CANADA

DEPARTMENT OF MINES

HON. MARTIN BURRELL, MINISTER; R. G. MCCONNELL, DEPUTY MINISTER

MINES BRANCH

EUGENE HAANEL, PH.D., DIRECTOR

THE

PRODUCTION OF IRON AND STEEL

IN

CANADA

During the Calendar Year

1918

Ghief of the Division of Mineral Resources and Statistics



OTTAWA J. DE LABROQUERIE TACHÉ PRINTER TO THE KING'S MOST EXCELLENT MAJESTY

No. 529

ADVANCE CHAPTER OF THE ANNUAL REPORT ON THE MINERAL PRODUCTION OF CANADA, DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1918.

(Tons used throughout this report are short tons of 2,000 pounds, except where otherwise stated.)

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IRON AND STEEL.

Introductory.

The actual quantity of iron ore derived from Canadian iron mines during 1918 was, with the exception of the year 1911, the lowest since 1900.

During the past 18 years the production has varied between a minimum of 122,000 tons and a maximum of 404,000 tons and for many years has not contributed more than 5 per cent of domestic requirements in iron.

The metallurgical industry based upon imported ores has continued to develop and in both pig-iron and steel attained its maximum output during 1918, but is still supplying but a fraction of Canada's requirements in manufactured iron and steel products.

The average annual production of pig-iron during the last seven years has been a little in excess of 1,000,000 tons, a large percentage of which has been converted into steel. The annual production of steel has nearly doubled since 1912 amounting during 1918 to 1,873,708 tons. Supplementing the domestic production of steel the annual imports of iron and steel products in so far as it is possible to determine the quantities has for a number of years considerably exceeded 1,000,000 tons.

Notwithstanding the country's heavy imports a considerable export was made during the war more particularly of ferro-alloys, billets, bars and rods, rails and wire.

| | · 1915. | 1916. | 1917. | 1918. |
|---|---|--|---|--|
| Iron ore shipped from minesShort tons. Canadian iron ore charged to blast furnaces. " Imported iron ore charged to blast furnaces. " Pig-iron made in blast furnaces" Pig-iron made in electric furnaces" Pig-iron made in electric furnaces" Pig-iron and ferro-alloys exported. " Pig-iron imported" Ferro-alloys imported. " Pig-iron and ferro-alloy consumption … Pig-iron and ferro-alloy consumption … Steel ingots and castings made. " Steel rails made. " Canadian coke used in iron blast furnaces. " Imported coke used in iron blast furnaces. " | $\begin{array}{r} 398,112\\ 293,305\\ 1,463,488\\ 74,872\\ 913,775\\ 26,545\\ 47,842\\ 10,794\\ 13,758\\ 959,254\\ 747,834\\ 1,020,336\\ 232,411\\ 578,743\\ 486,022\\ 771,007\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 275,176\\ 221,773\\ 1,004,598\\ 55,059\\ 1,169,257\\ 46,106\\ 58,130\\ 28,628\\ 14,777\\ 1,255,218\\ 949,444\\ 1,428,240\\ 90,123\\ 712,715\\ 645,488\\ 864,916\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 215,302\\ 92,065\\ 2,084,231\\ 39,793\\ 1,156,789\\ 13,601\\ 45,293\\ 83,400\\ 43,465\\ 12,829\\ 1,264,870\\ 1,112,082\\ 1,745,734\\ 46,645\\ 634,962\\ 723,657\\ 929,776\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 211,608\\ 96,745\\ 2,146,995\\ 48,599\\ 1,163,520\\ 32,031\\ 25,911\\ 67,397\\ 44,704\\ 35,284\\ 1,316,025\\ 897,537\\ 1,873,708\\ 162,747\\ 561,135\\ 861,522\\ 786,097\end{array}$ |
| Number of completed blast furnaces | $ \begin{vmatrix} 19 \\ 1,004 \\ 675,453 \\ 11,374,199 \\ 48,268,148 \\ 74,308,983 \end{vmatrix} $ | 20 16, 750, 898 63, 837, 681 129, 090, 168 | 24, 290, 101 46, 791, 681 187, 191, 534 | 33; 495, 171 54, 764, 742 169, 538, 669 |

Summary of Iron and Steel Statistics, 1915-18.

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| | | _ | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| ´` | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | April. | May. | June. | July. | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · | • . | | | | | | | | | | |
| PIG-IBON- | Sets | S ets | \$ ets | S ets | Sets | Sets | \$ ets | Sets | \$ ots | Sinte | Sate | Sate |
| Bessemer | 37 25 | 37 25 | 37 25 | 36 15 | 36 15 | 36 37 | 36 60 | 36 60 | 36 60 | 36 60 | 36 60 | 36.60 |
| Basic. | 33 95 | 33 95 | 33 95 | 32 95 | 32 95 | 33 17 | 33 40 | 33 40 | 33 40 | 34 40 | 34 40 | 34 40 |
| Foundry No. 2 | 33 95 | 33 95 | 33 95 | 33 95 | 33 95 | 34 17 | 34 40 | 34 40 | 34 40 | 35 40 | 35 40 | 35 40 |
| Malleable | 34 45 | 34 45 | 34 45 | 34 45 | 34 45 | 34 67 | 34 90 | 34 90 | 34 90 | 35 90 | 35 90 | 35 00 |
| Gray forge | 32 95 | 32 95 | 32 95 | 32 95 | 32 95 | 33 17 | 33 40 | 33 40 | 33 40 | 34 40 | 34 40 | 34 40 |
| FERRO-ALLOYS- | | | | | | | 00 20 | 40 10 | 00 20 | 01 10 | 01.10 | 01 10 |
| Ferro-silicon (50 per cent) del. | 175 00 | 175 00 | 177 50 | 172 50 | 170 00 | 170 00 | 165 00 | 153 50 | 150 00 | 151 00 | 150 00 | 150 00 |
| Ferro-silicon (10 per cent) fur. | 55 00 | 55 00 | 55 00 | 55 00 | 55 00 | 55 00 | 55 00 | 55 00 | 55 00 | 57 00 | 57 00 | 57 00 |
| Semifinished— | | | | | | | | 00 00 | 00 00 | 01.00 | 0.00 | 0, 00 |
| Bessemer billets | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 |
| Open-hearth billets | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 | 47 50 |
| Bessemer sheet bars | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 |
| Open-hearth sheet bars | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 |
| Wire rods | 57 00 | 57 00 | 57 00 | 57 00 | 57 00 | 57 00 | 57 00 | 57 00 | 57 25 | 57 50 | 57 50 | 57 50 |
| Rolled Products- | | | | | | | | | | 5. 00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Structural shapes, base | 3 00 | 3 00 | 3 00 | · 3 00 | 3 00 | 3 00 | 3 00 | 3 00 | 3 00 | 3 00 | 3 00 | 3 00 |
| Plates, base | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 |
| Steel bars, base | 2 90 | 2 90 | 2 90 | 2 90 | 2 90 | 2 90 | 2 90 | 2 90 | 2 90 | 2 90 | 2 90 | 2 90 |
| Bar iron, base | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 |
| Shafting, discount | 17 00 | 17 00 | 17 00 | 17 00 | 17 00 | 17 00 | 17 00 | 17 00 | 17 00 | 17 00 | 17 00 | 17 00 |
| Steel pipe, ² / ₄ to 3 in. discount | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 | 51 00 |
| Standard spikes | 4 02 | / 3 90 | 3 90 | 3 90 | 3 90 | 3 90 | 3 90 | 3 90 | 3 90 | 3 90 | 3 90 | 3 90 |
| Hoops | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3,50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 |
| Bands | 2 90 | 2 90 | 2 90 | 2 90 | 3 02 | 3 50 | 3 50 | . 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 |
| Structural rivets | 4 65 | 4 65 | 4 65 | 4 65 | 4 60 | 4 40 | 4 40 | 4 40 | · 4 40 | 4 40 | 4 40 | 4 40 |
| No. 28 black sheets | 5 00 | 5 00 | 5 00 | 5 00 | 5 00 | 5 00 | 5 00 | 5 00 | 5 00 | 5 00 | 5 00 | 5 00 |
| No. 28 galvanized sheets | 6 25 | 6 25 | -6 25 | 6 25 | 6 25 | 6 25 | 6 25 | 6 25 | 6 25 | $6\ 25$ | 6 25 | 6 25 |
| No. 10 blue annealed sheets | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | 4 25 | $4\ 25$ | 4 25 | 4 25 |
| Wire nails, base | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | →3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50 | 3 50- | 3 50 | 3 50 |
| Plain wire, base | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 | 3 25 |
| Tin plate | 7 75 | 7 75 | 7 75 | 7 75 | 7 75 | 7 75 | 7 75 | 7 75 | 7 75 | 7,75 | 7 75 | 7 75 |
| OLD MATERIAL- | | , | | · · | } | | | 1 | | , | 1 | 1. |
| Heavy melting steel | \$30 00 | \$30 00 | \$30 00 | \$29 00 | \$29 00 | \$29 00 | \$29.00 | \$29 00 | \$29 00 | \$29 00 | \$28 75 | \$28 00 |
| Low phosphorus | 42 20 | 40 00 | 40 00 | 39 00 | 39 00 | 39 00 | 39 00 | 39 00 | 39 00 | 39 00. | 38 60 | 38 50 |
| No. 1, cast | 28 00 | 28 00 | 28 00 | 34 00 | 32 50 | 32 50 | 32 50 | 32 50 | 32 50 | 32 50 | 32 40 | 32 00 |
| | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | í ' | 1 |

Average Monthly Prices of Iron and Steel Products in Pittsburgh in 1918.

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The total shipments of iron ores from Canadian mines show a further falling off in 1918, being only 211,608 short tons valued at \$885,893, or an average of \$4.18 per ton as compared with shipments in 1917 of 215,302 tons. valued at \$758,621, or an average of \$3.52 per ton. The 1918 shipments included: 8,159 tons from Quebec; 201,119 tons from mines in Ontario, and 2,200 tons mined in British Columbia. The ores comprised 171,312 tons of hematite and roasted hematite and siderite, 33,066 tons of magnetite, 6,330 tons of ilmenite and titaniferous ore, and 900 tons (dry) of bog ore.

The principal operations were as usual in Ontario at Helen and Magpie mines of the Algoma Steel Corporation, Ltd., all the ores mined being first roasted in the rotary kilns at Magpie before shipment. The magnetite properties at Sellwood were operated throughout the year by Moose Mountain, Limited, with an important production of briquettes from the milling and briquetting plant. The ore milled averaged about 33.8 per cent in iron, while the briquettes produced contained about 61.1 per cent iron. Shipments of 741 tons were made from three small properties in eastern Ontario.

In Quebec shipments of ilmenite were made from Ivry-on-the-Lake in Terrebonne county, and of titaniferous ore from St. Urbain on the north shore of the St. Lawrence. Some magnetite was also shipped from ore dumps at the old Forsyth mine in Hull township.

In British Columbia some magnetite was shipped from Texada Island and a small tonnage of bog ore from near Alta Lake on the Pacific Great Eastern. Railway.

| | 19: | 16. | 1917. | | 1918. | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| Provinces. | Short Tons. | Value. | Short Tons. | Value. | Short Tons. | Value. | |
| Nova Scotia Quebec Ontario British Columbia | 3,209 271,967 | · S 8,308 706,799 | 17,189 198,113 | \$ 54,815 703,806 | $130 \\ 8,159 \\ 201,119 \\ 2,200$ | 8 1,040 44,531 833,722 6,600 | |
| <i>,</i> . | 275, 176 | 715,107 | 215,302 | 758,621 | Ž11,608 | 885,893 | |

Shipments of Iron Ore by Provinces, 1916-17-18.

Shipments of Iron Ore by Classes of Ore, 1907-1918.

(In Short Tons.)

| Year. | Hematite. | Magnetite. | Carbonate Including Sid- erite. | Bog Ore. | Total. |
|-------|--|---|--|------------------------------------|--|
| 1907 | 205,795 173,164 190,473 130,380 137,399 86,971 (a) 92,386 80,454 205,989 45,541 | $50,073\\49,946\\74,240\\127,768\\72,945\\128,912\\215,248\\45,562\\59,217\\19,113\\17,741\\39,306$ | 42,740 4,869 109,838 132,906 (b) 210,522 197,561 170,827 | 14,248 10,103 3,330 1,270 | $\begin{array}{c} 312,856\\ 238,082\\ 268,043\\ 259,418\\ 210,344\\ 215,883\\ 307,634\\ 244,854\\ 398,112\\ 275,176\\ 215,302\\ 211,608\\ \end{array}$ |

(a) Small tonnage of siderite included. (b) Includes roasted siderite and a blend of siderite and high sulphur hematite, roasted.

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| Calendar Year. | New Brunswick. | Nova Scotia | Quebec. | Ontario. | British Columbia. | Total. Short Tons. |
|------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|---|
| Calendar Yeav. 1886 | New Brunswick. | Nova Scotia 44, 388 43, 532 42, 611 54, 161 49, 206 53, 649 78, 258 102, 201 89, 379 83, 792 58, 810 23, 400 19, 079 28, 000 18, 940 18, 619 16, 172 40, 335 61, 293 84, 952 97, 820 89, 839 | Quebec. 13, 404 10, 710 14, 533 22, 690 22, 690 22, 076 19, 492 17, 783 17, 630 22, 436 17, 873 19, 420 19, 000 15, 489 18, 524 12, 035 16, 152 12, 681 9, 933 12, 748 | Ontario. 16,032 15,698 16,894 | British Columbia. 3,941 2,796 8,372 15,487 | Total. Short Tons. 64,361 76,330 78,357 84,181 76,511 68,979 103,248 125,692 109,991 102,797 91,906 50,705 55,343 74,617 122,000 313,646 404,003 264,293 219,046 291,097 248,831 312,856 |
| 1908 | 5,336 31,120 71,520 86,416 4,775 3,683 | 11,802 11,802 18,134 22 30,857 20,436 130 | 10, 103 4, 150 4, 503 3, 616 1, 185 5, 102 3, 209 17, 150 8, 159 | $\begin{array}{c} 216, 177\\ 263, 893\\ 231, 445\\ 175, 586\\ 112, 321\\ 195, 680\\ 240, 079\\ 394, 429\\ 271, 967\\ 198, 152\\ 201, 119\\ \end{array}$ | 2,200 | 238,082 268,043 259,418 210,344 215,883 307,634 244,854 398,112 275,176 215,302 211,608 |

Shipments of Iron Ore by Provinces, 1886-1918.

Exports and Imports of Iron Ore.

Mine operators reported the quantity of iron ore sold for export to the . United States during 1918 as 118,472 tons and the quantity shipped to Canadian furnaces 93,136 tons. In 1917 the quantity reported directly by operators as sold for export was 169,252 tons and that shipped to Canadian destinations These records differ slightly from those reported in the Trade 46,050 tons. Reports based on Customs Department statistics and shown in the accompanying table. The United States Department of Commerce record of imports from Canada is also given for comparison.

According to returns received from blast furnace operators the quantity of imported ores charged to blast furnaces during 1918 were 2,146,995 tons as against 2,084,231 tons in 1917. The imported ores charged in 1918 included 754,622 tons from Newfoundland and 1,392,373 tons from the United States "Lake District". In 1917 the imported ores charged included 874,134 tons from Wabana, Newfoundland, and 1,210,097 tons of United States "Lake Ores". The total quantity of imported ores charged to Canadian blast furnaces since 1886 has been 23,640,120 tons while the total quantity of iron ore shipped from Canadian mines during the same period was 6,186,387 tons.

| Calmatic War | Canadia | n Customs | Record. | Cislandan Waan | Imports into the United States from Canada.* | | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|---|--|
| Galendar Year. | Short tons. | Value. ' | Áverage value. | Calendar Lear. | Short tons. | Value. | `Average value. | |
| 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1915 1916 1917 1918 | $\begin{array}{c} 21,956\\ 114,499\\ 37,686\\ 118,129\\ 126,124\\ 135,451\\ 79,770\\ 161,260\\ 164,004\\ 130,250\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$ \\ 61,954 \\ 324,186 \\ 133,411 \\ 382,005 \\ 426,681 \\ 360,974 \\ 206,823 \\ 541,779 \\ 660,673 \\ 650,502 \end{array}$ | \$ 2.82 2.83 3.54 3.23 2.67 2.59 3.36 4.03 | 1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915. 1916. 1917. 1918. | 56,538 119,476 201,443 58,816 94,219 153,255 200,229 130,250 | \$ 106,038 201,882 409,098 153,415 245,092 509,602 766,688 650,502 | $\begin{array}{c} \$ \\ . & 1.87 \\ 1.69 \\ 2.03 \\ 2.61 \\ 2.60 \\ 3.32 \\ 3.83 \\ 4.99 \end{array}$ | |

Exports of Iron Ore.

*Compiled from the "Foreign Commerce and Navigation of the United States."

Imports of Iron Ore, 1912-1918.

| | United | United States. Newfoundland. | | | Other C | ountrics. | Total. | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Calendar Year. | Short tons. | Value. | Short tons. | Value. | Short tons. | Value. | Short tons. | Value. | |
| 1912 (*9 mos.) 1913 1914 1915 1915 1916 1917 1918 | $1,206,567\\1,072,156\\749,979\\715,060\\1,364,992\\1,309,075\\1,394,687$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$\\ 3,090,207\\ 3,007,653\\ 1,972,550\\ 1,568,866\\ 3,463,419\\ 4,143,084\\ -5,047,607\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 840,892\\ 869,669\\ 389,850\\ 789,029\\ 974,685\\ 942,322\\ 806,151\end{array}$ | \$ 840,892 869,669 389,850 762,328 955,594 981,805 848,367 | 500 500 7,279 24 | \$ 975 502 24,958 561 | 2,047,509 1,942,325 1,147,108 1,504,113 2,339,677 2,251,397 2,200,838 | \$ 3,932,074 3,877,824 2,387,358 2,331,755 4,419,013 5,124,880 5,895,974 | |

*Imports of iron ore separately stated in Customs Reports from April 1912 only.

