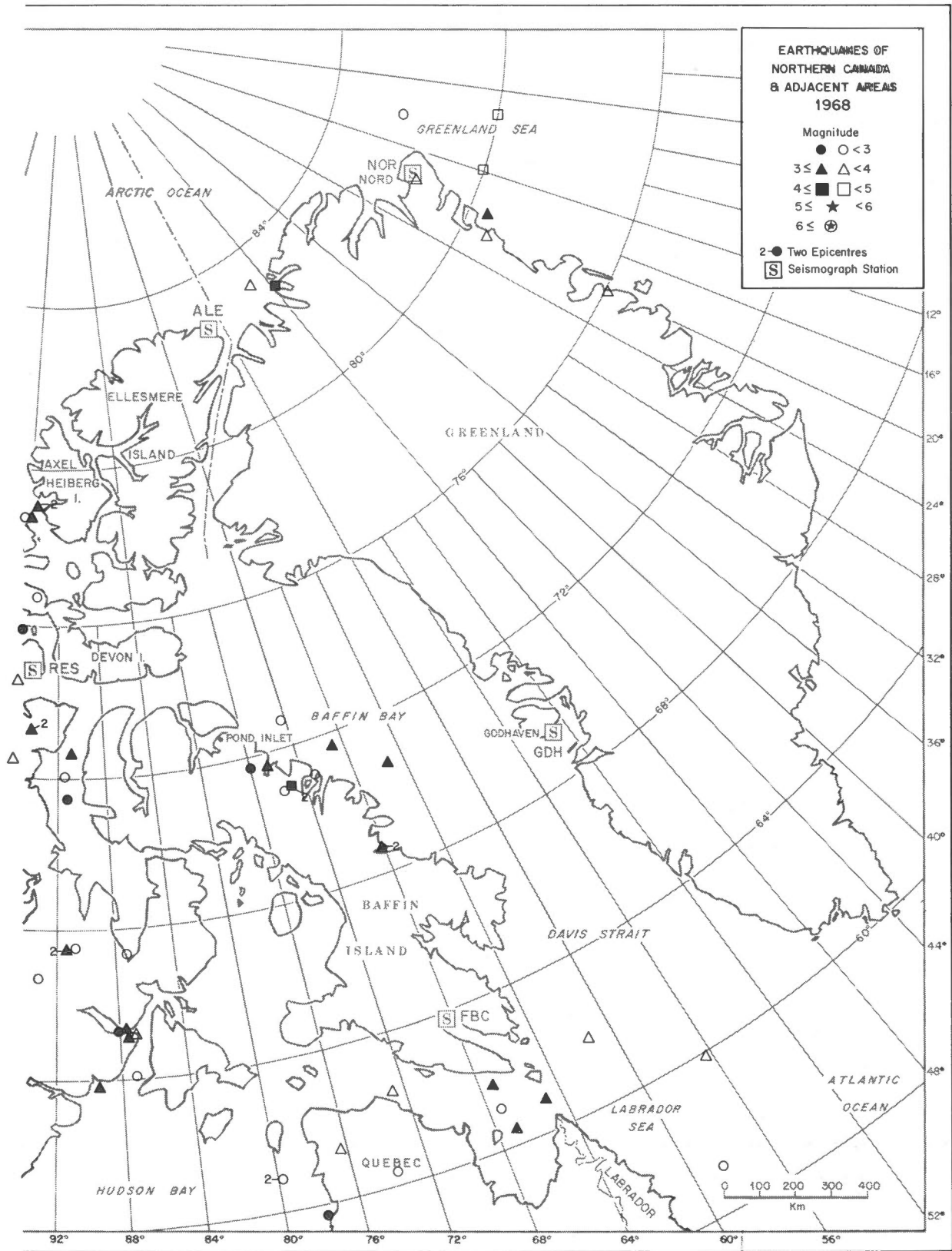


Figure 2. Earthquakes of Northern Canada and adjacent areas - 1968 (Sheet 2 of 2)



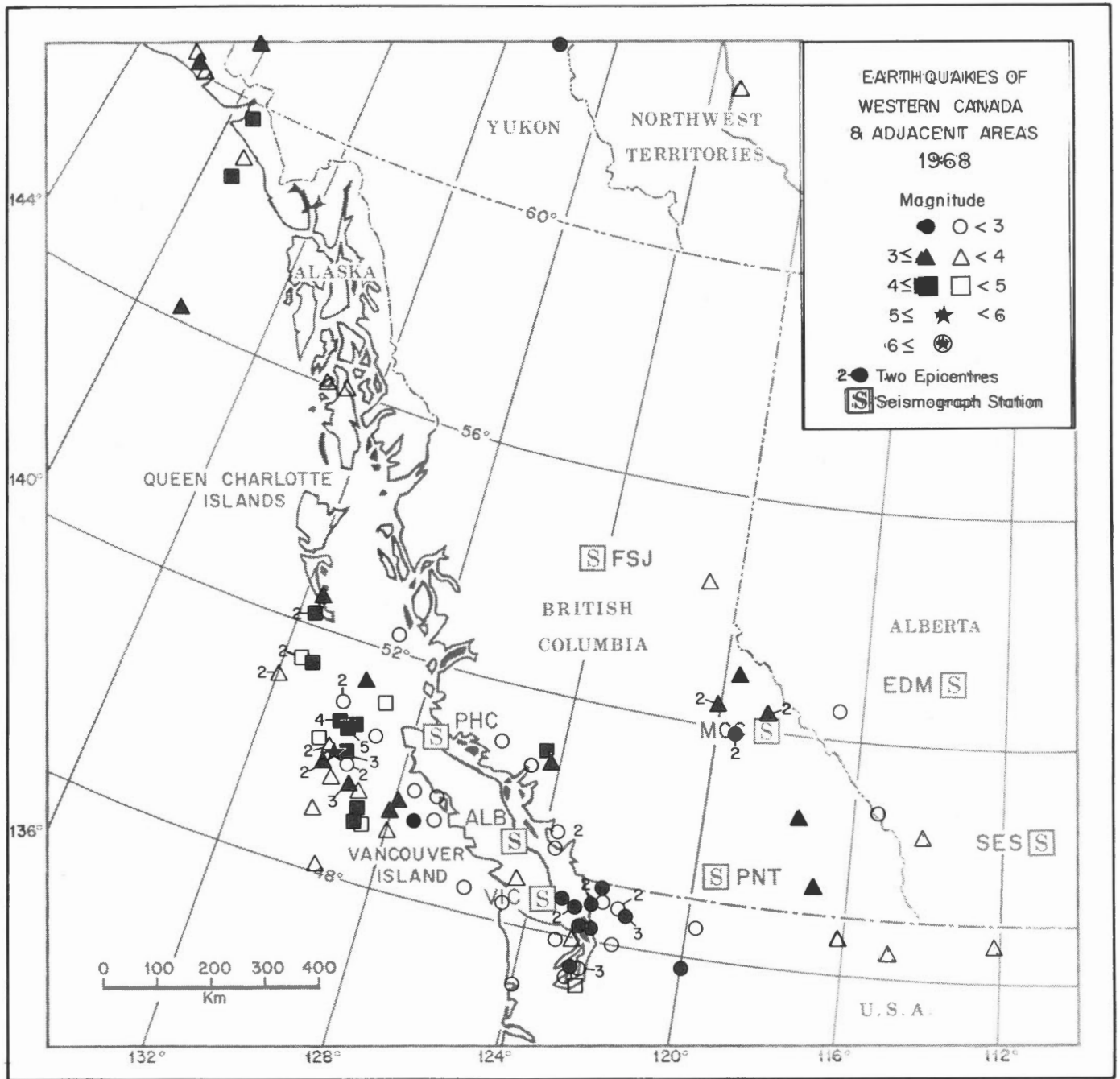


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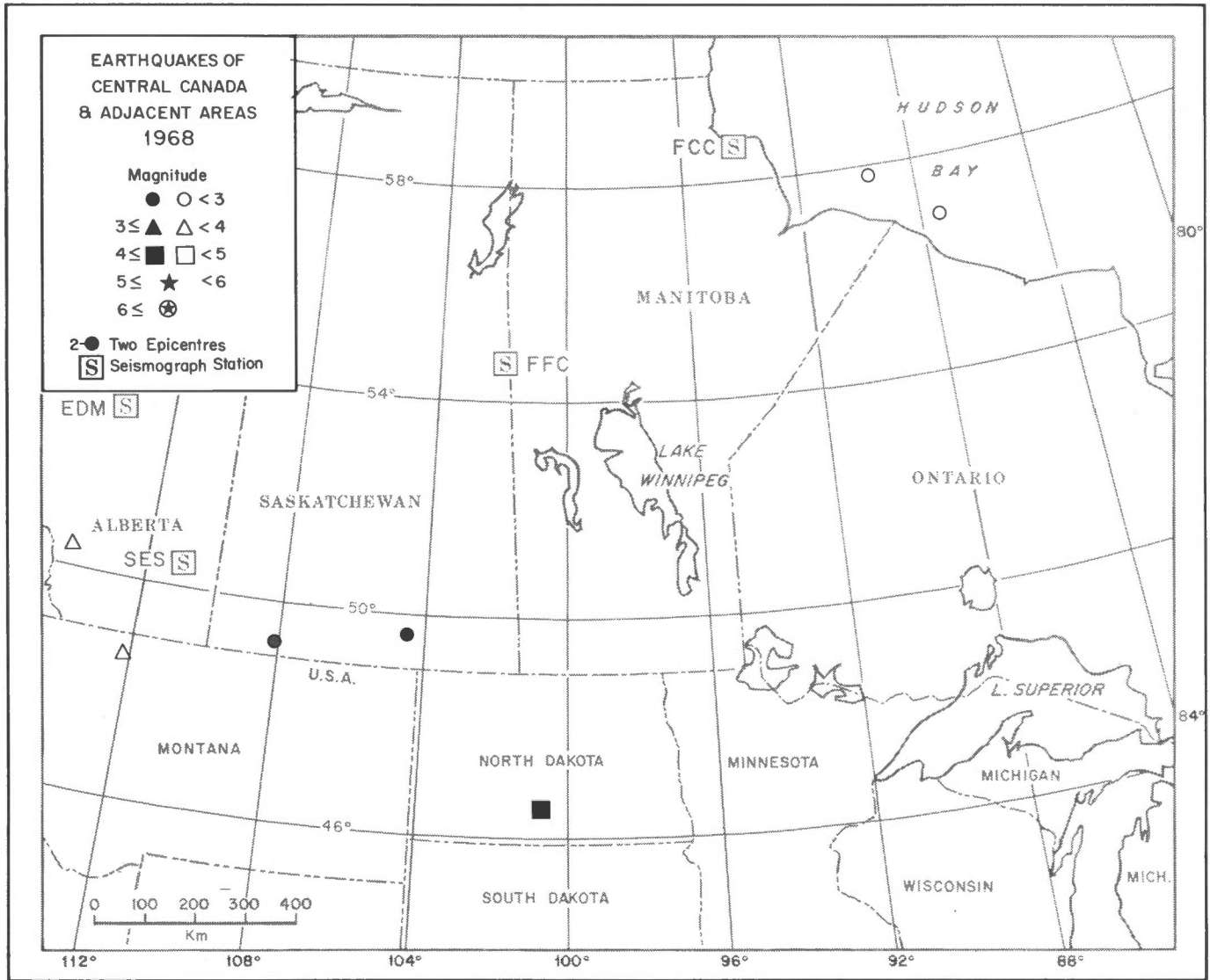


Figure 4. Earthquakes of Central Canada and adjacent areas - 1968



# CANADIAN EARTHQUAKES—1968

A. E. Stevens, W. G. Milne, R. B. Horner,  
R. J. Wetmiller, G. Leblanc and G. A. McMechan

## I. Introduction

This catalogue continues the annual lists of earthquakes in Canada as prepared by the Division of Seismology and Geothermal Studies, Earth Physics Branch, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources. An enumeration of the previous papers in this series can be found in Appendix 2 of Canadian Earthquakes - 1967 (Stevens *et al.*, 1973), to which should be added Canadian Earthquakes - 1969 (Horner *et al.*, 1974) and Canadian Earthquakes - 1970 (Horner *et al.*, 1975). The preparation and format of the 1968 catalogue follow those of the 1970 catalogue. Eastern, Northern and Central Region events have been analyzed by the Ottawa section and Western Region events by the Victoria section of the Division of Seismology and Geothermal Studies.

Earthquakes are listed in chronological order for each of the four regions of Canada as shown in Figure 5. The Eastern, Northern, Western and Central Regions are covered in Tables 1, 2, 3 and 4, respectively. Subsections of these tables contain the earthquakes located outside Canada.

The extension of the Canadian catalogue to include earthquakes offshore and in neighbouring countries is made for two reasons. Earthquakes near the international boundaries may be felt and/or do damage in Canada; thus they must be included in any practical study of Canadian seismicity. Secondly, an understanding of the patterns of Canadian seismicity requires a consideration of the tectonics of neighbouring areas. In addition, the Northern Region map and table contain events beyond the Region boundaries in northern Alaska and Greenland, which have been located with the Canadian network, but for which epicentres have not been published by the International Seismological Centre (ISC) or the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey (USCGS). The Canadian records are not systematically read for all such events.

Tables 1, 2, 3 and 4 have been changed in this catalogue to include only located earthquakes. In the 1967 and earlier cata-



Figure 5. The four regions of Canada

logues, unlocated events or those recorded at only one station were included in the chronological list of earthquakes; they are now listed separately by station in Tables 5 to 19. Whenever possible, the probable epicentral region for these events is noted. These lists of unlocated events should not be considered complete. Regional detection of such events is very dependent on instrumental magnification, record quality, noise levels, etc. Thus the detection level varies from station to station and, for a given station, varies somewhat during the year. The lists of unlocated events are useful for indicating relative levels of low magnitude seismic activity near each station.

Epicentres for earthquakes in the Eastern, Northern, Western and Central Regions are plotted in Figures 1 to 4, respectively. Epicentres for all earthquakes in Canada during 1968 with magnitude 4 or greater are shown on one map of Canada (Figure 7). Note that on all maps the earthquake magnitudes are illustrated by means of different symbols instead of different sized circles, as in previous catalogues.

This distinguishes more easily large and minor earthquakes. The symbols may be filled or open as explained in the subsection on epicentral determination.

### 1. Epicentral Determination

In contrast to the method of drawing arcs previously used (Stevens *et al.*, 1972), epicentre solutions of Eastern, Northern and Central Region events in this catalogue are calculated by a version of Geiger's Method using a computer programme developed by R.J. Wetmiller and his colleagues at the Earth Physics Branch. The process, essentially, is to choose a trial epicentre, calculate the residuals between observed arrival times and computed arrival times of P<sub>n</sub>, P<sub>1</sub>, S<sub>n</sub>, and L<sub>g</sub> or S<sub>1</sub> phases at all stations, then refine the trial epicentre so as to reduce the root-mean-square (RMS) residual until an acceptable minimum value is reached. This final solution, if reasonable, becomes the accepted epicentre. In this process, latitude, longitude, origin time and depth can all be varied simultaneously, but unless otherwise stated the focal depth has been held fixed at 18 km (half the assumed crustal thickness). Because of uncertainties in the assumed crustal model and a general paucity of data for most earthquakes, especially at epicentral distances of less than 50 km, better estimates of focal depth cannot be made at present.

The assumed crustal model adopted in these calculations (excluding the Western Region) is essentially that described in the 1966 catalogue (Stevens *et al.*, 1972). The only change is a revision in S<sub>n</sub> velocity from 4.75 km/s to 4.7 km/s, constant over the entire distance range of observed S<sub>n</sub> arrivals. In general, S<sub>n</sub> arrivals are observed later than predicted using a velocity of 4.75 km/s and unpublished travel-time studies suggest this revision. The travel-time equations assume a focal depth of 18 km and a single-layered crust 36 km thick, as follows:

$$P_1 - H = \Delta/6.20$$

$$S_1 - H = \Delta/3.57 \text{ and } L_g - H = \Delta/3.57$$

$$P_n - H = 5.60 + \Delta/8.2$$

$$S_n - H = 9.84 + \Delta/4.7$$

H is the origin time in seconds and  $\Delta$  is the epicentral distance in kilometers. For a surface focus, the P<sub>n</sub> and S<sub>n</sub> intercepts become 7.50 and 13.12 s, respectively.

In the tables, latitude and longitude are given in decimal degrees and origin time to the nearest second. Standard errors are

given for these quantities, as well as the root-mean-square (RMS) residual of the epicentre solution. The RMS residual is a measure of the consistency or the goodness-of-fit of the observed arrival times to the computed epicentre for the selected model. The number of stations and number of phases used in each solution are given as an indication of potential accuracy and to supplement standard error information. It is important to note that standard errors are meant to indicate only precision and not accuracy.

For the Western Region only, epicentres in most cases are located by drawing arcs, using the Western crustal model, as described in Canadian Earthquakes - 1966 (Stevens *et al.*, 1972). They are not mathematical solutions and no standard errors are given for origin time, latitude or longitude. In a few cases, numerical solutions have been calculated for Western Region earthquakes and standard errors are given.

