# GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY OF CANADA. ALFRED R. C. SELWYN, C.M.G., LL.D., F.R.S., DIRECTOR.

### REPORT

ON THE

## MINING & MINERAL STATISTICS

OF CANADA

FOR THE YEAR 1888;

BY

H. P. BRUMELL.



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OTTAWA, 7th June, 1889.

To Alfred R. C. Selwyn, C.M.G., LL.D., F.R.S.

Director of the Geological and Natural History Survey of Canada.

Sir,—I beg to submit herewith a statistical report on the mineral production of Canada in 1888.

I wish to acknowledge the kindness of the Inspector of Mines for Nova Scotia and the Minister of Mines of British Columbia in supplying me with necessary information in regard to the mineral production of these two provinces.

Thanks are also due to the producers throughout the Dominion who so kindly forwarded the necessary information as to their production etc.

I am, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

H. P. BRUMELL.

Note.—The year used throughout this report is the calendar year, and the ton that of 2,000 pounds, unless otherwise stated.

The fiscal year begins the 1st of July:

## SUMMARY OF THE MINERAL PRODUCTION OF CANADA IN 1888.

	1		
PRODUCT.	QUANTITY.	VALUE.	COMPARED WITH 1887 (a).
Antimony oretons.	345	\$ 3,696	Decrease.
Arsenic	30	1,200	İ
Asbestus	4,404	255,007	Increase.
Baryta "	1,100	3,850	do
*Bricksthousands.	-165,818	1,036,746	do
*Building stonecub. yds.	411,570	641,712	do
Cementbbls.	50,668	35,593	Decrease.
Charcoalbush.	1,500,000	87,000	do
Coaltons.	2,658,134	5,259,832	Increase.
Coke "	45,373	134,181	Decrease.
Copper (fine, cont'd. in ore). lbs.	5,562,864	667,543	Increase.
Fertilizerstons.	548	21,600	Decrease.
*Flagstonesfeet.	64,800	6,580	do
*Glass and Glassware		375,000	
Goldozs.	61,310	1,098,610	Decrease.
Granitetons.	21,352	147,305	Increase.
Graphite "	150	1,200	Decrease.
Grindstones	5,764	51,129	do
Gypsum"	175,887	179,393	Increase.
*Iron	44,949	1,592,931	do
Iron ore	78,587	152,068	do
Lead (fine, contained in ore).lbs.	674,500	27,472	do
*Limebush.	2,216,764	339,951	Decrease.
Limestone for iron fluxtons.	16,857	16,533	do
Manganese ore	1,801	47,944	Increase.
Marble and Serpentine	191	3,100	Decrease.
Mica	}	30,207	Increase.
Mineral Paints	29,025 397	/	do
		7,900	ao
*Mineral Watergalls.	124,850	11,456	Inonces
* Moulding sand tons.	169	845	Increase.
Petroleum bbls.	733,564	755,571	do
Phosphatetons.	22,485	242,285	Decrease.
Pig Iron	21,799	313,235	do
Platinumozs.	1,500	6,000	do
*Pottery ware		27,750	T
Pyritestons.	63,479	285,656	Increase.
Salt	59,070	185,460	do
Sand and Gravel (exports) "	260,929	38,398	do
Sewer pipes and tiles		266,320	-
Silver		395,377	Increase.
Slatetons.	5,314	90,689	do
Soapstone "	140	280	Decrease.
Steel"	9,553	472,611	Increase.
Sulphuric acidlbs.	8,727,220	121,515	do
*Terra cotta		49,800	
*Tilesthousands.		114,057	Decrease.
Whitingtons.	30	240	do
Estimated value of mineral products			
not returned (principally iron and			
building materials)		897,172	
Total		\$16,500,000	Increase.

<sup>\*</sup>Incomplete.
(a) Comparison of values only.

#### 6 s GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY OF CANADA.

## EXPORTS OF MINERALS AND MINERAL PRODUCTS, MINED OR MANUFACTURED IN CANADA, DURING 1888.

PRODUCT.	VALUE.	Product.	VALUE.
Antimony Asbestus Coal Copper Glass and Glassware Gold Grindstones Gypsum (crude) Iron and steel, about Iron ore	\$ 6,894 277,742 1,974,731 257,287 1,739 628,158 28,176 121,389 350,000 55,177	Mica Oil, mineral, coal and kerosene. Phosphate Plumbago (graphite) Salt Sand and gravel Silver Slate Stone and marble, un-	\$ 23,563 74,542 298,609 1,080 3,987 36,398 219,008 475
Lead ore	18 110,256 21,832	wrought. Stone and marble, wrought Other articles.	56,005 22,114 167,630 \$4,738,810

## EXPORTS OF PRODUCTS OF THE MINE DURING THE FISCAL YEAR 1888.

EXPORTED TO	VALUE.	Exported to	VALUE.
United States	\$3,841,308 478,260 146,222 46,053 40,180 16,312 12,950 10,570	Sandwich Islands France British Guiana Spanish West Indies British do Belgium Gibraltar Spain	\$ 7,839 2,970 2,184 1,960 1,897 1,432 460 340
		Total	\$4,110,937

#### IMPORTS OF MINERALS AND MINERAL PRODUCTS DURING 1888.

Product.	VALUE.	PRODUCT-	VALUE.
Alum and Aluminous		Lead, and mfrs. of	\$ 260,364
Cakes	\$ 22,596	Lime	8,355
Antimony	15,502	do , Chloride of	77,968
Arsenic	821	Litharge	31,432
Asbestus and mfrs. of	8,910	Lithographic stone	6,144
Asphaltum	13,640	Manganese oxide	2,424
Baryta	1,183	Marble	105,042
Borax	17,968	Mercury	8,330
Brass, and mfrs. of	528,273	Mineral waters	27,151
Bricks	24,194	Ores of metals	7,785
do , Bath	1,447	Ornamental stones	58,965
do and Tiles, fire		Paints	484,623
Buhrstones.	3,746	Paraffine wax	5,296
Building stone	103,792	Petroleum	481,770
Cement	18,068	Plaster of Paris	6,228
do , Portland	160,883	Platinum	14,108
Chalk	5,936	Potash salts	12,343
Clay, all sorts	74,751	Precious stones	205,834
Coal	8,975,792	Pumice	2,95
Coke	103,600	Salt	270,385
Copper, and mfrs. of	372,719	Sand and Gravel	32,23
Copperas	2,272	"Silex"	1,549
Earthenware	209,989	Slate	38,50
Emery	14,099	Soda salts	325,168
Fertilizers	44,818	Spelter	40,880
Flagstones	16,343	Sulphur	33,479
Glass and Glassware	1,219,264	Sulphuric acid	4,430
Graphite, and mfrs. of	39,687	Tiles, sewer, etc	99,23
do Pencils	57,885	Tio, and mfrs. of	1,230,43
Grindstones	23,202	Whiting	20,84
Gypsum	2,606	Yellow metal	83,78
Iron and Steel, all sorts,	,	Zinc, and mfrs. of	68,43
about	12,000,000	Total	\$28,230,78

#### ABRASIVE MATERIALS.

GRINDSTONES.—The total production of grindstones during the year amounted to 5,764 tons, valued at \$51,129. This shows an increase in quantity over last year of 472 tons, and a decrease in value of \$12,879. The value given for last year is now thought to have been too high this will account for the apparent depreciation in value.

New Brunswick. The returns received by this office show the production of New Brunswick to have been 3,793 tons, valued at the quarries at \$30,729. This is the output of seven quarries and shows an increase over the previous year of 211 tons while the value is \$8,259 less than that of the same year. The returned value given for the year 1887 was about \$12 per ton, whereas it is now thought \$9.50 is a fair average value.

Nova Scotia.

The returns, according to the report of the Inspector of Mines of this province, show a production in Nova Scotia of 1,971 tons valued at \$20,400. The production is of three quarries and shows, in the quantity quarried an increase of 261 tons, and a decrease in value of \$4,620.

Other abrasive materials.

There were no returns received for other abrasive materials and it is thought that none were produced, though small quantities of tripoli and hone-stones may have been mined and used locally.

The following tables show the exports and imports of grindstones and the imports of buhrstones, emery, pumice stone and "silex":—

Exports and imports.

#### EXPORTS OF GRINDSTONES.

Province	1887	1888.
_		_
Ontario	\$ 500	\$ 252
Quebec	12	
Nova Scotia	10,425	11,430
New Brunswick	17,832	16,494
Totals	\$28,769	\$28,176
	1	

#### MINERAL STATISTICS.

#### IMPORTS OF GRINDSTONES.

PROVINCE.	1887.		1888.	
THOUSE.	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.
Ontario	1,255	\$13,718	1,390	\$15,915
Quebec	442	4,576	505	6,094
Nova Scotia		35		199
New Brunswick		• • • •	1	9
Manitoba	30	466	56	786
British Columbia	9	479	6	199
Totals	1,736	\$19,274	1,958	\$23,202

## IMPORTS OF BUHRSTONES.

Province.	1886.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$1,203	\$1,184	\$ 239
Quebec	696	2,325	3,507
British Columbia		26	
Totals	\$1,899	\$3,533	\$3,746

IMPORTS OF EMERY AND PUMICE STONE.

Province.	1887.	1888.		
I ROVINCE.	Emery and Pumice Stone.	Emery.	Pumice Stone.	
Ontario	\$10,781	\$10,337	\$1,629	
Quebec	3,968	1,915	1,255	
Nova Scotia	360	232	23	
New Brunswick	1,413	1,603	26	
Prince Edward Island	2	, • • • •		
Manitoba	1		5	
British Columbia	2	12	19	
Totals	\$16,527	\$14,099	\$2,957	

The imports of Emery and Pumice Stone were not kept separate by the Customs Department until this year.

Imports of "Silex or Crystallized Quartz" for 1888 are as follows:—

Ontario	5,699	cwts.	\$1,154
Quebec	263	44	237
Nova Scotia	2	46	11
New Brunswick	239	46	147
Totals	6,203	cwts.	\$1,549

#### ANTIMONY.

The production this year is entirely that of Nova Scotia. The mines Production. of New Brunswick were idle and prospecting was carried on in the province of Quebec to a small extent.

The returns received through the Inspector of Mines for Nova Scotia show a production of 345 tons valued at \$3,696, all the production of the Rawdon mines. The shipments from these mines will, in all probability, be much larger next year as they have on hand a considerable quantity of good milling ore which will be treated on completion of their mill, plans for which have been prepared.

There is a decrease in production this year of 239 tons and \$7,164.

The exports this year amounted to  $352\frac{1}{2}$  tons valued at \$6,894 all Exports and from Nova Scotia. This value is probably too high.

The following table shows the imports of Antimony for the last two years.

#### IMPORTS OF ANTIMONY.

1887.		1888.	
Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.
47,880	\$3,551	50,481	\$4,754
23,343	2,746	96,690	10,127
112	8	552	162
2,016	174	3,908	417
****		150	6
• • • •	• • • •	264	36
78,351	\$6,479	152,075	\$15,502
	Pounds.  47,880  23,343  112  2,016	Pounds. Value.  47,880 \$3,551  23,343 2,746  112 8  2,016 174	Pounds.         Value.         Pounds.           47,880         \$3,551         50,481           23,343         2,746         96,690           112         8         552           2,016         174         3,908            1*0            264

#### ARSENIC.

Production.

Refined arsenic (arsenious oxide) was produced at the Deloro mine, Ontario, in the same quantity as last year, namely, 30 tons valued at \$1,200 or \$40 per ton. The work of refining was carried on for only three months of the year.

Large quantities of arsenopyrite are to be had at this mine and it is confidently expected that there will be a much greater production during the coming year.

Imports.

The imports of arsenic are as follows:-

IMPORTS OF ARSENIC.

Province.	1887.		1888.	
Z MOVIMOB.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.
Ontario	13,136	\$436	3,944	\$125
Quebec	26,536	937	17,244	610
Nova Scotia	3,837	144	2,272	82
New Brunswick	100	. 4		
Manitoba		••••	35	4
Totals	43,609	\$1,541	23,495	\$821

#### ASBESTUS.

Returns were received from all the producers in Quebec showing a Production, production during the year of 4,404½ tons of all grades valued at the mines at \$255,007. This shows a large increase over the previous year of 185 tons in quantity and \$34,031 in value.

Returns were received from eleven different mines of which only nine produced.

The above increase is in a great measure due to the Bell's Asbestus Co., which consolidated and operates the property formerly owned by the Boston Asbestus Packing Co., the Hayden property of Coleraine, and the Belmina property in Wolfe Co., Mr. Louis. Wertheim, of Frankforton-Main, Germany, has lately purchased and is working a property situate in Coleraine township, and the indications are that there will be a greater increase next year than that shown above. The price of first-class asbestus seems to be firm at an increase over previous years and the quality of the mineral shipped correspondingly higher.

There was no production in Ontario during the year.

The returns show a production by districts as follows:— Summary-Thetford Mines..... 3,067 tons. Coleraine and Black Lake Mines.... summarized as follows:-Black Lake 601 " .... 2nd " and Coleraine 3rd " 399 " ..... Thetford { 1st " 1,786 " 2nd " 519 " 3rd a 762 " ..... 11,430 Totals { 1st " 2,123 " 2nd " 1,120 " 3rd " 1,161 " The exports were as follows:-Exports and 1st class, 3,625 tons..... \$262,552 110 " ..... 5,306 3rd " 201 " .... 9,884 \$277,742 Total.. 3,936

The greater part of the above exportation was to the United States, amounting to 3,612 tons, small quantities going to Great Britain, Germany, France, Belgium and Newfoundland.

