

MRL 75-18(25)

Energy, Mines and Énergie, Mines et Resources Canada Ressources Canada

CANADA CENTRE FOR MINERAL AND ENERGY TECHNOLOGY (Former Mines Branch)

DIVISIONAL REPORT MRL 75-18(LS) RAPPORT DIVISIONNAIRE

BIBLIOGRAPHY OF HYDRAULIC COAL MINING

by

A.L. Job

01-798836

March 1975

BIBLIOGRAPHY OF HYDRAULIC COAL MINING

Ъу

A.L. Job

ABSTRACT

This report lists a total of 213 references, many of which are annotated. The objective of the Report is to provide a ready reference to technical articles concerned with methods, equipment and related research in the underground hydraulic mining of coal. The coal may be broken by monitors or by small-diameter high-pressure jets. Some information concerning underground hydraulic transport of coal and hydraulic lifting (hydro-lifts) is included.

The appendix contains a very brief review of hydraulic coal mining and research in the U.S.S.R. and elsewhere, and a list of operating and projected hydraulic mines in Canada.

Mining Engineer, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa.

Key Words: hydraulic coal mining, underground mining, research, bibliographies, Canada, U.S.S.R.

i

CONTENTS

Abstract	i
Introduction	iii
Arrangement of bibliography	iii
Soviet literature	iv
Bibliography	1
General Bibliography	1
Canadian Translations (Mines Branch and	
Canadian Bureau of Translations)	25
U.S. Bureau of Mine Publications	33
Literature Surveys, Bibliographies and	
Abstracts	36
Conference and Symposiums	38
Appendices	
No. 1 Hydraulic coal mining	41
No. 2 Hydraulic coal mining research	
in the U.S.S.R	44
No. 3 Canadian hydraulic coal mining operations-	
present and proposed (table)	46
No. 4 Index to mine names and countries	47

۲___

ł

\$12.

INTRODUCTION

Arrangement of Bibliography

The bibliography is divided into the following sections: -

- 1) General
- 2) Canadian Translations
- 3) USBM Publications
- 4) Literature Surveys, Bibliographies and Abstracts
- 5) Conferences and Symposiums

While the bibliography is concerned mainly with the hydraulic mining of coal, there are included some references to hydraulic coal transport in sections 3), 4) and 5). In order to reduce the volume of material referenced, the following criteria have, in general, been adhered to:

- no information on hydraulic coal mining prior to 1959 to be included.
- no information on hydraulic pipeline transport of coal prior to 1963 to be included.

For information prior to these dates, reference should be made to the section 'Literature Surveys, Bibliographies and Abstracts'. One exception is that all Canadian translations concerning hydraulic mining have been included regardless of the date since they are not generally listed elsewhere. Many articles of a general or entirely theoretical nature contain matter of some interest, however, due to the number and the difficulty in deciding which are of more than marginal interest, these have in general been omitted. The Symposia and Conferences listed are usually more concerned with hydraulic transport than hydraulic mining, however, papers on jet-cutting are of interest and applicable to coal mining. A number of papers on 'hydro-lifts' are referenced as these are used in conjunction with hydraulic coal mining. All USBM publications are listed separately for convenience.

Soviet Literature

There are many technical articles on hydraulic coal mining from Soviet sources not listed in this bibliography, (Ugol, Ugol Ukrainy, Gorny Zhurnal (Izvuz), and the Scientific Reports of the Skochinski Institute). It is difficult to assess the value of these unless one is familiar with the Russian language. In a few cases translations are available. Books listed in the section Bibliography-General are by Pokrovskaya, 1972 (95), Smoldyrev, 1962 (112) and Vorobjev, 1966 (124). The latter is available in the English Ianguage. Books translated or partly translated are by Ignatieff, 1957 (154), Karachentsev, 1963 (158), Okhrimenko, 1973 (167) and Smoldyrev, 1957 (173); these are listed in the section, Canadian Translations. A soviet bibliography of hydraulic transport is listed at (205).

BIBLIOGRAPHY - GENERAL

 Abramov Ju G.
 1959: Establishment of the Janov hydraulic coal mine, (Russ) Ugol No 4, pp 8-12

2. Abramov Ju G.
1964: <u>Planning a hydraulic mine with separate hoisting of</u>
<u>lump anthracite and hydraulic transportation of fines to an</u>
<u>electric power plant (Russ), Ugol No 9, pp 82-85</u>
4 hydraulic mines planned. Coarse coal hoisted in skips and fines by hydraulic system</u>

3. Aksenov I.D., Pravotorov, A.F.

1972: Installation of a 5-stage air-lift (Krasnodonugal Combine) (Russ), Sakhtnoe Stroitel'stvo, Feb, pp 24-27 (Cerchar Abs^{*} 68 747)

4. Artingstall G., Moodie K.

1973: The cutting and fracturing of rocks by high-pressure water jets, Min Eng (London), July, pp 505-515, ref 148

5. Asatur G.K., Severin L.P.

1973: Experimental data on energy consumption in hydraulic mining (Russ), Gorny Zhurnal (Izvuz) No 11, pp 28-31

6. Baker J.H.

1959: <u>Mining by hydraulic jet</u>, Min Cong J, May, pp 45-6, 52 Track - mounted hydraulic jets mine gilsonite in Utah, USA

7. Balter G.D., Krivcov A.T.

1960: The hydraulic mine Samsonowskaya (Russ),

Ugol Ukrainy No 8, pp 15-19

8. Banerjee S.P.

1964: <u>Hydraulic transportation of coal</u>, J Mines Metals Fuels, Jly, ref 15

A review of application of flume transport in Saunda Colliery, India

^{*}Abstract Service of Cerchar(Centre d'Etudes et Recherchesdes Charbonnages de France, Paris) ie die

1966: <u>Trials in sump cleaning by means of an hydraulic</u> <u>elevator</u>, (Russ), Ugol No 9, pp 52-3 (Cerchar Abs 51 984)

2

10. Benedum W., Harzer H., Maurer H.

1974: The development and performance of two hydromechemical large-scale workings in the West German coal mining industry, 2nd Internat Symp on Jet-Cutting Technology, Cambridge, 1974, paper J 2

11. Borecki M., Radowicki T.

1964: <u>Hydraulic transportation of coal using feeder-system</u> of the Main Institute of Mining (English), 'Selected translations on hydraulic transport of coal', Office of Technical Services (OTS - 61-113566), U.S. Dept of Commerce, ref 63

- Bortnikov V.A., Gomsiakov A.S.
 1966: <u>Record monthly output by hydraulic mining</u> (Polysaev-skaia-Severnaia, Kuznetsk Basin) (Russ), Ugol No I, pp 12-13 (Cerchar Abs 50 051)
- Bouravlev A.I.
 1966: <u>The importance of coal losses in the gob during hydraulic</u> <u>extraction by sub-level methods</u> (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy, Mar, pp 17-19 (Cerchar Abs 50 477)
- Bowen I.G.
 1965: <u>The lock-hopper slurry pump</u>, AIME Mtng, Chicago, Feb

5. Brown A.

1961: <u>Application of hydraulics to mining</u>, Mines Br IR FMP
61/155 - MIN , 40 pages, ref 17
Comprehensive survey of hydraulic coal mining and underground
transport in the USSR, China, U.S.A. and elsewhere

^{9.} Belov A.E.

. Brown A.

1962: Pipelining of coal slurries and hydro-mechanization of mines in the United States, Mines Br IR FMP 62/65 - MIN Buch J.W. 1963: The hydraulic mining of anthracite, 10 pages, paper E6, pres to Internat Conf on Rapid Advance in Coal Mines, Liege, Belgium. Experimental mining by USBM in co-operation with coal mining company. Specialized equipment developed. Jet pressure 4700 psi, 300 gpm Buchanan R. H., Davies D., Oedjoe D. 964: A survey of the hydraulic conveying of solids, part l, Coal Gold Base Metals, p 37, July; The hydro-lift, a new method for hydraulic conveying of solids and liquids, part 2, pp 28-36, Aug. Second part describes design and performance of hydro-lift. Patent filed by Unisearch Ltd., and authors. Coal lumps to 3" lifted through 4" hoist-tube.

3

19. Chadwick R.F.

1973: <u>Continuous high-velocity jet excavation - phase II</u>, Bendix Research Labs, Oct, 33 pages Work carried out under USBM contract. Describes development of mobile, fluid-jet, rock fracturing system suitable for subsequent field testing.

20. Chironis N.P.

1972: Water-jet mining of coal - a promising technique on the way, Coal Age, March, pp 67-71,

Survey of experimental methods used in U.S.A., U.K. and U.S.S.R. The I.I.T. Research Inst, Chicago, uses pressures of 100,000 psi. The development of proto-type coal mining machines is being investigated.

21. Chironis P.

16.

17.

18.

