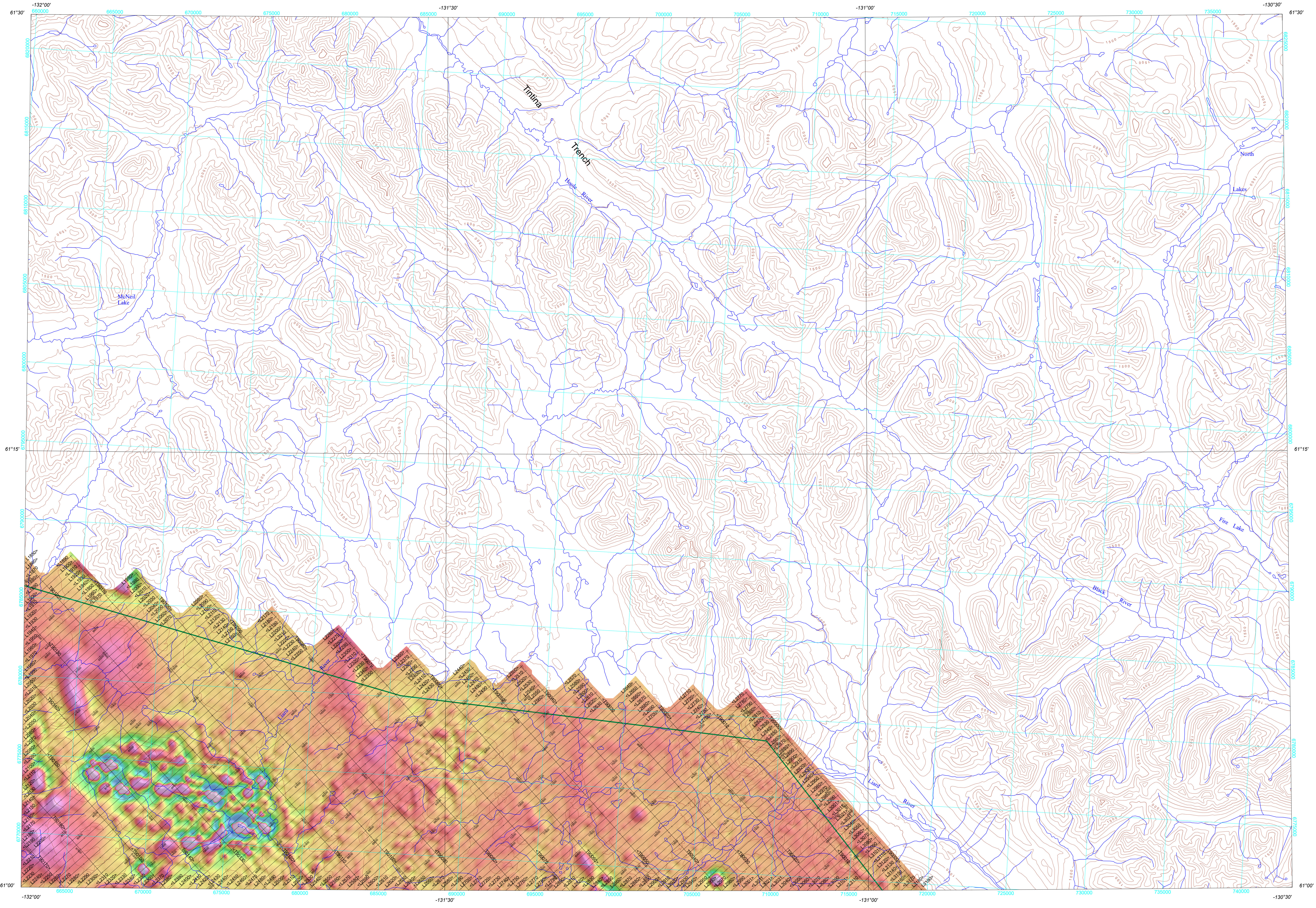


FIRST VERTICAL DERIVATIVE OF THE MAGNETIC FIELD



First Vertical Derivative of the Magnetic Field

This map of the first vertical derivative of the magnetic field was derived from data acquired during an aeromagnetic survey carried out by Novatim Inc. from February 23, 2019 to April 2, 2019. The data were recorded using split-beam cesium vapour magnetometers (sensitivity 0.025 nT) mounted in each of the tail booms of two Piper Navajo aircraft (C-FVNG and C-GJDD). The nominal traverse and control line spacings were, respectively, 400 m and 2400 m, and the aircraft flew at a nominal terrain clearance of 150 m. Traverse lines were oriented N45°E with orthogonal control lines. The flight path was recovered following post-flight differential corrections to the raw Global Positioning System (GPS) data and inspection of ground images recorded by a vertically-mounted video camera. The survey was flown on a pre-determined flight surface to minimize differences in magnetic values at the intersections of control and traverse lines. These differences were computer-analysed to obtain a mutually levelled set of flight-line magnetic data. The levelled values were then interpolated to a 100 m grid. The International Geomagnetic Reference Field (IGRF) defined at the average GPS altitude of 1603 m for the year 2019.2 was then removed. Removal of the IGRF, representing the magnetic field of the Earth's core, produces a residual component related almost entirely to magnetizations within the Earth's crust.

