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PETROGRAPHIC AND RELATED ANALYSES OF CLEANED COAL SAMPLES
FROM NO. 26 COLLIERY AND LINGAN COLLIERY SUBMITTED BY
CAPE BRETON DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, SYDNEY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Project No. 03-1-3/10-14
Job No. 3288R

J.G. JORGENSEN
COAL RESOURCE AND PROCESSING LABORATORY

DECEMBER 1980

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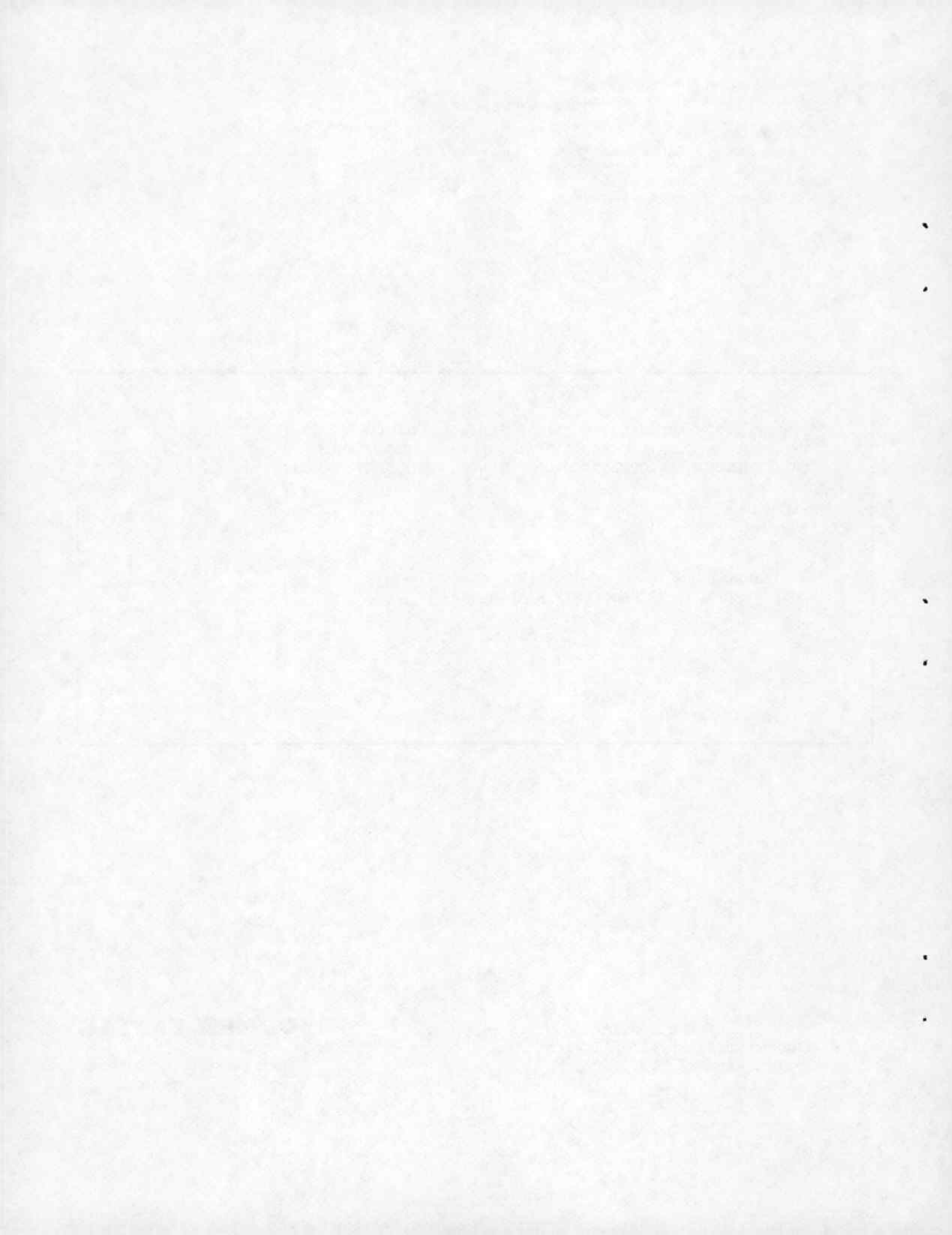
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by

J.G. JORGENSEN*

INTRODUCTION

This report deals with the laboratory analyses of two coal samples cleaned at the Victoria Junction Preparation Plant and identified as follows:

- (a) coal from No. 26 Colliery operating two longwalls at 13 North and 13 South;
- (b) coal from Lingan Colliery operating three longwalls at 2 West, 5 East and 6 East.