The imports of manufactured asbestus were as follows:-

14 S GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY OF CANADA.

IMPORTS OF MANUFACTURED ASBESTUS.

	PROVINCE.	1887.	1888.
Ontar	io	\$3,485	\$3,557
Quebe	ec	3,8.18	4,302
Nova	Scotia	312	265
New	Brunswick	576	591
Manit	oba	32	46
Britis	h Columbia	236	149
	Totals	\$8,489	\$8,910
-			

#### COAL.

The production of coal in 1888 amounted to 2,658,134 tons; valued Production at the pit's mouth at \$5,259,832. This shows a net increase over the previous year of 239,640 tons and \$681,242.

There has been a very marked increase year by year for the last three years, according to returns received, the production being as follows:—

1886	2,091,976	tons.
1887	2,418,494*	44
1888	2,658,134	44

The production by Provinces is as follows:--

#### PRODUCTION OF COAL IN 1888 BY PROVINCES.

Summary.

PROVINCE.	Tons.	Value.	No. of men em- ployed.	No. of Producers.
Nova Scotia	1,989,263	\$3,108,224	4,651	20
British Columbia	548,017	1,957,204	2,012	4
North-West Territory	115,124	183,354	390	9
New Brunswick	5,730	11,050	38	7
Totals	2,658,134	\$5,259,832	7,091	40

The following tables give the details of the production and sales of Nova Scotia.

<sup>\*</sup> This quantity has been corrected since lust year when it appeared incorrectly.

Production, Sales and Colliery Consumption of Coal in Nova Scotia during the Years 1885, 1886, 1887 and 1888.

TABLE A.

Period.	Production.	Sales.	Colliery Consumption
1888—First quarter. Tons	316,793	188,953	47,491
1888—Second " "	515,526	432,860	47,215
1888—Third " "	644,121	673,701	33,954
1888—Fourth " "	512,823	470,381	47,676
Totals	1,989,263	1,765,895	176,336
1887 "	1,871,338	1,702,046	156,550
1886 "	1,682,924	1,538,504	159,512
1885 "	1,514,470	1,405,051	142,939

DISTRIBUTION OF NOVA SCOTIA COAL SOLD DURING THE YEAR 1888.

TABLE B.

Market.	Tons.
Nova Scotia :—	
Transported by land	314,183
« sea	256,910
Total	. 571,093
New Brunswick	240,386
Newfoundland	93,772
Prince Edward Island	63,111
Quebec	759,720
West Indies	3,484
United States	33,822
Other Countries	507
Total	1,765,895

#### COAL TRADE OF NOVA SCOTIA BY COUNTIES DURING THE YEAR 1888.

TABLE C.

Year 1888.	Cumbe	erland.	Piet	ou.	Саре В	reton.	Tot	al.
1 000.	Raised.	Sold.	Raised.	Sold.	Raised.	Sold.	Raised.	Sold.
First quarter.	114,605	102 639	110,954	81,267	91,234	5,047	316,793	188,953
Second "	139,026	122,048	131,534	107,007	244,966	203,805	515,526	432,860
Third "	138,948	122,783	135,924	138,750	369,248	412,168	644,120	673,701
Fourth "	134,749	122,425	152,679	142,136	225,396	205,820	512,824	470,381
Totals	527,328	469,895	531,091	469,160	930,844	826,840	1,989,263	1,765,895

PRODUCTION OF COAL IN NOVA SCOTIA BY COLLIERIES DURING 1888.

TABLE D.

Colliery.	Tons.	Colliery.	Tons.
Chignecto	16,584	Caledonia	126,318
Joggins	54,261	Francklyn	9,230
Minudie	1,544	Glace Bay	89,431
Springhill	454,939	Gowrie	145,018
Acadia	325,620	International	114,429
Black Diamond	26,884	Ontario	5,166
East River	879	Reserve	135,650
Intercolonial	177,708	Sydney	170,224
Blockhouse	7,625	Victoria	100,619
Bridgeport	27,134	Total	1,989,263

YEARLY PRODUCTION OF COAL IN NOVA SCOTIA SINCE 1870.

TABLE E.

Year.	Tons.	Year.	Tons.
1870	700,861	1880	1,156,635
1871	754,031	1881	1,259,182
1872	984,664	1882	1,529,708
1873	1,117,643	1883	1,593,259
1874	977,446	1884	1,556,010
1875	874,905	1885	1,514,470
1876	794,803	1886	1,682,924
1877	848,395	1887	1,871,338
1878	863,081	1888	1,989,263
1879	882,863	Total	23,013,481

British Columbia. The two following tables are taken from the Annual report of the Minister of Mines of British Columbia. Their titles will sufficiently explain them.

COAL TRADE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA DURING THE YEAR 1888.

TABLE F.

Name of Colliery.	Coal raised.	Sold for home consumption.	Sold for exportation.	On hand Jan. 1st, 1888.	On hand Jan. 1st, 1889.	Number of men employed.
	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	
Nanaimo	289,875	44,49	241,082	1,443	5,736	945
Wellington	222,199	78,446	139,607	303	4,145	695
E. Wellington	33,703	6,920	28,910	2,240	112	132
Union	2,240		••••		2,240	240
Totals	548,017	129,865	409,599	3,986	12,233	2,012

#### YEARLY PRODUCTION OF COAL IN BRITISH COLUMBIA SINCE 1874.

#### TABLE G.

Year.	Tons.
1874	81,547
1875	110,145
1876	139,192
1877	154,052
1878	170,846
1879	241,301
1880	267,595
1881	228,357
1882	282,139
1883	213,299
1884	394,070
1885	365,596
1886	326,636
1887	413,360
1888	548,017

Returns were received from nine different producers in the North-North-West West Territories, the net production amounting to 115,124 tons valued at \$183,354. This shows an increase of 41,372 tons over the previous year, and of nearly 70,000 tons over 1886. The production is chiefly that of the Anthracite and Lethbridge mines, small quantities only being mined at Calgary and Edmonton and in their vicinity.

In the Grand Lake district returns were received from seven pro-Newducing mines and many others that report no production.

The amount mined was 5,730 tons having a value of \$11,050. There is a decrease here of 2,630 tons and \$9,197. This is due, in a large measure, to a company having bought up a great many of the partly developed lands with the intention of working them more extensively on the completion of a short line railway from Fredericton.

A line has been surveyed through the most productive part of the coal area. On the completion of any railway through this district there would undoubtedly be a great increase in the coal production. The coal is at present shipped by schooner to Fredericton and St. John, in which latter place it readily sells at an average price of \$4 per ton.

The exports of coal produced in Canada amounted to 588,627 tons, Exports. valued at \$1,974,731 as shown below.

## $20~\mathrm{s}$ Geological and natural history survey of canada.

EXPORTS OF COAL, THE PRODUCE OF CANADA, FOR THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE 1.

Province.	18	87.	1888.		
_	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	
Ontario			25	\$ 107	
Quebec	14,737	\$ 37,772	17,506	38,281	
Nova Scotia.	207,941	390,738	165,863	330,115	
New Brunswick	1,341	4,025	3	15	
Prince Edward Island	274	636	105	214	
Manitoba	15	60	54	349	
British Columbia	356,657	1,262,552	405,071	1,605,650	
Totals	580,965	\$1,695,783	588,627	\$1,974,731	

## The destinations were as follows:-

	Tons.
Great Britain	32,598
United States	451,660
Newfoundland	71,842
St. Pierre	8,571
France	1,402
Germany	518
Sweden and Norway	600
United States of Colombia	398
Spanish West Indies	2,753
British West Indies	1,205
Sandwich Islands	5,760
Japan	8,300
Mexico	3,020
Total	588,627

Exports of Coal, not the Produce of the Dominion, during the years 1887 and 1888.

TABLE 2.

Province.	188	7.	1888.	
	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.
Ontario	67,837	\$170,754	70,198	\$165,816
Quebec	15,188	23,413	9,864	20,179
Nova Scotia	3,803	9,297	4,024	11,180
New Brunswick	2,270	7,486	230	409
Totals	89,098	\$210,950	84,316	\$197,584

Destinations.	Tons.
Great Britain	9,987
United States	<b>4</b> 3,248
Newfoundland	213
France	440
British West Indies	428
•	
Total	84,316

EXPORTS OF COAL FROM NOVA SCOTIA AND BRITISH COLUMBIA FROM 1874 TO 1888 INCLUSIVE (THE PRODUCE OF CANADA.)

TABLE 3.

Year.	Nova S	scotia.	British (	Columbia.
Tear.	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	- Value.
1874	252,124	\$647,539	51,001	\$ 278,180
1875	179,626	404,351	65,842	356,018
1876	126,520	263,543	116,910	627,754
1877	173,389	352,453	118,252	590,263
1878	154,114	293,795	165,734	698,870
1879	113,742	203,407	186,094	608,845
1880	199,552	344,148	219,878	775,008
1881	193,081	311,721	187,791	622,965
1882	216,954	390,121	179,552	628,437
1883	192,795	336,088	271,214	946,271
1884	222,709	430,330	245,478	901,440
1885	176,287	349,650	250,191	1,000,764
1886	240,459	441,693	274,466	960,649
1887	207,941	390,738	356,657	1,262,552
1888	165,863	330,115	405,071	1,605,650
Totals	2,815,156	\$5,489,692	3,094,131	\$11,863,666

## IMPORTS OF ANTHRACITE DURING THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

Imports,

TABLE 4.

Province.	1887.		1888.	
Trovince.	Tons. Value.		Tons.	Value.
Ontario	1,042,077	\$4,456,827	900,776	\$3,746,081
Quebec	340,046	1,315,390	348,350	1,401,904
Nova Scotia	21,909	79,904	22,923	94,122
New Brunswick	33,333	126,449	51,074	195,287
Prince Edward Island	2,673	9,950	2,518	9,904
Manitoba	2	26	523	3,447
British Columbia	112	1,737		3
Totals	1,440,152	\$5,990,283	1,326,164	\$5,450,748

IMPORTS OF BITUMINOUS COAL DURING THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE 5.

Province.	1887.		1888.	
	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.
Ontario	1,138,279	\$3,226,524	1,195,736	\$3,258,113
Quebec	73,324	147,890	82,667	175,127
Nova Scotia	1,131	7,135	1,423	10,001
New Brunswick	3,102	7,607	4,715	13,336
Manitoba	1,832	4,345	2,293	7,620
British Columbia	665	5,259	355	4,828
Totals.,	1,218,333	\$3,398,760	1,287,189	\$3,469,025

#### 24 s GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY OF CANADA.

IMPORTS OF COAL DUST, ALL KINDS, FOR THE YEAR 1888.

TABLE 6.

Province.	Tons.	Value.
Ontario	37,195	\$41,027
Quebec	10,649	14,170
Nova Scotia	82	. 375
New Brunswick	6	170
Manitoba	55	267
British Columbia		10
Total	47,987	\$56,019

There was therefore an importation of Coal during the year as follows:—

Anthracite. Bituminous Coal	1,287,189	66
Total Coal imported during year 1888	2,661,340	66
Total Value of above	\$8,975,792	

Consumption.

The amount of coal of all kinds consumed in Canada last year was approximately 4,500,000 tons as is shown by the following figures:—

Total Imports	2,661,340 2,658,134	
· .	5,316,474	
LESS.—Exports, Produce 588,627 tons not Produce. 84,316 "	672,943	46
	4.643.531	66

Coke-

The production of oven coke during the year 1888, amounted to 45,373 tons valued at \$134,181. The production is altogether that of Nova Scotia, the greater part being manufactured by the London-derry Iron Company, Limited, of Londonderry, N.S.

The following table gives the imports of coke for the last two years :-

IMPORTS OF OVEN COKE DURING THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

Province.	1887.		1888.	
	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.
Ontario	15,981	\$67,797	22,948	\$80,841
Quebec	3,696	13,849	5,171	16,068
New Brunswick		••••	198	827
Manitoba	43	260	198	816
British Columbia	85	429	155	939
Totals	19,805	\$82,335	28,670	\$99,491

Returns were not received from two of the most important of the Charcoal. Ontario producers and their production of last year has been taken as representing approximately that of 1888.

The amount of charcoal produced, for reduction purposes, during 1888, was about 1,500,000 bushels having an approximate value of \$87,000. About half of this production is that of the province of Quebec, being produced and used at the Drummondville and Radnor furnaces, the remainder made in Ontario is exported to the United States, principally to the iron works of Michigan.

Small quantities are annually made at the various gold and silver mines in Canada, where it is used for assay and test purposes.

#### COPPER.

Production.

The amount of copper ore produced and marketed in Canada during the year 1888 was 63,479 tons, having an approximate copper content of 5,562,864 lbs., which, calculated at the average price of twelve cents, gives a value of \$667,543. There is an increase over 1887 of 22,679 tons of ore and of copper content about 2,302,440 lbs., or about 70 per cent. The price is assumed to be higher this than last year, when the value was calculated at ten and a half cents per pound.

The production for 1888 is altogether from the mines of Capelton, sample shipments only being made from other districts where development is still going on. Through the addition of the smelter at Sudbury it may be expected that there will be a much greater production next year than there has been heretofore.

According to the report of the Inspector of Mines, Nova Scotia, there has been increased activity in the copper mining of that province. Prospecting and development was carried on in several districts. The Eastern Development Co. have done a considerable amount of underground exploration on their properties at Coxheath, near Sydney, Cape Breton; during the year 600 tons were raised, and the ore now in stock amounts to 1,500 tons. No shipments were made.

