## CANADA

## DEPARTMENT OF MINES

HON. LOUIS CODERRE, MINISTER; A. P. LOW, LL.D., DEPUTY MINISTER.

MINES BRANCH

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## THE

# PRODUCTION OF COAL AND COKE

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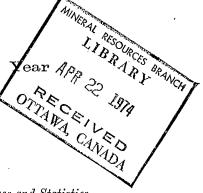
# CANADA

During the Calendar

1912

JOHN McLEISH, B.A.

Chief of the Division of Mineral Resources and Statistics.



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# ADVANCE CHAPTER OF THE ANNUAL REPORT ON THE MINERAL PRODUCTION OF CANADA, DURING THE CALENDAR YEAR 1912.

(Tons used throughout this report are short tons of 2,000 pounds, except otherwise stated.)

## COAL.

The production of coal in Canada in 1912 exceeded that of any previous year, the total production being reported as 14,512,829 short tons valued at \$36,019,044 and constituting nearly 27 per cent of the total value of the mineral production of Canada during the year. The production was obtained by about 244 operating companies employing an average of 27,581 men at a wage cost of \$20,784,843. Compared with 1911, in which year the production was 11,323,388 short tons valued at \$26,467,646, an increase is shown of 3,189,441 tons, or 28 per cent in quantity and \$9,551,398 or 36 per cent in total value.

The largest previous year's output was in 1910 when the production was 12,909,152 short tons valued at \$30,909,779, compared with which 1912 shows an 'increase of 1,603,677 tons or 12 per cent and \$5,109,265 or over 11.6 per cent in total value.

In contrast to 1911 there were no very serious interruptions to mining operations during 1912 with the exception of the labour troubles in the mines of the Canadian Collieries, Limited, on Vancouver island, during the latter part of the year, and on account of which the production in British Columbia was somewhat less than might otherwise have been expected.

The character of the coal mined in Canada is chiefly bituminous, although anthracite is obtained from one mine in Alberta and a considerable tonnage of lignite is mined in Alberta and Saskatchewan.

The term production in the tables and the text is used to represent the amount of coal actually sold or used by the producer as distinguished from the term output which is applied to the total coal extracted from the mine and which in some cases includes coal lost or unsaleable or coal carried into stock on hand at the end of the year.

Statistics of the production by provinces in 1912 are shown in Table 1 and of the production during 1909-10-11 in Table 2.

In Nova Scotia there was an increased production in 1912 of 779,468 tons or 11 per cent, over 1911. This Province produced nearly 54 per cent of the total in 1912 as against 62 per cent in 1911. The production in New Brunswick is quite small in proportion to the other provinces and amounted to only 44,780 tons in 1912, a decrease of nearly 20 per cent from 1911. In the west for the first time on record Alberta has the largest production, amounting to 3,240,577 tons, the production in British Columbia being 3,208,997 tons; but, as already stated, the latter Province would have had a higher production had

labour troubles not prevented a normal output at the mines of the Canadian Collieries, Limited. The production in Alberta is the highest recorded for that Province, while in British Columbia the greatest production was attained in 1910. Large decreases were shown in these Provinces in 1911 and correspondingly large increases in 1912 due to the abnormal conditions of miners out on strike and consequent cessation of work during a large part of 1911.

COAL.—TABLE 1.

Production of Coal by Provinces, 1912.

Province,	Average	Wages paid.	Productio	N OF COAL.	Average value	Per cent
Province. No. of men employed.		Tons.		Value.	per ton.	
		\$		· <b>\$</b> [	\$ cts.	
Nova Scotia	13,736 6,633 6,648 374 144 46	8,893,697 6,125,239 5,474,192 213,690 50,000 28,025	7,783,888 3,208,997 3,240,577 225,342 44,780 9,245	17,374,750 10,028,116 8,113,525 368,135 89,560 44,958	2·233 3·125 2·503 1·633 2·000 4·863	53 63 22 12 22 33 1 55 0 31 0 06
	27,581	20,784,843	14,512,829	36,019,044	2:481	100.00

COAL.—TABLE 2.

Production by Provinces, 1909-10-11, in Tons of 2,000 lbs.

Province.	Province. 1909.		191	,	1911.		
	Tons.	Value,	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	
Nova Scotia, British Columbia Alberta Saskatchewan New Brunswick Yukou Territory	5,652,089 2,606,127 1,994,741 192,125 49,029 7,364	\$11,354,643 8,144,147 4,838,109 296,339 98,496 49,502	6,431,142 3,330,745 2,894,469 181,156 55,455 16,185	\$12,919,705 10,403,580 7,065,736 293,923 110,910 110,925	7,004,420 2,542,532 1,511,036 206,779 55,781 2,840	\$14,071,379 7,945,413 3,979,264 347,248 111,562 12,780	
Total	10,501,475	24,781,236	12,909,152	30,909,779	11,323,388	26,467,64	

#### Comparison of Production 1910 with 1911 and 1911 with 1912.

D	(i) Increase or (d) Decrease.							
Province.	Years 1910 and 1911.				Years 1911 and 1912.			
		Tons.	Per cent.		Tons.	Per cent.		
Nova Scotia British Columbia	(i) (d) (d) (i) (i) (d)	573,278 788,213 1,383,433 25,623 326 13,345	8·91 23·66 47·79 14·14 0·59 82·45	(i) (i) (i) (i) (d) (i)	779,468 666,465 1,729,541 18,563 11,001 6,405	11·13 26·21 114·46 8·98 19·72 225·00		
Total for Canada	(d	1,585,764	12.58	(i)	3,189,441	28.04		

The Province of Nova Scotia in 1912 produced nearly 54 per cent of the total Canadian production, British Columbia 22·1 per cent, Alberta 22·3 per cent, and Saskatchewan 1·5 per cent. The relative importance of the different provinces as coal producers for a number of years past is indicated in the next table, in which is shown the proportional contributions of each province to the total tonnage of coal produced in Canada. The coal-fields on the Atlantic seaboard still continue to produce more than half the total, although in 1910 the combined output of the western provinces was only a little less than 50 per cent of the total.

1874.	1890.	1900.	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912
%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
91	71	62.9	71 3	68.0	65.2	64·07	60.79	61:40	54· <b>2</b> 9	50·25	62:35	.53·9
8	25	31.0	21 0	22.5	22.4	21.98	22.50	21.77	24.82	25.80	22.45	$22 \cdot 1$
	91 	% % 91 714 8 25	% % % 91 71 62.9 0.7 4 6.4 8 25 31.0	% % % % % 91 71 62·9 71·3 0·7 1·5 4 5·4 6·2 8 25 31·0 21·0	% % % % % % %  91 71 62·9 71·3 68·0 0·7 1·5 1·5 4 5·4 6·2 8·0	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	% % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % % %	%     % <td><math display="block"> \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc</math></td> <td>91 71 62 9 71 3 68 0 65 5 64 07 60 79 61 40 54 29 50 25 62 35 0 7 1 5 1 5 1 2 1 11 1 44 1 37 1 83 1 40 1 93 4 5 4 6 2 8 0 10 8 12 77 15 14 15 42 18 99 22 42 13 34 8 25 31 0 21 0 22 5 22 42 13 98 22 50 21 77 24 82 25 80 22 45</td>	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	91 71 62 9 71 3 68 0 65 5 64 07 60 79 61 40 54 29 50 25 62 35 0 7 1 5 1 5 1 2 1 11 1 44 1 37 1 83 1 40 1 93 4 5 4 6 2 8 0 10 8 12 77 15 14 15 42 18 99 22 42 13 34 8 25 31 0 21 0 22 5 22 42 13 98 22 50 21 77 24 82 25 80 22 45

<sup>\*</sup> Alberta and Saskatchewan were established as provinces on September 1, 1905. For the purpose of comparison, the coal production during the years previous to that date has been separated according to the present boundaries of these Provinces.

Statistics of the distribution of the coal production of Canada in 1912 given in following tables show 10,572,365 tons reported as sold for consumption in Canada, 1,537,585 tons sold for export to the United States, and 314,410 tons, sold for export to other countries, or total sales of 12,424,360 tons; 870,885 tons were used by colliery operators in the manufacture of coke, in steel plants and in brick plants, while 1,217,584 tons were used in the operation of collieries and by workmen. Of the coal thus disposed of 32,673 tons were derived from 48696—2

stock carried forward from 1911. Returns as to the amount of coal lost due to breakage, washing, etc., are very incomplete, but 167,291 tons were thus reported bringing the total 'output' of coal up to 14,647,447 tons.

Notwithstanding Canada's large coal resources the total domestic production (including that exported) was equivalent in 1912 to only about 54 per cent of the total consumption, there having been imported for home consumption during 1912, 14,595,810 tons. The total consumption of coal as shown in subsequent tables was 26,934,800 tons, or an average of about 3.644 tons per capita, while the production averaged about 1.957 tons per capita of population.

The principal coal-fields are located on the extreme east and in the far west, while the central Provinces of Ontario and Quebec, which contain the great bulk off the population, are without coal deposits. Nova Scotia coal is largely consumed within the Province and also finds a considerable market in Quebec. A little less than 9 per cent of the coal production of this Province was reported as sold for export in 1912. The market in Ontario is almost altogether supplied, and that of Quebec province to a lesser degree, by coal imported from the nearer fields of the adjacent states of the United States. There are no anthracite coals in eastern Canada, and our requirements of this fuel have to be met entirely by imports from Pennsylvania. Manitoba is also supplied largely by importations from the United States.

The Saskatchewan production finds a local market within the Province and also in Manitoba.

Of the Alberta production about 91.8 per cent in 1912 was used by collieries or sold for consumption in Canada chiefly within the Province; 2.8 per cent was sold for export and 5.3 per cent used for making coke which was marketed in British Columbia and in the United States. British Columbia is the largest producer of coal for export. In 1912 about 52.4 per cent of the production in this Province was used by the collieries or sold for home consumpton; 33.7 per cent was sold for export, and 13.8 per cent used in making coke

# Production and Distribution of Coal Mined, by Provinces, 1912.

· . —	Nova Scotia,	New Bruns- wick.	Sas- katch- ewan.	Alberta,	Yukon.	British Columbia.	Total.
Sales in Canada	, ,			93,126			
countries	193,274					121,136	314,410
Total sales	6,799,219	42,780	215,796	2,865,500	8,053	2,493,012	12,424,360
Used by producers in making coke, steel, brick, etc. Used by producers for col-	253,354		2,048	170,818		444,665	870,885
liery consumption and workmen	. 731,315	2,000	7,498	204,259	1,192	271,320	1,217,584
Total used	984,669	2,000	9,546	375,077	1,192	715,985	2,088,469
Production *	7,783,888	44,780	225,342	3,240,577	9,245	3,208,997	14,512,829
Stock on hand Jan. 1  Dec. 31  Difference  Losses due to breakage or other causes	176,509 34,580 85,416		6,892	+ 21,753 + 63,908		- 54,500) - 19,846 - 11,075	282,069 32,673 167,291
Total output	7,834,724	44,780	232,234	3,326,238	9,245	3,200,226	14,647,447

<sup>\*</sup> Production is obtained by adding coal sold and coal used.