The project was initiated by J.C. Campbell, P. Eng., Product Engineer, Cape Breton Development Corporation, Sydney, Nova Scotia. The covering letter dated June 3, 1980 appears in Appendix 1 of this report.

The chemical, physical, thermal rheological and petrographical analyses of the coal samples are listed in Tables 1 to 4 respectively.

*Head, Petrographic Section, Coal Resource and Processing Laboratory, Energy Research Laboratories, Canada Centre for Mineral and Energy Technology (CANMET), Department of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa, Canada.

TABLE 1 Chemical Analyses of Component Coals

<u>Identification</u>			
Laboratory Number	3666-80	3667-80	
Description	No. 26	Lingan	
<u>Classification</u>			
Rank (ASTM)	hvAb	hvAb	
International System	635	635	
Specific Volatile Index	176	170	
Carbon (dmmfb)	87.4	86.0	
<u>Proximate Analysis (db)</u>			
Ash	2.4	2.7	%
Volatile Matter	35.1	37.5	%
Fixed Carbon	62.5	59.8	%
<u>Gross Calorific Value (db)</u>			
Btu per pound	15200	14980	
<u>Ultimate Analysis (db)</u>			
Carbon	85.1	83.4	%
Hydrogen	5.6	5.7	%
Sulphur	0.75	1.31	%
Nitrogen	1.6	1.6	%
Ash	2.4	2.7	%
Oxygen (by difference)	4.5	5.3	%
<u>Ash Analysis (db)</u>			
SiO ₂	34.8	27.5	%
Al ₂ O ₃	22.2	17.8	%
Fe ₂ O ₃	30.7	45.0	%
TiO ₂	1.2	0.9	%
P ₂ O ₅	0.2	0.1	%
CaO	2.0	1.8	%
MgO	1.2	1.0	%
SO ₃	1.5	1.3	%
Na ₂ O	1.3	1.2	%
K ₂ O	1.2	1.6	%

TABLE 2 Physical Tests and Fusibility of Ash of Component Coals

Identification

Laboratory Number	3666-80	3667-80
Description	No. 26	Lingan

Coal Pulverization

Sieve Analysis

Passing	Retained On	
	1/4 in.	%
1/4 in.	6 mesh	%
6 mesh	12 mesh	%
12 mesh	20 mesh	%
20 mesh	%
Total Passing	6 mesh	%

Grindability

Hardgrove Index	68	56
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Fusibility of Ash

Initial Deformation Temp. ...	°F
Softening Temp. Spherical ...	°F
Softening Temp. Hemispherical	°F
Fluid Temp.	°F

TABLE 3 Thermal Rheological Properties of Component Coals

<u>Identification</u>		
Laboratory Number	3666-80	3667-80
Description	J-8100	J-8101
	No. 26	Lingan
<u>Linear Expansion</u>		
Bd. 52 lb/ft ³ at 2% moisture...%	-	-
<u>Gieseler Plasticity</u>		
Start	391	387
Fusion Temp.	406	402
Max. Fluid Temp.	434 & 447	431
Final Fluid Temp.	485	476
Solidification Temp.	489	480
Melting Range	94	89
Max. Fluidity	27,725	>28,000
Torque	40	40
<u>Dilatation</u>		
Ti - Softening Temp.	353	356
Tii - Max. Contraction Temp.	398	399
Tiii - Max. Dilatation Temp.	457	452
Contraction	24	27
Dilatation	268	190
<u>Free Swelling Index</u>		
F.S.I.	7½	7½