Production of Iron Ore in Newfoundland.

The iron ore deposits at Wabana, Newfoundland, are owned and operated by the two Canadian companies operating coal mines and steel plants at Sydney and Sydney Mines, Cape Breton. The shipments from Wabana mines during 1917 were 883,346 short tons, all of which went to Cape Breton. The total shipments from Wabana since the mines were first operated in 1895 have amounted to 18,269,616 short tons, of which 12,470,861 tons were sent to Nova Scotia, 2,078,197 tons to the United States, and 3,720,558 tons to Great Britain and Europe.

IRON ORE PRICES.

The prices of Canadian iron ores are naturally based on prices current in the United States. "Lake Ores", that is, those originating in what is generally known as the Lake Superior iron region, and which contributed about 80 per cent of the iron and steel requirements of the United States are quoted per gross ton delivered at Lake Erie ports. Ore prices and freights are usually fixed at the beginning of each season, and the price of any individual ore then depends on its variation from the standard in iron and phosphorus content, etc.

| Annual | Shipments | of] | Iron | Ore, | from | Wabana | Mines | , Newfound | land |
|--------|-----------|------|------|------|------|--------|-------|------------|------|
|--------|-----------|------|------|------|------|--------|-------|------------|------|

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| Calendar Year. | To- Nova Scotia. | To United States | To Great Britain and Europe. | To Total Shipments. |
| 1895 | $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Short \ tons.}\\ 2,686\\ 17,410\\ 12,143\\ 34,622\\ 26,311\\ 195,507\\ 457,064\\ 376,322\\ 273,283\\ 342,710\\ 506,819\\ 628,152\\ 672,561\\ 715,772\\ 697,068\\ 808,762\\ 737,261\\ 950,458\\ 1,048,433\\ 417,409\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \text{Short tons.} \\ \hline \\ 22,798 \\ 33,039 \\ \hline \\ 98,485 \\ 153,867 \\ 84,292 \\ 96,702 \\ 90,711 \\ 6,025 \\ 6,490 \\ 1.41,854 \\ 123,972 \\ 55,532 \\ 241,207 \\ 247,336 \\ 207,193 \\ 191,779 \\ 229,402 \\ 43,513 \\ \end{array}$ | Short tons. 5, 651 78, 640 214, 322 14, 776 279, 102 341, 421 287, 703 208, 694 255, 846 213, 867 167, 074 200, 033 171, 722 203, 528 237, 009 183, 673 328, 068 172, 998 | $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Short \ tons.}\\ 2,686\\ 40,208\\ 50,833\\ 113,262\\ 339,118\\ 334,150\\ 820,458\\ 814,445\\ 651,787\\ 647,429\\ 760,155\\ 983,873\\ 903,607\\ 973,337\\ 1,109,997\\ 1,259,620\\ 1,181,463\\ 1,331,910\\ 1,605,921\\ 633,920\\ \end{array}$ |
| 1915 1916 1917 1917 | $\begin{array}{r} 802,128\\ 1,012,060\\ 883,346\\ 848,574\end{array}$ | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 66,323 | 868,451 1,012,060 883,346 848,574 |
| Total | 12,470,861 | 2,078,197 | 3,720,558 | 18,269,616 |

Bessemer ores are quoted on the basis of 55 per cent iron natural and 0.045 per cent phosphorus dried at 212° F. The base for Non-Bessemer ores is 51.5 per cent iron natural.

Iron ore prices per gross ton during the past four years have been as follows:----

| · · · · · · | 1914 and 1915. | 1916. | 1917 to July 1st, 1918. | From July 1st, 1918, to Oct. 1st, 1918. | From Oct. 1st, 1918. | From April 28th, 1919. |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Old Range Bessemer. Messabi Bessemer. Old Range Non-Bessemer. Messabi Non-Bessemer | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |

Since 1900 the price of Old Range Bessemer ores has ranged between a minimum of \$3 in 1904 and a maximum of \$6.65 in 1918, Non-Bessemer ores being generally from 50 to 80 cents lower.

Lake Freight Rates.

Lake freight rates on iron ore from upper lake ports to Lake Erie during the past four years have been as follows, in cents per ton:—

| | 1914. | 1915. | 1916. | 1917. | 1918. |
|---------------------|--|--|------------------|-----------------|-------|
| From Escanaba, Mich | $\begin{array}{c} 35\\ 45\\ 50\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 25\\35\\40\end{array}$ | $35 \\ 45 \\ 50$ | 75 90 100 | |

Iron Ore Production in the United States.

The shipments of iron ore from the Lake Superior district during 1918 including both rail and water shipments were 59,779,794 gross tons as compared with 63,481,321 tons shipped in 1917. The shipments in 1916 were 66,658,466

gross tons; in 1915, 47,272,751 gross tons; in 1914, 32,729,726 gross tons and in 1913, 49,947,116 gross tons.

The total shipments of iron ore from all sources in the United States were in 1918 72,021,202 gross tons, as compared with 75,573,207 gross tons in 1917; 77,870,553 gross tons in 1916; 55,493,100 gross tons in 1915; 41,439,761 gross tons in 1914 and 61,980,437 gross tons in 1913.

During the past twenty years the Lake Superior district has supplied from 80 to 95 per cent of the total United States production.

Pig-Iron.

The total production of pig-iron in Canada in 1918 excluding the production of ferro-alloys was 1,195,551 short tons (1,067,456 gross tons) having a value of \$33,495,171 as compared with a total production in 1917 of 1,170,480 short tons (1,045,071 gross tons) valued at \$25,025,960. Of the total production 1,163,520 short tons were made in blast furnaces and 32,031 tons were manufactured in electric furnaces from scrap steel, chiefly shell turnings. In 1917 the blast furnace production was 1,156,789 tons and the electric furnace production from scrap steel was 13,691 tons. Thus, although the total production of pig-iron was greater than in any previous year the blast furnace production was less in 1918 than the output of 1916. The recovery of high grade low phosphorus pig-iron in electric furnaces from steel turnings was in 1918 nearly two and one-half times the production in 1917, the first year that these operations were undertaken.

| Vaan | Nova | Scotia. | On | tario. | Que | bec. | Tota | l. <u></u> |
|---|--|---|---|----------|--|---|---|---|
| - 10ar. – | Short Tons. | Value. | Short tons. | · Value. | Short tons. | Value. | Short tons. | Value. |
| 1887 1888 1889 1889 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1901 1905 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 | $\begin{array}{c} 19,320\\17,556\\21,289\\18,382\\20,840\\34,393\\46,472\\41,344\\35,351\\22,500\\21,627\\31,100\\28,133\\151,130\\237,244\\201,246\\164,488\\261,014\\315,008\\356,456\\352,642\\345,380\\350,287\\390,242\\424,994\\480,068\\227,052\\470,055\\470,055\\470,055\\470,055\\470,155\\870\\\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ $ | 28, 302 26, 115 48, 253 64, 749 02, 387 116, 371 112, 688 87, 004 127, 845 256, 704 1275, 558 275, 459 271, 484 407, 012 447, 273 558, 593 648, 899 558, 150 648, 899 556, 112 493, 500 699, 202 698, 333 769, 822 | \$ | 5,507 4,243 3,800 3,051 8,050 9,475 8,623 7,262 6,615 9,392 7,135 7,094 6,055 6,875 7,970 9,635 11,121 7,588 7,845 10,047 6,709 4,770 3,227 658 | \$ 116, 192 101, 832 116, 670 69, 080 71, 173 178, 865 236, 875 196, 914 109, 653 154, 358 217, 235 159, 929 164, 849 140, 978 149, 403 181, 501 210, 973 241, 729 166, 267 177, 644 232, 004 171, 383 125, 623 85, 255 17, 282 | $\begin{array}{c} 24,827\\ 21,799\\ 25,921\\ 21,772\\ 23,891\\ 42,443\\ 55,947\\ 49,967\\ 42,454\\ 67,268\\ 58,007\\ 77,015\\ 102,943\\ 96,575\\ 274,376\\ 96,575\\ 274,376\\ 96,575\\ 274,376\\ 96,575\\ 274,376\\ 96,575\\ 274,376\\ 555,306\\ 598,411\\ 651,962\\ 857,902\\ 297,885\\ 303,454\\ 525,306\\ 598,411\\ 651,962\\ 857,57,162\\ 800,797\\ 7,83,164\\ 913,775\\ 1,128,967\\ 783,164\\ 913,775\\ 1,169,257\\ 1,170,480\\ 1,195,551\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$\\ \$\\ \$& 366, 192\\ $313, 235\\ $499, 872\\ $499, 872\\ $313, 235\\ $368, 901\\ $637, 421\\ $700, 283\\ $646, 447\\ $586, 736\\ $924, 129\\ $738, 701\\ $912, 395\\ $1, 377, 306\\ $1, 501, 698\\ $3, 512, 923\\ $3, 512, 923\\ $3, 512, 923\\ $4, 243, 541\\ $3, 742, 710\\ $3, 687, 985\\ $3, 512, 923\\ $4, 243, 541\\ $3, 742, 710\\ $3, 687, 985\\ $3, 512, 923\\ $4, 243, 541\\ $3, 742, 710\\ $3, 687, 985\\ $3, 425, 126\\ $3, 495, 127\\ $1, 194\\ $4, 550, 999\\ $16, 540, 012\\ $10, 002, 856\\ $11, 374, 199\\ $16, 750, 889\\ $25, 025, 966\\ $35, 496, 171\\ \hline \end{array}$ |

Annual Production of Pig-Iron by Provinces, 1887-1918.

(a) Included with Ontario.

(b) Includes British Columbia.

Annual Production of Pig-Iron by Grades, and by Fuels.

| | | By Grades. | | By | Fuels. | |
|-------|--|--|--|---|--|----------|
| Year. | Basic. | Bessemer. | Foundry and all other. | Charcoal. | Coke. | Electric |
| 909 | $\begin{array}{r} 400,921\\ 425,400\\ 464,221\\ 544,534\\ 614,845\\ 346,553\\ 739,613\\ 953,627\\ 961,656\\ 966,409 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 222, 931\\ 219, 492\\ 208, 626\\ 256, 191\\ 265, 685\\ 230, 817\\ 29, 052\\ 31, 388\\ *27, 783\\ 47, 446\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 133,310\\ 155,905\\ 244,688\\ 213,862\\ 248,437\\ 205,794\\ 145,110\\ 184,242\\ 181,041\\ 178,099 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 17,003\\17,164\\20,759\\21,701\\23,696\\9,380\\13,692\\17,304\\14,092\end{array}$ | 740,159 783,633 896,776 992,886 1,105,271 773,784 900,083 1,151,953 1,142,697 1,163,520 | 13, 64 |

(In Short Tons.)

*Including electric furnace pig.

Monthly Prices of Foundry Pig-Iron at Montreal.*

| | | | | · | | | | ** | ALC: NOT SHOW OF ALC: N | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|--|---------|
| · · · · · | 1909. | 1910. | 1911. | 1912. | 1913. | 1914. | 1915. | 1916. | 1917. | 1918. |
| January. Pebruary March. April May. Juno Juno Juno Juno September. October November. November. Docember. | \$ cts. 18 00 18 00 18 00 18 75 18 75 18 50 18 50 19 00 19 00 19 00 | \$ cts. 18 50 18 50 19 00 19 00 18 50 18 50 18 50 18 00 18 00 21 00 21 00 | \$ cts. 21 00 21 00 21 00 21 00 19 25 19 25 19 25 19 25 19 25 19 25 19 25 | \$ cts. 19 75 19 00 18 50 18 50 18 50 18 50 18 50 18 50 19 00 20 00 20 50 20 50 | \$ cts. 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 21 50 20 50 20 50 20 50 20 50 19 75 | \$ cts. 19 75 19 75 19 75 19 75 19 75 19 50 19 50 19 50 19 50 19 40 | \$ cts. 19 35 19 35 20 10 19 90 19 90 19 90 19 90 19 90 20 00 20 00 21 00 | \$ cts. 23 50 23 50 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 | \$ cts. 28 00 28 30 28 30 30 35 40 45 40 50 ** ** ** ** | \$ cts. |
| Average | 18 50 | 19 13 | 19 25 | 19 44 | 21 17 | 19 40 | 22 00 | 28 00 | | |

*No. 1 Foundry Pig-iron, f.o.b. cars Montreal, price per ton of 2,240 pounds on the opening market. day of each month. Quotation furnished by the Dominion Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. ** No quotation.

Average Monthly Prices of Bessemer Pig-Iron at Pittsburgh.*

Per Gross Ton (2,240 Pounds).

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | and a block of | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|----------------|---------------|-------|--------|
| | 1909. | 1910. | 1911. | 1912. | 1913. | 1914. | 1915. | 1916. | 1917. | 1918. |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | S. | \$ | \$ · | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| January | 17.34 | 19.90 | 15.90 | 15.05 | 18.15 | 14 96 | 14.59 | 21.58 | 35.95 | 37.25 |
| February | 16.78 | 19.34 | 15.90 | 15.90 | 18.15 | 15.09 | 14.55 | 21.51 | 35.95 | 37.25 |
| March | $16 \cdot 25$ | 18.60 | 15.90 | 15.09 | 18.15 | 15.09 | 14.55 | 21.75 | 37.70 | 37.25 |
| April | 15.78 | 18.27 | 15.90 | 15.15 | 17.90 | 14-90 | 14.55 | 21.95 | 42.20 | 36.15 |
| May | 15.84 | $17 \cdot 52$ | 15.90 | 15.13 | 17.70 | 14.90 | 14.59 | 21.95 | 45 15 | 36.15 |
| June | -16.05 | 16.60 | 15.90 | 15.15 | 17.14 | 14.90 | 14.70 | 21.95 | 54.70 | 36.37 |
| July | 16.46 | 16.40 | 15.90 | $15 \cdot 20$ | 16.70 | 14.90 | 14.95 | 21.95 | 57.45 | 36-60 |
| August | 17.03 | 16.09 | 15.90 | 15-46 | 16.52 | 14.90 | 15.95 | 21.95 | 54.75 | 36.60 |
| September | 18.05 | 15.90 | 15.90 | 16.15 | 16.65 | 14.90 | 16.85 | $22 \cdot 26$ | 48.03 | -36-60 |
| October | 19.53 | 15.90 | 15.44 | 17.80 | 16.60 | 14.84 | 16.95 | 24.08 | 37.25 | 36.60 |
| November | 19.90 | 15.82 | 15.00 | 18.02 | 16.02 | 14.59 | 17.51 | 30.15 | 37.25 | 36.60 |
| December | 19.90 | 15.90 | 15.03 | 18.15 | 15.77 | 14.70 | 19.65 | 35.58 | 37 25 | 36.60 |
| | | | | | l ' | 1 | | | | l |

*From the Iron Age.

Average Monthly Price of Local No. 2 Foundry Pig-Iron at Chicago.*

| <u> </u> | 1909. | 1910. | 1911. | 1912. | 1913. | 1914. | 1915. | 1916. | 1917. | 1918. |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|
| January Tebruary March. April May June July August September October December | $\begin{array}{c} \$\\ 17\cdot35\\ 16\cdot75\\ 16\cdot50\\ 16\cdot50\\ 16\cdot50\\ 16\cdot50\\ 17\cdot00\\ 17\cdot13\\ 18\cdot70\\ 19\cdot00\\ 19\cdot00\\ 19\cdot00\\ 19\cdot00\\ 19\cdot00\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$ \\ 19 \cdot 00 \\ 19 \cdot 00 \\ 18 \cdot 30 \\ 17 \cdot 50 \\ 17 \cdot 50 \\ 17 \cdot 06 \\ 16 \cdot 75 \\ 16 \cdot 56 \\ 16 \cdot 50 \\ 16 \cdot 40 \\ 16 \cdot 06 \\ 16 \cdot 00 \\ 16 \cdot 00 \\ 16 \cdot 00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$\\ \$\\ \$\\ \$\\ \$\\ \$\\ \$\\ \$\\ \$\\ \$\\ 15 \cdot 50\\ 15 \cdot 50\\ 15 \cdot 00\\ 15 \cdot 00\\ 15 \cdot 00\\ 15 \cdot 00\\ 14 \cdot 87\\ 14 \cdot 50\\ 14 \cdot 50\\ 14 \cdot 46\\ 14 \cdot 09\\ 14 \cdot 00\\ 14 \cdot 00\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$ \\ 14\cdot00 \\ 14\cdot00 \\ 14\cdot00 \\ 14\cdot50 \\ 14\cdot50 \\ 14\cdot50 \\ 14\cdot50 \\ 15\cdot37 \\ 16\cdot00 \\ 17\cdot00 \\ 17\cdot75 \\ 18\cdot00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$ \\ 17\cdot90 \\ 17\cdot31 \\ 17\cdot25 \\ 17\cdot00 \\ 16\cdot00 \\ 15\cdot62 \\ 14\cdot70 \\ 15\cdot00 \\ 15\cdot00 \\ 15\cdot00 \\ 15\cdot00 \\ 14\cdot87 \\ 14\cdot60 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$\\ 13\cdot75\\ 14\cdot00\\ 14\cdot25\\ 14\cdot25\\ 14\cdot06\\ 13\cdot69\\ 13\cdot75\\ 13\cdot69\\ 13\cdot25\\ 12\cdot94\\ 12\cdot56\\ 13\cdot00 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$\\ 13\cdot00\\ 13\cdot00\\ 12\cdot95\\ 13\cdot00\\ 13\cdot00\\ 13\cdot00\\ 13\cdot00\\ 13\cdot44\\ 13\cdot90\\ 13\cdot44\\ 13\cdot90\\ 14\cdot63\\ 17\cdot13\\ 18\cdot10\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$\\ \$.50\\ 18.50\\ 18.70\\ 19.00\\ 19.00\\ 19.00\\ 19.00\\ 19.00\\ 18.40\\ 18.13\\ 19.63\\ 25.80\\ 29.50\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} & & \\$ | \$ 33.00 33.00 33.00 33.00 33.00 33.00 33.00 33.00 33.00 33.00 34.00 34.00 |

(At Furnace) per Gross Ton (2,240 Lbs.).