1973: <u>Water jet mining of coal</u> (French & Dutch), Ann Mines Belge, Jan, pp 64-69 Describes research at Un of Missouri on hydraulic coal plough. Work being done under contract to USBM 淡度

22. Chu Tsung-Chi, Li Hai-Chou

1965: <u>Field tests of hydraulic hoisting systems</u> (Russ), paper presented to 4th Internat Mining Cong, London, paper D6 (for review see Mining and Mineral Engineering, p 595, Nov *65)

Centrifugal pumps on surface circulate water to hoist coal. Fuel chambers underground. Coal to 50 mm hoisted from 450 m(Cerchar Abs 52 922)

23. Clancy J.T., Goode A.

1973: <u>Underground haulage pipelines</u>, SME Mining Engineering Handbook, vol 1, pp 14/27 - 14/34 Discussion of state-of-art including hoisting

- 24. Coates D.F., Gyenge M.
 1963: <u>Hydraulic mining model studies</u>, Mines Br IR FMP 63/28 MIN
- 25. Cochrane T.S.

1972: <u>Report based on visit of coal mining study group to</u> <u>U.S.S.R. and Poland</u>, 54 pages, ref 16. Mines Br MRC IR 72/158

Group visited research institutes and mines including a hydraulic mine (Yubileinaya Mine)

26. Dahl D., McCain D.C.

1974: <u>Continuous underground slurry transport of coal</u>, Min Cong J, May, pp 30-34, 55, ref 4 (see also entry 145b) After extensive testing and development this underground mine now carries crushed coal from face to preparation plant through flexible hose over a distance of 2950'. Crushed material is fed to mobile centrifugal injection pump. Booster pump controls slurry line volume. Capability of system 400 gpm (10 ton/min coarse coal) at 50% concentration. Results considered encouraging

- 3 - 1

27. Disken J.D., Heinen C.P.

1964: <u>Hydraulic pitch mining at Vicary Creek</u>, Proceedings of Rocky Mt. Coal Mining Inst Meeting, June/July 1964, pp 63 - 5
Long-hole hydraulic mining near Coleman, Alberta. Water to cutting head at 2700 psi. Seam dips 31°, 20' - 40' thick

Ellis H.S., Redberger P.J., Bolt L.H.
 1963: <u>Transporting solids by pipelines</u>. <u>Slurries</u>: <u>basic</u>
 <u>principles and power requirements</u>, Industrial and Engineering

Chem, Aug, pp 18-26, ref 56

29. Fly A.B.

1970: <u>Sub-surface hydraulic mining through small diameter</u> <u>boreholes</u>. Proceedings of Hydrotransport 1, Coventry, U.K. Paper B 1, 8 pages (see also entry 139)

30. Frank J.N, Fogelson M.S., Chester J.W.

1972: Hydraulic mining in the U.S.A., Proceedings 1st Internat Symp on Jet-Cutting Technology, U.K., pp E4 - E45, ref 36 Review of history of jet cutting and hydraulic-mining research in the U.S.A. by government, industry, universities and institutes

31. Frolpv A.G.

1961: <u>Continuous pipeline transport of coal and stone (Russ)</u>, paper pres to Internat Conf for the Increase of Profitableness in the Mining Industry, Prague, 1961. Proceedings published 1963. See pp 603-6 (English abs on page 872)

32. Frolov V.S.

1972: <u>Test on coal-winning devices consisting of multiple</u> water jets arranged in rings (Russ), Skochinski Inst of Mines, No 101, pp 71-77

33. Gathen R von Der

1970: Preparation and use of coal mined by hydraulic methods (Germ), Gluckauf, Feb 5, pp 101-6 (Cerchar Abs 61 656)

34. Gejer V.G. et al

1968: <u>Hydraulic extraction at Pit K No. 2 with the aid of</u> <u>hydraulic elevators</u> (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy, Sept, pp 38-40 (Cerchar Abs 57 929)

35. Gejer V.G. et al

1971: <u>Hydraulic systems with high output for extraction and</u> <u>transport to surface of minerals from deep mines</u> (Russ), Ugol No 5, pp 45-9 (Cerchar Abs 66 122)

36. Gnilorybov Ya I.

1963: <u>Hydraulic coal and rock hoisting from deep-level mines</u> (Russ), Mekhaniz. Avtomatiz. Proizv., <u>17(3)</u>, pp 15-18

37. Gol'din Ju A., et al

1970: <u>Study of the disintegration of coal by means of an annular</u> <u>water-jet (Russ)</u>, Fiziko-Tekhniceskie Problemy, No 3, pp 52-8, ref 11 (Cerchar Abs 63 554) See also Soviet Mining Science, May - June 1970, pp 286-90

38. Gottwald E.G.

1966: <u>Hydro-mechanical coal mining system and hydraulic</u> transport methods; operational experience, problems and pro-<u>spects</u> (Germ), Bergfreiheit, vol 31, pp 132-41

39. Gottwald E.G.

1968: <u>Results of test operations with hydromechanical mining</u> and their planned further development (Germ), Gluckauf, Mar 28, pp 289-92, ref 4. See Canadian Bureau for Transl No 1011 Two systems are described 1) Pillars between sub-drifts mined by hydraulic monitors in retreat with caving. Coal washed and screened underground. Fines pumped to surface. 2) Chamber work using jets attached to drill rod. Three to four jets of 10-12 mm dia for drilling upward and 2 jets of 17 mm dia set at an angle for opening-up mining space. Plans are to mine Carl Funke Mine by hydraulic methods at 1500 tpd clean coal

.

40. Grant F

1973: <u>Research investigations for efficient methods of mining</u> <u>pitching coal seams: hydraulic mining</u>, Mines Br Rep MRC 73/172, 12 pp, ref 25 Discussion of essential requirements such as seam dip, water supply, seam thickness, equipment. Advantages and disadvantages over other methods

41. Grekov A.G

1966: <u>Hydraulic extraction and transport in driving of raises</u> (Russ), Chakhtnoie Stroitelstvo, Nov, pp 8-13(Cerchar Abs 52 692)

42. Grigariev V.L.

1965: <u>Extraction of pitching seams by hydraulic mining</u> (Russ), Skotchinski Inst of Mining, vol XXVIII, pp 86-91, ref 8 (Cerchar Abs 49 658)

43. Grimley A.W.T.

1972: <u>Underground hydraulic coal mining at Michel Colliery</u>, Western Miner, Nov, pp 52-53

Kaiser Resources hydraulic mining operations have proved successful and two men operating an hydraulic monitor can

produce 2,500 tons per shift. Seam dip must be more than 7° and roof and floor reasonably strong to minimize dilution. Further improvements are planned.

44. Grimley A.W.T.

1973: <u>Underground coal mining using the hydraulic method</u>, CIM Bull, Jan 1974, pp 44-47

Description of underground hydraulic mining at Kaiser Resources mine near Fernie, B.C.

45. Harnisch H.

1974: <u>Possibilities of hydraulic coal transport and hydraulic</u> <u>mining</u> (Germ). Gluckauf. Jan 10, pp 5-8, ref 10 (for abs see Coll Guard, Dec).

Lock-hopper feeder in use at Gneisenau Coll has had two years satisfactory operation, throughput 120 tph. German/Hungarian consortium formed to develop hydraulic transport

46. Harzer H.

1974: <u>Hydraulic hoisting in the mining industry of the F.R.G.</u>, paper present to Hydrotransport 3, Golden, Colorado Trials at Carl Funke and Gneissenau Mine. Former used reciprocating pumps and latter pipe-feeder

47. Hozuma S.

1968: <u>Hydraulic coal mining in Japan</u> (Germ), Gluckauf, Apr 25, pp 390-91

Coal transport from a depth of 450 metres

48. Hrabovszy O., Panyi L.

1959: <u>Hydraulic hoisting</u> (Hungarian), Banyasz Lapok, <u>14</u> (4-5), pp 217-25

49.	Hrbek	J.,	Gibian	E.

1972: <u>Possibilities of hydraulic transport in the exploitation of</u> <u>underground mines</u> (Czech), Rudy, Oct, pp 322-29, ref 8 (Cerchar Abs 71-354)

50. Ignatieff A. D., Ivanov K. I.

1957: Underground coal mining by hydraulic methods in thin & medium seams (Russ), Book pub by State Coal Mining Inst,

Moscow, ed by A. D. Panov, 325 pages. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 61/16 - MIN and also Bureau for Transl No 73561 Iscuk I.G. 51. 1972: Influence of coal structure on mechanical properties and resistance to disintegration by water jets (Russ), Skochinski Inst of Mines, No 101, pp 18-24, ref 2 (Cerchar Abs 72 284) 52. Jenkins R.W. 1965: Hydraulic mining equipment at Trelewis Drift Mine, Coll Guardian, Pts 1 and 11, Dec, pp 781-8 Description of NCB trials, using a hydraulic monitor (see also entry no 127) 53. Jolas P. 1963: Hydro-mechanical mining-existing possibilities and their application in the driving of drainage roads (Germ), Freiberger Forschungshefte, Mar, pp 71-98 54. Jones E.M. 1971: Hydraulic hoisting - equipment and layout considerations, paper presented at Colloquim "Recent developments in mine transport and related subjects", London Br of Assoc of Mining Electrical and Mech Engineers, London, Sept 24 55. Kalganov P. F. 1969: Influence of geological factors on extraction by hydraulic methods, (Russ), Ugol No 6, pp 51-2 (Cerchar Abs 59 978) Kaneko J. 56. 1971: Hydraulic mining at Mitsui Sunagawa coal mine, J of Mining and Metall Inst of Japan, 87 (1005), 18 pages Description of method using hydraulic monitors 57. Karline P.I. et al 1970: Productivity in hydraulic mining of pitching seams in the Donetz Basin (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy, Feb, pp 8-11 (Cerchar Abs 61 972)