The first vertical derivative of the magnetic field is the rate of change of the magnetic field in the vertical direction. Computation of the first vertical derivative removes long-wavelength features of the magnetic field and significantly improves the resolution of closely spaced and superposed anomalies. A property of first vertical derivative maps is the coincidence of the zero-value contour with vertical contacts at high magnetic latitudes (Hood, 1965).

This publication is available for free download through GEOSCAN (<http://geoscan.nrcan.gc.ca/>). Corresponding digital profile and gridded data as well as similar data for adjacent airborne geophysical surveys are available from Natural Resources Canada's Geospatial Data Repository for Aeromagnetic Data at http://dpr.gsg.nrcan.gc.ca/index_e.html. The same products are also available, for a fee, from the Geophysical Data Centre, Geological Survey of Canada, 601 Booth Street, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0E8. Telephone: (613) 995-5326, email: info@gsd.nrcan.gc.ca.

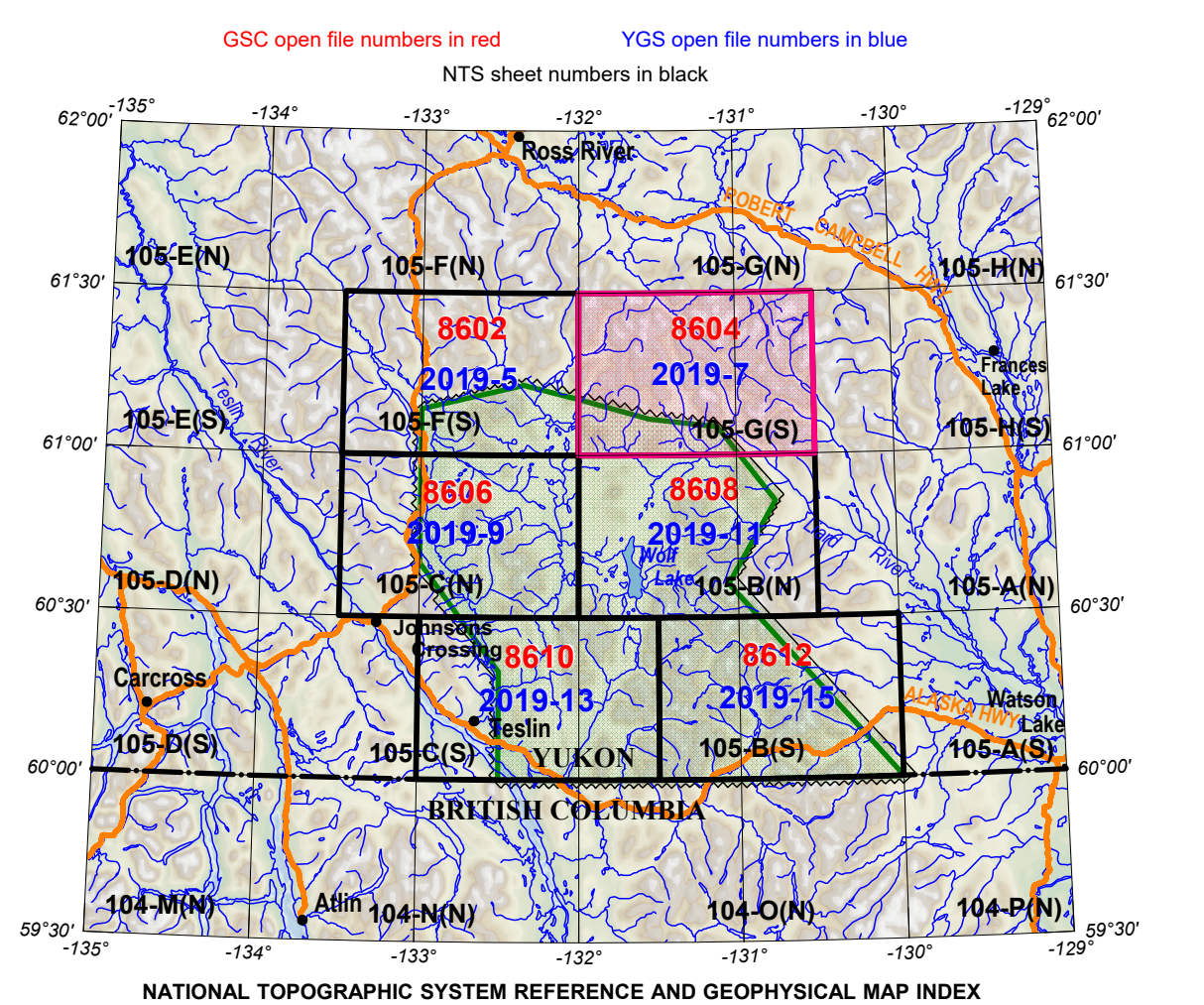
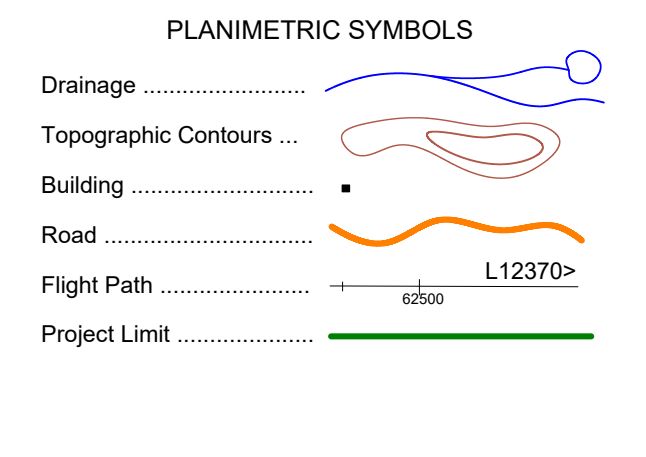
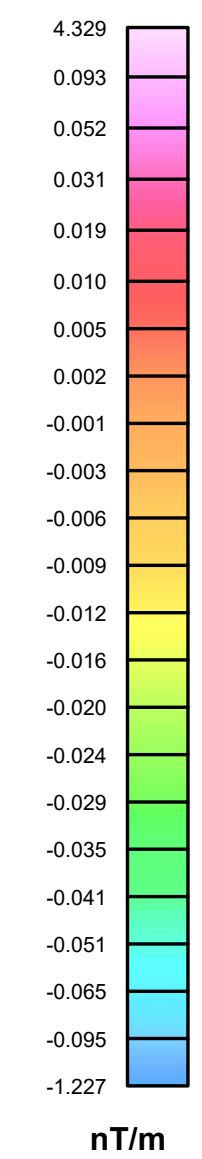
Copies of this map may also be obtained from the Yukon Geological Survey, Energy, Mines and Resources, Government of Yukon, P.O. Box 2703 (K-102), Whitehorse, Yukon, Y1A 2C4. Telephone: (867) 667-3011, email: geology@gov.yk.ca, website: <http://www.geology.gov.yk.ca>.

