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FAVMOD  
for  
integration of spatial geoscience information

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1993



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**Alberta**

**Canada**

*FAVMOD*

*for*

*Integration of Spatial Geoscience Information*

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# 1. Description of FAVMOD

FAVMOD software was written as a first step toward developing a prototype computer system for integration of spatial geoscience data at the Mineral Resources Division of the Geological Survey of Canada during a summer student term (COSEP) in 1992. The methods implemented in FAVMOD were developed by Chung and Fabbri (1992),<sup>1</sup> and Chung and Moon (1991).<sup>2</sup> Considered as a prototype for further development, your recommendations and feedback about FAVMOD would be greatly appreciated.

The software FAVMOD software is specially designed to combine layers of spatial geoscience information according to the model, referred to as the *proposition*, as defined by the user. The combination of these several layers, referred to as *evidences*, may be performed using one of the following techniques offered by FAVMOD:

- i. Multivariate Regression Analysis
- ii. Probabilistic Approach using Bayesian Rule
- ii. Dempster-Shafer Belief's Functions
- iv. Fuzzy Logic Approach
- v. Certainty Factors Interpretation

The software offers menus for the fourth and fifth techniques, however, the techniques are not yet functional.

Each layer becomes an evidence for the proposition. For each evidence, each class is transformed into a known constant interval. The transformation is performed via the favorability function. The value generated by the favorability function represents the degrees of importance of the classes with reference to the proposition. This value is either data driven or expert prior knowledge of the evidence.

To integrate geo-reference information, FAVMOD uses some GIS (Geographic Information System) capabilities provided by the commercial available software named SPANS. To properly utilize FAVMOD, the user has to have basic knowledge of the theory that lies behind the five integration rules and of SPANS GIS.

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<sup>1</sup> Chung, C-J, Fabbri, A. G., Representation of Geoscience Information for Data Integration, Presented at the 29th IGC, Kyoto, Japan, 1992.

<sup>2</sup> Chung, F. C.-J., Moon, W. M., Combination Rules of Spatial Geoscience Data for Mineral Exploration, Geoinformatics, Vol. 2, No. 2, pp. 159-169, 1991.

This document includes:

- The User Manual
- The Software Constraints
- The Installation Procedure and System Requirements

## 2. User Manual

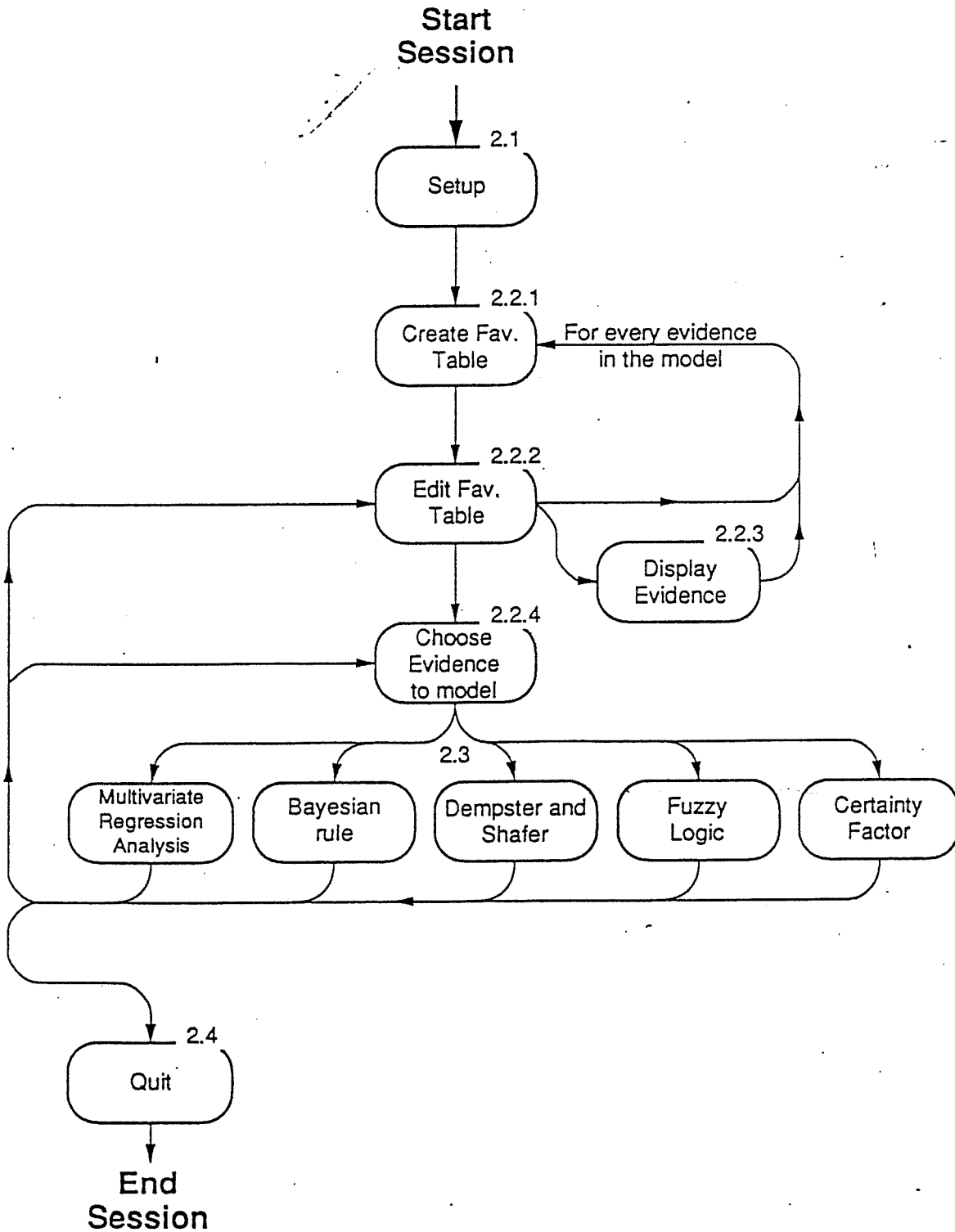


Fig 1. Typical FAVMOD Session

To facilitate the use of this section, every step of the typical session flow chart (Fig. 1) is associated with its proper section. Notice the corresponding section index at the top of each step box such as section 2.1 for 'Setup', or 2.2.1 for 'Create Favorability Table'.

The following details the flow of a typical FAVMOD session:

Each step of a typical session is called from the FAVMOD simple introduction menu (Fig. 2).

<i>Setup</i>	<i>Evidence</i>	<i>Rules</i>	<i>Quit</i>
--------------	-----------------	--------------	-------------

Fig. 2 - FAVMOD Main Menu with *Evidence* selected

## 2.1 The '*Setup*' Menu

Setting up the software parameters is essential at the start of every session. The '*Setup*' option sets the following variables:

study area directory: \_\_\_\_\_  
unit pixel size: \_\_\_\_\_  
default SPANS quad level: \_\_  
default SPANS window: \_  
minimum favorability value: \_\_\_\_\_  
maximum favorability value: \_\_\_\_\_

A <CR> key is necessary to confirm the input of a field and to edit the next one down. The <INS>, <DEL>, and cursors keys are also valid editing keys.

The *study area directory* is the universe recognized by SPANS.

The *unit pixel size* is in km<sup>2</sup>. The unit pixel size is used for two integration techniques: the Bayesian and the multivariate regression analysis rule. To demonstrate the utility of the unit pixel, consider this next example.



In Fig. 3,  $S$  denotes a study area of size  $s$ , and  $U$  a subarea of size  $u$ . Suppose we have  $n$  random points,  $p_1, p_2, \dots, p_n$ , enclosed in  $S$  and  $p$  is the probability that  $U$  contains at least one of the  $n$  points. It can be shown that:

$$p = \text{Prob} \{ \text{at least one of the } n \text{ points is in } u \} = 1 - (1 - \nu)^n$$

where  $\nu = \text{minimum}(u/s, 1)$

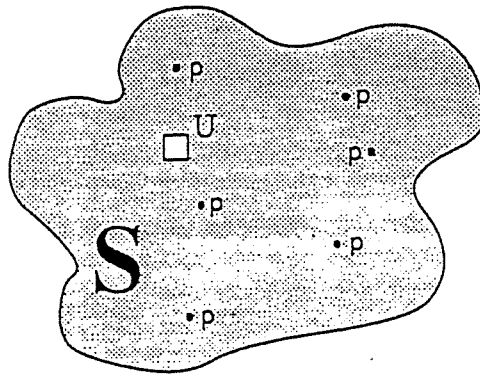


Fig. 3 - Study Area  $S$

The value  $p$  is the favorability value that can be edited prior to execution of the Bayesian integration rule. In the case of the multivariate regression analysis, the technique employs  $np$  (formula below), the number of points in  $S$  needed to achieve the probability  $p'$ . The  $p'$  is the probability that  $u$  contains at least one of the  $np$  points.

$$np = \text{integer} ( 0.5 + \log(1-p') / \log(1-\nu') )$$

where  $\nu' = \text{minimum}(u/s, 1)$

The default *quad level* and *window* in the 'Setup' menu are respectively SPANS spatial dimension for one pixel and the window in which the favorability table should be built. The entry of these values allows FAVMOD to present their contents for editing purposes at numerous points in the execution.

The *minimum* and *maximum favorability values* are essential parameters. The software utilizes these values for display purposes. The GIS SPANS only projects 256 colors onto its screen (8514 Card), thus necessitating a linear stretch process to convert the favorability values (or final model results), which are represented in real numbers, to integers varying between 2 and 254. The color 0 is reserved for un mapped data and 255 for labels. The *minimum* and *maximum* can be either positive or negative real numbers, such as [0, 1.0] for a probability interval or [-1.0, 1.0] for certainty factors.

## 2.2 The '*Evidence*' Menu

This menu opens up in a vertical menu design to create a favorability table (2.2.1), edit a favorability table (2.2.2), display an evidence (2.2.3), and finally, to specify the evidence in the model (2.2.4).

### 2.2.1 Create a Favorability Table

Setup	Evidence	Rules	Quit
	Create Favorability Table		
	Edit Favorability Table		
	Display Evidence		
	Choose Evidence to Model		

Fig. 4 - The 'Create Favorability Table' option

The 'Create Favorability Table' option (Fig. 4) builds the favorability table (Fig. 5). The table is designed to assign favorability values to unique mapped polygons of an evidence. The following is an example of a table, in SPANS TBA format:



The *input map* is the SPANS map that contains all of the classes. This map can be in another universe as in the case of a control area map found onto a separate directory. In this case, the *study area directory* must be modified in accordance with the 'Setup' menu (see 2.1). When using a control area map, the resulting favorability table must be copied onto the study area directory using a OS/2 window shell.

*Example:*      copy c:\controla\ftgeo.tba      c:\studya\ftgeo.tba

The first two letters of the favorability table 'ft' must be respected when copying tables over directories. Also, the table 'TITLE' field must be modified with a text editor. This field must contain the map it represents followed by a <SPACE> character. Consider this next favorability table:

```
ID ftgeo
TITLE GEOLOGY - Favorability table ...
...
...
```

The 'TITLE' field is followed by 'GEOLOGY'. This indicate that the table 'ftgeo' represents the map called 'GEOLOGY'. When generated in another universe, this map name may well not be the same as in the study area. Modify this map name accordingly; do not forget to leave a <SPACE> after.

The *input point file* is the SPANS points file containing the known occurrences of the proposition, such as know occurrences of minerals' deposits for exploration purposes.

The *unit pixel size* is involved in the calculation of the favorability value for the Bayesian rule (see 2.1).

The *output table* is the generated favorability table (Fig. 5).

After typing all the parameters, FAVMOD unveils a SPANS batch command file to execute in the SPANS window.

### 2.2.2 Editing Favorability Table

This option (Fig. 6) permits the editing of a favorability table, particularly the favorability values. Alternate ways of editing a favorability table such as using an editor in a OS/2 window shell is strictly prohibited. The 'Edit Favorability Table' option calls the Q. EDITOR. Some useful commands are:

- <ALT-F> Displays the editor main menu.
- <CTL-K, X> Exits and saves the favorability table.
- <CTL-K, Q> Exits and does not save the favorability table.

Setup	Evidence	Rules	Quit
	Create Favorability Table		
	Edit Favorability Table		
	Display Evidence		
	Choose Evidence to Model		

Fig. 6 - The 'Edit Favorability Table' option

The FAVMOD software automatically updates the last 5 columns of the table when it has been modified. These columns represent the reclassified values of the favorability values that are used to display evidence (see 2.2.3). The reclassified values are calculated using an index varying between 1 and 254, derived from a linear stretch of the *minimum* and *maximum favorability value* specified in the 'Setup' menu.

### 2.2.3 Display Evidence (optional)

Setup	Evidence	Rules	Quit
	Create Favorability Table		
	Edit Favorability Table		
	Display Evidence		
	Choose Evidence to Model		

Fig. 7 - The 'Display Evidence' option

This option (Fig. 7) displays an evidence by creating a SPANS map. The procedure is fairly simple. Depending on the integration rule, FAVMOD selects the reclassified favorability value from the favorability table and assigns it to each polygon class of the specified map. After typing all the parameters necessary to execute the display option, FAVMOD unveils a SPANS batch command file to execute in the SPANS window.

The 'Display Evidence' is optional in the process of formulating the proposition.

#### 2.2.4 Choose the Evidence to Model

Setup	Evidence	Rules	Quit
	Create Favorability Table		
	Edit Favorability Table		
	Display Evidence		
	Choose Evidence to Model		

Fig. 8 - The 'Choose the Evidence to Model' option

This option chooses the evidence in the proposition or in the model. Selecting the 'Choose the Evidence to Model' displays a menu similar to the following:

<p>&lt;clear all&gt;</p> <p>&lt; accept &gt;</p> <p>rGEO TBA</p> <p>rLSAT TBA</p> <p>rGPHY TBA</p> <p>rSOIL TBA</p>	<p>Fav. Tables</p> <p>rGEO TBA rGPHY TBA</p>
---	--

Fig. 9 - Choosing the evidence in the proposition

This sample menu has 4 evidences. On the left the *evidence menu* displays the favorability tables that were previously built. The ↓ and ↑ keys move the bar vertically. Pressing <CR> or <SPACE> on a selected favorability table name will copy it onto the right menu 'Fav. Tables'.

This menu shows the evidence or the favorability table that will be used in the model. In Fig. 9 the user has chosen to include 'ftGEO' and 'ftGPHY' in the model.

Note the first two options in the *evidence menu*. The <clear all> will clear the list in the 'Fav. Tables' menu. The <accept> option confirms the selection of the evidence. After receiving confirmation of the evidences, FAVMOD unveils two SPANS commands to execute in the SPANS window.

The <ESC> key terminates the operation at any time.

### 2.3 The 'Rules' Menu

Setup	Evidence	Rules	Quit
		Multivariate Regression Analysis	
		Bayesian under CI	
		Dempster and Shafer	
		Fuzzy Logic	
		Certainty Factor	

Fig. 10 - The 'Rules' menu

The 'Rules' menu offers the choice of selecting one integration rule to generate the final proposition. The following parameters are prompted:

Bayesian output map: \_\_\_\_\_

quad level: \_\_

window: \_\_

The integration rule *output map* depends on the selected integration rule. It is the final map generated in SPANS MAP format.

The *quad level* is the spatial resolution of the output map.

The *window* is the selected area of interest, making reference to a valid SPANS window ID.

After receiving confirmation of these parameters, FAVMOD unveils a SPANS command batch file to execute in the SPANS window. Resulting from the 'Rules' operation is a table that can be viewed and manipulated. The names of these tables are as follows:

<i>Generated Table</i>	<i>Integration Rule</i>
BAYES.tba	Bayesian
REG.tba	Multivariate Regression Analysis
DEMPSTER.tba	Dempster and Shafer
FUZZY.tba	Fuzzy Logic
CERT.tba	Certainty Factor

## 2.4 The 'Quit' Option

This option allows exit from FAVMOD. Remember to select the 'Setup' option when starting the next session.

## 2.5 Browsing the Menus

↑, ↓, ←, →

The software uses cursor keys to enable options and other menus from the main menu. <Right> and <Left> cursor keys are functional in horizontal menus rather than the <Up> and <Down> cursor keys in vertical menus. After positioning the highlighted bar on the appropriate option, the <CR> (carriage return) is necessary to allow the selection.