58. Kobylecki J, Kuc S.

1967: <u>Results of hydraulic transportation in Polish mines</u> (Polish), Wiadomosci Gornicze (Katowice), No 7/8, p 195

59. Kocsanyi L.

1972: <u>High-pressure hydraulic transport of coal and other</u> mining products by means of pipe-feeders, Hydrotransport
2, paper H 4, pp 69-80

Describes Hungarian designed pipe-feeder used in Egercsehi coal-mine (Hungary) and later at Gneisenau Mine, Ruhr Coalfield, where lift is 700 metres

60. Kocsanyi L., Maurer H.

1972: Pipe-feeders for hydraulic shaft hoisting (Germ),

Gluckauf, Nov 23, pp 1136-42, ref 8

150 tph of minus 50 mm coal is mined hydraulically and pumped through 700 meters lift in W. German mine (Gneisenau). Mixture pumped is 1 coal to 3 water (by volume). Same system used at Egercsehi and Tatabanya coal mines

61. Kodentsov A. Ya., Kravtsov V.N.

1973: <u>Technology of driving development excavations by hydro-</u> mechanization in seams liable to outbursts (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy No 11, pp 17-18

62. Koriaev S.A. et al

1965: <u>Hydraulic transport using a lock feeder</u>, (Russ), Ugol No 6, pp 27-30 (Cerchar Abs 48 209)

63: Kouzmitche I.A., Ichtchouk I.G

1965: Weakening of the coal mass leads to increase in output by hydraulic methods (Russ), Ugol No 3, pp 34-6 (Cerchar Abs 47 294) 1965: <u>Planning collieries and opencast workings for high</u> <u>productivity (Russ)</u>, 4th Internat Mining Cong., London, July, paper B2, pp 327-29 (see English summary) Includes section on hydraulic mines where plans are for collieries hoisting up to 1.8 million tpa and face o.m.s. of 300 tpd

65. Kovalskij V.D.

1971: Increased output in coal extraction by hydraulic monitors (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy, June, pp 34-5 (Cerchar Abs 66 655)

66. Kritchevski I. M., et al

1964: <u>Hydraulic mining extraction methods in Colliery D-2</u> (Donbass) (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy, Nov, pp 14-17 (Cerchar Abs 48 345)

67. Krivchenko A.A., Sil'chenko P.T.

1969: <u>Hydraulic complex for mining without manning</u> (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy, Jan, pp 22-4 (Cerchar Abs 58 928)

68. Krupin N.N., et al

1974: <u>Use of hydro-mechanization for protection from outbursts</u> in seams during development operations (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy, Sept, pp 35-36

69. Krupin N.N., et al

1974: Exploitation of a coal seam by hydraulic method with simultaneous advance at three points (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy, Feb, pp 16-17 (Cerchar Abs 76 365)

70. Kupka F., Hrbek J.

1970: <u>Special problems of hydraulic transport of heterogeneous</u> materials made possible by means of feeders. Proceedings of Hydro-transport 1, pp B 5- B 41

^{64.} Kouznetsov K.K.

71. Kuzmich I.A.

1972: <u>Some relationships in coal penetration by high pressure</u> water jets, 1st Internat Symp on Jet Cutting Technology, Coventry, 1972, 8 pages Detailed description of work carried out by Skochinski Mining يت المتحق

Inst (see also entry No 88)

72. Laubscher B., Savermann H.B.

1972: <u>Performance of hydro-lift feeder</u>, paper presented to Hydrotransport 2, Sept (See also entry following)

73. Laubscher B.

1973: <u>A study of the hydro-lift feeder for introducing solids</u> <u>into a hydraulic hoisting installation</u>, National Mech Engrg Research Inst Council for Scientific and Industrial Research, Fluid Mechanics Div, CSIR Report ME 1197 (South Africa), 113 pages, ref 13

Theory of hydraulic hoisting, survey of different types of feeders and results of experimental study of the 'Hydro-lift developed in Australia. CSIR built a full scale hydro-lift feeder. Conclusion is that possiblities for practical application are excellent. Extensive tables, diagrams

74. Lezon M.

1973: Experimental panel with hydraulic coal loading and hydraulic gravity coal transport at the seam No. XI Jogta Unit, Mudidh Colliery (India), J Mines Metals and Fuels, Jly, pp 195-200

Experimental panel using drilling and blasting followed by use of hydraulic monitor at face to load coal (up to 60 tph). Coal travels in chutes to de-watering scraper conveyor. Daily output up to 720 tons per 3 shift operation 1974: <u>The Lu-Cja-To Coal Mine</u> (China), Min Mag, Jan, pp 31-32

Said to be largest deep hydraulic coal mine in world. Caving short-wall retreat method using explosives and hydraulic monitors. Coal carried in chutes to station where + lmm coal hoisted 425 m to surface, - 1 mm coal pumped to surface by slurry pumps (4000 metric tons per day). Total output (all sizes) 10,000 mtpd

76. Luk'jacenko E.S., et al

1973: Experimental assembly AGS-1 for drilling of bore-holes by hydro-monitor (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy, May, pp 34-6

77. Mathur S.P
 1962: <u>Hydraulic mining of coal in the U.S.S.R.</u>, J Mines Metals
 Fuels, May, pp 5-13

- 78. Maurer H. 1970: <u>Characteristic of water jets of small diameter and high</u> <u>initial speed</u>. <u>Their use in hydraulic coal mining</u> (Germ), University of Clausthal, PhD Thesis, 99 pages, 21 ref
- 79. Migin L. V.
 1959: Practical experience from the hydraulically operated mine No 4 (Russ), Ugol No 11, pp 25-28
- 80. Mitrofanov I.A.
 1972: <u>Mining machine MVM equipped with hydromechanical head</u> (Russ), Skochinski Inst of Mines, No 101, pp 60-6 (Cerchar Abs 74 288)
- 81. Moodie K, Taylor G.

1974: <u>A review of current work on the hydraulic cutting of rock</u> by high pressure water jets, Conf on Hydraulic Equipment for Mines, Quarries and Tunnels, London, Feb 12-13, pp 41-48, ref 8

^{75.} Lezon M.

82.	Mucnik V.S.
	1969: The future of hydraulic coal mining (Russ), Ugol No 9
	pp 13-15 (Cerchar Abs 61 319)
83.	Nasiatka T. M.
	1962: Hydraulic pitch mining - the Roslyn Project, Coal
	Age, June
84.	Nikonov G.P., Mikhaliouk P.P.
	1963: Study of the mining of coal by small diameter high
	pressure jets (Russ), Skochinski Inst of Mining, 49 pages
	(Cerchar Abs 49 573 BIS)
85.	Nikonov G.P., Mikhaliouk P.P.
	1965: Investigation of blocking-out coal by small diameter high
	pressure jets (Russ), Skochinski Inst of Mining, vol XXXI, pp
	103-9 (Cerchar Abs 50 295)
86.	Nikonov G.P., Ichtchouk I.G.
	1965: The breaking of coal by water from a monitor (Russ),
	Ugol No 1, pp 27-31 (Cerchar Abs 46 923)
87.	Nikonov G.P., et al
	1966: Study of the mining of coal and walls by small diameter
	high pressure iets (Russ), Skochinski Inst of Mining, 53 pages
	(Cerchar Abs 50 295 BIS)
88.	Nikonov G. P., Goldin Yu. A.
	1972: Coal and rock penetration by fine continuous high pressure
	water jets, 1st Internat Symp on Jet Cutting Technology, Coventry,
	1972, 16 pages
	Detailed description of work carried out by Skochinski Mining
	Inst (see also entry No 71)
89.	Oedjoe D.
	1964: <u>Hydraulic lifting of discrete solids with the hydro-lift</u> ,

Ph D Thesis, University of N.S.W., Australia

.

14

. •

- 300<u>0</u> 1 90.

Oedjoe D., Buchanan R.H.

1966: <u>The pressure drop in the hydraulic lifting of dense</u> <u>slurries of large solids with wide size distribution</u>, Trans Inst Chem Engrs, vol 44, pp T 364-70, ref 17 Concerns the hydro-lift, a feeder developed at the University of N.S.W. which enables conveyance at high solid-liquid ratios

91. Ostapenko A.F., Serechenko A.A.
1970: Experience gained in the working of hydraulic mines in the Donbass (Russ), Ugol No 11, pp 34-38 (Cerchar Abs 64 632) Review article. In 1969 hydraulic mines in Donbass Basin produced 3.7 million tons of coal

92. Palowitch E.R.

ere V

1963: <u>Hydraulic coal mining in the U.S.A.</u>, paper E5 presented to Internat Conf on Rapid Advance in Coal Mines, Liege, Belgium

- 93. Palowitch E.R., Malenka W.T.
 1964: <u>Hydraulic mining research a progress report</u>, Min Cong
 J, Sept, pp 66-73, ref 4
 Review of experimental hydraulic coal ming in various parts of
 U.S.A. by USBM, etc
- 94. Pelzer A.
 1956: <u>Hydraulic mining and the transport of coal in the Soviet</u> <u>Union</u> (Germ), Gluckauf, Oct 13, pp 345 - 8, ref 10
 95. Pokrovskaya V.N.