Exports and imports.

The exports for 1888 were altogether from the Province of Quebec with the exception of a sample shipment from Nova Scotia of \$25, and one from New Brunswick of \$2. The amount from Quebec was according to Customs Department returns, \$257,260. The exports, however, show a very marked increase over the two preceding years as is shown below:—

Ontario.	Quebec.	Total.
	262,600	262,600
16,404	232,855	249,259
3,416	134,550	137,966
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	257,260	257,260
	16,404	262,600 16,404 232,855 3,416 134,550

Imports are as follows:—

Imports of Copper, Including Pigs, Bars, Rods, Ingots, Sheathing, Sheets, Old and Scrap, Etc., for the Years 1887 and 1888.

TABLE 1.

Province.	1887.		1888.	
TTOVINGO.	Pounds. Value.		Pounds.	Value.
Ontario	1,121,400	\$120,204	761,600	\$130,730
Quebec	794,600	67,855	944,800	88,438
Nova Scotia	37,500	3,054	45,200	6,276
New Brunswick	54,200	5,153	5,100	1,291
Prince Edward Island	1,000	119	400	63
Manitoba	2,100	242		
British Columbia	16,200	1,900	10,700	2,007
Totals	2,027,000	\$198,527	1,767,800	\$228,805

IMPORTS OF COPPER, INCLUDING ALL MANUFACTURES NOT INCLUDED IN ABOVE,
FOR YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE 2.

Province.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$35,768	\$41,748
Quebec	56,700	79,763
Nova Scotia	11,231	4,710
New Brunswick	6,644	10,371
Prince Edward Island	82	76
Manitoba	. 2,642	2,592
British Columbia	4,365	4,654
Totals	\$117,432	\$143,914

#### GOLD.

Production.

The total production of gold in 1888 was 61.310 ozs., valued at \$1,098,610, showing a slight decrease since last year. This decrease is, in a great measure, due to the Yukon district where the season was a very bad and wet one, the estimated production for the year being only \$40,000. The total production for Canada for the year was \$140,027, less than that of the year previous.

The production is divided by provinces as follows:-

Province.	Ozs.	Value.	Number of men employed.
British Columbia	36,278	\$616,731	2,007
Nova Scotia	22,407	436,939	528
Quebec.	197	3,740	13
North-West Territory	2,428	41,200	about 257
(including Yukon) Totals	61,310	\$1,098,610	2,805

#### British Columbia.

The statistics for British Columbia, as shown in the following tables, are taken from the report of the Minister of Mines of that province:—

VALUE OF GOLD EXPORTED BY THE BANKS AT VICTORIA DURING THE YEAR 1888.

TABLE A.

Bank of British Columbia	\$286,923
" " British North America	57,186 169,834
Total	d512 042

PRODUCTION OF GOLD BY DISTRICTS AS ESTIMATED BY THE GOLD COMMISSIONERS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA DURING 1888.

TABLE B.

Districts.	. Divisions.	Whites.	Chinese.	Yield of Gold by divisions.	Total yield by Districts.
Cariboo	Barkerville Lightning Creek	88 29	173 159	\$75,294 36,536	
	Quesnellemouth Keithley Creek	34	97 228	56,547 64,550	Φ020 Ω07
		151	657		\$232,927
Cassiar		23	85	43,325	43,325
Kootenay	Eastern	100 52	20 67	10,000 37,612	45,525
		152	87		47,612
Lillooet		60	400	90,160	90,160
Yale	Osoyoos Similkameen	103	54 170	9,000	50,100
		168	224		105,000
	Total Whites	554	1453		\$519,024
	" Chinese Total employed		007		

The following table, taken from the "Mineral Wealth of British Columbia" by Dr. G. M. Dawson, part R Annual Report of the Geological Survey for 1887, shows the amount of gold annually produced by British Columbia since the year 1858:—

Annual Production of Gold in British Columbia since 1858.

TABLE C.

Year.	Amount actually known to have been exported by banks, &c.	I Offi		Total.	Number of miners employed.	Average yearly earnings per man.
1858 (partial return.)	\$543,000			\$ 705,000*	3,000	\$ 235
1859	1,211,304	1-3rd	\$403,768	1,615,072	4,000	403
1860	1,671,410	"	557,133	2,228,543	4,400	506
1861	1,999,589	66	666,529	2,666,118	4,200	634
1862	1,992,677	"	664,226	2,656,903	4,100	648
1863	2,935,172	64	978,391	3,913,563	4,400	889
1864	2,801,888	££	933,962	3,735,850	4,400	849
1865	2,618,404	e	872,801	3,491,205	4,294	813
1866	1,996,580	"	665,526	2,662,106	2,982	893
1867	1,860,651	tt.	620,217	2,480,868	3,044	814
1868	1,779,729	66	593,243	2,372,972	2,390	992
1869	1,331,234	66	443,744	1,774,978	2,369	749
1870	1,002,717	cc	334,239	1,336,956	2,348	569
1871	1,349,580	16	449,860	1,799,440	2,450	734
1872	1,208,229	44	402,743	1,610,972	2,400	671
1873	979,312	44	326,437	1,305,749	2,300	567
1874	1,383,464	44	461,154	1,844,618	2,868	643
1875	1,856,178	"	618,726	2,474,904	2,024	1,222
1876	1,339,986	- "	446,662	1,786,648	2,282	783
1877	1,206,136	"	402,045	1,608,182	1,960	820
1878	1,062,670	1-5th	212,534	1,275,204	1,883	677
1879	1,075,049	"	215,009	1,290,058	2,124	607
1880	844,856	66	168,971	1,013,827	1,955	518
1881	872,281	"	174,456	1,046,737	1,898	551
1882	795,071	ш	159,014	954,085	1,738	548
1883	661,877	"	132,375	794,252	1,965	404
1884	613,304	"	122,861	736,165	1,858	396
1885	594,782	"	118,956	713,738	2,902	246
1886	753,043	"	150,608	903,651	3,147	287
1887	578,924	u	115,785	693,709	2,342	296
1888	513,943	£¢.	102,788	616,731	2,007	307

<sup>\*</sup> Waddington's estimate.

Nova Scotia,

The statistics of the production of gold in Nova Scotia are very kindly furnished by the Inspector of Mines of that province. In table D will be found a general statement of 1888 production etc. Tables E and F illustrate the total production by districts and the yearly production since 1862.

GENERAL STATEMENT OF GOLD PRODUCTION IN NOVA SCOTIA FOR THE YEAR 1888.

TABLE D.

Districts.	Number of mines.	Days' labor.	Mills.	Steam power.	Water power.	Tons of quartz crushed.		Yield er to		_	axim yield er to	.	Total of g		
							oz.	dwts.	gr.	ozs.	dwts	grs.	ozs. dv	wts.	gre.
Sherbrooke	4	8,980	3	2	1	2,858	0	3	18	0	4	22	535	8	18
Salmon River	1	20,594	1		1	9,925	0	6	18	0	10	1	3,354	10	0
Oldham	3	15,570	1		1	2,106	0	16	3	1	9	22	1,699	9	19
Waverley	0	4,132	2		2	619	0	7	12	0	12	9	1232	9	10
Caribou	4	22,171	2	1	1	6,313	0	8	16	1	9	9	2,729	10	15
Uniacke	2	8,661	4	4		612	1	0	16	4	14	13	632	7	1
Rawdon			1	1		2,760	0	6	22	0	15	16	952	15	20
Lake Catcha	1.	14,713	3	3		1,611	1	8	2	2	17	21	2,284	17	3
Whiteburn	1	9,502	3	3		1,292	2	3	8	4	12	3	2,799	4	8
15 Mile Stream	1	8,141	1	1	4	2,151	0	8	19	0	10	12	946	8	0
Stormont	1	12,595	1	1		1,904	1	3	8	1	13	14	2,222	6	0
Tangier	0	5,966	2	2		539	0	9	18	0	16	5	263	1	0
Renfrew	1	6,095	2		2	1,145	0	11	6	0	18	5	642	16	10
Wine Harbor	1	5,543	1	1		324	0	14	18	1	5	22	239	2	0
Unproclaimed, &c.	3	21,209	8	8		2,019	1	8	11	4	14	14	2,872	17	2
Totals	23	163,772	35	27	8	36,178	0	15	21	4	14	14	22,407	3	10

GOLD PRODUCTION OF THE DIFFERENT DISTRICTS IN NOVA SCOTIA FROM 1862 TO 1888 INCLUSIVE.

TABLE E.

Districts.	Tons of quartz		Average yield per ton			
	or quartz crushed.	ozs.	dwts.	grs.	Value at \$19.50 per oz.	of 2,000 lbs.
Caribou	29,960	20,335	10	19	\$396,542	\$13.23
Montague	13,828	28,417	0	10	554,133	40.07
Oldham	35,634	35,758	11	13	697,293	19.57
Renfrew	44,241	30,863	4	23	601,834	13:60
Sherbrooke	164,213	119,404	6	9	2,328,384	14.13
Stormont	18,259	20,878	12	17	407,132	22.30
Tangier	28,695	19,014	11	6	370,782	12.92
Uniacke	32,532	18,848	3	6	367,540	11.29
Waverley	89,572	53,391	7	14	1,041,131	11.62
Salmon River	20,527	6,612	10	0	128,944	6.28
Brookfield	1,691	1,418	1	15	27,652	16.31
Whiteburn	2,386	5,104	16	<b>2</b> 1	99,544	41.71
Lake Catcha	2,212	5,244	1	3	102,260	46.22
Rawdon	8,062	4,460	9	4	86,979	10.79
Wine Harbou	39,268	27,526	18	19	536,774	13.67
Darr's Hill	39,909	18,715	19	19	364,962	9.14
15 Mile Stream	4,068	1,904	19	23	37,148	9.18
Unproclaimed	46,190	38,135	7	17	743,641	16.10
Totals	621,247	456,034	13	22	. \$8,892,675	\$14.31

#### YEARLY PRODUCTION OF GOLD IN NOVA SCOTIA SINCE 1862.

TABLE F.

Year.	Tons of quartz		Average yield per ton			
I car.	crushed.	Que	ntity.	,	Value at \$19.50 per oz.	of 2,000 lbs.
		Ozs.	Dwts.	grs.		
1862	6,473	7,275	8	0	\$141,871	\$21.91
1863	17,000	13,971	13	17	272,448	16.02
1864	21,431	20,017	18	13	390,349	18.11
1865	24,421	25,454	3	$^{22}$	496,357	20.32
1866	32,157	25,204	13	<b>2</b>	491,491	15.28
1867	31,384	27,310	18	11	532,563	16.96
1868	32,259	20,541	6	10	400,555	12.41
1869	35,144	17,868	0	19	348,427	9.91
1870	30,824	19,866	5	5	387,392	12.56
1871	30,787	19,229	7	4	374,972	12.17
1872	17,089	13,094	17	6	255,349	14.81
1873	17,708	11,852	7	18	231,122	13.05
1874	13,844	9,140	13	10	178,244	12.87
1875	14,810	11,211	14	19	218,629	14.89
1876	15,490	11,978	13	18	233,585	15.08
1877	17,369	16,882	6	1	329,205	19.01
1878	17,989	12,577	1	$^{22}$	245,253	13.63
1879	15,936	13,760	8	21	268,328	16.83
1880	13,997	13,221	13	22	257,823	18.42
1881	16,556	10,756	13	2	209,755	12.66
1882	21,081	14,107	3	20	275,090	13.04
1883	25,954	15,446	9	23	301,207	11.60
1884	25,186	16,079	14	10	313,554	12.44
1885	28,890	22,203	12	20	432,971	14.98
1886	29,010	23,362	5	15	455,564	15.70
1887	32,280	21,211	17	18	413,631	12.81
1888	36,178	22,407	3	10	436,939	12.08
Totals	621,247	456,034	13	22	\$8,892,675	\$14.31

No production is reported from Ontario, though sample shipments Ontario. were made from several locations in the vicinity of Sudbury and it is believed small quantities of gold were extracted from some of the ores of Hastings Co., Ont.

As in previous years a small amount of gold was obtained from the North-West alluvions of the Saskatchewan River near Edmonton.

Territory and Yukon District.

Mr. R. G. McConnell reports a very poor season for gold washing on the Yukon and neighboring streams, and estimates the total output at \$40,000 as against \$120,000 last year.

Note.—The production of the Yukon district is given last year as \$60,000; this has been corrected in this year's report, as the estimate is now considered to have represented only half the total output.

Quebec.

Gold was obtained from the alluvions of Mill River in Beauce County, and in Ditton Township in Compton County, and prospecting was carried on to a large extent on the Des Plantes and Cumberland Rivers.

The following table shows the output of gold from the Chaudière district as reported to the Mining Inspector up to 1886; the last two years being from direct returns received at this office. The table is, however, considered incomplete:—

PRODUCTION OF GOLD IN THE CHAUDIERE DIVISION SINCE THE YEAR 1877.

TABLE G.

Year.		l outr	Value at \$17.50 per oz.	
1877*	ozs. 688		grs.	\$12,057
1878	1024	19	5	17,937
1879	1884	2	7	32,972
1880	1895	13	4	33,174
1881	3237	15	$17\frac{1}{2}$	56,661
1882	976	15	0	17,093
1883	1016	1	$21\frac{1}{2}$	17,787
1884	498	9	3	8,720
1885	120	19	19	2,120
1886	227	9	22	3,981
1887	90	18	10	1,604
1888	203	12	16	3,563

<sup>\*</sup> Second half of 1877 only.

Exports and imports.