The quality factors, "F" and "O", are presented at the right of each epicentre and represent filled or open symbols, respectively, on the epicentre maps. For events in Eastern, Northern and Central Regions (numerical solutions) a filled symbol generally represents an earthquake well recorded at a minimum of three stations with a minimum of two phases at each. The station geometry, in particular, and the RMS value are also considered. The epicentre of an "F" quality solution is uncertain by 20 to 40 km on the average. For Western Region events (graphical solutions), a filled symbol is meant to indicate that the arrival times are a "good fit" for the listed epicentre and may in some cases indicate an uncertainty of less than 20' of arc (or about 40 km).

When available, solutions determined by the ISC and USCGS are also given in the tables. This information is obtained from the 1968 ISC Bulletin, Vol. 1-12. Unless otherwise stated, these epicentres are calculated at a fixed model depth of 33 km. Unrestrained focal depths that result from these calculations should not, in general, be considered accurate; they are not likely more accurate than the general assumption of mid-crustal depths (18 km) assumed in the Canadian epicentre determinations. The ISC and USCGS do not calculate an RMS value but instead calculate the standard deviation of one P observation. This value is given in the tables in the RMS column.

Epicentres occurring within Canada and located by the ISC or USCGS have been recomputed in most cases, using Canadian data augmented by P arrivals of some foreign stations

at distances less than 20° obtained from the ISC Bulletin. For earthquakes occurring outside Canada but within the Regions shown in Figure 5, only the ISC and/or USCGS epicentres, in most cases, are presented.

## 2. Magnitude Determination

In previous catalogues magnitudes have been calculated using Richter's local magnitude scale,  $M_L$ , (Gutenberg and Richter, 1956) extrapolated to distances beyond 600 km when near station data are missing (Stevens *et al.*, 1973). This has resulted in over-calculating magnitudes, in a few cases by as much as  $1\frac{1}{2}$  units, especially at the longer distances (Stevens *et al.*, 1973).

As a result, magnitudes of earthquakes east of the Cordillera in the Eastern, Northern and Central Regions have been calculated using the equation proposed by Nuttli (1973) based on Lg waves of about 1-second period in the distance range from 400 to 3000 km from earthquakes in North America east of the Rocky Mountains:

$$m_b = -0.10 + 1.66 \log \Delta + \log (A/T).$$

A is the maximum short-period vertical (SPZ) ground amplitude in microns, T is its period in seconds and  $\Delta$  the epicentral distance in kilometers. Throughout this text,  $m_b$  magnitudes calculated using Nuttli's equation are designated by " $m_N$ " in order to distinguish them from ISC or USCGS  $m_b$ 's calculated from P-wave amplitudes.

In our use of Nuttli's equation,  $\Delta$  is restricted to values greater than 500 km and T to less than or equal to 1.3 seconds. For most of our earthquakes, in fact, Lg waves exhibit periods of 0.3 to 0.7 seconds - somewhat below the period range of  $1.0 \pm 0.3$  s defined in Nuttli's equation. For events in the Yukon large enough to be recorded beyond 500 km,  $m_N$  was calculated only at stations to the east on the Shield. Nuttli's (1973) equation for epicentral distances less than 500 km does not seem to fit our data, probably due in part to the very short Lg periods observed. Richter's  $M_L$  is retained in this case for lack of a more appropriate relation.

Surface-wave magnitudes,  $M_S$ , may be calculated when an earthquake is large enough ( $\text{mag} \geq 4$ ) to be recorded on long-period (LP) seismographs. When the period of the LPZ Rayleigh waves lies between 18 and 22 s, the IASPEI equation is used; when their period lies between 3 and 12 s, the equation of Nuttli may be used. (See Nuttli, 1973, for details.) Nuttli  $M_S$  is related to  $m_N$  by the following

empirical relation:  $M_S = 1.59 m_N - 3.6$  (Nuttli and Zollweg, 1974, p. 82). Surface-wave magnitudes were calculated for three Northern Region events in Table 2.

Magnitudes of earthquakes in the Cordillera (Western Region) are calculated using Richter's  $M_L$  at distances up to 1300 km, since Nuttli's equations are defined only to the east of the Cordillera.

For events from which Lg is not recorded, such as some of those in the Beaufort Sea, Baffin Bay, Northern Yukon and Northern Alaska, for example, magnitudes are calculated on the  $M_L$  scale using maximum SPZ Sn amplitudes over the entire distance range. Since Sn amplitudes are never greater than Lg amplitudes and usually considerably less, it is believed that using Sn in the extended  $M_L$  scale does not overestimate magnitude as much as when Lg is used (see Horner *et al.*, 1973). Because Sn amplitude attenuation is not adequately known, these magnitudes should be considered tentative. In such cases, where Lg is absent and  $m_b$  magnitudes have been calculated by the ISC or USCGS, their  $m_b$  values are given in the tables.

The standard deviation of one magnitude value is given in the tables of Eastern, Northern and Central Region earthquakes along with the number of stations used in computing the average magnitude. It is important to note that the standard deviation is simply a measure of the precision of the calculation (the scatter among individual values) and not a measure of the accuracy of the magnitude value. Similarly, magnitudes given in the tables of unlocated events are quoted to 0.1 unit, but do not imply such accuracy.

The magnitude symbols plotted on the epicentre maps correspond to the magnitudes determined by the Earth Physics Branch, either  $M_L$  or  $m_N$ . When neither is given in the tables, the symbol corresponds to the  $m_b$  value determined by the ISC, or by the USCGS if the former is unavailable. When two or more epicentres plot too closely together to be shown as separate events on a map, the symbol plotted corresponds to the largest event.

## II. Canadian Seismograph Network

Figure 6 shows the 27 stations of the Canadian Seismograph Network whose records are used in the preparation of this catalogue. Detailed notes regarding instrumentation and changes in instrument constants, calibrations, etc., can be found in the 1968 *Seismological Bulletin*.



In addition to those stations listed below, a new first-order station was commissioned at Inuvik, N.W.T. (INK, 68.29°N, 133.50°W) on 25 Sept 1968 and operated for three days. Continuous operation was deferred until 22 Feb 1969 for lack of staff.

The magnification levels of the short-period seismographs of the Canadian Seismograph Network during 1968 permitted detection of most events of magnitude 3½ or greater in Canada. In southwestern British Columbia and the upper St. Lawrence Valley areas the relatively closer seismograph spacing permitted location of events as small as magnitude 2.

The following international code letters are used as station abbreviations:

- ALB Port Alberni, B.C.
- ALE Alert, N.W.T.
- BLC Baker Lake, N.W.T.
- CMC Coppermine, N.W.T.
- EDM Edmonton, Alta.
- FBC Frobisher, N.W.T.
- FCC Fort Churchill, Man.
- FFC Flin Flon, Man.
- FSJ Fort St. James, B.C.
- GWC Great Whale River, Qué.
- HAL Halifax, N.S.
- MBC Mould Bay, N.W.T.
- MCC Mica Creek, B.C.
- MNT Montréal, Qué.
- OTT Ottawa, Ont.
- PHC Port Hardy, B.C.
- PNT Penticton, B.C.
- RES Resolute, N.W.T.
- SCB<sup>1</sup> Scarborough, Ont.
- SCH Schefferville, Qué.
- SES Suffield, Alta.
- SFA Seven Falls, Qué.
- SIC<sup>2</sup> Sept-Iles, Qué.
- STJ Saint John's, Nfld.
- SUD Sudbury, Ont.
- VIC Victoria, B.C.
- YKC Yellowknife, N.W.T.

<sup>1</sup>Intermittent operation during 1968

<sup>2</sup>Not operational from 2 Feb to 12 Mar, 1 to 10 Oct, 1 to 16 Nov 1968; poor quality records throughout the year.

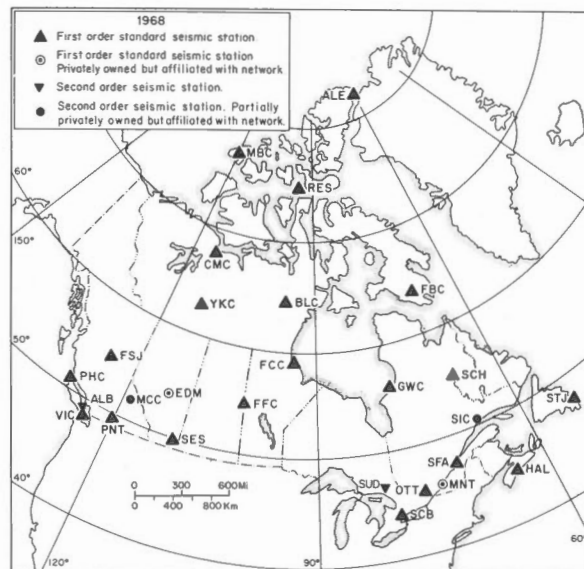


Figure 6. The Canadian Seismograph Network 1968

### III. Explosions

Seismographs of the network record many construction and mining blasts each year. Ideally, all blasts must be separated from earthquakes so that an accurate knowledge of the natural seismic activity in Canada may be obtained. Some of these blasts may have an equivalent seismic magnitude as great as 4; these are generally easy to locate and reject. Most blasts, however, are much smaller and the distinction on seismograms between blasts and earthquakes can be very difficult, especially when the event is recorded at only one station and is not locatable. Consequently, a few of the small unlocated events may be blasts and, on the other hand, some small earthquakes may have inadvertently been rejected as blasts.

While most explosions occur in the urban and mining areas south of 60°N latitude, blasts do occur in northern Canada. This latter activity is gradually increasing as exploration and development of natural resources expand. Some very shallow earthquakes (in any part of Canada) may appear similar to explosions on seismograms. Thus, some but not all of these may be rejected as being man-made events. In 1968 presumed blasts occurred, for example, on northern Somerset Island (22 Mar 14h 58m), N.W.T., and the Grinnell Peninsula of Devon Island (24 Mar 12h 27m), N.W.T., and were not catalogued. Natural earthquakes also occur on both

TABLE 20

A Summary of Earthquakes Reported Felt in Canada in 1968

Date and Time (GMT)	Magnitude	Epicentral Region	Felt Region
15 Jan 12:24	$m_b$ 3.6	Queen Charlotte Islands, B.C.	Cape St. James (50 km)
31 Aug 08:31	$M_L$ 3.7	Kootenay Lake, B.C.	Felt slightly in Trail (70 km)
6 Sept 08:46	$M_L$ 2.5	near Bellingham, Washington	Felt slightly in Victoria (90 km)
6 Sept 12:16	$m_b$ 3.9	Puget Sound, Washington	Felt in Victoria (70 km) with intensity III to IV
1 Nov 10:24	$m_b$ 4.5	Mt. Grenville, B.C.	Felt over 70,000 km <sup>2</sup> ; felt to 150 km south of epicentre (see Figure 9)
3 Nov 20:50	$m_N$ 3.1	southwest of Maniwaki, Québec	Felt near epicentre
7 Dec 16:05	$M_L$ 2.4	San Juan Islands, Washington	Felt very slightly in Victoria (60 km)

islands. Some events located very near Port Radium and Fort Franklin on Great Bear Lake, N.W.T., in Feb 1968 were also omitted as a suspected mining blasts.

#### IV. Summary of Seismic Activity for 1968

The seismic activity within each of the four Regions during 1968 is discussed below. A total of 478 earthquakes were detected and 277 of these located, 183 earthquakes in Canada and 94 in adjacent areas of the United States and Greenland. The seven earthquakes reported felt in Canada are summarized in Table 20. The Modified Mercalli Intensity Scale of 1931 is used to classify reports of felt earthquakes when possible. The distances given in the table are measured between the instrumental epicentre and the felt location and give an approximate indication of the area over which the earthquake could have been felt. However, not all reports of these or other earthquakes felt in Canada come to the attention of the Earth Physics Branch.

Figure 7 shows 20 earthquakes of magnitude 4 or greater in Canada in 1968, five

in the Northern Region, fifteen in the Western Region and none in the Eastern or Central Regions. Most of these earthquakes occur in sparsely settled areas or offshore and this explains, to a large extent, the very few reports of felt earthquakes. The actual "felt area" depends very markedly on local soil conditions, on the energy radiation pattern from the focus and, most importantly, on the population density within about 200 kilometers of the epicentre. All of these may vary considerably from one earthquake to another.

##### 1. Eastern Region

The Eastern Region lies east of 85°W and includes Canada south of 60°N and the United States north of 40°N. Table 1A lists 18 earthquakes in Canada plus one explosion (15 July) in the Atlantic Ocean near Halifax. Table 1B lists one event in the northeastern United States. Epicentres for 21 events are plotted in Figure 1, which also shows the Canadian seismograph stations in the area. Three events near 60°N in the Northern Region are included in Figure 1; one event in the Labrador Sea (17 Mar,  $M_L$  3.5) is plotted only on the Northern Region map. Four unlocated events occurring in the Eastern Region in 1968 are listed in Tables 12 and 13.

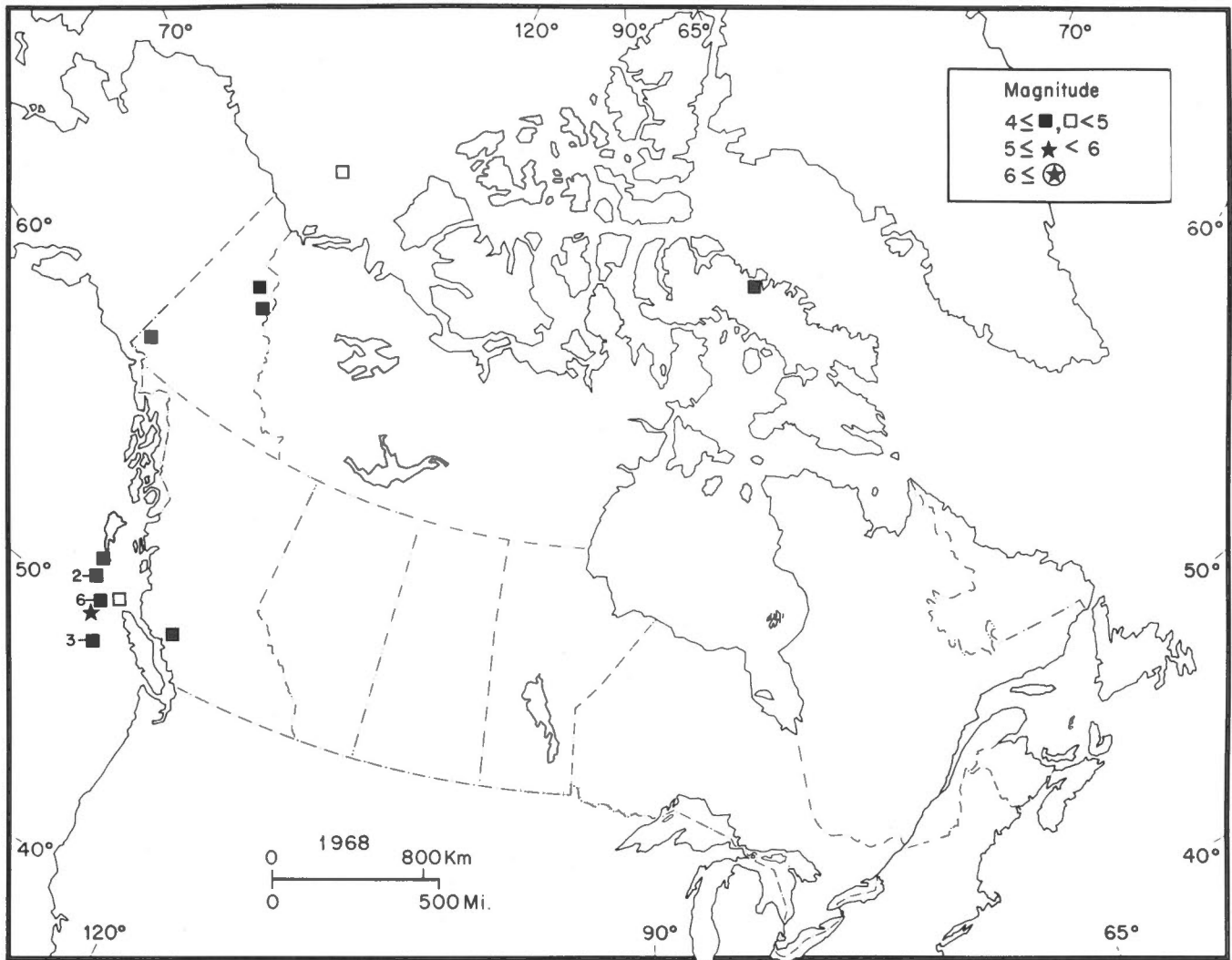


Figure 7. Earthquakes in Canada during 1968 with magnitude 4 or greater

Only minor seismic activity was recorded in Eastern Canada in 1968. Three of the four largest events ( $m_N 3.5-3.6$ , 11 Apr, 29 Sept and 20 Oct) occurred in the St. Lawrence Valley, which continued to be the most active area in the Eastern Region in 1968.

## 2. Northern Region

The Northern Region lies north of  $60^\circ N$  and extends west into Alaska to  $145^\circ W$  and east into northern Greenland. Five events west of  $145^\circ W$  and nine events in Greenland are included, which have been located by the Canadian network, but epicentres had not been published by the USCGS or the ISC.