1972: <u>Means of measuring the efficiency of hydraulic transport</u> (Russ). Book pub by Nedra, Moscow, 160 pages General survey and analysis of present level of knowledge related to power and economic factors 96. Poundstone W.N.

1974: <u>Hydraulic transportation of coal from face to prepara-</u> <u>tion plant</u>, paper pres to 1974 SME Fall Meeting, Acapulco Describes Consolidation Coal Co's hydraulic transport system of coal through moving (and fixed) pipeline which follows behind the continuous miners

97. Prettin W.

1974: <u>Exploitation by room-and-pillar using hydraulic methods</u> <u>at Poertingsiepen Carl Funke Mine (Germ)</u>, Gluckauf, Feb 21, pp 119-21, ref 3 (see also entry 103) (Cerchar Abs 76 044)

98. Prinz D.B.

1968: <u>Hydromechanical mining of steeply pitching coal seams</u> <u>at the Robert Mueser Colliery</u> (Germ), Glueckauf, May 23, pp 459 - 67 (Cerchar Abs 56 977)

99. Raymond G.F.

1973: <u>Cost analysis: hydraulic mining</u>, Mines Br Report MRC 73/129, 13 pages

Analysis based on Kaiser Coal hydraulic mining. Seam should be at least 27' thick for profitability

100. Reed J.R., Hartman R.A., Stefanko R.

1974: <u>An evaluation of pipeline transportation of coal in mines</u>. Proc of Transporation Research Forum, 1974, pp 381 - 92, ref 22

Discussion of vertical hydraulic hoisting of coal. Comparative costs given for hydraulic and conventional hoisting. See also Hartman and Reed (1973) <u>Feasibility study of the vertical</u> <u>transport of coal by pipelines</u>, Special Research Report SR 97, 95 pages, Dept of Environmental Resources and Commerce, and Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in co-op with coal Research Section, Penn State University 101. Reynolds, R.F.N. 1970: The Jupiter pumping system, S.African Mech Engr. Mar, pp 76-9 Slurry pump system using centrifugal pumps and oil interface 102. Schmidt J. J., Limebeer G. J. N. 1965: Preliminary experience operating a 120-ton-per hour hydraulic coal transport system, S. African Mech Eng. Feb pp 135-52, ref 7 + 22 in discussion 1" coal pumped by centrifugal pumps through 9" pipes over $l\frac{1}{2}$ miles. Costs are given 103. Schwartz W. 1973: Hydromechanical mining and transport of coal, Poertingsiepen-Carl Funke Mine, Essen, FRG (Germ), Gluckauf, Oct 11, pp 1029-33, ref 12 (Cerchar Abs 74 808) 104. Seaton D. 1953: Hydraulic mining of coal, Mining Conf, School of Mines, University of Otago, N.Z., paper No 32, 19 pp Equipment and operation of two N.Z. mines described 105. Serdjuk A.N. et al 1971: High speed development of inclined workings by hydraulic methods (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy, Aug pp 25-6 (Cerchar Abs 67 178) 106. Shapovol G. T. 1962: New types of hydraulic lifts for coal (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy 6 (5), pp 7-10 Coal raised in cylinders 1 m long x 20 cm dia in closed -circuit water system 107. Sharma. S. N. 1962: Hydraulic mining in the U.S.S.R., J Mines Metals Fuels, Nov, pp 11-20, 31, ref 5

Description of methods, lay-outs, hydro-transport, feeders

W.L.

1	8
---	---

	18		
108.	Singh M.M., Labus T.J., Finlayson L.A.		
	1974: Field testing of water jets for coal breakage, 2nd Internat		
	Symp on Jet-Cutting Technology, Cambridge, 1974, ref 13		
	Experimental coal cutting in open-pit mine		
109.	Singhal R.K.		
	1970: Hydraulic hoisting of coal. Coal Mng and Processing,		
	June, pp 44-47		
	Des cribes the Hitachi Hydro-hoist where coal is hoisted 1690		
	feet vertically and 5792 feet horizontally. Particles size to		
	30 mm. Capacity 100 tph (Sunagawa and Furukawa Collieries)		
110.	Smetana N.Ja. et al		
	1970: Hydraulic mining of coal by small diameter high pressure		
	jets. Ugol Ukrainy, May, pp 27-30 (Cerchar Abs 63 038)		
111.	Smith L.G., Schriek W., Husband W.H.W.		
	1973: Pilot-plant facilities for hydraulic transport of solids,		
	CIM Bull, June, pp 120-2, ref 2		
	Describes facilities available at Saskatchewan Research Council		
	for measurement, control and study of variables governing flow		
	of slurries.		
112.	Smoldyrev A. E.		
	1962: Transportation by pipeline - the basis of calculation		
	(Russ), book pub by State Scientific Research Publ Office for		
	Literature relating to the Mining Industry, Moscow		
113.	Sochrin Z.O.		
	1959: Practical experience from the hydraulically operated mine		
	No. 4 in the Ordshonikidse Trust (Russ), Ugol No 2, pp 12-17		
114.	Stocas B.		
	1964: Hydraulic coal-mining and transport in hard coal pits		
115	(German), Bergfreiheit, vol 29, pp 256-64		
. 115.	Summers D.A.		
	Proceedings of Conf on Underground Environment,		
	of Missouri. October pp 183-193		

~

116. Suslovich Z.B.

1972: <u>The mining of flat seams by hydraulic methods</u> (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy, August, pp 9-10 (Cerchar Abs No 70 604)

117. Swain H.D.

1973: <u>The practical design of a hydraulic hoist</u>, W. Australian Conf, Australasian IMM, pp 205-14

System developed for Roan Selection Trust capable in pilot-plant stage of hoisting 7000 t of ore per month

118. Terada S.

1964: <u>Hydraulic conveying of granular solids in pipes</u>: research and applications, Hitachi Review (English), May, pp 42 - 6, ref 10

Includes description and performance of Hitachi Hydro-hoist at Furukawa Mining Co. Vertical hoist of 260 m

119. Thompson T.L., et al

1973: <u>Slurry pumps - a survey</u>. CIM Bull, Jan, pp 105-08 Includes description of the Wilson-Snyder double-acting duplex pumps used by Consolidation Coal and Black Mesa for their long-distance slurry coal line

120. Timoshenko G. M. et al

1964: Automation of technological processes during hydraulic mining (Russ), Ugol No 9, pp 37-42

- 121. Trainis N.V.
 1963: <u>Calculating the crushing of coal in pipelines</u> (Russ),
 Ugol No 9, pp 37-41
- 122. Trofimov V.P., Projavkin E.T.
 1962: Hydraulic extraction of coal in Czechoslovakia (Russ),
 Ugol Ukrainy, 6 (4), pp 38-9
- 123. Veikij I.G., Glazunov I.I
 1970: <u>High speed driving of inclines by hydraulic methods</u> (Russ), Sakhtnoe Stroitel'stvo (Moscow), Nov, pp 1-2 (Cerchar Abs 64 755)

1966: <u>Advanced coal mining</u> (English) 2 vols, Asia Publ House, London- See 'Underground hydraulic mining, ' Chapter 13, vol II, pp 770-819, ref 4

Description of USSR methods and equipment including hydro-hoists, coal pumps and hydraulic transportation

125. Watanabe Y

1967: Study of hydraulic mining in coal mines (Japan), Mining and Metallurgical Inst of Japan, <u>83(951)</u>, pp 895 - 901 (Cerchar Abs 54 888)

126. Wright A.

1959: <u>Hydraulic transport of coal</u>, Sheffield Un Mining Mag, pp
47-70, ref 12
Extensive survey of horizontal transport, feeders, existing

installations and examples of costs

127. Wright A.

1961: <u>Hydraulic mining: exploratory trials in mining coal by</u> <u>a water jet at Trelewis Drift Mine</u>, Min Eng (London), July, pp 827-42 (see also entry no 52) Trials by N. C. B. Output for shift for 2 men with monitor was 46 tons in heading drivage and 123 tnns in pillar extraction. Pressure 1200 lb/in²

128. Wussow D.

1965: Water as a means of mining and transporting coal in collieries (Germ), Gluckauf, 101, pp 316-21

129. Anon

1957: Vertical-seam mining by jet-cutting, fluming and pumping, Coal Age, Nov, pp 80-83 Refers to gilsonite mining by track-mounted jets in Utah, USA

130. Anon

1960: <u>Hydraulic transportation of coal in lumps</u> (Germ), Fordern und Heben, No 2, pp 91-4

131. Anon (NCB Production Dept)

Exploratory trials in hydraulic mining at Trelewis Drift Mine, Sept 1961, 18 pages, <u>Hydraulic transportation of coal</u> at Woodend, Sept 1961, <u>Hydraulic transportation of coal at</u> Markham Colliery, Sept 1961, <u>The coal mining industry</u> of the USSR, No 38, 1963

132. Anon

1961: <u>The Tantzsjatschjuan hydro-mine of the Kailan Coal</u> <u>Trust in China</u>, Proceedings of Internat Conf for Increase of Productivness in Mining, Prague, pp 112-16 (for Engl abs see p 831 of Proceedings)