*From the Iron Age, New York.

The production of blast furnace pig-iron in Nova Scotia in 1918 was 415,870 tons as against 472,147 tons in 1917 and with the exception of the year 1914 was the smallest production in this Province since 1911. In Ontario the production of blast furnace pig-iron was 747,650 tons as against 684,642 tons in 1917 and was the largest production made in this Province.

Pig-iron was made from scrap in electric furnaces in three provinces; 7,449 tons in Quebec and 24,582 tons in Ontario and British Columbia, the production in the latter Province being a little over 2,000 tons.

By grades the 1918 production included: Basic, 966,409 tons; Bessemer, 15,415 tons; foundry and malleable, etc., 181,696 tons; low phosphorus iron (electric furnace), 32,031 tons. The 1917 production included : Basic, 961,656 tons; Bessemer, 14,092 tons; foundry and malleable, 181,041 tons; low phosphorus (electric furnace), 13,691 tons.

The quantities of ores, fuels and flux charged to blast furnaces during the past ten years is shown in the following table. In 1918 about $95 \cdot 6$ per cent. of the ore charged, $60 \cdot 5$ per cent of the coke, and a large proportion of the limestone, were imported. Previous to 1896 the entire Canadian pig-iron production was from Canadian ores but since that date increasing quantities of imported iron ore have been used.

The iron industry at Sydney and North Sydney has been built up on the basis of the Newfoundland Wabana ores and the local coal supply, while in recent years a portion of the limestone required has also been obtained from Port au Port, Newfoundland. In Nova Scotia, therefore, while the fuel is all domestic, the ore is practically all imported, though from a British colony.

In Ontario large quantities of United States "Lake ores" are used. All the fuel used, with the exception of a small quantity of charcoal is imported either as coke, or as coal for charging the by-product coke ovens at Sault Ste-Marie. A portion of the limestone flux is also obtained from quarries situated in the United States. In 1918, Ontario furnaces used 1,392,373 tons of imported ores and 96,745 tons Canadian ores, the percentage being 93 \cdot 5 per cent imported and $6 \cdot 5$ per cent Canadian. In 1917, Ontario furnaces used 1,210,097 tons of imported ores and 92,065 tons of Canadian ores, the percentage being 93 per cent imported and 7 per cent Canadian. In 1916, 1,050,404 tons of imported ore, or 82 $\cdot 6$ per cent of the total, and 221,273 tons of Canadian ores, or 17 $\cdot 4$ per cent of the total, were charged. In 1915, 623,094 tons of imported ore, or 68 per cent of the total, and 293,305 tons or 32 per cent of Canadian ores were charged.

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| | Iron Ore | charged. | | Fuel charged | •~ . | |
|---|-----------|---|---|--|--|---|
| Calendar Year. 908 | Canadian. | Imported. | Charcoal. | Coke from Canadian Coal. | Coke Imported or made from Imported Coal. | Limestone. |
| $\begin{array}{c} 1908 \\ 1909 \\ 1910 \\ 1911 \\ 1912 \\ 1913 \\ 1913 \\ 1914 \\ 1914 \\ 1915 \\ 1916 \\ 1916 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1918 \\ 1918 \\ 1918 \\ 1918 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1917 \\ 1918 \\ 1917 \\ 19$ | | $\begin{array}{c} \text{Short tons.}\\ 1,051,445\\ 1,235,000\\ 1,377,035\\ 1,628,368\\ 2,019,165\\ 2,110,828\\ 1,324,320\\ 1,463,488\\ 1,964,508\\ 2,084,231\\ 2,146,995 \end{array}$ | Bushcls. 1, 121, 900 1, 779, 258 1, 615, 919 1, 960, 459 1, 886, 748 2, 206, 191 920, 045 1, 314, 957 1, 843, 209 1, 288, 390 | Short tons. 492,076 412,016 491,281 543,933 609,183 710,260 330,209 578,743 712,715 634,062 561,135 | | $\begin{array}{c} {\rm Short\ tons.}\\ {\rm\ 483\ ,065}\\ {\rm\ 526\ ,076}\\ {\rm\ 569\ ,355}\\ {\rm\ 625\ ,216}\\ {\rm\ 705\ ,613}\\ {\rm\ 630\ ,119}\\ {\rm\ 447\ ,641}\\ {\rm\ 573\ ,743}\\ {\rm\ 701\ ,690}\\ {\rm\ 705\ ,660} \end{array}$ |

Iron Ore, Fuel, and Flux charged to Blast Furnaces.

Iron Blast Furnaces in Canada in 1918.

Of 20 furnaces, 15 were in blast in 1918 for varying periods of time. The total daily capacity of the 20 furnaces was about 4,890 gross tons. The operating companies, with numbers and capacities of furnaces, were as follows:—

Dominion Iron & Steel Co., Sydney, C.B.: Six completed furnaces; one of 350 tons capacity and five of 250 tons capacity each per day; three operated practically throughout the year; one for 337 days and one for 40 days; one furnace idle throughout the year.

Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Co., Ltd., New Glasgow, N.S: Two stacks and one set of stoves at Sydney Mines, C.B., of 250 tons capacity; operated throughout the year.

Londonderry Iron & Mining Co., Ltd., Londonderry, N.S. (in liquidation): One furnace of 100 tons capacity idle throughout the year; not operated since 1908.

Midland Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Midland, Ont.: Taking over Midland blast furnace plant of Canada Iron Foundries, Ltd., of Montreal, Que. One furnace of 130 tons capacity at Midland, Ont., operated 82 days.

Standard Iron Co., Ltd., Deseronto, Ont.: One furnace at Deseronto with a daily capacity of 55 tons, operated 312 days; one furnace of 65 tons at Parry Sound, idle throughout the year, not operated since 1913—sold to and being re-built by the Parry-Sound Iron Co., Ltd., Midland.

The Steel Company of Canada, Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.: Two furnaces, one of 260 tons capacity, operated for 313 days, a second furnace of 430 tons capacity operated 365 days.

Algoma Steel Corporation, Ltd., Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.: Four furnaces at Steelton, near Sault Ste. Marie, two of 300 tons capacity each; one of 500 tons and one of 400 tons. No. 1 in blast 365 days; No. 2, 309 days; No. 3, 281 days and No. 4, 278 days.

The Atikokan Iron Co., Ltd., Port Arthur, Ont.: One furnace of 175 tons capacity idle throughout the year, not operated since 1911.

The Canadian Furnace Co., Ltd., Port Colborne, Ont.: One furnace of 325 tons capacity operated 365 days in 1918.

Electric Furnace Plants making Pig-Iron from Scrap Metal, Chiefly Steel Turnings.

Fraser, Brace & Co., Ltd.: Furnace plant at Shawinigan Falls, Que.: One single phase 6-ton non-tilting furnace.

Electro Foundries, Ltd., Orillia: One 6-ton three phase type non-tilting electric furnace.

Wm. Kennedy & Sons, Collingwood: One $4\frac{1}{2}$ -ton three phase non-tilting electric furnace.

Turnbull Electro Metals, Ltd., St. Catharines, Ont.: One 6-ton three phase non-tilting electric furnace.

British Forgings, Ltd., Toronto, Ont.: An electric steel furnace plant comprising two 6-ton Heroult furnaces some of which were used for the production of pig-iron during a portion of 1917 and 1918.

Tivani Electric Steel Co., Ltd., Belleville, Ont.: This electric steel plant which includes three small furnaces was operated for the production of ferromolybdenum during 1917, but in March 1918, began the production of pig-iron.

Bowmanville Foundry Co., Ltd., Bowmanville, Ont.: One $\frac{1}{4}$ -ton Gronwall Dixon electric furnace.

Hull Iron & Steel Foundries, Hull, Que.: One 6-ton three phase tilting type electric furnace—first production in April 1918.

Electric Smelting Co. of Brantford, Ltd., Hull, Que.: One 4-ton electric furnace—first production in June 1918.

Columbia Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Port Moody, B.C.: One 6-ton Heroult electric furnace-first production in May 1918.

Tudhope Electro-Metals, Ltd., Vancouver, B.C.: One 5-ton stationary three phase electric furnace, first operated Dec. 29, 1918.

Ferro-Alloy Production.

The production of ferro-alloys in Canada in 1918, chiefly ferro-silicon but including also spiegeleisen, ferro-molybdenum, and ferro-phosphorus, all with the exception of the spiegeleisen being made in electric furnaces, reached a total of 44,704 tons valued at \$4,731,521. In 1917 the production was 43,465 tons, valued at \$3,549,814. The ferro-silicon production during the past two years includes a small tonnage of low grade ferro-silicon recovered as a by-product in the manufacture of abrasives from bauxite in electric furnaces.

The total production in 1916 which included only ferro-silicon, ferromolybdenum and ferro-phosphorus made in electric furnaces, was 28,628 tons, valued at \$1,777,615, as against 10,794 tons, valued at \$753,404 in 1915; 7,524 tons, valued at \$478,355 in 1914, and 8,075 tons, valued at \$493,018 in 1913. In 1912 the production was 7,834 tons, valued at \$465,225 and in 1911, 7,507 tons, valued at \$376,404.

Ferro-Alloy Plants in 1918.

Canadian Ferro-Alloys, Ltd., Shawinigan Falls, Que.: One $1\frac{1}{2}$ -ton stationary type electric furnace producing 50% ferro-silicon.

Leaside Munitions Company, Ltd., Beaupre, Que.: Three stationary type electric furnaces with capacity of 10 gross tons per 24 hours each producing 50% and 85% ferro-silicon.

Electro-Metals, Ltd., Welland, Ont.: Plant includes 8 electric furnaces producing ferro-silicon of 25%, 50%, 75%, and 85% grades. Tivani Electric Steel Co., Ltd., Belleville, Ont.: Small electric furnaces

Tivani Electric Steel Co., Ltd., Belleville, Ont.: Small electric furnaces comprising three units of two furnaces each making ferro-molybdenum in 1917 and for a few months only in 1918.

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International Molybdenum Co., Ltd., Orillia, Ont.: Two small electric furnaces producing ferro-molybdenum in 1917 and for a few months only in 1918.

Algoma Steel Corporation, Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.: Producing spiegeleisen in blast furnace.

The following firms were also recovering low grade ferro-silicon as a by-product in the manufacture of artificial abrasives in electric furnaces from bauxite:—

D. A. Brebner, Ltd., Hamilton, Ont.

National Abrasive Co., Niagara Falls, Ont.

The Exolon Company, Thorold, Ont.

The Norton Company, Chippewa, Ont.

The Canadian Aloxite Co., Niagara Falls, Ont.

Exports and Imports of Pig-Iron.

The exports of pig-iron during 1918 were reported as 2,130 tons valued at \$169,495, or an average of \$79.58 per ton as against exports during 1917 of 12,081 tons valued at \$423,814, or an average of \$35.08 per ton. The exports of ferro-alloys during 1918 were 23,781 tons valued at \$2,671,434, or an average of \$112.33 per ton as compared with exports during 1917 of 33,212 tons valued at \$2,616,924, or an average of \$78.79 per ton. The pig-iron exported during 1918 mainly comprised electric furnace production of low phosphorus iron.

The exports between 1905 and 1913 did not exceed 10,000 tons in any one year, and consisted largely, if not entirely, of ferro-alloys. During 1914, however, there was a small export of pig-iron, chiefly from Sydney to Philadelphia. The exports during the first three months of the year were 4,431 tons, which probably included about 4,000 tons of pig-iron. From the first of April the exports were separately classified and during the last nine months of the year included 9,767 tons of pig-iron valued at \$118,111, or an average of \$12.09 per ton, and 4,865 tons of ferro-alloys valued at \$285,221, or an average of \$58.63 per ton.

| Calandar Year | | Pig-iron. | | Ferro-alloys. | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | Short tons. | Value. | Value. Average value. | | Short tons. Value. | | |
| 1915 1916 1917 1918 | 17,307 23,304 12,081 2,130 | \$ 231,551 374,383 423,814 169,495 | \$ 13 • 38 16 • 07 35 • 08 79 • 58 | 9,238 22,802 33,212 23,781 | \$ 537,081 1,352,013 2,616,924 2,671,434 | \$ 58·14 59·29 78·79 112·33 | |

Annual Exports of Pig-Iron and Ferro-alloys, 1915-18.

The imports of pig-iron during 1918 as shown by the Canadian Customs records, were 67,396 tons valued at \$2,102,406, or an average of \$31.19 per ton, and the imports of ferro-alloys were 35,284 tons valued at \$4,283,133 or an average of \$121.39 per ton, making a total of 102,680 tons valued at \$6,385,539.

Of the total imports of pig-iron in 1918, 67,385 tons valued at \$2,101,798 were derived from the United States, and of the total imports of ferro-alloys 25,168 tons valued at \$2,315,046 originated in the United States. The total imports of pig iron and ferro-alloys from the United States were thus 92,553 tons valued at \$4,416,844.

As against this record the United States Department of Commerce shows exports to Canada during the same period of pig-iron and ferro-alloys amounting to 122,325 gross tons (137,004 short tons) valued at \$5,661,228, a quantity considerably higher than the Canadian record. The total imports of pig-iron and ferro-alloys during 1917 were 96,218 tons valued at \$4,793,492 of which amount 91,809 tons valued at \$4,206,265 were credited to the United States. The United States Department of Commerce trade records on the other hand show exports to Canada of the same products amounting to 171,147 short tons, valued at \$6,279,651. Previous to 1907 the annual imports of pig-iron varied from less than 20,000

Previous to 1907 the annual imports of pig-iron varied from less than 20,000 tons to nearly 100,000 tons per annum. In 1907, however, the imports exceeded 250,000 tons and during each of the years from 1910 to 1913 inclusive, the imports exceeded 200,000 tons.

The annual imports of ferro-alloys during the past few years have varied between 11,000 tons and 35,000 tons, having reached a maximum in 1918.

Annual Imports of Pig-Iron showing Country of Origin.

| , Culían Ian | U | nited States. | | G | reat Britain. | | Othe | er Countr | ies. |
|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Year. | Short tons. | Value. | Value per ton. | Short tons. | Value. | Value per ton. | Short tons. | Value. | Value per ton. |
| 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 | $\begin{array}{c} 26,434\\ 50,167\\ 107,984\\ 122,360\\ 210,756\\ 213,969\\ 69,254\\ 46,894\\ 57,256\\ 83,250\\ 67,385\\ \end{array}$ | \$ 448,794 735,138 1,516,685 1,552,896 2,599,117 2,888,974 862,598 615,268 1,129,799 2,759,752 2,101,798 | $\begin{array}{c} \$ 16 \cdot 98 \\ 14 \cdot 65 \\ 14 \cdot 05 \\ 12 \cdot 69 \\ 12 \cdot 33 \\ 13 \cdot 50 \\ 12 \cdot 46 \\ 13 \cdot 12 \\ 19 \cdot 73 \\ 33 \cdot 15 \\ 31 \cdot 19 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 30,574\\ 87,394\\ 119,678\\ 86,125\\ 61,809\\ 22,800\\ 9,426\\ 588\\ 594\\ \end{array}$ | \$ 414,116 1,055,799 1,603,951 1,058,078 912,482 358,431 119,591 8,932 10,614 | $\begin{array}{c} \$ 13.54 \\ 12.08 \\ 13.40 \\ 12.29 \\ 14.76 \\ 15.72 \\ 12.68 \\ 15.19 \\ 17.87 \\ \\ 55.27 \end{array}$ | 335 364 91 2 280 140 | \$ 8,705 7,255 2,059 15 4,737 3,750 | \$ 25.99 19.93 22.63 7.50 16.91 26.78 |

Annual Imports of Pig-Iron since 1907.

| Veer | | Pig-iron. | | Ch | ircoal Pig-i | ron. | т | otal. |
|--------|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|
| i car. | Short tons. | Value. | Average value. | Short tons. | Value. | Average value. | Short tons. | Value. |
| 1907 | $\begin{array}{c} 249,582\\ 57,343\\ 137,925\\ 227,753\\ 208,487\\ 272,565\\ 235,843\\ 78,504\\ 47,482\\ 57,337\\ 82,758\\ 67,396 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$ \\ 4,117,887 \\ 871,615 \\ 1,798,192 \\ 3,122,695 \\ 2,610,989 \\ 3,511,599 \\ 3,234,877 \\ 981,107 \\ 624,200 \\ 1,128,557 \\ 2,744,055 \\ 2,102,406 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 8\\ 16\cdot 50\\ 15\cdot 20\\ 13\cdot 04\\ 13\cdot 71\\ 12\cdot 52\\ 12\cdot 83\\ 13\cdot 72\\ 12\cdot 48\\ 13\cdot 15\\ 19\cdot 68\\ 33\cdot 16\\ 33\cdot 16\\ 31\cdot 19\end{array}$ | 2,062 1,022 413 18,106 115 926 86 | S 41,806 18,818 5,727 242,152 12,528 1,082 | \$ 20·27 18·41 13·87 15·03 11·91 13·53 12·58 20·92 80·77 | $\begin{array}{c} 251, 644\\ 58, 305\\ 138, 388\\ 243, 859\\ 208, 487\\ 272, 680\\ 236, 769\\ 78, 680\\ 47, 482\\ 58, 130\\ 63, 390\\ 67, 396\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 8\\ 4, 159, 693\\ 890, 433\\ 1, 803, 919\\ 3, 364, 847\\ 2, 610, 989\\ 3, 512, 909\\ 3, 247, 405\\ 982, 189\\ 624, 200\\ 1, 145, 150\\ 2, 763, 502\\ 2, 102, 406\end{array}$ |

Imports of Ferro-Manganese, Ferro-Silicon, etc.

| Calendar year | Short tons. | Value. | Average value. | Calendar year. | Short tons. | Value. | A verage value. |
|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 | 15,437 11,718 17,699 18,900 17,226 19,810 | \$ 536,285 401,761 411,536 464,741 429,458 469,884 | $\begin{array}{c} \$ & {\rm cts.} \\ 34 & 74 \\ 34 & 29 \\ 23 & 25 \\ 24 & 59 \\ 24 & 93 \\ 23 & 72 \end{array}$ | 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 | 30, 355 22, 147 13, 758 14, 777 12, 828 35, 284 | \$ 990,443 549,485 807,312 1,879,538 2,029,990 4,283,133 | \$ cts. 30 98 27 81 -58 68 127 19 158 25 121 39 |

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Great B | ritain. | - United | States. | Other Countries. | | Total. | |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------|
| Ferro-silicon containing not more than 15 per cent silicon | · Tons | Value \$ | Tons 345-2 | Value \$ \$22,209 | Tons | Value \$ | Tons 345·2 | Value \$ \$22,209 |
| Spiegeleisen and ferro-manganese containing | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | ····· | 0.6 | 225 | | - | . 0.6- | 225 |
| over 15 per cent manganese Spiegeleisen and ferro-manganese containing not more than 15 per cent manganese and | 9,845 | 1,801,568 | 23,953 | 1,913,284 | . 225 | 29,130 | 34,023 | 3,743,982 |
| other ferro-products, n.o.p. | 45.6 | 137,389 | 869-5 | 379,328 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | $915 \cdot 1$ | 516,717 |
| | 9,890.6 | 1,938,957 | 25,168.3 | 2, 315, <i>d</i> 46 | 225 | 29,130 | 35,283.9 | 4,283,133 |

Imports of Ferro-Alloys, 1918.