Table 2 lists 143 earthquakes, including 45 in Alaska (Table 2B) and 10 in or near Greenland (Table 2C). Epicentres for 151

events are plotted in Figure 2, which also shows the seismograph stations in the area. Nine events near  $60^\circ N$  in the Eastern and Western Regions are included in Figure 2; one event north of Greenland (8 June) is not plotted. In addition, 132 unlocated events are listed by station in chronological order in Tables 5 to 11. Several of these earthquakes are associated with larger located events and wherever possible the epicentral region is noted. Two-thirds of the unlocated events were detected at either RES or MBC, and most of these occurred within 400 km of one of the two stations.

Figure 2 shows that the northern and central Yukon contains nearly one-quarter of the 88 earthquakes located in the Northern Region in Canada. The largest earthquake in northern Canada,  $m_N 4.5$ , was located in the southwestern Yukon (16 Feb). Other areas of

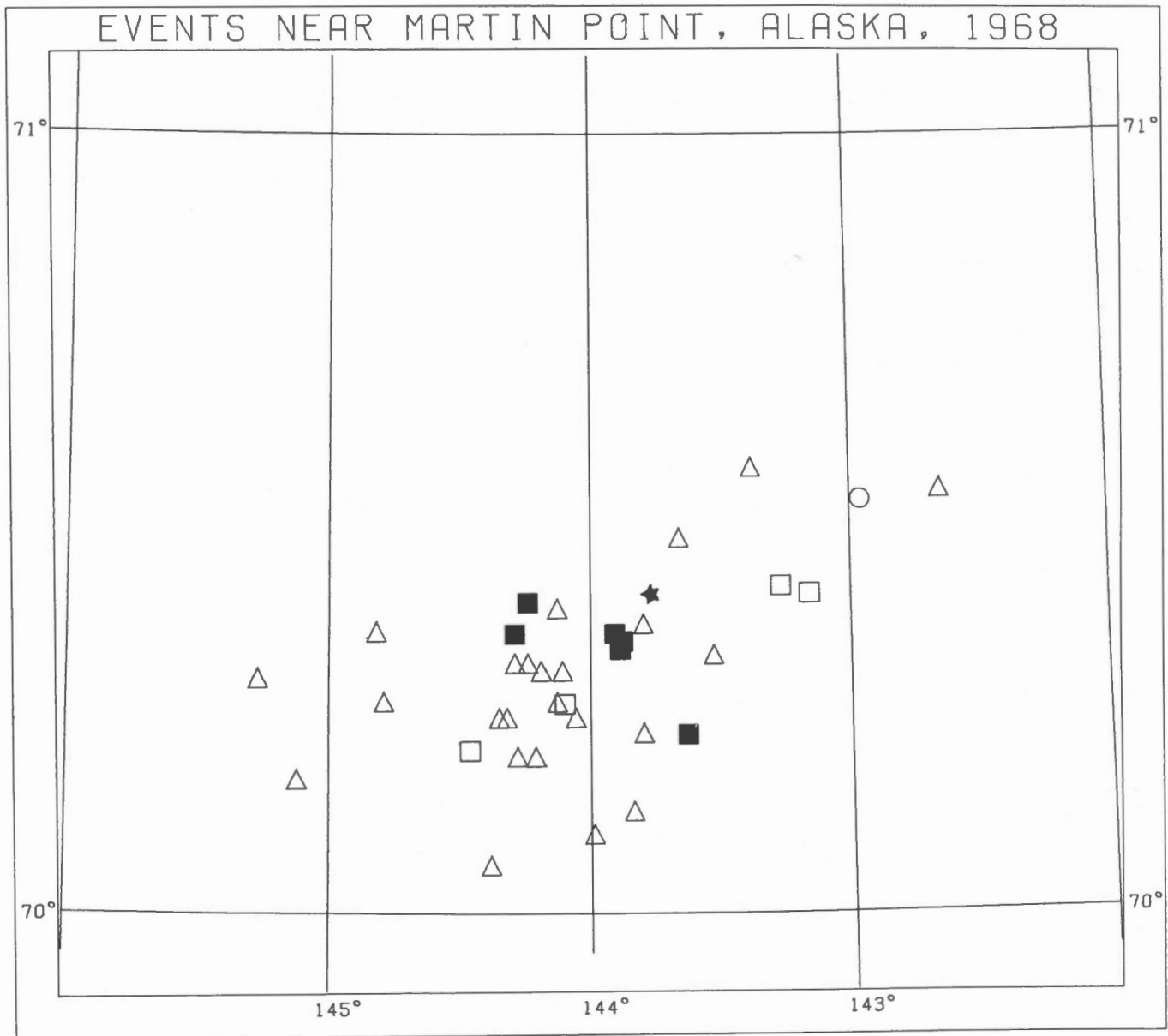


Figure 8

notable seismic activity were Baffin Island, northern Québec, northern Hudson Bay and the Beaufort Sea. No earthquakes were reported felt. Figure 7 shows the location of the five largest earthquakes in northern Canada in 1968 (22 Jan 03h  $M_N$ 4.3, 27 Jan 18h  $M_L$ 4.0, 26 Apr  $M_L$ 4.2, 6 Aug  $M_L$ 4.4).

Numerous earthquake swarms were recorded at ALE in 1968, some with the characteristic 28-second S-P interval indicating a probable source region near the northern coast of Greenland about 240 km east of ALE (Stevens *et al.*, 1973). Other swarms may originate on the oceanic ridges north of Greenland. These events are not routinely read at ALE since

they are too small to be detected at RES and Greenland data are routinely available only for larger events.

Thirty-six of the 45 events located in Alaska occurred near 70°N, 144°W on the northeast coast of Alaska near Martin Point. Seven of these events were located also by the ISC and USCGS. The individual epicenters plotted in Figure 8 scatter over one-half degree in latitude and two and one-half degrees in longitude. The 7 events denoted by solid symbols represent the more reliable epicentral solutions. Their scatter is only 0.2 degree in latitude and 0.7 degree in longitude, equivalent to about 25 km. More than half of the epicenters are included

TABLE 21  
EARTHQUAKES KNOWN NEAR 70N, 144W PRIOR TO 1968

DATE 1966	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA STN PHA MAG
FEB 14						
ISC	08 49 55.(1)	69.93 N(0.07)	145.7 W(0.23)	2.0		13 13
USCGS	08 49 55.	69.9 N	145.9 W	1.6	MB=4.7	10 10 2
NORTHEASTERN ALASKA, WEST OF MARTIN POINT						
DEC 8	16 22 30.(0)	69.28 N(0.02)	143.64 W(0.08)	0.2	ML=4.1(0.3)	4 6 2
NORTHEASTERN ALASKA, SOUTH OF MARTIN POINT						
DEC 8	16 24 56.(1)	69.25 N(0.03)	143.32 W(0.14)	0.3	ML=4.0(0.1)	3 5 2
NORTHEASTERN ALASKA, SOUTH OF MARTIN POINT						
DEC 8	17 13 39.(1)	69.44 N(0.06)	142.98 W(0.17)	1.5	ML=4.3(0.2)	6 11 4
ISC	17 13 37.(1)	69.6 N(0.11)	143.4 W(0.38)	2.5	MB=4.1	7 7 3
NORTHEASTERN ALASKA, SOUTH OF MARTIN POINT						

in the range  $70.3^{\circ}\text{N} \pm 0.1^{\circ}$ ,  $144.0^{\circ}\text{W} \pm 0.4^{\circ}$ . Most of the remaining epicentres were based on few data and their computed coordinates may be unduly influenced by uncertainties in arrival times.

The magnitudes of the Martin Point events were determined using maximum  $S_n$  amplitudes in the  $M_L$  scale since the  $L_g$  phase was not observed. (See section I.2.) For 7 of the 36 events  $m_b$  magnitudes were also available and for one event  $M_S$  could be calculated.

The largest event ( $m_b 4.7$ ,  $M_S 4.9$ ) occurred on 22 Jan 23h, preceded by three foreshocks on the same day and followed by 11 aftershocks in the next four days. Nineteen additional shocks were located in the next 43 days. More earthquakes were detected in this 48-day period, but not located, since the records were not read systematically for all events of magnitude near  $M_L 3.0$  or less. At the nearest Canadian stations (MBC  $\Delta \sim 1000$  km, CMC  $\Delta \sim 1200$  km) such events were recorded with a signal-to-noise amplitude ratio near unity or less. However, enough events were located to show that a significant number of minor earthquakes did occur on or near the coast of northeastern Alaska about 100 km west of the Canadian border in an area where few earthquakes were previously known. Two more minor earthquakes were located in the same area in April and November.

No earthquakes of magnitude 6 or greater are known to have occurred north of  $66^{\circ}\text{N}$  in Alaska prior to 1968. From 1961 to 1967 no earthquakes of magnitude 5 or greater are known to have occurred in this area. Earthquakes in northern Alaska of magnitude less than 5 could not be located before the mid-1960's due to the lack of suitably located and equipped seismograph stations in Alaska and northwestern Canada (Stevens and Milne, 1974).

The only earthquakes prior to 1968 known to have occurred in Alaska near  $70^{\circ} \pm 2.5^{\circ}\text{N}$ ,  $143.5^{\circ} \pm 2.5^{\circ}\text{W}$ , are the four events of 1966 listed in Table 21 (ISC, 1966; Stevens *et al.*, 1972). The solutions for the three earthquakes on 8 Dec have been recomputed using the current crustal model instead of the model used in the 1966 catalogue. The decrease in  $S_n$  velocity from 4.75 km/s to 4.7 km/s moved the recomputed epicentres about 50 km east-northeast of the positions given in the 1966 catalogue.

The occurrence of 34 minor earthquakes in a 7-week period in early 1968 should not be regarded as abnormal activity in a previously nearly aseismic area. The events are very likely typical of the normal long-term seismicity of northeastern Alaska, which was previously largely undetected.

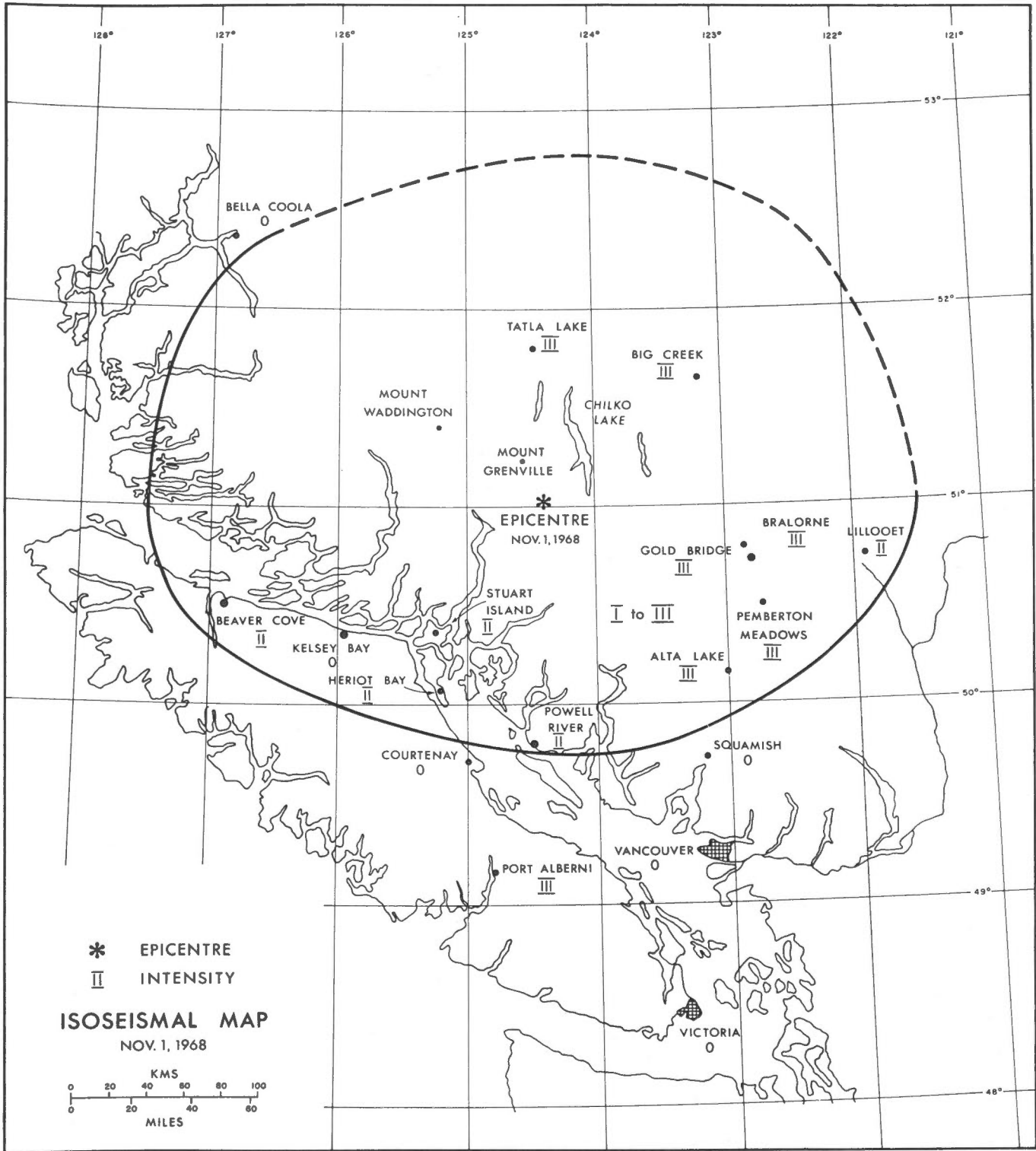


Figure 9. Observed intensities from the Mt. Grenville, B.C., earthquake of Nov. 1, 1968



### 3. Western Region

The Western Region lies west of 113°W and includes Canada and Alaska south of 60°N, Montana, Idaho and Washington north of 48°N, and the Puget Sound area of Washington north of 47°N between 121°W and 126°W. The boundary extends westward under the Pacific Ocean between 48°N and 60°N to include earthquakes that are located along tectonic features from the Juan de Fuca Ridge to Dixon Entrance north of the Queen Charlotte Islands. Earthquakes that occur along the coast of southeastern Alaska west of 145°W are not included. In the region of the Gulf Islands, B.C., and the San Juan Islands, Washington, at the southern end of the Strait of Georgia, the true epicentres of some earthquakes that are in the Canadian section of Table 3 may be in the United States, and vice versa. Similarly, some of the unlocated events recorded at PNT, SES or VIC may originate in the United States. Readings from some United States seismograph stations, including those at Longmire and Newport, Washington, and Hungry Horse, Montana, were used as additional data in calculating some epicentres in Table 3.

Table 3 lists 109 events of the Western Region, 73 in Canada (Table 3A) and 36 in the United States (Table 3B) - 28 in Washington, six in southeastern Alaska, one in Montana and one in Idaho. There were 53 events located west of Vancouver Island and 20 events scattered elsewhere throughout British Columbia and western Alberta. Epicentres of these events are plotted in Figure 3, which also shows the Canadian seismograph stations in the area. Six events near 60°N in the Northern Region and one event near 113°W in the Central Region are included in Figure 3.

Tables 14 to 19 list in chronological order by station 65 unlocated events. More than half were recorded at PHC and most of those occurred in the active area west of Vancouver Island.

Six earthquakes were reported felt in British Columbia in 1968, as indicated in Table 20. The earthquake on 1 Nov 10h, magnitude  $m_b4.5$ , was felt over 70,000 sq km in an area centred on Mt. Grenville about 200 km north of Vancouver. The intensities reported are shown on the isoseismal map of Figure 9, where a zero indicates "not felt". The area is sparsely settled, and no intensity greater than III was reported. An earthquake of magnitude  $M_s5.5$  was located near this epicentre on 31 Jan 1942 (Milne, 1956) and earthquakes of lesser magnitude have occurred in this vicinity.

The largest earthquakes in Western

Canada in 1968 occurred west of Vancouver Island, one on 1 Feb 07h ( $m_b5.2$ ) and the other on 2 Mar 03h ( $M_L4.5$ ). All the earthquakes of magnitude 4 or greater (see Figure 7) occurred off the west coast, except the shock of 1 Nov 10h near Mt. Grenville on the British Columbia mainland.

### 4. Central Region

The Central Region lies north of 49°N and south of 60°N and between 85°W and 113°W and includes Saskatchewan, Manitoba and parts of Alberta and Ontario. Table 4 lists six events, four in Canada (Table 4A) and two in the United States (Table 4B). Epicentres for these events are plotted in Figure 4, which also shows the Canadian seismograph stations in the area. One event from the Western Region near 114°W is included in Figure 4.

No earthquakes were detected in the Central Region prior to 1964, in 1967 or in 1969 with the exception of a moderate earthquake on 15 May 1909 felt widely on the southern Canadian Prairies and adjacent United States (Horner *et al.*, 1974). A number of small events were located in southwestern Hudson Bay in 1965, 1966, 1968 and 1970. The earthquake of 22 June 1968 ( $m_N2.8$ ) occurred near Cape Tatnam, Manitoba, where four events occurred in November and December 1965 and six in May 1966. The earthquake of 19 Jan 1968 ( $m_N2.4$ ) occurred north of Fort Severn, Ontario, where one event ( $m_N2.5$ ) was located in February 1970 (Horner *et al.*, 1975). The ten events of 1965 and 1966 ranged in (apparent) magnitude from " $M_L$ " 3.6 to 4.8. However, when these events were re-evaluated on the Nuttli scale (see section I.2, p. 3), the magnitudes ranged from  $m_N2.9$  to 3.9.