All - 50 mm coal is hydraulically hoisted to surface through pipes of 300 mm dia. and + 50 mm coal hoisted in skips

133. Anon

1962: Hydraulic mining with rotary drill, Coal Age, Jly, pp 96,97,99

Refers to mining of gilsonite, Utah, USA. Carrier-mounted jets are no longer used. A truck-mounted rotary drill at surface drills 6" holes in seam to 600'. Regular bit replaced by special jet-head which mines from bottom of hole and up

134. Anon

1963: <u>Selected articles on hydraulic haulage and hoisting in</u> <u>mines</u>. Office of Technical Services, U.S. Dept of Commerce, OTS-63-11092 (Israel Program for Scientific Translations) Contain 7 articles translated from Russian. Refers mainly to coal mining 135. Anon

1963: Hydraulic transportation of solids, Coll Engr, Apr, pp 136 - 39. See also Mining and Minerals Engineering, Aug '67 and Coll Engr, Jan'68

The NCB Westfield open-pit mine uses lock-hopper systems to pump coal slurry waste through 3000' of 3" line at 55% solids

136. Anon

1964: <u>Hydraulic coal mining (Russ)</u>, Ugol No 9, This issue contains total of 28 articles concerned with hydraulic mining and transport in coal mines. Of these 5 concern safety and power plants. (Listed this bib Abramov, Kuz'mich, and Timoshenko only)

137. Anon

1964: <u>Hydraulic pitch mining-the Vicary Creek System</u>, Coal Age, Apr, pp 94-6, 99 (Coleman Colliery, Alberta, Diamond drilling down pitch to undercut room then attaching jet-cutting head to mine as drill column is retracted. Seam pitches about 30[°]

138. Anon

1968: <u>Hydraulic mining and transportation of coal in Japan</u> (German), Schlagen un Eisen, Mar - Apr, pp 72-3 (Cerchar Abs 56 683)

139. Anon

1969: <u>Sub-surface mining through small diameter bore-holes</u>, Mining and Mineral Engrg, Nov, pp 22-27 (see also entry 29) Experimental method which would have application to coal deposits. Combines hydraulic mining, slurry mucking and rotary drilling through 16" borehole 140. Anon

> 1971: High efficienty coal mining by hydraulic method, Japan Overseas Colliery Coal Development Co Ltd , Bull No 1, Nov

Description of method developed includes mining plan for Balmer Mine (Kaiser)

141. Anon

> 1972: Hydraulic transportation of minerals, Min Mag (London), Apr, pp 248 - 68

> Survey of existing installations. Includes discussion of hoisting pumps and table of existing and proposed lines for various minerals. Some information on costs

142. Anon

> 1973: Hydraulic coal hoisting in principal and practice, Coal Age Nov, pp 60-64.

> A Hitachi hydro-hoist lifts coal at Mitsui-Sunagawa coal mine through 515 m vertical and 2281 m horizontal. 100 tph of 30 mm coal hoisted

143. Anon

1973: New concepts and equipment take hold in mining and preparation, Coal Age, Feb, pp 94-7 Review of developments including hydraulic mining and hydraulic hoisting

144. Anon

> 1973: New miner would use water jets, Coal Age, Nov, p 28 Illinois Inst of Technology has awarded sub-contract for development of continuous mining machine using high-pressure water jets

145. Not Known

1974: Ugol No 2, p 46, <u>Calculation of coal recovery in hydrau-</u> lic mines, Ugol No 6, p 54 <u>Use of pumps to supply water to</u> faces in Kuznetsk Basin hydraulic mines

145a. Anon

1975: <u>Documentation et commentaires relatifs a l'exploitation</u> hydraulique du charbon, report prepared for EMR by Sofremines, France, 57 pages, ref 34

A general survey is made of the development of hydraulic coal mining methods in the U.S.S.R. and experimental work in U.S.A. and U.K. Japanese, German and U.S.S.R. installations are described. Past chambering methods at Vicary Creek (Alberta) mentioned. The main object of the report is to consider the applicability of the various methods described to W. Canada with particular reference to the present Kaiser hydraulic mining operations.

145b. Anon

1974: <u>Piped coal</u>, Coll Guard, Dec, pp 434-36 Describes hydraulic u/g transport system used at Robinson River Mine of Consolidated Coal (see entries 26 and 96)

CANADIAN TRANSLATIONS(Mines Branch and Canadian Bureau for Translations *)

146. Antanov V.A.

1960: <u>Economical limits for the use of water jets in rock</u> working (Russ), Ugol No 8, pg 34. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 61/6 - MIN

147. Bohme F.

1973: <u>Hydraulic transport - a survey of present installations</u> (Germ), Neue Bergbautechnik, Aug , pp 567-70, ref 21. See Canadian Bureau for Transl No 025-038 of 1973 Extensive tables list parameters for mineral slurry-lines and suction-dredge operations

148. Dobrovolski V.V. Turchaninov S.P.

1972: <u>Coal and rock breaking with high-pressure water jets-</u> <u>a fine jet unit for mining steep thick seams by cut and fill</u> <u>methods under conditions of the Kuznetsk Basin</u> (Russian), Scientific Communication No 101 of A. A. Skochinsky Mining Inst, pp 67-71. See Canadian Bureau for Transl No 061-346 of 1973

Details of equipment, productivity, labour employed, advances etc. Seam 6 m thick, 132 tph coal mined. Nozzles 3 mm dia, pressure 350 kg/cm^2

149. Fillipov A.P.

1961: <u>Hydraulic method of mining a thick gently dipping seam in</u> <u>Colliery Tomusinskaya</u> (Russ), Ugol No 5, pp 27-31. For Transl see Mines Br IR FMP 61/189 - Min. Also IR FMP 61/237 - Min

Secretary of State Department.

1971: <u>High efficiency hydraulic system of transporting and</u> <u>lifting mined bulk from pits of great depth</u> (Russ), Ugol No 5, pp 45-49. See Canadian Bureau for Transl No 0841 of 1971

Reveiw article of hydraulic lift and transport systems in U.S.S.R. coal mines. Some tests and indices given for Samsonovskaya and Krasnoarmeiskii Mines. At first-named mine, 4,000 tpd coal hoisted Hydraulically through 2,375 ft.

151. Gontov A.E. et al

1971: 4200 m of mining excavation for 31 working days with <u>K-56MG Combine</u> (Russ), Ugol No 8. Transl No not known At Baidaerskaya - Severnaya hydraulic mines, monitors and hydraulic transport used to drive headings in seam 2.4 m thick and dipping $23^{\circ} - 25^{\circ}$

152. Gottwald E.G.

1968: <u>Results of test operations with hydromechanical mining and</u> <u>their planned further development (Germ)</u>, Gluckauf Mar 28, pp 289-92, ref 4. Canadian Bureau for Transl No 1011 Two systems described (1) Pillars between sub-drifts mined by hydraulic monitor in retreat with caving. Coal washed and screened underground. Fines pumped to surface(2) Chamber work using jets attached to drill rod. 3 to 4 jets of 10-12 mm

dia for drilling upward and 2 jets 17 mm a dia set at angle for opening mining space. Plans are to mine Carl Funke Mine by hydraulic amethods at 1500 tpd clean coal

153. Gubanov G.S, Markus G.N.

1962: <u>Hydraulic mining in thin seams in the Donetz Basin</u>(Russ), Ugol no 3, pp 28-34. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 62/184 - MIN 1957: Underground coal mining by hydraulic methods in thin and medium seams (Russ). Book pub by State Coal Mng Inst, Moscow, ed by A. D. Panov. 325 pages. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 61/16 - MIN, also Bureau for Transl No 73561 · · ·

155. Ignatov N.N.

1960: Urgent problems in the development of hydraulic production of coal (Russ), Ugol No 10, pp 42. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 61/4 - MIN

156. Ignatov N.N.

1961: Future development in hydraulic coal mining, Ugol No 10, pp 15-19. Transl available

157. Kaneko, J.

1971: <u>Hydraulic mining at Mitsui Sunagawa Coal Mine</u> (Japan), Mining and Metallurgical Institute of Japan Jr , <u>87</u> (1005), pp 916-19. See Canadian Bureau for Transl No 0016 - M of 1972

Indices of performance and productivity. Seam 2.7 m thick, dip 40° - 70° . Output 1,100 tpd

158. Karachentsev V.I., Kodentsov A.Y., Burov M.Z.

1963: Hydromechanization in mines (Russ). Book publ by State Technical - Scientific Publishing House of Mining Literature (Gosgortekhizdat), Moscow. See Canadian Bureau for Transl No 025103 of 1973, 92 pages (part of book) Extensive survey of Soviet practice and equipment. Covers hydraulic mining, transport, hoisting, de-watering and processing. Also describes feeders developed in China, Poland, Czechoslovakia, U.K., U.S.A., and Holland. Some figures on production and productivity

^{154.} Ignatief A.D., Ivanov K.I.

