

December 1, 1945.

REPORT

of the

ORE DRESSING AND METALLURGICAL LABORATORIES.

Investigation No. 1965.

Interim Report on the Concentration of Barytes from Canadian Industrial Minerals Limited, Walton, N.S.

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Note:

This report relates essentially to the samples as received. It shall not, in part or in full, be printed, circularized or broadcast, nor used or published in connection with the advertisement or sale of any product commodity, process or stock, without the written consent of the Director of the Mines and Geology Branch, Department of Mines and Resources, Ottawa.

(Copy No. .)

Bureau of Mines Division of Metallic Minerals

Physical Metallurgy Research Laboratories CANADA DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND RESOURCES MINES and Geology Branch

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Shipment:

A shipment of two bags, total weight approximately 335 pounds, of barytes ore was received at these Laboratories on October 5, 1945, having been submitted by Canadian Industrial Minerals Limited, Walton, Nova Scotia. In an accompanying letter, Mr. A. D. Dickson, manager of the Company, stated that the sample had been cut from the discharge pipe from their No. 2 screen (10 or 12 mesh), settled in a 45-gallon drum, decanted, and dried. He requested that concentration tests be made on the sample in an effort to produce a final barytes concentrate analysing 94 per cent BaSO₄ (minimum) and 2 per cent SiO₂ (maximum).

Test Work:

Washing tests and sized tabling tests were made on the ore, the latter method resulting in a high-grade barite concentrate being obtained. This concentrate analysed 95 per cent to 96 per cent BaS04 and less than 1 per cent Si02.

An analysis of the head sample cut from the shipment as received is shown in Table I. Table II shows the results of a screen test on a portion of the head sample.

TABLE	I.	-	Head	Sample	Analysis.
	-			Per	gent
SO4(as	Bas	504) -	92.	05
S102			-	. 1.	96
Fe203			-	1.	.66
A1203			-	0	,78
MnO			-	• 0.	24

TABLE II. - Screen Analysis on Head Sample.

		and the second se		5.0		
:	We	ight	: As:	says,	:Distri	bution,
Mesh :	Per	: Cumulativ	e: per o	cent	: per	cent
:	cent	: per cent				
0	All and constrained by the second set of the second set of the second	and: Allinge Press in States in South 2 and South 2 and 19 and	ange an onge and a state parts - a	Steam (Personalities and	lponanthantonitry tentions, et
+4:	0.5	0.5	92.60	1,35	0.5	0.3
-4 +6:	1.2	1.7	92,52	1.30	1.2	0.7
-6 +8:	2.6	4.3	93.70	1.03	2.7	1.2
-8 +10:	9,8	14.1	94.78	1.04	10.3	4.7
-10 +14:	15.6	29.7	93.48	1.09	16.1	7.8
-14 +20:	12.0	41.7	92.00		12.2	7.6
-20 +28:	12.2	53.9	91.78		12.4	
-28 +35:	10.8	64.7	88,56	-	10.6	7.0
-35 +48:	7.7	72.4	88.58	2.05		7.3
-48 +65:		78.2	88.00			5.4
-65+100:	3.9	82.1	88.04	2.33	3.8	4.2
-100+150:	4.4	86.5	85.52	4.87	4.2	9.9
-150+200:	3.1	89.6	86.52			8.4
-200 :		100.0	86.06		9.9	27.8
Fotals :	100.0	100.0	90.44	2.17	100.0	100.0

Following the above screen analysis the shipment sample was divided into two parts by dry screening on a 14-mesh screen. Washing and sized tabling tests were then made on the -14 mesh portion of the sample.

The most satisfactory test was Test No. 6, detailed below:

(Continued on next page)

(Test Work, cont'd) -

The -14 mesh ore was fed at approximately 30 pounds per hour to a two-spigot, Richards type sizer, the sizer overflow passing to an Allen type cone. This resulted in three spigot products and a cone overflow being obtained. The three spigot products were each tabled on a laboratory-sized wilfley concentrating table. The results of this test work are shown in Tables IV and V. Table III shows the results of screen tests on the various spigot products and the cone overflow. Table VI summarizes the results obtained.