The small earthquake of 11 Oct 1968 ( $m_N2.8$ ) occurred in extreme southeastern Saskatchewan near the epicentre of a somewhat larger event ( $m_N3.7$ ) in July 1972. The location of the moderate 1909 event is not well defined; one possible location is also extreme southeastern Saskatchewan (Horner *et al.*, 1973).

Figure 10 shows the earthquakes known in the Central Region from 1964 to 1970. It is an update of Figure 12 in *Canadian Earthquakes - 1969* and includes the epicentres of 1970. In the adjacent United States only epicentres north of 47°N have been plotted.

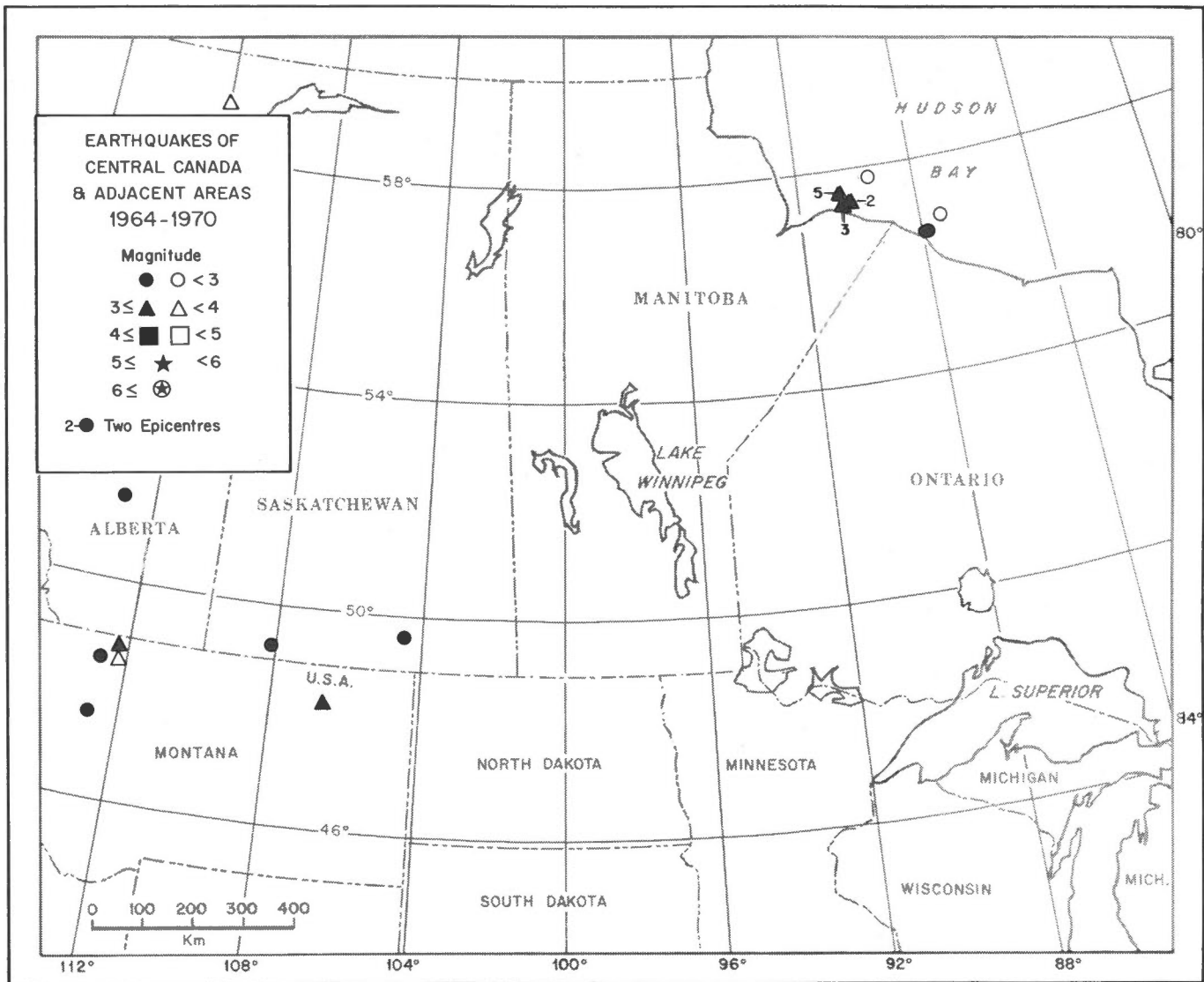


Figure 10. Earthquakes of Central Canada and adjacent areas 1964 - 1970

## V. Revisions

In addition to revisions published in this and earlier catalogues, about 25 other events in eastern North America have been examined to date and revised either in date, location, magnitude or intensity. These alterations have been made to the master tape file of earthquakes in or near Canada in the period 1563 to 1974 which may be purchased from the Division of Seismology and Geothermal Studies, EPB, EMR, Ottawa. Information on the unpublished alterations is available on request.

### Northern Region

1952 - 26 and 27 Nov. Smith located five earthquakes in extreme northwestern Québec from data of stations in southeastern

Canada, which were not published in the Eastern Canada catalogue (Smith, 1966) since they lay north of 60°N. These epicentres were not available when the first catalogues of Arctic seismicity were published (Meidler, 1962; Smith, 1961). Since these events have been included in the card and tape files of Canadian earthquakes, their epicentral coordinates as determined by Smith are given here, with Nuttli magnitudes  $m_N$  (see section I.2, p. 3), calculated from Smith's amplitude data at Kirkland Lake and Shawinigan Falls.

The main shock occurred on 26 Nov at 07:46:20 -  $m_N$ 4.7, with three foreshocks at 00:08:26 -  $m_N$ 4.4, 00:14:54 -  $m_N$ 4.3 and 00:26:11 -  $m_N$ 4.4 and one aftershock on 27 Nov at 04:32:24 -  $m_N$ 4.6. The coordinates for all five events were 61.4°N ± 1.0°, 79.0°W ± 3.0°.

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TABLE 1

EARTHQUAKES IN EASTERN CANADA AND ADJACENT AREAS  
1968

(F=FILLED, O=OPEN SYMBOL ON EPICENTRE MAPS)

## A. CANADIAN EPICENTRES

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA		
						STN	PHA	MAG
JAN 13	03 10 26.(4)	57.16 N(0.12)	58.50 W(0.36)	2.7	MN=2.6(0.5)	4	7	4 0
OFF NORTHEAST COAST OF LABRADOR, NORTHEAST OF NAIN PLOTED ALSO ON NORTHERN REGION MAP								
JAN 26	00 03 13.(2)	49.88 N(0.06)	65.40 W(0.12)	1.5	MN=2.8(0.1)	4	8	3 F
LOWER ST. LAWRENCE RIVER, 80 KM SE OF SEPT-ILES QUEBEC								
FEB 2	02 13 16.(1)	47.58 N(0.06)	70.55 W(0.11)	2.3	MN=2.7(0.1)	6	9	2 0
ST. LAWRENCE VALLEY, NEAR BAIE-ST-PAUL QUEBEC								
FEB 4	22 56 38.(1)	59.70 N(0.06)	77.87 W(0.10)	2.8	MN=2.4(0.1)	5	11	4 F
NORTHWESTERN QUEBEC, SOUTHWEST OF POVUNGNIUK PLOTED ALSO ON NORTHERN REGION MAP								
MAR 14	22 01 50.(1)	48.92 N(0.03)	68.22 W(0.05)	0.7	MN=2.6( )	4	5	1 0
LOWER ST. LAWRENCE RIVER, NORTH OF MONT-JOLI QUEBEC								
MAR 17	17 01 33.(4)	59.88 N(0.09)	56.40 W(0.42)	1.4	ML=3.5(0.5)	3	5	3 0
LABRADOR SEA PLOTED ON NORTHERN REGION MAP								
MAR 29	23 30 14.(2)	50.12 N(0.11)	67.14 W(0.27)	2.2	MN=2.5( )	3	5	1 0
LOWER ST. LAWRENCE VALLEY, NEAR PORT-CARTIER QUEBEC								
MAR 30	15 28 59.(0)	47.94 N(0.04)	70.49 W(0.07)	0.9	MN=3.1( )	5	7	1 0
ST. LAWRENCE VALLEY, NEAR LA MALBAIE QUEBEC								
APR 11	09 18 33.(1)	47.50 N(0.05)	70.44 W(0.11)	2.7	MN=3.5(0.1)	8	17	4 F
ST. LAWRENCE VALLEY, NEAR LA MALBAIE QUEBEC								
MAY 20	00 58 13.(0)	46.16 N(0.03)	75.01 W(0.02)	0.7	ML=1.7(0.2)	4	6	2 0
SOUTHWESTERN QUEBEC, SOUTHWEST OF LABELLE								
MAY 27	19 21 56.(0)	46.90 N(0.03)	66.66 W(0.04)	1.5	ML=3.3( )	6	14	1 F
NORTH-CENTRAL NEW BRUNSWICK, 80 KM WEST OF NEWCASTLE								
JUL 15	19 10 18.(2)	44.34 N(0.10)	63.06 W(0.09)	3.2	MN=4.0(0.2)	8	16	4 F
USCGS	19 10 16.(1)	44.28 N( 9KM)	63.14 W( 7KM)	1.6	MB=4.0	23	23	3
DEPTH RESTRICTED TO 1 KM (EPB) AND 0 KM (USCGS) DETONATION OF SHIP COLLAMER WITH 273 TONS OF EXPLOSIVES 55 KM SOUTHEAST OF HALIFAX N.S. COLLAMER SUNK ON 5 MAR 1942 IN 560 FT (0.2 M) OF WATER AT POSITION 44.292 N 63.174 W WITH 100 TONS OF TNT AND 173 TONS OF 37 AND 75 MM SHELLS. ALL BELIEVED DETONATED ON 15 JUL 1968 AT 19 10 GMT. SEE CAN J EARTH SCI VOL 8, PAGE 243, 1971. (NOT PLOTTED ON FIGURES 1 OR 7)								

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT)			LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
	HR	MN	SEC	DEG	DEG			STN	PHA	MAG	
JUL 24	23	16	37.(1)	47.01 N(0.08)	71.30 W(0.08)	2.1	ML=3.1(0.3)	5	10	3	F
	ST. LAWRENCE VALLEY, NORTH OF QUEBEC CITY										
SEP 29	10	04	48.(1)	50.14 N(0.04)	67.22 W(0.08)	2.6	MN=3.6(0.3)	7	15	5	F
	LOWER ST LAWRENCE VALLEY, NEAR PORT-CARTIER QUEBEC										
OCT 10	20	10	41.(4)	45.80 N(0.10)	81.66 W(0.18)	0.7	ML=3.4( )	3	4	1	0
	DEPTH RESTRICTED TO 1 KM NEAR EASTERN END OF MANITOULIN ISLAND IN GEORGIAN BAY, ONTARIO. POSSIBLE BLAST										
OCT 19	10	37	18.(1)	45.30 N(0.06)	74.12 W(0.03)	0.9	MN=3.2(0.1)	5	9	2	F
ISC	10	37	17.(1)	45.5 N(0.10)	74.2 W(0.12)	2.5		9	9		
USCGS	10	37	17.	45.4 N	74.0 W	0.7		7	7		
	NEAR VALLEYFIELD QUEBEC, SOUTHWEST OF MONTREAL REPORTED FELT IN N.Y. STATE. INTENSITY V NEAR CHAZY N.Y. SEE REFERENCE - UNITED STATES EARTHQUAKES 1968, PAGE 14										
OCT 20	02	36	58.(1)	47.47 N(0.03)	70.57 W(0.05)	1.8	MN=3.6(0.2)	8	14	4	F
	ST. LAWRENCE VALLEY, NEAR BAIE-ST-PAUL QUEBEC										
NOV 3	20	50	49.(1)	46.17 N(0.04)	76.30 W(0.05)	2.0	MN=3.1(0.3)	7	12	3	F
	SOUTHWESTERN QUEBEC, SOUTHWEST OF MANIWAKI. FELT										
NOV 7	21	29	04.(0)	47.00 N(0.00)	71.59 W(0.00)	0.0	ML=1.9(0.3)	3	4	2	0
	ST. LAWRENCE VALLEY, NORTHWEST OF QUEBEC CITY										

#### B. UNITED STATES EPICENTRES

SEP 23	15	38	50.(1)	45.17 N(0.05)	69.45 W(0.04)	1.9	MN=3.3( )	5	15	1	F
	CENTRAL MAINE, SOUTH OF MOOSEHEAD LAKE										

TABLE 2

EARTHQUAKES IN NORTHERN CANADA AND ADJACENT AREAS  
1968

(F=FILLED, O=OPEN SYMBOL ON EPICENTRE MAPS)

## A. CANADIAN EPICENTRES

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
						STN	PHA	MAG	
JAN 2	18 11 01.(2)	75.88 N(0.10)	95.95 W(0.31)	3.0	MN=2.7(0.3)	7	10	6	F
	NORTH OF CORNWALLIS ISLAND NWT. MAIN SHOCK AFTERSHOCK(S) RECORDED AT RES (SEE TABLE 11)								
JAN 16	19 07 34.(2)	64.06 N(0.09)	87.22 W(0.20)	3.4	MN=2.5(0.0)	4	8	3	0
	ROES WELCOME SOUND NWT								
JAN 18	17 59 20.(2)	66.70 N(0.13)	93.36 W(0.42)	0.7	ML=1.8( )	2	4	1	0
	NORTHWEST OF WAGER BAY NWT								
JAN 19	07 44 30.(3)	78.75 N(0.16)	96.67 W(0.78)	1.6	MN=2.2( )	2	6	1	0
	WEST OF AXEL HEIBERG ISLAND NWT								
JAN 20	08 15 04.(2)	66.48 N(0.11)	136.04 W(0.27)	2.6	MN=3.3(0.3)	6	14	5	F
ISC	08 15 04.(1)	67.1 N(0.14)	136.4 W(0.25)	3.3	MB=3.9	11	11	3	
USCGS	08 15 01.	67.8 N	136.9 W	1.8	MB=4.1	7	7	4	
	NORTHERN YUKON, NORTH OF PEEL RIVER								
JAN 22	03 01 39.(1)	70.97 N(0.05)	73.22 W(0.17)	4.3	MN=4.3(0.3)	22	47	17	F
	NUTTLI MS=3.6(0.5) FROM 10 STATIONS, EQUIVALENT TO MN4.5 NORTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND, SOUTHWEST OF CAPE ACAIR								
JAN 22	15 14 16.(1)	72.58 N(0.05)	72.50 W(0.21)	0.5	ML=2.8(0.8)	3	4	2	0
	WESTERN BAFFIN BAY, EAST OF CAPE MACCULLOCH								
JAN 23	12 26 43.(1)	65.43 N(0.06)	133.56 W(0.14)	1.1	MN=2.8(0.4)	4	9	3	F
	EAST-CENTRAL YUKON, SOUTH OF PEEL RIVER								
JAN 27	07 06 35.(3)	65.96 N(0.13)	134.88 W(0.42)	1.6	ML=3.5(0.3)	3	6	3	0
	NORTHERN YUKON, NEAR PEEL RIVER FORESHOCK OF EVENT OF 27 JAN 18H								
JAN 27	18 17 54.(1)	66.03 N(0.05)	135.02 W(0.17)	1.0	ML=4.0(0.4)	6	10	5	F
	NORTHERN YUKON, NEAR PEEL RIVER. MAIN SHOCK								
JAN 31	13 56 26.( )	77.4 N( )	118.6 W( )		ML=2.2( )	2	3	1	0
	130 KM FROM MOULD BAY NWT. MAIN SHOCK EPICENTRAL COORDINATES UNCERTAIN. TWO FORESHOCKS AND ONE AFTERSHOCK RECORDED AT MBC (SEE TABLE 10)								
FEB 5	18 45 52.(2)	60.87 N(0.11)	79.82 W(0.16)	3.3	MN=2.1(0.1)	4	7	4	0
	OFF NE COAST OF HUDSON BAY, NW OF POVUNGNITUK QUEBEC PLOTTED ALSO ON EASTERN REGION MAP								
FEB 5	21 17 23.(2)	60.89 N(0.13)	79.75 W(0.19)	4.1	MN=2.1(0.1)	4	7	4	0
	OFF NE COAST OF HUDSON BAY, NW OF POVUNGNITUK QUEBEC PLOTTED ALSO ON EASTERN REGION MAP								



DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
						STN	PHA	MAG	
FEB 10	02 05 08.(1)	65.72 N(0.04)	122.29 W(0.13)	1.5	MN=2.7(0.2)	5	13	4	F
	GREAT BEAR LAKE NWT, NORTHEAST OF FORT FRANKLIN								
FEB 10	05 01 44.(5)	70.98 N(0.19)	73.88 W(0.64)	6.0	MN=2.5(0.2)	6	8	4	0
	NORTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND, NEAR CAPE ADAIR								
FEB 13	01 40 08.(3)	72.33 N(0.16)	91.56 W(0.54)	4.2	MN=2.2( )	4	5	1	0
	GULF CF BOOTHIA NWT								
FEB 14	08 31 45.(1)	79.05 N(0.07)	95.30 W(0.41)	1.5	MN=2.2( )	4	6	1	0
	NEAR SOUTHWESTERN AXEL HEIBERG ISLAND NWT								
FEB 16	02 42 34.(1)	61.19 N(0.04)	139.99 W(0.06)	3.1	MN=4.5(0.2)	27	48	8	F
ISC	02 42 33.(0)	61.06 N(0.04)	140.09 W(0.07)	1.7	MB=4.2	53	53	8	
USCGS	02 42 33.	61.0 N	140.2 W	1.3	MB=4.4	34	34	9	
	NUTTLI MS=3.8(0.3) FROM 12 STATIONS, EQUIVALENT TO MN4.7 SOUTHWESTERN YUKON, ST. ELIAS MOUNTAINS								
FEB 20	22 17 59.(1)	73.27 N(0.05)	94.54 W(0.22)	3.9	MN=3.2(0.2)	11	25	7	F
	NORTHERN SOMERSET ISLAND NWT. MAIN SHOCK ONE AFTERSHOCK RECORDED AT RES (SEE TABLE 11)								
FEB 22	00 41 34.(1)	76.30 N(0.07)	107.32 W(0.21)	2.8	MN=2.4(0.1)	5	15	2	F
	NEAR NORTHEAST COAST OF MELVILLE ISLAND NWT								
FEB 25	11 25 42.(1)	75.50 N(0.07)	108.82 W(0.22)	2.7	MN=2.5( )	4	10	1	F
	EASTERN MELVILLE ISLAND NWT								
MAR 1	02 41 07.(2)	71.68 N(0.06)	76.04 W(0.24)	2.9	MN=2.7(0.2)	8	13	6	F
	NORTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND, NEAR COUTTS INLET								
MAR 9	10 25 52.(3)	71.06 N(0.12)	71.15 W(0.46)	2.9	MN=2.6(0.1)	3	7	2	0
	BAFFIN ISLAND, SOUTH OF CAPE ADAIR								
MAR 12	17 32 38.(0)	75.20 N(0.02)	100.93 W(0.05)	0.5	MN=2.2(0.4)	4	8	2	0
	SOUTHERN BATHURST ISLAND NWT								
MAR 18	12 29 05.(1)	71.45 N(0.04)	91.36 W(0.16)	2.4	MN=2.4(0.1)	7	12	3	F
	GULF CF BOOTHIA NWT. MAIN SHOCK ONE FORESHOCK RECORDED AT RES (SEE TABLE 11)								
MAR 22	22 40 11.(6)	75.15 N(0.30)	98.75 W(0.64)	4.1	MN=2.5(0.3)	4	7	2	0
	SOUTHERN BATHURST ISLAND NWT								
MAR 24	11 21 31.(4)	71.31 N(0.16)	73.42 W(0.52)	2.8	MN=2.6(0.3)	3	5	4	0
	NORTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND, SOUTHWEST OF CAPE ADAIR								
MAR 30	10 02 07.(2)	66.73 N(0.10)	136.36 W(0.26)	1.7	MN=2.5(0.1)	3	8	2	0
	NORTHERN YUKON, RICHARDSON MOUNTAINS								
APR 2	05 33 15.(1)	60.92 N(0.08)	140.22 W(0.12)	1.9	MN=3.6(0.4)	7	15	2	F
ISC	05 33 16.(0)	61.16 N(0.06)	139.93 W(0.10)	2.0		25	25		
USCGS	05 33 15.	61.1 N	139.9 W	1.6	MB=3.8	18	18	6	
	SOUTHWESTERN YUKON, ST. ELIAS MOUNTAINS PLCTED ALSO ON WESTERN REGION MAP								
APR 4	00 33 30.(2)	71.92 N(0.04)	132.68 W(0.36)	1.1	ML=3.8(0.2)	4	8	4	F
	BEAUFORT SEA								

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA		
						STN	PHA	MAG
APR 9	14 01 38.(1)	79.31 N(0.05)	117.96 W(0.46)	1.7	ML=3.8(0.1)	7	14	3 F
	ARCTIC OCEAN, NORTHWEST OF BORDEN ISLAND							
APR 16	00 03 23.(4)	61.82 N(0.09)	61.40 W(0.31)	2.3	MN=3.3(0.2)	6	10	4 0
	LABRADOR SEA, NEAR ENTRANCE TO HUDSON STRAIT							
APR 26	15 49 26.(2)	65.37 N(0.07)	133.28 W(0.21)	1.3	ML=4.2(0.1)	5	10	4 F
	EAST-CENTRAL YUKON, SOUTH OF PEEL RIVER							
APR 28	13 51 32.(1)	65.08 N(0.04)	87.53 W(0.08)	2.6	MN=3.2(0.2)	10	22	7 F
	ROES WELCOME SOUND NWT							
APR 28	16 40 08.(1)	72.63 N(0.04)	90.99 W(0.22)	2.6	MN=3.0(0.0)	6	13	2 F
	PRINCE REGENT INLET NWT							
MAY 2	05 32 35.(3)	72.49 N(0.13)	96.01 W(0.26)	1.4	MN=3.1(0.1)	4	6	3 0
	NEAR WEST COAST OF SOMERSET ISLAND NWT							
MAY 2	07 33 30.(1)	65.26 N(0.07)	88.18 W(0.07)	1.8	MN=2.9(0.3)	6	10	3 F
	WAGER BAY NWT							
MAY 9	11 30 03.(1)	72.37 N(0.06)	97.65 W(0.28)	2.5	MN=3.1(0.3)	5	12	5 0
	PRINCE OF WALES ISLAND NWT							
MAY 17	05 05 15.(2)	72.48 N(0.06)	131.53 W(0.45)	1.7	ML=3.2( )	5	10	1 F
	BEAUFORT SEA							
MAY 17	21 07 17.(1)	65.18 N(0.07)	133.85 W(0.17)	1.7	MN=3.5(0.2)	6	13	5 F
	EAST-CENTRAL YUKON, SOUTH OF PEEL RIVER							
MAY 19	01 53 09.(2)	61.32 N(0.09)	76.39 W(0.19)	2.8	MN=3.1(0.2)	5	7	5 0
	NORTHERN QUEBEC, NORTHEAST OF POVUNGNITUK							
MAY 28	11 41 11.(1)	67.51 N(0.06)	136.03 W(0.16)	1.6	MN=3.4(0.3)	6	15	4 F
	NWT-YUKON BORDER, NEAR FORT MCPHERSON							
JUN 4	05 57 46.(3)	66.80 N(0.12)	134.91 W(0.38)	1.8	MN=2.9(0.2)	5	8	2 0
	EAST-CENTRAL YUKON, NORTH OF PEEL RIVER							
JUN 12	21 57 02.(1)	65.59 N(0.07)	136.75 W(0.17)	1.4	MN=3.2(0.2)	5	11	4 F
	EAST-CENTRAL YUKON, NEAR PEEL RIVER							
JUN 13	10 56 07.(0)	76.72 N(0.02)	94.64 W(0.16)	0.8	ML=2.4( )	4	7	1 0
	DEVON ISLAND, GRINNELL PENINSULA NWT							
JUN 17	12 39 32.(1)	65.01 N(0.09)	134.12 W(0.21)	1.8	MN=3.0(0.2)	5	11	4 F
	EAST-CENTRAL YUKON, SOUTH OF PEEL RIVER							
JUN 21	23 30 26.(1)	65.20 N(0.06)	133.87 W(0.16)	1.0	MN=3.2(0.2)	5	10	4 F
	EAST-CENTRAL YUKON, SOUTH OF PEEL RIVER							
JUN 25	06 01 05.(1)	65.38 N(0.04)	134.35 W(0.10)	0.8	MN=3.2(0.2)	5	11	3 F
	EAST-CENTRAL YUKON, SOUTH OF PEEL RIVER							
JUN 29	20 17 05.(1)	65.34 N(0.06)	133.67 W(0.19)	0.8	MN=2.9(0.2)	3	6	2 0
	EAST-CENTRAL YUKON, SOUTH OF PEEL RIVER							
AUG 3	17 26 56.(4)	62.94 N(0.07)	122.95 W(0.33)	0.7	MN=3.2( )	2	4	1 0
	MACKENZIE VALLEY, NEAR WRIGLEY NWT PLOTTED ALSO ON WESTERN REGION MAP							

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
						STN	PHA	MAG	
AUG 6	09 09 54.(3) BEAUFORT SEA	72.39 N(0.08)	136.33 W(0.56)	1.7	ML=4.4(0.2)	5	7	5	0
AUG 10	04 11 44.(1) NEAR ROES WELCOME SOUND NWT. MAIN SHOCK ONE AFTERSHOCK RECORDED AT BLC (SEE TABLE 6)	63.79 N(0.06)	89.49 W(0.11)	3.0	MN=3.3(0.1)	7	15	6	F
AUG 13	19 13 17.(1) WESTERN BAFFIN BAY, NEAR CLYDE INLET	70.58 N(0.05)	65.38 W(0.23)	1.4	MN=3.6(0.3)	3	8	3	F
AUG 16	04 58 15.(1) RICHARDSON MOUNTAINS, NEAR FGRT MCPHERSON NWT	67.56 N(0.04)	135.70 W(0.10)	0.3	MN=3.1(0.2)	2	5	2	0
AUG 17	06 48 27.(3) EAST-CENTRAL YUKON, SOUTH OF PEEL RIVER	65.36 N(0.10)	133.28 W(0.28)	1.4	MN=3.1(0.3)	2	6	2	0
AUG 18	20 22 42.(1) GREAT BEAR LAKE NWT	66.35 N(0.01)	121.49 W(0.13)	0.2	MN=3.1( )	2	4	1	0
AUG 20	03 24 07.(1) UNGAVA BAY, NEAR HUDSON STRAIT	60.41 N(0.03)	67.02 W(0.12)	2.2	MN=3.4(0.3)	6	16	5	F
AUG 22	11 20 44.(0) BARROW STRAIT, SOUTHWEST OF RESOLUTE NWT	74.55 N(0.02)	96.06 W(0.06)	0.2	MN=3.4(0.2)	3	4	2	0
SEP 5	16 03 54.(2) ENTRANCE TO HUDSON STRAIT, NEAR UNGAVA BAY	60.95 N(0.06)	64.96 W(0.33)	2.6	MN=3.3(0.0)	3	8	2	F
SEP 11	07 08 27.(1) HUDSON STRAIT, NEAR UNGAVA BAY	61.72 N(0.03)	67.31 W(0.15)	1.7	MN=3.3( )	4	8	1	F
SEP 28	16 36 48.(1) WAGER BAY NWT	65.32 N(0.04)	87.70 W(0.08)	2.9	MN=3.7(0.2)	11	27	10	F
OCT 4	04 29 13.(4) VISCOUNT MELVILLE SOUND NWT	73.40 N(0.20)	108.25 W(0.85)	3.2	MN=3.0( )	3	4	1	0
OCT 6	01 35 39.(6) BEAUFORT SEA	72.35 N(0.19)	129.38 W(1.31)	2.0	ML=2.7( )	3	4	1	0
OCT 9	21 47 01.(1) HUDSON STRAIT NWT	62.45 N(0.04)	72.76 W(0.10)	1.7	MN=3.1(0.2)	4	8	3	0
OCT 18	19 25 10.(1) EAST-CENTRAL YUKON, SOUTH OF PEEL RIVER	65.23 N(0.06)	133.48 W(0.16)	1.2	MN=3.0( )	4	9	1	F
OCT 22	17 30 49.(4) NORTHERN QUEBEC, NEAR KLOTZ LAKE PLOTTED ALSO ON EASTERN REGION MAP	60.36 N(0.15)	73.77 W(0.57)	3.1	MN=2.8( )	3	4	1	0
OCT 26	15 35 28.(2) NORTHERN SOMERSET ISLAND NWT	73.29 N(0.06)	94.45 W(0.44)	2.1	MN=2.9(0.6)	3	7	2	F
OCT 31	06 28 44.(1) COMMITTEE BAY NWT	67.32 N(0.04)	87.33 W(0.09)	0.8	MN=2.7(0.4)	3	4	3	0
NOV 10	07 39 14.(1) ROES WELCOME SOUND NWT. MAIN SHOCK ONE FORESHOCK RECORDED AT BLC (SEE TABLE 6)	65.16 N(0.06)	87.08 W(0.10)	2.7	MN=3.1(0.1)	8	12	6	0

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
						STN	PHA	MAG	
NOV 10	14 58 51.(1)	78.36 N(0.05)	108.15 W(0.10)	0.5	MN=2.6( )	3	7	1	0
	PRINCE GUSTAF ADOLF SEA, WEST OF ISACHSEN NWT								
NOV 11	19 45 02.(1)	79.03 N(0.05)	95.12 W(0.35)	1.6	ML=3.8( )	4	8	1	F
	NEAR SOUTHWESTERN AXEL HEIBERG ISLAND NWT								
NOV 11	21 02 10.(1)	61.06 N(0.04)	67.36 W(0.24)	1.5	MN=2.7( )	3	5	1	0
	HUDSON STRAIT NWT. MAIN SHOCK ONE AFTERSHOCK RECORDED AT FBC AND SCH (SEE TABLE 8)								
NOV 16	04 07 51.(1)	78.37 N(0.08)	108.16 W(0.14)	0.8	MN=2.6( )	3	7	1	F
	PRINCE GUSTAF ADOLF SEA, WEST OF ISACHSEN NWT								
NOV 27	22 08 32.(1)	65.17 N(0.06)	134.17 W(0.18)	1.3	MN=3.3( )	5	9	1	F
	EAST-CENTRAL YUKON, SOUTH OF PEEL RIVER								
DEC 2	01 31 18.(1)	71.52 N(0.05)	74.65 W(0.18)	2.4	MN=3.7(0.4)	9	17	8	F
	NORTHEASTERN BAFFIN ISLAND, NEAR BUCHAN GULF								
DEC 7	11 07 18.(3)	72.11 N(0.06)	133.22 W(0.58)	1.3	ML=3.2(0.3)	3	6	3	F
	BEAUFORT SEA								
DEC 9	13 32 43.(1)	71.63 N(0.05)	69.07 W(0.17)	1.0	MN=3.0( )	3	7	1	F
	WESTERN BAFFIN BAY, EAST OF CAPE ADAIR								
DEC 12	16 49 15.(3)	68.52 N(0.10)	68.35 W(0.37)	3.3	MN=3.1(0.3)	5	9	5	0
	EASTERN BAFFIN ISLAND, HOME BAY								
DEC 13	04 51 03.(1)	68.65 N(0.04)	68.27 W(0.16)	1.9	MN=3.2(0.3)	7	12	7	F
	EASTERN BAFFIN ISLAND, HOME BAY								
DEC 14	16 45 23.(9)	66.14 N(0.37)	136.94 W(1.04)	3.5	MN=2.5( )	2	5	1	0
	NORTHERN YUKON, NEAR PEEL RIVER								
DEC 19	16 49 18.(1)	67.47 N(0.04)	91.41 W(0.10)	2.6	MN=3.8(0.3)	8	20	6	F
	NORTH OF WAGER BAY NWT. MAIN SHOCK								
DEC 19	19 10 58.(2)	65.38 N(0.10)	133.57 W(0.24)	1.8	MN=2.9( )	3	8	1	F
	EAST-CENTRAL YUKON, SOUTH OF PEEL RIVER								
DEC 20	04 21 40.(3)	67.51 N(0.07)	90.81 W(0.82)	1.5	MN=2.2(0.0)	3	4	2	0
	NORTH OF WAGER BAY. AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 19 DEC 16H								
DEC 20	08 52 59.(2)	67.55 N(0.07)	91.40 W(0.17)	2.7	MN=2.6(0.1)	6	8	5	0
	NORTH OF WAGER BAY. AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 19 DEC 16H								
DEC 20	18 53 19.(4)	78.75 N(0.15)	95.87 W(0.81)	2.9	ML=3.4( )	4	9	1	F
	AMUND RINGNES ISLAND NWT								
DEC 20	19 08 01.(2)	62.35 N(0.10)	130.06 W(0.22)	2.6	MN=2.9(0.2)	6	15	3	F
	YUKON-NWT BORDER, WEST OF WRIGLEY PLOTTED ALSO ON WESTERN REGION MAP								
DEC 29	14 23 34.(9)	72.40 N(0.18)	134.52 W(1.78)	3.2	ML=3.2(0.4)	4	5	2	0
	BEAUFORT SEA								
DEC 29	19 37 25.(4)	71.29 N(0.10)	130.99 W(0.81)	2.6	ML=3.5(0.2)	4	7	4	F
	BEAUFORT SEA								