# Production and Distribution of Coal Mined, by Provinces, 1911.

	Nova Scotia.	New Bruns- wick.	Sas- katch- ewan.	Alberta.	Yukon.	British Columbia.	Total.
Sales in Canada	385,095	í		40,723	2,840	1,536,957 642,754	
countries	236,609		100 500			[ <u>:</u>	
Total sales	6,084,532	53,781	198,768	1,345,662	2,840	2,223,176	9,908,759
Used by producers in making coke	273,548	,		61,591		117,215	452,354
ery consumption and workmen	646,340	2,000	8,011	103,783		262,141	962,275
Total used	919,888	2,000	8,011	165,374		319,356	1,414,629
Production ‡	7,004,420	55,781	206,779	1,511,036	2,840	2,542,532	11,322,388
Stock on hand Jan. 1  Dec. 31  Difference  Losses due to breakage or	211,338 + 38,174		•••••	15,773 + 5,098		80,644 - 563	+ 307,755 + 42,709
other causes		•••••					
Total output!	7,125,551	55,781	217,193	1,565,930	2,840	2,581,369	11,548,664

<sup>‡</sup> Production is obtained by adding coal sold and coal used,

# Distribution of Coal Mined in Canada During the Years 1908-9-10.

	1908.	1909.	1910.
Sales in Canada	1,218,656	7,468,880 1,173,772 171,388	8,956,450 1,847,943 291,273
Total sales	708,674	8,814,040 752,976 934,459	11,095,666 759,703 1,053,783
Production	10,886,811	10,501,475	12,909,152
Stock on hand Jan. 1  Dec. 31  Difference  Loss due to washing, breakage, or other causes	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{r} 202,432 \\ 219,569 \\ + 17,137 \\ 154,162 \end{array}$	200,019 263,666 + 63,647 243,716
Total output	11,090,813	10,672,774	13,216,515

Statistics of the annual production of coal in Canada since 1785 are shown in Table 3. The total production from 1785 to 1912 has been 197,951,420 tons, of which 130,546,503 tons or 65.9 per cent are to be credited to Nova Scotia and 115,858, 438 tons or 23.2 per cent to British Columbia.

COAL.—TABLE 3.

Annual Production Showing the Increase or Decrease Each Year.

Year.	Tons.	Value.	Average value per ton.	Increase (i) or decrease (d) in tonnage.	Increase (i) o decrease (d) per cent.
		\$	\$		
785 to 1873	*8,591,150				
874	1,063,742	1,763,423	1 66		***** ******
875	1,039,974	1,747,016	1 68	(d) 23,768	(d) 2·2
876	994,762	1,729,546	1 74	(d) 45,212	(d) 4·3
877	1,036,670	1,794,415	1 73	(i) 41,908	(i) 4·2
878	1,089,744	1,941,285	1 78	(i) 53,074	(i) 5·1
879	1,126,497	2,050,639	1 82	(i) 36,753	(i) 3 4
880	1,482,714	2,657,194	1 79	(i) 356,217	(i) 31 6
881	1,537,106	2,688,621	1 75	(i) 54,392	(i) 31.6 (i) 3.7 (i) 20.2
882	1,848,148	3,248,446	1. 76	(i) 311,042	(i) 20·2
883	1,818,684	3,109,635	1 71	(d) 29,464	(d) 1.6
884	1,984,959	3,593,831	1 81	(i) 166,275	(i) 9.1
885	1,920,977	3,417,807	1 78	(d) 63,982	(d) 3·2
886,	2,116,653	3,739,840	1 77	(i) 195,676	(i) 10·2
887	2,429,330	4,388,206	1 81	(i) 312,677	(i) 14·8
898	2,602,552	4,674,140	1 80	(i) 173,222	(i) 7:1
889	2,658,303	4,894,287	1.84	(i) 55,751	$egin{array}{cccc} ({f i}) & 10^{\circ}2 \ ({f i}) & 14^{\circ}8 \ ({f i}) & 7^{\circ}1 \ ({f i}) & 2^{\circ}1 \ ({f i}) & 16^{\circ}0 \ \end{array}$
890	3,084,682	5,676,247	1 84	(i) 426,379	(i) 16.0
891	3,577,749	7,019,425	1 96	(i) 493,067	
892	3,287,745	6,363,757	1 94	(a) 290,004	(d) 8·1
893	3,783,499	7,359,080	1 95	(i) 495,754	(i) 15·1
894	3,847,070	7,429,468	1 93	(i) 63,571	(i) 1.7
895	3,478,344	6,739,153	1 94	(d) 368,726	(d) 9.6
896	3,745,716	7,226,462	1 93	(i) 267,372	(i) 7:7
897	3,786,107	7,303,597	1 93	(i) 40,391	
898,	4,173,108	8,224,288	1 97	(i) 387,001.	(i) 10 2
899	4,925,051	10,283,497	2 09	(i) 751,943	(i) 18·0
900,	5,777,319	13,742,178	2 38	(i) 852,268	(i) 17:8 (i) 12:8
901	6,486,325	12,699,243	1 96	(i) 709,006	(i) 12 3
902	7,466,681	15,210,877	2 04	(i) 780,356 (i) 493,683	
903	7,960,364	15,942,833	2 00		$ \begin{pmatrix} (i) & 6 \cdot 6 \\ (i) & 3 \cdot 7 \end{pmatrix} $
904	8,254,595	16,592,231	2 01		(i) 5.6
905	8,667,948	17,520,263	2 02	(i) 413,353	12.6
906	9,762,601	19,732,019	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(i) 1,094,653	(i) 12·0   (i) 7·7
907	10,511,426	24,381,842	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 32 \\ 2 & 31 \end{bmatrix}$	(i) 748,825 (i) 374,885	(i) 3.5
908	10,886,311	25,194,573	2 31		(d) 3.5
909	10,501,475	24,781,236			
910	12,909,152	30,909,779	2 39	(i) 2,407,677	
911	11,323,388	26, 467, 646	2 34 2 48	(d) 1,585,764	
912	14,512,829	36,019,044	2 48	(i) 3,189,441	(i) 28 (

#### EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

The statistics of exports and imports of coal as given in tables following have been compiled from the reports of the Department of Customs. The total exports during 1912 were 2,127,133 tons valued at \$5,821,593 or \$2.74 per ton, as compared with exports in 1911 of 1,500,639 tons valued at \$4,357,074 or \$2.90 per ton, and exports in 1910 of 2,377,049 tons valued at \$6,077,350 or \$2.56 per ton. The exports during 1911 were unusually low, on account of the strike conditions in Alberta and British Columbia during that year.

The total imports during 1912 were 14,595,810 tons valued at \$39,478,037, as compared with imports in 1911 of 14,558,892 tons valued at \$39,292,591 and imports in 1910 of 10,597,982 tons valued at \$28,450,001.

Statistics of exports during 1910-11-12, showing the principal countries of destination, are given in Table 4, and the annual exports since 1873 in Table 5.

COAL.—TABLE 4.

Exports of Coal Produced in Canada During 1910-11-12.

Exported to	191	10.	191	1.	1912.		
Imported to	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	/ Value.	Tons.	%	Value.
Const Poitsing	F 050	\$		\$			\$
Great Britain United States Newfoundland Other countries	5,872 1,947,287 203,626 220,264	18,901 4,583,626 574,157 900,666	14,185 1,035,889 223,553 227,012	48,496 2,809,204 617,299 882,075	59,302 1,603,145 167,519 297,167	2.8 75.4 7.9 13.9	202,151 4,042,803 482,194 1,094,445
Total	2,377,049	6,077,350	1,500,639	4,357,074	2,127,133	100.0	5,821,598

The United States is the principal market for Canadian coal exported, that country having taken about 75.4 per cent of the total exports in 1912. There were exported to Newfoundland 167,519 tons or 7.9 per cent of the total. Exports to other countries of 297,167 tons included 48,599 tons to Mexico and 37,985 tons to Australia. Smaller tonnages were also exported to Bermuda, St. Pierre, Cuba, Japan, and many other points.

COAL.-TABLE 5.

### Annual Exports.

Calendar Year.	Produce of Canada.	Not the produce of Canada.	Calendar Year.	Produce of Canada.	Not the produce of Canada.
,	Tons.	Tons.	1000	Tons.	Tons.
873	420,683 310,988	5,403 12,859	1894	960,312 1,103,694	102,827 89,786
875 876	250,348 248,638	14,026 4,995	1895	1,011,235 1,106,661	96,836 116,774
877	301,317 327,959	4,829 5,468	1897	986,130 1,150,029	101,848 99,189
879 880	306,648 432,188	8,468 14,217	1899	1,293,169 $1,787,777$	101,004 62,776
881 882	395,382 412,682	14,245 37,576	1901	1,573,661 2,090,268	53,89 23,45
884	486,811 474,405	44,388 62,665	1904	1,954,629 1,557,412	27,13: 27,30:
886	427,937 520,703	71,003 78,443	1905	1,635,287 1,835,041	86,79 44,75
887 888	580,965 588,627	89,098 84,316	1907	1,894,074 1,729,833	101,775 102,07
889 890	665,315 724,486	89,294 82,534	1909	1,588,099 2,377,049	161,09 159,85
891 892	971,259 823,733	77,827 93,988	1911	1,500,639 2,127,133	133,94 46,70

Coal imported is subdivided into three classes: anthracite, including anthracite dust; bituminous round and run of mine; and bituminous slack such as will pass through a \(\frac{3}{4}\)" screen. The imports of anthracite in 1912 were 4,184,017 tons valued at \(\frac{3}{2}0,080,388\), an average of \(\frac{5}{4}.80\) per ton, showing an increase of 163,440 tons over the 1911 imports. The imports of bituminous round and run of mine in 1912 were 8,491,840 tons valued at \(\frac{5}{1}6,846,727\), an average of \(\frac{5}{1}.98\) per ton, showing a decrease of 413,975 tons from the imports in 1911. The imports of bituminous slack in 1912 were 1,919,953 tons valued at \(\frac{5}{2},550,922\) or an average of \(\frac{5}{1}.33\) per ton, showing an increase of 287,453 tons or 17 per cent over the 1911 imports.

COAL.-TABLE 6, Annual Imports of Coal into Canada.

