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**GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA
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deposit, Ontario**

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T.J. Ciufo¹, P. Mercier-Langevin², C. Yakymchuk¹, S. Lin¹, V. Bécu²,
and K. Lauzière²

¹ Department of Earth and Environmental Sciences, University of Waterloo, 200 University Ave West, Waterloo,
Ontario N2L 3G1

² Geological Survey of Canada, 490 De la Couronne Street, Québec, Québec G1K 9A9

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Whole-rock lithogeochemistry of the Archean Island Gold deposit, Ontario

Foreword/Context

The Targeted Geoscience Initiative (TGI) is a Government of Canada led, collaborative geoscience research program directed towards providing next generation knowledge and methods that will facilitate more effective targeting of mineral deposits. The objective of the program is to improve the effectiveness of exploration for Canada's major mineral systems by resolving foundational geoscience problems to constrain the geological processes that liberate metals from their source region, transport these ore metals and control their eventual deposition.

Through TGI5 (2015-2020), five of Canada's major ore systems were studied, including a major project on Gold. Two complementary research themes define the Gold project: 1) System controls on gold through space and time (source to trap); and 2) Tectonic influences on gold (tectonic drivers and conduits). These two subprojects are complementary and divided into a series of thematic and/or regional activities in many of the gold-bearing Canadian geological provinces (Mercier-Langevin et al. 2017).

Summary

This report releases whole-rock geochemical and assay results of 94 samples from Island Gold deposit located near the community of Dubreuilville, Ontario. These samples were collected in 2016 and 2017 as part of a Master's thesis study by the senior author (Ciufo, 2019) at the University of Waterloo, Ontario. Research on the Island Gold deposit was conducted under the Gold project under the system controls on gold through space and time (source to trap) theme. The lithogeochemical data is presented in a format easily importable in a geographic information system (GIS). Samples were collected from surface exposures, underground workings in the mine, and from drillcore to document the chemistry of host units, alteration zones and of the ore. Interpretations derived from this data are presented in Ciufo (2019) and Ciufo et al. (2019). Sample information and geochemical results are presented in Appendices 1 and 2 (worksheet "Results"), respectively. The results worksheet combines 5 data reports from 2016 and 2017.

Analytical Methods

Whole-rock analyses were performed at Activation Laboratories Ltd. in Ancaster, Ontario, using a combination of their standard preparation and analytical packages, the details of which can be found at www.actlabsint.com/methods_can.htm. Methods and detection limits are reported for oxides and elements in Appendix2-worksheet "DetectionLimit" while method abbreviations appear in *italic* below.

Samples were initially dried (60°C) and crushed to at least 90% (<2mm) in a steel jaw crusher. A mechanically split fraction was pulverized in a chromium-free steel mill until 95% of the sample material passed through a 74 µm mesh. Major elements were determined by lithium metaborate-tetraborate fusion followed by inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS; *FUS-MS*). Trace and rare earth elements were determined by a combination of lithium metaborate-tetraborate and total digestion (four acids) followed by inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS; *FUS-MS*) and inductively coupled plasma atomic emission spectrometry (ICP-OES; *FUS-ICP*). FeO was determined by titration using a cold acid digestion (ammonium metavanadate and hydrofluoric acid) in an open system (*TITR*).

For chalcophile elements a four-acid digestion ICP-MS (*TD-MS*) method was preferred. Aqua regia (*AR-MS*) digestion coupled with ICP-MS was chosen to analyze As, Sb, Bi, Se and Te.

Boron was determined by gamma neutron activation analysis (*PGNAA*).

Gold and silver were measured by a combination of atomic absorption (*FA-AA*), fire assay, and gravimetry (*FA-GRAV*). High-grade ore zone samples were re-analyzed with a combination of fire assay and gravimetric methods for gold and silver (*FA-GRAV*) and aqua regia dissolution (*ICP-OES*) or sodium peroxide fusion (*FUS-Na₂O₂*) with ICP-OES depending on the analyte.

CO₂ and Total (S) were determined by combustion infrared analysis (*IR*).

Fluorine was determined by lithium metaborate and tetraborate fusion and fluoride ion electrode analysis (*FUS-ISE*). Chlorine was determined by instrumental neutron activation analysis (*INAA*). Mercury was determined by cold vapour flow injection (*FIMS*) following aqua regia digestion.

Actlabs reports LOI, LOI2, Total and Total 2. LOI is determined by weighing a small amount of the sample before and after ignition. However because FeO was measured, it was possible to adjust LOI to take into account the weight gain resulting from oxidation of FeO to Fe₂O₃. This adjusted value of LOI is LOI2.

Total1 is the total of all major oxides using Fe₂O₃(T) and LOI, whereas Total2 includes LOI2.

Quality assurance and quality control (QA/QC)

Activation Laboratories internal QA/QC system under ISO 17025 or ISO 9001:2008 accreditation, quality control materials (certified standards and duplicates and Blanks) are reported in Appendix 2 in worksheets “Lab_Standards”, “Lab_Duplicates” and “Lab_Blanks”. In addition to these laboratory quality control measures, blind internal standards were also included to monitor analytical reliability.

Precision estimated from internal standards and duplicates are within 10% of the mean standard value for most elements except for W_FUS-MS, B_PGNAA, Zr_FUS-ICP, Te_AR-MS, Se_AR-MS and Tl_FUS-MS. Limitations include insufficient material for analysis of some standards. Blank sample analyses show minimal contamination between samples except for As_AR-MS_ppm and Au_FA-MS_ppb in report A16-10930, Cr_TD-MS_ppm and Mn_TD-MS_ppm in reports A16-12558, A17-01153, A17-09064 and A17-13402.

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