

DETACHMENT, RELATIVELY DEEP, ABOVE WHICH BROAD REGIONAL

THICKNESS OF NARCHILLA FORMATION AND POSSIBLE PRESENCE OF GULL LAKE FORMATION BENEATH SUB-

RABBITKETTLE FORMATION UNCONFORMITY NOT KNOWN

DETACHMENT OFFSET BY TRAFFIC

RELATIVE CONTRIBUTION OF FOLDS, THRUST RAMPS, OR DUPLEX STRUCTURES TO FORMATION OF STRUCTURAL RELIEF OF DRAGON

ANTICLINE ARE UNCERTAIN

GEOLOGY

SELWYN BASIN
(105J AND 105K)

YUKON

CROSS-SECTIONS

Scale 1:100 000/Échelle 1/100 000

metres 2 0 2 4 6 8 kilométr

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(For comprehensive legend see sheet 2, Tay River 105K)

No vertical exaggeration Aucune exagération verticale

FLAT DETACHMENT AT RELATIVELY SHALLOW DEPTH PROBABLY WITHIN RABBITKETTLE FORMATION, ABOVE WHICH STRUCTURES IN THE RABBITKETTLE AND MOSTLY

ROAD RIVER GROUP ARE ACCOMMODATED

OPEN FILE
DOSSIER PUBLIC

5438

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA COMMISSION GÉOLOGIQUE DU CANADA 2008

SHEET 3 OF 3
FEUILLET 3 DE 3

SHELDON LAKE 105J

INDEX MAP (Scale 1 : 1 000 000)

TAY RIVER 105K

Sheet 3 of 3: Cross-sections

Recommended citation:

Gordey, S.P.

2008: Geology, Selwyn Basin, (105J and 105K), Yukon;

Geological Survey of Canada, Open File 5438, 2 maps at

1:250 000 scale and 1 sheet cross-sections at 1:100 000 scale.