Fiscal Year.	Вітиміко	US COAL.	Δ	NTE COAL ND ITE DUST.	BITUMINOUS COAL DUST.		
	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	
1880. 1881. 1882. 1883. 1884. 1885. 1886. 1887. 1888. 1889. 1890. 1891. 1890. 1891. 1892. 1893. 1894. 1895. 1898. 1896. 1897. 1898. 1890. 1900. 1901. 1902. 1903. 1904.	457,049 587,024 636,374 911,629 1,118,615 1,011,876 930,949 1,149,792 1,231,234 1,248,540 1,409,282 1,598,855 1,615,220 1,603,154 1,359,509 1,444,928 1,538,489 1,543,476 1,684,024 2,171,358 2,439,764 2,516,392 3,047,392 3,047,392 3,047,392 3,511,412 4,053,900 4,176,274 4,495,550	\$ 1,220,761 1,741,568 1,992,081 3,996,198 3,613,470 3,197,539 2,591,554 3,126,225 3,451,661 3,255,1661 3,255,406,896 4,090,221 3,528,959 4,060,896 4,990,764 3,315,094 3,321,387 3,179,595 3,254,217 3,179,595 5,712,058 7,776,717 9,108,208 8,002,896 8,960,348	516,729 572,092 638,273 754,591 868,000 910,324 995,425 1,100,165 †2,138,627 1,291,705 1,201,335 1,399,067 1,479,106 1,500,550 1,530,522 1,404,342 1,5774,355 1,457,295 1,460,701 1,745,460 1,6:4,401 1,933,283 1,652,451 1,456,713 2,275,918 2,604,137 2,200,863	\$ 1,509,960 2,325,937 2,666,355 3,344,936 3,881,283 3,909,844 4,028,050 4,423,062 5,291,875 5,199,481 4,595,727 5,224,452 5,640,346 6,355,285 6,354,040 5,350,627 5,667,096 5,695,168 5,874,685 6,490,509 6,602,912 7,923,930 7,021,939 7,021,939 7,021,939 7,021,939 7,022,664 10,461,223 12,003,371 10,304,308	3,565 337 471 8,154 12,782 20,185 36,230 31,401 28,808 39,980 53,104 60,127 82,091 109,685 117,573 181,318 210,386 225,562 229,445 276,547 330,174 414,432 489,548 550,883 608,041 650,261 747,251	\$, 8, 877 666 900 10,082 14,600 20,412 36,906 33,178 34,730 47,139 20,818 36,130 39,840 44,474 49,510 52,221 58,742 58,742 59,609 45,756 44,717 98,349 275,559 264,550 420,317 544,128 343,456 449,180	
Calendar Year.	Bituminous	round and he mine.			as will nas	s slack such s through a reen.	
1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912	6,370,152   6,025,574	13,232,445 12,516,748 11,455,818 11,919,341 18,407,603 16,846,727	3,141,873 3,160,110 3,017,844 3,266,235 4,020,577 (b) 4,184,017	14,506,129 14,478,536 13,906,152 14,735,062 18,794,192 20,080,388	$\begin{bmatrix} 1,139,\overset{7}{2}56\\ 1,111,811\\ 1,230,017\\ 1,365,281\\ 1,632,500\\ (c)1,919,953 \end{bmatrix}$	1,121,949 1,355,677 1,469,889 1,795,598 2,090,796 2,550,922	

(a). Duty, 53c. per ton. (b). Coal, anthracite, and anthracite coal dust; duty free. (c). Duty 14c. per ton.

In the anthracite column the imports show a very considerable increase in 1888 over 1887, an increase of over 94 per cent, the falling off again in 1889 being quite as remarkable. The average values per ton for the three years 1887, 1888, and 1889, were \$4.02, \$2.47, and \$4.03 respectively. Although a duty of 50c. per ton on anthracite coal was removed. May 13, 1887, it is hardly thought this would account for the changes indicated, and unless some error may possibly have crept into the Trade and Navigation proof. In explanation is available. the Trade and Navigation report, no explanation is available.

The total consumption of coal in Canada during 1912 deduced from the records of production, exports, and imports was 26,934,800 tons, as compared with 24,247,698 tons in 1911, an increase of 2,687,102 tons or 11 per cent. the total consumption during the past year 12,385,696 tons or 46 per cent was domestic coal and 14,549,104 imported coal.

The per capita consumption in 1912, based on an estimate of the population made by the Census Office, was approximately 3.596 tons, as compared with a per capita consumption of 3.384 tons in 1911.

Consumption of Coal in Canada, 1911-1912.

	19	11.	1912.		
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	
Production, Table 3	11,323,386 1,500,639 14,558,892 133,943	9,822,749	14,512,829 2,127,133 14,595,810 46,706	12,385,696	
Total consumption of coal in Canada.		24,247,698		26,934,800	

COAL.—TABLE 7.

Annual Consumption of Coal in Canada.

Calendar Year.	Canadian.	Imported.	Total.	Percentage Canadian.	Percentage imported.	Consump- tion per capita.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	%	%	Tons.
1886	1,595,950	1,884,161	3,480,111	45.9	54.1	0.758
1887	1,848,365	2,192,260	4,040,625	45.7	54.3	0.871
1888	2,013,925	3,314,353	5,328,278	37.8	62.2	1 · 137
1889	1,992,988	2,490,931	4,483,919	44.4	55.6	0.946
1890	2,360,196	2,581,187	4,941,383	47.8	52.2	1.031
1891	2,606,490	2,980,222	5,586,712	46.7	63.3	1.153
1892	2,464,012	3,082,429	5,546,441	44.4	55.6	1.133
1893	2,823,187	3,110,462	5,933,649	47 6	52.4	1.198
1894	2,743,376	2,917,818	5,661,194	48.5	51.6	1 · 130
1895	2,467,109	2,933,752	5,400,861	45.7	54.3	1.066
1896	2,639,055	3,206,456	5,845,511	45.1	54.9	1.140
1897	2,799,977	3,124,485	5,924,462	47.3	52.7	1.143
1898	3,023,079	3,274,981	6,298,060	48.0	52.0	1.200
1899	3,631,882	4,092,361	7,724,243	47.0	53.0	1.454
1900	3,989,542	4,361,563	8,351,105	47.8	52.2	1.561
1901	4,912,664	4,810,213	9,722,877	60.2	49.5	1.810
1902	5,376,413	<b>5,165,<u>9</u>38</b>	10,542,351	51.0	49.0	1.927
1903	6,005,735	5,491,870	11,507,605	52.2	47.8	2.055
1904	6,697,183	6,909,651	13,606,834	49.2	50.8	2.346
1905	7,032,661	7,343,880	14,376,541	48.9	51 · 1	2.362
1906	7,927,560	7,398,906	15,326,466	51.7	48.3	2.425
1907	8,617,352	10,519,503	19,166,855	45.0	65.0	2.947
1908	9,156,478	10,195,424	19,351,902	47.3	62.7	2.820
1909	8,913,376	9,711,826	18,625,202	47.9	62.1	2.682
1910	10,532,103	10,438,123	20,970,226	50.2	49.8	2.960
1911	9,822,749	14,424,949	24,247,698	40.5	59.5	3.384
1912	12,385,696	14,549,104	26,934,800	46.0	54.0	3,296

#### Nova Scotia.

The production of coal in Nova Scotia in 1912 was reported as 7,783,888 tons, as compared with a production of 7,004,420 tons in 1911, showing an increase of 779,468 tons or 13 per cent. This is entirely bituminous coal and represents the output of 13 operating companies, one of which, the Dominion Coal Company, contributed about 64 per cent of the total.

Of the production in 1912, the quantity sold for consumption in Canada was 6,123,348 tons, while 482,597 tons were reported as sold for export to the United States and 193,274 tons sold for export to other countries; 731,315 tons were used for colliery consumption and by workmen and 253,354 tons were used by colliery operators in making coke and in steel making, etc. A considerable tonnage of coal sold for consumption in Canada was also used in making coke, the total tonnage used for coke making in the Province being 913,157 tons of domestic coal.

About 37 per cent only of the total sales were for consumption within the Province itself. Almost an equal amount, about 35 per cent, was sold for consumption in the Province of Quebec. The adjacent Provinces of New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island and the colony of Newfoundland took in 1912 about 15 per cent of the output.

There are five principal coal-fields in the Province, that affording the largest production being the Sydney coal-field in Cape Breton county. The production in Cape Breton county in 1912 was 5,968,922 tons or 76.6 per cent of the total; Pictou produced 785,547 tons or 11 per cent of the total, Cumberland county, 715,988 tons or 9 per cent of the total, and Inverness and other counties, 313,431 tons or 4 per cent of the total.

Annual statistics of the production of coal in Nova Scotia since 1872 are shown in Table 8, the figures being given in both long and short tons; the production by counties during the past six years is shown in Table 9. The record in each case covers the calendar year.

The statistics published by the Provincial Department of Mines cover the fiscal year ending September 30, and the details of colliery output during the year ending September 30, 1912, as published in the Provincial Mines Report, are shown below; while the colliery output during the last three fiscal years is shown in Table 10 and the distribution of coal sold during the same periods in Table 11.

	m , 1 1	٠	Used.	•	Production.2	Sto	oks.	Losses. <sup>3</sup>	Output.
·	Total sales.	For coke.1	Colliery consumpt'n.	Workmen.	r roduction.	Jan. 1.	Dec. 31.	Liosses.	
inverness Ry. and Coal Co. Sydney Coal Co., Ltd. Oominion Coal Co., Ltd. Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Co., Ltd. The Colonial Coal Co., Ltd. Acadia Coal Co., Ltd. Intercolonial Coal Mining Co. Sumberland Ry. and Coal Co. Maritime Coal, Railway, and Power Co. Minudie Coal Co., Ltd. Atlantic Grindstone Coal and Ry. Co. Riverside mine (Eastern Coal Co., Ltd.)	149,066	3,967 226,294 1,741 21,350	21,677 106 324,273 41,405 1,655 84,913 38,314 72,226 25,526 4,305	6,974 123 51,556 18,404 684 12,782 7,648 13,046 4,384 1,344	313,431 5,872 4,998,103 934,675 35,272 511,485 274,062 474,486 178,976 61,462 168 896		160,777 8,960 397 3,041 784 2,072		312,85 5,87 5,054,86 942,51 36,06 487,95 277,77 469,36 178,97 67,44
	6,799,219	253,354	614,420	116,895	7,793,888	211,089	176,509	85,416	7,834,7

Includes also coal used by producers for steel making and other purposes, and for making briquettes.
 Production is obtained by adding sales and coal used.
 Complete records of losses are not furnished by all producers.

COAL.—TABLE 8.