ABC

An alternative to cursor keys is the highlighted letter in the main horizontal menu and in every other vertical menu. Pressing the corresponding highlighted letter will automatically enable the appropriate menu option.

<ESC>

This key will cancel the execution of an option or backtrack to the previous menu.

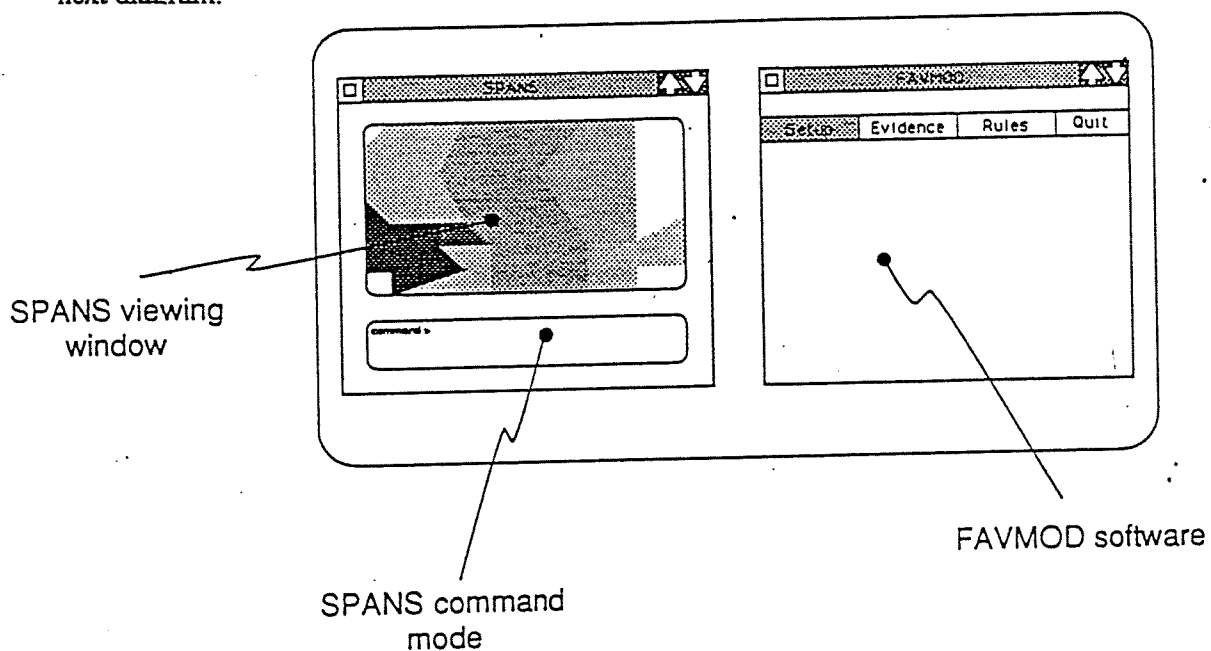


## The Mouse

The mouse is not yet functional, but is essential in switching between SPANS and FAVMOD when commands or batch files need to be run in the GIS.

## 2.6 Setting the OS/2 Environment

FAVMOD requires that itself and SPANS be running in two windows at the same time. The most apparent and efficient way to set these windows is one beside each other such as indicated in the next diagram:



The window running SPANS should have both the viewing and command windows opened.

### 3. Software Constraints

The software has the following memory constraints:

Constraint Description	Maximum
matching *.TBA or *.MAP in one universe	100
evidence in a Model	16
unique polygons in overlaying evidence	512
classes to display (with 8514 card of 256 colors)	254

The source code can be modified (file 'int.h') and recompiled to increase or decrease these maximums.

### 4. Installation Procedure and System Requirements

The steps involved in installing FAVMOD are as follows:

1. Create a directory for storing FAVMOD.

*Example:*       md     c:\favmod

2. Copy the software files from the provided source disk.

*Example:*       copy   a:\favmod.exe   c:\favmod  
                  copy   a:\q.exe        c:\favmode  
                  copy   a:\favmod.ico   c:\favmode

3. Install FAVMOD software in the config.sys PATH variable by using any text editor.
4. Under OS/2 Program Manager, create a icon space pointing to FAVMOD.EXE and assign the icon named c:\favmod\favmod.ico to the software.

In order to run FAVMOD, OS/2 2.0 (or higher) and SPANS 5.2 (or higher) are necessary.

## 5. Source Code

# FAVMOD.H

```
#define TRUE 1
#define FALSE 0
#define NOMORE 256
#define BOOL int
#define MAP_FILTER "*.map"
#define TBA_FILTER "*.tba"
#define TBB_FILTER "*.tbb"
#define FAVTABLE_FILTER "ft*.tba"
#define MAX_FNAMES 100
#define MAX_EVIDENCES 15
#define MAX_UNIQUE_POLYGONS 512
#define MAX_CLASSES 256
#define MAXSTRREP 80
#define MAXSTRTEA 500
#define PRECISION 0.0000001

/*macro that toggle a BOOL variable */
#define ToggleFlag(flag) ((flag) ? FALSE : TRUE);

/* variable used to manipulate the favorability table */
typedef struct TABLESstruct {
    int class;
    char name[ 40];
    double area;
    int pnts;
} TABLES;
extern TABLES table[ MAX_CLASSES];

/* contain the filename of the favorability tables */
extern char fnames[ MAX_FNAMES][ 13];

/* used in manipulating SPANS unique condition table
struct UNIQUE_TABLE {
    double area;
    int class[ MAX_EVIDENCES];
};
extern struct UNIQUE_TABLE unipoly[ MAX_UNIQUE_POLYGONS];

/* global variables */
extern double area_per_class[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ MAX_CLASSES];
extern double area_per_evidence[ MAX_EVIDENCES];
extern double S T;
extern double PD; /* P( D )
*/
extern char favtablesfn[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ 9];
extern char evidencesfn[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ 9];
extern int total_pnts;
extern int no_favtables;
extern int uni_poly;
extern double bayest[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ MAX_CLASSES];
extern double belt[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ MAX_CLASSES];
extern double plst[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ MAX_CLASSES];
extern double fuzzyt[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ MAX_CLASSES];
extern double certfactt[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ MAX_CLASSES];
extern char syspath[ 50];
extern char unitsize[ 10];
extern char quadlevel[ 3];
extern char window[ 3];
extern char minfav[ 10];
extern char maxfav[ 10];
```

```

/* Variables used to track control and screen position. */
typedef struct _SCREENINFO
(
    int top;                /* Row under top form line */
    int bot;                /* Row above bottom form line */
    int mid;                /* Middle line of form */
    int help;               /* Line number of help line */
    int mode;               /* Current screen mode */
    int xMax;
    int yMax;
    BOOL fColor;
) SCREENINFO;
extern SCREENINFO si;
extern void mod();

/* favorability table index, used to display evidences */
extern struct index {
    double min, max, avrg;
} favindex[ 256];

/* choices of integration rules */
enum rulesmnuCHOICES { REGRESSION, BAYES, DEMPSTER, FUZZY, CERTAINTY};

```

# FAVMOD.C

```
/*
MODULE EXTERNAL AVAILABLE FUNCTION(s):

```

```
main()
```

```
MODULE INTERNAL FUNCTION(s): All are called from main()
```

```
main
| MenuHori          : external (menu.c)
|
| InitProg
|
| Setup
|
| BuildEvidence    : external (evidence.c)
|
| Rules            : external (rules.c)
|
| WrapupProg
```

```
*****/
```

```
#include <graph.h>
#include <direct.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <io.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <float.h>
```

```
#include "favmod.h"
#include "favindex.h"
#include "evidence.h"
#include "rules.h"
#include "menu.h"
#include "utils.h"
```

```
void main( void );
```

```
char      syspath[ 50]      = "c:\\";      /* SPANS universe directory */
char      unitssize[ 10]   = "1.0";      /* pixel unit size */
char      quadlevel[ 3]   = "12";      /* SPANS quad level */
char      window[ 3]      = "01";      /* study or control area win. */
char      minfav[ 10]     = "0.000";    /* minimum favorability value */
char      maxfav[ 10]     = "1.000";    /* maximum favorability value */

short     oldfgd;          /* old foreground colors */
long      oldbgd;          /* old background colors */
struct    rccoord oldpos;  /* old cursor position */
```

```
/*
name: InitProg()
```

```
goal: To initialize some global variables and to save old system environment.
```

```
input: none
returns: nothing
```

```
Global variables changed:
```

```
oldfgd, oldbgd, oldpos : screen colors and position
mnuAtrib                : visual attributes of the program's menus
no_evi, uni_poly        : # of evidences in the model and # of
                        unique polygons in the output model map
```

```
*****/
void InitProg()
```

```
{
  /* saving screen colors */
  oldfgd = _gettextcolor();
  oldbgd = _getbkcolor();
  oldpos = _gettextposition();
```

```
  /* modifying screen colors */
  _settextcolor( _TWHITE);
  _setbkcolor( _TBLACK);
  _clearscreen( _GCLEARSCREEN );
  _displaycursor( _GCURSOROFF );
```

```
  /* modifying menu colors */
  mnuAtrib.fgBorder      = _TWHITE;
  mnuAtrib.bgBorder      = _TBLACK;
  mnuAtrib.fgNormal      = _TWHITE;
  mnuAtrib.bgNormal      = _TBLUE;
  mnuAtrib.fgSelect      = _TBLUE;
  mnuAtrib.bgSelect      = _TWHITE;
  mnuAtrib.fgNormHilite  = _TBRIGHTWHITE;
  mnuAtrib.bgNormHilite  = _TBLUE;
  mnuAtrib.fgSelHilite   = _TBRIGHTWHITE;
  mnuAtrib.bgSelHilite   = _TWHITE;
  mnuAtrib.fCentered     = FALSE;
  mnuAtrib.chNW          = '+';
  mnuAtrib.chNE          = '+';
  mnuAtrib.chSE          = '+';
  mnuAtrib.chSW          = '+';
  mnuAtrib.chNS          = ' ';
  mnuAtrib.chEW          = ' ';
```

```
  no_favtables = 0; uni_poly = 0;
```

```
} /* InitProg() */
```

```
*****
name: WrapupProg()
```

```
goal: Restore the PC's environment.
```

```
input: none
returns: nothing
Global variables changed: none
```

```
*****/
void WrapupProg()
```

```
{
  /* restore colors and cursor position */
  _settextcolor( oldfgd );
  _setbkcolor( oldbgd );
  _clearscreen( _GCLEARSCREEN );
  _settextposition( oldpos.row, oldpos.col );
} /* WrapupProg() */
```

```

/*****
name: MakeFavIndexTable()

goal: To make the favorability index table. The table usually varies between
      0 and 1 and always consist of 254 classes or steps. These classes are
      assigned to each polygon in SPANS mainly because of the GIS limitation
      in manipulating only integer and not real numbers.

input: none
returns: nothing

Global variables changed:
      favindex : the favorability index used in the program. The index
                  has 254 classes that vary between the values specified by
                  the variables MINFAV and MAXFAV.
*****/
void MakeFavIndexTable()
{
  int      i;          /* utility counter          */
  double   step;      /* the increment between each class */

  /* first palette index is reserve to unmapped area */
  /* last palette index is reserve for text color    */
  favindex[ 0].min = 0.0; favindex[ 0].max = 0.0; favindex[ 0].avrg = 0.0;
  favindex[ 255].min = 0; favindex[ 255].max = 0; favindex[ 255].avrg = 0;

  /* construction the full index */
  step = fabs( (atof( maxfav) - atof( minfav))/ 254);
  favindex[ 1].min = atof( minfav);
  favindex[ 1].max = atof( minfav);
  favindex[ 1].avrg = atof( minfav);

  for ( i=2; i < 254; ++i) {
    favindex[ i].min = favindex[ i-1].max + PRECISION;
    favindex[ i].max = favindex[ i].min + step;
    favindex[ i].avrg = ( favindex[ i].min + favindex[ i].min) / 2;
  }
  favindex[ 254].min = atof( maxfav);
  favindex[ 254].max = DBL_MAX;
  favindex[ 254].avrg = atof( maxfav);
} /* MakeFavIndexTable() */

```



```

/*****
name: Setup()

goal: To ask the user for some program parameters such as:
    - the directory containing the study area
    - the size of the unit pixel
    - default SPANS quad level
    - default SPANS window
    - the favorability table minimum value
    - the favorability table maximum value

input: none
returns: nothing

Global variables changed:
    syspath   : the directory containing the study area
    unitsize  : the size of the unit pixel
    quadlevel : default SPANS quad level
    window    : default SPANS window
    minfav    : the favorability table minimum value
    maxfav    : the favorability table maximum value
*****/
void Setup()
{
    int sel;
    enum parmsChoices { SYSPATH, UNITPIXEL, QUADLEVEL, WINDOW,
                       MINFAV, MAXFAV, CHANGE_SYS_PARMS, END};

    /* ask for the unit size, the system directory path, and */
    /* classification scheme of the favorability index, quad tree level, */
    /* and default window */

    _settextposition( 5, 2); _outtext( "system directory path: ");
    _settextposition( 7, 2); _outtext( "unit pixel size (km2): "); OutBgText(
unitsize);
    _settextposition( 9, 2); _outtext( "quad tree level: "); OutBgText(
quadlevel);
    _settextposition(11, 2); _outtext( "window: "); OutBgText( window);
    _settextposition(13, 2); _outtext( "minimum favorability value: ");
OutBgText( minfav);
    _settextposition(15, 2); _outtext( "maximum favorability value: ");
OutBgText( maxfav);

    /* loop until the last entry has been input */
    sel = SYSPATH;
    while( sel != END && sel != ESC)
        switch( sel) {

            case SYSPATH:
                do {
                    sel = EditStr( 5, 2+23, 24, validpath, syspath);
                    if ( !EXIST( syspath)) {
                        ProgramError( "Invalid path, please enter again.");
                        _settextposition(13, 2);
                        _settextposition(13, 2);
                        _outtext( "minimum favorability value: "); OutBgText( minfav);
                    }
                } while ( !EXIST( syspath) && sel != ESC);
                sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : UNITPIXEL;
                break;

            case UNITPIXEL:
                sel = EditStr( 7, 23+2, 9, numersonly, unitsize);
                _settextposition( 7, 23+2); OutBgText( unitsize);
                sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : QUADLEVEL;
                break;

```

```

case QUADLEVEL:
    sel = EditStr( 9, 17+2, 2, numbersonly, quadlevel);
    _settextposition( 9, 17+2); OutBgText( quadlevel);
    sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : WINDOW;
    break;

case WINDOW:
    sel = EditStr( 11, 2+8, 2, validfilename, window);
    _settextposition(11, 8+2); OutBgText( window);
    sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : MINFAV;
    break;

case MINFAV:
    chdir( syspath);
    sel = EditStr( 13, 2+28, 9, numbersonly, minfav);
    _settextposition( 13, 2+28); OutBgText( minfav);
    sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : MAXFAV;
    break;

case MAXFAV:
    chdir( syspath);
    sel = EditStr( 15, 2+28, 9, numbersonly, maxfav);
    _settextposition( 15, 2+28); OutBgText( maxfav);
    sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : CHANGE_SYS_PARMS;
    break;

case CHANGE_SYS_PARMS:
    chdir( syspath);
    MakeFavIndexTable();
    sel = END;
    break;
}

ClearBox( 3, 1, 21, 77);
} /* Setup() */

```

```

/*****
name: main()

goal: Start the main program called 'FAVMOD.exe'. The main routine
      offers the user the opening menu.

input: none
returns: nothing
Global variables changed:
*****/
void main()
{
int sel = 0; /* menu's selection */
ITEM mainmnu[] = { /* main menu of the program */
  { 2, " Setup"},
  { 0, "Evidence"},
  { 2, " Rules"},
  { 2, " Quit"},
  { 0, ""}
}; enum mainmnuCHOICES { SETUP, EVIDENCES, RULES, QUIT};

InitProg(); /* initialize the program's vars and parms */

/* start the program main loop until the user quit the program */
do {
  sel = MenuHori( 2, 2, mainmnu, sel);
  switch( sel) {
    case SETUP: /* Sets up the program's parameters */
      Setup();
      break;
    case EVIDENCES: /* create and edit fav. tables */
      BuildEvidence();
      break;
    case RULES: /* ask the use to select the integration rule*/
      Rules();
      break;
  }
} while ( sel != QUIT);

WrapupProg(); /* restore old PC's environment */
} /* main() */