Imports of Ferro-Alloys, 1917.

| | Great | Britain. | United | States. | Tota | Total. | |
|---|------------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|
| Ferro-silicon containing not more than 15 per cent silicon Ferro-silicon containing more than 15 per cent silicon Spiegeleisen and ferro-manganese containing over 15 per cent manganese Spiegeleisen and ferro-manganese containing not more than 15 per cent man- ganese, and other ferro-products, n.o.p | Tons 4,144 128·3 | Value. S 506,358 17,119 | Tons 1,243·3 7·6 6,728 577·3 | Value. \$ \$50,067 2,126 863,733 530,587 | Tons 1,243.3 7.6 10,872 705.6 | Value. \$ \$50,067 2,120 1,430,091 547,700 | |
| | . 4,272.3 | 583,477 | 8,556-2 | 1,446,513 | 12,828.5 | 2,029,990 | |

The total quantity of pig-iron and ferro-alloys used in Canada arrived at by adding to the production the excess of imports over exports amounted in 1918 to 1,316,025 tons, as against 1,264,870 tons, in 1917, and 1,224,686 tons in 1916. Of the total amount consumed in 1918, 942,234 tons are reported as having been used in steel furnaces, leaving 373,791 tons credited to foundry and other uses. The consumption in steel furnaces included 897,537 tons of pig-iron and 44,697 tons of ferro-alloys.

The annual consumption since 1910 compiled upon the same basis is shown in the following table.

| Year. | Used in ste | el furnaces. | Credited to foundry and | Total consumption.* |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1910 | 690,913 700,679 | 8,143 21,359 | 361,914 422,847 | 1,060,970 |
| 1912. 1913. 1914. | 735,559 913,722 | 24,237 29,408 | 548,024 454,710 222,170 | 1,307,820 1,397,840 |
| 1914. 1915. 1916. | 748,114 949,444 | 13,941 25,940 | 197,199 249,302 | 959,254 1,224,686 |
| 1917 1918 | 1,112,082 897,537 | $\begin{array}{r} 34,779\\ 44,697\end{array}$ | 118,009 373,791 | 1,264,870 1,316,025 |

Consumption of Pig-Iron and Ferro-alloys.

* Production of pig-iron and ferro-alloys plus excess of imports over exports.

BOUNTIES.—A further attempt was made in 1918 to stimulate the production of pig-iron by means of bounty payments, though the assistance offered applies only to British Columbia.

The following Act received the sanction of the Provincial Government:—

"An Act respecting Bounties on Iron produced in the Province", (Assented to 23rd April, 1918.)

"His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia enacts as follows:—

1. This Act may be cited as the "Iron Bounties Act".

2. The Lieutenant-Governor in Council may enter into an agreement with any person, persons, or corporation whereby the Province will pay to such person, or persons, or corporation, out of the Consolidated Revenue Fund, bounties on pig-iron when manufactured within the Province, as follows:—

(a) In respect of pig-iron manufactured from ore, on the proportion produced from ore mined in the Province, a bounty not to exceed three dollars per ton of two thousand pounds:

(b) In respect of pig-iron manufactured from ore, on the proportion produced from ore mined outside the Province, a bounty not to exceed one dollar and fifty cents per ton of two thousand pounds.

3. Bounty, as on pig-iron under this Act, may be paid upon the molten iron from ore which in the electric furnace, Bessemer or other furnace enters into the manufacture of steel by the process employed in such furnace; the weight of such iron to be ascertained from the weight of the steel so manufactured. 4. The Minister of Mines shall be charged with the administration of this Act.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor in Council may make regulations to carry out the intent of this Act.

6. No bounty shall be paid under the provisions of this Act in respect of iron or steel manufactured after the thirty-first day of December, 1923."

No bounty on production was offered by the Dominion Government but because of the restriction on exports from the United States and the war necessity for an increased supply of pig-iron the War Trade Board was authorized by the Government under authority of Order-in-Council P.C. 1187 approved on the 18th of May, 1918. "To enter into communication with responsible parties for the rehabilitation of dormant blast furnaces and the construction of new undertakings for the production of pig-iron in Canada on the basis of a government guarantee for the purchase of their product for a series of years and at such reasonable prices as may be agreed upon and that a report thereon be made to the Government with the least possible delay".

Agreements were subsequently entered into with two firms for the re-building and operation of the dormant blast furnace plants at Midland and Parry Sound respectively. This form of assistance was, however, entirely a war measure and has been terminated in August of 1919.

Bounties were formerly paid by the Dominion Government during the years 1896 to 1912 inclusive, the total payments on account of iron and steel produced having been \$16,785,827 of which \$7,097,041 was paid on pig-iron; \$113,674 on puddled iron bars; \$6,706,990 on steel; and \$2,868,122 on manufactures of steel. The last bounty Acts were Chapter 24, Statutes of Canada 1907 and Chapter 33, Statutes of Canada 1910. (For copies see Annual Report on Mineral Production of Canada 1910).

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STEEL.

The production of steel during 1918 was reported from 27 separate plants (including 8 electric furnace plants) operated by 24 companies, being the same number of plants as were active in 1917.

The total production of steel ingots and direct steel castings during 1918 was 1,873,708 short tons (1,672,946 gross tons) as compared with 1,745,734 short tons (1,558,691 gross tons) in 1917. The 1918 production was more than double that of 1914.

The 1918 production included open-hearth steel 1,746,334 tons; electric steel 119,130; crucible and converter steels 8,244 tons. In 1917 the open-hearth production was 1,685,715 tons; electric steel 50,467 tons; crucible and converter steels 9,552 tons. In 1916 the open-hearth production was 1,400,883 tons; electric steel 19,639 tons; Bessemer, crucible, and other steels 7,727 tons.

The production of electric steel in 1915 was 5,625 tons, and in 1914 the first year for which a production was reported, 61 tons.

The total production of pig-iron, ferro-alloys, and steel in electric furnaces in 1918 was 191,869 tons as against a corresponding production in 1917 of 101,031 tons.

Statistics of the production of steel ingots and direct steel castings since 1894 are given in the following table. The figures for 1894 to 1906 inclusive have been collected and published by the American Iron and Steel Association, those for the years 1907 to 1918 have been collected by this Department.

Annual Production of Steel Ingots and Castings. (In short tons.)

| | Stee | Ingots. | | Steel Casting | s. | Total |
|-------|---|---|-----------------------------|---|--|---|
| Year. | Open- hearth. Besseme | Electric - T and other in steels. | otal Open- gots. heartlí | Electric and other steels. | Total castings. | ingots a casting |
| 394 | 459,240 225,90 443,442 135,51 535,988 203,7 580,932 222,60 651,676 209,8 692,236 231,0 824,818 301,90 608,83 203,11 962,411 19,4 1,377,387 1,4 | | 97,959 98,249 | 02 1, 151 51 713 13 1,003 85 599 63 740 45 2,556 17 3,026 15 1,759 84 2,683 96 7,050 984 2,683 96 7,050 30 10,813 | 5,922 5,047 7,286 10,521 16,773 21,753 9,764 15,016 18,684 20,003 34,401 42,243 17,074 31,067 30,546 54,443 | 28,7 19,6, 20,6 24,1 24,6 26,4 29,7 203,5 20,5 20,5 20,5 20,5 20,5 20,5 20,5 2 |

MATERIALS CHARGED TO STEEL FURNACES :- The total quantity of pigiron used in steel furnaces during 1918 was 897,537 tons of which 818,394 tons were produced by the firms reporting and 79,143 tons purchased. The quantity of ferro-alloys used was 44,697 tons, which included 8,720 tons of ferrosilicon and 35,977 tons of ferro-manganese and spiegeleisen. The total quantity of scrap iron and steel used was 1,068,434 tons of which 515,302 tons originated with the firms reporting and 553,132 tons were reported as purchased.

Ores used included 59 tons of manganese ore and 48,599 tons of iron ore, while 243,383 tons of limestone and dolomite were used and 17,307 tons of fluorspar.

In 1917 the quantity of pig-iron used, 1,112,082 tons included 993,805 tons produced by the firms reporting and 118,277 tons purchased. The scrap iron and steel used, 1,022,456 tons, included 527,400 tons originating with the firms reporting and 495,056 tons reported as purchased. A record of materials used in steel furnaces covering the past nine years

is shown in the following table:----

Pig-Iron, Scrap Iron, and other Materials Charged to Steel Furnaces.

| (In | short | tons.) |
|---------|-------|---|
| (~~~ ~ | | 00,0000 |

| · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Ycar. | Pig-iron. | Ferro- alloys. | Scrap Iron and Steel. | Iron Ore. | Manganese Ore. | Fluorspar. | Limestone and Dolomite. | | | | | | | |
| 1910 | $\begin{array}{c} 690,913\\ 700,769\\ 735,559\\ 913,722\\ 619,030\\ 748,114\\ 949,444\\ 1,112,082\\ 897,537\end{array}$ | 8, 143 21, 359 24, 237 20, 408 20, 252 13, 941 25, 940 34, 779 44, 697 | $\begin{array}{c} 211, 453\\ 278, 797\\ 336, 265\\ 406, 403\\ 286, 863\\ 413, 286\\ 469, 162\\ 1, 022, 456\\ 1, 068, 434 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 39, 332\\ 42, 892\\ 43, 006\\ 55, 018\\ 37, 686\\ 74, 872\\ 55, 059\\ 39, 793\\ 48, 599\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 1,317\\829\\985\\-1,342\\723\\908\\1,578\\2,726\\59\end{array}$ | 7,461 8,067 9,709 10,687 7,845 13,520 13,213 17,084 17,307 | 144, 110 130, 270 148, 045 197, 028 114, 859 252, 045 224, 772 231, 563 243, 383 | | | | | | | |

905hrs (\$97706) were use

in pheil fer mey, v while The tabulated statement shows the increasing quantities of scrap metal used in the production of steel. In 1918 much more than half the iron charged to the furnaces was in the form of scrap metal. For each 100 tons of pig-iron used in 1918 the quantity of scrap charged was 119 tons. In 1917 the quantity of scrap used was 91 tons to each 100 tons of pig-iron and in the two preceding years the ratios were $55 \cdot 2$ tons and $46 \cdot 3$ tons respectively.

The exports of scrap-iron and steel in 1918 are reported as 51,545 tons valued at \$853,097, or an average of \$16.55 per ton, as against exports in 1917 of 176,571 tons valued at \$2,300,022, or an average of \$13.02 per ton, and exports in 1916 of 114,300 tons valued at \$1,357,018, or an average of \$11.87 per ton.

From 1900 to 1912 the annual exports of scrap varied considerably, the lowest being 4,208 tons in 1911 and the highest 24,109 tons in 1905. During the past six years the exports have greatly increased.

The total imports of scrap-iron and scrap-steel in 1918 are reported as 57,189 tons valued at \$775,526, or an average of \$13.56, as against imports in 1917 of 20,654 tons valued at \$454,079, or an average of \$21.99 per ton, and imports in 1916 of 11,574 tons valued at \$179,751, or an average of \$15.53 per ton.

In 1913 the imports exceeded 100,000 tons and during the preceding 20 years' the imports varied from 8,000 tons to 70,000 tons per annum.

Tabulated records of the exports and imports of scrap-iron and steel were published in the report on production of iron and steel 1916.

Finished Rolled Iron and Steel.

Production of Finished Rolled Products, 1895-1912.

| Years. | Gross tons. | Years. | Gross tons. | Years. | Gross tons. |
|--------|--|--|---|--------|---|
| 1895 | 66,402 75,043 77,021 90,303 110,642 100,690 | 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 | $\begin{array}{r} 112,007\\ 161,485\\ 129,516\\ 180,038\\ 385,826\\ 571,742\end{array}$ | 1907 | $\begin{array}{r} 600,179\\ 496,517\\ 662,741\\ 739,811\\ 781,924\\ 861,224\end{array}$ |

Production of Finished Rolled Forms by Leading Products.

| Products. | 1913. | 1914. | 1915. | 1916. | 1917. | 1918. |
|--|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Rails. Structural shapes, and wire rods | 506,709 .68,048 | 382,344 59,050 | 209,752 114,829 | 81,497 174,490 | 41,349 189,687 | 145,309 141,978 |
| Plates and sheets, nail plate, merchant bars, tie-plate bars, etc | 392, 340 | 218,125 | 328,737 | 707,823 | 745,162 | 714,021 |
| Total, gross tons | 967,097 | 659, 519 | 653,318 | 963,810 | 976,198 | 1,001,308 |

Production of Finished Rolled Forms, showing Iron and Steel separately, Gross tons, 1904-1918.

| Years. | Iron. | Steel. | Total. | Years. | Iron. | Steel. | Total. |
|--------|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| 1904 | $\begin{array}{r} 53,188\\67,421\\78,898\\81,093\\65,505\\79,636\\83,918\\86,383\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 126,850\\ 318,405\\ 492,844\\ 519,086\\ 431,012\\ 583,105\\ 655,893\\ 695,541 \end{array}$ | $180,038\\385,826\\571,742\\600,179\\496,517\\662,741\\739,811\\781,924$ | 1912 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 | $\begin{array}{c} 109,012\\ 95,881\\ 47,309\\ 40,797\\ 76,478\\ 101,795\\ 96,296 \end{array}$ | 752,212 871,216 612,210 612,521 887,332 874,403 905,012 | 861,224 967,097 659,519 653,318 963,810 976,198 1,001,308 |

| Years. | Gross tons. | Years. | Gross`tons. | Years. | Gross tons. | Years. | Gross tons. |
|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| 1895 1896 1897 1898 1898 1899 1900 | 600 600 500 600 *835 700 | 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 | $\begin{array}{r} 891\\ 33,950\\ 1,243\\ 36,216\\ 178,885\\ 312,877\end{array}$ | 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 | $\begin{array}{r} 311,461\\ 268,692\\ 344,830\\ 366,465\\ 360,547\\ 423,885\end{array}$ | 1913 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 | $506,709\\382,344\\209,752\\81,497\\41,349\\145,309$ |

Production of Steel Rails, 1895-1918.

* Includes a few tons of iron rails.

Rolling Mill Production:-Statistics of the production of rolled iron and steel products have been received from all firms operating iron and steel rolling mills in Canada. The principal finished rolled products are steel rails, wire rods and merchant bars with an increasing production of structural shapes, plates and sheets. A large tonnage of rolled blooms and billets is used for forging purposes, while during the past two or three years there has been a small export of rolled slabs, blooms and billets.

The total production in 1918 of finished rolled products (including blooms, billets and axle blanks, rolled for forging purposes, and blooms, billets and slabs rolled for export sale) was 1,164,610 short tons, of which 104,328 tons were rolled iron and 1,060,282 tons rolled steel. The total production of rolled products included steel rails 162,747 net tons, wire rods 154,789 tons; merchant bars and rods and structural shapes 425,017 tons; plates and sheets 26,413 tons; rolled blooms and billets for forging purposes and rolled blooms, billets, or slabs sold for export 395,644 tons.

The annual production of rolling mills in so far as the record has been obtained by this Department is as follows:---

Annual Production of Rolling Mills.