159. Karlin P.I., et al

1965: <u>Methods for increasing labor productivity using the sub-</u> level hydraulic mining system at the Yanovsk Hydraulic Mine (Russ),Ugol No 11, pp47-52. See Canadian Bureau for Transl No 0370 of 1971 The seam (No 4 Mine) dips at 45[°] - 60[°]

160. Kochergin G.N., Semivolov V.G.
 1961: <u>Hydraulic lifting of waste rock</u> (Russ), Ugol No 7.
 For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 62/133 - MIN of 1962

161. Kretinin N.T.

1972: <u>Hydraulic mining of coal at great depth</u> (Russ), Ugol Ukrainy No 10, pp 14-15. For transl see Mines Br Admin Div Rep Info 73/6 Mining at 718 metres depth at Samsonovskaya Mine. Coal carried by water in metal troughs to air-lift for vertical hoisting to surface

162. Kuznetsov G.I.

1961: <u>Preliminary breaking of coal seams in hydrofield Donbass</u> (Russ), Ugol No 9, pp 1-5. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 62/131 - MIN Survey of projects in USSR. Data on performance, equipment and on hydraulic transportation

163. Mazurov V.A.

1961: <u>Parameters of coal-breaking in the hydro-blast method</u> of extraction (Russ), Ugol No 11. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 62/134 - MIN

164. Micknik V.S., Giani-Xani S.

1960: <u>Modifications of coal seam extraction and development</u> systems in connection with automation of hydraulic production (Russ), Ugol No 8, pp 29. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 61/5-MIN 1963: <u>Hydromechanical extraction and hydraulic transport of</u> <u>coal</u> (Germ), Gluckauf September 25, pp 1081-1100, ref.31. Trans available (68 pages)

(The Essen Hard Coal Mining Association visited Soviet mines in 1959 and 1961). This is a general survey covering mining methods, machines, applicability etc with particular reference to the USSR; all described in some detail

166. Nikonov G.P., Kuz'mich I.A. et al

1973: <u>Scientific principles of hydraulic breaking of coal</u> (Russ). Book publ by Nauka, Moscow (Academy of Sciences of the USSR, Ministry of Coal Industry, A.A. Skochinsky Mining Inst). Translation of list of contents and introduction available. Some of the principle areas covered are: use of hydraulic coalbreaking in the USSR and abroad, factors influencing breakability, practice with monitors, breaking by cutting a kerf, design of equipment, breaking by pulsating jets

167. Okhrimenko V.A., Kuprin A.I.

1966: <u>Underground hydraulic coal mining</u> (Russ). Book publ by Nedra, Moscow. Chapters 2, 6, 11, 12, translated (195 pages of transl). See Canadian Bureau for Transl No 125-104 of 1974

The chapters translated are: early development, hydraulic hoisting and transport, automation of hydraulic mining, economy and organization of recovery by hydraulic mining. Extensive treatise with many diagrams. (original pages 18-50, 184-254, 289-312)

^{165.} Maurer H.

 168. Pechuk F.M., Kulvbachinia A.N.
 1960: <u>Hydro-breaking and hydro-washing to prevent coal and gas</u> <u>outbursts</u> (Russ), Ugol No 12, pg 34. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 61/57 - MIN

 Pshenirnia I.D., Trainis V.V.
 1960: <u>Hydraulic transportation of long-flame lump coal in</u> plastically viscous coal sludge (Russ), Ugol No 7, pg 48. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 61/2 - MIN

170. Raczynski A.

1968: <u>Hydraulic coal winning in world mining</u> (Polish), Przeglad Gorniczy, Feb, pg 34-68. See Transl No 1856, Foreign Language Div, Ottawa

- 171. Shelkov A.N.
 1958: Development of coal mining and transport by hydraulic methods (Russ), Ugol No 10. For transl see Mines Br Tech Memo 135/59 - MIN
- 172. Smertiak V.G.
 1960: <u>Results of entry driving with a SH BM 1 hydraulic</u> <u>combine (Russ</u>), Ugol No 10. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 61/8 - MIN
- 173. Smoldyrev A.E.

1957: <u>Hydromechanization for underground coal mining</u>, Central Inst of Technical Information Series, Mining Research, Moscow. Transl of preface and caption to diagrams available (Ontario's Research Foundation, Dept. of Engineering and Metallurgy)

174. Spivakovak A.O.

1959: <u>Problems of designing and operating hydraulic trans-</u> portation equipment in mines (Russ),Ugol No 6, pg 4. For Transl see Mines Br Tech Memo 146/59 - MIN 197-: <u>Hydro-mechanization in the mine Lu-Tsya-To (Polish)</u>. For transl see Mines Br Admin Div Rep Info 73/8, (9pages) Designed by Polish experts in co-operation with Chinese, this mine started up in 1968. Mining by monitors. 35% of coal (-1 mm) transported hydraulically through underground workings to shaft where sump-pump lifts through 425 metres. Coarse material hoisted by skip

176. Tkachenko A.G.

1960: Some problems of hydraulic coal mining (Russ), Ugol No6, pg 45. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 61/1 - MIN

177. Vasiliev T.D, et al

1961: Experiments in applying hydraulicking as a method of leaving waste in the mine (Russ), Ugol No 5, pp 31-33. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 61/190 - MIN

178. Zurzha M.

1960: <u>Hydraulic lifting of rocks in Yuzhnaya Colliery</u> (Russ), Ugol No 6, pg 25. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 61/3-MIN Experimental project using feeder system with capacity of 54 tph. Vertical lift 150 metres

179. Zviagin P.L.

1962: The economic efficiency of hydrofied underground coal production (Russ), Ugol No 1. For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 62/130 - MIN

180. Anon,

1962: <u>Hydraulic breaking of strong coals in the Kizelovsk Basin</u> (Russ). For transl see Mines Br IR FMP 62/92-MIN

181. Anon,

1962: <u>Scan translation of 5 articles on hydraulic mining, dust</u> <u>control and rock destruction (Russ)</u>, Ugol Nos 4, 6, 7. Mines Br Transl of 1962 182. Anon

1970: <u>Hydraulic mine Baidaerskaya - Severnaya</u> (Russ). Transl by Mining Information Centre, Mines Br.

Description of mine and technical data 1966 to 1970 (Mine now known as Yubileinaya. For further information see Ugol No 7, 1970 and entry 151)

U.S. BUREAU OF MINES PUBLICATIONS

183. Boyd W.T.

1959: <u>Mining and transporting coal underground by hydraulic</u> <u>methods: a literature survey</u>, IC 7887, 33 pages, ref 28. Refs include a number on hydraulic mining from Soviet sources. Discussions refer mainly to USSR & New Zealand

184. Buch. J.W.

1965: <u>Hydraulic mining of anthracite; Engineering development</u> <u>studies</u>, RI 6610, 24 pages Full scale tests in mine

185. Dierks H.A., Link H.B. 1964: <u>Developing a lock-hopper for hydraulic hoisting of coal</u>, RI 6347, 27 pages, ref 17 Also includes discussion of principles of hydraulic hoisting and settling velocities of solids

186. Dougherty R.W.

1951: <u>A survey of the hydraulic transportation of coal</u>, RI 4799, 22 pp, 33 abst + 11 ref.

Capital and operating cost estimates, friction losses

187. Faddick R.R.

1972: <u>A mineral slurry data bank (part 1)</u>, USBM Open File Report OFR 2(1) - 73, 115 pages

Data on slurry pipelining for 16 materials including coal. Purpose of bank is to aid in development of head-loss equations for mineral slurries.

188. Fowkes R.S., Wallace J.J.

1968: Hydraulic coal mining research. Assessment of parameters affecting the cutting rate of bituminous coal, RI 7090, 23 pages, ref 8

189. Fowkes R.S., Wancheck G.A.

1969: Materials handling research: hydraulic transportation of

coarse solids, RI 7283, 36 pages, ref 44 + 4

Study of transport of coal and other materials through lock-hoppers 190. Huff W.R., Holden J.H., Phillips J.A.

1965: Flow properties of powdered coal-water slurries, RI 6705, 15 pages, ref 7

191. Lammers G.C., Allen R.R., Donaven D.J., Wagner E.O., Perry V.F.
1958: <u>A study of the feasibility of hydraulic transport of a Texas</u>
<u>lignite</u>, RI 5404, 39 pages, ref 112
Results of pipeline tests to study feasibility of transporting fine
coal for 100 miles. Includes degradation studies

192. Malenka W.T.

1968: <u>Hydraulic mining of anthracite</u>. <u>Analyses of operating</u> <u>variables</u>. RI 7120 19 pages, ref 8 Significant factors pressure-volume, pattern and jet traverse speed. Data programmed for computer and prediction-equation determined

- 193. Nasiatka T. M., Badda F.
 1963: <u>Hydraulic coal mining research tests in a steeply pitching</u> coalbed, Roslyn, Wash. RI 6276, 16 pages
- 194. Pipilen A.P., Weintraub M., Orning A.A.
 1966: <u>Hydraulic transport of coal</u>, RI 7643, 31 pages, ref 4
 Study of factors affecting transport through centrifugal pumps and pipeline. Includes degradation studies
- 195. Price G.C., Badda F.

