

GEOMETRIC POSITIONS OF TURNING POINTS AND MONUMENTS

Station	Order of Station	Latitude	Longitude	Distance from Station 1	Distance from Station 2	Distance from Station 3	Distance from Station 4
252	1	45° 40' 18"	82° 00' 00"	0	0	0	0
253	2	45° 40' 18"	82° 00' 00"	0	0	0	0
254	3	45° 40' 18"	82° 00' 00"	0	0	0	0
255	4	45° 40' 18"	82° 00' 00"	0	0	0	0
256	5	45° 40' 18"	82° 00' 00"	0	0	0	0
257	6	45° 40' 18"	82° 00' 00"	0	0	0	0
258	7	45° 40' 18"	82° 00' 00"	0	0	0	0
259	8	45° 40' 18"	82° 00' 00"	0	0	0	0

LEGEND  
 Boundary Reference Monument  
 Boundary Turning Point  
 Original Position of Island

This chart is an accurate chart, prepared and adopted by us, showing a portion of the international boundary line as defined and located by the Treaty between the United States of America and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, signed April 12, 1802. Adopted at Buffalo, New York, August 15, 1903.

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NOTES  
 Latitudes and Longitudes are based on the North American datum adopted in 1923.  
 Soundings are referred to the Standard Low Water datum, adopted by the United States Light Survey and the Canadian Hydrographic Survey in 1909.



INTERNATIONAL BOUNDARY  
 BETWEEN THE  
 UNITED STATES AND DOMINION OF CANADA  
 THROUGH THE  
 SAINT LAWRENCE RIVER AND GREAT LAKES  
 AS ASCERTAINED AND RE-ESTABLISHED  
 BY THE  
 INTERNATIONAL WATERWAYS COMMISSION  
 PURSUANT TO  
 ARTICLE IV OF THE TREATY BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT BRITAIN SIGNED APRIL 12, 1802  
 IN 50 SHEETS INCLUDING AN INDEX SHEET  
 SHEET No. 25. SAINT MARYS FALLS