TABLE 4 Petrographic Analysis of Component Coals

<u>Identification</u>		
Laboratory Number.....	3666-80	3667-80
Description.....	No. 26	Lingan
 <u>Distribution of Vitrinite Types</u>		
V-6.....%		
V-7.....%		
V-8.....%		21.1
V-9.....%	15.0	43.7
V-10.....%	49.3	16.2
V-11.....%	19.2	
V-12.....%		
V-13.....%		
V-14.....%		
V-15.....%		
V-16.....%		
V-17.....%		
V-18.....%		
 <u>Reactive Components</u>		
Total Vitrinite.....%	83.5	81.0
Reactive Semi-fusinite (1/3)...%	1.4	1.3
Exinite.....%	3.5	5.6
Total.....%	88.4	87.9
 <u>Inert Components</u>		
Inert Semi-fusinite (2/3).....%	2.8	2.6
Micrinite.....%	3.6	4.0
Fusinite.....%	3.7	3.7
Mineral Matter.....%	1.5	1.8
Total.....%	11.6	12.1
 <u>Petrographic Indices</u>		
Mean Reflectance.....%	1.05	0.94
Balance Index.....	0.33	0.36
Strength Index.....	3.68	3.23
Stability Index.....	38.4	30.0

STRENGTH INDEX

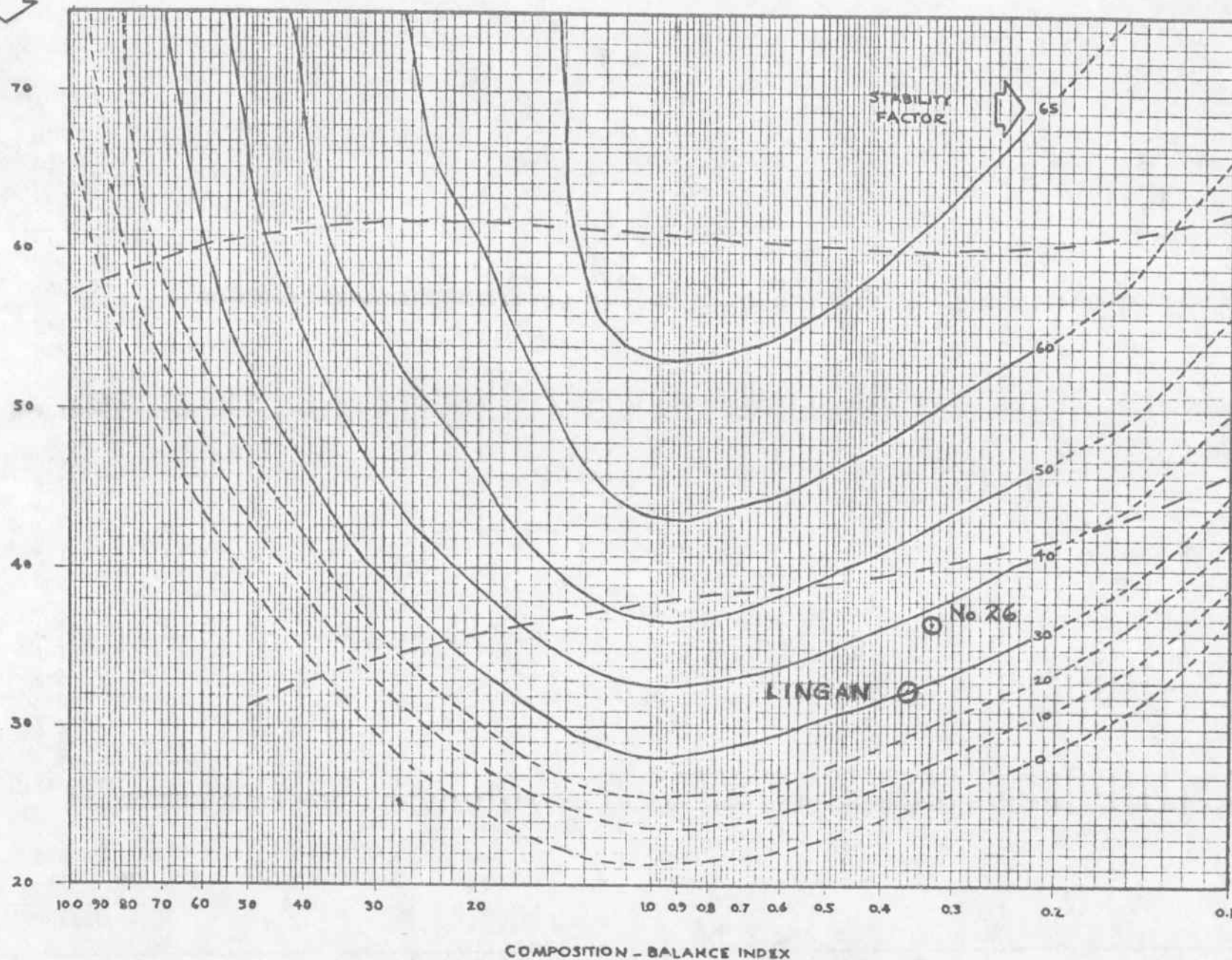


Figure 1. Plot of the Potential Stability Factors of Coal Samples from No. 26 and Lingan Collieries.

REFERENCES

1. ASTM Designation: D388-66, "Classification of Coals by Rank".
2. ASTM Designation: D720-67, "Test for Free Swelling Index of Coal".
3. ASTM Designation: D2639-71, "Test of Plastic Properties of Coal by the Constant-Torque Gieseler Plastometer". (Constant torque plastometer used with a torque of 40 gram-inch; start, 1dd/m; fusion, 55dd/m; final, 1' dd/m; solidification, no movement; range-temp., between start and final temperatures).
4. Burrough, E.J., "Specific Volatile Index", Fuels Division Memorandum 97/58-CG, Fuels and Mining Practice Division, Mines Branch Dept. of M. and T.S., Ottawa, Canada.
5. German Industrial Specification No. DIN 51739/March 1951.
6. ASTM Designation: D2797-72, "Preparing Coal Samples for Microscopical Analysis by Reflected Light".
7. ASTM Designation: D2798-72, Determining Microscopically the Reflectance of the Organic Components in a Polished Speciment of Coal".
8. ASTM Designation: D2799-72, "Microscopical Determination of Volume Per cent of Physical Components of Coal".