1965: Hydraulic coal mining research. Development mining in a steeply pitching coalbed, Roslyn, Wash, RI 6685, 16 pages Monitor mounted on self-advancing roof support developed for use in steep seam (42° pitch, 64" thick)

- 196. Singh M. M., Labus T. J., Finlayson L.A. 1974: <u>Coal mining using high pressure with jets</u>, USBM Open File Report 43-74, 88 pages Primarily tests to determine dust and noise health-hazard associated with jet mining at 50, 000 to 100, 000 psi
- 197. Wallace J.J., Price G.C., Ackerman M.J.
 1961: <u>Hydraulic coal mining research: equipment and preliminary</u> <u>tests</u>, RI 5915, 25 pp, ref 3
 198. Willmot L.F., Huff W.R., Crocke⁺ W.E.
- 1963: Aqueous slurries of coal and granular materials: abibliography.IC 8165, 88 pages, 349 absMany refs to coal transport

LITERATURE SURVEYS, BIBLIOGRAPHIES & ABSTRACTS

199. Bain A.G., Bonnington S.T.

1970: <u>The hydraulic transport of solids by pipelines</u>, Pergamon Press, 251 pages

Transport, pumps, slurry preparation, pipes and pipelines, installation, design, economics, operation. Each chapter has list of refs

200. The Colorado School of Mines Research Foundation Inc

1963: The transportation of solids in steel pipelines, 125 pages,253 ref including coal transportation

201. Hasrajani S.U.

1966 (revised): <u>A bibliography of the flow of liquid-solid mixtures</u> with particular reference to the hydraulic transport of solid <u>materials in pipes</u>, Part 1, 261 annotated refs. Part 2 (G. M. Barratt - 1966) 229 annotated refs. Pub by British Hydromechanics Research Association

202. Job A.L.

1969: <u>Transport of solids in pipelines</u>, with special reference to mineral ores, concentrates and unconsolidated deposits, Mines Br., I.C. 230, 96 pages, ref 383 A literature survey which includes vertical and horizontal transport of coal

203. Lancaster F.H.

1964: <u>Hydraulic hoisting of coal and ores: a preliminary survey</u> of the literature. Research Report 53/64 of Transvaal and Orange Free State Chamber of Mines, South Africa, 26 pages, ref 43

204. Murphy G.W., Mitchell W., Young D.F.

1952: <u>Mechanical characteristics of slurries</u>, U.S. AEC, Ames Lab, ISC - 237, June 25, ref 260 205. Nikonov G.P.

1966: <u>A short bibliography of Soviet literature on hydraulic</u> transport (Russian), A.A. Skochinsky Inst of Mining, Moscow, 611 refs

206. Richardson C.A., Thornton W.A.

1973: Jet cutting technology - a bibliography, 75 pages, British Hydromechanics Research Association.

Has section for'Mining Applications'

207. Round G.F.

1969: <u>Solid-liquid flow abstracts</u>, Gordon and Breach, N.Y., 3 vols, 1046 pages, 2813 refs

Coverage up to 1965. Journal index, author index and subject index. Includes limited ref to hydraulic coal mining and hoisting.

208. Thornton, W.A.

1970: <u>The transport of solids in pipes - a bibliography</u>, 137 pages, 1030 annotated refs: <u>British Hydromechanics Research Association</u> Includes refs to hydraulic hoisting of coal and feeders

209. Zandi I. (ed)

1971: Advances in solid-liquid flow in pipes and its application, Pergamon Press, 298 pages (Proc of Symp held at Un of Penn, Mar 1968). See also pp 1-34 same vol, 'Hydraulic transport of bulky materials by Zandi,' ref 166

210. Willmot L.F., Huff W.R., Crocket W.E. 1963: See entry No. 198(USBM IC 8165)

211. Solid-liquid flow abstracts, pub by British Hydromechanics Research Assoc. Fluid Engineering, Cranfield, U.K. 4 issues p.a.

CONFERENCES AND SYMPOSIUMS

Annual Canadian Conferences on .Coal: -

- 22nd Vancouver, B.C., Sept. 29-Oct 2, 1970
- 23rd Ottawa, Ontario, Sept 19-22, 1971

24th Edmonton, Alberta, Sept 19-22, 1972

25th Victoria, B.C., Sept 17-18, 1973

26th Calgary, Alberta, Sept 10-13, 1974

"International Coal Research Conferences"

Washington, D.C., October 1973 (1st) London, U.K., October 1974 (2nd)

"International Conference on the Hydraulic Transport of Solids in Pipes",

spons by The British Hydromechanics Research Assoc

Hydrotransport l	Coventry, U.K., 1-4 Sept 1970
Hydrotransport 2	Coventry, U.K., 20-22 Sept 1972
Hydrotransport 3	Golden, Colorado, 15-17 May 1974

"<u>Symposium on Pipeline Transport of Solids</u>", Toronto, November 10, 1969. Sponsored by the Canadian Society for Chemical Engrg. Proc in 2 vols, 154 pages

"Symposium on Pipeline Transportation of Slurries", Ann Meeting, Soc of Mng Engrs, Washington, D.C., February 16-20, 1969

- "International Symposium on Solid-Liquid Flow in Pipes and Its Application to Solid Waste Removal and Collection", sponsored by University of Pennsylvania and Am Soc Civil Engineers, Philadelphia, Pa, March 4-6, 1968. Proceedings publ as "Advances in Solid-Liquid Flow in Pipelines and its Application", by Pergamon Pub Co, N.Y. 1971 (Ed. I. Zandi), 298 pages
- "<u>Colloquium on the Hydraulic Transport of Coal</u>", held by the National Coal Board in London, England, November 5-6, 1952. Published as proceedings, 1953

"Symposium on Hydraulic Transport of Coal Underground and at the

Surface", Katowice, Poland, 1966. UN Economic Commission for Europe, Coal Committee

"International (World) Mining Congress and Exhibition"

Ist	Warsaw, 1958	Vth	Moscow, 1967
IInd	Prague, 1961	VIth	Madrid, June 1-7, 1970
Πrd	Salzburg, 1963	VIIth	Bucharest, Sept 4-9, 1972
IVth	London, 1965	VIIIth	Lima, Nov 3-8, 1974
		IXth	Dusseldorf, May 22-29, 1976

"International Mining Congress"

3rd Nice, France, Sept 17-23, 1973

Proc of "<u>Mining and Quarrying Conference</u>", School of Mines and Metallurgy, Otago Un, New Zealand, 1956 Includes papers on hydraulic mining

"Transportation Research Forum", Annual Meetings:-

American (15th) San Francisco, October 1974

Canadian (10th) Quebec City, May 1974

Canadian (9th) Calgary, April 1973

Canadian (8th) Halifax, May 1972

Proc are published jointly (U.S. and Canadian)

"International Symposium on Transport and Handling of Minerals"

1st Vancouver, B.C., Oct 20-23, 1971 (Proc 25 papers, pub 1972)
 2nd Rotterdam, Holland, Oct 1-5, 1973 (Proc 22 papers, pub 1974)

"International Symposium on Jet-Cutting Technology"

lst Un of Warwick, U.K., Apr 5-7, 1972

2nd Un of Cambridge, U.K., Apr 2-4 1974

"Symposium on Transportation", Sydney Branch of Australasian I. M. M.,

Sydney, October 11-12, 1973

"Colloquium on Transport", London Nov-Dec, 1973. Institute of Mng Engrs, U.K. (10 papers)

International Conference "Hoisting men and materials", South African Inst of Mech Engineers, Marshalltown, October 17-22, 1973

"Symposium on Modern Developments in the Transportation Solids", sponsored by the South African Inst of Mech Engineers, Johannesburg, Box 5907, Johannesburg, S.Afr., November 19-21, 1969. See S Afr Mech Engr, Mar 1970, pp 51-143, 15 papers

"Colloquium: <u>Mines Transport Symposium</u>", London, Sept 24, 1971. London Br of Mng Electrical and Mech Engrs (see Mng Jr, May 28, 1971, pg 429)

APPENDIX NO. 1

Hydraulic coal mining

The Soviet Union has developed underground hydraulic coal mining to a greater degree than any other country. In 1972 (latest available figures) the USSR mined 10.3 million tons of raw coal by hydraulic methods or $l\frac{1}{2}\%$ of her total production. This came from 9 hydraulic mines and 5 hydraulic sections of conventional mines.* The Ministry of Coal Industry has 1700 persons engaged in hydraulic mining research and development.

The Soviet Union have developed and/or tried many methods of hydraulic mining. Perhaps the best modern source of information is the book by Nikonov et al dated 1973 (166). There is, however, no known full translation of this extensive work. Other Soviet books of interest are those by Vorobjev and Deshmukh (124), Karachentsev et al (158), Okhrimenko and Kuprin (167), Smoldyrev (173), and Ignatieff and Ivanov (154). The reference Maurer (165) is also of interest.

As an example of Soviet hydraulic mining, the Yubileinaya Mine may be mentioned. This was visited by the Canadian Study Group in 1972 (25). This mine is one of four hydraulic mines operated by a Kombinat in the Kuznetsk Basin (Eastern Region of the USSR). The section visited reached a depth of some 200 metres; seams averaged about 1.8 m thick and inclination was 8° to 15°. A pillar retreat system with caving is used. Development headings are driven by a mechanical combine and pillars extracted by hydro-monitors working at pressures of 850-1750 psi. 1200 tons per day are won from the section noted. Production of the whole mine is 10,000 tpd. and 1,100 persons are employed underground.