```

# EVIDENCE.H

```
void BuildEvidence( void);
```

# EVIDENCE.C

```
/*  
MODULE EXTERNAL AVAILABLE FUNCTION(s):
```

```
BuildEvidence()
```

```
MODULE INTERNAL FUNCTION(s): All are called from BuildEvidence()
```

```
BuildEvidence : called from favmod.c
```

```
| CreateFavTable  
| | MakeFavTBA  
| | | GetAreaClassPoint  
| | | GenerateTBAFile  
| | | CalculateP_D  
| | | ReclassifiedModelValue
```

```
| EditFav  
| | ReBuildTBA  
| | ReclassifiedModelValue
```

```
| BuildEvi  
| | GenerateEvidence
```

```
| ChooseEvidences : external (model.c)
```

```
*****/
```

```
#include <string.h>  
#include <memory.h>  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <stdlib.h>  
#include <graph.h>  
#include <conio.h>  
#include <process.h>  
#include <io.h>  
#include <errno.h>  
#include <math.h>  
#include <sys\types.h>  
#include <sys\stat.h>
```

```
#include "favmod.h"  
#include "menu.h"  
#include "utils.h"
```

```
ITEM rulesmnu[] = { /* integration rules available */  
    {13, "Multivariate Regression Analysis"},  
    { 7, "    Bayesian under CI"},  
    {10, "    Dempster's"},  
    {10, "    Fuzzy Logic"},  
    { 7, "    Certainty Factor"},  
    { 0, ""}  
};
```

```
void ChooseEvidences( void); /* from the 'model.c' module */
```

```
/* this variable is a temporary table used to store the class, */  
/* points/class, and the area for each evidence */  
TABLES table[ 0] = { ( int)0, " ", ( float)0, ( int)0};
```

```
/* another temporary var used to manipulate the names of the evidences */  
char fnames[ MAX_FNAMES][ 13];
```

```
/* *****  
name: GetAreaClassPoint( char *repf, char *tbaf)
```

```
goal: To get the number of classes contained in a map with each associated  
area and points/ class. This is done by analyzing a REP and a TBA  
SPANS file.
```

```
input: repf : the report file name used to determine the classes and areas  
tbaf : the TBA file name used to determine the number of points in each  
classes
```

```
returns: nothing
```

```
Global variables changed: table : the classes, areas, and points/classes  
*****
```

```
void GetAreaClassPoint( char *repf, char *tbaf)  
{  
FILE *inrepf, *intbaf; /* REP and TBA file pointer */  
char tmpstr[ MAXSTRTEA]; /* temporary string */  
char startinfo[ 80]; /* flag string indicating */  
int startread=FALSE, i=0; /* flag indicating when to read some info */  
int countclass[ 256]; /* indicates the number of classes */
```

```
/* Initialize the string flagging the start of the data in the REP file */  
strcpy( startinfo, " -----");
```

```
/* Opens the *.rep file containing the classes and area. */  
/* Reads in each class with its associated area. */
```

```
/* Opens up the files */  
if ( (inrepf = fopen( repf, "rt")) == NULL)  
ProgramError( strcat( "Cannot open file:", repf));
```

```
else {  
/* Reads in the report file header. */  
do {  
if ( fgets( tmpstr, MAXSTRREP - 1, inrepf) == NULL) {  
ProgramError( strcat( "Cannot read file:", repf));  
break;  
}  
} while ( strcmp( tmpstr, startinfo, 10) != (int )NULL);
```

```
/* Reads in the classes and associated areas. */  
if ( fgets( tmpstr, MAXSTRREP - 1, inrepf) == NULL)  
ProgramError( strcat( "Cannot read file:", repf));  
while ( strcmp( tmpstr, startinfo, 10) != (int )NULL) {  
/* get the class and the class name */  
table[ i].name[ 0] = 0;  
sscanf( tmpstr, "%i %[^0-9]", &table[i].class, table[ i].name);
```

```
/* get the area */  
table[ i].area = StrGetLastFloat( tmpstr, LASTNUM, 0);
```

```
++i;  
if ( fgets( tmpstr, MAXSTRREP - 1, inrepf) == NULL)  
ProgramError( strcat( "Cannot read file:", repf));  
}  
fclose( inrepf);  
table[ i].class = NOMORE;
```

```

/* reads in the TBA file to determine the points/class if the filename*/
/* exist */
/* Reads in the number of points/area with the tba file. */
if ( (intbaf = fopen( tbaf, "rt")) == NULL)
    ProgramError( strcat( "Cannot open file:", tbaf));
else {
    for (i=0; i<256; countclass[ i]=0, ++i);
    while ( TRUE) {

        if ( fgets( tmpstr, MAXSTRTBA - 1, inrepf) == NULL)
            if( feof( intbaf ) )
                break;
            else
                ProgramError( strcat( "Cannot read file:", tbaf));
        ++countclass[ ( int)StrGetLastFloat( tmpstr, LASTNUM, 0)];
    }
    fclose( intbaf);
    for (i=0; table[ i].class != NOMORE; ++i)
        table[ i].pnts = countclass[ table[ i].class];
}
}

) /* GetAreaClassPoint() */

/*****
name: GenerateTBAFile( char *tbafn, char *mapfn)

goal: To generate or write out a TBA file. The TBA file is used a index
to create the evidence maps.

input: tbafn : the name of the TBA file to be created
       mapfn : the evidence name used to create the table

returns: nothing
Global variables changed: none
*****/
void GenerateTBAFile( char *tbafn, char *mapfn)
{
char    tmpfn[ 13];          /* temporary string to edit a fn */
int     i;                  /* utility counter */
FILE    *outtba;           /* output TBA file pointer */
char    dumstr[ 20];       /* utility string */
double  prob;              /* used in the computation of index */
double  bel;               /* Dempster-Shafer Belief function */
double  pls;               /* Dempster-Shafer Plausible funct. */
double  fuzzy;            /* fuzzy logic set function */
double  certfact;         /* Certainty factor function value */

char    TBAHeader[ 24][ 65] = { /* SPANS TBA file header format */
    "ID x",
    "TITLE xxx - Favorability Index Table",
    "MAPID ??",
    "WINDOW 00 0 0 0 0",
    "TABTYPE 3",
    "FTYPE free",
    "KEYFIELD 1",
    "KEYBASE 0",
    "NRECORD x",
    " 1 3 4.0 0 class Associated class",
    " 2 60 40.0 0 name Class name",
    " 3 1 10.3 0 area Total area (square km)",
    " 4 3 7.0 0 pnts Points per class",
    " 5 1 12.7 0 prob Probability value",
    " 6 1 12.7 0 bel Belief function value",
    " 7 1 12.7 0 pls Plausible function value",
    " 8 1 12.7 0 fuzzy Fuzzy logic function value",

```

```

" 9 1 12.7 0 certfact Certainty factors function value",
"10 3 4.0 0 rcprob Reclassified probability value",
"11 3 4.0 0 rcbel Reclassified belief funct. value",
"12 3 4.0 0 rcpls Reclassified plausible funct. value",
"13 3 4.0 0 rcfuzzy Reclassified fuzzy logic value",
"14 3 4.0 0 rccfact Reclassified certainty fact. value",
"DATA");

/* fills in the header information */

strcpy( dumstr, "ID ");
strcat( dumstr, tbafn);
strcpy( TBAHeader[ 0], dumstr);

mapfn [ strchr( mapfn, ' ') - mapfn] = 0;
sprintf( TBAHeader[ 1], "TITLE %s - Favorability Index Table", mapfn);

/* count number of classes and store it */
i=0;
while ( table[ i].class != NOMORE) ++i;
itoa( i, dumstr, 10);
strcpy( &TBAHeader[ 8][8], dumstr);

/* opens up the tba file for writing */
strcpy( tmpfn, tbafn);
strcat( tmpfn, ".tba");
outtba = fopen( tmpfn, "w+");

/* writes out the TBA header */
for (i=0; i < 24; ++i)
    fprintf( outtba, "%s\n", TBAHeader[ i]);

/* writes out the TBA data */
for (i=0; table[ i].class != NOMORE; ++i) {

    prob = CalculateP_D( (double )table[ i].area, table[ i].pnts);
    /* certfact = GetCertFact(); ... */
    /* fuzzy = GetFuzzyLogic(); ... with GetPls() and GetBel()*/
    bel = atof( minfav);
    pls = atof( maxfav);
    certfact = 0.0;
    fuzzy = 0.0;

    /* writes out the favorability value along with their reclassified */
    /* values that ranges between FAVMIN and FAVMAX */
    fprintf( outtba, "%4i '%40s' %12.7lf %7i %12.7lf %12.7lf %12.7lf"
        " %12.7lf %12.7lf %4i %4i %4i %4i %4i\n",
        table[ i].class, table[ i].name, table[ i].area,
        table[ i].pnts, prob, bel, pls,
        fuzzy, certfact,
        ReclassifiedModelValue( prob),
        ReclassifiedModelValue( bel),
        ReclassifiedModelValue( pls),
        ReclassifiedModelValue( fuzzy),
        ReclassifiedModelValue( certfact));
}
fclose( outtba);
} /* GenerateTBAFile() */

```

```
/*
*****
name: MakeFavTBA( char *mapfn, char *pntsf, char *outtbafn)
*/
```

goal: The function is designed to create a SPANS command file to create a probability index. At the termination of the command file the function calls another function to write out the results in a TBA file format.

input: mapfn : the name of the map used to generate the index  
pnts : the point file involved in the calculation of the index  
outtbafn : the name of the output index table

returns: nothing  
Global variables changed: none

```
*****/
void MakeFavTBA( char *mapfn, char *pntsf, char *outtbafn)
```

```
{
FILE      *execfile;      /* SPANS command file pointer      */
long      i;              /* utility counter                */
int       c=' ';         /* keyboard input                 */
}
```

```
/* SPANS command file format necessary to build a probability index.
/* Position Argument
/* 0,10 map with different classes
/* 0,23 map window
/* 0,29 output file report
/* 1,12 point file
/* 1,24 output table with appended classes
/* 1,36 map with different classes
/* 1,48 map window
/* 2,10 exported output table
```

```
char probindex[ 3][ 55] = {
    "areal m = w = r = s =n p =n",
    "reclpnt p = o = m = w = ",
    "attexp a = f =0 d =\" \" h =n" };
```

```
/* modifying SPANS command file to the user specifications */
memcpy( probindex[ 0] + 10, mapfn, strchr( mapfn, ' ') - mapfn);
memcpy( probindex[ 0] + 23, window, strlen( window));
memcpy( probindex[ 0] + 29, "temp", 4);
memcpy( probindex[ 1] + 12, pntsf, strchr( pntsf, ' ') - pntsf);
memcpy( probindex[ 1] + 24, "temp", 4);
memcpy( probindex[ 1] + 36, mapfn, strchr( mapfn, ' ') - mapfn);
memcpy( probindex[ 1] + 48, window, strlen( window));
memcpy( probindex[ 2] + 10, "temp", 4);
```

```
/* writing out the batch file */
execfile = fopen( "mkfav.cmd", "w+");
fprintf( execfile, "%s\n%s\n%s\n", probindex[ 0], probindex[ 1],
        probindex[ 2]);
fclose( execfile);
```

```
/* indicating the user to execute the batch file */
_settextposition( 20, 2); _outtext("SPANS: exec f=mkfav");
remove( "temp.tba");
```

```
/* loop until the table is completely created */
while ( TRUE) {
```

```
    for (i=0; i<70000; ++i);
    _settextposition( 21, 2); _outtext("Waiting for SPANS ... \\");
```

```
    /* if the rename succeed, the file is created and free in access */
    if ( CompletedJob( "temp.tba")) break;
```

```
    for (i=0; i<70000; ++i);
    _settextposition( 21, 2); _outtext("Waiting for SPANS ... -");
```



```

    if ( kbhit() ) {
        c = getch();
        if ( c == ESC) break;
    }

    for (i=0; i<70000; ++i);
    _settextposition( 21, 2); _outtext("Waiting for SPANS ... /");
}

if ( c != ESC) {
    /* gets the different classes, their areas (in km2), and the number */
    /* of points in each class */
    GetAreaClassPoint("temp.rep", "temp.tba");
    remove( "temp.tba"); remove( "temp.rep");

    /* Writes the TBA file */
    GenerateTBAfile( outtbafn, mapfn);

    _settextposition( 23, 2); _outtext("The table is now built.");
    _settextposition( 24, 2); _outtext("Press any key to continue...");
    while ( !kbhit());
    getch();
}
ClearBox( 10, 2, 15, 35);
} /* MakeFavTBA() */

/*****
name: CreateFavTable()

goal: To get the parameters from the user necessary to make a favorability
table and to call another function that will create this table.

input: none
returns: nothing
Global variables changed: none
*****/
void CreateFavTable()
{
    char    outtbafn[ 9]="";    /* favorability table filename */
    char    mapfn[ 13];        /* map filename used to make the fav. table */
    char    pntsfn[ 13];      /* points file used to make the fav. table */
    int     nofiles = 0;      /* # of matching *.MAP and *.TBB files */
    int     sel;              /* menu selection */

    enum parmsChoices { WINDOW, INMAP, INPNTS, UNITSIZE, OUTTABLE, EXECUTE, END};

    /* display the parameters necessary to generate a favorability table */
    _settextposition( 10, 2); _outtext("window:");
    _settextposition( 12, 2); _outtext("input map:");
    _settextposition( 14, 2); _outtext("input point file:");
    _settextposition( 16, 2); _outtext("unit pixel size: ");
    _settextposition( 18, 2); _outtext("output table:");

    /* gets each one of the parameters */
    sel = WINDOW;
    while( sel != END && sel != ESC)
        switch( sel) {

            case WINDOW:
                if ( (nofiles=GetFileNames( MAP_FILTER))!= 0) {
                    sel = EditStr( 10, 10, 2, validfilename, window);
                    sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : INMAP;
                }

```

```

    else (
        ProgramError( "No map(s) exist on your directory (*.MAP).");
        sel = END;
    )
    break;

case INMAP:
    sel = SelectOneFileMenu( 12, 13, nofiles);
    if ( sel != ESC) {
        strcpy( mapfn, fnames[ sel]);
        ClearBox( 12, -13, 13, 15);
        _settextposition( 12, 13); OutBgText( mapfn);
        _settextposition( 14, 2); _outtext("input point file:");
        _settextposition( 16, 2); _outtext("unit pixel size: ");
        _settextposition( 18, 2); _outtext("output table:");
        sel = INPNTS;
    }
    break;

case INPNTS:
    sel = ESC;
    if ( (nofiles = GetFileNames( TBB_FILTER)) != 0) {
        if ( ( sel=SelectOneFileMenu( 14, 20, nofiles)) != ESC) {
            strcpy( pntsfm, fnames[ sel]);
            ClearBox( 14, 20, 11, 15);
            _settextposition( 14, 20); OutBgText( pntsfm);
            _settextposition( 16, 2); _outtext("unit pixel size: ");
            _settextposition( 18, 2); _outtext("output table:");
            sel = UNITSIZE;
        }
    }
    else {
        ProgramError( "No point table exist on your directory (*.TBB).");
        sel = END;
    }
    break;

case UNITSIZE:
    sel = EditStr( 16, 2+17, 9, numbertonly, unitsize);
    _settextposition( 18, 2); _outtext("output table:");
    sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : OUTTABLE;
    break;

case OUTTABLE:
    /* every output fav. table starts with the prefix 'FT' */
    strcpy( outtbafn, "ft");
    _settextposition( 18, 16); OutBgText( outtbafn);
    sel = EditStr( 18, 16+2, 6, validfilename, outtbafn+2);
    _settextposition( 18, 16); OutBgText( outtbafn);
    sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : EXECUTE;
    break;

case EXECUTE:
    MakeFavTBA( mapfn, pntsfm, outtbafn);
    sel = END;
    break;
}

ClearBox( 10, 2, 15, 70);
} /* CreateFavTable() */

```

```

/*****
name: GenerateEvidence( char *indextbl, char *inmap,
                        int rule, char *evil, char *evi2)