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						STN	PHA	MAG		
B. UNITED STATES EPICENTRES										
JAN 22	09 49 04.(5)	70.53 N(0.20)	142.96 W(0.88)	1.4	ML=2.9( )	2	4	1	0	
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT FORESHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H									
JAN 22	09 51 24.(2)	70.20 N(0.05)	144.28 W(0.33)	0.8	ML=3.8(0.2)	4	6	4	0	
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT FORESHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H									
JAN 22	14 04 52.(1)	70.35 N(0.06)	143.88 W(0.14)	2.5	ML=4.3(0.3)	17	24	6	F	
ISC	14 04 49.(1)	70.41 N(0.08)	144.2 W(0.22)	2.5		19	19			
USCGS	14 04 49.	70.3 N	143.8 W	1.1	MB=4.5	11	11	2		
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT FORESHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H									
JAN 22	23 44 34.(1)	70.41 N(0.05)	143.77 W(0.14)	2.3	ML=5.3(0.2)	32	41	11	F	
	MS=4.9(0.1) FROM 10 STATION. LFZ PERIODS 18-20S									
ISC	23 44 30.(0)	70.36 N(0.03)	144.0 W(0.10)	1.7	MB=4.4	94	94	13		
USCGS	23 44 30.	70.3 N	144.4 W	0.9	MB=4.7	46	46	13		
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT. MAIN SHOCK LARGEST AMONG 36 EVENTS OFF MARTIN POINT IN 1968									
JAN 23	00 13 25.(0)	70.23 N(0.01)	143.80 W(0.05)	0.1	ML=3.2(0.3)	3	5	2	0	
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H									
JAN 23	00 31 28.(3)	70.57 N(0.10)	143.38 W(0.42)	0.7	ML=3.3(0.0)	2	4	2	0	
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H									
JAN 23	02 23 10.(1)	70.20 N(0.04)	144.21 W(0.15)	0.3	ML=3.2(0.3)	2	4	2	0	
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H									
JAN 23	02 35 26.(3)	70.37 N(0.10)	143.80 W(0.49)	1.1	ML=3.6(0.2)	3	5	2	0	
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H									
JAN 23	02 36 52.(3)	70.36 N(0.10)	144.38 W(0.42)	1.3	ML=3.6(0.2)	4	6	2	0	
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H									
JAN 23	08 00 54.(1)	70.31 N(0.03)	144.19 W(0.16)	0.4	ML=3.6(0.1)	3	6	3	0	
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H									
JAN 23	08 30 45.(1)	70.40 N(0.04)	144.24 W(0.12)	1.9	ML=4.1(0.1)	12	19	4	F	
ISC	08 30 44.(1)	70.34 N(0.06)	144.2 W(0.19)	1.8		10	10			
USCGS	08 30 45.	70.3 N	144.4 W	1.3	MB=3.6	9	9	1		
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H									
JAN 23	20 57 52.(1)	70.36 N(0.06)	144.29 W(0.18)	2.2	ML=4.3(0.2)	15	22	5	F	
ISC	20 57 49.(0)	70.39 N(0.04)	143.9 W(0.11)	1.1		15	15			
USCGS	20 57 49.	70.4 N	143.9 W	0.8	MB=4.2	10	10	1		
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H									

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						STN	PHA	MAG	
JAN 24	10 53 31.(4)	70.17 N(0.12)	145.12 W(0.61)	2.0	ML=3.7(0.3)	4	7	4	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H								
JAN 25	16 56 37.(4)	70.36 N(0.13)	144.82 W(0.65)	1.8	ML=3.6(0.2)	3	6	3	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H								
JAN 26	04 56 16.(3)	70.48 N(0.10)	143.66 W(0.51)	1.2	ML=3.6(0.2)	3	5	2	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 22 JAN 23H								
JAN 30	09 28 33.(2)	70.25 N(0.06)	144.32 W(0.31)	1.0	ML=3.8(0.1)	4	7	4	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT. MAIN SHOCK								
JAN 30	09 30 18.(0)	70.25 N(0.00)	144.35 W(0.02)	0.0	ML=3.5(0.2)	3	4	3	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 30 JAN 09H28M								
FEB 1	20 47 28.(2)	70.32 N(0.06)	144.29 W(0.27)	0.8	ML=3.4(0.3)	4	7	4	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT								
FEB 5	04 07 21.(3)	70.32 N(0.09)	144.24 W(0.48)	1.7	ML=3.9(0.1)	4	8	4	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT								
FEB 6	16 36 22.(1)	70.36 N(0.07)	143.91 W(0.18)	2.3	ML=4.5(0.2)	15	23	7	F
ISC	16 36 21.(1)	70.43 N(0.10)	144.4 W(0.35)	2.9	MB=4.0	25	25	5	
USCGS	16 36 19.	70.5 N	145.2 W	1.1	MB=4.2	12	12	4	
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT. MAIN SHOCK								
FEB 6	18 42 54.(2)	70.39 N(0.06)	144.13 W(0.31)	1.3	ML=3.9(0.1)	5	9	4	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 6 FEB 16H								
FEB 10	17 29 00.(1)	70.34 N(0.08)	143.89 W(0.18)	2.1	ML=4.3( )	11	15	1	F
ISC	17 28 58.(0)	70.37 N(0.02)	143.87 W(0.08)	0.7		10	10		
USCGS	17 28 58.	70.4 N	144.1 W	0.1	MB=4.3	7	7	1	
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT FCRESHOCK OF EVENT OF 10 FEB 17H29M19S								
FEB 10	17 29 19.(2)	70.23 N(0.11)	143.63 W(0.30)	3.0	ML=4.3(0.2)	10	15	5	F
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT. MAIN SHOCK								
FEB 10	17 36 12.(5)	70.25 N(0.14)	144.06 W(0.79)	2.4	ML=3.5(0.2)	4	7	3	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 10 FEB 17H29M19S								
FEB 10	17 39 50.(4)	70.54 N(0.14)	142.65 W(0.69)	2.7	ML=3.9(0.1)	5	8	3	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 10 FEB 17H29M19S								
FEB 12	21 05 09.(2)	70.27 N(0.06)	144.79 W(0.37)	0.9	ML=3.6(0.2)	4	6	2	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT FORESHOCK OF EVENT OF 13 FEB 00H								
FEB 13	00 59 02.(2)	70.42 N(0.09)	143.27 W(0.39)	2.7	ML=4.1(0.2)	9	16	5	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT. MAIN SHOCK								

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
						STN	PHA	MAG	
FEB 18	21 14 51.(4)	70.31 N(0.12)	144.11 W(0.63)	2.2	ML=3.2(0.2)	4	8	3	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT								
FEB 20	02 45 50.(1)	60.14 N(0.09)	141.8 W(0.13)	2.6	MB=3.9	22	22	5	F
USCGS	02 45 49.	60.0 N	142.0 W	1.3	MB=3.9	15	15	5	
	SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA. FELT AT YAKATAGA PLOTTED ALSO ON WESTERN REGION MAP								
FEB 21	21 58 08.(2)	70.30 N(0.08)	145.27 W(0.40)	1.4	ML=3.7(0.2)	4	8	4	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT. MAIN SHOCK								
FEB 21	23 06 39.(3)	70.33 N(0.09)	143.53 W(0.44)	1.4	ML=3.3(0.2)	4	7	4	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 21 FEB 21H								
FEB 28	06 19 32.(4)	70.10 N(0.13)	143.99 W(0.64)	2.3	ML=3.3(0.2)	4	8	3	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT FORESHOCK OF EVENT OF 28 FEB 08H								
FEB 28	08 36 16.(2)	70.41 N(0.10)	143.16 W(0.42)	2.4	ML=4.1(0.3)	7	13	5	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT. MAIN SHOCK								
FEB 28	22 57 56.(4)	70.13 N(0.13)	143.84 W(0.64)	1.8	ML=3.3(0.2)	3	6	3	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 28 FEB 08H								
MAR 9	13 55 37.(1)	70.27 N(0.04)	144.10 W(0.19)	0.7	ML=4.2(0.1)	4	8	4	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT								
MAR 11	15 50 32.(1)	60.27 N(0.08)	142.1 W(0.11)	1.8	MB=3.6	10	10	3	0
ISC	SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA. PLOTTED ALSO ON WESTERN REGION MAP								
MAR 24	16 25 21.(2)	69.21 N(0.08)	144.75 W(0.36)	1.4	ML=3.5(0.3)	4	8	2	0
	NORTHEASTERN ALASKA, SOUTHWEST OF MARTIN POINT								
APR 25	10 33 50.(1)	70.21 N(0.03)	144.46 W(0.11)	0.5	ML=4.4(0.1)	6	11	5	0
ISC	10 33 52.(1)	70.5 N(0.11)	144.2 W(0.35)	3.6		20	20		
USCGS	10 33 51.	70.3 N	143.8 W	0.6	MB=4.3	10	10	2	
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT								
JUL 16	18 02 27.( )	67.85 N( )	147.77 W( )	0.0	MN=4.5(0.2)	2	3	2	0
	NORTHERN ALASKA, BROOKS RANGE								
SEP 22	13 32 35.(1)	60.04 N(0.04)	141.5 W(0.12)	0.9		10	10		0
USCGS	13 32 34.	59.9 N	141.5 W	1.1	MB=3.9	11	11	4	
	SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA, NEAR YUKON BORDER PLOTTED ALSO ON WESTERN REGION MAP								
NOV 24	22 09 53.(3)	70.27 N(0.12)	144.13 W(0.52)	1.2	ML=3.7(0.3)	3	5	2	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF ALASKA, OFF MARTIN POINT								
DEC 16	11 21 21.(4)	65.60 N(0.22)	151.09 W(0.39)	2.5	MN=3.4( )	3	6	1	0
	CENTRAL ALASKA, YUKON RIVER								
DEC 17	06 49 08.(1)	68.12 N(0.04)	162.43 W(0.27)	1.5	ML=3.9( )	10	14	1	F
	NORTHWESTERN ALASKA, BROOKS RANGE								

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
						STN	PHA	MAG	
DEC 26	10 54 55.(1)	68.99 N(0.04)	144.50 W(0.15)	0.3	ML=3.6(0.2)	2	4	2	0
	NORTHEASTERN ALASKA, SOUTHWEST OF MARTIN POINT								
DEC 30	13 52 40.(3)	65.25 N(0.17)	144.83 W(0.29)	2.6	MN=3.6( )	5	10	1	0
	EASTERN ALASKA, YUKON RIVER								

C. GREENLAND EPICENTRES

JAN 4	19 43 08.(2)	79.52 N(0.08)	17.83 W(0.31)	0.7	ML=3.8(0.1)	3	6	2	F
	NORTHEAST COAST OF GREENLAND, SOUTH OF NORD								
JAN 23	13 49 18.( )	82.3 N( )	7.1 W( )		ML=2.7( )	2	3	1	0
	ARCTIC OCEAN, NORTHEAST OF NORD								
MAR 13	18 11 36.(2)	83.09 N(0.19)	51.74 W(1.24)	1.4	ML=3.6(0.4)	4	5	2	0
	OFF NORTHERN GREENLAND, LINCOLN SEA								
MAY 18	06 25 05.(1)	80.03 N(0.07)	12.09 W(0.53)	0.5	ML=4.0( )	3	5	1	0
	NEAR NORTHEAST COAST OF GREENLAND								
MAY 22	02 10 20.(2)	80.02 N(0.31)	3.83 W(1.55)	1.1	ML=4.2(0.1)	3	6	2	0
	NEAR NORTHEAST COAST OF GREENLAND								
JUN 8	19 16 54.(6)	87.07 N(0.25)	46.89 E(8.66)	2.5	ML=3.8( )	3	5	1	0
	ARCTIC OCEAN, NORTH OF GREENLAND. NOT PLOTTED								
JUN 23	13 23 30.(7)	81.5 N(0.7 )	17.2 W(1.4 )	3.2	ML=3.9(0.0)	4	6	2	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF GREENLAND, NEAR NORD								
JUL 29	23 15 19.(3)	79.31 N(0.18)	20.65 W(0.45)	1.3	MN=3.1( )	2	5	1	0
	NORTHEAST COAST OF GREENLAND								
OCT 1	23 10 26.(2)	82.73 N(0.27)	47.87 W(0.69)	4.2		7	13	0	F
ISC	23 10 27.(1)	82.3 N(0.23)	47.7 W(0.59)	3.5	MB=4.1	19	19	6	
USCGS	23 10 27.	82.3 N	49.7 W	0.4	MB=4.2	5	5	7	
	NORTHWEST COAST OF GREENLAND								
DEC 9	19 53 22.(3)	75.93 N(0.15)	20.32 W(0.97)	1.4	MN=3.2( )	2	5	1	0
	EAST COAST OF GREENLAND								



TABLE 3  
EARTHQUAKES IN WESTERN CANADA AND ADJACENT AREAS  
1968

(F=FILLED, O=OPEN SYMBOL ON EPICENTRE MAPS)

A. CANADIAN EPICENTRES

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
						STN	PHA	MAG	
JAN 15	12 24 14.	52.2 N	131.6 W		ML=4.3	7	10	4	F
ISC	12 24 29.(3)	52.18 N(0.07)	130.5 W(0.30)	1.7		17	17		
USCGS	12 24 28.	52.1 N	130.5 W	1.5	MB=3.6	11	11	4	
QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS. FELT AT CAPE ST. JAMES									
JAN 15	14 29 20.	52.2 N	131.6 W		ML=3.9	2	3	2	O
QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 15 JAN 12H									
FEB 1	03 05 01.	50.2 N	130.4 W		ML=4.2	3	3	1	O
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
FEB 1	03 15 07.	50.1 N	130.1 W		ML=3.1	3	4	2	O
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
FEB 1	04 46 00.	50.1 N	130.0 W		ML=3.0	2	3	1	O
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
FEB 1	07 58 04.	50.0 N	129.9 W			9	11	0	F
ISC	07 58 03.(0)	49.96 N(0.02)	129.86 W(0.05)	1.5	MB=5.2	121	121	15	
USCGS	07 58 04.	50.0 N	129.8 W	1.0	MB=5.4	61	61	27	
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
FEB 4	16 43 53.	51.9 N	119.5 W		ML=2.5	4	4	1	F
NEAR YELLOWHEAD HIGHWAY, WEST OF MICA CREEK B.C.									
FEB 4	16 49 52.	51.9 N	119.5 W		ML=1.9	1	2	1	O
NEAR YELLOWHEAD HIGHWAY, WEST OF MICA CREEK B.C. AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 4 FEB 16H43M									
FEB 15	18 27 30.	51.3 N	129.7 W		ML=3.8	8	9	3	F
ISC	18 27 31.(3)	51.55 N(0.05)	130.1 W(0.11)	1.8		31	31		
USCGS	18 27 30.	51.6 N	130.3 W	1.6	MB=4.2	19	19	10	
QUEEN CHARLOTTE SOUND									
FEB 27	06 39 52.	50.1 N	129.6 W		ML=4.0	6	7	2	F
ISC	06 39 53.(1)	50.15 N(0.03)	129.59 W(0.09)	1.1		26	26		
USCGS	06 39 53.	50.1 N	129.5 W	0.8	MB=4.3	15	15	6	
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
MAR 1									
ISC	09 40 19.(1)	49.57 N(0.09)	129.3 W(0.17)	2.6		22	22		F
USCGS	09 40 18.	49.6 N	129.2 W	1.6	MB=3.7	10	10	5	
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
MAR 2	03 14 45.	49.2 N	128.9 W		ML=4.5	16	16	5	F
ISC	03 14 45.(0)	49.16 N(0.04)	129.25 W(0.07)	2.2	MB=5.1	104	104	9	
USCGS	03 14 45.	49.2 N	129.1 W	1.2	MB=5.1	42	42	12	
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
						STN	PHA	MAG	
MAR 2	17 10 28.	49.3 N	128.1 W		ML=3.2	4	5	2	F
ISC	17 10 25.(1)	49.13 N(0.06)	128.7 W(0.15)	2.7		35	35		
USCGS	17 10 23.	49.0 N	128.8 W	1.5	MB=4.2	12	12	8	
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
MAR 4	20 19 47.	49.3 N	127.4 W		ML=2.5	4	5	2	F
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
MAR 6	18 29 58.	52.5 N	116.7 W		ML=2.2	2	3	1	0
	WESTERN ALBERTA, NORTHEAST OF MT. STEWART								
MAR 8	03 49 07.	50.5 N	129.8 W		ML=3.1	2	3	1	0
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
MAR 8	11 25 25.	50.0 N	129.5 W		ML=3.1	2	3	1	0
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
MAR 14	21 05 19.	50.8 N	115.4 W		ML=2.9	3	4	2	0
	ALBERTA-B.C. BORDER, SOUTH OF CANMORE								
MAR 23	04 52 09.	50.6 N	129.9 W		ML=3.3	3	4	1	0
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
APR 15	02 06 53.	49.7 N	123.7 W		ML=2.6	3	5	3	0
	SECHELT PENINSULA B.C.								
APR 17	06 28 17.	50.9 N	130.1 W		ML=2.7	2	3	1	0
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
APR 17	12 56 00.	49.8 N	127.6 W		ML=1.9	2	3	1	0
	OFF WEST COAST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND, WEST OF NOOTKA ISLAND								
APR 18	11 42 37.	50.8 N	130.1 W		ML=2.6	2	3	1	0
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
APR 23	05 39 16.	50.4 N	129.7 W		ML=2.7	2	3	1	0
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
APR 25	09 58 26.	50.6 N	130.0 W		ML=4.3	9	10	5	F
ISC	09 58 28.(2)	50.91 N(0.04)	129.67 W(0.10)	2.1	MB=4.5	51	51	4	
USCGS	09 58 28.	50.7 N	129.8 W	1.2	MB=4.4	24	24	9	
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
APR 28	22 14 00.	49.7 N	123.8 W		ML=2.5	3	4	2	0
	SECHELT PENINSULA B.C.								
MAY 21	05 07 57.	50.8 N	124.3 W		ML=3.4	8	8	5	F
	NEAR BUTE INLET B.C.								
JUN 13	08 51 16.	51.4 N	131.5 W		ML=4.5	8	10	5	0
ISC	08 51 29.(2)	51.47 N(0.05)	129.90 W(0.10)	2.1		38	38		
USCGS	08 51 29.	51.5 N	129.8 W	1.4	MB=4.1	18	18	6	
	SOUTH OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS								
JUN 13	10 08 40.	51.4 N	131.5 W		ML=2.1	1	2	1	0
	SOUTH OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 13 JUNE 08H51M								