Reference

Hood, P.J., 1965. Gradient measurements in aeromagnetic surveying. Geophysics, v. 30, p. 891-902.

Acknowledgements

The authors thank the field crew chief, Erwan Pau Corfa, and Olivier Savignat (Novatim Inc.) for their cooperation and technical assistance during the start-up phase and preliminary data processing. We also thank Douglas Oneschuk (GSC) for his cartographic design expertise. Helpful comments and suggestions to improve the maps by Michael Thomas (GSC) are gratefully appreciated.



AEROMAGNETIC SURVEY OF THE WOLF LAKE AREA

<p>OPEN FILE DOSSIER PUBLIC</p> <p>8604</p> <p>GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA GÉOLOGIQUE DU QUÉBEC ET DU CANADA</p> <p>2019</p>	<p>Publications in this series have not been edited; they are released as submitted by the author.</p> <p>Les publications de cette série ne sont pas révisées; elles sont publiées telles que soumises par l'auteur.</p>	<p>OPEN FILE DOSSIER PUBLIC</p> <p>2019-7</p> <p>YUKON GEOLOGICAL SURVEY GÉOLOGIQUE DU QUÉBEC ET DU CANADA</p> <p>2019</p>
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Recommended citation
Kiss, F., 2019. First Vertical Derivative of the Magnetic Field, Aeromagnetic Survey of the Wolf Lake Area, Yukon, Part of NTS 105-G (south half), Geological Survey of Canada, Open File 8604; Yukon Geological Survey Open File 2019-7. Scale 1:100 000. <https://doi.org/10.4095/314831>

This aeromagnetic survey and the production of this map were funded by phase 2 of the Geo-mapping for Energy and Minerals program (GEM-2) of the Lands and Minerals Sector, Natural Resources Canada.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA OPEN FILE 8604
YUKON GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OPEN FILE 2019-7
FIRST VERTICAL DERIVATIVE OF THE MAGNETIC FIELD

AEROMAGNETIC SURVEY OF THE WOLF LAKE AREA

YUKON
Part of NTS 105-G (south half)

Scale 1:100 000



Universal Transverse Mercator Projection Zone 18 North
North American Datum 1983
© Her Majesty the Queen in Right of Canada, as represented by the Minister of Natural Resources, 2019
Base map at the scale of 1:250 000 from Natural Resources Canada, with modifications
Éditions à l'échelle de 1:250 000 de Ressources naturelles Canada, avec modifications

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Contract and project management by the Geological Survey of Canada, Ottawa, Ontario
Cartographic design by D. Oneschuk, Geological Survey of Canada
Permanent link: <https://doi.org/10.4095/314831>