(In short tons.)

| Year. | Steel Rails. | Wire Rods. | Bars and Plates. | Other Products.* |
|---|---|--|---|---|
| 1908. 1909. 1910. 1911. 1912. 1913. 1914. 1915. 1916. 1917. 1917. 1918. | $\begin{array}{c} 300, 935\\ 377, 642\\ 399, 762\\ 399, 760\\ 471, 422\\ 554, 481\\ 428, 226\\ 232, 411\\ 90, 123\\ 46, 645\\ 162, 747\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 41,420\\ 81,762\\ 88,456\\ 85,811\\ 68,174\\ 57,389\\ 63,856\\ 124,381\\ 179,226\\ 195,302\\ 154,789\end{array}$ | 128,940 202,023 267,797 269,096 143,754 294,595 619,500 631,389 451,430 | 28,354 62,674 -36,441 51,654 42,077 34,355 152,664 87,151 (a) 395,644 |

* Includes forged products, angle splice bars, and rail fastenings.
 (a) Products rolled for forging purposes only and blooms, billets or slabs sold for export. All other rolled iron and steel, except rails and wire rods, included with bars and plates.

The record of production of finished rolled iron and steel in Canada, collected and published by the American Iron and Steel Institute and the American Iron. and Steel Association, which covers a longer period of time and is possibly more complete than that given above, is shown in the following tables quoted from the Annual Statistical Report of the American Iron and Steel Institute for 1918.

STEEL BILLETS:-Canadian steel billets were not quoted on the Montreal market during 1918. In Pittsburgh the fixed price of \$47.50 continued until December average was \$2 per ton less. November.

Monthly Prices of Mild Steel Billets at Montreal.*

| | 1909. | 1910. | 1911. | 1912. | 1913. | 1914. | 1915. | 1916. | · 1917. | 1918. |
|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|--|---|---|---------------|
| January February. March. April May June. July. August. September. October. November. December. | \$ cts. 26 00 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 50 26 50 26 50 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 25 26 50 26 25 26 25 26 50 26 50 2 | \$ cts. 26 50 26 50 25 75 25 50 25 50 2 | \$ cts. 27 00 27 00 27 00 26 75 25 75 25 75 25 00 25 00 25 00 23 75 23 75 23 75 24 75 | \$ ets. 24 75 23 75 23 75 23 75 23 75 23 75 23 75 23 75 23 75 23 75 24 25 24 75 25 25 25 25 25 25 26 00 | \$ cts. 26 50 30 00 30 00 31 00 29 00 29 00 28 00 26 50 25 50 | \$ cts. 24 50 24 50 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2 | \$ cts. 24 75 24 75 26 50 26 50 26 50 26 50 26 50 29 50 31 00 31 00 31 00 32 00 34 00 | \$ cts. 39 50 39 50 45 50 34 50 44 50 44 50 44 50 44 50 44 50 46 00 52 00 53 50 | \$ cts. 53 50 53 50 53 50 60 00 ** | \$ cts. ** |
| Average | 26 29 | 25 91 | 25 71 | 24 40 | 28 50 | 25 23 | 28 29 | 45 08 | | |

*Average price per ton of 2,240 pounds, f.o.b. Montreal in the first week of each month, quotations supplied by the Dominion Iron & Steel Co., Ltd. **No quotations.

Average Monthly Prices of Bessemer Steel Billets at Pittsburgh,* per

gross ton.

| | 1908. | 1909. | 1910. | 1911. | 1912. | 1913. | 1914. | 1915. | 1916. | 1917. | 1918, |
|--|---|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|
| January February March April May June July August September October November December | \$ cts. 28 00 28 00 28 00 28 00 28 00 28 00 25 75 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 | \$ ets. 25 00 25 00 23 00 23 00 23 00 23 00 23 50 24 13 25 00 26 25 27 13 27 50 | \$ ots. 27 50 27 50 27 50 26 12 25 30 25 00 24 62 24 40 23 75 23 30 23 00 | \$ cts. 23 00 23 00 23 00 23 00 22 60 21 00 21 00 21 00 20 75 20 00 19 50 19 25 | \$ cts. 20 00 20 00 19 75 20 00 20 80 20 87 21 50 22 12 23 62 26 00 27 00 27 00 | \$ cts. 28 30 28 50 28 50 28 50 28 50 27 37 26 50 26 60 24 87 23 30 21 00 20 00 | \$ ets. 20 13 21 00 21 00 20 80 20 00 19 50 19 00 20 25 21 00 20 00 19 25 19 00 | \$ cts. 19 25 19 50 20 00 20 00 20 50 21 38 23 13 24 10 24 63 30 60 | $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{\$ cts.}\\ 32\ 00\\ 33\ 50\\ 42\ 40\\ 45\ 00\\ 45\ 00\\ 43\ 50\\ 41\ 00\\ 44\ 20\\ 45\ 00\\ 44\ 20\\ 45\ 00\\ 46\ 25\\ 52\ 00\\ 57\ 50\\ \end{array}$ | \$ cts. 63 00 65 00 66 25 73 75 86 00 98 75 100 00 86 00 66 25 49 38 47 50 47 50 | \$ cts. 47 50 47 50 |

*As compiled and published by The Iron Age, New York.

The exports of steel in the form of "billets, blooms and ingots" were in 1918, 61,782 tons valued at \$2,645,943, or an average of \$42.83 per ton, as against exports during the nine months ending December 1917, of 41,558 tons valued at \$1,831,917, or an average of \$44.08 per ton.

There has been a considerable annual importation, as shown in the accompanying tables, of iron and steel billets, and of iron and steel ingots, blooms, slabs, puddled bars, etc. The export records of the United States appear to show considerably larger exports of these products to Canada than is included in the Canadian record, a difference which may be due to the inclusion in the Canadian record, under a general item, of considerable quantities of material, free of duty, for the use of the Imperial Government.

According to the United States record¹, there was exported from that country to Canada during the calendar year 1918, billets, ingots and blooms of steel, 247,332 gross tons (277,012 short tons) valued at \$19,787,779, or an average of \$80 per gross ton. In 1917 the corresponding exports to Canada were 150,533 gross tons (168,597 short tons) valued at \$11,962,280, or an average of \$70.95, per short ton and in 1916, 105,260 gross tons (117,891 short tons) valued at \$6,657,538, or an average of \$56.43 per short ton.

Monthly Summary of Foreign Commerce of the United States, Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C.

| Fiscal Year | Iron and not less that | steel billets y n 60 pounds p yard. | veighing er lineal | Iron or stee blooms, slabs or other for than iron or s vanced than | fron or steel ingots, cogged ingots, ooms, slabs, puddled bars and loops, r other forms, n.o.p., less finished an iron or steel bars, but more ad- anced than pig-iron, except castings. | | Steel billets, n.o.p. | | p. | Tot | al. |
|--|--|---|-----------------------|---|--|--|--|--|----------|--|--|
| | Short tons. | Value. | Per ton. | Short tons. | Value. | Per ton. | Short tons. | Value. | Per ton. | Short tons. | Value. |
| 1908. 1909. 1910. 1911. 1912. Calendar Year. 1913. 1914. 1915. 1916*. 1917*. 1918*. | $14,866\\3,940\\28,358\\44,457\\85,852\\51,765\\12,247\\32,210\\12,627\\10,186\\2,992$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$ \\ 416,163 \\ 95,350 \\ 518,102 \\ 861,036 \\ 1,593,665 \\ 1,178,151 \\ 241,234 \\ 715,493 \\ 495,625 \\ 663,668 \\ 232,065 \end{array}$ | | $\begin{array}{r} 4,722\\ 3,715\\ 5,775\\ 3,228\\ 2,608\\ 665\\ 155\\ 10,980\\ 7,946\\ 10,243\\ 374\end{array}$ | \$ 135,177 53,135 97,333 68,616 52,063 19,379 3,348 316,814 385,816 714,908 27,537 | $\begin{array}{c} & {\color{black}{\text{s}}} \\ & 28 \\ & 28 \\ & 28 \\ & 63 \\ & 14 \\ & 30 \\ & 16 \\ & 85 \\ & 21 \\ & 26 \\ & 19 \\ & 97 \\ & 29 \\ & 61 \\ & 21 \\ & 65 \\ & 28 \\ & 85 \\ & 47 \\ & 29 \\ & 69 \\ & 79 \\ & & 73 \\ & 71 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 1,634\\ 1,232\\ 2,682\\ 711\\ 729\\ 453\\ 647\\ 10,928\\ 303\\ 348\\ 43\\ \end{array}$ | \$ 48,672 31,869 63,089 19,940 17,242 14,784 15,121 238,380 14,005 22,573 2,608 | | $\begin{array}{c} 21,222\\8,887\\36,815\\48,396\\89,189\\-52,873\\13,049\\54,118\\20,876\\20,777\\-3,409\end{array}$ | \$ 600, 012 180, 354 678, 524 949, 592 1, 662, 970 1, 212, 314 259, 700 1, 270, 087 895, 446 1, 401, 149 262, 210 |

Imports of Iron and Steel Ingots, Blooms, Billets, etc.

*Import record not complete. See explanation in text.

.The second table following shows for a number of years the exports of billets, ingots and blooms of steel from the United States to Canada. The principal difference between this and the Canadian record appears to be for the years 1916, 1917, and 1918. There is also shown in this table a record of the exports from the United States to Canada of steel rails, sheets and plates, structural iron and steel, tin plate, etc., wire and manufactures of wire, pipe and fittings and metal working machinery.

| Calendar Year. | Billets, | Ingots and Steel. | Blooms | of Ste | el Rails for | Railways. | § | Sheets and | Plates. | Stru | ctural Iron | and Steel. |
|----------------|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|---|--|---|
| , a | Short tons. | Value. | Valı per t | ie. Short on. tons. | Value | e. Vali per te | ne Short on. tons. | Value | . Valu per te | ie Short on. tons. | Value | Value per ton. |
| 1910 | 23,160 64,020 92,976 45,568 16,044 65,504 117,891 168,597 277,012 | S 461,202 1,262,73 1,941,01 964,37 311,26 1,528,15 6,657,53 11,962,28 11,962,28 19,787,77 | \$ 4 19 2 19 5 20 3 21 7 19 5 23 8 56 0 70 9 71 | cts. 91 28,32 72 98,61 83 149,32 16 181,44 40 25,94 33 8,52 44 46,01 95 54,02 43 74,54 | \$ 32 750, 33 2,409, 33 3,709, 98 4,701, 199 685, 230, 11 1,586, 3,163, 15 3,163, | S 424 26 110 25 559 26 468 26 637 27 639 34 301 42 | $\begin{array}{c} \text{cts.} \\ 44 \\ 34 \\ 44 \\ 42 \\ 207,20 \\ 07 \\ 223,71 \\ 48 \\ 255,93 \\ 57 \\ 256,94 \\ 43 \\ 275,44 \end{array}$ | \$ | \$ 721 34 494 33 270 34 640 57 008 90 654 88 | $\begin{array}{c} {\rm cts.} \\ & & 83,83 \\ & & 115,42 \\ & & 190,34 \\ 70 & 322,76 \\ 09 & 125,45 \\ 78 & 110,72 \\ 49 & 125,16 \\ 05 & 131,38 \\ 15 & 124,45 \\ \end{array}$ | \$ 8 3,346, 0 4,113, 6 6,823, 6 10,463, 7 3,454, 5 3,063, 9 9,788, 3 9,235, 2 8,211, | \$ cts. 393 39 91 553 35 64 072 35 85 154 32 42 372 27 53 362 27 67 008 46 25 063 70 29 009 65 98 |
| , | ; | | - | | | - | , | | | | • • | |
| Calordar Voo | · , / | | Tin Pla | ate, Terne Pl Taggers Tin | ates and | | Wire. | • | Pi | pe and Fittin | gs. | Metal Working Machinery. |
| Calendar 1 ea | | | Short tons. | Value. | Value per ton. | ' Short tons. | Value. | 'Value per ton. | Short tons. | Value. | Value per ton. | Value. |
| 1910 | | | $\begin{array}{c} 12,473\\ 32,095\\ 52,746\\ 51,524\\ 39,770\\ 43,854\\ 57,633\\ 66,329\\ 72,480 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & $ | $\begin{array}{c c} \$ & \text{cts.} \\ 70 & 69 \\ 69 & 90 \\ 69 & 44 \\ 74 & 57 \\ 65 & 75 \\ 62 & 90 \\ \$1 & 45 \\ 13\$ & 11 \\ 160 & 57 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 47,074\\ 62,895\\ 64,354\\ 53,749\\ 53,254\\ 51,963\\ 66,690\\ 54,547\\ 37,580\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} & S\\ 2,077,092\\ 2,670,765\\ 2,496,781\\ 2,143,449\\ 2,083,150\\ 2,159,436\\ 4,289,572\\ 4,456,359\\ 3,838,233\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$ & \text{cts.} \\ 44 & 12 \\ 42 & 46 \\ 38 & 80 \\ 39 & 88 \\ 39 & 12 \\ 41 & 56 \\ 64 & 32 \\ 81 & 70 \\ 102 & 13 \end{array}$ | 30,008 40,485 86,103 79,929 15,374 22,108 21,758 15,015 | \$ 1,371,399 1,853,764 4,288,887 4,093,699 | $\begin{array}{c} $ cts. \\ 45 70 \\ 45 79 \\ 49 81 \\ 51 22 \\ \hline \\ 62 10 \\ 77 70 \\ 113 49 \\ 138, 12 \\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$ \\ 466,216 \\ 1,083,718 \\ 1,885,241 \\ 1,888,463 \\ 767,064 \\ 4,336,065 \\ 7,929,989 \\ 5,542,853 \\ 4,813,823 \end{array}$ |

Exports of Various Iron and Steel Products from the United States to Canada.

.^

STEEL RAILS:—The production of steel rails in Canada during 1918 was 162,747 short tons, as against 46,645 short tons in 1917 and 90,123 short tons in 1916. The annual production from 1905 to 1915 varied between 200,000 tons and 560,000 tons per annum.

The exports of steel rails during 1918 were 12,952 tons valued at \$575,062, or an average of \$44.40 per ton, as against exports during the nine months ending December 1917, of 26,402 tons valued at \$1,605,742, or an average value per ton of \$60.82. The imports of steel rails as per Canadian Customs records were 7,787 tons valued at \$404,417, or an average of \$51.93 per ton, as against imports in 1917 of 18,160 tons valued at \$689,197, or an average of \$37.95 per ton. United States trade records show exports of steel rails to Canada during 1918 of 74,545 tons valued at \$3,163,301 or an average of \$42.43 per ton and during 1917 exports to Canada of 54,088 tons valued at \$1,815,768, or an average of \$33.57 per ton. (See preceding table.)

The annual imports of steel rails from 1895 to 1905 ranged between 50,000 tons and 212,000 tons averaging about 125,000 tons. From 1906 to date, however, or since the establishment of the rail mills at Sydney and Sault Ste. Marie, the imports have fallen to an annual average of about 60,000 tons, the variation being between a minimum of 10,420 tons in 1915 and a maximum of 177,041 tons in 1913.

WIRE Rops:—The production of wire rods in Canadian rolling mills in 1918 was 154,789 tons as compared with 195,392 tons in 1917 and 179,226 tons in 1916. From 1908 to 1914 inclusive the average annual production was about 70,000 tons. The imports of wire rods in the coil in 1918 were 42,838 tons valued at \$2,416,702, or an average of \$56.42 per ton, as compared with imports in 1917 of 55,314 tons valued at \$3,536,504, or an average of \$63.93 per ton. The annual imports have varied between rather wide limits, having been as high as 55,000 tons in 1902 and less than 10,000 tons in 1908 the highest import having been reached during the fiscal year of 1913 with a total of 91,919 tons.

| Calendar Year. | Short - Tons. | Value. | Value per ton. | Calendar Year. | Short tons. | Value. | Value per ton. |
|----------------------|----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1913 1914 1915 | 79,608 65,250 71,839 | \$ 1,962,235 .1,472,597 1,695,842 | \$ cts. 24 65 22 57 23 60 | 1916 1917 V9.146 | 66,166 55,314 | \$ 3;069,162 3,536,504 | \$ cts. 46 39 63 93 |

Annual Imports of Wire Rods.*

*Rolled iron wire rods in the coil of iron or steel not over $\frac{3}{8}$ inch in diameter when imported by wire manufacturers for use in making wire in the coil in their own factories. Rolled round rods in the coil of iron or steel for the manufacture of chains.

| Average | Monthly | Prices | of | Bessemer | Wir <u>e</u> | Rods | at | Pittsburgh*, | per |
|---------|---------|--------|----|------------|--------------|------|----|--------------|-----|
| | | | | gross ton. | | | | | |

| S cts. S | • • • • • • • • | 1909. 19 | 910. 1911. | 1912. | 1913. | 1914. | 1915. | 1916. | 1917. | 1918. |
|---|---|---|---|-------|---|---|--|--|--|---|
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | January February March. April May June July September October November December | $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | $\begin{array}{c ccccc} cts. & $cts. \\ c | | $\begin{array}{c} \$ & cts. \\ 30 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \\ 30 & 00 \\ 20 & 50 \\ 28 & 30 \\ 28 & 00 \\ 27 & 37\frac{1}{2} \\ 26 & 60 \\ 25 & 87\frac{1}{2} \\ 25 & 17 \end{array}$ | \$ cts. 25 50 26 38 26 50 26 00 25 50 24 50 24 50 25 00 26 20 26 20 25 88 25 88 25 25 25 00 | \$ cts. 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 00 25 63 27 00 29 40 31 75 39 00 | \$ cts. 43 00 48 00 54 80 60 00 53 75 55 75 55 00 55 00 55 00 63 00 68 75 | \$ cts. 75 00 81 00 85 00 96 25 94 00 88 75 77 25 57 00 57 00 | \$ cts. 57 00 57 00 |

*As compiled and published by The Ir on Age, New York.

The average monthly price of wire rods in Pittsburgh was fixed by Government order on October 11th, 1917, at \$57 per gross ton and this price remained in force throughout 1918.