```

goal: To generate evidence maps. The function generate a SPANS command file designed to build one or two evidence map depending on the choice of integration rule.

```

input: indextble : favorability index table (*.TBA)
       inmap      : input map to be converted with the favorability index
       rule       : the integration rule (choice of REGRESSION, BAYES,
                   DEMPSTER, FUZZY, or CERTAINTY)
       evi2       : the name of the first evidence map
       evil       : the name of the second evidence map

```

```

returns: nothing
Global variables changed: none

```

```

*****/
void GenerateEvidence( char *indextbl, char *inmap,
                      int rule, char *evil, char *evi2)

```

```

{
FILE      *execfile; /* SPANS command file used to create evidence maps */
long      i;         /* utility counter */
int       c='0';     /* keyboard input */
char      mapfile[ 12]; /* evidence map filename */
char      favpos[ 3]; /* alphanumeric position of the int.rule in table */
char      plspos[ 3]; /* alphanumeric position of the plausible funct. */

```

```

/* SPANS command file format to build a evidence map */
/*      Position          Argument */
/*      0,10      favorability index table */
/*      1,11      input map file */
/*      1,23      output map file */
/*      1,35      window */
/*      1,57      favorability index table */
/*      1,79      column # of favorability value */
/*      1,85      quad level */

```

```

char build_evi[ 2][ 90] = {
    "attimp f = ",
    "ovr_tbb m =      o =      w =      c =0      b =y      s =y      f =      j =1      k =0      l =
q = "};

```

```

/* adapting the SPANS batch file to the needs */

```

```

memcpy( build_evi[ 0] + 10, indextbl, strchr( indextbl, ' ') - indextbl);
memcpy( build_evi[ 1] + 11, inmap, strchr( inmap, ' ') - inmap);
memcpy( build_evi[ 1] + 23, evil, strchr( evil, ' ') - evil);
memcpy( build_evi[ 1] + 35, window, strlen( window));
memcpy( build_evi[ 1] + 57, indextbl, strchr( indextbl, ' ') - indextbl);
memcpy( build_evi[ 1] + 85, quadlevel, strlen( quadlevel));

```

```

/* specifying the column number of the favorability value in the table */

```

```

switch( rule) {
case REGRESSION:
    strcpy( favpos, "1 ");
    break;
case BAYES:
    strcpy( favpos, "10");
    break;
case DEMPSTER:
    strcpy( favpos, "11");
    strcpy( plspos, "12");
    break;
case FUZZY:
    strcpy( favpos, "13");
    break;
}

```

```

        case CERTAINTY:
            strcpy( favpos, "14");
            break;
    }
    memcpy( build_evi[ 1] + 79, favpos, 2);

    /* write the batch file into "MKEVI.CMD" */
    execfile = fopen( "mkevi.cmd", "w+");
    fprintf( execfile, "%s\n%s\n", build_evi[ 0], build_evi[ 1]);
    if ( rule==DEMPSTER) {
        memcpy( build_evi[ 1] + 79, plspos, 2);
        memcpy( build_evi[ 1] + 23, evi2, strchr( evi2, ' ')- evi2);
        fprintf( execfile, "%s\n", build_evi[ 1]);
    }
    fclose( execfile);

    /* waiting for the creation of the evidence map ... */
    _settextposition( 20, 2); _outtext("SPANS: exec f=mkevi");
    strcpy( mapfile, evi1);
    mapfile[ strchr( evi1, ' ') - evi1] = 0;
    strcat( mapfile, ".map");

    remove( mapfile);

    while ( TRUE) {

        for ( i=0; i<70000; ++i);
        _settextposition( 21, 2); _outtext("Waiting for SPANS ... \\");

        /* terminate the loop if the map if created */
        if ( CompletedJob( mapfile)) break;
        for ( i=0; i<70000; ++i);
        _settextposition( 21, 2); _outtext("Waiting for SPANS ... -");

        if ( kbhit()) {
            c = getch();
            if ( c == ESC) break;
        }

        for ( i=0; i<70000; ++i);
        _settextposition( 21, 2); _outtext("Waiting for SPANS ... /");
    }

    if ( c != ESC) {
        _settextposition( 23, 2); _outtext("The evidence(s) now exist.");
        _settextposition( 24, 2); _outtext("Press any key to continue...");
        while ( !kbhit());
        getch();
    }

    /* clear portion of the screen */
    ClearBox( 10, 5, 14, 50);
} /* GenerateEvidence() */

```

```

/*****
name: BuildEvi( int rule)

goal: To get the parameters necessary to make a evidence map and to call
      functions to make this map.

input: rule : one of the 5 integration rules (REGRESSION, BAYES, DEMPSTER,
      FUZZY, or CERTAINTY")

returns: nothing
Global variables changed: none
*****/
void BuildEvi( int rule)
{
char    indextbl[ 13];          /* the favorability index used in the em */
char    evidence[ 13]="evi";   /* evidence map filename */
char    evibel[ 13] ="bel";    /* evidence belief map filename */
char    evipls[ 13] ="pls";    /* evidence plausible map filename */
char    inmap[ 13];           /* the input map to be converted filename*/
char    evidtent='0';         /* indicates the type of integration rule*/
int     nofiles = 0;          /* number of files filtered */
int     sel;                  /* index specifying the selected filename*/

enum parmsChoices ( WINDOW, QUADLEVEL, INTABLE, INMAP, EXECUTE, END);

/* displaying the user input variables */
_settextposition( 13, 2); _outtext("window:");
_settextposition( 14, 2); _outtext("quad level:");
_settextposition( 15, 2); _outtext("favorability index table:");
_settextposition( 16, 2); _outtext("input map:");
if ( rule == DEMPSTER) {
    _settextposition( 17, 2); _outtext( "output BELIEF. evidence map: \0");
    _settextposition( 18, 2); _outtext( "output PLAUSIBLE evidence map: \0");
}
else {
    _settextposition( 17, 2); _outtext("output evidence map: ");
}

/* gets the parameters one by one */
sel = WINDOW;
while( sel != END && sel != ESC)
    switch( sel) {

        case WINDOW:
            if ( (nofiles=GetFileNames( TBA_FILTER))!= 0) {
                sel = EditStr( 13, 10, 2, validfilename, window);
                sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : QUADLEVEL;
            }
            else {
                ProgramError( "No table(s) exist on your directory (*.TBA).");
                sel = END;
            }
            break;

        case QUADLEVEL:
            sel = EditStr( 14, 14, 2, numberonly, quadlevel);
            _settextposition( 14, 14); OutBgText( quadlevel);
            sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : INTABLE;
            break;
    }
}

```

```

case INTABLE:
    sel = SelectOneFileMenu( 15, 28, nofiles);
    if ( sel != ESC) {
        strcpy( indextbl, fnames[ sel]);
        /* Adds a letter(R,A,B P,F,or C) to the input favorability */
        /* index table name. That new name is the evidence map */
        /* name. */
        if ( rule == DEMPSTER) {
            strcpy( evibel, fnames[ sel], 8);
            evibel[ strchr(fnames[ sel], ' ')-fnames[sel]] = 'B';
            evibel[ 8] = 0; strcat( evibel, " MAP");
            strcpy( evipls, fnames[ sel], 8);
            evipls[ strchr(fnames[ sel], ' ')-fnames[sel]] = 'P';
            evipls[ 8] = 0; strcat( evipls, " MAP");
        }
        else {
            switch( rule) {
                case REGRESSION:
                    eviident = 'R';
                    break;
                case BAYES:
                    eviident = 'A';
                    break;
                case FUZZY:
                    eviident = 'F';
                    break;
                case CERTAINTY:
                    eviident = 'C';
                    break;
            }

            strcpy( evidence, fnames[ sel], 8);
            evidence[ strchr(fnames[ sel], ' ')-fnames[sel]] = eviident;
            evidence[ 8] = 0; strcat( evidence, " MAP");
        }

        ClearBox( 15, 28, 11, 15);
        _settextposition( 15, 28); OutBgText( indextbl);
        _settextposition( 16, 2 ); _outtext("input map:");
        if ( rule == DEMPSTER) {
            _settextposition( 17, 2); _outtext("output BELIEF      evidence map: ");
            OutBgText( evibel);
            _settextposition( 18, 2); _outtext("output PLAUSIBLE evidence map: ");
            OutBgText( evipls);
        }
        else {
            _settextposition( 17, 2); _outtext("output evidence map: ");
            OutBgText( evidence);
        }
        sel = INMAP;
    }
    break;

case INMAP:
    sel = ESC;
    if ( (nofiles = GetFileNames( MAP_FILTER)) != 0)
        if ( ( sel=SelectOneFileMenu( 16, 13, nofiles)) != ESC) {
            strcpy( inmap, fnames[ sel]);
            ClearBox( 16, 13, 11, 15);
            _settextposition( 16, 13); OutBgText( inmap);
            if ( rule == DEMPSTER) {
                _settextposition( 17, 2); _outtext("output BELIEF      evidence map: ");
                OutBgText( evibel);
                _settextposition( 18, 2); _outtext("output PLAUSIBLE evidence map: ");
                OutBgText( evipls);
            }
        }
    }

```

```

        else {
            _settextposition( 17, 2); _outtext("output evidence map: ");
            OutBgText( evidence);
        }
        sel = EXECUTE;
    }
    else {
        ProgramError( "No map(s) table exist on your directory (*.TBB).");
        sel = END;
    }
    break;

/* generates the evidence with proper parameters */
case EXECUTE:
    if ( rule == DEMPSTER)
        GenerateEvidence( indextbl, inmap, rule, evibel, evipls);
    else
        GenerateEvidence( indextbl, inmap, rule, evidence);

    sel = END;
    break;
}

```

```

    ClearBox( 10, 2, 15, 70);

```

```

} /* BuildEvi() */

```

```

/*****
name: ReBuildTBA( char *tbafn)

```

goal: To rebuild the favorability index table. The reclassified favorability values needs to be recalculated when the user edit changes the favorability values of the models in the TBA file.

input: tbafn : the favorability table filename

returns: nothing

Global variables changed: none

```

*****/
void ReBuildTBA( char *tbafn)

```

```

{
FILE          *tba;                /* TBA to rebuild          */
FILE          *newtba;            /* rebuilt TBA             */
char          tempstr[ MAXSTRTBA]="empty"; /* temporary string       */
char          readstr[ MAXSTRTBA]="also empty"; /* used to read strings   */
int           i;                  /* counter                 */
double        area, prob, bel, pls, /* area and model values  */
certfact, fuzzy;                /*                          */
int           pnts;              /* points per classes      */

```

/\* opens up the TBA that needs to be rebuild \*/

```

if ( ( tba = fopen( tbafn, "rt")) == NULL)
    ProgramError( strcat( "Cannot open file:", tbafn));
else {

```

/\* opens up the rebuilt TBA (call temp.int until we rename it) \*/

```

newtba = fopen( "temp.int", "w+");
/* reads in the tba header */
for (i=0; i < 24; ++i)
    if ( fgets( readstr, MAXSTRTBA - 1, tba) == NULL)
        ProgramError( strcat( "Cannot read file:", tbafn));
    else
        fputs( readstr, newtba);

```

```

/* Reads in the TBA DATA section and rebuild the reclassified value */
/* every PDA in the tba file */
while ( fgets( readstr, MAXSTRTBA - 1, tba) != NULL) {

    area      = StrGetLastFloat( readstr, FROMLAST, 11);
    pnts      = (int )StrGetLastFloat( readstr, FROMLAST, 10);
    prob      = StrGetLastFloat( readstr, FROMLAST, 9);
    bel       = StrGetLastFloat( readstr, FROMLAST, 8);
    pls       = StrGetLastFloat( readstr, FROMLAST, 7);
    fuzzy     = StrGetLastFloat( readstr, FROMLAST, 6);
    certfact  = StrGetLastFloat( readstr, FROMLAST, 5);

    /* copy the associated class and the class name into tempstr */
    /* by detecting both " ' " (ASCII=39) characters */
    strncpy( tempstr, readstr,
            strchr( strchr( readstr, 39)+1, 39) - readstr+1);

    /* writes out the file again */
    fprintf( newtba, "%s %12.7lf %7i %12.7lf %12.7lf %12.7lf"
            " %12.7lf %12.7lf %4i %4i %4i %4i %4i\n",
            tempstr, area,
            pnts, prob, bel, pls,
            fuzzy, certfact,
            ReclassifiedModelValue( prob),
            ReclassifiedModelValue( bel),
            ReclassifiedModelValue( pls),
            ReclassifiedModelValue( fuzzy),
            ReclassifiedModelValue( certfact));

}

/* closes files and rename the temporary one as the old one */
fclose( tba);
fclose( newtba);
remove( tbafn);
rename( "temp.int", tbafn);
}

} /* ReBuildTBA() */

/*****
name: EditFav( void)

goal: To edit a favorability index by calling the editor Q.EXE.

input: none
returns: nothing
Global variables changed: none
*****/
void EditFav( void)
{
char *args[4], prog[ 6]; /* used to call a child process */
char fn[ 13]; /* the filename that will be edited */
int nofiles; /* the matching *.TBA number of files */
int seltba; /* the selected TBA file */
int endstr; /* indicating the end position in the filename */

struct stat filestat1, filestat2;

```



```

/* ask the user to specify a favorability index (SPANS *.TBA format) */
/* by firstly searching the directory for some *.TBA file */
if ( (nofiles=GetFileNames( FAVTABLE_FILTER)) != 0) {
    _settextposition( 10, 2); _outtext("table to edit:");
    if ( ( seltba>SelectOneFileMenu( 10, 17, nofiles)) != ESC) {

        /* eliminate the space(s) between the filename and filetype and */
        /* prepare the child process parameters */
        endstr = strchr( fnames[ seltba], ' ') - fnames[ seltba];
        strncpy( fn, fnames[ seltba], endstr); fn[ endstr] = 0;
        strcat( fn, ".tba");
        strcpy( prog, "q.exe");
        args[0] = prog;
        args[1] = fn;
        args[2] = NULL;

        /* get the time of creation */
        stat( fn, &filestat1 );

        /* call the child process to execute Q.EXE */
        _displaycursor( _GCURSORON);
        spawnvp( P_WAIT, prog, args );
        _displaycursor( _GCURSOROFF);

        /* get the time of creation so we can check if the file */
        /* was modified */
        stat( fn, &filestat2);
        if ( filestat1.st_atime != filestat2.st_atime)
            ReBuildTBA( fn);
    }
}
else
    ProgramError( "No favorability table(s) exist on your directory (*.TBB).");

/* clear part of screen */
ClearBox( 10, 2, 15, 70);
} /* EditFav() */

```

```

/*****
name: BuildEvidence()

goal: To present a menu to build the evidence maps. Presented options are
      to CREATE a favorability index, EDIT a favorability index, to
      BUILD a evidence map, or to CHOOSE evidence to model.

input: none
returns: nothing
Global variables changed: none
*****/
void BuildEvidence()
{
int   sel = 0;                /* menu selection */
int   rules;                 /* preferred model(rule) */
ITEM evidencemnu[] = {      /* menu structure */
    { 0, "Create Favorability Table"},
    { 0, "Edit Favorability Table"},
    { 0, "Display Evidence"},
    {19, "Choose Evidence to Model"},
    { 0, ""}
}; enum evidencemnuCHOICES { CREATE, EDIT, BUILD, CHOOSE_EVI};

/* display and execute options to build and edit evidence maps */
/* until ESC is pressed */
do {
    sel = MenuVerti( 3, 13, evidencemnu, sel);
    switch( sel) {

        case CREATE:
            /* Create a favorability index */
            CreateFavTable();
            break;

        case EDIT:
            /* Edit a favorability index */
            EditFav();
            break;

        case BUILD:
            /* Build a evidence map with a favorability index to display */
            rules = MenuVerti( 6, 6, rulesmnu, 0);
            if ( rules != ESC) BuildEvi( rules);
            ClearBox( 6, 6, 6, 45);
            break;

        case CHOOSE_EVI:
            /* Chooses some evidence to model */
            ChooseEvidences();
            break;
    }
} while ( sel != ESC);

ClearBox( 3, 13, 3, 25);
} /* BuildEvidence() */