# Nova Scotia: Output, Sales, Colliery Consumption, and Production.

Calendar Year.   Colliery tons, 2,240 lbs.   Colliery consumption, tons, 2,240 lbs.   Colliery consumption, tons, 2,240 lbs.   Colliery tons, 2,000 lbs.   Colliery tons		* 12	,	<u> </u>						,	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Calendar Year.	tons,	tons,	consump- tion, tons,	tons,	tons,	tons,	consump- tion, tons,	tons,	ton,	of
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					,					\$ c.	\$ .
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1878 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1890 1891 1892 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902	1,051,467 872,720 781,165 709,646 770,608 788,271 1,032,710 1,124,270 1,345,811 1,422,553 1,352,205 1,570,830 1,776,128 1,756,279 1,984,001 2,044,784 2,223,042 2,223,042 2,223,631 1,299,756 2,240,031 2,242,656 2,265,443 3,281,033 3,221,033 4,725,480	\$31,106 749,127 706,795 634,207 687,065 693,511 688,624 954,659 1,035,014 1,226,150 1,234,510 1,234,510 1,373,666 1,519,684 1,576,692 1,555,107 1,786,111 1,849,945 1,752,934 1,977,543 2,060,920 1,793,098 2,046,828 2,046,828 2,044,872 2,121,126 2,633,989 2,998,737 3,411,127 4,229,120	108,348 119,582 1124,110 113,788 98,841 88,627 84,787 96,831 107,888 111,949 116,769 127,624 142,421 139,777 157,443 158,131 161,240 174,983 175,092 205,425 196,206 193,639 192,975 181,716 187,428 177,460 236,563 301,434 379,198	989,504 868,709 830,905 747,9.5 785,906 782,138 773,411 1,051,490 1,442,902 1,361,500 1,409,472 1,378,419 1,382,134 1,516,087 1,659,461 1,734,135 1,713,238 1,947,351 2,024,928 2,182,968 2,257,126 1,985,737 2,239,808 2,226,388 2,238,554 2,811,449 3,235,300 3,712,561 4,608,318	1,177,643 977,446 874,905 7794,804 848,396 863,075 882,863 1,156,635 1,259,183 1,529,708 1,503,259 1,556,011 1,514,470 1,682,924 1,871,330 1,989,263 1,967,032 2,222,081 2,290,158 2,175,913 2,489,807 2,520,706 2,020,833 2,584,175 3,209,296 3,694,646 4,279,557 5,292,538	986,839 839,022 791,610 710,812 769,513 776,732 771,259 1,068,218 1,159,216 1,400,200 1,453,226 1,413,048 1,405,051 1,702,046 1,705,895 1,741,720 2,000,444 2,071,938 1,965,895 1,741,720 2,000,444 2,071,938 2,214,848 2,308,221 2,308,221 2,308,221 2,308,231	121,406 133,932 139,003 127,443 110,702 99,262 94,961 108,461 120,583 130,781 142,939 159,512 156,550 176,336 177,107 180,589 195,981 196,103 230,076 219,751 216,875 216,132 203,522 187,519 138,775 264,051 337,606 424,702	1,108,245 972,954 930,613 837,755 880,215 856,220 1,777,669 1,280,050 1,524,947 1,573,609 1,543,929 1,547,990 1,698,018 1,858,596 1,912,231 1,918,827 2,181,033 2,267,919 2,159,389 2,444,924 2,527,982 2,225,145 2,508,570 2,403,554 2,563,180 3,148,822 3,623,536 4,158,068 5,161,316	17555555555555555555555555555555555555	1,568,446 1,731,632 1,520,240 1,454,084 1,308,991 1,375,339 1,368,741 1,353,469 1,840,108 2,000,079 2,382,730 2,466,576 2,412,233 2,4 8,735 2,465,3152 2,904,057 3,034,735 2,998,167 3,407,864 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,543,624 3,374,046 3,520,194 3,949,970 3,476,790

### COAL.—TABLE 8—Continued.

Nova Scotia: Output, Sales, Colliery Consumption, and Production.

Calendar Year.	Output, tons, 2,240 lbs.	Sold or used, tons, 2,240 lbs.	Colliery consump- tion, tons, 2,240 lbs.	Production, tons, 2,240 lbs.	Output, tons, 2,000 lbs.	Sold or used, tons, 2,000 lbs.	Colliery consump- tion, tons, 2,000 lbs.	Production* tons, 2,000 lbs.	Price per ton, 2,240 lbs.	Value of production.
1905. 1906. 1907. 1908. 1909. 1910. 1911. 1912.	5,197,877 5,844,813 5,775,503 6,076,330 5,106,135 5,817,109 6,362,099 6,995,289	4,613,818 5,993,131 5,236,077 5,224,787 4,524,029 5,199,715 5,676,857 6,296,940	427,774 460,891 437,256 576,509 522,479 542,376 577,089 652,960	5,041,592 5,554,022 5,673,333 5,939,767 5,046,508 5,742,091 6,253,946 6,949,900	5,821,622 6,546,191 6,468,563 6,805,489 5,718,871 6,515,162 7,125,551 7,834,724	5,704,307 5,864,406 5,851,761 5,066,912	479,107 516,198 489,727 645,190 585,177 607,461 646,340 731,315	5,646,583 6,220,505 6,354,133 6,652,539 5,652,089 6,431,142 7,004,420 7,783,888	2 00 2 00 2 25 2 25 2 25 2 25 2 25 2 25	10,083,184 11,108,044 12,764,999 13,364,476 11,354,643 12,919,705 14,071,379 17,374,750

<sup>\*</sup>This production is obtained by adding sales and colliery consumption,

COAL.—TABLE 9.

Nova Scotia: Coal Trade by Counties, in Short Tons, Calendar Years Since 1906.

Calendar Year.	Cumber	LAND.	Picrou.		CAPE B	RETON.	OTHER CO	OUNTIES.	Total.		
`	Raised.	Sales.	Raised.	Sales.	Raised.	Sales.	Raised.	Sales.	Raised.	Sales.	
1906. 1907. 1908 1909 1910. 1911. 1912.	659,734 534,047 662,157 494,919 350,363 533,296 716,914	566,308 445,288 530,448 403,371 288,706 436,125 595,138	769,496 840,533 849,502 743,860 714,846 833,956 765,678	657,310 729,043 678,025 599,743 588,678 691,852 641.890	4,804,407 4,698,147 4,840,653 4,081,383 5,035,800 5,405,355 6,039,296	4,221,293 { 4,346,180 } 4,267,346 } 3,723,135 } 4,571,347   4,917,902   5,530,765	312,554 395,836 452,877 398,759 414,153 347,944 312,836	259,396 343,895 375,742 340,663 374,950 312,201 284,780	6,546,191 6,468,563 6,805,489 5,718,871 6,515,162 7,125,551 7,834,724	5,704,307 5,864,406 5,851,761 5,066,912 5,823,681 6,358,080 7,052,573	

Sales include coal used for making coke and steel.

COAL.

Production and Sales by Companies, Nova Scotia, Year Ending September 30, 1912, in Short Tons.

Name of company.	Output.	Sales.	Colliery consump- tion.	Supplied workmen.	Supplied locomotive.	Reported unsaleable.	On bank at close of year.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons
Dominion Coal Co., Ltd.  Nova Scotia Steel & Coal Co., Ltd.  Cumberland Railway & Coal Co., Ltd. Acadia Coal Co.  Maritime Coal, Railway & Power Co.  Inverness Railway & Coal Co.  Intercolonial Coal Co.  Sydney Coal Co.  Colonial Mining Co.  North Atlantic Collieries Co.  Minudie Coal Co.  Atlantic Grindstone & Coal Co.	4,852,198 919,705 470,939 492,213 169,465 324,469 272,616 5,143 39,448 4,819 68,179 163	4,492,583 871,236 388,600 402,362 141,304 290,433 237,326 5,294 34,188 424 55,061 118	264,095 38,393 65,385 85,727 24,444 21,389 38,061 94 4,628 4,523 4,063	52,006 21,008 12,844 12,657 3,717 6,713 7,774 171 632 258 1,473 36	254	7,581	1,701 $1,207$ $24$ $402$
Total	7,619,357	6,918,929	550,812	119,289	51,784	7,581	126,813

## COAL,-TABLE 10.

# Nova Scotia: Output by Collieries During Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 1910-11-12.

Colliery.	1910. Tons of 2,000 lbs.	1911. Tons of 2,000 lbs.	1912. Tons of 2,000 lbs.
Cape Breton County.			
Dominion Coal Company. Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Co. North Atlantic Collieries. McKay Mining Company. Sydney Coal Company. Colonial Mining Co.	936,710 99,687 19,136	4,360,113 848,762 53,751 32,571 4,129 5,023	4,852,198 919,705 4,819 (a) 5,143 39,448
Cumberland County.			
Cumberland Railway and Coal Co. Maritime Coal, Railway, and Power Co., Chignecto.  Minudie Coal Co. Great Northern Coal Co. Atlantic Grindstone and Coal Co. Eastern Coal Co.	61,037	214,871 183,416 61,019 1,419 374	470,939 169,465 68,179
Pictou County.			
Acadia Coal Co	397,962 307,692	522,297 293.000	492,213 272,616
Inverness County.			
Inverness Coal and Railway Co Port Hood Coal Co	310,528 97,269	326,577 46,135	324,469

<sup>(</sup>a) See Colonial Mining Co.

COAL.—TABLE 11.

# Nova Scotia: Distribution of Coal Sold.

				Fisça	L YEARS END	ing Septi	ember 30.	•		
Markets.	1908	- <del></del>	1909	•	191	D.	1911		1912	·
	Tons. of 2,000 lbs.	Per cent.	Tons. of 2,000 lbs.	Per cent.	Tons. of 2,000 lbs.	Per cent.	Tons. of 2,000 lbs.	Per cent.	Tons. of 2,000 lbs.	Per cent.
Nova Scotia— Transported by land. " sea. "Total Nova Scotia New Brunswick. Prince Edward Island Quebec Province. Newfoundland Juited States tt. Pierre. Bunker coal	1,804,377 380,332 2,184,709 571,570 70,931 2,293 352 231,909 559,592 9,976 216,554 5,261	35·56 9·30 1·15 37·3 3·77 9·11 0·16 3·53 0·09	1,642,716 339,462 1,982,178 607,968 88,365 1,699,876 174,998 359,224 11,463 254,681 846	31·77 6·57 38·34 11·76 1·71 32·69 3·39 6·95 0·22 4·92 0 02	1,681,052 342,787 2,023,839 594,288 89,031 2,001,382 19,224 325,548 8,405 243,807	30.65 6.25 36.90 10.84 1.62 36.49 3.62 5.93 0.15 4.45	2,007,192 354,514 2,361,706 606,582 90,314 2,315,971 206,299 372,177 10,107 229,243 *30,841	32·25 5·70 37·95 9·74 1·45 37·22 3·32 5·98 0·16 3·68 0·50	2,197,218 373,594 2,570,807 732,411 103,378 2,418,086 224,719 462,035 10,535 265,142 **181,816	31·76 5 40 37·16 10·59 1·49 34·95 3·25 6·68 0·15 3·83 1·90
Total. For time chartered boats. Other countries	6,143,854	100.00	5,169,599	100.00		100.00 Tons. 28,610 2,231	6,223,240  Per cent. 0.46 0.04	**Tons 28,972 102,844	6,918,929  Per cent. 0.42 1.48	100 000
Ovner countries				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_	30,841	0.20	131,816	1 48	

Number and Classes of Workmen Employed at Each Mine in Nova Scotia, Year Ending September 30, 1912.