TIN PLATE:—There has been as yet no production of tin plate in Canada. The imports during 1918 were 72,844 tons valued at \$11,403,887, or an average of \$156.55 per ton as compared with imports in 1917 of 66,676 tons valued at \$9,985,631, or an average of \$149.76 per ton. The imports during the past ten years have averaged about 42,500 tons per annum.

A development is now in progress which has as its object the establishment of a tin plate manufacturing industry in Canada. The electric steel furnace plant and buildings of the British Forgings, Ltd., at Toronto have been purchased by Baldwins Canadian Steel Corporation, Ltd., which firm has under construction a mill for the manufacture of steel sheets to include black sheets, galvanized sheets and tin plate. It is anticipated that this plant may be ready for operation toward the middle of 1920.

| Calendar Year. | Tons. | Value. | _ Calendar Year. | Tons. | - Value. |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 | $\begin{array}{c} 36,904\\ 39,101\\ 47,006\\ 60,502\\ 58,031 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} \$ \\ 2,216,089 \\ 2,475,010 \\ 3,172,943 \\ 3,826,735 \\ 3,954,615 \end{array}$ | 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 | 50,791 45,165 57,543 66,676 72,844 | \$ 3,151,385 2,883,951 5,221,163 9,985,631 11,403,887 |

Annual Imports of Tin Plate.

Exports and Imports of Iron and Steel Goods.

Canada imports large quantities of iron and steel, much larger quantities than are manufactured in domestic steel mills. Reference has already been made to exports and imports of a few specific products; the following, however, is a general summary of the available records relating to exports and imports of iron and steel as compiled from the reports of the Customs Department. Mention has already been made of the fact that some of these records such as imports of billets, steel rails, and pig-iron, are apparently incomplete. It is assumed that considerable quantities of these products have been imported by and for the use of the Imperial Government as munitions of war and entered under a special item of the Custom classification to cover such imports instead of under the usual classification. This fact should be kept in mind in analysing the situation, since it may explain a number of apparent discrepancies between these records and those available from other sources, such, for instance, as the United States Department of Commerce records of Foreign Trade.

The exports of iron and steel from Canada have consisted chiefly of manufactured goods, such as agricultural implements, automobiles, bicycles, machinery, etc. During the past two years, however, there have been considerable exports of steel rails, billets, rods and wire products.

The total recorded value of iron and steel exported during the calendar year 1918, was \$54,764,742, as compared with a value of exports in 1917 of \$46,791,681.

The exports in 1918 included: pig-iron and ferro-alloys, 25,911 tons valued at \$2,840,929; scrap-iron and steel, 51,545 tons valued at \$853,097; wire and wire nails valued at \$6,294,195; billets, bars, rods and rails, 180,019 tons valued at \$13,533,662; agricultural implements valued at \$5,684,770; automobiles and bicycles, \$6,092,572; other manufactures of iron and steel, \$19,465,517.

The exports during 1917 included: pig-iron and ferro-alloys, 45,293 tons valued at \$3,040,738; scrap-iron and steel, 176,591 tons valued at \$2,300,022; wire and wire nails, 105,482 tons valued at \$9,823,700; billets, bars, rods and rails during the last nine months of the year, 109,281 tons valued at \$7,071,446;

agricultural implements valued at \$5,430,906; automobiles and bicycles, \$6,711,888; other manufactures of iron and steel, \$12,412,981.

The exports during 1916 included: pig-iron and ferro-alloys, 46,106 tons valued at \$1,726,396; scrap-iron and steel, 114,300 tons valued at \$1,357,018; wire and wire nails, 122,526 tons valued at \$8,597,320; agricultural implements valued at \$3,740,494; automobiles and bicycles, \$6,807,499; other manufactures of iron and steel, \$729,831.

| Exports of | Iron | and S | teel Go | ods, th | ie Pr | oducts | s of | Canada, | during | the |
|------------|------|-------|---------|---------|-------|--------|------|---------|--------|-----|
| - | - | Ca | alendar | Years | 1917 | and 1 | 918. | 4 | - | |

| | | 1917. | | | 1918. | |
|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| | Quantity. | Value. | Average Value. | Quantity. | Value. | Average Value. |
| Stoves | | \$ 50,451 | \$ · . | | \$ 84,640 | ``\$ |
| Castings, n.e.s. \$ Pig-iron | 12,081 33,212 -41,321 -41,321 -41,558 -26,402 -105,482 -105,482 -1,883 -176,591 | $\begin{array}{c} 583,297\\ 423,814\\ 2,616,924\\ 3,633,787\\ 1,831,917\\ 1,605,742\\ 9,823,700\\ 6,977\\ 2,499,581\\ 157,809\\ 6,400\\ 97,904\\ 2,300,022\\ 940,347\\ 917,177\\ 917,177\\ 150,923\\ \end{array}$ | 35.08 78.79 87.94 44.08 60.82 93.13 51.99 13.02 | 2,130 23,781 105,285 61,782 -12,952 -2,70,000 3,461 -51,545 | $\begin{array}{c} 516,742\\ 169,495\\ 2,671,434\\ 10,312,657\\ 2,645,943\\ 575,062\\ 6,294,195\\ 5,937\\ 5,349,457\\ 50,054\\ 14,447\\ 192,401\\ 853,097\\ 1,962,883\\ 1,995,603\\ 115,120\end{array}$ | 79.58 112.33 97.95 42.83 44.40 |
| All other fron and steel\$ Agricultural implements | $\begin{array}{c} 12,149\\ 2,771\\ 6,240\\ 9,502\\ 25,354\\ 4,003\\ 4,704\\ 26\\ 1,172\\ 6,336\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,000,678\\ 486,593\\ 188,897\\ 314,435\\ 1,158,751\\ 1,150,386\\ 93,009\\ 116,395\\ 2,621\\ 274,764\\ 170,611\\ 297,040\\ 1,025,275\\ 4,561,875\\ 2,035,769\\ 61,984\\ 52,260\\ 152,275\\ \end{array}$ | 40.16 68.17 50.39 121.05 45.37 26.86 100.81 234.44 26.93 | 8,694 457 8,997 5,549 5,104 1,126 37 478 3,383 10,361 93 1,395 | 8,907,060 566,878 39,573 791,590 989,031 1,536,550 141,871 43,315 3,432 219,174 147,724 371,667 833,965 5,076,076 919,738 4,951 91,807 271,173 | 65 • 20 86 • 55 87 • 98 178 • 24 27 • 80 38 • 47 92 • 70 458 • 52 43 • 67 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • |
| Total | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 46, 791, 681 | | | 54, 764, 742 | ····· |

Annual Exports of Iron and Steel Products since 1909.

| Calendar Year. | Value. | Calendar Year. | Value. | Calendar Year. | Value. |
|-------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--------|----------------|-----------------------------|
| 1909* 1910 1911 1912 | \$ 7,172,413 7,895,489 9,907,281 10,682,484 | 1913 1914 1915 1916 | | 1917 1918 | \$ 46,791,681 54,764,742 |

*Agricultural implements, automobiles and bicycles included in 1909 and subsequent years.

Separate records covering a period of years, of the annual exports of pig-iron and ferro-alloys and of scrap iron and steel have already been given on previous pages. The total value of the imports of iron and steel goods during the calendar year 1918, subject to the explanation already made in respect to certain products not recorded under the usual and regular classification and therefore omitted from this record was \$169,538,669, as compared with a value of \$187,191,534 imported during the calendar year 1917, and \$129,090,241 imported during the calendar year 1916.

Between 1895 and 1904 the imports of iron and steel increased from about \$8,600,000 to over \$40,000,000. During the next five years there was comparatively little change, but from 1909 to 1913 the increase was again very rapid. During the latter part of 1913 there was, however, a distinct check to imports with the heavy falling off shown in 1914 and 1915. These imports include all classes of manufactured iron and steel goods as well as those of cruder form. In many cases the values only of the imported goods are given, so that a total tonnage of imports cannot be stated. In the case of most of the cruder materials, however, the quantities are given and a compilation of these showing the importation of the cruder forms of iron and steel since 1909 is shown in the accompanying tables.

Thus, during the twelve months ending December 31, 1918, there were imported 786,097 tons of iron and steel valued at \$70,493,861 or an average of \$89.68 per ton, together with other iron and steel goods the quantities of which are not stated, valued at \$99,044,808.

During the twelve months ending December 31, 1917, there were imported 929,776 tons of iron and steel valued at \$84,448,580, or an average of \$90.83 per ton, together with other iron and steel goods, the quantities of which are not stated, valued at \$102,742,954.

During the twelve months ending December 31, 1916, there were imported 864,916 tons of iron and steel valued at \$52,114,258, or an average of \$60.25 per ton, together with other iron and steel goods of which the quantities are not stated, valued at \$76,975,990.

|)) [| | 1917. | | | 1918. | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| Material. | Tons. | Value. | Average. | Tons. | Value. | Average. |
| Pig-iron and kentledge Ferro-alloys and chrome steel Ingots, blooms, billets, | 83,416 12,886 | $\begin{array}{c}&&&\mathrm{S}\\&2,764,165\\&2,045,595\end{array}$ | \$ 33 · 14 158 · 75 | 67,397 35,576 | $\begin{array}{c} & & \\ & & \\ & 2,102,435 \\ & 4,335,109 \end{array}$ | \$ 31 · 19 . 121 · 87 |
| puddled bars, etc Scrap iron and sorap steel Plates and sheets Tin plates and sheets Bars, rods, hoops, bands, etc Structural iron and steel Rails and connexions Pipe and fittings (a) Nails and spikes Wire (a) Forgings, castings and manifactures | $(b) 20,777 \\ 20,654 \\ 185,074 \\ 66,676 \\ 228,512 \\ 185,965 \\ 22,213 \\ 2,348 \\ 10,928 \\ 51,764 \\ 38,563 \\ \end{cases}$ | $1,401,149 \\ 454,070 \\ 17,582,700 \\ 9,985,631 \\ 22,567,187 \\ 15,282,012 \\ 044,595 \\ 143,124 \\ 892,021 \\ 4,409,376 \\ 5,976,946 \\ \end{cases}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 67\cdot46\\ 21\cdot99\\ 95\cdot00\\ 149\cdot76\\ 98\cdot76\\ 82\cdot18\\ 42\cdot52\\ 60\cdot96\\ 81\cdot63\\ 85\cdot18\\ 154\cdot98\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} (c)3,409\\ 57,189\\ 158,613\\ .72,844\\ .171,116\\ .145,215\\ .10,152\\ .1,906\\ 4,500\\ 36,360\\ 21,820\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 262,210\\ 775,526\\ 14,114,139\\ 11,403,887\\ 17,849,982\\ 11,004,159\\ 561,970\\ 128,257\\ 404,013\\ 3,721,514\\ 3,829,760\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 76.91 \\ 13.56 \\ 88.98 \\ 156.55 \\ 104.31 \\ 75.78 \\ 55.36 \\ 67.29 \\ 89.98 \\ 102.35 \\ 175.52 \end{array}$ |
| Total Other iron and steel pro- ducts valued at | (b)929,776 | 84,448,580 102,742,954 | 90.83 | (c)786,097 | 70,493,861 99,044,808 | <u>89.68</u> |
| Total value of imports of iron and steel | | 187, 191, 534 | · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 169, 538, 669 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |

Summary of Imports of Iron and Steel, 1917 and 1918.

(a) There are additional imports of pipe and wire included under "other iron and steel products."
 (b) This figure should be increased by nearly 150,000 tons and the value in proportion, because of the imports of steel billets entered under a general classification. See explanation under steel billets, page No.

(c) For the same reason as indicated under note (b) this item should perhaps be increased by about 277,000 tons and a value over \$19,000,000.

Summary of Tonnage of Iron and Steel Imported during Calendar Years 1913-1917.

| Material. | 1913 <i>.</i> | 1914. | 1915. | 1916. | 1917. |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|
| Pig-iron and iron kentledge Ferro-products and chrome steel Ingots, blooms, billets, puddled bars, etc Scrap iron and scrap steel. Plates and sheets. Tin plates and sheets. Bars, rods, hoops, bands, etc. Structural iron and steel. Rails and connexions. Pipe and fittings (a). Nails and spikes. Wire (a). Forgings, castings and manufactures | $\begin{array}{c} 236,769\\ 30,678\\ 52,872\\ 104,747\\ 365,675\\ 58,031\\ 277,879\\ 439,871\\ 182,421\\ 30,663\\ 7,584\\ 70,712\\ 32,604 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 78,680\\ 22,271\\ 13,049\\ 27,688\\ 227,633\\ 50,791\\ 148,368\\ 160,538\\ 42;064\\ 15,614\\ 4,864\\ 66,280\\ 20,339\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 47,482\\13,905\\54,118\\11,477\\224,484\\45,165\\156,990\\126,780\\12,481\\4,489\\1,522\\49,529\\22,585\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 58,330\\ 14,840\\ (c)20,876\\ 11,574\\ 225,439\\ 57,543\\ 198,652\\ 158,905\\ 14,003\\ 5,399\\ 4,103\\ 66,115\\ 29,137\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 83,416\\ 12,886\\ (b)20,778\\ 20,654\\ 185,074\\ 66,676\\ 228,512\\ 185,965\\ 22,213\\ 2,248\\ 10,928\\ 51,764\\ 38,562\\ \end{array}$ |
| Total | 1,890,506 | 878,179 | 771,007 | (c) 864, 916 | (b) 929,776 |

(In.short tons.)

(a) There are additional imports of pipe and wire included under "other iron and steel products."
(b) See footnote to previous table.
(c) This figure should be increased by nearly 100,000 tons and the value in proportion, because of the imports of steel billets entered under a general classification. See explanation under steel billets, page No.

Summary of Tonnage of Iron and Steel Imported 1909-13.

(In short tons.)

| | | Twelve M | onths End: | ing March. | |
|---|--|--|--|---|--|
| . Material. | 1909. | 1910. | 1911. | 1912. | 1913. |
| Pig-iron and iron kentledge Ferro-products and chrome steel. Ingots, blooms, billets, puddled bars, etc. Scrap iron and scrap steel. Plates and sheets. Tin plates and sheets. Bars, rods, hoops, bands, etc. Structural iron and steel. Rails and connexions. Pipe and fittings. Nails and spikes. Wire. Forgings, castings, and manufactures. | $\begin{array}{c} 58, 591\\ 13, 206\\ 8, 887\\ 26, 212\\ 116, 610\\ 26, 859\\ 73, 261\\ 162, 732\\ 32, 543\\ 18, 309\\ 1, 611\\ 39, 375\\ 14, 394 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 159,506\\ 15,153\\ 36,819\\ 28,797\\ 200,575\\ 39,866\\ 117,159\\ 195,748\\ 55,183\\ 16,705\\ 3,476\\ 68,211\\ 18,093\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 270,102\\ 19,182\\ 48,395\\ 53,824\\ 205,690\\ 44,025\\ 183,865\\ 232,585\\ 36,690\\ 28,831\\ 3,374\\ 64,850\\ 24,523\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 201,112\\ 18,548\\ 89,190\\ 78,378\\ 243,461\\ 45,802\\ 195,139\\ 268,572\\ 97,062\\ 97,062\\ 20,627\\ 7,201\\ 69,597\\ 27,668 \end{array}$ | 291,904 23,378 86,745 103,317 376,633 64,571 278,878 377,551 156,318 40,987 11,420 80,846 47,195 |
| Total | 592,593 | 955, 291 | 1,215,936 | 1,368,357 | 1,939,743 |

Annual Imports of Iron and Steel Products since 1895.

| Year. | Value. | Year. | Value. | - Year. | Value. | Year. | Value. |
|--|---|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| 1895 (a) 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 | \$ 8,684,024 10,206,759 11,063,156 16,340,992 19,463,329 27,926,766 | 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 (a) | \$ 25,023,453 31,591,488 39,536,867 40,449,175 40,820,233 42,210,305 | 1907* 1908 (b) 1909 1910 1911 1912 | \$ 44,739,403 64,257,238 42,075,797 62,356,974 88,179,152 105,614,450 | 1913 (b) 1913 (c) 1914 1915 1916 1917 1918 (c) | $\begin{array}{c} & \\ & \\ 148,579,272\\ 145,226,972\\ & \\ 80,063,679\\ & \\ 74,308,983\\ 129,090,248\\ 187,191,534\\ 169,538,669 \end{array}$ |

*Nine months ending March, 1907. (a) Twelve months ending June from 1895 to 1906 inclusive. (b) Twelve months ending March from 1908 to 1913 inclusive.