```

# MODEL.H

```
void ChooseEvidences( void);
```

# MODEL.C

```
/*  
MODULE EXTERNAL AVAILABLE FUNCTION(s):
```

```
ChooseEvidences()
```

```
MODULE INTERNAL FUNCTION(s): All are called from ChooseEvidences()
```

```
ChooseEvidences : called from BuildEvidences (evidence.c)
```

```
| TransferFavTables
```

```
| GetModelFavTables
```

```
| | DisplayFavTables
```

```
| | ClearAllFavTables
```

```
| | | DisplayFavTables
```

```
| | AddFavTables
```

```
| PutBackFavTables
```

```
| PrepareEvidences
```

```
| | GetUniqueTableData
```

```
| | | ModelEvidencesValid
```

```
| | | ReadUniqueFile
```

```
| | GetAreaPoints
```

```
| | | CalculateP_D
```

```
*****/
```

```
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <stdlib.h>  
#include <string.h>  
#include <graph.h>  
#include <math.h>  
#include <errno.h>  
#include <io.h>  
#include <conio.h>
```

```
#include "favmod.h"  
#include "menu.h"  
#include "utils.h"
```

```
#define PREPARE_FT 2
```

```
struct UNIQUE_TABLE  
{  
    unipoly[ MAX_UNIQUE_POLYGONS]; /* unique conditions */  
    double area_per_class[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ MAX_CLASSES]; /* area/class */  
    double area_per_evidence[ MAX_EVIDENCES]; /* area/evidence */  
    double S_T; /* total area */  
    double PD; /* P( D ) */  
    int total_pnts; /* max # of points */  
    char favtablesfn[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ 9]; /* fav.table fn */  
    char evidencesfn[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ 9]; /* evi. filenames */  
    int no_favtables=0; /* total # of fav.tbs*/  
    int uni_poly; /* # of unique poly. */  
};
```

```

double      bayest[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ MAX_CLASSES];
double      belt[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ MAX_CLASSES];
double      plst[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ MAX_CLASSES];
double      fuzzyt[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ MAX_CLASSES];
double      certfactt[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ MAX_CLASSES];

```

```

/*****
name: DisplayFavTables( char favtables[][ 13], int row, int col)

```

goal: To display a list of evidences to a maximum of 16.

```

input: evidences : the evidences to display
       row       : row to start displaying the evidences
       col       : row to start displaying the evidences

```

```

returns: nothing
        none:

```

Global variables changed: none

```

*****/

```

```

void DisplayFavTables( char favtables[][ 13], int row, int col)

```

```

{
  int i;

  /* draws a box around the evidence */
  Box( row-1, col-1, (int )(MAX_EVIDENCES/2) + 1, 27);
  _settextposition( row-1, col + 9); _outtext( "Fav.Tables");
  ClearBox( row, col, (int )(MAX_EVIDENCES/2), 25);

  /* displays the fav tables */
  for (i=0; i < no_favtables; ++i) {
    _settextposition( row + (int )i/2, col + (int )(fmod( i, 2))*15);
    OutBgText( favtables[ i]);
  }

} /* DisplayFavTables() */

```

```

/*****
name: ClearAllFavTables( char favtables[][ 13])

```

goal: To clear the display box and the favorability table list.

```

input: evidences : the evidence to clear

```

```

returns: nothing

```

Global variables changed: no\_favtables : the # of evidences is set to zero

```

*****/

```

```

void ClearAllFavTables( char favtables[][ 13])

```

```

{
  no_favtables = 0;
  DisplayFavTables( favtables, 9, 20);
} /* ClearAllFavTables() */

```

```

/*****
name: AddFavTables( int pos, char favtables[][ 13])

goal: Adds a evidence in the evidence list only if it doesnt exist. It
      deletes the evidence if it exist.

input: pos      : position of the evidence to add/delete in variable 'fnames'
       evidence : list of evidence

returns: nothing

Global variables changed: no_favtables : the # of favorability tables
*****/
void AddFavTables( int pos, char favtables[][ 13])
{
  int      i;

  /* check if the new evidence already exist, if yes we delete it  */
  /* if not we add it */

  for ( i=0; i<no_favtables; ++i)
    if ( !strcmp( favtables[ i], fnames[ pos])) break;

  if ( i != no_favtables) { /* delete the evidence */
    memmove( favtables[ i], favtables[ i+1],
             sizeof( favtables[0])*(no_favtables-i-1));
    favtables[ no_favtables-1][ 0] = 0;
    --no_favtables;
  }
  else { /* add the evidence */
    if ( no_favtables < MAX_EVIDENCES) {
      strcpy( favtables[ no_favtables], fnames[ pos]);
      favtables[ no_favtables+1][ 0] = 0;
      ++no_favtables;
    }
  }
  /* redisplay the new evidence */
  DisplayFavTables( favtables, 9, 20);
} /* AddFavTables() */

```

```
/*
name: GetModelFavTables( int nofiles, char favtables[][ 13])
*/
```

goal: To display and manage a menu for selecting fav. tables.

input: nofiles : # of matching \*.MAP files on disk  
favtables : previous selected favorability table list

returns:

via function parameters:

evidences : final selected evidence list

via function:

PREPARE\_FT : the user has selected the '< accept >' option  
in the evidence list that means acceptance  
of the present list of evidence for modeling  
or  
ESC : the use has cancelled this operation with the  
ESC key

Global variables changed: none

```
*****
```

```
int GetModelFavTables( int nofiles, char favtables[][ 13])
{
int     iPrev=0,iCur=0; /* counter tracking current and previous cursor pos*/
int     i;              /* utility counter */
int     noitem;        /* maximum number of items displayed at one time */
int     starti;        /* first top menu itme to be displayed */
int     prevstarti=0; /* previous top menu item to be displayed */
unsigned uKey;         /* Unsigned key code */
int     row, col;      /* row and column used to display the file menu */

long     bgColor;      /* screen background color */
short    fgColor;      /* screen forground color */
struct   rccoord rc;   /* cursor position */

    row = 9;
    col = 3;

    /* saving old colors and cursor position */
    bgColor = _getbkcolor();
    fgColor = _gettextcolor();
    rc = _gettextposition();

    /* determine the maximum number of items to displayed */
    if ( nofiles > ( 18 - row)) noitem = 18-row;
    else noitem = nofiles;

    /* displaying a box for the menu */
    Box( 8, 2, noitem, strlen( fnames[1])+2);

    /* displays box and selected files in the model */
    DisplayFavTables( favtables, 9, 20); /*7.23*/

    /* Put items on menu. */
    Itemize2( row, col, TRUE, fnames[ 0]);
    for( i = 1; i < noitem; i++)
        Itemize2( row + i, col, FALSE, fnames[i]);

    /* displays "MORE..." to indicate more files for selection */
    _settextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgBorder);
    _setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgBorder);
    if ( noitem != nofiles) {
        _settextposition( row + noitem, col+ strlen( fnames[ 0])/2);
        _outtext( "more...");
    }
}
```

```

else {
    _settextposition( row + noitem, col+ strlen( fnames[ 0])/2);
    _outtext( "      ");
}

/* while a selection or ESC key do ... */
while( TRUE)
{
    /* Wait until a uKey is pressed, then evaluate it. */
    uKey = GetKey( WAIT );
    switch( uKey )
    {
        case UPKEY:          /* Up key          */
            iPrev = iCur;
            iCur = (iCur > 0) ? (--iCur % nofiles) : nofiles - 1;
            break;
        case DOWNKEY:       /* Down key        */
            iPrev = iCur;
            iCur = (iCur < nofiles) ? (++iCur % nofiles) : 0;
            break;

        case ESC:
            _setbkcolor( bgColor );
            _settextcolor( fgColor );
            _settextposition( rc.row, rc.col );
            ClearBox( 3, 1, 23, 60);
            return( ESC);
        case SPACE:
        case CR:
            iPrev = iCur;
            if ( iCur == 1) {
                _setbkcolor( bgColor );
                _settextcolor( fgColor );
                _settextposition( rc.row, rc.col );
                return( PREPARE_FT);
            }
            if ( iCur == 0) ClearAllFavTables( favtables);
            else AddFavTables( iCur, favtables);
            break;
    }
    /* Redisplay current and previous menu item. */
    starti = noitem * ( int)floor( iCur/ noitem);

    if ( prevstarti == starti)
        /* de-hilights the appropriate selection */
        Itemize2( row + iPrev - ( int)floor( iPrev / noitem) * noitem,
                col, FALSE, fnames[ iPrev]);
    else {
        prevstarti = starti;

        /* displays "MORE..." to indicate more files for selection */
        _settextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgBorder);
        _setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgBorder);
        if ( ( nofiles-starti) < noitem) {
            _settextposition( row + noitem, col+ strlen( fnames[ 0])/2);
            _outtext( "      ");
        }
        else {
            _settextposition( row + noitem, col+ strlen( fnames[ 0])/2);
            _outtext( "more...");
        }
        /* Put items on menu. */
        for( i = 0; i < noitem; i++)
            Itemize2( row + i, col, FALSE, fnames[ starti + i]);
    }
    /* hilights the appropriate selection */
}

```

```

        Itemize2( row + iCur -( int)floor( iCur / noitem) * noitem,
                col, TRUE, fnames[ iCur]);

    } /* end while */

} /* GetModelFavTables() */

/*****
name: TransferFavTables( char favtables[][ 13])
goal: To transfer the fav.table filenames into a more workable array because
      the global variable 'favtablesfn' does not contains the file extension
      'MAP' attach to every evidence and makes it hard to manipulate such
      string.
input: favtables : the 'workable' list of evidence
returns: nothing
Global variables changed: none
*****/
void TransferFavTables( char favtables[][ 13])
{
    int i; /* utility counter */

    for (i=0; i < no_favtables; ++i) {
        strcpy( favtables[ i], favtablesfn[ i]);
        strcat( favtables[ i], " MAP");
    }
} /* TransferFavTables() */

/*****
name: PutBackFavTables( char favtables[][ 13])
goal: To transfer back the 'workable' fav. table list into the global variable
      'favtablesfn'
input: favtables : the workable favorability table list
returns: nothing
Global variables changed: favtables : the favorability table list
*****/
void PutBackFavTables( char favtables[][ 13])
{
    int i; /* utility counter */

    for (i=0; i < no_favtables; ++i) {
        strncpy( favtablesfn[ i], favtables[ i], 8);
        favtablesfn[ i][ 8] = 0;
    }
} /* PutBackFavTables() */

int FindFavTablePos( char *e)
{
    int i;

    for ( i=0; i < no_favtables; ++i) {
        if ( !strcmp( e, evidencesfn[ i])) break;
        if ( i == no_favtables-1) break;
    }
    return( i);
} /* FindFavTablePos() */

```



```

/* reads in the signification of each columns */
i=0;
while ( TRUE) { /* reads in the header */
  if ( fgets( instr, MAXSTRTEBA - 1, unif) == NULL) {
    ProgramError( "Invalid format for UNIQUE.TBA file");
    break;
  }
  else {
    if ( !strncmp( instr, "DATA", 4))
      break;
    sscanf( instr, "%*i %*i %*f %*i %s", evifn[ i++]);
  }
}

/* reads in the rest of the data */
if ( no_favtables != i)
  ProgramError( "Please redo this operation with the correct evidences.");
else
  /* checks if the selected evidence match the one in the unique
  condition file */
  if ( ModelEvidencesValid( evifn))
    ReadUniqueFile( unif, evifn);
  else
    ProgramError( "Please redo this operation with the correct evidences.");
}
fclose( unif);
} /* GetUniqueTableData() */

/*****
name: GetAreaPoints()

goal: To get the area and # of points for the classes of the every evidence.
The function also checks the validity of the favorability table for
every TBA.

input: none
returns: nothing
none:
Global variables changed:
- total_pnts : maximum # of points in the fav. table
- PD : probabilistic favorability value computed with the
largest area and the biggest # of points
*****/
void GetAreaPoints()
{
FILE *intbaf; /* TBA file containing points/class */
char tmpstr[ MAXSTRTEBA]; /* temporary string */
char ftn[ 13]; /* temporary string */
int ft; /* # of favorability tables */
int allpnts; /* # of points / class */
double allarea; /* ares of a class */
BOOL readingerror; /* flag TRUE when the TBA is not valid */
int class;

/* initializing global variables */
allpnts = 0;
total_pnts = 0;
for ( ft=0; ft<MAX_EVIDENCES; ++ft)
  for ( class=0; class<MAX_CLASSES; ++class) {
    bayest[ ft][ class] = 0;
    belt[ ft][ class] = 0;
    plst[ ft][ class] = 0;
    fuzzyt[ ft][ class] = 0;
    certfactt[ ft][ class] = 0;
  }
}

```

```

/* reads in the TBA file to determine the points/class if the filename */
/* exist */
for ( ft=0; ft < no_favtables; ++ft) {
    /* prepares the filename to open (add TBA to it) */

    strcpy( ftn, favtablesfn[ ft]);

    if ( strlen( ftn) != 8)
        ftn[ strchr( ftn, ' ') - ftn] = 0;
    strcat( ftn, ".TBA");

    if ( (intbaf = fopen( ftn, "rt")) == NULL) {
        ProgramError( strcat( "Cannot open file:", ftn));
        break;
    }
    else {

        /* Skips lines until 'DATA' is hit */
        readingerror = FALSE;
        do
            if ( fgets( tmpstr, MAXSTREP - 1, intbaf) == NULL) {
                ProgramError( strcat( "Cannot read file:", ftn));
                readingerror = TRUE;
                break;
            }
            while ( strncmp( tmpstr, "DATA", 4) != (int )NULL);

            /* counting # points per class */
            if ( !readingerror) {
                allpnts = 0; allarea = 0;
                while ( fgets( tmpstr, MAXSTRTBA - 1, intbaf) != NULL) {
                    class = (int )StrGetLastFloat( tmpstr, FROMSTART, 1);
                    bayest[ ft][ class] = StrGetLastFloat( tmpstr, FROMLAST, 9);
                    belt[ ft][ class] = StrGetLastFloat( tmpstr, FROMLAST, 8);
                    plst[ ft][ class] = StrGetLastFloat( tmpstr, FROMLAST, 7);
                    fuzzyt[ ft][ class] = StrGetLastFloat( tmpstr, FROMLAST, 6);
                    certfactt[ ft][ class] = StrGetLastFloat( tmpstr, FROMLAST, 5);

                    allpnts += (int )StrGetLastFloat( tmpstr, FROMLAST, 10);
                    allarea += StrGetLastFloat( tmpstr, FROMLAST, 11);
                }
                fclose( intbaf);
                if ( max( allpnts, total_pnts) == allpnts)
                    total_pnts = allpnts;
            }
        }
    }

    PD = CalculateP_D( S_T, total_pnts);
} /* GetAreaPoints() */

```

```

void DisplayEvidences( int row, int col)
{
int i;
char ft[ 13];
FILE *intbaf;
char tmpstr[ MAXSTRTEBA];
char evi[ 13];
char evifn[ 13];
int pos;
int len;

pos = 0;
/* draws a box around the evidence */
Box( row-1, col-1, (int )(MAX_EVIDENCES/2) + 1, 27);
_settextposition( row-1, col + 4); OutBgText( "Evidences to Choose");
ClearBox( row, col, (int )(MAX_EVIDENCES/2), 25);

/* Gets the evidence from the fav. table and display them one by one */
for ( i=0; i<no_favtables; ++i) {

strcpy( ft, favtablesfn[ i]);
if ( strchr( ft, ' ') != NULL)
ft[ strchr( ft, ' ') - ft] = 0;
strcat( ft, ".TBA");

/* opens the file and read the first line, that is the ID field */
if ( (intbaf = fopen( ft, "rt")) == NULL)
ProgramError( strcat( "Cannot open file:", evifn));

else {
fgets( tmpstr, MAXSTRTEBA - 1, intbaf);
fgets( tmpstr, MAXSTRTEBA - 1, intbaf);
sscanf( tmpstr, "%*s%s", evi);

strcpy( evidencesfn[ i], evi);
strcpy( evifn, evi);
strcat( evifn, ".MAP");

for ( len=strlen( evi); len<8; ++len)
evi[ len] = ' ';
evi[ 8] = 0; strcat( evi, " MAP");

if ( EXIST( evifn)) {
_settextposition( row + (int )pos/2, col + ( int)(fmod( pos, 2))*15);
_outtext( evi);
++pos;
}
}
}

} /* DisplayEvidences() */