٠		Unde	RGROUN	rD.		Sui	RFACE.		Co	NSTR	UCTIC	on.	To	TALS.	Hor	ses.	Days.
Company.	Skilled labour.	Labourers	Boys.	Days.	Skilled labour.	Labourers	Boys.	Days.	Skilled labour.	Labourers	Boys.	Days.	Persons.	Days.	Above.	Below.	Pit days.
Dominion Coal Co.  Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Co  Cumberland Railway and Coal Co.  Acadia Coal Co.  Intercolonial Coal Co.  Joggins Mines.  Chignecto Mines.  Inverness Railway and Coal Co.  Sydney Coal Co.  Mackay Mining Co.  Minudie Coal Co.  Colonial Coal Co.	1,022 444 359 401 333 28	369 373 126 66 21 134 3 14 22	240 186 40 64 84 3 23	1,468,063 542,622 256,431 246,377 155,529 102,430 13,338 139,182 1,624 15,876 36,808 1,456	143 81 108 108 19 14 47 2 6 15	226 119 304 110 48	9 20 28 9 3 13	20,882 7,408	9 3	10		1,586 1,060 922 1,725	1,228	660,094 325,194 396,616 225,665 123,312 20,746	1 10 38 10 4 1 7 1 3 3	22 59 43	306 300 296 300 299
Totals	6,074	3,899	657	2,979,736	1,133	1,324	172	780,711	20	18		10,783	13,297	3,771,230	173	772	

#### New Brunswick.

The total shipments of coal from mines in this Province, as estimated by the Provincial Department of Works, was 42,780 tons, and adding 2,000 tons for colliery consumption and workmen, etc., the production is placed at 44,780 tons, which is 11,001 tons less than the production in 1911.

Mining operations are carried on in the Grand Lake coal-field, in Queens county, in which a comparatively large number of small mines or openings are intermittently operated. About 50 per cent of the total output was directly reported by the following operators: The Rothwell Coal Co., Limited, The Minto Coal Co., Limited, The Northfield Coal Co., Limited, all of Minto, and the Thompson Coal and Brick Co. of Beersville.

COAL.—TABLE 12.

New Brunswick: Annual Production.

Calendar Year.	Tons.	Value.	Value per ton.	Calendar Year.	Tons.	Value.	Value per ton.
	,	\$	\$ ets.			\$	\$ cts
1887	10,040	23,607	2 35	1900	10,000	15,000	$\begin{array}{c c} 1 & 50 \\ 2 & 94 \end{array}$
1888 1889	5,730 5,673	$11,050 \\ 11,733$	1 93   2 07	1901	17,630 18,795	51,857 39,680	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
1890	7,110	13,850	1 95	1903	16,000	40,000	2 50
1891	5,422	11,030	2 03	1904	9,112	18,224	2 00
1892	6,768	9,375	1 39	1905	29,400	58,800	2 00
1893	6,200	9,837	1 59	1906	34,076	68,152	2 00
1894	6,469	10,264	1 59	1907	34,584	77,814	2 25
1895	9,500	14,250	1 50	1908	60,000	135,000	2 25
1896	7,500	11,250	1 50	1909	49,029	98,496	2 25
1897	6,000 6,160	9,000	1 50 1 50	1910	55,455	$110,910 \\ 111,562$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
1899	10,528	9,240 15,792	1 50	1911 1912	55,781 44,780	89,560	2 00

#### Saskatchewan.

The total production in 1912, as reported from 25 separate collieries, was 225,342 tons of lignite coal valued at \$368,135, an increase of 18,563 tons or 9 per cent over the 1911 production. Of the 1912 production 215,796 tons were sold for consumption in Canada and 9,546 tons used by the producers for colliery consumption, for workmen, and in brickmaking.

The output which has hitherto been obtained entirely from the Estevan and Souris fields in the southeastern portion of the Province is used mainly for domestic purposes within the Province and in Manitoba. During the past two years mining operations have been commenced in a district about 115 miles east of the Estevan field and 40 miles south of Moosejaw.

The principal operating mines of the Estevan field are the Western Dominion Collieries, Limited, and the Manitoba and Saskatchewan Coal Com-

pany. Amongst the other mines, the chief operators are the Hawkinson Mining Co., the Estevan Coal and Brick Co., the Maple Leaf Mines, Limited, the Excelsior Coal Mining Co., and the Great West Coal Company.

COAL.—TABLE 13.

Saskatchewan: Annual Production.

Calendar Year.	Tons.	Value.	Average value per ton,	Calendar Year.	Tons.	·Value.	Average value per ton.
1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1896 1896 1897 1898 1898 1900 1901	5,400 8,325 115,051 15,769 16,706 25,000	\$ 200 9,325 12,485 16,153 31,538 25,059 37,500 37,500 60,750 72,000	\$ cts. 1 00 1 73 1 50 1 01 2 00 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50 1 50	1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912	70,400 116,703 124,885 107,596 108,398 151,232 150,556 192,125 181,156 206,779 225,342	\$ 112,640 169,618 187,021 152,334 164,146 252,487 253,790 296,339 293,923 347,248 368,135	\$ cts. 1 52 1 45 1 50 1 42 1 51 1 67 1 69 1 54 1 68 1 63

<sup>†</sup>Including a small quantity from the Turtle Mountain district, Manitoba.

#### Alberta.

The coal production of Alberta has increased rapidly during the past few years and has in 1912 exceeded that of British Columbia, which until the past year has been the chief coal mining province of western Canada. Alberta has numerous small collieries, the total number operating in 1912 being about 182, and in addition 74 mines reported either no operations, or development only, nevertheless 91 per cent of the total production was, in the past year, derived from 34 collieries operated by 30 companies, each colliery having an output exceeding 10,000 tons. Nine of these collieries has each an output exceeding 100,000 tons.

The total production of marketable coal during the year was 3,240,577 tons valued at \$8,113,525 or an average of \$2.50 per ton. The coal production of this Province includes lignite, bituminous coal, and the only anthracite mined in Canada, the production of which in 1912 was 160,589 tons.

Of the total production in 1912, 2,772,874 tons were sold for home consumption in Canada and 93,126 tons for export; the producers used 204,259 tons for colliery consumption and for workmen, and 170,818 tons were used in making coke.

The production by collieries in 1912 and in 1911 is shown in tables following. The low production in 1911, it will be remembered, was due to the protracted

strike and closing down of all the large collieries in the southern part of the Province during that year.

The production in 1912 by 30 companies, each with an output exceeding 10,000 tons, was 2,961,056 tons. The aggregate production of all other collieries was 279,521 tons.

Production of Coal in Alberta in 1912, by Principal Collieries, in Short Tons.

Name of company.	Days in operation.	Total sales.	Total for colliery use.*	Total_production.
Leitch Colliery, Ltd., Passburg.  Davenport Coal Co., Burmis.  Maple Leaf Coal Co., Bellevne.  Hillcrest Coal and Coke Co., Hillcrest  West Canadian Collieries, Bellevne.  "Blairmore  Lille  Canadian Coal Consolidated Co., Frank.  International Coal and Coke Co., Coleman.  McGillivray Creek Coal and Coke Co., Coleman.  Bankhead Mines, Ltd., Bankhead.  Canmore Coal Co., Ltd., Canmore.  "Yellowhead Pass Coal and Coke Co., Ltd., via  Bickerdike.  Jasper Park Collieries, Ltd., Pocahontas.  Western Coal and Coke Co., Lethbridge.  City of Lethbridge Coal Mine  Lethbridge Collieries  Canada west Coal Co., Taber.  C. P. R. Dept. of Natural Resources, Lethbridge.  Diamond Coal Co., Ltd., Diamond City  Battle River Collieries, Rosenroll.  Round Hill Collieries, Rosenrol.  Round Hill Collieries, Rosenrol.  The Clover Bar Coal Co., Ltd., Clover Bar.  Edmonton Standard Coal Co., Edmonton  Twin City Coal Co., Ltd., Edmonton  Twin City Coal Co., Ltd., Edmonton  Alberta Coal Mining Co., Cardiff.  5 other companies, each producing over 10,000	010	(a) 66,418 37,986 48,849 173,478 317,725 80,858 (b) 38,177 123,381 (c) 402,283 119,342 (d) 124,599 142,231 97,527 11,207 111,231 11,969 10,467 58,419 69,436 311,259 35,447 11,500 17,608 17,458 20,686 24,750 32,683 92,161	6,624 495 1,923 10,806 6,508 4,936 6,919 17,999 23,050 4,056 (e) 36,000 9,931 1,742 2,075 1,270 2,431  9,895 8,684 4,293 2,551 850 747 2,100 1,750 2,000 1,280 2,500 2,500 2,985	73,042 38,481 50,772 184,284 324,283 85,794 45,096 141,380 425,388 123,398 160,589 152,162 99,269 13,282 112,501 14,400 10,467 68,314 78,120 316,552 38,355 19,558 22,436 26,750 34,080 55,183 95,146
tons		2,771,362	13,294	2,961,056
10,000 tons		3,036,318	204,259	3,240,577

<sup>\*</sup> Includes consumption under boilers, etc., and coal used by workmen.

<sup>17,923</sup> tons for coke manufacturing.

<sup>000</sup> tons of briquettes.

# Production of Coal in Alberta in 1911 by Principal Collieries, in Short Tons.

Name of company.	Days in operation.	Total sales.	Total for colliery use.*	Total production.
The Davenport Coal Co., Burmis The Hillcrest Coal and Coke Co., Hillcrest Leitch Collieries Ltd., Passburg Maple Leaf Coal Co., Bellevue Canadian Coal Consolidated Co., Frank. West Canadian Collieries, Blairmore mine Lille	104 $168$ $153$ $144$ $86$ $122$ $89$	21,669 44,664 52,315 13,150 24,912 79,604	300 4,025 2,310 1,138 12,514 (c) 36,107	21,969 48,689 54,625 14,288 37,426
"Bellevue " International Coal and Coke Co., Coleman The Canmore Coal Co., Canmore Bankhead Mines, Ltd., Bankhead Jasper Park Collieries, Pocahontas Breckenridge & Lund Coal Co., Lundbreck Alberta Railway & Irrigation Co., Lethbridge Fureka Coal Co., Taber Rock Springs Sootless Coal Co., Taber	100 32 77 96 252 104 273 264 268	92,869 26,673 (a) 78,609 10,619 43,482 131,859 12,914 20,543 17,662	(d) 46,158 2,105 (b) 11,851 350 1,123 7,041 2,430 3,000	189,027 28,778 90,460 10,969 44,605 138,900 15,344 23,543 17,652
Red Cliff Brick and Coal Co., Redcliff	144 300 168 300 200 300	17,052 12,825 29,300 10,000 10,000 33,708 99,879	137 900 550 50 2,500 1,200	12,962 12,962 30,200 10,550 10,050 36,208 101,079 310,441
Other companies, each producing under 10,000 tons		1,157,773 187,889	155,703 9,671	1,313,476 197,560
Total production, Alberta		1,345,662	165,374	1,511,036

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes consumption under boilers, workmen, etc., and coal used by workmen.
a) " 47,308 tons of briquettes.
b) " 892 " "
c) " 23,754 tons used in making coke.