The following table shows the exports of gold-bearing quartz, ore, dust, nuggets &c., for the years 1887 and 1888:—

TABLE 1.

Province.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$ 6,650	•••••
Nova Scotia	321,379	\$163,412
Manitoba		50
British Columbia	592,300	464,696
Totals	\$920,329	\$628,158

The imports of gold in ore or bullion could not be ascertained, as they are not kept separate by the Customs Department, but included in "Coin and Bullion."



Production.

#### GRAPHITE.

The amount of graphite mined and marketed during the year 1888 was 150 tons, valued at \$1,200, all reported from mines in the vicinity of St. John, New Brunswick. There was a small quantity produced in the township of Buckingham, Ottawa County, Quebec; none of which was shipped. Prospecting was carried on to a small extent near St. John, N.B., and in various parts of Ontario.

Exports and imports.

The exports from New Brunswick for the last three years are given below, and show that the production has materially fallen off since 1886. No graphite has been exported from any of the other provinces during these years:—

1886	8142 cwts.	 \$3,586
1887	6294 "	 3,017
1888		 1,080

In the following tables are shown the imports of the various products of plumbago:—

IMPORTS OF RAW AND MANUFACTURED PLUMBAGO FOR THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE 1

Position	Plumb	oago,	Manufactures of Plumbago.		
Province.	1887.	1888.	1887.	1888.	
Ontario	\$1,473	\$1,170	\$5,140	\$6,811	
Quebec	534	2,859	4,033	8,811	
Nova Scotia	61	1,066	1,739	4,831	
New Brunswick			657	3,116	
Prince Edward Island			44	17	
Manitoba		35	96	517	
British Columbia	35	118	232	465	
Totals	\$2,103	\$5,248	\$11,941	\$24,568	



# MINERAL STATISTICS.

IMPORTS OF BLACKLEAD FOR THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.  $\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{ABLE}} \ \ \mathbf{2}.$ 

Blacklead.

Province.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$7,001	\$3,811
Quebec	2,683	3,349
Nova Scotia	2,121	
New Brunswick	3,559	2,254
Prince Edward Island	745	. 315
Manitoba	165	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
British Columbia	602	142
[		
Totals	\$16,876	\$9,871

Amports of Lead Pencils, in Wood or Otherwise, for the Years 1887 and 1888. Pencils.

TABLE 3

Province.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$33,458	\$29,720
Quebec	21,263	20,218
Nova Scotia	2,769	2,655
New Brunswick	3,028	3,017
Prince Edward Island		85
Manitoba	833	1,180
British Columbia	987	1,010
Totals,	\$62,338	\$57,885

#### GYPSUM.

Production.

Owing to inadequate returns having been received from Nova Scotia, the exports from that province, as shown by the Customs Department returns, have been taken as representing the total production; the output of the mines of the other provinces, according to direct returns, was 51,069 tons, valued at \$58,964, this with the Nova Scotia exports gives a total production, during the year, of 175,887 tons valued at \$179,393. This shows an increase over the previous year of 21,879 tons and \$22,-116, due, in a great measure, to New Brunswick, where there is an increase of 13,027 tons and \$17.548.

The production by provinces is as follows:—

Province.			Number of producers.	Number of hands.	
New Brunswick	44,369	\$ 48,764	4	232	
Nova Scotia	124,818	120,429	?	?	
Ontario	6,700	10,200	5	45	

Plaster of Paris. The returns show that plaster of paris to the extent of 59,885 bbls. was manufactured in Canada, having a value of \$61,485. This was made principally at the Albert Manufacturing Company's works at Hillsboro', N.B., a small quantity being made in Ontario.

The other products of gypsum are "Alabastine," made at Paris, Ontario, and "Terra Alba" produced by the Albert Manufacturing Company.

Nova Scotia.

The Department of Mines of Nova Scotia reports the shipments from that province as follows:—

Windsor	105,815	tons
Cheverie	17,125	11
Lennox Passage	2,000	4.6

and a small quantity from Walton and St. Anns Harbor.

New Brunswick. The production from New Brunswick is altogether from Victoria and Albert Counties, divided as follows:—

Albert Co	40,460	tons
Victoria Co	3,909	66

The gypsum of Victoria County is principally ground and used as land plaster, and is to a great extent shipped to and used in Maine, U.S. Of that of Albert County, only some 3,000 tons are so used.

Ontario.

There has been a slight decrease in the production in Ontario owing

to the introduction of high grade fertilizers, used in preference to land plaster, into which nearly all Ontario gypsum is manufactured. The producing mines are all situated on the Grand River between Paris and Gypsum Mines, the works being at Paris, Mount Healy, York, Caledonia, and Gypsum Mines.

Tables of exports and imports of crude and manufactured gypsum Exports and are given below:—

EXPORTS OF CRUDE GYPSUM DURING THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE 1.

188	7.	1888.		
Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	
225	\$337	670	\$910	
112,557	106,910	124,818	120,429	
19,942	39,295	20	50	
132,724	\$146,542	125,508	\$121,389	
	Tons.  225 112,557 19,942	225 \$337 112,557 106,910 19,942 39,295	Tons. Value. Tons.  225 \$337 670  112,557 106,910 124,818  19,942 39,295 20	

The amount credited to Nova Scotia in above table includes probably the amount exported from New Brunswick, as there was the usual quantity shipped from that province to the United States, viz., about 40,000 tons.

IMPORTS OF GROUND, GYPSUM DURING THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE 2.

Pro-trace	188	7.	1888.		
Province.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	
Ontario	5,506	\$ 73	56,502	\$261	
Quebec	14,476	157	2,400	9	
New Brunswick	1,900	7	31,500	70	
Manitoba			300	4	
British Columbia	15,000	138			
Totals	36,882	\$375	90,702	\$344	
}	t	-			

# 40 s GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY OF CANADA.

IMPORTS OF PLASTER OF PARIS DURING THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE 3.

Province.	1887		1888.		
Province.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	
Ontario	243,350	\$1,282	310,407	\$1,749	
Quebec	2,458	13	400	2	
Nova Scotia	650	6	2,600	17	
New Brunswick	52,800	225	40,700	190	
Prince Edward Island			400	3	
Manitoba	146,300	733	132,900	585	
British Columbia	363,607	3,363	390,913	3,682	
Totals	809,165	\$5,622	878,320	\$6,228	

There was an importation of crude gypsum into Ontario during the year amounting to 1,184 tons, valued at \$2,262.

#### IRON.

Iron ore was produced in Canada during 1888 to the extent of 78,-Iron ore. 587 tons valued at \$152,068, showing an increase over 1887 of 2,257 tons and \$5,871.

By Provinces the production is as follows:-

Province.	Tons.	Value.	No. of hands employed,	No. of producers.	No. of mines producing.
Nova Scotia	42,611	\$74,509	176	3.	3
Quebec	10,710	24,899	(?)	2	2
Ontario	16,894	37,710	70	1	4
British Columbia	8,372	14,950	12	1	1
Totals	78,587	\$152,068		7	10

According to the report of the Department of Mines of Nova Scotia Nova Scotia. the production is divided as follows:—

Londonderry, East and West mines	41,619 tons
East River, Pictou	342 "
Brookfield	650 "

Prospecting was carried on in various parts of the province.

The following are the total yearly productions of iron in this province since 1876:—

	Tons
1876	. 15,274
1877	. 16,879
1878	. 36,600
1879	. 29,889
1880	. 51,193
1881	. 39,843
1882	. 42,135
1883	. 52,410
1884	. 54,885
1885	. 48,129
1886	. 44,388
1887	43,532
1888	. 42,611

The furnaces at Three Rivers and Drummondville consumed during Quebec. the year 10,710 tons of bog iron ore. Work was carried on at the Bristol mine in Pontiac County, but no shipments were made during the year.

Ontario.

Iron mining in Ontario was confined to the district penetrated by the Kingston and Pembroke Railway, and was carried on by the Kingston and Pembroke Iron Mining Company, who shipped ore from four different mines along the line of railway. This company did a considerable amount of development work at some four or five other properties in their possession. Their production this year shows a small increase over last year, viz., 1,416 tons. There were no other producers in Ontario in 1888.

British Columbia. Operations were resumed at the Texada Island mine in July, and as a result 8,372 tons were mined and shipped during the last half of the year to Irondale, W.T., where 4,350 tons of pig iron and car wheels were made from this Canadian ore.

The following table shows the exports of iron ore for the last three years:—

Exports and imports.

\* EXPORTS OF IRON ORE FROM CANADA DURING THE LAST THREE YEARS.

TABLE 1.

Province.	18	1886. 1		87	1888.	
110111100,	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.
Ontario	16,032	\$51,175	12,244	\$38,990	13,161	\$36,397
Quebec	2	10	38	119	10	380
British Columbia	3,130	7,225	1,410	3,525	7,300	18,400
Totals	19,164	\$58,410	13,692	\$42,634		\$55,177

No iron ore is imported.

Pig Iron.

The following table is a summary of the production of pig iron in Canada during 1888, comparatively with that of 1887:—

PIG IRON PRODUCTION, AND CONSUMPTION OF ORE, FUEL, ETC., IN 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE A.

Number of Furnaces in blast, 4.

Production and Consumption.	188	37.	1888:		
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Pig Iron madeTons.	24,827	\$366,192	21,799	\$313,235	
Iron Ore consumed "	60,434	130,808	54,956	102,343	
Charcoal—Bush.	940,400	48,593	804,286	41,800	
Fuel consumed. Coke, Tons.	30,248	89,123	28,031	82,986	
Coal, "	3 <b>,33</b> 3	5,877	2,197	4,709	
Flux consumed "	17,171	17,500	16,857	16,533	

Practically no pig iron was exported during the year.

In the table following are given the imports of pig iron for the years 1887 and 1888, with amount of duty paid thereon:—

IMPORTS OF PIG IRON FOR THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888,

TABLE 2.

Province.		1887.		1888.			
1101111001	Tons.	Value.	Duty.	Tons.	Value.	Duty.	
Ontario	19,450	\$298,083	\$61,291	26,939	\$386,945	\$107,748	
Quebec	25,317	263,098	77,903	35,177	358,039	140,706	
Nova Scotia	1,197	16,171	3,613	3,310	36,432	13,242	
New Brunswick.	5,981	36,771	5,362	2,321	51,587	9,282	
British Columbia	557	5,981	1,211	586	7,602	2,348	
Totals	48,250	\$620,104	\$149,380	68,333	\$840,605	\$273,326	

The imports for 1888, as shown in above table, include pig iron, iron kentledge, and cast scrap iron, making comparison with the previous year impossible as the amount of scrap iron included is quite considerable. From information received at this office there has been, however, no falling off in the imports of pig iron during 1888.

fron and Steel.

Direct returns were received from the Nova Scotia Steel and Forge Company, Londonderry Iron Works, and five rolling mills and forges. Returns were not received from five rolling mills that were known to have been working, thus making our returns very incomplete. The following is a summary of returns received, and shows a large increase over last year's production as returned to us; notwithstanding that returns were last year received from a greater number of producers:—

IRON AND STEEL PRODUCTION, AND CONSUMPTION OF SCRAP AND OTHER IRON AND STEEL, ETC., IN 1887 AND 1888.

#### TABLE B.

No. of reheating furnaces	36
No. of trains of rolls	13
No. of steam hammers	. 5

Article made or consumed.	1	887.	. 1888.		
Million million of consumed.	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	
Iron, all sorts, made	31,527	\$1,087,728	44,949	\$1,592,931	
Steel, all sorts, made	7,326	331, 99	9,553	472,611	
Puddled iron bars, consumed	2 312	58,700	6,256	148,715	
Scrap and all other iron, consumed	40,274	636,487	42,083	656,448	
Scrap and all other steel, consumed	8,407	149,177	11,567	260,323	
Fuel, consumed	58,112	146,986	64,350	161,566	

Number of hands in 1887, about 850; in 1888, 1,155.

Exports and Imports. The following tables give the exports and imports of iron and steel goods:—

Exports of Iron and Steel Goods, Manufactured in Canada, during 1887 and 1888  ${\bf T}_{\bf ABLE} \ \ 3.$ 

Province.	Iron.	Iron.	Stoves.	Castings.	all other ardware.	Steel and manufr's of.	1883.	1887.
	Pig I	Scrap	Iron	Iron	Iron, all and hard	Steel	Total.	Total.
Ontario	\$10	\$6,958	\$1,145	\$ 7,934	<b>\$13,267</b>	\$ 5,9~2	\$ 35,266	\$95,930
Quebec		224	564	13,675	49,665	45,958	110,086	82,191
Nova Scotia			1,503	819	14,507	12,349	29,178	61,276
New Brunswick				5	6,897		6,9)2	7,467
Prince Ed. Island				,	462		462	61
Manitoba			204		134	967	1,305	1,296
British Columbia.		115			825	75	1,015	
Totals	\$10	\$7,297	\$3,416	\$22,433	\$85,757	\$65,301	\$184,214	\$251,221

Imports of Iron in Slabs, Blooms, Loops, Puddled Bars, etc., for the Years 1887 and 1888.

TABLE 4.

Province.	1887.			1888.			
2.10 / 1.100.	Cwt.	Value.	Duty.	Cwt.	Value.	Duty.	
Ontario	11,332	\$8,995	\$899	113	\$488	\$51	
Quebec	348,557	285,233	50,520	103,176	79,764	46,428	
Nova Scotia	1,116	8,552	855				
New Brunswick	6,548	3,948	395				
Totals	367,553	\$306,728	\$52,669	103,289	\$80,252	\$46,479	

#### 46 s GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY OF CANADA.

IMPORTS OF SCRAP IRON AND SCRAP STEEL FOR THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

Table 5.