```

```

/*****
name: PrepareEvidences()

goal: To ask the user to execute some command in SPANS in order to generate
the unique condition table and export it. The function waits or loop
until the unique condition table has been exported by the user and then
calls some functions to get the data from it.

input: none
returns: nothing
Global variables changed: none
*****/
void PrepareEvidences()
{
int      c=0;          /* input char from keyboard */
int      evi;         /* evidence counter */
long     wastetime;   /* counter for wasting time */

/* checks for at least two evidences in the model */
if ( no_favtables >= 2) {

/* displays the evidence to specify in the unique condition table */
DisplayEvidences( 9, 20);

/* tells the user what to do in SPANS */
_settextposition( 19, 2); _outtext("SPANS: Model/Overlay/Unique Conditions/
map=UNIQUE");
_settextposition( 20, 2); _outtext("SPANS: Transform/Export/Library/Table/
table=UNIQUE");

/* starts waiting for SPANS ... */
/*
remove( "unique.map");
remove( "unique.tba");
remove( "unique.tbb");
*/

evi = 0;
while ( TRUE) {

for ( wastetime=0; wastetime<70000; ++wastetime);
_settextposition( 22, 2); _outtext("Waiting for SPANS ... \\");

if ( CompletedJob( "unique.tba"))
break;

for ( wastetime=0; wastetime<70000; ++wastetime);
_settextposition( 22, 2); _outtext("Waiting for SPANS ... -");

if ( kbhit()) {
c = getch();
if ( c == ESC) break;
}

for ( wastetime=0; wastetime<70000; ++wastetime);
_settextposition( 22, 2); _outtext("Waiting for SPANS ... /");
}

if ( c != ESC) {

/* gets the data from SPANS unique condition table and TBA files */
GetUniqueTableData();
GetAreaPoints();
}
}

```

```

rule."); _settextposition( 24, 2); _outtext("Now ready to model the specific integration
        _settextposition( 25, 2); _outtext("Press any key to continue...");
        while ( !kbhit());
        getch();
    }
}
else
    ProgramError( "Plese select at least two evidences in the model.");
    ClearBox( 5, 2, 20, 55);
} /* PrepareEvidences() */

/*****
name: ChooseEvidences()

goal: This function is responsible for calling functions that will
      - offer a menu to choose evidence
      - generate the unique condition table
      - get the data from the unique condition table

input: none
returns: nothing
Global variables changed: fnames : files with matching *.map
*****/
void ChooseEvidences()
{
    char favtables[ MAX_EVIDENCES][ 13] = { {""}}; /* evidence list          */
    int  nofiles; /*matching # of *.map files*/
    int  retcode; /* internal funct. ret.code*/

    /* get the *.TBA matching files and store the result in var 'fnames' */
    if ( (nofiles=GetFileNames( FAVTABLE_FILTER)) != 0)
    {
        /* if some *.map exist then we add two functions to the filename */
        /* list, these function either clear the evidence list or accept the */
        /* list */
        memmove( fnames[ 2], fnames[ 0], sizeof( fnames[ 0])*( nofiles+2));
        strcpy( fnames[ 0], "<clear all>");
        strcpy( fnames[ 1], "< accept >");

        /* transfer the evidences names into a more workable array */
        TransferFavTables( favtables);

        /* to model any integration rule, more than one evidence must exist */
        if ( nofiles < 2)
            ProgramError( "Not enough evidences in your universe (FT*.TBA).");
        else {
            retcode = GetModelFavTables( nofiles+2, favtables);
            PutBackFavTables( favtables);
            if ( retcode == PREPARE_FT) PrepareEvidences();
        }
    }
    else
        ProgramError( "No evidences exist on your directory (*.MAP).");

    ClearBox( 3, 3, 23, 70);
} /* ChooseEvidences() */

```

# RULES.H

```
void Rules( void);
```

# RULES.C

```
/******  
MODULE EXTERNAL AVAILABLE FUNCTION(s):
```

```
Rules()
```

```
MODULE INTERNAL FUNCTION(s): All are called from Rules()
```

```
Rules : called from main (favmod.c)
```

```
|  
| ModelTechnique  
| | ExecuteModel  
| | | GenerateModelTBA  
| | | | CalculateRegression  
| | | | | dmatrix  
| | | | | dvector  
| | | | | FillRegMatrices  
| | | | | | S_XY  
| | | | | GaussJordan  
| | | | | | ivector  
| | | | | | free_ivector  
| | | | | free_dmatrix  
| | | | | free_dvector  
| | | | CalculateBayes  
| | | | | PABC_D  
| | | | | PABC  
| | | | CalculateDempster  
| | | | | DempsterBel  
| | | | | DempsterBelp  
| | | | CalculateFuzzy  
| | | | CalculateCertainty  
| | | | ReclassifiedModelValue
```

```
*****/
```

```
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <conio.h>  
#include <graph.h>  
#include <stdlib.h>  
#include <math.h>  
#include <errno.h>  
#include <string.h>
```

```
#include "menu.h"  
#include "favmod.h"  
#include "utils.h"
```

```
double mat[ MAX_EVIDENCES+1][ MAX_EVIDENCES+1];  
double na[ MAX_EVIDENCES+1];  
double results[ MAX_EVIDENCES+1];
```

```

/*****
The following MACROS simplify the access of variables. The
definition for each is:

S_A( EVI)           : Area covered (km2) the EVI-th evidence.

S_Ai( POLY,EVI)    : Area covered (km2) by the class contained in the
                    POLY-th polygon of the EVI-th evidence.

P_Ai( POLY,EVI)    : S_Ai( POLY, EVI) / total surface covered by the area
*****/
#define SWAP( a, b)      { double temp=(a);(a)=(b);(b)=temp;}
#define S_A( evi)       area_per_evidence[ evi]
#define S_Ai( poly, evi) area_per_class[ evi][ unipoly[ poly].class[ evi] ]
#define P_Ai( poly, evi) S_Ai( poly, evi) / S_T

#define bayes_value( poly, evi) bayest[ evi][ unipoly[poly].class[evi]]
#define bel_value( poly, evi)   belt[ evi][ unipoly[poly].class[evi]]
#define pls_value( poly, evi)   plst[ evi][ unipoly[poly].class[evi]]
#define fuzzyt_value( poly, evi) fuzzyt[ evi][ unipoly[poly].class[evi]]
#define certfact_value( poly, evi) certfactt[ evi][ unipoly[poly].class[evi]]

/* menu definition for displaying the different integration rules (menu.h) */
extern ITEM rulesmnu[];

/*****
name: PABC_D( int poly)

goal: Assuming the three evidences A, B, C with respectively i, j, and k
      classes, this function calculates (see Chang-Jo Chung
      personal notes, p. 4)

      (P(Ai)*P(Bj)*P(Ck)) * P(D) *  $\frac{P(D|Ai)}{P(D)}$  *  $\frac{P(D|Bj)}{P(D)}$  *  $\frac{P(D|Ck)}{P(D)}$ 

input: poly : unique polygon number

returns: the result of the above formula
Global variables changed: none
*****/
double PABC_D( int poly)
{
double result;
int evi;

/* Calculating P(Ai) * P(Bj) * P(Ck) */
result = 1;
for ( evi=0; evi < no_favtables; ++evi)
if ( unipoly[ poly].class[ evi] != 0)
result *= P_Ai( poly, evi);

/* Calculating (P(Ai)*P(Bj)*P(Ck)) * P(D) */
result *= PD;

/* Calculating (P(Ai)*P(Bj)*P(Ck)) * P(D) * (P(D|Ai)/P(D)) *
/* (P(D|Bj)/P(D)) * (P(D|Ck)/P(D)) */
for ( evi=0; evi < no_favtables; ++evi)
if ( unipoly[ poly].class[ evi] != 0)
result *= ( bayes_value( poly, evi) / PD);

return( result);
} /* PABC_D() */

```

```
/*
name: PABC( int poly)

```

```
goal: Assuming the three evidences A, B, C with respectively i, j, and k
classes, this function calculates (see Chang-Jo Chung
personal notes, p. 4)
```

$S(A_i^{B_j^{C_k}})$  / Total surface

that is the area spans by the intersection of the 3 evidence for the specific classes contain in a unique polygon.

input: poly : unique polygon number

returns:  $S(A_i^{B_j^{C_k}})$  / total surface of the study area

Global variables changed: none

```
*****/
```

```
double PABC( int poly)
```

```
{
int      evi, i;
double   S_AiBiCi;
BOOL     match;
```

```
/* Calculating  $S(A_i^{B_j^{C_k}})$  */
```

```
S_AiBiCi = 0;
```

```
for ( i=0; i < uni_poly; ++i) {
```

```
    match = TRUE;
```

```
    for ( evi=0; evi < no_favtables; ++evi)
```

```
        if ( unipoly[ poly]. class[ evi] != 0 ) {
```

```
            if ( unipoly[ i]. class[ evi] != unipoly[ poly].class[ evi])
```

```
                match = FALSE;
```

```
        }
```

```
        if ( match) S_AiBiCi += unipoly[ i].area;
```

```
    }
```

```
    return( S_AiBiCi / S_T);
```

```
} /* PABC() */
```

```
/*
```

```
name: CalculateBayes( int poly)
```

```
goal: To calculate Bayes model for each unique polygon.
```

```
input: poly : unique polygon number
```

```
returns: bayes value
```

```
Global variables changed: none
```

```
*****/
```

```
double CalculateBayes( int poly)
```

```
{
```

```
    return( PABC_D( poly) / PABC( poly));
```

```
} /* CalculateBayes() */
```



```

/*****
name: DempsterBel( double a, double ap, double b, double bp)

```

goal: To calculate Dempster Belief function for each unique polygon that a pixel contains a deposit.

input: a : possibility that the pixel contains the deposit for layer A  
ap : possibility that the pixel does not contain the deposit for A  
b : possibility that the pixel contains the deposit for layer B  
bp : possibility that the pixel does not contain the deposit for B

returns: belief function value

Global variables changed: none

```

*****/
double DempsterBel( double a, double ap, double b, double bp)
{
    return( (a*b + a*(1.0-b-bp) + b*(1.0-a-ap) ) / (1.0-a*bp-ap*b));
}

```

```

/*****
name: DempsterBelp( double a, double ap, double b, double bp)

```

goal: To calculate Dempster Belief function for each unique polygon that a pixel DOES NOT contain a deposit.

input: a : possibility that the pixel contains the deposit for layer A  
ap : possibility that the pixel does not contain the deposit for A  
b : possibility that the pixel contains the deposit for layer B  
bp : possibility that the pixel does not contain the deposit for B

returns: belief function value

Global variables changed: none

```

*****/
double DempsterBelp( double a, double ap, double b, double bp)
{
    return( (ap*bp + ap*(1.0-b-bp) + bp*(1.0-a-ap) ) / (1.0-a*bp-ap*b));
}

```

```

/*****
name: CalculateDempster( int poly, double *bel, double *pls)

```

goal: To calculate Dempster's and Shafer Belief and Plausible functions.

input: poly: the unique polygon number

returns: bel : Belief function value  
pls : Plausible function value

Global variables changed: none

```

*****/
void CalculateDempster( int poly, double *bel, double *pls)
{
    int     evi;

    *bel = DempsterBel( bel_value( poly, 0),
                        1.0 - pls_value( poly, 0),
                        bel_value( poly, 1),
                        1.0 - pls_value( poly, 1));
    *pls = DempsterBelp( bel_value( poly, 0),
                        1.0 - pls_value( poly, 0),
                        bel_value( poly, 1),
                        1.0 - pls_value( poly, 1));
}

```

```

    for ( evi=2; evi < no_favtables; ++evi) {
        *bel = DempsterBel( *bel, *pls, bel_value( poly, evi), 1.0 - pls_value( poly, evi));
        *pls = DempsterBelp( *bel, *pls, bel_value( poly, evi), 1.0 - pls_value( poly, evi));
    }

    *pls = 1.0 - *pls;
} /* CalculateDempster() */

/*****
name: GaussJordan( int n)
goal: Performs a Gass-Jordan Elimination on matrix 'mat' of dimension 'n'.
input: mat : the input matrix
       n   : the matrix dimension
returns: mat : the result is stored in the input matrix

Global variables changed: none
*****/
void GaussJordan( int n)
{
    int    indxc[ MAX_EVIDENCES+1], indxr[ MAX_EVIDENCES+1], ipiv[ MAX_EVIDENCES+1];
    int    i=0, icol=0, irow=0, j=0, k=0, l=0, ll=0;
    double big=0.0, dum=0.0, pivinv=0.0;

    for ( j=1; j <= n; j++) ipiv[j]=0;
    for ( i=1; i <= n; i++) {
        big = 0.0;
        for ( j=1; j <= n; j++)
            if ( ipiv[ j] != 1)
                for ( k=1; k <= n; k++) {
                    if ( ipiv[ k] == 0) {
                        if ( fabs( mat[ j][ k]) >= big) {
                            big = fabs( mat[ j][ k]);
                            irow = j;
                            icol = k;
                        }
                    }
                }
            else
                if ( ipiv[ k] > 1) ProgramError( "GAUSSJ: Singular Matrix-1");
    }
    ++( ipiv[ icol]);
    if ( irow != icol)
        for ( l=1; l <= n; l++) SWAP( mat[ irow][ l], mat[ icol][ l])

    indxr[ i] = irow;
    indxc[ i] = icol;
    if ( mat[ icol][ icol] == 0.0) ProgramError( "GAUSSJ: Singular Matrix-2");
    pivinv = 1.0 / mat[ icol][ icol];
    mat[ icol][ icol] = 1.0;
    for ( l=1; l <= n; l++) mat[ icol][ l] *= pivinv;
    for ( ll=1; ll <= n; ll++)
        if ( ll != icol) {
            dum = mat[ ll][ icol];
            mat[ ll][ icol] = 0.0;
            for ( l=1; l <= n; l++) mat[ ll][ l] -= mat[ icol][ l]* dum;
        }
}

for ( l=n; l >= 1; l--) {
    if ( indxr[ l] != indxc[ l])
        for ( k=1; k <= n; k++) SWAP( mat[ k][ indxr[ l]], mat[ k][ indxc[ l]]);
}
} /* GaussJordan() */

```

```

/*****
name: S_XY( int poly, int x, int y)

goal: To calculate the area spans by the intersection of two classes
      contained in a unique polygon.

input: poly: unique polygon number
       x   : index of the first class
       y   : index of the second class

returns: area spans by the intersection

Global variables changed: none
*****/
double S_XY( int poly, int x, int y)
{
  int      i;
  double   S_XiYj;

  /* Calculating S(Xi^Yj) */
  S_XiYj = 0;
  for ( i=0; i < uni_poly; ++i) {
    if ( ( unipoly[ poly].class[ x] == unipoly[ i].class[ x]) &&
         ( unipoly[ poly].class[ y] == unipoly[ i].class[ y]))
      S_XiYj += unipoly[ i].area;
  }

  return( S_XiYj);
} /* S_XY() */

/*****
name: FillRegMatrices( int poly, int n, int used_evi[])

goal: To prepare the matrix and the vectors so the computation of the
      regression can be preformed (see Chang_Jo personal notes p. R3).

input: poly      : unique polygon number
       n         : # of evidences used in the computation
       used_evi  : evidences used in the computation
returns: regmat  : matrix used in the computation
       regvect   : vector used in the computation
Global variables changed: none
*****/
void FillRegMatrices( int poly, int n, int used_evi[])
{
  int      i, j;

  mat[ 1][ 1] = 1.0;
  /* fills in the regression matrix */
  for ( i=2; i <= n; ++i) {
    mat[ 1][ i] = P_Ai( poly, used_evi[ i-2]);
    mat[ i][ 1] = P_Ai( poly, used_evi[ i-2]);
    mat[ i][ i] = P_Ai( poly, used_evi[ i-2]);
  }
  for ( i=1; i <= n; ++i)
    for ( j=1; j <= n; ++j)
      if ( ( i != 1) && ( j != 1) && ( i != j))
        mat[ i][ j] =
          S_XY( poly, used_evi[ i-2], used_evi[ j-2]) / S_T;

  /* fills in the regression vector */
  na[ 1] = 1.0;
  for ( i=2; i <= n+1; ++i)
    na[ i] = ( log( 1.0 - bayes_value( poly, used_evi[ i-2])) /
              log( 1.0 - atof(unitsize)/S_A( used_evi[ i-2]))) / total_pnts;
} /* FillRegMatrices() */