## COAL.-TABLE 14. Alberta: Annual Production.

Calendar Year.	Tons,	Value.	Average value per ton.	Calendar Year.	Tons.	Value.	Average value per ton.
1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898	74,152 115,124 97,364 128,753 174,131 178,970 230,070 184,940 169,885 209,162 242,163 315,088 309,600	\$ 157,577 183,354 179,640 198,298 437,243 460,605 586,260 473,827 382,526 581,832 630,408 788,720 774,000	\$ cts. 2 13 1 59 1 85 1 54 2 57 2 55 2 56 2 26 2 78 2 50 2 50	1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1911	1,591,579 1,685,661	\$ 778,625 850,687 960,601 1,117,541 1,404,524 1,993,915 2,614,762 3,836,286 4,127,311 4,838,109 7,065,736 3,979,264 8,113,525	\$ cts. 2 50 2 50 2 38 2 25 2 12 2 14 2 10 2 41 2 43 2 44 2 63 2 50

According to statistics published by the Coal Mines Branch of the Department of Public Works, Province of Alberta, the total output of coal in that Province in 1912, including a considerable tonnage of unmarketable slack, screening, etc., was 3,446,349 tons. The total sales are reported by the same authority as 2,879,489 tons; used in making coke, 170,818 tons; used under colliery boilers, 262,971 tons; added to stock, 22,002 tons; slack, including anthracite and lignite coals, 111,069 tons.

The total sales, as shown by returns furnished this Division, including sales to workmen, were 2,888,872 tons, which is slightly in excess of the record given above. There is a deficiency, however, of 82,084 tons in the quantity reported as colliery consumption and it is evident that a considerable tonnage of slack used under colliery boilers has not been included in some of the records sent to the Department of Mines.

The following tables show the total output of coal in Alberta during 1912, the output by districts and the labour employed according to the records compiled and published by Mr. John T. Stirling, Provincial Inspector of Mines.

#### Output of Bituminous Coal.

Tons of 2,000 lbs.	Crows- nest pass.	Calgary	Leth- bridge.	Edmon- ton.	Total.
Sold for consumption in Alberta	1,081,657 98,399 86,682				1,453,007 98,399 86,682
Total sales	1,266,738	245,714		125,636	1,638,088
Used in making coke Used under colliery boilers To stock.	79,533	11,510 2,215		4,420 12,060	170,818 95,463 22,002
Total	1,524,816	259,439		142,116	1,926,371

#### Output of Anthracite Coal.

Tons of 2,000 lbs,	CALGARY	DISTRICT.
	Coal.	Briquettes.
Sold for consumption in AlbertaSold for consumption in other provincesSold for export to the United States	21,700 12,589 300	60,000 29,920 80
Total sales	34,589	90,000
Used under colliery boilers	36,000 108,000	
Total	178,589	90,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Annual Report, Department of Public Works of the Province of Alberta, 1912, pp. 61, 62.

# Output of Lignite Coal.

Tons of 2,000 lbs.	Crows- nest pass.	Calgary.	Leth- bridge.	Edmon- ton.	Total.
Sold for consumption in Alberta		8.278	206,584 397,821 6,141	343,774 77,033	627,539 483,132 6,141
Total sales		85,459	610,546	420,807	1,116,812
Used under colliery boilers		1,688 1,788	112,126 38,015	17,694 53,266	131,508 93,069
Total output		88,935	760,687	491,767	1,341,389

# Output of Coal in Alberta by Districts.

District.	Number of persons employed.	Lignite.	Bituminous.	Anthracite.
Crowsnest pass Pincher Creek Leth bridge Taber Bow Island Milk River Banf Medicine Hat. Aldersyde Carstairs Carbon. Drumheller. Three Hills Lacombe. Wetaskiwin Edmonton St. Albert. Tofield Cardiff Pembina. Yellowhead pass Jasper Park	2,261 122 935 430 51 17 906 147 49 11 35 115 45 87 154 503 60 83 221 104 191 134	624,150 124,795 8,654 2,518 35,223 11,888 8,232 14,581 7,986 12,076 48,126 208,888 8,479 37,241 185,337 3,265	1	178,589
Total	6,661	1,341,389	1,926,371	178,589

## Average Number of Persons Employed.

Character of labour.	Bituminous.		Anthracite.		Lign	ite.	Total.	
	Above.	Below.	Above.	Below.	Above.	Below	Above.	Below.
Supervision and clerical assistance	99 271	79 1,586 60 628 2,353	10 53 150 213	8 137 80 225	131 207 359 697	118 1,818 58 289 2,283	240 531 1,029 1,800	205 3,541 118 997 4,861

### British Columbia.

The total production of coal in British Columbia in 1912 from 17 collieries operated by 12 companies was 3,208,997 tons valued at \$10,028,116, as compared with a production of 2,542,532 tons in 1911 and 3,330,745 tons in 1910. The actual colliery output was somewhat higher as a considerable tonnage is lost in washing at some of the Vancouver Island collieries. The production in 1911 was greatly restricted on account of the closing down of the Crowsnest collieries because of labour difficulties and the very large increase in 1912 merely shows a return to normal conditions of operation. The 1912 production, although slightly less than that of 1910, is, with the exception of that year, the largest that has been recorded for the Province, and would probably have been greater even than the 1910 production had it not been for the falling off in production at the mines of the Canadian Collieries Limited, because of strikes during the latter part of the year.

Of the total production in 1912, 1,410,014 tons or nearly 44 per cent were sold for consumption in Canada, 961,862 tons or 30 per cent were sold for export to the United States, and 121,136 tons or 3.8 per cent were sold for export to other countries. The quantity used by producers in making coke was 444,665 tons or nearly 14 per cent of the production and 271,320 tons or 8.4 per cent were used under colliery boilers and for workmen.

The total production of coal on Vancouver island in 1912 was 1,571,683 tons, a falling off of 217,847 tons, as compared with 1911 when the production was 1,789,530 tons. The mines of the Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir) Limited, were operated with a reduced staff of workmen from September 16, 1912, to the end of the year, owing to differences that had arisen between the company and its employees. The production of the Crowsnest mines in 1912 was 1,413,714 tons compared with 499,580 tons in 1911, the mines of the Crowsnest Pass Coal Company and the Hosmer mines being in operation for three months only during the latter year. The production in the Nicola and Princeton valleys in 1912 was 223,660 tons, as compared with 253,421 tons in 1911, a decrease of 29,761 tons.

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# Production by Districts, 1911 and 1912.

		1911.	,		1912.				
Coal.	Coast.	Crowsnest and Nicola valley.	Total.	Coast.	Crowsnest and Nicola valley.	Total.			
		Short tons.			Short tons.				
Sold for consumption in Canada	1,188,769	348,188	1,536,957	947,631	462,383	1,410,014			
States	405,535	237,219	642,754	340,115	621,747	961,862			
Sold for export to other countries	43,465		43,465	121,136		121,136			
Total sales	1,637,769	585,407	2,223,176	1,408,882	1,084,130	2,493,012			
Used for making coke Used for colliery consump-		117,215	117,215		444,665	444,665			
tion	151,761	50,380	202,141	162,801	108,519	271,320			
Production	1,789,530	753,002	2,542,532	1,571,683	1,637,314	3,208,997			

## Coal Production by Collieries in British Columbia, in 1912, in Short Tons.

In Canada   United States   To other countries   Total   Coke   Doilers, etc.   Doilers, etc	Colliery.		Sales.				Used under colliery	Produc-	Lost in	Sto	Output.	
Northfield   18,697   86,838   21,725   127,260   31,721   158,981   526   168   158,6   Douglas   54   70   124   712   836   88   22,725   127,260   31,721   158,981   526   168   158,6   28,851   32,851			United	other	Total.	making coke.	boilers,	tion.				Output.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Northfield Douglas  2. New East Wellington  3. Ladysmith (Wellington) Cumberland (Comox)  4. Fiddick and Richardson Suquash.  5. Coal Creek Michel  6. Hosmer  7. Corbin  8. Diamond Vale.  9. Middlesboro.  10. Inland.  11. Princeton  12. United Empire.	18,697 54 74,783 176,370 301,302 121,492 12,603 103,956 79,876 3,080 150,283 30,000 20,405 250	86,838 17,842 50,558 64,598 7,831 430,817 133,943 53,192 3,546 250	21,725 70 17,149	127,260 124 92,625 226,928 383,019 129,328 3,389 492,746 146,546 103,956 133,068 3,080 150,283 30,000 23,951 500	248,058 115,316 81,291	31,721 712 5,726 15,588 45,087 18,704 767 39,801 22,368 26,696 3,868 164 10,052 1,299 4,232 40	158,981 836 98,351 242,516 428,136 148,032 4,156 780,605 284,230 211,943 136,936 3,244 160,335 31,299 28,183 540	3,372	526 448 1,641 26,307 37,167 124 20 1,889 689	168 942 102 3,115 46,182 875 115 115 778 483 100	486,664 158,623 856 98,845 240,977 404,944 164,750 5,031 780,596 284,325 210,832 136,936 3,244 160,129 31,399 31,555 540

Western Fuel Co.
 Vancouver Nanaimo Coal Mining Co.
 The Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir), Ltd.
 Pacific Coast Collieries, Ltd.
 Crowsnest Pass Coal Co., Ltd.
 The Hosmer Mines, Ltd.

<sup>7</sup> Corbin Coal and Coke Co., Ltd.
8. Diamond Vale Collieries, Ltd.
9. Nicola Valley Coal and Coke Co., Ltd.
10. Inland Coal and Coke Co., Ltd.
11. Princeton C al and Land Co., Ltd.
12. United Empire Coal Co., Ltd.

## Coal Production by Collieries in British Columbia in 1912, Tons of 2,240 lbs.

Colliery.		SAL	es.		Used in making	Used under colliery	Produc-	Lost in	Sto	cks.	Output.
	In Canada.	To United States.	To other countries.	Total.	coke.	boilers, etc.	tion.	washing.	First of year.	Last of year.	
1. Protection. Northfield Douglas. New East Wellington Ladysmith (Wellington) Cumberland (Comox). Fiddick and Richardson. Suquash. Coal Creek Michel 6. Hosmer 7. Corbin 8. Diamond Vale 9. Middlesboro. 10. Inland 11. Princeton. 12. United Empire	16,694 48 66,770 157,473 269,020 108,479 3,026 55,294 11,253 92,S18 71,318 2,750 134,181 26,786 18,219 223	57,677 6,992 384,658 119,592 47,493	73,386 19,397 63 15,311 108,157	82,701	221,480 102,961 72,581	39,728 28,323 5,112 13,918 40,256 16,700 685 35,537 19,971 23,836 3,453 146 8,975 1,160 3,778 36	438,102 141,948 747 87,813 216,532 382,264 132,171 3,711 696,969 253,777 189,235 122,264 2,896 148,156 27,946 25,163 482 2,865,176	3,011	4,942 470 400 1,465 23,488 33,185 111 18 1,687 615	431 89	434,522 141,628 747 88,254 215,158 361,557 147,098 4,492 696,961 253,862 188,243 122,264 2,896 142,972 28,035 28,174 483 2,857,345

Western Fuel Co.
 Vancouver-Nanaimo Coal Mining Co.
 The Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir), Ltd.
 Pacific Coast Collieries, Ltd.
 Crownest Pass Coal Co., Ltd.
 The Hosmer Mines, Ltd.