Province.	1887.			1888.			
	Cwt.	Value.	Duty.	Cwt.	Value.	Duty.	
Ontario	19,775	\$ 81,091	\$11,425	85,904	\$ 52,726	\$ 9,878	
Quebec	252,042	161,167	13,623	324,428	217,196	32,442	
Nova Scotia	84,349	43,904	5,275	33,751	18,010	3,300	
New Brunswick	54,718	40,169	3,331	85,169	49,786	8,516	
British Columbia	440	262		20	20	2	
Totals	411,324	\$326,593	\$33,654	529,272	\$337,738	\$54,138	

It must be understood that in the imports for 1887, as shown in above table, the duty was collected only in the latter half of the year, and does not show fairly in comparison with the duty collected in 1888.

IMPORTS OF FERRO-MANGANESE, FERRO-SILICON, SPEIGEL, STEEL BLOOM ENDS AND CROP ENDS OF STEEL RAILS, FOR THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE 6.

Province.		1887.			1888.			
170711100.	Tons.	Value.	Duty.	Tons.	Value.	Duty.		
Ontario				2	\$ 37	\$ 4		
Quebec;	1,121	\$16,772	\$2,242	559	9,239	1,118		
Nova Scotia	274	3,531	549	2,957	34,506	5,914		
New Brunswick	277	4,385	553	30	493	60		
Totals	1,672	\$24,688	\$3,344	3,548	\$44,275	\$7,096		

The following tables show the imports of the various manufactures of iron and steel into Canada during the year 1888. There is but slight change in the classification since last year so that the comparisons given are considered quite correct:—

Imports of Iron (Articles wholly or principally made of iron) during the Year 1888.

TABLE 7.

Article.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Bar iron, rolled or hammered cŵt,	367,270	\$446,174	\$238,839
Boiler plate and other platecwt.	58.022	82,186	37,758
Tacks, brads and sprigs		6,379	1,379
Band and hoop ironcwt.	80,157	113,576	39,305
Iron bridges and structural iron work.lbs.	1,900,576	52,181	24,681
Nails, spikes and sheathing nailslbs.	96,842	9,168	1,831
Nails and spikes, cut	570,467	20,827	9,157
Nails and spikescwt.	238,294	9,255	2,384
Swedish rolled iron nail rodscwt.	18,707	36,171	7,233
Tubing of every description		529,164	154,357
Totals		\$1,305,081	\$516,924
1887 Totals		\$1,584,529	\$438,338

# IMPORTS OF STEEL.

# TABLE 8.

Articles.	Quantity,	Value.	Duty.
Wire of spring steel, coppered or tinnedcwt.	4,917	\$ 10,648	\$ 2,127
Steel ingots, blooms, slabs, billets, bars, etc., valued at 4 cts. or less, per lb	213,560	318,387	127,990
Steel, except the abovecwt.	89,602	77,000	35,840
Steel, of greater value than 4 cts. per lbcwt.	65,983	235,674	29,461
Axes		7,558	2,643
" Chopping	••••	6,906	2,351
Saws		73,527	22,075
Locomotive tires	31,035	85,968	Free.
Home spring steel for mattresseslbs.	497,282	20,502	44
Steel for filescwt.	3,191	15,897	44
" " skatescwt,	901	3,514	46
" " saws and straw cutters	11,596	77,826	"
" " mower and reaper knivesewt.	2,414	11,897	دد
" knobs, locks and cutlerycwt.	3,977	7,056	"
" corsets, shoes and clock springscwt.	2,171	12,003	56
" " spades and shovels	2,192	9,608	££
Totals		\$973,971	\$222,487
1887, Totals		\$773,821	\$143,381

# IMPORTS OF IRON AND STEEL FOR THE YEAR 1888.

TABLE 9.

Articles.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Axles and springs of iron or steelcwt.	7,214	\$23,907	\$13,239
Chainscwt.	18,450	44,417	2,013
Iron or steel rivets, bolts, nuts, etclbs.	130,987	6,848	4,327
Plate of iron and steel combinedcwt.	18,918	15,764	4,726
Rolled iron or steel angles, etclbs.	1,598,074	26,746	10,574
Rolled iron or steel beams, etc	87,536	119,607	15,049
Rolled iron or steel beams for manufacture of bridgescwt.		66,579	10,822
Screws, iron or steel, "wood screws"lbs.	67,575	12,179	5,437
Sheet iron, including Canada platecwt	346,600	660,447	82,570
Wire fencing, barbed, iron or steellbs	. 120,089	4,626	1,799
Wire fencing, buckthorn, strip etclbs	27,878	919	315
Wire, iron or steel, 15 gauge and coarser cwt	82,526	178,341	44,626
Wire rope, iron or steel, N.E.Scwt	4,520	27,945	6,979
Wrought iron or steel nuts, bolts, etclbs	1,390,437	73,714	32,443
Rolled round wire rodslbs	169,499	222,916	Free.
Iron or steel beams for composite shipslbs	. 28,052	55,891	دد
Wire, iron or steel, galvanized, 16 gauge of smaller	r . 1,302,379	67,743	u
Wire rigging for shipslbs	3,854	16,193	"
Wire, iron or steel for manf. of wire clothlbs	239,472	11,143	£¢.
Manufactures of iron or steel, N.E.Slbs		723,117	217,132
Total		\$2,359,042	\$452,051
1887 Total		\$1,704,778	\$287,563

IMPORTS OF CASTINGS AND FORGINGS DURING THE YEAR 1888.

TABLE 10.

Article.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Cast iron vessels, plates, &c		\$173,715	\$ 52,851
Cast iron pipecwt.	211,677	260,333	140,375
Forgings of iron or steellbs.	531,789	19,758	8,808
Malleable iron castings		65,683	20,063
Stoves	. ,	18,886	4,953
Anchors		11,186	Free.
Totals		\$549,561	\$227,050
1887 Totals	•••••	\$503,318	\$169,279

IMPORTS OF RAILROAD IRON AND STEEL DURING THE YEAR 1888.

TABLE 11.

Article.	Quantity.	Value.	Duty.
Railway barstons.	1,219	\$ 39,547	\$ 9,322
μ fishplatestons.	3,338	79,652	40,005
Steel railscwt.	1,321,239	1,466,804	Free.
Totals	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$1,586,003	\$49,327
1887 Totals	•••••	\$1,580,316	\$30,233

The other manufactures of iron and steel, not enumerated in the foregoing tables, have been extracted from the report of the Customs Department, and are found to amount during the fiscal year of 1888, to about \$3,700,000, the duty on which being about \$1,150,000.

This value is inclusive of all other materials used in their manufacture, and of very highly finished articles of iron and steel, and does not therefore give any index to the amount of raw iron or steel consumed.

If this amount be taken as representing approximately the import during the calendar year, the total imports of iron and steel during the year will be found to be about \$12,000,000 as follows:—

# Summary Table of Imports of Iron and Steel for the Years 1887 and 1888.

TABLE	1	<b>2</b>
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Article,	1887.		188	8.
	Value.	Duty.	Value.	Duty.
Pig iron	\$620,104	\$149,380	\$840,605	\$273,326
Slabs, blooms, etc	306,728	52,669	80,252	46,479
Scrap iron and steel	326,593	33,694	337,738	54,138
Ferro-manganese, etc	24,688	3,344	44,275	7,096
"Iron "	1,584,529	438,338	1,305,081	516,924
" Steel"	773,821	143,381	973,971	222,487
" Iron and steel "	1,704,778	287,563	2,359,042	452,051
Castings and forgings	503,318	169,279	549,561	227,050
Railroad iron and steel	1,580,316	30,238	1,586,003	49,327
Highly finished articles about	3,400,000	940,000	3,700,000	1,150,000
Totals	\$10,824,875	\$2,247,886	\$11,776,528	\$2,998,878

#### MANGANESE.

Production.

The production of manganese in 1888 amounted to 1,801 tons, with an approximate value of \$47,944. This shows are increase over the year previous of 556 tons and \$4,286, due altogether to the production in New Brunswick. The output of Nova Scotia shows a decrease of 200 tons, and as only Nova Scotia and New Brunswick produced manganese during the year the increase in the production of New Brunswick is therefore 756 tons.

Nova Scotia.

According to the report of the Inspector of Mines of Nova Scotia, the production is altogether from Tenny Cape and Onslow, and the reason of the decrease is the low price of the ore which is usually of a very high grade.

The production is as follows:-

Teany Cape		tons " "	\$2,120 240 1,100 3,000
	106	tons	\$6,460
No. of hands employed about			30

New Brunswick. The production is to a large extent that of the Markhamville mines which still continue to ship high grade ore, principally to the United States. Several small operators shipped from various points in King's and St. John counties, and prospecting and development work was carried on in the neighborhood of Sussex, King's County, and St. Martins and Quaco, in St. John County. A trial shipment of bog manganese was made from a deposit near Hillsboro', Albert County. This latter is suitable for the manufacture of steel, and as the deposit covers a very large area, and is adjacent to the Albert Railway, there seems every probability of a large trade in this mineral being developed.

The tables of exports and imports are given below:-

EXPORTS OF MANGANESE ORE DURING 1887 AND 1888.

Exports and Imports.

Province.	1887.		1888.	
	Tons,	Value.	Tons.	Value.
Nova Scotia	578 (a)	\$14,240	87	\$ 5,759
New Brunswick	837	20,562	1,094	16,073

<sup>(</sup>a) A certain quantity from Cornwallis, should more correctly be classed as an ochre.

1,415

\$34,802

1,181

# IMPORTS OF OXIDE OF MANGANESE DURING THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE 2.

Province.	188	7.	1888.		
	Lbs.	Value,	Lbs.	Value.	
Ontario	18,733	\$ 903	18,893	\$ 739	
Quebec	48,977	2,171	34,091	1,533	
Nova Scotia	1,173	79	2,144	151	
British Columbia	1,010	16	10	1	
Totals	69,893	\$3,169	55,138	\$2,424	

#### MICA.

Production.

Complete returns of the production of mica have not been received. The total amounts approximately to 29,025 lbs., valued at \$30.207. This shows an increase over 1887 of 6,942 lbs. and \$391. The increase is altogether due to the output of Ontario, that of Quebec being about 25 per cent. lower than last year.

The production as reported to this office is for the last three years as follows:—

1886	20,361 lbs.	 \$29,008	 Average	price	\$1.42
1887	22,083 "	 29,816	 66	"	1.35
1888	29.025 "	 30.207	44	46	1.04

The increase in the quantity produced is no doubt due to their being a larger market found for a lower grade of mica; this will also explain the depreciation in the average price.

Exports.

The exports of cut mica during the year amounted to 21,851 lbs., valued at \$21,127, all of which went to the United States. There was an exportation of 362,630 lbs of ground mica with a declared value of \$2,436, the greater part of which also went to the United States. This will make a total exportation during the year of \$23,563 of which \$23,313 was shipped to the United States.

# MINERAL PIGMENTS.

The production of mineral pigments in Canada during 1888 was as Baryta, Mineral paint follows:—

Product.	Tons.	Value.	Where Produced.
Baryta	1,100	\$3,850	N. S.
Mineral paint	397	7,900	Que. and Ont.
Whiting	30	240	Ont.

In the above there is an increase in Baryta of 700 tons and \$1,450, and in mineral paint of 297 tons worth \$6,400, while in whiting there is a decrease of 45 tons and in value of \$360.

There were no exports of any of the above minerals. The imports of various pigments and allied substances are given below:—

IMPORTS OF MANUFACTURED BARYTA DURING THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

Imports of ; Baryta.

TABLE 1.

Province.	1887.		1888.		
	Cwt.	Value.	Cwt.	Value.	
Ontario	2	\$ 24	625	\$427	
Quebec			17,810	756	
New Brunswick	200	252			
Totals	202	\$276	18,435	\$1,183	

Imports of Paints.

#### IMPORTS OF PAINTS.

TABLE 2.

Variety.	Lbs.	Value.
Fire-proof paint, dry	170,683	\$ 2,437
Paint ground in oil or any other liquid		93,349
White and red lead and orange mineral, dry	6,539,247	246,419
White lead in pulp, not mixed with oil		13,374
Ochres, dry, ground or unground, washed or unwashed, not calcined	1,407,006	17,070
Zinc, dry white	759,598	24,570
Other paints and colors, N.O.P.F		87,404

Imports of Whiting.

# IMPORTS OF WHITING.

#### TABLE 3.

Province.	188	37.	1888.		
	Cwt.	Value.	Cwt.	Value.	
Ontario	8,868	\$ 3,325	7,104	\$ 2,817	
Quebec	52,949	13,659	64,408	15,886	
Nova Scotia	2,689	1,027	2,801	958	
New Brunswick	2,494	1,038	2,477	866	
Prince Edward Island	464	190	485	174	
Manitoba			1	1	
British Columbia	274	121	141	145	
Totals	67,738	\$19,360	77,417	\$20,847	

# IMPORTS OF CHALK.

#### TABLE 4.

Imports of Chalk.

Province.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$2,483	\$2,757
Quebec	1,864	2,060
Nova Scotia	213	257
New Brunswick	441	584
Prince Edward Island	37	9
Manitoba	164	. 216
British Columbia	21	53
Totals	\$5,223	\$5,936

# IMPORTS OF LITHARGE.

# TABLE 5.

Imports of Litharge.