Japan has a well developed technology in hydraulic coal mining but the tonnage mined is not known. The Balmer coal mine of Kaiser Resources

* Mining Congress Journal, Oct 74, 'Soviet coal through 1980'

Ltd. in British Columbia, Canada, is using Japanese assistance and techniques to develop their experimental hydraulic mine (43, 44, 140). This mine is believed to be producing at the rate of 800, 000 tons raw coal per annum (equivalent to 500, 000 tons clean coal). An interesting development has been the signing of an agreement in 1974 between v/o Licensintorg on behalf of the Soviet Ministry of the Coal Industry, Mitsui Mining Co. Ltd. (Japan) and Kaiser Resources Ltd. for combining and marketing hydraulic coal mining technology.

Poland, Czechoslovakia, France and some other European countries have some experience of hydraulic coal mining. A hydraulic mine in the People's Republic of China was set up with Polish aid (22, 75, 132, 175). The USBM (U.S.A.) carried out quite extensive underground tests from 1961 to 1969 but no commercial hydraulic operations have been established other than the gilsonite mining operation in Utah. (133, 183, 184, 186, 188, 192, 193, 195) The U.K. carried out underground tests in 1959 and 1960 but here again no commercial operations have been established (52, 127). West Germany have had very successful results from their experimental (full scale) hydraulic mine Carl Funke (39, 46, 97, 103, 152). New Zealand has a long history of small-scale hydraulic operations for winning coal (104).

The earliest known operation in Canada was at the Vicary Creek Colliery, Alberta, of Coleman Collieries Ltd., during 1962 (27, 137). The seam here dips at 30° and the method used was to drill a series of long sixinch holes in the seam in the direction of the dip. After completion of a hole and break-through into the under-cutting room, the drill bit was replaced by a high-pressure jet-cutting head (2800 psi) and mining commenced as the drill rod was slowly withdrawn. The system appeared to have had a successful trial but it is believed that there was difficulty in maintaining the initial bore-hole in the seam. West Germany has subsequently carried out successful experimental in-seam drilling in connection with somewhat similar mining methods.

Present operations at Balmer use a different system. (43, 44, 99, 137) Here hydraulic monitors at 2,000 psi are used in a retreat system, the broken coal being carried out of the mine in metal flumes. The seam dips 30° to 60° and averages 16-17 metres in thickness. Recovery is 60-70% of coal in each panel mined.

The system adopted at the Balmer Mine will probably be used in a new mine to be developed by Fording Coal Ltd. at Elkford, B.C. Manalta Coal plan to use a system somewhat similar to that used at Vicary Creek, Alberta.

A number of references to hydro-hoists are included (18, 72, 73, 89, 90, 109, 117, 118, 142). These systems have considerable promise in the hoisting of mineral ores and coal and in conjunction with hydraulic mining. A system first developed in Australia, the Hydro-lift feeder, is now being further developed in S. Africa. The Japanese have a successful hydro-hoist (Hitachi-hydro-hoist) operating at Yoshima Mine and Sunagawa Colliery. Probably the most extensive survey of hydro-lifts is that by Laubscher (73).

Canadian Research

The National Research Council of Canada have carried out research into high-pressure jets (up to 45,000 p.s.i.) for rock cutting. Their present efforts are concentrated on a slot-cutting machine working at pressures up to 20,000 psi.

APPENDIX NO. 2

Hydraulic Coal Mining Research in the U.S.S.R.

The main institute is known as VNIIGidrougol' situated in the Kuznetsk Basin area. T.S. Cochrane (25) describes this Research Institute as follows:-

> The activities of the Institute are geared to provide basic data and guidance for hydraulic mining. This Institute co-ordinates the work of a second hydraulic institute in the Ukraine. The main areas of study include hydraulic cutting, hydraulic transport, hydrodynamics of rock/coal/water mixtures, erosion and corrosion resistance and hydraulic mine design. Points of interest were:

- hydromechanical development machine using 140 atm monitor in conjunction with mechanical picks to drive in rock and coal;
- hydraulic monitors with 22 mm nozzles and pressure of 120 atm to mine shortwall faces on retreat;
- the remote control monitor mounted on crawlers to increase the width of pillar extracted and increase the recovery of coal by reducing the size of barrier pillars between extraction faces;
- the development of mine layouts to extract coal of varying thickness, inclination and hardness using field development and induced ground pressures to condition coal and increase workability;
- the development of an automatic control device which responds to changes in solid content in rise pipe and automatically adjusts the suction pipe located in hydraulic shaft haulage.

The A.A.Skochinsky Institute of Mining, Moscow, carries out research into all aspects of mining. Research concerned with hydraulic coal mining is described by Cochrane as follows:

The design of hydro-mechanical heading equipment. These units

are required for rapid development necessary in retreat or 'blocking out' systems. The units presently on the drawing board or in the prototype stage combine high pressure water jets and mechanical cutting action for breaking purposes. The advantages are in the high power/weight ratio of the compact units allowing greater flexibility, reduced cross-sections, and apparently greater potential for remote control. The water jet reduces gas and dust at source, a particular advantage, considering current stringent health and safety requirements. The hydro breaking also keeps pace with recent developments in level and vertical hydraulic transport and the trend towards a package hydraulic system.

Other Soviet research centres are:

- The Ukrainian Research Institute of Hydraulic Coal Mining (UkrNIIGidrougol')
- (2) Donets Research Institute for Coal (DonUGI).

APPENDIX NO. 3

Situation Remarks Mine Company Hydraulic monitor operation. Operating at South Balmer Sparwood, B.C. Kaiser Resources Ltd. rate of about 3/4 million tons of raw coal Mine per annum (15% of company's total production) Kaiser Resources Ltd. Hosmer-Wheeler Near Sparwood, Feasibility study being completed. Start Mitsui Mining Co. 1978 or 1979 at 1 1/2 - 2 m.t.p.a. Deposit B. C. Mitsubishi Corp. Babcock Deposit Development schedule to be discussed. Denison Mines Ltd. 75 mi. S. of Mitsui Mining Co. (Quintette area) Proposed mining rate 3,000,000 t.p.a. Chetwynd, B.C. Tokyo Boeki Co. of which 60% by hydraulic methods. Fording Coal Ltd. Eagle Mt. No. 14 38 mi. N. of Considering use of Kaiser System. U/G (Cominco Ltd. and Sparwood, near testing of system required. Production Seam C. P. Investments) Elkford, B.C. possible in 3-4 years time. Manalta Coal Ltd. Gregg River 3 miles West Considering use of chambering method. (division of Mannix Awaiting Provincial development permit of Luscar, Co. Limited) before further development. Alberta Bralorne Resources Savanna Creek North of Coleman. Two steeply dipping seams mineable by S. W. Alberta hydraulic methods. Exploration and assessment proceeding.

CANADIAN HYDRAULIC COAL MINING OPERATIONS - PRESENT AND PROPOSED

λ

APPENDIX NO. 4

Index to Mine Names and Countries

Carle Funke and Gneisenau Mines (W. Germany) 39, 45, 46, 59, 60, 97, 103, 145a, 152 Colliery D2 (Donbass, USSR) 66, 165 Devillaine Mine(France) 145a, 165 Furukawa Mine (Japan) 109, 118 Gilsonite Mine (Utah, USA) 6, 129, 133, 165 Janov Mine (Donetz Basin, USSR) 1, 165 Pit K. No. 2 (Ukraine?, USSR) 34 Krasnodonugal Combine (Donetz Basin, USSR) 3, 165 Krasnoarmeiskii Mine (Armenia, USSR) 145a, 150 Michel Mine (B.C., Canada) 43, 44, 99, 137, 140, 145a Ordshonikidse Trust, No. 4 (USSR) 113, 165 Robert Mueser Mine (W. Germany) 98 Robinson Run Mine (Consolidation Coal, U.S.A.) 26, 96, 145 b Samsonowskaya Mine (USSR) 7, 150, 161 Sunagawa Mine (Japan) 56, 109, 142, 157

Tomusinskaya Mine (USSR) 149 Troika Mine (Czechoslovakia) 165 Vicary Creek Mine (Alberta, Canada) 27, 137, 145a Yubileinaya Mine (formerly Baidaerskaya-Severnaya) (Kuznetsk Basin, USSR) 12, 25, 145a, 151, 165, 182 Yanovsk Mine (USSR) 159 Yuzhanaya Mine (USSR) 178 Note: index not necessarily complete, especially for Russian language entries. Australia 117 Canada 25, 27, 40, 43, 44, 99, 111, 137 Czechoslovakia 122, 165 China22, 75, 132, 175 France 145a, 165 Germany, West 10, 33, 38, 39, 45, 46, 53, 59, 60, 97, 98, 103, 114, 128, 130, 145a, 152, 165 India 8, 74 Japan 47, 56, 109 118, 125, 138, 140, 142, 145a, 157, 165 New Zealand 104

48

1. .

+.

 \mathbf{P} oland

۴.

11, 25, 58, 165

÷

South Africa

101, 102

U. K.

52, 127, 131, 135, 145a, 165

U.S.A.

16, 17, 19, 21, 26, 30, 83, 92, 93, 96, 100, 115, 144, 145b, 165

U.S.S.R.

not listed

v

.