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
						STN	PHA	MAG	
JUN 15	00 42 42.	50.0 N	129.7 W		ML=2.7	2	3	1	0
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
JUN 18	05 37 57.	51.1 N	129.0 W		ML=4.1	6	7	5	0
ISC	05 37 54.(2)	50.87 N(0.09)	130.1 W(0.17)	2.0	MB=3.8	12	12	3	
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
JUL 6	11 54 15.	50.5 N	129.0 W		ML=2.0	2	3	1	0
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
JUL 14	03 32 36.	50.6 N	117.5 W		ML=3.7	4	5	3	F
	EAST OF UPPER ARROW LAKE B.C.								
JUL 14	07 04 49.	49.5 N	127.9 W		ML=3.5	4	6	3	F
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
JUL 16	01 47 19.	50.5 N	129.8 W		ML=4.0	8	9	4	F
ISC	01 47 23.(3)	50.69 N(0.05)	129.3 W(0.13)	1.7	MB=4.0	26	26	3	
USCGS	01 47 22.	50.6 N	129.4 W	0.9	MB=4.0	13	13	7	
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
JUL 16	23 39 30.	49.0 N	130.0 W		ML=3.2	5	5	5	0
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND. DATA FIT THE LOCATION VERY POORLY								
JUL 23	09 39 19.	50.5 N	130.0 W		ML=3.2	2	4	1	0
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
JUL 26	22 23 30.	52.3 N	118.7 W		ML=3.3	5	6	4	F
	NORTH OF MICA CREEK B.C.								
JUL 27	04 52 32.	52.3 N	118.7 W		ML=3.0	1	2	1	0
	NORTH OF MICA CREEK B.C. AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 26 JULY 22H								
JUL 28	21 16 49.	50.5 N	129.7 W		ML=4.0	10	11	5	F
ISC	21 16 52.(2)	50.58 N(0.06)	129.4 W(0.21)	1.6	MB=4.1	22	22	3	
USCGS	21 16 52.	50.5 N	129.5 W	1.2	MB=4.0	13	13	9	
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
AUG 4	06 11 57.	52.5 N	131.5 W			23	24	0	F
ISC	06 12 00.(1)	52.6 N(0.15)	131.3 W(0.29)	3.4		15	15		
USCGS	06 12 00.	52.6 N	131.1 W	1.0	MB=3.7	7	7	7	
	QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS								
AUG 10	21 10 40.	52.9 N	119.6 W		ML=3.2	4	5	3	F
	WEST OF VALEMOUNT B.C.								
AUG 11	10 49 29.	49.4 N	123.7 W		ML=2.7	4	6	3	0
	SECHELT PENINSULA B.C.								
AUG 12	13 31 00.	51.0 N	132.0 W		ML=3.7	2	3	1	0
	SOUTH OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS								
AUG 15	13 43 28.	50.4 N	114.2 W		ML=3.3	4	4	1	0
	SOUTHWESTERN ALBERTA, SOUTH OF CALGARY PLOTTED ALSO ON CENTRAL REGION MAP								

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
						STN	PHA	MAG	
AUG 31	08 31 18.	49.4 N	116.9 W		ML=3.7	12	13	3	F
ISC	08 31 19.(1)	49.48 N(0.07)	117.0 W(0.13)	2.2		10	10		
USCGS	08 31 18.	49.5 N	116.9 W	1.4		6	6		
KOOTENAY LAKE B.C. FELT SLIGHTLY IN TRAIL									
SEP 15	12 37 19.	49.9 N	129.5 W		ML=2.9	2	3	1	0
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
SEP 22	03 51 51.	51.4 N	131.2 W		ML=4.4	9	9	8	F
ISC	03 51 56.(0)	51.52 N(0.05)	130.73 W(0.09)	1.6	MB=4.5	34	34	4	
USCGS	03 51 55.	51.5 N	130.9 W	1.2	MB=4.3	25	25	9	
SOUTH OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS									
SEP 26	15 20 16.	49.0 N	128.0 W		ML=3.0	4	5	3	0
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
SEP 28	21 40 37.	54.4 N	120.9 W		ML=3.1	4	5	3	0
EAST-CENTRAL BRITISH COLUMBIA, NE OF PRINCE GEORGE									
OCT 3	05 53 06.	49.9 N	129.5 W		ML=2.6	3	4	1	0
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
OCT 3	06 11 07.	49.8 N	129.8 W		ML=3.1	5	6	2	0
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
OCT 3	06 19 02.	49.8 N	130.1 W		ML=3.9	15	17	3	F
ISC	06 19 06.(1)	49.83 N(0.06)	129.7 W(0.11)	2.3		31	31		
USCGS	06 19 06.	49.9 N	129.5 W	1.3	MB=4.0	14	14	8	
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
OCT 3	08 25 16.	49.6 N	129.1 W		ML=2.6	2	3	1	0
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
OCT 3	13 46 52.	49.5 N	129.2 W		ML=2.6	2	3	1	0
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
OCT 6	15 32 26.	49.6 N	129.8 W		ML=3.2	2	3	1	0
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
OCT 7	14 43 49.	49.8 N	127.0 W		ML=2.2	3	4	2	0
ALONG WEST COAST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND, NEAR NOOTKA ISLAND									
OCT 10	18 26 04.	49.4 N	126.9 W		ML=1.7	2	3	1	0
ALONG WEST COAST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND, NEAR NOOTKA ISLAND									
OCT 14	14 10 33.	50.5 N	130.1 W		ML=3.1	3	4	2	0
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
OCT 18	11 04 31.	52.3 N	129.2 W		ML=2.6	3	4	2	0
QUEEN CHARLOTTE SOUND									
OCT 26	12 34 38.	50.4 N	129.8 W		ML=3.2	2	3	2	0
WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND									
NOV 1	10 24 36.	51.0 N	124.5 W			28	28	0	F
ISC	10 25 00.(0)	50.95 N(0.03)	124.14 W(0.08)	2.4		77	77		
USCGS	10 24 59.	51.0 N	124.2 W	1.5	MB=4.5	32	32	12	
SOUTHWESTERN B.C., NEAR MT. GRENVILLE. FELT ALMOST FAR SOUTH AS VANCOUVER. (SEE TEXT AND FIGURE 9)									

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
						STN	PHA	MAG	
NOV 1	18 35 41.	48.4 N	125.7 W		ML=2.0	2	4	2	0
	WEST OF SOUTHERN VANCOUVER ISLAND								
NOV 2	02 13 54.	51.0 N	132.0 W		ML=3.0	3	3	1	0
	SOUTH OF QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLANDS								
NOV 8	12 51 13.	49.5 N	129.0 W		ML=3.3	6	7	5	0
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
NOV 13	11 59 39.	52.3 N	120.1 W		ML=3.2	5	11	3	F
	WELLS GRAY PROVINCIAL PARK B.C.								
NOV 17	21 11 34.	49.0 N	128.9 W		ML=4.4	4	4	1	F
ISC	21 11 34.(3)	49.00 N(0.03)	128.79 W(0.06)	1.3		47	47		
USCGS	21 11 35.	49.00 N	128.9 W	1.2	MB=4.4	31	31	10	
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
NOV 20	08 24 48.	50.6 N	129.6 W		ML=4.2	4	3	1	F
ISC	08 24 49.(3)	50.72 N(0.05)	129.33 W(0.10)	1.8	MB=4.2	37	37	4	
USCGS	08 24 48.	50.6 N	129.6 W	1.3	MB=4.2	21	21	6	
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
NOV 22	11 34 21.	48.7 N	124.5 W		ML=3.1	3	4	2	0
	SOUTHERN VANCOUVER ISLAND								
NOV 22	11 59 25.	49.0 N	128.7 W			2	4	0	0
ISC	11 59 28.(1)	49.11 N(0.07)	128.6 W(0.15)	2.6		28	28		
USCGS	11 59 26.	49.0 N	128.7 W	0.9	MB=4.0	11	11	7	
	WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND								
DEC 4	15 22 05.	50.7 N	124.8 W		ML=2.9	4	5	4	0
	NEAR BUTE INLET B.C.								
DEC 13	08 50 08.	52.4 N	120.2 W		ML=3.7	5	5	5	0
USCGS	08 50 08.	51.5 N	119.5 W	0.1	MB=4.5	6	6	2	
	WELLS GRAY PROVINCIAL PARK B.C.								
DEC 27	16 13 39.	51.0 N	125.7 W		ML=2.6	5	6	4	0
	NEAR KNIGHT INLET B.C.								

#### B. UNITED STATES EPICENTRES

JAN 04	ISC	17 08 45.	56.0 N	133.0 W		MB=3.4	2	2	2	0
	SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA PLOTTED ALSO ON NORTHERN REGION MAP									
JAN 20		09 21 47.	47.5 N	122.7 W		ML=2.5	3	4	2	F
	PUGET SOUND									
MAR 6		13 15 12.	47.4 N	122.5 W		ML=2.3	4	5	2	0
	PUGET SOUND									
APR 12		10 26 08.	48.6 N	116.2 W		ML=3.6	5	5	1	0
	NORTHERN IDAHO, NEAR B.C. BORDER									
APR 13		03 10 03.	48.6 N	123.2 W		ML=2.1	3	5	3	F
	SAN JUAN ISLANDS									

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
						STN	PHA	MAG	
APR 18	23 16 18.	48.6 N	121.8 W		ML=2.5	3	4	1	0
	WESTERN WASHINGTON, NEAR MT. BAKER								
MAY 12	17 27 33.	48.6 N	122.5 W		ML=2.5	5	6	3	F
	SAN JUAN ISLANDS								
JUN 13	08 09 26.	48.3 N	124.7 W		ML=2.2	3	5	2	0
	NORTHWESTERN WASHINGTON, NEAR CAPE FLATTERY								
JUN 15	23 52 25.	48.6 N	122.8 W		ML=2.0	3	4	1	0
	SAN JUAN ISLANDS								
JUN 19									
USCGS	05 51 43.	47.2 N	122.5 W		MB=4.0				0
	WASHINGTON, NEAR SEATTLE. FELT WITH INTENSITY IV NEAR EPICENTRE								
JUN 25	13 01 14.	47.9 N	123.2 W		ML=2.3	4	5	1	0
	PUGET SOUND								
JUN 28	18 04 42.	56.0 N	133.6 W		ML=3.9	3	4	1	0
	SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA PLOTTED ALSO ON NORTHERN REGION MAP								
JUL 7	02 44 30.	59.0 N	139.0 W		ML=3.0	3	4	1	0
	SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA, SOUTHEAST OF YAKUTAT PLOTTED ALSO ON NORTHERN REGION MAP								
JUL 11	14 10 27.	48.0 N	121.8 W		ML=2.2	3	4	2	0
	WESTERN WASHINGTON								
JUL 19	19 28 14.	48.9 N	122.3 W		ML=2.6	4	6	3	F
	WESTERN WASHINGTON, NEAR BELLINGHAM								
JUL 23	23 05 29.	48.4 N	114.9 W		ML=3.1	2	3	1	0
	NORTHERN MONTANA, NEAR FLATHEAD LAKE								
AUG 23	15 20 02.	48.6 N	122.6 W		ML=1.7	2	3	2	0
	SAN JUAN ISLANDS								
AUG 27									
ISC	17 42 34.(0)	58.64 N(0.07)	139.1 W(0.11)	2.0	MB=4.1	32	32	5	F
USCGS	17 42 33.	58.6 N	139.2 W	1.1	MB=4.3	18	18	9	
	SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA, SOUTHEAST OF YAKUTAT PLOTTED ALSO ON NORTHERN REGION MAP								
AUG 29									
ISC	22 43 35.(1)	59.7 N(0.17)	139.3 W(0.27)	4.3		14	14		F
USCGS	22 43 40.	59.7 N	139.7 W	0.8	MB=4.4	7	7	1	
	SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA, NEAR YAKUTAT PLOTTED ALSO ON NORTHERN REGION MAP								
SEP 6	08 46 37.	48.7 N	122.2 W		ML=2.5	4	5	2	0
	WASHINGTON, NEAR BELLINGHAM FELT SLIGHTLY IN VICTORIA ONE FORESHOCK RECORDED AT VIC (SEE TABLE 10)								

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA			
						STN	PHA	MAG	
SEP 6	12 16 30.	47.9 N	122.8 W		ML=3.9	19	24	8	0
ISC	12 16 31.(0)	48.01 N(0.02)	122.76 W(0.05)	1.2	MB=3.9	28	28	3	
USCGS	12 16 31.	48.0 N	122.7 W	1.1	MB=3.9	18	18	4	
PUGET SOUND. FELT IN SEATTLE AREA INTENSITY III TO IV IN VICTORIA									
SEP 25	20 09 37.	48.5 N	122.9 W		ML=2.8	4	5	2	F
USCGS	20 09 34.	47.8 N	122.7 W		MB=2.5				
PUGET SOUND. AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 6 SEPT 12H FELT WITH INTENSITY IV NEAR EPICENTRE									
OCT 7	07 50 55.	48.2 N	122.4 W		ML=2.5	4	5	3	F
SAN JUAN ISLANDS									
OCT 9	13 44 04.	48.5 N	121.6 W		ML=2.3	4	5	2	F
WESTERN WASHINGTON									
OCT 11	02 43 50.	48.5 N	121.7 W		ML=2.8	6	8	3	F
WESTERN WASHINGTON									
OCT 11	06 18 50.	48.6 N	121.7 W		ML=2.1	3	4	2	0
WESTERN WASHINGTON									
OCT 14	04 45 54.	48.5 N	121.7 W		ML=2.3	3	4	2	F
WESTERN WASHINGTON									
NOV 4	11 19 38.	47.5 N	122.5 W		ML=2.4	3	5	4	0
WASHINGTON, NEAR SEATTLE									
NOV 9	12 28 59.	48.1 N	129.5 W		ML=3.0	4	4	2	0
OFF COAST OF WASHINGTON									
NOV 12	04 01 31.	47.5 N	122.4 W		ML=1.9	3	5	4	0
WASHINGTON, NEAR SEATTLE									
NOV 13	21 15 28.	47.0 N	124.0 W		ML=2.6	3	4	3	0
WASHINGTON, WEST COAST OF OLYMPIC PENINSULA									
NOV 16									
ISC	14 03 22.(1)	56.2 N(0.13)	138.7 W(0.20)	3.1	MB=3.8	21	21	5	F
USCGS	14 03 22.	56.3 N	138.5 W	1.3	MB=4.2	13	13	8	
OFF COAST OF SOUTHEASTERN ALASKA PLOTTED ALSO ON NORTHERN REGION MAP									
NOV 22	00 33 32.	48.5 N	119.8 W		ML=2.5	3	3	2	0
NORTH-CENTRAL WASHINGTON									
NOV 28	10 30 29.	47.3 N	122.8 W		ML=2.7	2	5	2	0
PUGET SOUND									
DEC 7	16 05 56.	48.2 N	122.7 W		ML=2.4	4	5	4	F
SAN JUAN ISLANDS. FELT VERY SLIGHTLY IN VICTORIA									
DEC 20	01 05 53.	47.8 N	120.0 W		ML=2.9	5	6	5	F
NORTH-CENTRAL WASHINGTON									

TABLE 4  
EARTHQUAKES IN CENTRAL CANADA AND ADJACENT AREAS  
1968

(F=FILLED, O=OPEN SYMBOL ON EPICENTRE MAPS)

A. CANADIAN EPICENTRES

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	LATITUDE DEG	LONGITUDE DEG	RMS SEC	MAGNITUDE	NO. OF DATA				
						STN	PHA	MAG		
JAN 19	04 38 02.(2)	56.85 N(0.12)	87.31 W(0.13)	3.0	MN=2.4(0.2)	4	9	3	0	
	SOUTHWESTERN HUDSON BAY, NORTH OF FORT SEVERN									
JUN 22	19 01 02.(2)	57.78 N(0.14)	89.50 W(0.18)	3.5	MN=2.8(0.1)	4	7	3	0	
	SOUTHWESTERN HUDSON BAY, NORTHEAST OF CAPE TATNAM									
SEP 11	12 00 06.(2)	49.25 N(0.14)	108.14 W(0.09)	2.0	MN=2.7( )	3	10	1	F	
	SASKATCHEWAN-MONTANA BORDER, SOUTHWEST OF SWIFT CURRENT									
OCT 11	12 28 04.(4)	49.61 N(0.18)	104.49 W(0.18)	3.1	MN=2.8(0.2)	4	11	2	F	
	SOUTHERN SASKATCHEWAN, WEST OF WEYBURN									