Corbin Coal and Coke Co., Ltd.
 Diamond Vale Collieries, Ltd.
 Nicola Valley Coal and Coke Co., Ltd.
 Inland Coal and Coke Co, Ltd.
 Princeton Coal and Land Co., Ltd.
 United Empire Coal Co, Ltd.

# Coal Production by Collieries in British Columbia in 1911, in Tons of 2,240 lbs.

Colliery.		Used in		Produc-	der Lost			cks.	0-4		
	In Canada.	To United States.	To other countries.	Total.	making coke.	boilers, etc.	tion.	washing.	First of year.	Last of year.	Output.
1. Protection Northfield. Douglas 2. Extension Union 3. Fiddick and Richardson. Suquash. 4. New East Wellington 5. Middlesboro. 6. Princeton. 7. Coal Creek* Michel* 8. Hosmer* 9. Corbin. 10. Diamond Vale. 11. Coal Hill. 12. West Wellington.	321,690 138,938 1,613 67,549	140,162 94,049 31 62,494 42,640 22,709 1,909 123,377 51,519 34,998		382,347 132,494 31 317,501 397,112 163,647 1,613 67,549 184,182 18,245 149,577 65,024 10,721 79,152 5,384 10,400	44,688 40,303 19,665	34,332 30,833 1,385 14,591 39,250 11,441 669 3,000 6,752 823 13,709 9,198 11,450 2,567	416,679 163,327 1,416 332,092 436,362 175,088 2,282 70,549 190,984 19,968 207,974 114,525 41,836 81,719 5,384 10,883	22,279 2,069 4,328 6,503	9,712 1,945 1,981 22,515 30,829 100 259 1,529 1,529 3,388	4,942 470 1,465 23,488 38,510 400 615 111 18 1,687	411,909 161,852 1,416 331,576 437,335 205,048 2,282 72,918 191,290 23,396 206,556 114,384 46,638 81,719 5,384 10,883
Total	1,372,283	573,888	38,808	1,984,979	104,656	180,483	2,270,118	35,179	72,507	72,004	2,304,794

<sup>\*</sup> In operation during three months owing to strike.

<sup>1.</sup> The Western Fuel Co.
2. The Canadian Collieries (Dunsmuir), Ltd.
3. Pacific Coast Coal Mines, Ltd.
4. The Vancouver-Nanaimo Coal Mining Co., Ltd.
5. Nicola Valley Coal and Coke Co., Ltd.
6. Princeton Coal and Land Co., Ltd.

Crowsnest Pass Coal Co., Ltd.
 Hosmer Mines, Ltd.
 Corbin Coal and Coke Co., Ltd.
 Liamond Vale Collieries, Ltd.
 The Inland Coal and Coke Co., Ltd.
 Biggs Bros.

COAL.—TABLE 15. British Columbia: Annual Production.

Calendar	Output,	Home con-	Sold for	Ркорис	TION.*	Price	<b>37.1</b>
Year.	tons. [2,240 lbs.	sumption, tons. 2,240 lbs.	export. 2,240 lbs.	Tons. 2,240 lbs.	Tons. 2,000 lbs.	per ton, 2,240 lbs.	Value.
						\$ ets.	\$ ·
1836-52 1852-59	10,000 25,398			` . (	11,200 28,446	4 00 4 00	$40,000 \\ 101,592$
1859‡	1,989	l i			28,446 2,228 15,957	4 00 4 00	7,956 56,988
1860 1861	14,247 13,774				15,427	4 00	55,096
1862	18,118 21,345				20,292 23,906	4 00 4 00	72,472 85,380
1863 1864	28,632		to 1873, inc		32,068	4 00	114,528 131,276
1865 1866	32,819 25 115	output is	s taken as pro	duction,	36,757 28,129	4 00 4 00	100,460
1867	25,115 31,239				34,988	4 00 4 00	124,956 176,020
1868 1869	44,005 35,080				49,286 40,098	4 00	143,208
1870	29,843	11		1	33,424 166,274	4 00 4 00	119,372 593,836
1871-2-3 1874	148,459 81,547	25,023	56,038	81,061	90,788	3 00	243,183
1875	110,145 139,192		66,392 +122,329 115,381	97,644 140,185	109,361 157,007	3 00 3 00	292,932 420,555
1876 1877	154 052	24.311	115,381	139,692	150,455	3 00	419,076
1878 1879	170,846 241,301 267,595 228,357	26,166 40,294	164,682 192,096		213,750 260,277	3 00 3 00	572,544 697,170
1880	267,595	40,294 46,513	225,849 189,323	272 362	305,045 257,056	3 00 3 00 3 00	817,086 688,542
1881 1882	228,357	40,191 56,161	232,411	288,572	323,201	3 00	865,716
1883	213,299	64 786	149.567	214,353	240,075 441,130	3 00 3 00	643,059 1,181,598
1884 1885	394,070 365,596	87,388 95,227 85,987	237,797	333,024	372,987	3 00	999,072
1886	326,636 413,360	85,987 99,216	249,205 334,839	335,192 434,055	375,415 486,142	3 00 3 00	1,005,576 1,302,165
1887 1888	489,301	115,953	365,714	481,667	539,467	3 00	1,445,001
1889 1890	579,830 678,140	124,574 177,075	443,675 508,270	685 345	636,439 767,586	3 00 3 00	1,704,747 2,056,035
1891	1 1 029,097	1 202,697	508,270 806,479	1,009,176 836,802 976,768	1,130,277	3 00	3,027,528 2,510,406
1892 1893	826,335 978,294	196,223	640,579 768,917	976,768	937,218 1,093,980	3 00 3 00 3 00	2,930,304
1894	1.012.953	1 165,776	827,042	993,418	1,112,628 1,058,045	3 00 3 00	2,980,254 2,834,049
1895 1896	939,654 894,882	261,984	634,238 619,860	d 896.222	1,003,769	3 00	2,688,666
1897	802,296 1,136,485	290,310	619,860 752,863	910,170 1,128,286	1,019,390 1,263,680	3 00 3 00	2,730,510 3,384,858
1898 1899	1,306,324	526,058	751,711	] 1,277,769	1,431,101	3 00	3,833,307
1900 1901		685,667 799,666	914,184 914,163	1.713.829	1,791,833 1,919,488	3 00 3 00	4,799,553 5,141,487
1902	1,641,626	799,666 837,871	776,809	1,614,680	1,808,441	3 00 3 00	4,844,040 4,490,844
1903 1904	1,450,663 1,685,698			1,663,058	1,676,581 1,862,625	3 00	4,989,174
1905	1,736,696	1,089,667	647,343	1,737,010	1,945,452 2,146,262	3 00 3 00	5,211,030 5,748,915
1906 1907	2,219,602	1,438,402		2,111,516	2,364,898	3 50	7,390,306
1808	2,111,931	1,486,511	597,157 741,667	2,083,668 2,326,899	2,333,708 2,606,127	3 50 3 50	7,292,838 8,144,147
1909 1910	2,388,190 3,152,207 2,304,794	1,798,873	1,175,007	2,973,880	3,330,745	3 50	10,408,580
1911 1912	2,304,794 2,857,345	1,657,422 $1,898,213$	612,696 966,963		2,542,532 3,208,997	. 3 50 3 50	7,945,413 10,028,116
1014	2,001,040	1,000,010	500,500	1 -,333,210	,,,,,,,,,	j	

<sup>\*</sup>This production is obtained by adding 'Home Consumption' and 'Sold for Export.'
†52,935 tons of this amount were exported as sales without the division into 'Home Consumption' and 'Sold for Export.'

Two months only.

The following general summary of development in various coal mining fields of British Columbia is quoted from the Annual Report of Mr. W. F. Robertson, Provincial Mineralogist of the Province.

'In addition to the coal mines actually producing, there are a number of important fields which have not as yet reached the producing stage—some of these partly developed and equipped, and others only prospected.

That these fields contain a large reserve of coal there is absolutely no doubt, and many of them will be developed and producing as soon as the market demands it and the transportation facilities can be provided.

Near Princeton, in addition to the colliery of the Princeton Coal and Land Company, which shipped some 21,386 tons of very good lignitic coal, a new colliery has begun shipping—United Empire—making a start this year by shipping 500 tons.

In the same section the Columbia Coal and Coke Company has continued development all year with a force of seventy men, but has not as yet begun shipping.'

'In the Nicola valley the Pacific Coast Coal and Coke Company has continued development with a small force, and although not shipping, reports indicate that the development has been successful in proving seams of good coal.

'In the coalfield of the Peace River valley, although the seams are thin, the coal is of exceptionally good quality.

'The Groundhog coal field was visited by the writer during the summer, an account of which will be found on page 81 et seq. of this Report. The extent of the coalfield proved to be all that was claimed, but the quality of the seams as exposed in the openings seen in the southern end of the field was very disappointing. The field has only been tested in one part, and it seems quite probable that further prospecting will develop cleaner seams of coal; the number and thickness of the seams is all that could be desired.

'The coalfields on the Bulkley, Telkwa and Zymoetz rivers, near the line of Grand Trunk Pacific Railway east of Hazelton, have all been undergoing development, but it is as yet premature to say how important they may prove to be.

'On the southern end of Graham island, on Skidegate inlet, a colliery (the British Pacific) has been partly equipped, but so far the output has been unimportant.

'In the interior of Graham island, to the east of the coal-outcrops at Camps Robertson and Wilson, systematic boring has been in progress all year, but without demonstrating workable coal. It would appear that the coal-measures had been laid down on a very uneven floor of igneous rock, many of the bosses of which were higher than the depth of the coal-deposit, so that they are now

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Annual Report of the Minister of Mines of British Columbia for the year ending December 31, 1912; p. 249.

found protruding through; it was on one of these bosses that the first boreholes happened to be put down. The work is to be continued this year in other spots.

- 'Drilling has been going on in the northern part of the island near Masset, but no word has been received of commercial coal-seams having been proved.
- 'But slight development has been done on the coal-area near Bear lake, in the Cariboo district.
- 'On Vancouver Island the coalfield on Quatsino sound has been undergoing development in a small way, with as yet no definite results.
- 'The large producing companies have all been quietly doing extensive development work—the Canadian Collieries, near Campbell river and south of Cumberland, and it is understood much of this has been satisfactory, but details 'are not available for publication.
- 'The Western Fuel Company has been engaged in opening a new shaft—which will develop a new and very extensive seam of coal. Two shafts, each  $10 \times 26$  inside of timbers and 350 feet apart, are being sunk; no expense or trouble which would tend to increase the safety or economy of future work is being spared in opening up this new colliery—a policy for which the present management has already acquired an enviable reputation.
- 'The Pacific Coast Coal Mines, Limited, has continued the development of its Suquash Colliery, and has this year mined about 4,500 tons of coal.'

#### Yukon.

The principal coal mining companies operating in the Yukon district are the Five Finger Coal Company at Tantalus in the southern Yukon and the Northern Light, Power, and Coal Co., Limited, operating the Sourdough mine, Colliery No. 2, on Coal Creek, 40 miles northwest of Dawson. The total production in 1912 was 9,245 tons valued at \$44,958.

