

LEGEND

MAIN PART OF MAP

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| CENOZOIC | |
| QUATERNARY | |
| Q | Gravel, sand, silt and mud. |
| PALEOZOIC | |
| TERTIARY (PALEOCENE) | |
| TCL | CAPE LAWRENCE FORMATION: interbedded conglomerate, sedimentary breccia and sandstone; conglomerate thick-bedded to massive, boulder to granule grade, clasts of limestone, dolostone and minor sandstone; weathers reddish brown. |
| LOWER DEVONIAN (EMSIAN) | |
| DBF | BLUE FIORD FORMATION: medium-bedded limestone, interbedded with shale and minor sandstone; limestone fossiliferous rudstone and argillaceous wackestone. |
| LOWER DEVONIAN (PRAGIAN–LOCHKOVIAN) | |
| DE | EIDS FORMATION: thin-bedded siltstone interbedded with silty shale and sandstone; siltstone green-grey to light olive, flat lamination, some bioturbation in sandy intervals. |
| UPPER SILURIAN AND LOWER DEVONIAN (LUDLOW TO ?LOCHKOVIAN) | |
| SDGf | GOOSE FIORD FORMATION, upper member: limestone, dark grey, silty or sandy, fossiliferous lime mudstone and wackestone; minor sandstone in upper part, member weathers resistant; lower member: grey-green, calcareous shale and/or silty limestone; member weathers recessive. |
| ORDOVICIAN–DEVONIAN | |
| OSur | ALLEN BAY, CAPE STORM, DOURO AND GOOSE FIORD FORMATIONS undivided, reefal facies: limestone and dolostone interbedded; coral-microbial boundstone, stromatoporoid boundstone, megalodont rudstone, skeletal grainstone; includes reef-slope debris, allochthonous blocks, and beds of finer material of coral-microbial boundstone interbedded with dark grey shale; reef-slope debris facies gradational to Cape Phillips Formation. |
| UPPER SILURIAN (LUDLOW) | |
| SDo | DOURO FORMATION: grey, argillaceous limestone; lime mudstone and fossiliferous wackestone; weathers bubbly. |
| SCS | CAPE STORM FORMATION: medium-bedded dolostone and interbedded minor sandstone, dolostone silty and sandy, calcareous, fine-crystalline; sandstone silty, calcareous, thin-bedded; formation weathers yellow and recessive. |
| UPPER ORDOVICIAN TO UPPER SILURIAN (ASHGILL TO LUDLOW) | |
| OSA | ALLEN BAY FORMATION, upper member: thick-bedded limestone; lime mudstone and minor wackestone, very resistant weathering; middle member: variable dolostone; dolomudstone and wackestone, less coral-microbial boundstone and intraclast conglomerate; lower member: thick-bedded limestone; skeletal wackestone and packstone with burrow mottles. |
| MIDDLE AND UPPER ORDOVICIAN (CARADOC AND ASHGILL) | |
| OCTI | IRENE BAY AND THUMB MOUNTAIN FORMATIONS (part of Cornwallis Group), IRENE BAY FORMATION: argillaceous, nodular limestone; lime mudstone and wackestone, medium-bedded, fossiliferous, nodular; weathers recessive, grey-green; THUMB MOUNTAIN FORMATION: thick-bedded to massive limestone; wacke and packstone, with burrow mottles, fossiliferous in upper part; weathers resistant, dark grey. |
| MIDDLE ORDOVICIAN (ARENIG AND DARRIWILLIAN) | |
| OCB | BAY FIORD FORMATION (part of Cornwallis Group), upper part: medium-bedded dolostone; dolomudstone and dolosiltstone, weathers grey-green, resistant limestone unit at base; lower part: gypsum and anhydrite interbedded with dolomudstone; formation weathers recessive. |
| LOWER ORDOVICIAN (ARENIG) | |
| OE | ELEANOR RIVER FORMATION: thick-bedded limestone; lime mudstone and wackestone with burrow mottles; formation weathers resistant with moderately recessive middle part. |
| LOWER ORDOVICIAN (TREMADOC) | |
| OB | BAUMANN FIORD FORMATION, upper member: interbedded dolostone and gypsum; laminated dolomudstone; middle member: limestone; skeletal grainstone and rudstone; lower member: interbedded gypsum and dolostone. |
| UPPER CAMBRIAN AND LOWER ORDOVICIAN | |
| COCC | CAPE CLAY FORMATION: medium- to thick-bedded limestone; lime mudstone and skeletal wackestone, burrow mottles; dolomitic calcisiltite and minor flat-pebble conglomerate; thick-bedded stromatolitic boundstone; formation weathers very resistant. |
| UPPER CAMBRIAN | |
| CCF2 | CASS FJORD FORMATION, middle and upper members: interbedded limestone and dolostone; thin-bedded, thrombolitic and stromatolitic boundstone and abundant intraformational conglomerate; minor yellow, crossbedded sandstone in upper part; purple intervals in lower part; map unit weathers recessive. |
| MIDDLE CAMBRIAN | |
| CCFP | CASS FJORD FORMATION, lower member (Parrish Glacier beds): interbedded limestone and dolostone; medium- and thick-bedded, burrow mottles, laminae, flat-pebble conglomerate; purple intervals; unit weathers moderately resistant. |
| LOWER CAMBRIAN | |
| CSB | SCORESBY BAY FORMATION: thick-bedded dolostone, calcareous, medium-crystalline; some limestone in lower part; formation weathers yellow-orange and resistant. |
| CKB | KANE BASIN FORMATION: interbedded sandstone and siltstone; sandstone fine- to medium-grained, thin-bedded, laminated; minor mudstone in lower part; formation weathers distinctly dark and recessive. |
| CDB | DALLAS BUGT FORMATION: thick-bedded sandstone; medium-grained; minor conglomerate; formation weathers white-rusty, hematitic red and resistant. |
| PROTEROZOIC | |
| NEOPROTEROZOIC (VENDIAN) | |
| VEB | ELLA BAY FORMATION: dolostone and limestone; in upper part dolostone, coarse-crystalline, thick-bedded, weathers resistant; in lower part interbedded dolostone, laminated lime mudstone and sandy calcisiltite; some flat-pebble conglomerate; locally red weathering. |
| VKC | KENNEDY CHANNEL FORMATION: interbedded siltstone and shale: laminated, black, white sheen on weathered surfaces; minor interbedded sandstone; formation weathers recessive. |

