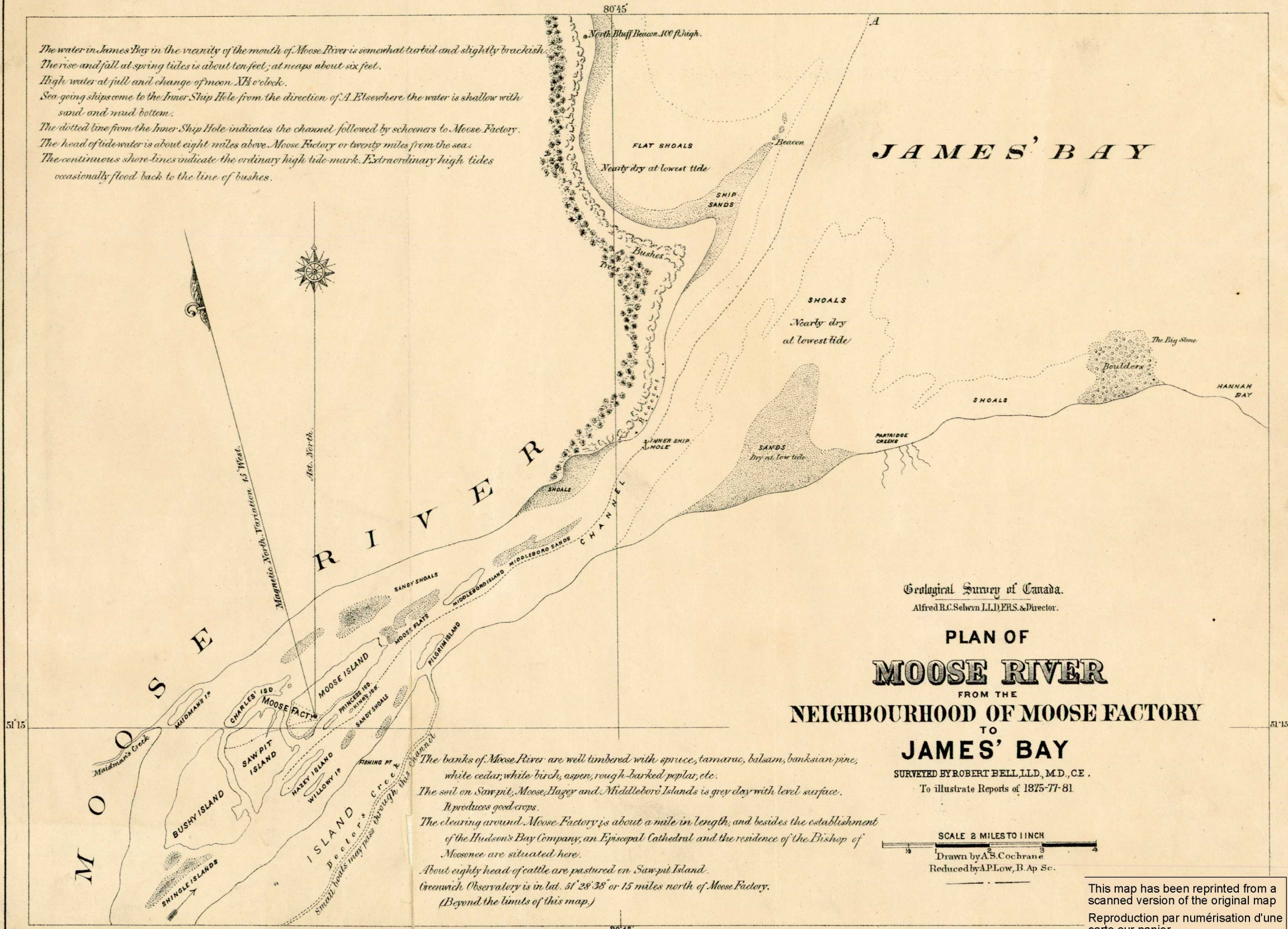


The water in James Bay in the vicinity of the mouth of Moose River is somewhat turbid and slightly brackish.
 The rise and fall at spring tides is about ten feet; at neaps about six feet.
 High water at full and change of moon 12 1/2 o'clock.
 Sea-going ships come to the Inner Ship Hole from the direction of A. Elsewhere the water is shallow with sand and mud bottom.
 The dotted line from the Inner Ship Hole indicates the channel followed by schooners to Moose Factory.
 The head of tide-water is about eight miles above Moose Factory or twenty miles from the sea.
 The continuous shore-lines indicate the ordinary high tide-mark. Extraordinary high tides occasionally flood back to the line of bushes.



JAMES' BAY

Geological Survey of Canada.
 Alfred R.C. Selwyn LL.D. F.R.S. & Director.

PLAN OF MOOSE RIVER

FROM THE

NEIGHBOURHOOD OF MOOSE FACTORY

TO

JAMES' BAY

SURVEYED BY ROBERT BELL, LL.D., M.D., C.E.
 To illustrate Reports of 1875-77-81

SCALE 2 MILES TO 1 INCH
 Drawn by A.S. Cochrane
 Reduced by A. Low, B. Ap. Sc.

The banks of Moose River are well timbered with spruce, tamarac, balsam, banksian pine, white cedar, white birch, aspen, rough-barked poplar, etc.
 The soil on Saw-pit, Moose, Hazy and Middleboro Islands is grey clay with level surface. It produces good crops.
 The clearing around Moose Factory is about a mile in length, and besides the establishment of the Hudson's Bay Company, an Episcopal Cathedral and the residence of the Bishop of Moosonee are situated here.
 About eighty head of cattle are pastured on Saw-pit Island.
 Greenwich Observatory is in lat. 51° 28' 38" or 15 miles north of Moose Factory.
 (Beyond the limits of this map.)

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