



LEGEND

This legend is common to GSC maps 2048A-2060A, and MGS geoscientific maps MAP2003-1 - MAP2003-12. Coloured legend blocks indicate map units that appear on this map. Not all map symbols shown in the legend necessarily appear on this map.

QUATERNARY

NONGLACIAL DEPOSITS

- O** Organic deposits: peat, muck; <1-5 m thick; very low relief wetland deposits; accumulated in fen, bog, swamp, and marsh settings.
- E** Eolian sediments: fine sand; 1-5 m thick; dunes; formed by wind prior to stabilization by vegetation, in most cases on subaqueous outwash sand.
- Lm** Shoreline sediments: sand and gravel; 1-2 m thick; beaches; formed by waves at the margins of modern lakes.

ALLUVIAL SEDIMENTS: sand and gravel, sand, silt, clay, organic detritus; 1-20 m thick; channel and overbank sediments; deposited by postglacial rivers.

- Ap** Overbank deposits.
- Ac** Channel deposits.

GLACIOLACUSTRINE DEPOSITS

GLACIAL LAKE SHORELINE SEDIMENTS: sand and gravel; 1-20 m thick; beach ridges, spits, bars, littoral sand and gravel; formed by waves at the margin of glacial Lake Agassiz.

- Ls** Shoreline deposits.
- LI** Littoral deposits.

OFFSHORE GLACIOLACUSTRINE SEDIMENTS: clay, silt, minor sand; 1-20 m thick; very low relief massive and laminated deposits; deposited from suspension in offshore, deep water of glacial Lake Agassiz, commonly scoured and homogenized by icebergs.

- Lz** Clayey to sandy silt.
- Lc** Clay to silty clay.

GLACIOFLUVIAL DEPOSITS

- Gs** Subaqueous outwash: fine sand, minor gravel, thin silt and clay interbeds; 1-75 m thick; subaqueous outwash fans; deposited near the ice margin in glacial Lake Agassiz by meltwater turbidity currents, commonly reshaped by wave erosion and reworked by wind.
- Gc** Predominantly derived from carbonate rocks.
- Gp** Predominantly derived from igneous and metamorphic rocks.

GLACIAL DEPOSITS

- T** Till: calcareous silt diamictic; 1-75 m thick; low-relief, commonly streamlined deposits; subglacial deposits; largely derived from carbonate rocks; thicker sequences consist of multiple units of varying texture; commonly scoured by icebergs; covered discontinuously by thin veneers (<1 m) of glaciolacustrine and glaciofluvial sediments.
- Tc** Predominantly derived from carbonate rocks.
- Tp** Predominantly derived from igneous and metamorphic rocks.

DISCONTINUOUS TILL AND ASSOCIATED GLACIOFLUVIAL SEDIMENTS: gravely silt to sand diamictic, sand and gravel; 1-30 m thick; low-relief deposits between bedrock outcrops making up 25-75% of the area; sandy till interbedded and interspersed with nearly equal and often greater amounts of sandy glaciofluvial sediments, as well as minor glaciolacustrine sediments.

PRE-QUATERNARY

- Rc** Paleozoic sedimentary rocks.
- Rp** Precambrian igneous and metamorphic rocks.

Geological boundary (approximate)
 Built-up area (map GSC 2055A / MGS MAP2003-7 only)
 Mine waste
 Peat-extraction area
 Gravel pit
 Mine or bedrock quarry
 Stabilized dunes
 Abandoned channel
 Minor beach ridge
 Wave-cut scarp
 Groundwater seeping channel
 Piping depression
 Iceberg scour
 Tunnel valley
 Esker (direction of flow indicated)
 Streamlined landform
 Glacial striae
 Crossed striae (numbers indicate relative age, 1 being the oldest)
 Small bedrock outcrop

Codes of this map may be obtained from the Geological Survey of Canada, 611 Booth Street, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0G8, 3303-33rd Street, N.W., Calgary, Alberta T2L 2A7, 101-001 Robert Street, Vancouver, B.C. V6B 2B8, Manitoba Industry, Economic Development and Mines, Manitoba Geological Survey, Publication Sales, 200-1805 Ellice Avenue, Winnipeg, Manitoba R2P 3P2.

Geology by G.L.D. Matile, Manitoba Geological Survey, 1993-1994
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 Digital cartography by P.A. Melbourn, Earth Sciences Sector Information Division (ESS Info)

GSC MAP 2060A
 MGS GEOSCIENTIFIC MAP MAP2003-12
SURFICIAL GEOLOGY
WHITMOUTH LAKE
MANITOBA-ONTARIO-MINNESOTA
 Scale 1:100 000/Échelle 1/100 000
 Universal Transverse Mercator Projection
 North American Datum 1983
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 Projection transversale universelle du Méridien
 Système de référence géodésique nord-américain, 1983
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This map was produced from processes that conform to the ESS Info Publishing Services Subdivision Quality Management System, registered to the ISO 9001:2000 standard
 Any revisions or additional geological information known to the user would be welcomed by the Geological Survey of Canada and the Manitoba Geological Survey
 Digital base map from data compiled by Geomatics Canada, modified by ESS Info
 Mean magnetic declination 2004, 3°08' E, decreasing 5.6' annually. Readings vary from 3°40' E in the SW corner to 2°56' E in the NE corner of the map.
 Elevations in feet above mean sea level

02 015	02 011	02 010	02 008	02 013	02 014
GSC 2048A	GSC 2050A	GSC 2051A	GSC 2051A	GSC 2051A	GSC 2051A
MGS MAP2003-1	MGS MAP2003-2	MGS MAP2003-3	MGS MAP2003-4	MGS MAP2003-5	MGS MAP2003-6
GSC 2060A	GSC 2060A	GSC 2060A	GSC 2060A	GSC 2060A	GSC 2060A
MGS MAP2003-7	MGS MAP2003-8	MGS MAP2003-9	MGS MAP2003-10	MGS MAP2003-11	MGS MAP2003-12