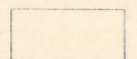
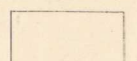
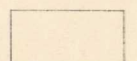

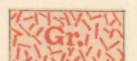
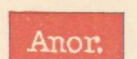


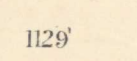
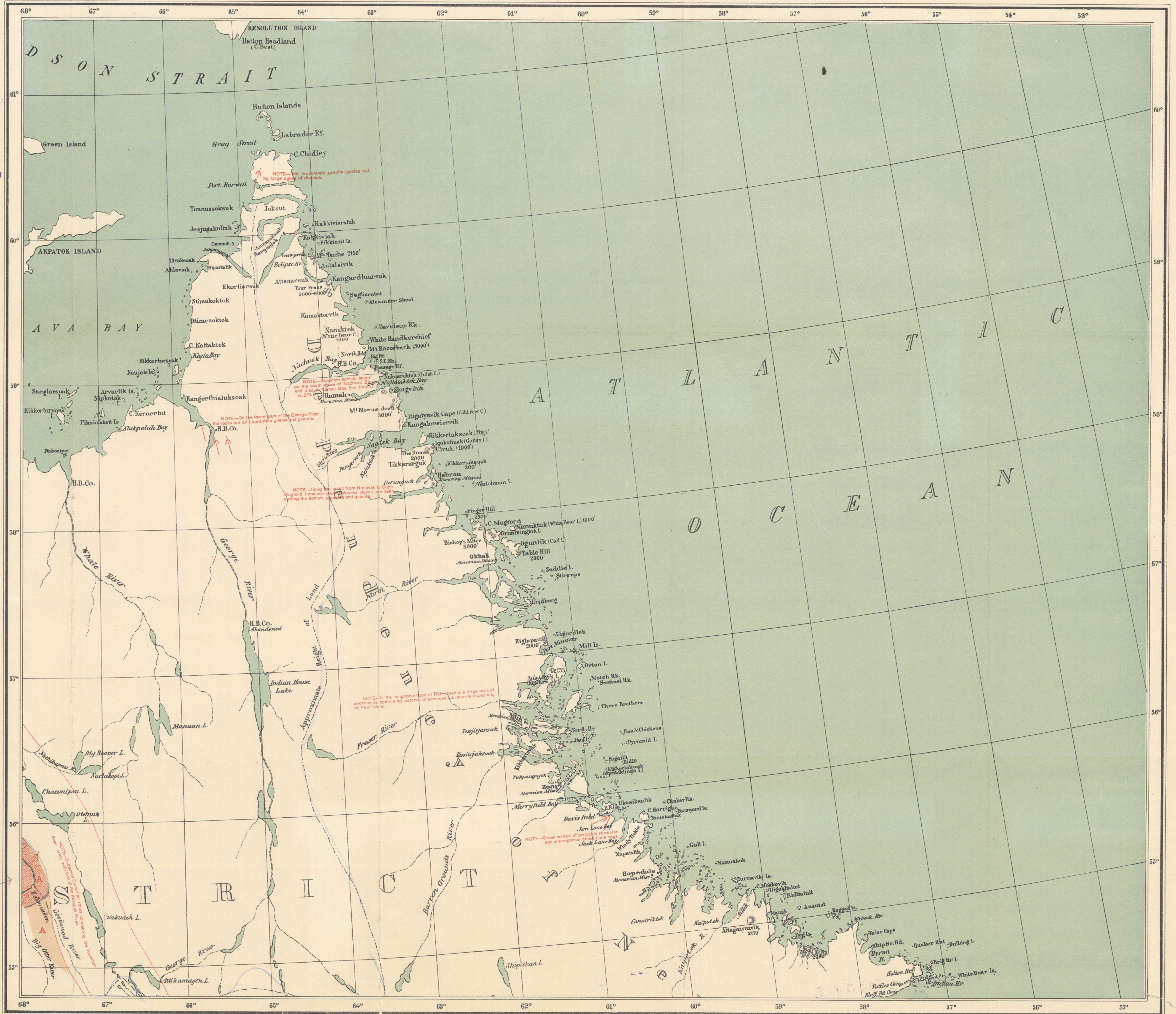


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Geological Survey of Canada

Legend

-  Cambro-Silurian
-  Cambrian
-  Huronian
-  Laurentian, including Fundamental, Huronian and Grenville Series, sometimes with limestone
-  Massive granite rocks
-  Anorthosites
-  Limestone
-  Glacial striae
-  Height above sea



Compiled by D. V. Eaton, C.E.
Drawn for photo-lithography by C. O. Sencoff, C.E.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION
GEOGRAPHICAL

Coast line from various Admiralty Charts excepting:
(1) East coast of Hudson Bay between Portland Promontory and Great Whale River from map by Dr. R. Bell, 1877-78.
(2) Coast and islands of James Bay from charts of Capes Taylor and Bishop, of the
by A. P. Low, 1887.
Rivers of the southern watershed chiefly from surveys of the Department of Crown Lands.
Nottaway River from survey by R. Bell, 1895, Rupert, East Main, Koksoak, Hamilton, Romélie and portions of
Mackenzie and North-west rivers, from surveys by A. P. Low and D. I. V. Eaton. Rivers
are from sketch-maps of H. B. Co. The central interior, from a map made by John Smith,
(1849). The routes between the East Main and Nottaway rivers from a map compiled by
Clouston (1842).

North East Sheet

MAP
of
LABRADOR PENINSULA

Natural Scale: 1 inch = 25 miles
Scale: 25 miles to one inch

SOURCES OF INFORMATION
GEOLOGICAL

The geological indications include:
(1) Facts obtained during A. P. Low's expeditions of 1892, '93, '94, '95 and '96.
(2) Observations contained in previous reports of the Geological Survey as enumerated in the accompanying report.
(3) Observations of A. S. Packard on the coast between Belle Isle and Nain.

Accompanying Report by A. P. Low, B.A.Sc., Part I, Vol. VIII, (New Series)

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