```

```

/*****
name: CalculateRegression( int poly)

goal: To compute the value of the regression model for every unique
      polygon.

input: poly : unique polygon number

returns: regvalue : regression value

Global variables changed: none
*****/
double CalculateRegression( int poly)
{
int      n;                /* matrix rank used for computation */
int      k, l;            /* matrix row and column */
int      used_evi[ MAX_EVIDENCES]; /* evidences with mapped areas */
double   regvalue;        /* regression model value */

n=1;
/* determine the rank of the matrix */
for ( k=0; k < no_favtables; ++k)
    if ( unipoly[ poly].class[ k]) {
        used_evi[ n-1] = k;
        ++n;
    }

/* puts data in matrix mat and vector na */
FillRegMatrices( poly, n, used_evi);

/* invert the matrix mat */
GaussJordan( n);

/* multiplying the inverse mat with the points vector */
for ( k=1; k <= n; k++) {
    results[ k] = 0.0;
    for ( l=1; l <= n; l++)
        results[ k] += ( mat[ k][ l] * na[ l]);
}

/* multiplying results by ( n/t) */
regvalue = 0.0;
for ( l=1; l <= n; l++)
    regvalue += ( results[ l] * ( total_pnts/S_T));

return( regvalue);
} /* CalculateRegression */

/*****
name: CalculateFuzzy( int poly)

goal: To compute the value of the fuzzy set model for every unique
      polygon.

input: poly : unique polygon number

returns: fuzzy : fuzzy set value

Global variables changed: none
*****/
double CalculateFuzzy( int poly)
{
double fuzzy;
    fuzzy = 0.0; return( fuzzy);
} /* CalculateFuzzy() */

```

```

/*****
name: CalculateCertainty( int poly)

goal: To compute the value for the certainty factor model of every unique
      polygon.

input: poly : unique polygon number

returns: cfact : certainty factor

Global variables changed: none
*****/
double CalculateCertainty( int poly)
{
    double cfact;

    cfact = 0.0;
    return( cfact);
} /* CalculateFuzzy() */

/*****
name: GenerateModelTBA( int modeltype)

goal: To generate SPANS table file that contains the result of modeling
      the information layers.

input: modeltype : the modeling function (BAYES, REGRESSION, DEMPSTER,
      FUZZY, or CERTAINTY)

returns: nothing
Global variables changed: none
*****/
void GenerateModelTBA( int modeltype)
{
    double    modelvalue=0;          /* reg, bayes, certainty, and fuzzy
                                     model value          */
    double    bel, pls;             /* belief and plausible functions */
    int       poly;                /* unique polygon number        */
    int       evi;                 /* evidence counter              */
    char      tbafn[ 13];          /* TBA model table filename     */
    char      modelname[ 50];      /* model name (reg, bayes, ...)  */
    int       i;                   /* utility counter               */
    FILE      *outtba;             /* output TBA file pointer       */
    char      tempstr[ 20];        /* utility strings               */
    double    favvalue;
    char      TBAHeader[ 13][ 65] = { /* SPANS TBA file header format */
        "ID ?",
        "TITLE ?",
        "MAPID ??",
        "WINDOW 00 0 0 0 0",
        "TABTYPE 5",
        "FTYPE free",
        "KEYFIELD 1",
        "KEYBASE 0",
        "NRECORD x",
        " 1  4  7.0 0  unique  Unique polypolygon number",
        " 2  4  7.0 0  ?      ?",
        " 3  1 11.6 0  area   Area (square km)"};
}

```

```

/* fills in the header information */
itoa( uni_poly, tempstr, 10);
strcpy( &TBAHeader[ 8][8], tempstr);
switch( modeltype) {
  case( BAYES):
    strcpy( &TBAHeader[ 0][3], "bayes");
    strcpy( modelname, "Baysian Integration rule under CI");
    strcpy( &TBAHeader[ 1][6], modelname);
    strcpy( TBAHeader[ 10], " 2 4 7.0 0 rcbayes Reclassified Baysian value
under CI");
    strcpy( TBAHeader[ 11], " 3 1 11.6 0 area Area (square km)");
    strcpy( tbafn, "bayes.tba");
    break;
  case( REGRESSION):
    strcpy( &TBAHeader[ 0][3], "reg");
    strcpy( modelname, "Multivariate Regression Analysis");
    strcpy( &TBAHeader[ 1][6], modelname);
    strcpy( TBAHeader[ 10], " 2 4 7.0 0 rcreg Reclassified Regression
value");
    strcpy( TBAHeader[ 11], " 3 1 11.6 0 area Area (square km)");
    strcpy( tbafn, "reg.tba");
    break;
  case( DEMPSTER):
    strcpy( &TBAHeader[ 0][3], "dempster");
    strcpy( modelname, "Dempster-Shafer");
    strcpy( &TBAHeader[ 1][6], modelname);
    strcpy( TBAHeader[ 10], " 2 4 7.0 0 rcbel Reclassified Belief funct.
value");
    strcpy( TBAHeader[ 11], " 3 4 7.0 0 rcpls Reclassified Plausible funct.
value");
    strcpy( TBAHeader[ 12], " 4 1 11.6 0 area Area (square km)");
    strcpy( tbafn, "dempster.tba");
    break;
  case( FUZZY):
    strcpy( &TBAHeader[ 0][3], "fuzzy");
    strcpy( modelname, "Fuzzy Logic Set");
    strcpy( &TBAHeader[ 1][6], modelname);
    strcpy( TBAHeader[ 10], " 2 4 7.0 0 rcfuzzy Reclassified Fuzzy Logic
value");
    strcpy( TBAHeader[ 11], " 3 1 11.6 0 area Area (square km)");
    strcpy( tbafn, "fuzzy.tba");
    break;
  case( CERTAINTY):
    strcpy( &TBAHeader[ 0][3], "cert");
    strcpy( modelname, "Certainty Factor");
    strcpy( &TBAHeader[ 1][6], modelname);
    strcpy( TBAHeader[ 10], " 2 4 7.0 0 rccert Reclassified Certainty Factor
value");
    strcpy( TBAHeader[ 11], " 3 1 11.6 0 area Area (square km)");
    strcpy( tbafn, "cert.tba");
    break;
}

/* opens the tba file and starts writing it */
outtba = fopen( tbafn, "w+");

/* writes out the TBA header */
for (i=0; i < 12 + (modeltype==DEMPSTER); ++i)
  fprintf( outtba, "%s\n", TBAHeader[ i]);

/* writes out a description line for every evidence */
for ( evi=0; evi < no_favtables; ++evi) {
  if ( modeltype == DEMPSTER) {
    fprintf( outtba, "%2i 1 12.7 0 B%7s Belief value of %8s\n",
      (evi*2)+5, evidencesfn[ evi], evidencesfn[ evi]);
    fprintf( outtba, "%2i 1 12.7 0 P%7s Plausible value of %8s\n",

```

```

        (evi*2)+6, evidencesfn[ evi], evidencesfn[ evi]);
    }
    else
        fprintf( outtba, "%2i 1 12.7 0 %8s Favorability value of %8s\n",
            evi+4, evidencesfn[ evi], evidencesfn[ evi]);
}
switch( modeltype) {
    case( REGRESSION):
        fprintf( outtba, "%2i 1 12.7 0 reg %s\n", evi+4, modelname);
        break;
    case( BAYES):
        fprintf( outtba, "%2i 1 12.7 0 bayes %s\n", evi+4, modelname);
        break;
    case( DEMPSTER):
        fprintf( outtba, "%2i 1 12.7 0 bel Belief function value\n",
            (no_favtables*2)+5);
        fprintf( outtba, "%2i 1 12.7 0 pls Plausible function value\n",
            (no_favtables*2)+6);
        break;
    case( FUZZY):
        fprintf( outtba, "%2i 1 12.7 0 fuzzy %s\n", evi+4, modelname);
        break;
    case( CERTAINTY):
        fprintf( outtba, "%2i 1 12.7 0 cert %s\n", evi+4, modelname);
        break;
}

/* writes out the TBA data */
fprintf( outtba, "DATA\n");
for ( poly=0; poly < uni_poly; ++poly) {

    switch( modeltype) {
        case( REGRESSION):
            modelvalue = CalculateRegression( poly);
            break;
        case( BAYES):
            modelvalue = CalculateBayes( poly);
            break;
        case( DEMPSTER):
            bel = 0; pls = 0;
            CalculateDempster( poly, &bel, &pls);
            break;
        case( FUZZY):
            modelvalue = CalculateFuzzy( poly);
            break;
        case( CERTAINTY):
            modelvalue = CalculateCertainty( poly);
            break;
    }

    switch( modeltype) {
        case( DEMPSTER):
            fprintf( outtba, "%7i %7i %7i %12.7lf", poly+1,
                ReclassifiedModelValue( bel),
                ReclassifiedModelValue( pls),
                unipoly[ poly].area);
            for ( evi=0; evi < no_favtables; ++evi)
                fprintf( outtba, "%12.7lf %12.7lf",
                    bel_value( poly, evi), pls_value( poly, evi));

            fprintf( outtba, " %12.7lf %12.7lf\n", bel, pls);
            break;
    }
}

```





```

switch( modeltype) {
  case( REGRESSION):
    memcpy( build_model[ 0] + 10, "reg", 3);
    memcpy( build_model[ 1] + 57, "reg", 3);
    strcpy( endmsg, "The file 'reg.tba' contains the results.");
    break;
  case( BAYES):
    memcpy( build_model[ 0] + 10, "bayes", 5);
    memcpy( build_model[ 1] + 57, "bayes", 5);
    strcpy( endmsg, "The file 'bayes.tba' contains the results.");
    break;
  case( DEMPSTER):
    memcpy( build_model[ 0] + 10, "dempster", 8);
    memcpy( build_model[ 1] + 57, "dempster", 8);
    strcpy( endmsg, "The file 'dempster.tba' contains the results.");
    break;
  case( FUZZY):
    memcpy( build_model[ 0] + 10, "fuzzy", 5);
    memcpy( build_model[ 1] + 57, "fuzzy", 5);
    strcpy( endmsg, "The file 'fuzzy.tba' contains the results.");
    break;
  case( CERTAINTY):
    memcpy( build_model[ 0] + 10, "cert", 4);
    memcpy( build_model[ 1] + 57, "cert", 4);
    strcpy( endmsg, "The file 'cert.tba' contains the results.");
    break;
}

/* filling in SPANS command file */
memcpy( build_model[ 1] + 11, "unique", 6);
memcpy( build_model[ 1] + 23, outmap1, strlen( outmap1));
memcpy( build_model[ 1] + 35, window, strlen( window));
memcpy( build_model[ 1] + 79, "2", 1);
memcpy( build_model[ 1] + 84, quadlevel, strlen( quadlevel));

/* writing out SPANS command file */
execfile = fopen( "model.cmd", "w+");
fprintf( execfile, "%s\n%s\n", build_model[ 0], build_model[ 1]);
if ( modeltype == DEMPSTER) {
  memcpy( build_model[ 1] + 23, outmap2, strlen( outmap2));
  memcpy( build_model[ 1] + 79, "3", 1);
  fprintf( execfile, "%s\n", build_model[ 1]);
  strcpy( outmap, outmap2);
}
else
  strcpy( outmap, outmap1);
fclose( execfile);

/* Generating the necessary table to attach the model result to each */
/* unique polygons */
GenerateModelTBA( modeltype);

/* tells the user what to do in SPANS */
_settextposition( 17, 2); _outtext("SPANS: exec f=model");

/* starts waiting for SPANS ... */

strcat( outmap, ".map");
remove( outmap);

while ( TRUE) {
  for ( wastetime=0; wastetime<70000; ++wastetime);
  _settextposition( 18, 2); _outtext("Waiting for SPANS ... \\");
}

```

```

    if ( CompletedJob( outmap))
        break;

    for ( wastetime=0; wastetime<70000; ++wastetime);
    _setttextposition( 18, 2); _outtext("Waiting for SPANS ... -");

    if ( kbhit() ) {
        c = getch();
        if ( c == ESC) break;
    }
    for ( wastetime=0; wastetime<70000; ++wastetime);
    _setttextposition( 18, 2); _outtext("Waiting for SPANS ... /");
}

if ( c != ESC) {
    _setttextposition( 20, 2); _outtext("Integration of data now complete.");
    _setttextposition( 21, 2); _outtext( endmsg);
    _setttextposition( 22, 2); _outtext("Press any key to continue...");
    while ( !kbhit());
    getch();
}

} /* ExecuteModel() */

/*****
name: ModelTechnique( int modeltype)

goal: To accept the necessary parameters from the user for modeling the
      specified integration rule and to call the necessary functions for
      doing so.

input: modeltype : the modeling function (BAYES, REGRESSION, DEMPSTER,
      FUZZY, or CERTAINTY)

returns: nothing
Global variables changed: none
*****/
void ModelTechnique( int modeltype)
{
    int      sel; /* menu selection */
    char     outmap1[ 13] = "Bayes"; /* output model map */
    char     outmap2[ 13] = "Pls"; /* output secondary map (DEMPSTER only) */
    char     modelinfol[ 40] = " "; /* information displayed at the user */
    char     modelinfo2[ 40] = " "; /* information displayed at the user */

    enum parmsChoices { OUTMAP, WINDOW, QUADLEVEL, EXECUTE, END};

    /* ask for the unit size, the system directory path, and
    /* classification scheme of the favorability index, quad tree level,
    /* and default window

    switch( modeltype) {
        case( REGRESSION):
            strcpy( outmap1, "Reg");
            strcpy( modelinfol, "regression output map: ");
            break;
        case( BAYES):
            strcpy( outmap1, "Bayes");
            strcpy( modelinfol, "bayes output map: ");
            break;

```

```

case( DEMPSTER):
    strcpy( outmap1, "Bel");
    strcpy( outmap2, "Pls");
    strcpy( modelinfo1, "Belief    output map: ");
    strcpy( modelinfo2, "Plausible output map: ");
    break;
case( FUZZY):
    strcpy( outmap1, "Fuzzy");
    strcpy( modelinfo1, "fuzzy Logic output map: ");
    break;
case( CERTAINTY):
    strcpy( outmap1, "Cert");
    strcpy( modelinfo1, "Certainty Factor output map: ");
    break;
}

if ( modeltype == DEMPSTER) {
    _settextposition( 9, 2); _outtext( modelinfo1); OutBgText( outmap1);
    _settextposition(11, 2); _outtext( modelinfo2); OutBgText( outmap2);
}
else {
    _settextposition( 9, 2); _outtext( modelinfo1); OutBgText( outmap1);
}

_settextposition(13, 2); _outtext( "quad tree level: "); OutBgText( quadlevel);
_settextposition(15, 2); _outtext( "window: "); OutBgText( window);

sel = OUTMAP;
while( sel != END && sel != ESC)
    switch( sel) {

        case OUTMAP:
            switch( modeltype) {
                case( DEMPSTER):
                    sel = EditStr( 9,  strlen( modelinfo1)+2, 8, validfilename, outmap1);
                    if ( sel != ESC) {
                        sel = EditStr( 11, strlen( modelinfo2)+2, 8, validfilename, outmap2);
                        _settextposition( 9, 2); _outtext( modelinfo1); OutBgText( outmap1);
                        _settextposition( 11, 2); _outtext( modelinfo2); OutBgText( outmap2);
                        sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : QUADLEVEL;
                    }
                    break;
                default:
                    sel = EditStr( 9,  strlen( modelinfo1)+2, 8, validfilename, outmap1);
                    _settextposition( 9, 2); _outtext( modelinfo1); OutBgText( outmap1);
                    sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : QUADLEVEL;
            }
        }

        case QUADLEVEL:
            sel = EditStr( 13, 17+2, 2, numberonly, quadlevel);
            _settextposition( 13, 17+2); OutBgText( quadlevel);
            sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : WINDOW;
            break;

        case WINDOW:
            sel = EditStr( 15, 2+8, 2, validfilename, window);
            _settextposition( 15, 2+8); OutBgText( window);
            sel = (sel == ESC) ? ESC : EXECUTE;
            break;

        case EXECUTE:
            ExecuteModel( modeltype, outmap1, outmap2);
            sel = END;
            break;
    }

    ClearBox( 3, 1, 22, 77);
} /* ModelTechnique() */