B. UNITED STATES EPICENTRES

MAR 21	11 24 02.( )	48.60 N( )	112.20 W( )		ML=3.3( )	5	6	2	0	
	MONTANA, EAST OF FLATHEAD LAKE PLOTTED ALSO ON WESTERN REGION MAP									
JUL 8	16 50 14.(2)	46.52 N(0.09)	100.76 W(0.07)	3.2	MN=4.0(0.1)	8	23	8	F	
ISC	16 50 14.(1)	46.68 N(0.08)	100.7 W(0.13)	3.7		24	24			
USCGS	16 50 12.	46.5 N	100.6 W	1.5	MB=4.4	7	7	4		
	NORTH DAKOTA, SOUTH OF BISMARCK. INTENSITY IV NEAR EPICENTRE. FIRST INSTRUMENTALLY-LOCATED EARTHQUAKE IN NORTH DAKOTA AND ONE OF FEW EVER FELT SEE REFERENCE - UNITED STATES EARTHQUAKES 1968, PAGE 15									



TABLE 5

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT ALE

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
JAN 30	00 57 22.	65	ML=1.3	
JAN 30	20 18 37.	125	ML=1.2	
FEB 16	20 07 07.	754	MN=2.7	
FEB 16	20 50 25.	1338	MN=3.3	POSSIBLY WESTERN GREENLAND
JUN 02	02 48 50.	301	ML=2.8	
JUN 08	21 09 30.	184	ML=1.9	
JUN 20	23 02 43.	63	ML=0.9	
JUN 21	02 02 01.	677	MN=2.7	POSSIBLY GREENLAND
JUL 08	00 11 29.	219	ML=2.5	
JUL 12	05 16 47.	801	ML=3.7	ARCTIC OCEAN
JUL 21	18 26 03.	247	ML=2.7	
AUG 10	17 36 53.	383	ML=3.1	ARCTIC OCEAN
AUG 11	01 49 57.	636	ML=3.8	
AUG 12	06 26 37.	582	MN=3.3	POSSIBLY GREENLAND
AUG 13	12 43 20.	108	ML=2.3	
SEP 08	23 12 35.	765	MN=4.4	PROBABLY GREENLAND
SEP 14	03 45 05.	1483	MN=3.4	PROBABLY GREENLAND
SEP 27	02 06 39.	1272	MN=3.8	PROBABLY EASTERN GREENLAND
SEP 30	19 55 54.	377	ML=2.7	
OCT 10	01 14 23.	1005	MN=3.2	EASTERN GREENLAND
OCT 16	23 22 35.	129	ML=2.3	NORTHERN ELLESMERE ISLAND NWT OR NW GREENLAND
OCT 28	02 50 23.	48	ML=1.1	NORTHERN ELLESMERE ISLAND NWT, SE OF ALE
DEC 30	09 50 16.	246	ML=2.0	NORTHERN ELLESMERE ISLAND NWT OR NW GREENLAND

TABLE 6

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT BLC

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
JUL 05	10 35 05.	182	ML=1.8	
AUG 10	04 24 05.	307	ML=2.1	NEAR ROES WELCOME SOUND NWT AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 10 AUG 04H11M
NOV 08	16 41 39.	409	ML=3.2	ROES WELCOME SOUND NWT FORESHOCK OF EVENT OF 10 NOV 07H

TABLE 7

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT CMC

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
FEB 24	14 08 02.	338	ML=1.7	

TABLE 8

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT FBC

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
JAN 13	00 38 07.	768	ML=3.2	PROBABLY DAVIS STRAIT
JAN 20	18 42 55.	313	ML=1.7	
JAN 23	04 24 43.	482	ML=2.5	POSSIBLY DAVIS STRAIT
JAN 31	14 27 24.	159	ML=1.1	SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND
FEB 14	07 35 38.	858	MN=2.1	PROBABLY NORTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND
FEB 14	08 04 50.	799	MN=2.1	PROBABLY NORTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND
FEB 18	03 01 38.	350	ML=1.5	
FEB 23	23 14 28.	196	ML=1.5	SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND
FEB 25	02 39 46.	201	ML=1.5	SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND
MAR 03	09 41 04.	189	ML=1.3	SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND
MAR 07	11 12 19.	150	ML=1.6	SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND
MAR 08	04 46 55.	190	ML=2.4	SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND
MAR 31	09 08 15.	201	ML=1.7	SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND
JUL 05	13 19 46.	224	ML=2.1	
JUL 06	09 43 21.	306	ML=2.3	
JUL 20	06 25 05.	306	ML=3.0	
AUG 17	02 01 35.	150	ML=2.0	SOUTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND
NOV 12	18 11 23.	277	ML=2.3	HUDSON STRAIT NWT. 660 KM FROM SCH AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 11 NOV 21H

TABLE 9

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT INK

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
SEP 27	16 03 59.	247	ML=2.5	INK OPERATED ONLY THE LAST 3 DAYS OF SEPTEMBER IN 1968

TABLE 10

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT MBC

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
JAN 31	13 51 48.	138	ML=1.3	FORESHOCK OF EVENT OF 31 JAN 13H56M26S
JAN 31	13 54 16.	125	ML=0.8	FORESHOCK OF EVENT OF 31 JAN 13H56M26S
JAN 31	13 56 45.	135	ML=1.9	AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 31 JAN 13H56M26S
FEB 1	16 19 31.	312	ML=2.1	EASTERN MELVILLE ISLAND NWT. 420 KM FROM RES
FEB 19	05 06 21.	338	ML=1.9	EASTERN MELVILLE ISLAND NWT. 370 KM FROM RES
FEB 19	14 14 25.	375	ML=2.0	EITHER LOUGHEED ISLAND (77N,106W) OR VISCOUNT MELVILLE SOUND (74N,108W) NWT. 390 KM FROM RES
FEB 20	12 21 27.	108	ML=0.9	
FEB 24	09 43 09.	133	ML=0.9	
FEB 27	01 51 57.	259	ML=1.8	
FEB 28	01 30 03.	328	ML=1.5	NEAR EASTERN MELVILLE ISLAND NWT. 400 KM FROM RES
FEB 28	03 35 06.	387	ML=2.7	EITHER NORTHWESTERN VICTORIA ISLAND OR NORTH OF BORDEN ISLAND NWT. 600 KM FROM RES
FEB 29	13 35 46.	159	ML=0.8	
MAR 02	02 35 16.	315	ML=1.8	EASTERN MELVILLE ISLAND NWT. 345 KM FROM RES
MAR 10	21 57 34.	174	ML=0.6	
MAR 20	20 49 02.	275	ML=1.2	EASTERN MELVILLE ISLAND NWT. 370 KM FROM RES
APR 21	15 06 41.	184	ML=1.5	
APR 22	06 30 10.	218	ML=1.6	
MAY 08	08 19 25.	103	ML=1.6	
MAY 09	12 55 38.	61	ML=1.8	
MAY 17	20 35 57.	113	ML=1.7	
MAY 22	08 12 43.	62	ML=1.2	
MAY 27	02 00 14.	33	ML=1.8	
JUN 10	04 22 46.	47	ML=1.6	
SEP 01	12 13 52.	20	ML=0.9	
OCT 01	19 42 44.	116	ML=1.0	
OCT 20	19 41 41.	106	ML=1.3	
DEC 20	16 18 23.	127	ML=1.2	

TABLE 11

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT RES

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
JAN 02	19 18 38.	157	ML=1.3	PROBABLY AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 2 JAN 18H
JAN 04	15 14 42.	157	ML=2.3	NORTH OF CORNWALLIS ISLAND NWT
JAN 05	12 39 03.	56	ML=0.8	AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 2 JAN 18H
JAN 06	03 55 52.	537	MN=2.1	NEAR SOUTH COAST OF CORNWALLIS ISLAND NWT
JAN 07	12 14 02.	215	ML=1.4	POSSIBLY NORTH OR SOUTH OF RES
JAN 23	17 17 12.	378	ML=2.2	
FEB 7	20 34 29.	449	ML=2.3	PROBABLY EAST OR NORTH OF RES
FEB 17	04 57 24.	680	ML=2.5	POSSIBLY EAST OF RES. NO. LG PHASE OBSERVED
FEB 18	14 12 14.	493	ML=2.3	POSSIBLY EAST OF RES
FEB 18	22 18 32.	262	ML=2.0	
FEB 19	16 16 06.	133	ML=0.3	
FEB 21	10 13 32.	133	ML=1.3	NORTHERN SOMERSET ISLAND NWT
FEB 23	11 52 41.	33	ML=1.3	AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 20 FEB 22H
FEB 23	13 25 44.	159	ML=0.4	
FEB 23	21 19 40.	186	ML=1.1	
FEB 24	15 07 53.	210	ML=0.6	
MAR 03	04 32 33.	471	ML=2.1	EITHER ELLEF RINGNES ISLAND (79N,101W) OR NORTHERN
MAR 05	00 30 16.	47	ML=1.0	VICTORIA ISLAND (73N,108W) NWT. 550 KM FROM MBC
MAR 08	17 27 35.	142	ML=1.6	EAST OR WEST OF RES
MAR 18	10 26 58.	324	ML=1.5	GULF OF BOOTHIA NWT
MAR 24	13 21 38.	295	ML=1.9	FORESHOCK OF EVENT OF 18 MAR 12H
MAR 26	21 27 29.	393	ML=2.0	WEST OF RES
MAR 31	11 29 21.	181	ML=1.1	
APR 02	20 05 36.	23	ML=1.5	
APR 04	19 24 47.	99	ML=1.2	
APR 04	20 00 02.	63	ML=1.7	
APR 09	05 26 19.	352	ML=2.4	
APR 14	20 17 04.	487	ML=2.7	
APR 21	03 21 47.	454	ML=2.6	NEAR EITHER AXEL HEIBERG ISLAND OR VICTORIA
APR 22	15 08 47.	1814	MN=3.1	ISLAND NWT. 730 KM FROM MBC
APR 23	11 12 27.	60	ML=0.5	GREENLAND. NEAR EITHER 79N,20W OR 84N,6W
MAY 18	20 15 21.	109	ML=1.7	(ALE NOT OPERATING)
MAY 24	05 04 42.	215	ML=2.3	
JUN 04	07 04 43.	181	ML=1.4	
JUN 04	21 19 24.	206	ML=2.1	
JUL 02	07 51 13.	133	ML=1.4	
JUL 03	10 30 16.	97	ML=1.7	
JUL 05	12 03 49.	265	ML=2.1	
JUL 06	12 43 31.	266	ML=2.1	POSSIBLY BATHURST ISLAND
JUL 08	21 16 09.	91	ML=1.1	
JUL 12	20 10 22.	91	ML=2.1	

TABLE 11 (CONTINUED)

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT RES

DATE 1968	H-TIME(GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
JUL 13	20 13 46.	74	ML=1.7	
JUL 14	22 04 54.	108	ML=1.3	
JUL 23	09 42 10.	601	MN=2.5	POSSIBLY NORTHERN BAFFIN ISLAND
JUL 25	18 42 34.	264	ML=2.7	EITHER ON (76N,102W) OR NEAR (75N,104W) BATHURST ISLAND. 470 KM FROM MBC
JUL 26	13 13 34.	65	ML=1.6	
AUG 04	03 20 55.	130	ML=2.4	
AUG 04	10 43 00.	211	ML=1.7	
AUG 06	16 37 35.	449	ML=3.3	POSSIBLY EAST OF RES
AUG 13	07 04 18.	87	ML=1.8	
AUG 15	11 23 16.	104	ML=2.1	
OCT 04	22 24 26.	144	ML=1.6	
OCT 11	12 29 09.	191	ML=1.5	
OCT 13	15 46 13.	58	ML=1.7	
OCT 21	16 03 46.	437	ML=2.9	POSSIBLY NORTH OF RES
OCT 30	07 19 28.	184	ML=1.3	
NOV 01	22 07 17.	74	ML=1.6	POSSIBLY SOUTH OF RES
NOV 02	02 32 20.	74	ML=1.8	POSSIBLY SOUTH OF RES
DEC 23	05 21 59.	101	ML=1.3	

TABLE 12

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT JTT

DATE 1958	H-TIME(GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
SEP 29	17 22 08.	44	ML=2.0	OTTAWA VALLEY QUEBEC, NORTHEAST OF OTT

TABLE 13

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT SFA

DATE 1958	H-TIME(GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
SEP 19	10 27 24.	28	ML=1.3	
SEP 26	04 51 46.	65	ML=1.8	POSSIBLY NEAR LA MALBAIE QUEBEC
DEC 20	20 02 12.	59	ML=1.9	LOWER ST LAWRENCE RIVER NEAR QUEBEC CITY ABOUT 240 KM FROM MNT

TABLE 14

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT MCC

DATE 1968	H-TIME(GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
JAN 01	22 49 28.	61	ML=2.4	
MAR 06	22 17 08.	45	ML=1.5	
MAR 07	06 00 58.	54	ML=1.5	
APR 10	23 51 20.	69	ML=1.9	

TABLE 15

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT SES

DATE 1958	H-TIME(GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
JUL 10	22 07 19.	182	ML=2.5	
JUL 11	10 10 26.	152	ML=2.2	

TABLE 16

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT FSJ

DATE 1958	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
JUL 30	21 06 07.	415	ML=3.6	
SEP 16	22 30 03.	428	ML=2.2	

TABLE 17

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT PNT

DATE 1958	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
JUL 23	19 07 48.	116	ML=1.6	EAST OF PNT
AUG 01	10 58 02.	44	ML=2.4	
AUG 01	11 05 45.	45	ML=2.7	

TABLE 18

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT VIC

DATE 1958	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
MAR 06	15 00 06.	102	ML=1.3	104 KM FROM ALB
APR 18	04 11 02.	26	ML=2.0	NORTHWEST OF VIC
MAY 04	20 03 22.	87	ML=2.3	129 KM FROM LONGMIRE
MAY 24	16 29 25.	59	ML=1.7	
JUN 13	08 00 00.	102	ML=1.9	NORTHWESTERN WASHINGTON, NEAR CAPE FLATTERY FORESHOCK OF EVENT OF 13 JUNE 08H09M
JUN 13	13 26 41.	61	ML=1.7	
JUN 13	20 29 14.	96	ML=2.2	
JUN 15	09 49 05.	53	ML=1.7	
JUL 17	19 48 34.	33	ML=1.6	
JUL 19	15 11 56.	62	ML=2.0	
SEP 04	19 03 20.	29	ML=1.0	
SEP 16	03 04 46.	52	ML=2.1	
SEP 24	21 33 25.	30	ML=1.3	

TABLE 19

## UNLOCATED EVENTS RECORDED AT PHC

DATE 1968	H-TIME (GMT) HR MN SEC	DELTA KM	MAGNITUDE	REMARKS
JAN 24	04 25 36.	176	ML=2.7	
FEB 01	04 05 39.	186	ML=2.6	
FEB 01	19 29 16.	209	ML=2.9	
FEB 01	22 01 03.	222	ML=2.8	
FEB 01	22 18 40.	171	ML=2.5	
FEB 04	10 39 06.	142	ML=2.5	
MAR 02	18 53 55.	189	ML=2.7	
MAR 08	03 56 36.	170	ML=2.6	
MAR 08	08 26 20.	167	ML=2.8	
MAR 14	17 33 00.	196	ML=2.5	
MAR 24	03 08 08.	171	ML=2.6	
APR 07	01 01 43.	130	ML=2.4	MOST EVENTS IN THIS TABLE WITH DELTA 160 - 230 KM PROBABLY ORIGINATED WEST OF VANCOUVER ISLAND
APR 22	23 19 18.	168	ML=2.6	
APR 23	05 46 28.	171	ML=2.6	
MAY 11	02 28 56.	187	ML=2.2	
MAY 26	23 31 07.	186	ML=2.3	
JUN 06	20 47 19.	171	ML=2.9	
JUN 09	23 24 55.	63	ML=2.0	
JUN 11	01 20 51.	225	ML=2.8	
JUN 11	08 05 33.	206	ML=2.7	
JUN 11	16 55 57.	210	ML=2.8	
JUN 18	08 04 55.	203	ML=2.8	
JUN 19	05 11 30.	200	ML=2.6	
JUN 30	10 49 04.	210	ML=2.8	
JUL 07	09 28 41.	200	ML=2.9	
JUL 08	04 46 49.	220	ML=2.1	
JUL 13	03 57 41.	207	ML=2.1	
JUL 14	18 16 26.	196	ML=2.6	
JUL 16	01 13 45.	81	ML=2.1	
AUG 01	03 35 48.	146	ML=2.7	
AUG 30	01 07 42.	179	ML=3.0	
AUG 30	05 21 22.	165	ML=2.7	
SEP 07	02 46 18.	140	ML=2.2	
SEP 08	01 41 26.	190	ML=2.3	
SEP 14	03 23 22.	176	ML=2.5	
OCT 03	04 40 08.	182	ML=2.4	
NOV 15	20 27 56.	160	ML=2.8	
NOV 16	04 39 29.	170	ML=3.3	
NOV 21	07 44 14.	160	ML=2.7	
DEC 02	12 30 09.	45	ML=2.5	
DEC 08	13 03 02.	115	ML=2.4	