CAÑON FIORD AREA

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| LOWER DEVONIAN (PRAGIAN AND ZLICHOVIAN) | |
| Dv | VENDOM FIORD FORMATION: conglomerate; boulder grade; overlain by very fine- and fine-grained sandstone; formation weathers recessive, red-brown. |
| LOWER DEVONIAN (LOCHKOVIAN AND PRAGIAN) | |
| DRC | RED CANYON RIVER FORMATION: siltstone and sandstone; sandstone very fine-grained, thick-bedded; formation weathers moderately resistant, red-brown and green. |
| LOWER DEVONIAN (LOCHKOVIAN) | |
| DE | EIDS FORMATION: thin-bedded siltstone interbedded with silty shale and sandstone; siltstone green-grey to light olive, flat lamination, some bioturbation in sandy intervals; middle unit of sandy limestone. |
| UPPER SILURIAN AND LOWER DEVONIAN (?PRIDOLI AND LOCHKOVIAN) | |
| SDDR | DANISH RIVER FORMATION: very thick-bedded sandstone, calcareous and impure, fine-grained, climbing ripples, flute casts; formation weathers brown. |
| UPPER SILURIAN TO DEVONIAN | |
| SDGf | GOOSE FIORD FORMATION, upper member: limestone, dark grey, silty or sandy, fossiliferous lime mudstone and wackestone, minor sandstone in upper part, member weathers resistant; lower member: grey-green, calcareous shale, and/or silty limestone, member weathers recessive. |
| UPPER ORDOVICIAN AND SILURIAN (ASHGILL TO PRIDOLI) | |
| OSCP | CAPE PHILLIPS FORMATION: interbedded limestone and shale; limestone argillaceous, thick- to thin-bedded, dark grey, weathers light grey, platy. |
| UPPER ORDOVICIAN (ASHGILL) | |
| OA | ALLEN BAY FORMATION: thick-bedded limestone; grey, skeletal wackestone and packstone, dolomitic; intervals of nodular limestone in lower part. |

NORTHEAST CORNER OF MAP

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| LOWER CAMBRIAN | |
| CRA | RAWLINGS BAY FORMATION: thin- to thick-bedded sandstone, quartz arenite, fine- to coarse-grained, crossbedded, Skolithos burrows, weathers light grey to pink; interbeds of thin-bedded siltstone, yellow to rusty weathering; interbeds of dark grey mudstone. |
| CRi | RITTER BAY FORMATION: dark grey shale and slate, locally silty, laminated; formation weathers dark and recessive. |
| PROTEROZOIC | |
| NEOPROTEROZOIC (VENDIAN)? AND LOWER CAMBRIAN | |
| VCu | Undifferentiated unnamed formation; facies not known. |

FLAGLER BAY AREA

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| LOWER AND MIDDLE CAMBRIAN | |
| Cu | Undivided Cambrian formations CAPE WOOD FORMATION: interbedded limestone and dolostone; limestone dolomitic, thick-bedded; dolostone medium-crystalline, medium-bedded; minor flat-pebble conglomerate and sandstone; formation weathers light grey-yellow and accounts for about half of the thickness of the undivided Cambrian unit. CAPE KENT FORMATION: thick-bedded dolostone, variably crystalline; weathers orange to brown. POLICE POST FORMATION: medium-bedded dolostone, variably argillaceous and arenaceous; formation weathers recessive, dark, and forms good, thin stratigraphic marker in the coastal cliffs. CAPE INGERSOLL FORMATION: thick-bedded dolostone, medium- and coarse-crystalline; lower part of formation forms distinct ledge. CAPE LEIPER FORMATION: medium- to thick-bedded dolostone, medium-crystalline, burrow mottles; rare flat-pebble conglomerate; formation weathers yellow-orange and resistant. DALLAS BUGT FORMATION: medium- to thick-bedded sandstone, coarse-grained, conglomeratic, crossbedded; formation weathers pale yellow-orange. |
| PALEOPROTEROZOIC | |
| Pg | Undifferentiated gneiss and granite. |

Some features on this map have been projected to surface through younger cover of Quaternary sediments, glacier ice, and bodies of water.

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| Geological boundary (defined, approximate, assumed) | |
| Bedding, top known (overturned, inclined, vertical) | |
| Bedding, estimated from distance (overturned, inclined) | |
| Thrust fault (defined, approximate; teeth indicate upthrust side) | |
| Fault, undetermined (defined, approximate, assumed; solid circle indicates downthrown side) | |
| Anticline and syncline (defined, approximate) | |
| Anticline and syncline, overturned (defined) | |