188	7.	1888.		
Cwt.	Value.	Cwt.	Value.	
6,354	\$21,034	3,793	\$17,459	
2,353	7,440	3,889	13,832	
2	9			
11	74	2	9	
. 33	122	20	88	
3	26	?	44	
8,756	\$28,705	7,704	\$31,432	
	Cwt. 6,354 2,353 2 11 33 3	6,354 \$21,034 2,353 7,440 2 9 11 74 . 33 122 3 26	Cwt.         Value.         Cwt.           6,354         \$21,034         3,793           2,353         7,440         3,889           2         9            11         74         2           33         122         20           3         26         ?	

#### MISCELLANEOUS.

Production.

The following table gives the production of various minerals and products for the year, comparatively with 1887:—

Product.	1887	•	1888.		
	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Lead (fine, contained in ore)	204,800 lbs.	\$9,216	674,500 lbs.	\$27,472	
Moulding sand	160 tons.	800	169 tons.	845	
Platinum	1,400 028.	5,600	1,500 ozs.	6,000	
Soapstone	100 tons.	800	140 tons.	280	
Mineral water			124,850 galls.	11,456	
Glass and Glassware	*****.	****		375,000	

Lead.

The lead is altogether the production of British Columbia, and includes principally the results of certain sample shipments from Kootenay and Illecillewaet Districts, and from the Monarch Mine at Field.

Small quantities of lead are believed to be saved from the silver ores of Port Arthur District in Ontario, but of these no return could be had. Development work was carried on to a large extent at Wright's mine on Lake Temiscamingue, Quebec, where a small smelting furnace has been erected and all arrangements made to produce large quantities of matte. At Petrolea, Ontario, Mr. William Wilson has erected a small smelting plant. He purposes reducing the lead contained in the refuse from the oil refiners. The lead is probably a sulphide, having been used in the first place as litharge in the refining of the distillates into illuminating oil. This refuse makes an excellent flux, and Mr. Wilson purposes working Canadian ores in connection with it.

Moulding Sand. The moulding sand shown in foregoing table is altogether the production of Nova Scotia, though large quantities are used from the other provinces, of which no returns were received.

Platinum.

The platinum production is that of Granite and adjacent creeks in the Similkameen Division, British Columbia, the only district in Canada where it occurs in sufficient quantities to be considered a commercial article. It occurs with the gold in the placers of the above division, and contains generally a small percentage of iron, osmium and iridium. The production is taken from the report of Mr. Tunstall, Gold Commissioner for Similkameen Division, B.C.

The soapstone is altogether the production of the Asbestus mines of Soapstone, the Eastern Townships or in their vicinity, where it occurs in considerable quantities.

The quantity of mineral water shown, viz:—124,850 gallons includes Mineral Water-only that sold and shipped, in bulk or otherwise. Immense quantities are of course annually used at the different sanitariums in Canada, and of which not even an approximation could be obtained.

The amount of glass and glassware shown in foregoing table does Glass and not by any means represent the total yearly production which would probably reach \$700,000. Returns were not received from all the works, unfortunately rendering this statement incomplete.

The exports of lead were too small to be of importance.

The exports of glass and glassware amounted to \$1.739 against \$1, Exports and 030 for the year previous.

The imports of lead, platinum, zinc, tin, mercury, spelter, mineral water, and glass and glassware are given below:—

IMPORTS OF LEAD.

TABLE 1.

Articles.	188	7.	1888.		
11101010	Cwts.	Value.	Cwts.	Value.	
Lead, old, scrap and pig	69,866	\$182,059	71,911	\$213,077	
" bars, blocks and sheets	20,048	58,283	10,588	33,737	
" pipe	1,783	6,322	1,229 .	4,905	
μ shot	1,260	4,204	805	2,809	
mfrs. of N.O.P.F		6,772		5,836	
Totals		\$257,640		\$260,364	

# 60 s GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY OF CANADA.

#### IMPORTS OF PLATINUM.

TABLE 2.

Province.	1887.		1888.		
	Ozs.	Value.	()zs.	Value.	
Ontario, wire	207	\$1,555	220	\$1,202	
Quebec, "	4	68	74	636	
" pans, retorts, etc		••••		12,268	
New Brunswick	*64	13			
British Columbia		• • • •	••••	2	
Totals	275	\$1,636	294	\$14,108	

<sup>\*</sup> Returns for New Brunswick considered incorrect.

# IMPORTS OF ZINC IN BLOCKS, PIGS AND SHEETS.

TABLE 3.

Province.	188	7.	1888.		
Trovince.	Cwts.	Value.	Cwt.	Value.	
Ontario	5,981	\$25,947	4,428	\$16,357	
Quebec	10,731	38,081	8,551	35,052	
Nova Scotia	2,221	6,668	1,049	4,294	
New Brunswick	2,022	7,890	1,304	5,371	
Prince Edward Island	154	578	46	189	
Manitoba	825	2,820			
British Columbia	67	379	196	933	
Totals	22,001	\$83,263	15,574	\$62,196	

# IMPORTS OF MANUFACTURES OF ZINC.

TABLE 4.

Province.	1888.
Ontario	\$3,823
Quebec	1,271
Nova Scotia	122
New Brunswick	371
Manitoba	122
British Columbia	534
Totals	\$6,243

IMPORTS OF SPELTER IN BLOCKS AND PIGS.

TABLE 5.

Province.	1888.		
	Cwt.	Value.	
Ontario	628	\$ 2,767	
Quebec	8,982	35,756	
Nova Scotia	109	539	
New Brunswick	371	1,808	
British Columbia	21	10	
Totals	10,111	\$40,880	

# 62 s GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY OF CANADA.

IMPORTS OF TIN, IN BLOCKS, PIGS AND SHEETS, AND TIN-FOIL.

TABLE 6.

		1887.			1888.	•
Province.	Blocks, pigs and bars.	Plates, and sheets.	Tin-foil.	Blocks, pigs and bars.	Plates and sheets.	Tin-foil,
Ontario	\$78,908	\$245,100	\$ 8,774	\$ 87,912	\$244,445	\$ 8,535
Quebec	83,562	286,670	13,289	147,480	305,742	16,582
Nova Scotia	21,260	74,879	832	38,917	86,981	199
New Brunswick	12,744	21,076	113	14,524	29,212	222
Prince Edward Island.	4,114	6,731	2	3,674	7,363	
Manitoba		5,246	119		1,592	62
British Columbia	21,092	54,210	16	28,151	119,768	87
Totals	\$221,680	\$693,912	\$23,145	\$320,658	\$795,103	\$25,687

IMPORTS OF TIN CRYSTALS AND TINWARE.

TABLE 7.

_		,	
Province.	Tinware,	Tin Crystals.	
Ontario	\$39,991	\$245	
Quebec	22,821	170	
Nova Scotia	7,287		
New Brunswick	8,253	536	
Prince Edward Island	459	••••	
Manitoba	5,019		
British Columbia	4,208	••••	
Totals	\$88,038	\$951	
			-

# IMPORTS OF MERCURY.

# TABLE 8.

Province.	188	7.	1888.		
Trovince.	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.	
Ontario	• 25,062	\$12,778	8,088	\$4,702	
Quebec	2,307	1,210	3,239	1,782	
Nova Scotia	1,851	1,222	4,992	728	
New Brunswick		• • • • •	10	6	
Manitoba	3	2	1	1	
British Columbia	1,866	1,174	2,161	1,111	
Totals	31,089	\$16,386	18,491	\$8,330	

# IMPORTS OF GLASS AND GLASSWARE.

TABLE 9.

Description.	1887.	1888.
Carboys, demijohns, bottles and decanters, flasks and phials, telegraph and lightning rod insulators, jars and glass balls, and cut, pressed, or moulded table ware	\$303,002	\$175,471
Flasks and phials of eight ounces capacity and over, telegraph and lightning rod insulators, jars and glass balls, and cut, pressed, and moulded table ware	99,099	185,406
Lamp and gas-light shades, lamps and lamp-chimneys, side-lights, and head-lights, globes for lanterns, lamps, and gas-lights	214,691	188,217
Ornamental, figured, and enamelled stained glass	4,446	8,311
Stained, tinted, painted, and vitrified glass and stained glass windows, figured enamelled, and obscured white glass	13,419	12,306
Common and colorless window glass	302,122	351,550
Coloured glass, not figured, painted, enamelled, or engraved	3,426	1,958
Photographic dry plates	4,221	9,646
Plate glass, not coloured, in panes not over 30 sq. feet.	56,456	75,777
" over 30 and not over 70 sq. feet	55,136	48,885
" " over 70 sq. ft	69,703	73,684
Silvered plate glass	8,366	7,911
Porcelain shades, imitation	12,488	10,216
All other mfrs. of glass, N. O. P. F	87,947	69,926
Totals	\$1,234,522	\$1,219,264

# IMPORTS OF MINERAL WATER.

TABLE 10

Province.	1888.
Ontario	\$ 4,461
Quebec	19,240
Nova Scotia	427
New Bronswick	1,023
Prince Edward Island	21
Manitoba	42
British Columbia	1,937
Total	\$27,151
	l

### PETROLEUM.

Production and inspection and during the year 1888 was as follows:—

217,298	packages	at	 10	cts.	inspection	fee
16	44	"	 5	"	66	te
23,900	44	ш	 $2\frac{1}{2}$	46	44	46

Assuming that the packages contain 42, 10, and 5 gallons respectively, there is an approximate inspection of 9,246,176 gallons, this being converted into crude equivalent, at 38 gallons refined for every 100 crude, gives as a result 695,203 bbls. of 35 imp. galls. The average price for the year was \$1.03 per barrel, therefore the value may be considered to be approximately \$716,059.

The statistics of the industry derived from direct returns from refiners are as follows:—

PRODUCTION OF CANADIAN OIL REFINERIES IN 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE A.

Products.	188	7.	1888.		
2700000	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Illuminating oilsgalls.	10,387,825	\$991,290	9,833,228	\$1,059,614	
Benzine and naphtha. "	344,570	31,447	492,886	29,354	
Paraffine oils "	)		690,729	82,238	
Gas oils "	6,793,461	240,851	3,107,306	68,477	
Lubricating oils and tar "	}		3,284,273	132,601	
Paraffine waxlbs.	400,036	24,521	585,651	29,175	
Totals		\$1,288,109		\$1,401,459	

CONSUMPTION OF CANADIAN OIL REFINERIES IN 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE B.

Article.	1887.	1888.
Crude Petroleumgalls.	26,737,668	22,947,369
Sulphuric Acidlbs.	3,215,410	4,082,076
Soda"	331,898	317,436
Litharge "	496,163	520,793
Sulphur "	96,816	104,479

The returns of the three tanking companies are as follows:-

Tanking Co's.

Stocks, 1st January, 1888	$217,793\frac{8}{35}$	bbls
Quantity of oil received	$464,014\frac{29}{85}$	44
" delivered	$383,093\frac{2}{8}\frac{2}{5}$	ш
Stocks, 31st December, 1888	298,714	£¢

It has been found impossible to obtain returns of stocks carried over by the different refiners, but it is supposed that the amounts carried over at the beginning and end of the year are equal.

The amount of crude oil received at the refineries was 22,492,499 gallons or 642,643 barrels, and as the returns of the tanking companies show a net balance of 80,921 barrels at the end of the year, it may be stated that there was a production during 1888 of 733,564 barrels valued at \$755,571.

The following table kindly furnished by Mr. Jas. Kerr, Secretary of Prices of the Petrolea Oil Exchange, shows the business and ruling prices of the exchange for the year. It is followed by a list of the average closing prices for the last three years:—

# PETROLEA OIL EXCHANGE.

CRUDE PETROLEUM BUSINESS FOR THE YEAR 1888.

Month.	Opening price.	Highest price.	Lowest price.	Closing price.	Average closing price.	Average price.	Sales (Barrels.)
	\$ cts.	\$ cts.					
January	$.75\frac{1}{2}$	$.75\frac{1}{2}$	.71	.73 <del>1</del>	$.73\frac{1}{8}$	.763	76,080
February	$.72\frac{3}{4}$	.75	.71½	$.74\frac{1}{2}$	.73 <del>2</del>	$.76\frac{1}{2}$	43,866
March	.75	1.08	.75	1.08	.893	$.98\frac{1}{3}$	62,703
April	1.11	1.22	1.11	$1.15\frac{1}{2}$	1.17	$1.19\frac{1}{4}$	62,056
May	1.14	1.15	1.04½	1.09	1.08	$1.15\frac{3}{4}$	37,730
June	1.10	1.13	1.07	1.113	1.114	1.13 <del>]</del>	48,144
July	1.07	1.09	$1.05\frac{1}{4}$	1.061	1.081	$1.09\frac{1}{2}$	22,989
August	1.06	1.06	1.00	1.06	$1.04\frac{1}{2}$	$1.06\frac{1}{2}$	25,221
September	1.07	1.09	.993	1.00	1.02%	$1.03\frac{3}{4}$	13,721
October	.983	1.14	.983	1.12	1.04	1.05	18,529
November	1.093	$1.20\frac{1}{2}$	1.093	$1.20\frac{1}{2}$	1.15	$1.19\frac{1}{2}$	51,320
December	$1.19\frac{1}{2}$	$1.23\frac{1}{2}$	1.18	1.23	1.217	1.201	53,648
Year 1888	$.75\frac{1}{2}$	$1.23\frac{1}{2}$	.71	1.23	1.02%	1.03%	516,007
Puts and calls	• • • • • • • • •						114,500
				Total B	usiness	••••	630,507

BRUMELL.

AVERAGE CLOSING PRICE OF CRUDE OIL ON PETROLEA OIL EXCHANGE.