Twelve months ending December from 1913 to date.

| Material. | Caler | dar Year 1917 | | Calendar Year 1918. | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|--|--------------------|--|
| | Quantity. | Value. | Value per unit. | Quantity. | Value. | Value per unit. | |
| Arricultural implements: | | \$ | \$ | | \$ | \$ | |
| Building attachments \$ Cultivators, weeders and parts of No. Farm, road or field rollers. " Forks, pronged " Harvesters, self-binding. No. Hay-tedders " Hoes " Knives, day or straw. " Lawn mowers. " Mowing machines " Ploughs and parts of. " Post-hole diggers. " Rakes, no.p. " Rakes, no.p. " Storthes. " Syndthes. " Syndtes and shovels. " Spade and shovels. " Spade and shovel blanks and iron and steel cut to shape for same." " Other agricultural implements. " Parts of agricultural implements, n.o.p. " | $\begin{array}{c} & & & \\ & & 9,771 \\ & & 303 \\ & & 303 \\ 23,308 \\ \hline & & 5,193 \\ & & 201 \\ & & 354 \\ 17,354 \\ & 1,145 \\ 2,653 \\ 16,549 \\ & 5,574 \\ 5,313 \\ \hline & 5,434 \\ & 990 \\ 2,643 \\ 7,869 \\ & 138 \\ 2,786 \\ & 741 \\ & 10 \\ 2,761 \\ & 411 \\ \hline & & \\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 10,233\\ 101,611\\ 234,439\\ 9,583\\ 13,972\\ 281,542\\ 666,495\\ 12,151\\ 12,945\\ 6,978\\ 247\\ 71,128\\ 44,309\\ 219,312\\ 2,296,526\\ 5,059\\ 46,004\\ 58,020\\ 2,884\\ 7,965\\ 18,750\\ 1,179\\ 71\\ 12,628\\ 1,499\\ 105,386\\ 497,211\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 23 & 99 \\ 31 & 63 \\ 0 & 60 \\ \hline 128 & 34 \\ 60 & 45 \\ 36 & 57 \\ 0 & 40 \\ 0 & 22 \\ 0 & 45 \\ 4 & 30 \\ 0 & 77 & 19 \\ 41 & 28 \\ \hline 0 & 93 \\ 46 & 47 \\ 21 & 95 \\ 0 & 37 \\ 57 & 72 \\ 6 & 73 \\ 1 & 59 \\ 7 & 10 \\ 4 & 57 \\ 3 & 65 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 6,061\\ 27\\ 12,979\\ 105\\ 516\\ 22,330\\ 1,002\\ 3,264\\ 7,357\\ 301\\ 1,568\\ \hline \\ 6,243\\ 1,067\\ 2,781\\ 5,947\\ 1,22\\ 1,237\\ 207\\ 21\\ 4,253\\ 16\\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} 27,930\\ 142,948\\ 431,822\\ 613\\ 10,306\\ 466,628\\ 457,757\\ 18,438\\ 25,413\\ 9,186\\ 360\\ 1,298\\ 49,109\\ 30,332\\ 114,318\\ 2,794,154\\ 7,011\\ 66,869\\ 73,125\\ 2,123\\ 9,608\\ 12,301\\ 526\\ 106\\ 12,232\\ 128,404\\ 624,444\\ \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c}$ | |
| Total agricultural implements | | 4,739,329 | | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | 5, 526, 544 | ••••• | |
| Anchors for vessels | 438-9 • , | 70,368 | 160 32 | 766-2 √ | 143,949 | 187 87 | |
| oval or round shapes, and not being railway bars or rails | 67,819-4 | 4,829,163 | 71 21 | 49,128 √ | 3,110,006 | 63 30 | |
| rolled, n.o.p | 46,428.5 | $3,323,794 \\ 104,562$ | 71 59 | 29,739·3 v | 1,904,363 104,518 | · 64 04 | |

Imports of Iron and Steel Goods, 1917-18.—Continued.

| | | | | | | | · · · | | + |
|------|--|------------------|---------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|-------------|---|---|---|
| | Ayles and ayle parts non and ayle blanks and parts thereof of iron or | 1 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 I N | | |
| • | steel for reilway, transient or other vehicles | | 9 657 419 | | | 2 020 056 | | | |
| | Automobiles and motor realized of all highs | 10 965 | 19 106 540 | 670 16 | 11 020 | 0,266,991 | 701 14 | | |
| ~ | Automobiles and motor vehicles of an kinds | 10,805 | 12,100,040 | . 0/0 10 | 11,000 | 0,000,201 | 101 14 | | |
| • | Automobiles and motor venicles, parts of | ••••• | 7,000,000 | | | 0;031,200 | | | |
| | Ball bearings, flat steel, cold rolled, not over 2" thick, for the manu | | | | | | | | |
| | facture of cups and cones for ball bearings | 0.1 | . 16 | 160 00 | | | | | |
| | Balls, steel, adapted for use on bearings of machinery and vehicles. \$ | | 108,235 | | | 115,437 | | | |
| | Bands, strips or sheets No. 14 gauge or thinner, coated, polished or not. | | | | | | | | |
| | and rolled iron or steel sections not being ordinary square flat | | | • | | | | | |
| • | or round here when imported by manufacturary of soddary | | | | | 1 | | | |
| | be relying a design of the second sec | | 07 205 | | | 04 501 | | | |
| | Den hand and handes | | 91,303 | •••••• | ••••• | 24,001 | •••• | | |
| | bar, noop, band, scron or strips, sneet or plate of any size, thickness | | | | | | | | |
| | or width, galvanized or coated with any material or not, and | | | | | | | | |
| • | steel blanks for the manufacture of milling cutters when of greater | | | | | | | • | |
| | value than 3} cents per pound Tons | 101,839.3 | 13,876,414 | 136 26 | 64,90S·3 ∽ | 10,927,545 | 168 35 | | • |
| | Bar iron or steel rolled, whether in coils, bundles, rods or bars, com- | | | | | | | | |
| | prising rounds, ovals, squares and flats, n.o.p | $54.811 \cdot 1$ | 3.559.242 | 64 94 | 45,805.6~ | 2,895,851 | 63 22 | | |
| | Bars or sheets of steel, to be used exclusively in the manufacture of | | | | | / / / / / / | | | |
| | shovels | 2 179.1 | · 169 124 | 77 61 | 2 842.3- | 216 131 | 76.04 | | |
| | Bayonote swords foncing foils and masks | <i>"</i> ,110 1 | 6 495 | 11 02 | 2,012 0 | 1 975 | 10 01 | | |
| | Billate of inen er stool weighing not loss then 60 nounds nor lineal | | 0,100 | | | 1,010 | | | • |
| | mets of non of steel, weighing not less than 60 points per filtear | 10 100 1 | 000 800 | 05.15 | 0 000 15 | 1 020 005 | 77 22 | | |
| | | 10,180.1 | 005,005 | 00 10 | 2,992.4) | 232,003 | 11 00 | | |
| | Bullets of steel, n.o.p. | 348+2 | 22, 573 | 04 83 | 42.9 | 2,608 | 00.79 | | |
| | Bridges or parts thereof, iron or steel structural work, columns, | | | | | | | | ` |
| | shapes or sections, drilled, punched or in any further state of | | | | | | | | |
| • | manufacture than rolled or cast, n.o.p | | 168,921 | | | 277,832 | | 2 | |
| | Bridges and tunnels, crossing the boundary, materials to be used | | | | | | 1. · | 9 | |
| | in Canada in the construction of | | | | | | | | • |
| | Butts and hinges, no n | | 118 599 | 1 | 1 | 96.431 | 1 | × | |
| | Cart or wrong String or boyos | 120.5 | 10,000 | 145 61 | 90.7 4 | 10 491 | 916 51 | | |
| | Cast for wagoil skelp in boxes. The provide the manufacture of manufacture of the second | 100.0 | 15,002 | 110 01 | 00-7- | 10, 101 | 210 01 | | |
| | Castings, maneable from, when imported by manufacturers of mowers, | | 005 500 | | | 000 105 | - | | |
| | binders, narvesters and reapers | | 200,082 | | | 209,120 | | | |
| | Castings, iron (malleable), (9 mos.) | | | | | 189,500 | | | |
| | Castings, iron, n.o.p., (not malleable), (9 mos.) | | | | | 838,325 | | | |
| ~ | Castings, steel, (9 mos.) \$ | | | | | 148,091 | | | |
| | Castings, n.o.p. (3 mos. in 1918) \$ | | 1,978,052 | | | 434,728 | | | |
| | Chains, coil chain, chain links, including repair links and chain | | | | | | 1 | | |
| · | shackles, of iron or steel, 14" in diameter and over | 176-1 | 30, 525 | 173 34 | 105-2 | 24,945 | 237 12 | | |
| | Chains, coil chain and links, including repair links and chain shackles. | · · | | | | | | | |
| | of iron or steel non " | 541.5 | 79 646 | 147 08 | 329.7 | 76 227 | 231 20 | | |
| | Chain mallashle moderat or link balting for the manufacture of | 0 | , | | 020 11 | | | | |
| | compositional implements | | 047 401 | | | 915 199 | | | |
| | agriculturar implements | |) 077 502 | | | 050,002 | ••••• | | |
| | Chains, n.o.p. | | 211,000 | •••• | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | 200,808 | • | | |
| | Chains, rolled round rods in the coil, of iron or steel, for the manu- | | 100 100 | | | | 00 OF | | |
| | facture of Tons | 1,957.7 | 126,192 | 64 46 | 2,264.5- | 151,391 | 60 85 | | ł |
| | Chrome steel Tons | 57-7 | 15,605 | 270 45 | 292-5 | 51,976 | 177 70 | | |
| | Cream separators and steel bowls for \$ | | 475,827 | | | 617,511 | | | |
| | Cream separators, materials which enter into the construction and | | | | | | | | |
| | form part of, when imported by manufacturers of cream separators | | | | | | | | |
| | to be used in the manufacture thereof, and articles of metal for | | | | | | | | |
| | use in the manufacture of orear senerator narts | | 490 510 | | | 587 932 | | | |
| | abo in the manufacture of cream separator parts | | . 100,010 | | | | | | |
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| 1.12 | | | | • | | • • | | | |

| Imports of | of | Iron | and | Steel | Goods, | 1917-18. — <i>Continued</i> . | |
|------------|----|------|-----|-------|--------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | | | | | | | |

| Material. | Calendar Year 1917. | | | Calendar Year 1918. | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | Quantity. | Value. | Value per unit. | Quantity. | Value. | Value per unit. | |
| Cutlery:—Pen-knives, jack-knives and pocket-knives of all kinds \$ Cutlery:—Knives and forks of steel, plated or not, n.o.p \$ Cutlery:—n.o.p \$ | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | \$ 257,283 245,362 512,050 | \$ | | \$ 245,268 209,336 580,315 | \$ | |
| Engines, boilers, etc.— Boilers, steam and parts of | 6 58,024 76 | $\begin{array}{c} 257,587\\ 228,043\\ 3,725\\ 6,680,657\\ 497,842\\ 176,686\\ 442,550\\ 401,265\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{c} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$ | 6 50,683 78 67 167 | $\begin{array}{c} 266,516\\ 153,039\\ 11,421\\ 6,242,436\\ 593,956\\ 147,654\\ 90,142\\ 366,995\end{array}$ | 1,903 50 123 17 7,614 83 1,345 40 2,197 57 | |
| ganese and spiegeleisen containing more than 15% fram. Ferro-manganese and spiegeleisen containing not more then 15% | 10,872 | 1,430,091 | 131 54 | 34,023 | 3,743,982 | 110 04 | |
| manganese, and other ferro-alloys, n.o.p | $705 \cdot 6$ $7 \cdot 6$ $1,243 \cdot 3$ | $547,706 \\ 2,126 \\ 50,067 \\ 115,218$ | 776 23 279 73 40 27 | 915 · 1 0 · 6 345 · 2 | 516,717 225 22,209 121,395 | $568 	ext{ 07} \\ 375 	ext{ 00} \\ 64 	ext{ 34} \\ \cdots$ | |
| construction | 873 | 131,462 | 150 58 | 2 | 371 | 185 50 | |
| iron or steel bars or shapes, n.o.p | 7,890.5 | 1,424,159 | 180 49 | $2,218\cdot 5$ | 464,727 | 209 48 | |
| for the Government of Canada, or for export | | 4,400 | | | 10,491 | | |
| Guns, rifles, including air guns and air rifles (not being toys) muskets, cannons, pistols, revolvers, or other firearms | •••••• | 381,169 | | ••••• | 150,592 | | |
| parts, to be used in rifles to be manufactured for the Government of Canada | | 158,677 | | | · | | |
| to the required standard necessary for any factory for the manu- facture of rifles for the Government of Canada | | 23,088 | | | | | |
| makers, saddlers, and carriage hardware, including curry- combs, n.o.p | | 758,262 | | | 550,944 | l | |

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|-------|---|----------------|---------------------|--|--|---------------------|---|----------|
| • • | Hoop, band, scroll or strip, No. 14 gauge and thinner, galvanized or | 1 | | ł | · · · | | 1 · | - , |
| · - | coated with other metal or not, n.o.p. including drawn from or steel of this description for the manufacture of mats | 13,592.6 | 1,372,883 | 101 00 | 6,783.9. | 691,211 | 101 89 | - , |
| | or steel sheets, imported for the manufacture of galvanized iron or steel hoop, band, scroll, strip or sheet | 6,055 | 787,484 | 130 06 | 7,773.5 | 757,148 | 97 40 | |
| | Hoop, band, scroll or strip, 12" or less in width, No. 13 gauge and | 1 399.3 | 102 041 | 77 86 | 1 315.5 | 84 711 | . 64 39 | |
| | Hoop, iron or steel, rolled (galvanized), Nos. 12 and 13 gauge | 111.8 | 8,510 | 76 12 | 43.4 | 3,092 | 71 24 | |
| | Ingots, cogged ingots, blooms, slabs, puddled bars and loops or other forms, n.o.p., less finished than iron or steel bars, but more | | 00,201 | | | 00,000 | | |
| | advanced than pig-iron, except castings | 10,243-2 26 | 714,908 663 | | $373 \cdot 6$ | 27,537 29 | 73 71 . 29 00 | . • |
| , | not handled, filed, ground or otherwise manufactured | | 998 368,819 | | | 1,259 386,901 | | • |
| | Machinery:- | 1 910 | 415 071 | 217 78 | 1 574 | 499 625 | 317 42 | |
| | Beet root sugar factories—machinery and structural iron for | | 20,441 | | | 42,070 | | • |
| | Carding, spinning, weaving or braiding machinery, or machinery for knitting fibrous material, of a class or kind not made in | | 420 | | | 20,000 | | |
| | Canada | | 2,251,298 32,500 | • | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 1,844,067 22,017 | | , |
| | Coal-handling machinery. | 64 | 91,687 | 527 86 | 20 | 322,173 | 684.10 | 31 |
| | Condage, twine or linen manufacturing machinery, or machinery for the preparation of flax fibre, of a class or kind not made in | | 04,420 | 1 557 60 | . 55 | 20,030 | 02, 400 | |
| • | Canada | 111 | 36,101 594,749 | 5,358 10 | 112 | 62,568 429,729 | 3,836 87 | . `` |
| | Dental engines, electric | 162 | 18,339 75,650 | 113 20 | , 82 | 9,697 47,179 | 118 26 | |
| | for farm purposes | 6,137 2,940 | 6,150,659 | 1,002 23 16 65 | 1,193 3,564 | 2,113,877 | 1,771 90 | |
| | Fodder or feed cutters | 1,610 | 63,501 | 39 54 | 1,687 | 76,069 | 45 09 | |
| | kind not made in Canada, and elevators and machinery for floating dredges used in gold mining\$ | | 94,547 | | • | 96,559 | | • |
| | Grain crushers | . 537 230 | 11,148 55,592 | $\begin{array}{c} 20 & 76 \\ 241 & 70 \end{array}$ | $ \begin{array}{r} 340 \\ 73 \end{array} $ | 15,094 34,013 | 44 39 465 93 | |
| | Horse powers for farm purposes "" | 2 | 90 | 45 00 | 2 | 20 | 10 OO | , , , |
| | use exclusively in mining or metallurgical operations, n.o.p S | | 906, 418 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 705,568 | | • |
| | rolls, rock drills, air compressors, and percussion coal cutters. No. | | 664,951 | | | 874,097 879 291 | | |
| | Portable machinery, n.o.p., and parts of | | 49,507 | | | 59,934 | •••••• | • |
| | Presses, printing and htmographic | · | 430,188 | ······································ | ·····` | 407,080 | · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | |
| •, • | | · · · | | | | | .` | <u>.</u> |
| - · · | | | 1 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | • |
| | | | ι. | | • | · · · · | | |
| | | · · | | | • | - | • | · · · |

Imports of Iron and Steel Goods, 1917-18.—Consinued.