9. Schapiro, N., Gray, R.J. "Petrographic Classification Applicable to Coals of all Ranks", Proc. Ill, Min. Inst., 1960, 68, 83-97.

APPENDIX 1

Letter dated June 3, 1980 from J.C. Campbell, P. Eng., Product Engineer, Cape Breton Development Corporation, Sydney, Nova Scotia.



Government of Canada

Gouvernement du Canada

Cape Breton Development
Corporation

Société de développement
du Cap-Breton

June 3, 1980



Mr. Basil I. Parsons
Chief, Energy Research Laboratories
Canmet
555 Booth Street
Ottawa.
K1A 0G2

Dear Mr. Parsons:

Re: Devco Met Coal Properties

It is some time since we have checked the petrographic and coking properties of the coking coal produced by No. 26 and Lingan Collieries.

We would like to arrange for cost recovery work on washed samples of each taken from the Victoria Junction Preparation Plant.

Currently No. 26 Colliery operates 2 longwalls - 13 North and 13 South. Lingan has 3 longwalls, 2 West, 5 East and 6 East.

We would like all tests done that you feel are essential to completely define coking properties. I would suggest:

1. Proximate Analysis.
2. Ultimate Analysis.
3. Hardgrove.
4. F.S.I.
5. Ash Analysis.
6. Gieseler Plasticity.
7. Dilatation.
8. Petrographic Analysis.

We will prepare samples of about 20 Kg of Lingan and No. 26 washed coal collected over at least 1 weeks operation. Both samples will be sent prepaid in sealed plastic pails to your attention.

P.O. Box 2500
Sydney, Nova Scotia
B1P 6K9

C.P. 2500
Sydney, Nouvelle-Écosse
B1P 6K9

Mr. Basil I. Parsons

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June 3, 1980

We will issue the appropriate purchase order through CCRA. Could you please send current price list for this work.

Would it be possible to have even unofficial results (telephone satisfactory) by early August? We would like to use data in a paper for the CIM Conference of Metallurgists in late August.

Yours very truly,



J.C. Campbell, P.Eng.
Product Engineer

JCC:mlm

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