Month.	1886.	1887.	1888.
January	\$ cts, .88\frac{1}{4}	\$ cts. .84\frac{3}{4}	\$ cts. .73\frac{1}{3}
February	.881	.813	.73%
March	$.89\frac{1}{2}$	.76%	.893
April	.90	.75	1.17
May	.90	, 69 <del>1</del>	1.08
June	.90	.671	1.114
July	.80	.671	1.084
August	.751	.711	$1.04\frac{1}{2}$
September	75	.81	1.02%
October	.841	.774	1.04
November	$.93\frac{8}{4}$	.721	1.15
December	.97	.761	1.217
Year	.863	.78	1.023

The exports for the years, from 1873 to 1888 inclusive, and the im-Exports and ports for 1887 and 1888 are given below:—

Exports of Canadian Petroleum from 1873 to 1888.  $T_{\rm ABLE~1.}$ 

Year.	Gallons.	Value.
1873	5,869,579	\$1,287,576
1874	28,946	2,509
1875	11,836	2,214
1876	2,533,772	583,550
1877	1,431,883	323,013
1878	609,171	85,571
1879	235,171	17,032
1880	3,085	751
1881	501	99
1882	1,119	286
1883	13,283	710
1884	1,098,090	30,168
1885	337,967	10,562
1886	241,716	9,855
1887	473,559	13,831
1888	196,602	74,542
Totals	13,086,280	\$2,442,269

Imports of Crude and Refined Petroleum during the Years 1887 and 1888.

TABLE 2.

Province.	188	7.	1888.		
	Gallons.	Value.	Gallons.	Value.	
Ontario	1,688,611	\$174,768	1,709,142	\$168,770	
Quebec	805,197	69,527	, 918,760	84,864	
Nova Scotia	762,346	63,096	763,510	62,375	
New Brunswick	820,639	61,697	776,920	64,668	
Prince Edward Island	173,852	13,793	215,899	15,761	
Manitoba	15,486	1,905	254,976	35,557	
British Columbia	198,913	44,826	213,359	49,775	
Total	4,465,044	\$429,612	4,852,566	\$481,770	

The following table shows the amount of refined petroleum and naphtha imported and inspected during 1887 and 1888:—

1887	1,511,433 gallons
1888	1,789,044 "

Subtracting these two amounts from the total imports shown in above table, there will be found to be an importation as follows of other oils, principally crude and lubricating:—

1887	2,953,611 gallons	
	3,063,522 "	

# PHOSPHATE AND MANUFACTURED FERTILIZERS.

The total amount of phosphate (apatite) mined and marketed during the year was 22,485 tons valued at \$242,285, showing a decrease of 1,205 tons since last year. This decrease is altogether due to Ontario, there being a slight increase in the mines of the province of Quebec.

The production during 1888 is divided as follows:-

	Tons.	No. of Producers.	No. of Men Employed.
Quebec mines	20,396	10	about 550
Ontario "	2,089	4	" 50

In regard to the number of men employed it must be understood that they were in many cases employed for only part of the twelve months.

Exports and imports.

The exports of phosphate since 1878 are given in the following table:—

EXPORTS OF PHOSPHATE SINCE 1878.

TABLE 1.

Year.	Onta	rio.	Que	bec.	To	otal.	
	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.	
1878.	824	\$12,278	9,919	\$195,831	10,743	\$208,109	
1879.	1,842	20,565	6,604	101,470	8,446	122,035	
1880.	1,387	14,422	11,673	175,664	13,060	190,086	
1881.	2,471	36,117	9,497	182,339	11,968	218,456	
1882.	568	6,338	16,585	3 -2,019	17,153	338,357	
1883.	59	500	19,666	427,168	19,716	427,668	
1884.	763	8,890	20,946	415,350	21,709	424,240	
1885.	434	5,962	28,535	490,331	28,969	496,293	
1886.	644	5,816	19,796	337,191	20,440	343,00	
1887.	705	8,277	22,447	424,940	23,152	433,21	
1888.	2,643	30,247	16.133	268,362	18,776	298,60	
Total	12,331	\$149,412	181,801	\$3,350,665	194,132	\$3,500,07	

These exports do not of a necessity show the export trade of either province, as a large quantity of Ontario phosphate is cleared from the port of Montreal, and is included in the exports from Quebec.

1886.

1887.

18,069

19,194

63,490

65,974

The destinations of the 1888 exports were as follows:-

Great Britain	14,957 tons	\$247,371
United States		30,248
Germany	1,176 "	20,990

The following table shows the imports of Canadian phosphate into Canadian Great Britain, compared with all imports of phosphate into that coun-Great Britain. try. The figures are taken from "The Mining and Mineral Statistics of Great Britain and Ireland":—

IMPORTS INTO GREAT BRITAIN OF CANADIAN PHOSPHATE COMPARED WITH TOTAL
IMPORTS INTO THAT COUNTRY.

Year.	Canadian	Apatite.	Total Ph	osphates.	Per cent. of Canadian Apatite to total
ı car.	Long Tons.	£ Stg.	Long Tons.	£ Stg.	quantity.
1882.	8,187	39,851	199,428	613,198	6.5 per cent.
1883.	16,531	66,714	246,945	813,825	8 2 "
1884.	15,716	52,370	219,225	643,851	81 "
1885.	21 484	76,179	238,572	628,027	12.1 "

223,111

288,415

526,885

. 614,088

12.0

10.7

TABLE 2.

Returns were received from three manufacturers of fertilizers, Fertilizers, showing a production of 548 tons valued at \$21,600. This shows an increase over last year of 50 tons. The value has however, decreased, being \$4,000 less than that of last year.

The minerals used in the manufacture were, about 175 tons of phosphate (apatite) and small quantities of sulphate of ammonia, muriate of potash, kainite, calcic sulphate, bones and bone dust. A table of the imports of these minerals is given as follows:—

# 74 s GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY OF CANADA.

# IMPORTS OF FERTILIZERS AND RAW MINERALS USED IN THEIR MANUFACTURE, DURING 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE 3.

Articles.	1	887.	1888		
211110100.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	
Fertilizers		\$ 7,749		\$16,621	
Ground Gypsumlbs.	36,882	375	90,702	344	
Bones (crude and dust) "	11,760	677	134,000	. 861	
Potash, German mineral "	15,313	935	11,627	234	
" muriate & bichromate of. "	573,773	31,641	540,307	21,990	
Kainite	2,700	112	247,080	2,405	
Sulphate of Ammonia	53,555	1,526	68,156	2,363	
Totals		\$43,015		\$44,818	

## PYRITES AND SULPHURIC ACID.

The amount of pyrites mined and shipped as available for acid Pyrites. making in 1888 was 63,479 tons, valued at the average price of \$4.50 per ton at \$285,656, an increase over 1887 of 25,436 tons and \$114,462.

This increase is, in a great measure, due to Messrs. G. H. Nichols & Co., who during the previous year were devoting a great deal of their labor to surface work, during which time their production was below the average.

The pyrites production is as heretofore that of the Capelton mines in Quebec.

There was a small importation of iron pyrites used in acid making from the United States, probably not over 1,000 tons.

The total production of sulphuric acid for 1888 amounted to 8,727, Sulphuric 220 pounds valued at \$121,515, showing an increase over 1887 of 3,249,270 pounds and \$50,906.

No returns were received during 1886, but there was an estimated increase in 1887 of 50 per cent over the previous year, there is therefore an increase in 1888 of over 100 per cent over that of 1886. Nearly all of the above acid was made from pyrites, a small quantity being made from imported brimstone, of which some 75 tons were used.

The following table shows the imports of sulphuric acid during the Imports. years 1887 and 1888.

There were no exports:-

IMPORTS OF SULPHURIC ACID DURING THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE 1.

Province.	Province		1888.	
	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.
Ontario	1,658,860	\$26,233	105,825	\$1,661
Quebec	725,749	8,914	3,699	100
Nova Scotia	186,451	1,941	60,334	602
New Brunswick	138,264	1,484	107,868	1,125
Manitota	197	4	33,123	392
British Columbia	21,402	634	20,709	5 <b>55</b>
Totals	2,730,923	\$39,210	\$331,558	\$4,430

## 76 s GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY OF CANADA.

#### IMPORTS OF BRIMSTONE OR CRUDE SULPHUR.

TABLE 2.

Province.	1887.		1888.	
	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.
Ontario	1,097,882	\$13,279	1,139,743	\$17,022
Quebec	776,237	11,698	880,660	9,399
Nova Scotia	371,625	5,566	413,461	5,443
New Brunswick	58,287	936	66,063	1,091
Prince Edward 1sland	1,752	36	1,608	35
Manitoba	941	27	2,220	55
British Columbia	1,818	74	44,125	434
Totals	2,308,542	\$31,616	2,547,880	\$33,479

## SALT.

The production of salt, according to direct returns for the year 1888, Production. was 59,070 tons, valued at \$185,460, a decrease in quantity as compared with 1887 of 1,103 tons. There is, however, an increase in value of \$19,066, which goes to show that the market price for salt was very much higher than during the year previous.

In 1887 the average price was \$2.76 per ton, whereas for this year the average price is \$3.14. As incomplete returns were received from some of the producers, it is impossible to state the exact number of packages used, but it is estimated that about 175,000 barrels, valued at about \$32,000, were used, as well as a large number of sacks of all sizes, aggregating about \$15,000 making the value of packages to be about \$47,000. The value of the salt, as prepared for market in packages, is therefore about \$232,460.

There were in operation during 1888, 18 producers employing about 260 men, this includes one producer in New Brunswick who made only dairy salt.

The production for the last three years is as follows:-

	BARRELS. (280 lbs.)	Tons.	VALUE.	AVERAGE PRICE PER TON.
1886	445,421	62,359	\$227,195	\$3.65
1887	429,807	60,173	166,394	2.76
1888	421,930	59,070	I85,460	3.14

The following figures, kindly furnished by the Grand Trunk Rail-Shipments way, show the shipments from the various stations of that railway where salt is manufactured:—

1883	35,961 tons	5
1884	34,850 "	
1885	39,600 "	
1886	41,577 "	
1887	36,311 "	
1888	37,120 "	

There were also shipped from Wingham, by the Canadian Pacific Exports and: Railway in 1888, 4,391 tons: making 41,511 tons shipped by rail during imports.

1888.

The following tables show the exports and imports of all kinds of salt for 1888:—

## 78 s GEOLOGICAL AND NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY OF CANADA.

EXPORTS OF SALT DURING THE YEARS 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE 1.

Province.	1887.		1888.	
	Bushels.	Value.	Bushels.	Value.
Ontario	153,475	\$11,425	14,968	\$3,921
Quebec			133	36
New Brunswick	570	101		•••••
Prince Edward Island		• • • • •	150	30
Totals	154,045	\$11,526	15,251	\$3,987

Imports of Coarse Salt paying duty for the Years 1887 and 1888.

TABLE 2.

Province.	1887.		1888.	
	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.
Ontario	683,270	\$2,110	937,600	\$3,397
Quebec	7,240	32	478,844	1,198
New Brunswick	2,260	9		•••••
British Columbia	72,000	368	190,000	834
Totals	764,770	\$2,519	1,606,444	\$5,429

Imports of Fine Salt, Paying Duty, for the Years 1887 and 1888.

TABLE 3.

Province.	1887.		1888.	
	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.
Ontario	1,000,842	\$ 3,349	376,713	\$ 1,539
Quebec	4,989,918	14,748	5,676,807	15,012
Nova Scotia	841.782	1,981	309,608	2,195
New Brunswick	1,662,300	5,110	1,366,736	4,283
Prince Edward Island	27,138	75	17,268	84
Manitoba	5,900	33	3,384	_ 25
British Columbia	561,100	3,468	1,178,838	5,397
Totals	9,088,980	\$28,764	8,929,354	\$28,535

Imports of Salt (Duty Free) for Fisheries, during the Years 1887 and 1888.  ${\bf T}_{\bf ABLE} \ \ {\bf 4}.$ 

Province.	Province.		1888.	
	Pounds.	Value.	Pounds.	Value.
Ontario	1,668,942	\$ 2,765	2,092,290	\$ 5,028
Quebec	69,118,737	92,194	66,780,742	69,293
Nova Scotia	81,982,510	112,031	89,970,848	101,322
New Brunswick	28,207,140	42,300	38,859,120	50,379
Prince Edward Island	4,578,787	2,626	1,062,520	2,614
Manitoba	252,100	998	458,200	2,138
British Columbia	1,038,452	2,479	3,605,600	5,647
Totals	186,846,668	\$255,393	202,829,320	\$236,421

#### SILVER.

Production.

Assuming that the Ontario exports of silver represent the total output of silver in that province, the production in Canada during the year 1888 is approximately \$395,377, an increase over the last year of \$46,047, and over 1886 of \$186,287. This is due to a great extent to the development of the Badger mine and others in the Rabbit Mountain and Silver Mountain districts in Ontario, and to the mines in Kootenay district, British Columbia.

British Columbia. In British Columbia, small shipments, aggregating, \$37,925, were made from the various camps in Kootenay and Illecillewaet districts, as well as from Stump Lake and the Monarch mine at Field.

From the report of the Minister of Mines of this province it is reasonable to infer that large shipments of silver and other minerals will be made during the ensuing season, as development and prospecting have been carried on to a considerable extent in various parts of the province, notably in the Kootenay district and Kamloops division.

Ontario.