| 36 (1) | Cale | ndar Year 1917 | 7. | Calendar Year 1918. | | | |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|-----------------|--|
| Material. | Quantity. ' | Value. | Value per unit. | Quantity. | Value. | Value per unit. | |
| Machinery-Continued. | | \$ | \$ | | · S | \$ | |
| Printing presses, newspaper, of not less value by retail than \$1,500 | | | | | | | |
| e ach, of a class or kind not made in Canada No. | 56 | 205,741 | 3,673 95 | 49 | 211,514 | 4,316 61 | |
| Rolling-mill machinery | · [· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 380,354 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 333,184 | | |
| Runng, lolding, building, embossing, creasing, or cutting machin- | | | | • | | | |
| forturers of orticles mode from noner or conducts and by manu- | | | | | | | |
| narte thereof | | 205 070 | | • | 369 771 | | |
| Sew and planing mills nortable | 02 | 16 888 | 101 50 | 77 | 12,000 | 170 19 | |
| Saw-mill machinery | 55 | 259 872 | 101 00 | " | 110 166 | 110 12 | |
| Sewing machines. | 16,819 | 388,033 | 23 07 | 10 535 | 290, 898 | 27 61 | |
| Sewing machine parts\$ | | 224,931 | 20 0. | | 247.262 | | |
| Sewing machine attachments\$ | | 62,529 | | | 56,044 | | |
| Shovels, steam and electric No. | 21 | 294,759 | 14,036 14 | 16 | 151,582 | 9,473 88 | |
| Threshing machine separators " | 2,119 | 1,532,869 | 723-39 | 1,269 | 1,038,406 | 818 29 | |
| Threshing machine separators, parts of, including wind stackers, | | | | | | | |
| baggers, weighers and self-feeders therefor and finished parts | | 1 | | | | | |
| thereof for repairs, when imported separately | | 518,449 | | | 352,758 | | |
| Traction engines for farm pulposes, costing not more than \$1,400 | | | | 0.001 | 0 700 700 | 001.10 | |
| In the country of production | [····· | [••••• | | 9,231 | 8,533,706 | 924 40 | |
| raction engines, parts of, such as automobile traction attach- | | | | | 071 701 | | |
| Traction ditching machines (not being ploughs) adapted for tile | 1 | · · • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | 0/1,/21 | | |
| drainage on farms, valued by retail at not more than \$3,000 | | | | | 1 | | |
| each, and parts thereof for repairs | 22 | 73 772 | 3 252 27 | 39 | 50 753 | 1 586 03 | |
| Typecasting and typesctting machines and parts thereof, adapted | 22 | | 0,000 21 | 02 | 00,100 | 1,000 00 | |
| for use in printing offices\$ | | 665:290 | | | 711.758 | | |
| Type-making accessories for printing presses \$ | | 13,012 | | | 19,480 | | |
| Typewriting machines | 12,720 | 713,531 | 56 10 | 12,443 | 795,536 | 63 93 | |
| Washing machines, domestic " | 16,570 | 274,161 | 16.55 | 13,761 | 297,793 | 21 64 | |
| Well-drilling machinery, and apparatus of a class or kind not made | | | | | | | |
| in Canada for drilling for water, natural gas or oil and for | | | | | · · · · · · | | |
| prospecting for minerals, not to include motive power \$ | | 4,992 | | <i></i> | 7,478 | | |
| Windmills, and complete parts thereof | | 73,198 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 68,945 | | |
| Other machinery composed wholly of in part of from or steel, | | 17 500 000 | | | 15 000 400 | 1 | |
| Noil rode rolled under half an inch in diameter for the manufac- | | 11,000,000 | | | 15,390,480 | | |
| ture of horse shoe nails | 1 408.4 | 013 201 | 79.40 | 1 647.0 | . 72 700 | 44.73 | |
| Nails, brads, spikes and tacks of all kinds, n.o.n. | 185.2 | 60,013 | 394 56 | 116.0 | d 44,801 | 386.91 | |
| Nails and spikes, cut (ordinary builders') | 38.9 | 3,119 | 80 18 | 16.8 | 2 063 | 122 80 | |
| Nails, spikes, composition and sheathing nails | 8.4 | 1,668 | 198 57 | 11.9 | 3,760 | 315 96 | |
| Nails, wire of all kinds, n.o.p | 9,712.1 | 754.693 | 77 71 | 3.510.9 | 295.341 | 84 12 | |
| Needles of any material or kind, n.o.p. | 1 | 221,446 | 1 | | 271 962 | 1 0- 1- | |

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| | | | | | | • | |
|---|-----------------|---|---------------|-------------------------------|-----------|----------|-----|
| Nuts, rivets and boits, with or without threads:-nut, boit and | 007 7 | 171 007 | 100.04 | | | | |
| ninge blanks and 1 and strap ninges of all kinds, n.o.p Tons. | . 937-7 | 174,037 | 180-24 | | | | |
| Nuts, rivets and bolts with or without threads: | 2 012 5 | 704 007 | | 1 000 0 | 400.070 | . 000 11 | |
| Nut and bolt blanks | 2,912-7 | 534,037 | 181 97 | 1,820.0 | 402,053 | 220 11 | |
| Pig-iron | 82,758-0 | 2,744,055 | 33 16 | 67,396 | 2,102,406 | 21 13 | |
| Pig-iron (charcoal) | 632.0 | 19,447 | 30 77 | | | | |
| Pipe cast iron, of every description " | 2,348-5 | 143,124 | 60 94 | 1,906-1 - | 128,257 | . 67 29 | |
| Pipe-fittings for iron or steel pipes of every description \$ | | 919,467 | | | 776,493 | | |
| Pipe—iron or steel, not butt or lap welded, and wire bound wooden | | | N | | | | |
| pipe, not less than thirty inches internal diameter, when for | | | | | | | |
| use exclusively in alluvial gold mining \$ | | 423 | | | | | • |
| Pipe-wooden, wire-bound, n.o.p. | | 5,287 | | | 3,686 | | |
| Plate, boiler of iron or steel, not less that 30 inches in width and | | 1 | | 1 | | - | |
| not less than 1 inch in thickness, for use exclusively in the | | | | | | | |
| manufacture of boilers | 7.233-7 | 826,440 | 114 25 | 11,020.8 | 961,888 | 87 28 | |
| Plates, rolled, not less than 30 inches in width and not less than | | | | · \ | | | |
| + inch in thickness, n.o.p. " | 12.877.6 | 1.066.440 | 82 81 | 17.209.2 | 1,181,940 | 68 68 | |
| Plates or sheets of steel, cold rolled, sheared edges, over 14 gauge. | 1 | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | | | | | |
| not less than 1+ inches wide, for manufacture of mower bars. | | | | | | | |
| hinges typewriters and sewing machines " | 302.2 | 30, 706 | 101 62 | 326-5 | 31,993 | 97 99 | |
| Plates or sheets rolled sheared or unsheared and skeln iron or | 1 , | | | | , | | |
| etsel shored or rolled in groups non | 8.941.2 | 737, 789 | 82 52 | J 5.118.7 | 360,609 | 70 45 | |
| Ploto stool universal mill or rolled adre plates of stool over 19 | 0,011 | , | 02 0 . | 12, | , | | |
| insher wide imported for use in the monuted to see over 12 | 1 | | | n | | | |
| and structural work or in our construction of bridges | 17 508.0 | 1 475 189 | 270 Å5 | 5 326-3 | 362 352 | 68 04 | |
| Disublight a base of mould beards lend sides and other | 11,000.0 | .1, ±10, 100 | 210 40 | . 0,020 0 | 001,001 | 00 01 | (|
| riolgi hates, shares or mouth boards, faid sides, and other | | | | | | | . (|
| plates lot agricultural implements, when out to shape from | | | | | | | • |
| rolled plates of steel, but not mounded, punched, ponshed or | 6 925 6 | 000 999 | 100.04 | 8 008.00 | 1 405 323 | 175 47 | |
| Otherwise manuactured | 0,000-0 | 990 281 | 123 54 | 92 644 | 291 996 | 0 36 | |
| Pumps, hand, h.o.p | 00,909 g 460 | 028 191 | 199 96 | 6 817 | 251 172 | 124 86 | 1 |
| Pumps, power and parts of | 10,400 | 600,141 | 102 00 | 7 707 | 404 417 | 51 02 | |
| Rails for railways and tramways 1018 | 10,100 | 140 015 | 01 90 | (1, 200, 2) | 00,050 | 73 80 | |
| Railway hsn-plates | 2,2/9.0 | 140,010 | 04 54 | 1,220.0 | 50,009 | 60.46 | |
| Railway spikes | 982-7 | 72,210 | 73 49 | ~8±3.0/ | 256,001 | 03.40 | |
| Railway switches, frogs, crossings, and intersections | | 151,902 | | | 000,947 | EQ 07 | |
| Railway tie-plates | 1,773.2 | 108,783 | 01 34 | 1,144.0 | 07,494 | 147 00 | |
| Rolls of chilled iron or steel | 102-7 | 7,435 | 72 40 | 132.3~ | 19,400 | 14/ 09 | |
| Sad or smoothing, hatters' and tailors' irons, not plated | | 4,470 | | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | 4,927 | | |
| Safes and doors for safes and vaults | | 48,271 | [| | 30,087 | [| |
| Scales, balances, weighing beams and strength-testing machines | | | | | | | |
| of all kinds\$ | | 179,357 | | | 209,211 | | |
| Scrap iron and scrap steel, old and fit only to be remanufactured, | | | | | | | |
| being part of or recovered from any vessel wrecked in waters | | | | | | | |
| subject to the jurisdiction of Canada | 7.5 | 330 | 44 00 | | | - | |
| Scrap cast | 6,559 | - 126,449 | 19 28 | 1,022, | 23,645 | 23 14 | |
| Scrap, wrought, being waste or refuse, including punchings, cuttings. | | | | 1 1 | - | 1 | |
| and clippings of iron or steel plates or sheets, having been in | | 1 | | | | | |
| actual use; crop ends of tin plate bars, blooms and rails, the | | | 1 | 1 | | | |
| same not having been in actual use | 14,087.1 | 1 327,300 | 23 23 | 56,166-6 | 751,881 | 13 39 | |
| - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | • | | | | | |

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Imports of Iron and Steel Goods, 1917-18.—Continued.

| Matarial | Ca | Calendar Year 1917. | | | Calendar Year. 1918 | | | |
|---|---|------------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Material. | Quantity. | Value. | Value per unit. | Quantity. | Value. | Value per unit. | | |
| Screws, iron and steel, commonly called "wood screws," n.o.p., includ- ing lag or coach screws, plated or not, and machine or other | | \$ | \$ | | \$ | \$ | | |
| screws, no.p | | 58,916 | | ••••• | | | | |
| metal\$ Screws, lag or coach, plated or not, machine or other screws, n.o.p Shafting, round, steel, in bars not exceeding $2\frac{1}{2}$ '' in diameter Shafting, steel, turned, compressed or polished Sheets, Canada plates, Russia iron, terne plate, and rolled sheets of | 3,778.8 | $117,048\\51,672\\328,905\\67,326$ | 87 04 | 2,353.8 — | $154,764 \\ 57,764 \\ 238,406 \\ 57,737$ | 101 29 | | |
| widths or thicknesses, n.o.p | $8,202 \\ 32.9 \\ 2.1$ | $842,551 \\ 4,182 \\ 371$ | $102 73 \\ 128 11 \\ 176 67$ | 10,786.7 0.1 | 683,711 9 | 63 38 90 00 | | |
| Sheets, flat, of galvanized iron or steel. " Sheets, rolled, polished or not, No. 14 gauge and thinner, no. p. " Sheet steel No. 24 and 17 gauge, in sheets $63''$ long, and from 18 to 32'' wide, when imported by the manufacturers of tubular bow | $12,45\tilde{8}\cdot\bar{3}$ 61,424.3 | 1,706,881 7,073,801 | 137 01 115 16 | 6,113.6 39,384.7 | 719,983 4,465,322 | 117 76 113 38 | | |
| sockets for use exclusively in the manufacture of such articles in their own factories | 69·8 | 8,448 | 121 03 | 1 ^{05/6} 82.5 | 8,587 | 104 08 | | |
| such articles in their own factories | 524 | 103,758 | 198 01 | 688 · 3 ⁷ | 131,108 | 190 48 | | |
| parts thereof and cable chains for | 54, 119•2 | 5,653,866 | 104 47 | 61,021.3 - | 5,627,438 | 92 22 | | |
| in Canada. Skates of all kinds, roller or other and parts thereof. | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 644,730 42,887 | | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | 1,097,958 23,923 | | | |
| manufacture of rolled iron tubes not $0 \text{ ver } 1\frac{1}{2}^{\text{w}}$ in diameter | 1,533.8 | 102,966 | 67 13 | 2,529.5 - | 196,056 | 77 50 | | |
| ture of wrought iron or steel pipe | $\begin{array}{c} 65,027\cdot 7\\0\cdot 4\end{array}$ | 4,232,907 633 | $\begin{array}{c} 65 & 09 \\ 1,582 & 50 \end{array}$ | 57,343.8 0.4 | $3,967,610\ 414$ | $\begin{array}{c} 69 & 19 \\ 1,035 & 00 \end{array}$ | | |
| or other vehicles | | 207, 640 | | ••••• | 235,926 | • • | | |
| edges | $1,407 \cdot 2$ | 433,663 | 308 17 | 1,064-6 | 354,247 | 332 75 | | |
| ice creepers | 140-2 | 16, 591 | 118 34 | 120.9 | 16,587 | 137 19 | | |

| Steel, No. 20 gauge and thinner, but not thinner than No. 30 gauge, for the manufacture of corset steels, clock springs, and shoe shanks | ons. \$ \$ \$ | 225•3 | $71,515 \\ 11,525 \\ 507,227 \\ 27,279$ | 317 42 | 198.5. | 92,354 11,359 454,847 33,407 | 465 6 |
|--|------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| and surgical operating tables for use in hospitals, X-ray apparatus and parts thereof, and microscopes valued at not less than \$50 each by retail | \$ `ons | 232-8 0-6 66,675-9 9,614,4 | 632,995 31,129 207 9,985,631 1,440,624 | 133 71 345 00 149 76 149 84 | 174-1 1-1 72,843-9 8,707-3 | 789,99326,52134711,403,8871,524,801 | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |
| Adzes, cleavers, hatchets, wedges, sledges, hammers, crow-bars, cant-dogs and track tools; picks, mattocks and eyes or poles for the same. Axes. Files and rasps, n.o.p. Saws. Tools, hand, of all kinds, n.o.p. Tubes for boilers, seamless steel or wrought iron, including flues and | \$ 0oz. \$ \$ | 1,363 | 55,329 12,295 254,239 119,115 1,052,475 | 9 02 | 698 | 58,897 9,621 211,332 107,424 1,004,675 | 13 78 |
| corrugated tubes for marine boilers. Tubes, rolled, not joined, or welded, not more than 1½" in diameter, n.o.p Tubing, brass covered, not over 2" in diameter in the rough for the manufacture of towel bars, bathtub rails, and clothes carriers. Tubing, brass covered, not over 3" in diameter, and brass trim- | 5 5 5 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 1, 513, 999 89, 761 463 | ····· | | 1,855,992 74,223 | |
| mings, not polished, lacquered or otherwise manufactured, for the manufacture of iron or brass bedsteads Tubing, lacquered or brass covered, not over 2" in diameter, brass cased rods, and brass trimmings for the manufacture of carriage rails | \$ \$ | | 232,600 | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 183,097 35 | |
| Tubing, lacquered or brass covered, for the manufacture of extension rods for windows. Tubing or pipe, plain or galvanized, riveted, corrugated or otherwise | s | | 5,280 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 4,253 | - |
| Tubing, rolled or drawn, square, adapted for use in the manufac- ture of agricultural implements | \$ S ons | 766-6 | 14,902 210,355 | 274 40 | 888•2 | 323,420 16,870 209,146 | 235 47 |
| Tubing, wrought or seamless, plain or galvanized, threaded and coupled or not, 4" or less in diameter, n.o.p Tubing, wrought or seamless, plain or galvanized, threaded and coupled or not, over 4", but not over 10" in diameter, n.o.p | \$ \$ | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 977, 556 453, 483 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | 486,917 172,342 | |
| would or not, over 10" in diameter, no.p.) | \$ \$ | | 116,206 211,654 | ••••• | | , 133,933 117,488 | |
| menor of anomana proched of household house wate, h.o.p | 9 | •••••••••••• | 220,001 | •••••••••• | ••••• | 400,094 | • |

Imports of Iron and Steel Goods, 1917-1918.—Concluded.

| | Cale | ndar Year 1917 | <i>.</i> | Calendar Year 1918. | | | |
|---|------------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|--|
| Material. | Quantity. | Value. | Value per unit. | Quantity. | Value. | Value per unit. | |
| | | \$ | \$ | | \$ | \$ | |
| Wire barbed fencing Ton's | 15,538-9 | 1,309,391 | 84 27 | 11,676.5 | 1,018,099 | 87 19 | |
| Wire, bessemer soit drawn spring of iNos. 10, 12 and 13 gauge respec- | 1 562.9 | 142 634 | 91.26 | 1.195.4 | 120.058 | 100 43 | |
| Wire, buckthorn strip fencing, woven wire fencing and wire fencing | 1,002 0 | 112,001 | | -, | | 1 | |
| of iron or steel, n.o.p., not to include woven wire, or netting made | 1 | | | | | | |
| from wire smaller than No. 14 gauge, not to include fencing of | | 20.050 | · . | | 20 122 | | |
| Wire larger than No. 9 gauge | 287-8 | 168,494 | 585 45 | 229.9 | 204.331 | 888 78 | |
| Wire, curved or not, galvanized iron or steel, Nos. 9, 12 and 13 gauge, | 201 0 | 1 100,101 | | | , | | |
| not for use in telegraph or telephone lines Tons | $25,201 \cdot 9$ | 1,806,891 | 71 70 | 16,804-8 | 1,328,230 | 79 04 | |
| Wire, single or several, covered with cotton, linen, silk, rubber, or | | 959 174 | | | 179 398 | | |
| Wine steel flat No 16 gauge or thinner for the manufacture of | | 202,114 | | | 112,020 | | |
| crinoline or corset wires and dress stavs | $352 \cdot 2$ | 89,281 | 253 49 | $113 \cdot 2$ | 42,188 | 372 69 | |
| Wire, steel, valued at not less than 22 cents per pound for the manu- | | | | a aaa a | | | |
| facture of rope | 2,516 | 313,123 | 124 45 | 2,883-5 | 601,743 | 208 68 | |
| Wirecioth and wove wire or netting of iron or steel | 48.7 | 12 230,034 | 251 09 | 36.6 | 14 732 | 402 51 | |
| Wire rope for figging of ships and vessels | 70.1 | 12,220 | . 201 00 | 000 | 11,102 | 102 01 | |
| twisted wire, and wire cables, n.o.p | | 696 444 | | | 782,779 | | |
| Wire, flat steel and steel strips, for the manufacture of buckthorn and | | | | | | | |
| plain strip fencing 1 ons | 6 045.6 | 569 905 | 03.07 | 2 410.0 | 202 042 | 114 64 | |
| Wire, n.O.p | | 11,392 | 30,01 | 0,110 0 | 11,102 | 114 01 | |
| Wire screens, doors and windows | | 12,626 | | | 15,643 | | |
| Wire rods, rolled, round, in the coil, not over 3" in diameter, for | | | | | | FF 00 | |
| making wire in the coil Tons | 53,356.4 | 3,410,312 | 63 92 | 40,573.6 | 2,265,311 | 50 83 | |
| Other manufactures of iron and steel | ····· | 10,730,002 | | | 10, 318, 002 | | |
| Total iron and steel | | 187, 191, 534 | | | 169,538,669 | | |
| | 1 | 1 | | | | 1 | |