COAL,—TABLE 16.

Yukon Territory: Annual Production.

Calendar Year.	Tons.	Value.	Average value per ton.
		\$	\$ cts.
901	*5.864	86,230	14 70
902		37,280	7 59
903		29,584	16 00
904			
905	7,000	21,000	3 00
906		28,000	4 00
907		60,000	4 00
908	3,847	21,158	5 50
909	7,364	49,502	6 72
910		110,925	6 85
911	2,840	12,780	4 50
912	9.245	44,958	4 86

<sup>\*</sup> Part of this production was mined in 1900.

#### COKE.

The statistics of coke production given herewith do not include coke made as a by-product in the manufacture of illuminating gas but are restricted to a record of the output of 'oven coke' produced chiefly for metallurgical purposes.

During 1912 the total quantity of coke made in Canadian coke oven plants from both domestic and imported coals was 1,406,028 tons. The quantity of coal used for this production was 2,053,807 tons, of which 1,428,509 tons were domestic coal and 525,298 tons were imported.

In 1911 the production was 954,388 tons of coke made from 1,409,844 tons of coal, of which 1,025,501 tons were domestic and 384,343 tons imported. In 1910 the production of coke was 901,269 tons derived from 1,373,793 tons of coal, of which 1,331,585 tons were domestic and 42,208 tons imported.

The quantity of coke sold or used by the producers in 1912 was 1,411,229 tons, as compared with 935,651 tons in 1911 and 902,715 tons in 1910.

The smaller quantity of Canadian coal used in 1911 was due to the coal miners' strike in southern Alberta and British Columbia during the greater part of that year, and the increased quantity of imported coal used to the construction of coke ovens in Ontario.

The consumption of coke in Canada is much in excess of the domestic production, there being a considerable importation of coke, chiefly into Ontario and Quebec, for use in the metallurgical industries.

The imports of coke during the calendar year 1912 were 628,174 tons and the exports 57,744 tons. Adding the production 1,411,229 tons to the net imports a consumption is shown of 1,981,659 tons. Similarly estimated the consumption in 1911 was 1,677,188 tons, and in 1910, 1,581,832 tons.

The production by provinces in 1911 and 1912 and the distribution of coke sold or used in 1912 are shown in the next two tables.

Coke Production, 1912.

	Coal	Output	Ѕтоск оз	N HAND.	Coke sold or	Per cent.	Value	
Province.	charged to ovens.	of coke,	Jan. 1.	Dec. 31.	used.	rer cent.	of sales, etc.	
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.		\$	
Nova ScotiaOntarioAlbertaBritish Columbia		376,314	22,937 628	5,941 19,397 3,844 4,690		44·4 26·9 7·5 21·2	1,840,129 1,709,343 424,027 1,190,832	
Total	2,053,807	1,406,028	39,073	33,872	1,411,229	100.0	5,164,331	

<sup>(</sup>a) Including 22,627 tons imported coal.(b) All imported coal.

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# Coke Production, 1911.

Province.	Coal charged	Output	Stock o	N HAND,	Coke sold or	Per cent.	Value of		
110vince.	to coke.				or solu		used.	rer cent.	sales, etc.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.		\$		
Nova Scotia Ontario Alberta British Columbia	846,695 384,343 61,591 117,215	282,874 35,059	1,274 $1,785$	5,168 24,594 625 6,173	259,554 36,216	27·7 3·9	1,814,977 1,318,303 146,251 350,879		
${\rm Total}$	1,409,844	954,388	17,826	36,560	935,651	100.0	3,630,410		

# Distribution of Coke Production, 1912.

	Nova Scotia.	Ontario.	Alberta.	British Columbia.	Total.
Sold in Canada	12,585	10,388	98,939 6,705	243,383 56,288	365,295 62,993
Total sales	12,585	10,388	105,644	299,671	428,288
Used by maker in blast furnace or otherwise.	613,333	369,466	40	102	982,941
Total sold or used	625,918	379,854	105,684	299,773	1,411,229
Number of ovens in operation December 31.  Number of ovens idle December 31.  Number of ovens building December 31	183	110 100	174 193	856 472	1,905 948

The annual production of coke since 1886 is shown in Table 1 and the annual production by provinces since 1897 in Table 2.

COKE.—TABLE 1.

Annual Production.

Calendar Year.	Tons.	Value.	Value per ton.	Calendar. Year.	Tons.	Value,	Value per ton.
		\$	\$ cts.			\$	\$ cts.
1886. 1887. 1888. 1889. 1890. 1891. 1892. 1893. 1894. 1895. 1896. 1897. 1897.	35, 396 40, 428 45, 373 54, 539 56, 430 57, 084 56, 135 61, 078 58, 044 53, 356 49, 619 60, 686 87, 660	101,940 185,951 184,181 155,043 166,298 175,592 160,249 161,790 148,551 143,047 110,257 176,457 286,000	2 88 3 36 2 96 2 84 2 95 2 85 2 65 2 68 2 29 2 29 2 29 2 29 2 29 2 29 2 29 2 2	1899. 1900. 1901. 1902. 1903. 1904. 1905. 1906. 1907. 1908. 1909. 1910.	157,134 365,531 502,043 561,318 554,083 700,488 782,055 842,003 858,257	350,022 649,140 1,228,225 1,519,185 1,734,404 2,032,048 2,436,211 2,863,503 3,583,468 3,449,361 3,484,303 3,462,872 3,630,410	3 47 4 13 3 36 3 03 3 09 3 66 3 48 3 66 4 26 4 02 4 04 4 84 3 88

COKE -TABLE 2.

Annual Production of Coke by Provinces.

Calendar Year.			Ontario.		British Columbia.		Alberta.	
	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.
		60		\$		35		\$
1897 1898 1899 1990 1901 1902 1903 1904 1906 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911	48,400 62,459 61,767 222,694 363,330 371,745 275,927 386,366 476,364	178,767 223,395 590,560 899,930 888,094	24,685		38,361 95,367 142,837 138,713 159,573 257,172 269,256 236,205 241,572 276,683 281,786 248,394	175,000 171,255 425,745 637,665 619,255	44,866 69,486 76,321 75,645 87,233 121,578	78,938 179,46 268,04 297,59 309,01 366,73 486,31

In Nova Scotia coke was made at Sydney, Sydney Mines, and Westville during 1912, but the ovens at Stelfarton and Londonderry were idle. The output is used almost entirely in the manufacture of iron and steel. The Ontario

production was all from the ovens of the Lake Superior Corporation at Sault Ste. Marie, the blast furnaces and coking ovens of the Atikokan Iron Company at Port Arthur being idle throughout the year. In Alberta coke ovens were operated at Coleman, Lille, and Passburg, and in British Columbia at Fernie, Michel, and Hosmer, all in the Crowsnest district. The coke output of these Provinces is used chiefly by the copper and lead smelters, finding a market in the United States as well as in British Columbia.

The total number of ovens in active operation on December 31, 1912, was 1,905, while 948 were reported idle on the same date. In Nova Scotia the Dominion Iron and Steel Company at Sydney has 620 finished ovens all of the Otto Hoffman, by-product type. The by-products from these ovens include tar and ammonia. The tar is sold to the Dominion Tar and Chemical Company, whose works are contiguous to the coke oven plant, and this product is further treated for the manufacture of refined tar, pitch of various grades, benzole, creosote, carbolic acid, etc. The Nova Scotia Steel and Coal Company has 30 ovens of the Bauer type and 120 Bernard ovens; the latter are situated near the blast furnace and the surplus gas is used for the production of steam for the electric power plant. The surplus gas from the Bauer ovens is used in generating steam for general colliery use. The other ovens in this Province number 178 and are all of the Beehive type.

The Atikokan Iron Co., Limited., has 100 Beehive ovens at Port Arthur, Ont., and the Algoma Steel Company 110 Koppers by-product regenerative ovens at Sault Ste. Marie.

In Alberta the West Canadian Collieries, Limited, at Lille, has 50 ovens of the Bernard or Belgian type. The ovens of the International Coal and Coke Company at Coleman, 216 in number, are of the ordinary Beehive type, while the Leitch Collieries, Limited, have erected at Passburg 191 Mitchell rectangular ovens.

There are 1,420 beehive ovens in the Crowsnest district of British Columbia and 150 on Vancouver island.

The production of by-products from coke ovens in 1912 at Sydney and Sault Ste. Marie included 8,428,896 gallons of tar, and ammonia liquor containing 11,289 tons of sulphate of ammonia. In 1911 the production was 6,646,155 gallons of tar, and ammonia liquor containing 7,124 tons of sulphate of ammonia. Production in 1910 was: tar 3,963,591 gallons, sulphate of ammonia 3,491 tons, and in 1909, tar 4,016,824 gallons, and sulphate of ammonia 3,351 tons.

Statistics of exports and imports of coke as published by the Customs Department are shown in Tables 3 and 4 following.

The exports of coke during the calendar year 1912 were 57,744 tons, as against exports of only 9,852 tons in 1911 and 57,971 tons in 1910. These exports are all from British Cclumbia and Alberta. The imports during the calendar year 1912 were 628,174 tons, valued at \$1,702,856, as against imports

of 751,389 tons, valued at \$1,843,248, in 1911, and 737,088 tons, valued at \$1,908,725, in 1910.

The imports shown in Table 4 cover the fiscal year.

## COKE.—TABLE 3.

## Annual Exports of Coke.

Calendar Year.	Tons.	Value.	Calendar Year.	Tons.	Value.
1897	2,987 3,774 5,557 41,529 57,505 62,568 32,608 102,463	\$ 6,078 8,394 18,726 131,278 176,990 180,920 135,957 345,031	1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912	70,617 58,708 74,067 57,971 9,852	\$ 509,908 168,571 320,357 248,759 329,051 250,715 39,823 262,763

#### COKE.-TABLE 4.

## Annual Imports of Oven Coke.

Fiscal Year.	Tons.	Value.	Fiscal Year.	Tons.	Value.
		\$	·	· .	\$
380	3,837	19,353	1896	61,612	203,826
381	5,492	26,123	1897		267,54
382	8,157	36,670	1898	135,060	347,04
383	8,943	38,588	1899	141,284	362,82
384	11,207	44,518	1900	187,878	506,83
385	11,564	41,391	1901	308,786	680,13
386	11,858	39,756	1902	267,142	842,81
387	15,110	56,222	1903	256,723	1,222,75
388	25,487	102.334	1904	221,050	765,12
889	29,557   36,564	91,902	1905	371,598	807,84
990	38,533	133,344 177,605	1906	480,222	1,311,37 1,132,68
391 392	43,499	194,429	1907*	400,536   619,269	2,166,03
393	41,821	156,277	1908	466,292	1,136,62
394	42,864	176,996	1910	702,053	1,695,60
395	43,235	149,434	1911	763,114	1,887,49
300	10,200	110,104	1912†	641,903	1,637,09

<sup>\*</sup> For nine months only. † Duty free.