Owing to our inability to obtain direct returns from all the produce in the district west of Port Arthur, the exports for the year are taken as representing the total production in Ontario. As all the silver is exported to the United States there is every reason to believe that this estimate is correct. Silver was produced only in the Rabbit, and Silver Mountain districts, west of Port Arthur, principally from the Beaver, Badger, Rabbit and Silver Mountain mines.

The exports amounted to \$208.064.

Quebec.

The silver from this province is obtained altogether from the copper deposits of Capelton, where it occurs in about the proportion of one ounce of silver to each per cent of copper. The production is estimated at \$149,388.

Exports.

The exports of silver ore for the last three years are as follows:-

EXPORTS OF SILVER ORE.

Province.	1886.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$16,505	\$184,763	\$208,064
Quebec	8,000	450	. 5
Manitoba	1,452	3,741	
British Columbia		17,331	10,939
Totals	\$25,957	\$206,284	\$219,008

#### STRUCTURAL MATERIALS.

Granite—Granite was produced during 1888 to the extent of 21,352 Granite. tons, valued at \$147,305, showing an increase over last year of 135 tons and \$4,799. The greater part of the above production is used in the manufacture of monuments and other decorative work, the estimated value of which is about \$350,000.

The output is that of twelve producers, who employ about 240 hands. Marble and Marble and Serpentine.—The production as reported to this office was 191 tons, valued at \$3,100. This return being considered incomplete no comparison is made with the production of the previous year.

The following tables show the imports of marble and granite into Exports and Canada during the past two years. As the exports of these two stones are not kept separate it has been found impossible to give them:—

#### IMPORTS OF MARBLE.

TABLE 1.

1887.	1888.
\$39,673	\$51,284
22,840	26,817
9,580	11,744
6,682	8,081
1,997	3,074
110	492
2,076	3,550
\$82,958	\$105,042
	\$39,673 22,840 9,580 6,682 1,997 110 2,076

IMPORTS OF MANUFACTURES OF STONE OR GRANITE, N. E. S.

TABLE 2.

1887.	1888.
\$15,253	\$40,502
3,286	14,340
491	1,343
465	1,397
117	264
1,059	397
940	722
\$21,611	\$58,965
	\$15,253 3,286 491 465 117 1,059 940

Slate.

Slate.—The production during 1888 amounted to 5,314 tons, valued at \$90,689. This production is altogether that of the province of Quebec. There is a slight decrease in the quantity produced, though there is an increase in value of \$1,689.

Exports and Imports.

The following tables show the exports of slate for the past five years, and the imports for 1887 and 1888:—

EXPORTS OF SLATE FOR THE LAST FIVE YEARS.

TABLE 3.

_	Year.	Tons.	Value.
	1884	539	\$6,845
	1885	346	5,274
	1886	34	495
	1887	27	373
1	1888	22	475

#### IMPORTS OF SLATE.

TABLE 4.

Province.	1887.	1888.
	-	
Ontario	\$17,299	\$30,704
Quebec	2,211	2,025
Nova Scotia	927	694
New Brunswick	3,909	2,379
Prince Edward Island	88	172
Manitoba	191	149
British Columbia	589	2,382
Totals	\$25,214	\$38,505
		,

Flagstones.—Returns were received showing the production to be Flagstones. 64,800 feet, valued at 6.580. This return is very incomplete, and does not at all represent the total output for the year.

It is impossible to show the amount of flagstone exported, if any, as Building Stone. it is not kept separate by the Customs Department. The imports during the year amounted to \$16,343, all into the province of Ontario-

Building Stone.—Notwithstanding that fewer returns were received than last year, there is an increase in the reported production of building stone of 148,978 cubic yards and \$89,445, proving that there was a great increase in the total production during the year. The total amount of stone quarried in the Dominion is estimated to have been about 600,000 cubic yards, valued at about 750,000.

The production during the year 1888, as returned to this office, is as follows:—

## 84 s geological and natural history survey of canada.

PRODUCTION OF BUILDING STONE DURING 1888 (AS RETURNED TO THIS OFFICE.)

TABLE 5.

Province.	Number of returns.	Cubic yards.	Value.
Ontario	50	165,231	\$310,949
Quebec	20	199,778	185,027
Nova Scotia	18	42,059	120,245
New Brunswick	3	1,953	19,680
Prince Edward Island	1	300	300
Manitoba	1	297	981
North-West Territories	2	1,952	4,530
Totals	About 95	411,570	\$641,712

Exports and Imports.

In the following tables are shown the exports and imports of stone for the last two years:—

EXPORTS OF STONE AND MARBLE, WROUGHT AND UNWROUGHT.

TABLE 6.

Province.		1887. 1888.		88.	
	Wrough	ıt.	Unwrought.	Wrought.	Unwrought.
Ontario	\$	17	\$ 4,490	\$ 1,660	\$23,284
Quebec	(	670		490	90
Nova Scotia	4	425	24,476	505	17,496
New Brunswick	12,8	827	24,925	19,442	15,135
British Columbia		70	95	. 17	
Totals	\$14,0	009	\$53,986	\$22,114	\$56,005

#### MINERAL STATISTICS.

IMPORTS OF DRESSED FREESTONE AND OTHER BUILDING STONES.

TABLE 7.

Province.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$3,189	\$1,268
Quebec	74	8,200
Nova Scotia		252
Prince Edward Island	2	
British Columbia	148	
Totals	\$3,413	\$9,720

IMPORTS OF ROUGH FREESTONE, SANDSTONE AND BUILDING STONE.

TABLE 8.

Province.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$47,610	\$68,196
Quebec	22,014	25,330
New Brunswick	254	546
Totals	\$69,878	\$94,072

Lime.—As in the case of the building stone returns, it has been Lime. found impossible to obtain full returns of the amount of lime manufactured throughout the Dominion, but it is estimated that there was 2,500,000 bushels valued at about \$375,000.

Direct returns received at this office give the following result:-

PRODUCTION OF LIME DURING 1888 (AS RETURNED TO THIS OFFICE.)

TABLE 9.

Province.	Number of returns.	Bushels,	Value.
Ontario	59	1,296,343	\$169,194
Quebec	7	356,646	61,489
Nova Scotia	About 10	29,450	6,480
New Brunswick	7	440,225	82,993
Prince Edward Island	2	20,300	6,075
Manitoba	5	57,600	8,940
North-West Territories	2	3,200	880
British Columbia	1	13,600	3,900
Totals	93	2,216,764	\$339,951

Cement.

Cement.—Direct returns show a production of cement amounting to 50,668 barrels valued at \$35,593, a decrease from the previous year of 19,175 barrels and \$46,316. This is supposed to represent very nearly the total production in the Dominion.

Exports and Imports of Lime and Cement. In the following tables will be found the exports and imports of lime and cement:

EXPORTS OF LIME AND CEMENT DURING 1887 AND 1888.

TABLE 10.

Province.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$4,269	\$12,262
Quebec	83	398
Nova Scotia	142	278
New Brunswick	77,518	97,318
Prince Edward Island	4	
Manitoba	241	
British Columbia	4	
Totals	\$82,261	\$110,256

# IMPORTS OF LIME DURING 1887 AND 1888. TABLE 11.

Pro vince.	188	7.	1888.	
	Barrels.	Value.	Barrels.	Value.
Ontario	4,379	\$3,487	6,616	\$4,016
Quebec	3,441	2,501	3,148	2,223
Nova Scotia	450	407	399	366
New Brunswick	46	44	104	105
Manitoba	904	791	450	394
British Columbia	700	860	1,251	1,251
Totals	9,920	\$8,090	11,968	\$8,355

## IMPORTS OF HYDRAULIC CEMENT.

#### - TABLE 12.

Province.	188	7.	1888.	
110111100,	Barrels.	Value.	Barrels.	Value.
Ontario	3,505	\$3,705	3,102	\$3,360
Quebec	46	163	1,051	2,038
Nova Scotia	31	70	506	785
New Brunswick	1,476	2,054	1,208	1,553
British Columbia	35	136	22	74
Totals	5,093	\$6,128	5,889	\$7,810

# Imports of Cement in Bulk or in Bags. ${\bf T}_{\bf ABLE~13},$

	1887.		1888.	
Province.			-	
	Bushels.	Value.	Bushels.	Value.
Ontario	6,029	\$1,554	3,220	\$824
Nova Scotia	18,666	4,456	27,066	9,434
Totals	24,695	\$6,010	30,286	\$10,258

IMPORTS OF PORTLAND CEMENT.

TABLE 14.

· , Province.	1887.		1888.	
11011100.	Barrels.	Value.	Barrels.	Value.
Ontario	5,705	\$ 7,761	10,896	\$15,570
Quebec	98,760	139,409	79,045	109,736
Nova Scotia	6,911	11,124	12,174	20,104
New Brunswick	2,846	4,307	3,899	5,977
Prince Edward Island	123	186	703	1,249
British Columbia	2,515	6,682	4,358	8,247
Totals	116,860	\$169,469	111,075	\$160,883

Bricks and Tiles. Bricks and Tiles.—There were received direct from the producers 231 returns of bricks made, and 63 of tiles, showing in the case of the brick production an increase in the amount reported to this office of \$50;057, and a decrease in the reported production of tiles of \$116,011 These differences do not necessarily show any increase or decrease in the production of these two articles, though it is supposed that, in view of the great amount of building that was carried on in the cities of Ontario and Quebec, there was a considerable increase over the previous year.

It is estimated that there were about 200,000 of bricks made during the year, valued at about \$1,500,000, and about 10,000 of tiles, valued at about \$150,000

The production is summarized in the two following tables:-

Production of Bricks during 1888 (as reported to this office.)  ${\bf TABLE~15.}$ 

Province.	Number of returns.	Thousands.	Value.
Ontario	. 179	123,179	\$736,684
Quebec	22	24,925	167,591
Nova Scotia	14.	7,060	46,695
New Brunswick	7	5,064	32,294
Prince Edward Island	4	940	6,900
Manitoba	1	200	2,400
North-West Territories	1	150	1,650
British Columbia	3	4,300	42,532
Totals	231	165,818	\$1,036,746

Production of Tiles during 1888 (as returned to this office.)

Table 16.

Province.	Number of returns.	Thousands.	Value.
Ontario	59	7,330	\$111,117
Quebec	1 .	38	570
Nova Scotia	1	30	300
New Brunswick	2	120	2,070
Totals	63	7,518	\$114,057

Imports.

#### IMPORTS OF BUILDING BRICK.

TABLE 17.

Province.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$1,861	\$1,619
Quebec	13.444	22,137
Nova; Scotia	82	95
New Brunswick	64	329
Manitoba	18	14
British Columbia	33	
Totals	\$15,502	\$24,194

IMPORTS OF DRAIN TILES AND SEWER PIPES.

TABLE 18.

Province.	1887.	1880.
Ontario	\$71,424	\$65,675
Quebec	16,041	27,095
Nova Scotia	554	25 <b>2</b>
New Brunswick	914	789
Manitoba	809	629
British Columbia	638	4,793
Totals	\$90,380	\$99,233

## MINERAL STATISTICS.

# IMPORTS OF FIRE BRICKS, TILES, ETC.

## TABLE 19.

Province.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$21,221	\$38,343
Quebec	31,240	35,033
Nova Scotia	687	11,372
New Brunswick	7,778	950
Prince Edward Island	263	248
Manitoba	178	484
British Columbia	962	3,881
Totals	\$62,329	\$90,311

## IMPORTS OF FIRE CLAY.

## TABLE 20.

Province.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$ 7,285	\$ 8,797
Quebec	17,861	12,884
Nova Scotia	1,106	1,144
New Brunswick	312	968
Prince Edward Island	36	37
Manitoba	120	160
British Columbia	724	739
Totals	\$27,444	\$24,929

IMPORTS OF CLAYS, ALL OTHER N. E. S.

TABLE 21.

Province.	1887.	1888.
Ontario	\$5,502	\$3,224
Quebec	473	3,562
Nova Scotia		26,051
New Brunswick	233	••••
British Columbia	3	13
Totals	\$6,211	\$32,850

IMPORTS OF EARTHENWARE.

TABLE 22.

Articles.	1887.	1888.
Brown and colored Earthen and Stoneware and Rockingham ware	\$ 29,563	\$ 36,224
Decorated, printed or sponged, and all Earthenware, N. E. S	171,836	167,860
Demijohns or jugs, churns and crocks	6,448	5,905
Totals	\$207,847	\$209,989

Miscellaneous Miscellaneous Clay Products.—Returns of the linear laneous clay products to the amount of \$343,870 were received for the Miscellaneous Clay Products.—Returns of the manufacture of miscelyear 1888, divided as follows:-

Silver pipes and Tiles	\$266,320
Terra-cotta	49,800
Pottery ware	27,750
	\$343,870

Sand and Gravel.

Sand and Gravel.-No returns were received of these two products. The following tables show the exports and imports:-

## EXPORTS OF SAND AND GRAVEL.

## TABLE 23.

Province.	Tons. Value.		1888.	
			Tons.	Value.
Ontario	180,699	\$29,470	260,759	\$38,043
Quebec		22	,	
Nova Scotia	161	815	170	355
Totals	180,860	\$30,307	260,929	\$38,398

#### IMPORTS OF SAND AND GRAVEL.

## TABLE 24.

Province.	1887.		1888.	
	Tons.	Value.	Tons.	Value.
Ontario	10,361	\$16,956	9,194	\$13,536
Quebec	6,586	7,931	14,556	12,937
Nova Scotia	1,264	4,271	1,459	3,815
New Brunswick	1,014	1,300	1,371	1,795
Manitoba	15	40	25	81
British Columbia	1	10	21	73
Totals	19,241	\$30,508	26,626	\$32,237