	NO. 1	Charles of the Real Property of the Annual Property in the Property of the Pro	NO. 2	SPIGOT	2 ABARDAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	the second of the second	I shall wanted and an and the state	VERFLO
Mesh	Wt. %	sCum. %	Wt. %	sCum. %	WE. %	sCum. %	Wtio %	scum. %
							1.5	
+20	10.2	10.2	0.5	0.5				
-20 +28	38.4	48.6	3.5	4.0				
-28 +35	33.2	81.8	10.6	14.6				
-35 +48	13.7	95.5	16.8	31.4			-	
-48 +65	1.7	97.2	18.4	47.8				
-65+100	1.6	98.8	20.6	68.4			4	
100+150	0.1	98.9	15.6	84.0	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3
150+200	0.1	99.0	10.5	94.5	6.8	7.0	0.6	0.9
-200	1.0	100.0	5.5	100.0	93.0	100.0	99.1	100.0
otal	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

TABLE III. - Screen Teste.

TABLE IV. - Spigot Products.

Product	i per		: BaSO4, : feed per cents	
No. 1 spiget		33.3	95.32	0.64
No. 2 spigot	:	44.5	89.14	2.42
Cone conc.	:	13.0	85.14	
Cone overflow	:	9.2	77.66	*
Total	:	100.0		

TABLE V. - Spigot Products, Tabled.

							CONE	CONE CONCENTRATE			
	NO.	1 SPI	Statement of the statem	PRODUCT	NO.	2 8	PIGOT	And a state of the		Fable	:Table
**************************************	Tabl	e con		fable tailing	Tab	1.8 0		Table tailing	Table:	and tailing	slime stailing
Weight,	2										
per cent Bas04,	1	96.8		3.2	1	68,	,1	31.9	45.9	28.1	26.0
per cent SiO2,		97.36		69.60		96.	,30	65.20	96.58	76.38	82.60
per cent		0.52	1			0.	.70		0.70		

(Test Work, cont'd) -

	the state of the s	Assays,	
Product	: per :	per cent	: of Bas04,
	cont :	Baso4: Si	02 : per cent
+14 mesh	29.7	93.87 1.	08 30,8
	-		•
-14 mesh	: 70.3		69.2
No. 1 Spigot - table conc.	: 22.6	97.36 0,	52 24.3
tailing	. 0.8	69.60	0.6
No. 2 Spigot - table conc.	: 21.3	96.30 0.	70 22.7
- table tailing	: 10.0	65.20	7.2
Cone conc table conc. - table sand		96,58 0.	70 4.5
tailing	: 2.6	76.38	2.2
- table slime tailing	2.3	82.60	2,1
Cone overflow	: 6,5	77.66	5.6
Calculated feed	: 100.0	90.46	100.0

TABLE VI. - Summary of Results."

Calculated from Tables II to V.

Conclusions and Recommendations:

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The sample as submitted was concentrated to give a barytes concentrate analysing

BaSO₄ - 95.70 per cent, SiO₂ - 0.80 per cent.

The barite recovery was 82.3 per cent.

From the above data it will be noted that no test work was undertaken on the +14 mesh material other than removing it from the sample by dry screening.

Table IV shows that the barytes concentrate obtained from the No. 1 Spigot of the sizer is satisfactory as to grade of barite and silica.

It would appear possible to obtain even better results on tabling both the No. 2 Spigot product and the cone concentrate if sufficient material were available to cut a middling product from the table for recirculation. This would allow a smaller quantity to be cut from the table as a tailing and in all probability increase the grade of the table concentrates - Page 5 -

(Conclusions and Recommendations, contid) -

and the overall recovery of barite.

If a further shipment, of 500 to 1000 pounds, of the ore is submitted we will carry out this plan, using a quarterdeck concentrating table with circulation of middling products. A final report will be submitted following this work.

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