```

```

/*****
name: Rules()

goal: To apply on the five integration rules (BAYES, REGRESSION, DEMPSTER,
      FUZZY, or CERTAINTY).

input: none
returns: nothing
Global variables changed: none
*****/
void Rules()
{
int sel = 0;                               /* menu's selection */

/* the user has to select one of the integration rules */
sel = MenuVerti( 3, 7, rulesmnu, sel);
switch( sel) {
case REGRESSION: /* multivariate regression analysis */
ModelTechnique( REGRESSION);
break;
case BAYES: /* Bayes rule under conditional independence */
ModelTechnique( BAYES);
break;
case DEMPSTER: /* Dempster's rule of combination */
ModelTechnique( DEMPSTER);
break;
case FUZZY: /* fuzzy logic set */
/* ModelTechnique( FUZZY); */
break;
case CERTAINTY: /* certainty factor */
/* ModelTechnique( CERTAINTY); */
break;
}

ClearBox( 3, 5, 5, 53);
} /* Rules() */

```

## UTILS.H

```
#define LASTNUM 1
#define FROMSTART 0
#define FROMLAST -1
#define TRUE 1
#define FALSE 0
#define BELL 7

/* struct KEYINDEX
   This structure is use to specify the valid keys when reading a string.
   For example if you only want upper case characters:
       lowerkey = 65
       upperkey = 92
   stands for 'A' to 'Z'
*/
struct keyindex {
    int lowerkey; /* lower ASCII number of the key */
    int upperkey; /* upper ASCII number of key */
};

extern struct keyindex validpath[ 7];
extern struct keyindex validfilename[ 4];
extern struct keyindex numbersonly[ 3];

/*
if format = 1 then argument = 0x0707 (underline cursor)
if format = 0 then argument = 0x0007 (full block cursor)
*/
#define ChangeCursor( format) _settextcursor( format*1792+7)

/* N.B. include <io.h> and <errno.h> to use EXIST */
#define EXIST( filename) !access( filename, 00)

int CompletedJob( char *fn);
int EditStr( int x, int y, int maxlength,
            struct keyindex validkeys[], char *str);
int GetFileNames( char *filter);
void ProgramError( char *errmsg);
void OutBgText( char *text);
double StrGetLastFloat( char *instr, int postype, int pos);
double CalculateP_D( double area, int pnts);
int ReclassifiedModelValue( double mvalue);
```

# UTILS.C

```
/*.....  
MODULE EXTERNAL AVAILABLE FUNCTION(s):
```

```
CalculateP_D  
CompletedJob  
EditStr  
EXIST : macro defined in utils.h  
GetFileNames  
OutBgText  
ProgramError  
ReclassifiedModelValue  
StrGetLastFloat
```

```
MODULE INTERNAL FUNCTION(s):
```

```
CharValid  
/*.....*/  
#include <math.h>  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <stdlib.h>  
#include <string.h>  
#include <process.h>  
#include <graph.h>  
#include <time.h>  
#include <conio.h>  
#include <sys\types.h>  
#include <sys\stat.h>  
  
#include "favmod.h"  
#include "utils.h"  
#include "menu.h"  
  
#define NO_MATCH 18  
#define NO_FILES -1  
  
/* The variables 'validpath', 'validfilename', and 'numberonly' are used */  
/* throughout the program in conjunction with the function 'EditStr'. This */  
/* function edits a string with input a structure similar to these */  
/* variables indicating which characters to accept from the console. */  
struct keyindex validpath[ 7] = {{ 65, 90}, /* 'A'..'Z' */  
 { 97,122}, /* 'a'..'z' */  
 { 58, 58}, /* '\ ' */  
 { 92, 92}, /* ':' */  
 { 46, 46}, /* '.' */  
 { 48, 57}, /* '0'..'9' */  
 { 0}};  
struct keyindex validfilename[ 4] = {{ 65, 90}, /* 'A'..'Z' */  
 { 97,122}, /* 'a'..'z' */  
 { 48, 57}, /* '0'..'9' */  
 { 0}};  
struct keyindex numberonly[ 3] = {{ 48, 57}, /* '0'..'9' */  
 { 45, 46}, /* '-','.' */  
 { 0}};
```

```

/*****
name: int ReclassifiedModelValue( double mvalue)

```

goal: To reclassify the model value that varies between 'favmin' and 'favmax' to a integer value compatible with SPANS.

input: mvalue : the model value to reclassify

returns: rcl : reclassified model value

Global variables changed: none

```

*****/

```

```
int ReclassifiedModelValue( double mvalue)
{

```

```
int rcl;          /* counter that is the reclassified model value */

```

```
/* the reclassified value of 1 is a model value of 0 */

```

```
if ( ( mvalue >= favindex[ 1].min) && ( mvalue < PRECISION))

```

```
return( 1);

```

```
/* loop until the model value falls between the min and max of the */

```

```
/* favorability table constructed with 'favmin' and 'favmax' */

```

```
rcl = 2;

```

```
while ( rcl != 254) {

```

```
if ( ( mvalue >= favindex[ rcl].min) &&

```

```
( mvalue <= favindex[ rcl].max)) break;

```

```
++rcl;

```

```
}

```

```
return( rcl);

```

```
} /* ReclassifiedModelValue() */

```

```

/*****

```

```
name: int CompletedJob( char *fn)

```

goal: The function is used to check if SPANS has created the specified file. If the file can be renamed, the file is then assumed to be created.

input: fn : the filename of the file to check.

returns: 1 : the file can be accessed or exist

or

0 : the file cannot be accessed or does not exist

Global variables changed: none

```

*****/

```

```
int CompletedJob( char *fn)
{

```

```
/* a successful 'rename' of a file means its free_of access */

```

```
remove( "temp");

```

```
if ( !rename( fn, "temp")) {

```

```
rename( "temp", fn);

```

```
return( TRUE);

```

```
}

```

```
return( FALSE);

```

```
} /* CompletedJob() */

```

```
/*
name: double StrGetLastFloat( char *instr, int readtype, int pos)

```

goal: The function gets a floating point number in the specified string <instr>.

input: instr : the string containing a floating number  
readtype : LASTNUM, FROMSTART, or FROMLAST  
depending on readtype, the function return either a value 'pos' from the start from the start  
pos :

```
#define LASTNUM 1
#define FROMSTART 0
#define FROMLAST -1

```

output: the last floating point number in <instr>

```
double StrGetLastFloat( char *instr, int readtype, int pos)
{

```

```
char strele[ 50][80];
int noelements;
int indexpos;

```

```
noelements = sscanf( instr,

```

```
"%s",
strele[0], strele[1], strele[2], strele[3], strele[4],
strele[5], strele[6], strele[7], strele[8], strele[9],
strele[10], strele[11], strele[12], strele[13], strele[14],
strele[15], strele[16], strele[17], strele[18], strele[19],
strele[20], strele[21], strele[22], strele[23], strele[24],
strele[25], strele[26], strele[27], strele[28], strele[29],
strele[30], strele[31], strele[32], strele[33], strele[34],
strele[35], strele[36], strele[37], strele[38], strele[39],
strele[40], strele[41], strele[42], strele[43], strele[44],
strele[45], strele[46], strele[57], strele[58], strele[49]);

```

```
indexpos = 0;
switch( readtype) {
case( LASTNUM):
indexpos = noelements-1;
if ( indexpos < 0) indexpos = 0;
break;
case( FROMLAST):
indexpos = noelements-1-pos;
if ( indexpos < 0) indexpos = 0;
break;
case( FROMSTART):
indexpos = pos-1;
if ( noelements<indexpos) indexpos = 0;
break;
}

```

```
return( atof( strele[ indexpos]));
}

```

```
double CalculateP_D( double area, int pnts)
{

```

```
double prob;
prob = 0.0;
if ( ( pnts != 0) && ( area != 0.0)) .
prob = 1.0 - (double)pow( (long double) (1.0 - min( atof(unitsize)/area, 1.0)),
(long double) pnts);
return( prob);
} /* CalculateP_D() */

```



```

/*.....
ProgramError : Display a system error to the screen. The function also aborts
the execution of the program.
.
.
PARAMETERS: str : string containing the error message
.
.
RETURNS: nothing
.
.
GLOBAL CHANGES: none
.
.
CALLS: none
.....*/
void ProgramError( char *errmsg)
{
    /* display a box and the error message inside it */
    Box( 13, 27 - (int )( floor( strlen( errmsg)/ 2)) - 2, 2, strlen( errmsg) + 4 );
    _settextposition( 14, 27 - (int )floor( strlen( errmsg)/2)+1);
    printf( "%c%s", BELL, errmsg);
    _settextposition( 15, 27 - 14);
    _outtext( "Press any key to continue ...");

    /* wait for any to continue and clear the box */
    while ( !kbhit()); getch();
    ClearBox( 13, 27 - (int )floor( strlen( errmsg)/2) - 2, 2, strlen( errmsg) + 4 );

    _settextposition( 1, 1);
} /* ProgramError() */

/*.....
CharValid : Checks if the input character is a valid one.
.
.
PARAMETERS: valkeys : Possible valid keys
.
.
.
.
carac : the key to check
.
.
RETURNS: valid : TRUE or FALSE depending on the validity of carac
.
.
.
GLOBAL CHANGES: none
.....*/
int CharValid( struct keyindex valkeys[], char carac)
{
    int i = 0;
    int valid = FALSE;

    while ( valkeys[ i].lowerkey != (char )NULL) {
        if ( ( carac >= (char )valkeys[ i].lowerkey) &&
            ( carac <= (char )valkeys[ i].upperkey)) {
            valid = TRUE;
            break;
        }
        ++i;
    }
    return( valid);
} /* CharValid */

```

```

void OutBgText( char *text)
{
long      bgColor;          /* Screen colors */
short     fgColor;

    /* Save the colors */
    bgColor = _getbkcolor();
    fgColor = _getttextcolor();

    /* output the text with the program's colors */
    _setttextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgNormal);
    _setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgNormal);
    _outtext( text);

    /* restore previous colors */
    _setttextcolor( fgColor);
    _setbkcolor( bgColor);
} /* OutBgText() */

/*****
name: EditStr( x, y, maxlength, struct keyindex validkeys[], str)
goal: To get and edit a input string from the keyboard. The function allows
      full editing with the cursor, backspace, delete, and the insert keys.
input: x          : the x position to start editing the string
       y          : the y position to start editing the string
       maxlength  : the max number of characters allowed in editing
       validkeys  : valid keys accepted as input for the string
       str        : the str to be edited
output: str       : the edited string
       keyret     : ESC or 1 (successful editing)
*****/
int EditStr( int y, int x, int maxlength,
            struct keyindex validkeys[], char *str)
{
int      keyret=1, len = strlen( str);
static int insert = TRUE;
int      pos=0;
int      i=0;
short    cursor;
long     bgColor;          /* Screen color, position, and cursor */
short    fgColor;
int      key;

    /* Save screen information. */

    _displaycursor( _GCURSORON);
    cursor = _getttextcursor();
    ChangeCursor( insert);
    bgColor = _getbkcolor();
    fgColor = _getttextcolor();
    _setttextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgNormal);
    _setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgNormal);

    pos = strlen( str);
    key = 0;

    while( key != ESC && key != CR) {

        for ( i=strlen( str); i < maxlength; ++i)
            str[ i] = ' ';

```

```

str[ maxlength] = 0;
_settextposition( y, x); _outtext( str);

_settextposition( y, pos+x);
switch( key = GetKey( WAIT)) {
  case HOMEKEY :
    pos = 0;
    break;
  case ENDKEY :
    pos = len;
    break;
  case INSKEY :
    insert = !insert;
    ChangeCursor( insert);
    break;
  case LEFTKEY :
    if ( pos > 0) pos--;
    break;
  case RIGHTKEY :
    if ( pos < len) pos++;
    break;
  case BS :
    if ( pos > 0) {
      memmove( &str[ pos-1], &str[ pos], len - pos + 1);
      pos--;
      len--;
    }
    break;
  case DELKEY :
    if ( pos < len) {
      memmove( &str[ pos], &str[ pos+1], len - pos - 1);
      len--;
    }
    break;
  case ESC:
    keyret = ESC;
  case CR :
    break;
  default :
    if ( CharValid( validkeys, ( char)key)) {
      if ( insert && ( len < maxlength)){
        memmove( &str[pos+1], &str[ pos], len - pos + 1);
        str[ pos++] = (char )key;
        len++;
      }
      else
        if ( !insert && ( pos < maxlength)) {
          str[ pos++] = (char )key;
          if ( pos > len)
            len++;
        }
    }
    break;
} /* switch */
str[len] = 0;

} /* endwhile */

_settextcursor( cursor);
_settextcolor( fgColor);
_setbkcolor( bgColor);
_displaycursor( _GCURSOROFF );
return( keyret);

} /* EditStr() */

```

```

/*****
name: GetFileNames( char *filter)

goal: The function performs a OS/2 DIRECTORY command with the filter and
stores the matching files in fnames.

input: filter: the filter used when calling OS/2 DIR command

output: fnames: the matching filenames
GetFileNames: the function returns the # of matching files
*****/
int GetFileNames( char *filter)
{
char *args[6] = {
    "CMD.exe",
    "/C",
    "DIR",
    " ",
    ">temp",
    NULL};

char fnstr[ 80];
FILE *tempf;
int i=0;
int retcode;

/* cleans the input variable */
for (i=0; i<MAX_FNAMES; ++i) fnames[ i][ 0] = 0;

/* execute the filtered DIR and store the results in file TEMP */
args[3] = filter;

retcode = spawnvp( P_WAIT, args[ 0], args );
if ( retcode==NO_MATCH || retcode==NO_FILES)
    return( 0);

/* get the filtered filenames stored in TEMP */
if ( (tempf = fopen( "temp", "rt")) == NULL)
    ProgramError( "Can not open, read, or write temporary file.");

else {
/* read the info found before any files */
do
    if ( fgets( fnstr, 80 - 1, tempf) == 0)
        ProgramError( "Can not open, read, or write temporary file.");
while ( fnstr[ 0] == SPACE || fnstr[ 0] == NEWLN );

/* read the filename(s) */
i=0;
while ( TRUE) {
    strncpy( fnames[ i], fnstr, 12);
    fnames[ i][12] = ENDSTR;
    /* fnames[ i][8] = (char )DOT; */
    ++i;
    if ( fgets( fnstr, 80 - 1, tempf) == NULL)
        if( feof( tempf ) )
            break;
        else
            ProgramError( "Can not open, read, or write temporary file.");
    if ( strcmp( fnstr, " ", 1) == (int )0) break;
}
}
if ( fclose( tempf) != 0)
    ProgramError( "Can not open, read, or write temporary file.");
fnames[ i][0] = (char )0;
return( i);
} /* GetFileNames */

```

# MENU.H

```
#ifndef MENU_H
#define MENU_H

#define TRUE 1
#define FALSE 0
/* Include only once */
#define BS 8
#define FORMFEED 12
#define CR 13
#define ESC 27
#define HOMEKEY 327
#define ENDKEY 335
#define UPKEY 328
#define DOWNKEY 336
#define PGUPKEY 329
#define PGDNKEY 337
#define LEFTKEY 331
#define INSKEY 338
#define RIGHTKEY 333
#define DELKEY 339
#define CTRLLEFTKEY 371
#define SPACE 32
#define NEWLN 10
#define DOT 46
#define ENDSTR 0
#endif /* MENU_H */

/* Action codes for getkey */
enum WAITACTION { NO_WAIT, WAIT, CLEAR_WAIT};

/* Text output colors. Note that monochrome can only use 3_TBLACK,
 * _TWHITE, _TBRIGHTWHITE, and _TUNDERLINE. Graphics black-and-white
 * can only use the first three of these. The first eight colors
 * can be used as background colors (although they may need to be
 * cast to long).
 */
enum TEXTCOLORS
{
    _TBLACK,          _TBLUE,          _TGREEN,          _TCYAN,
    _TRED,           _TMAGENTA,        _TBROWN,         _TWHITE,
    _TGREY,          _TLIGHTBLUE,     _TLIGHTGREEN,    _TLIGHTCYAN,
    _TLIGHTRED,     _TLIGHTMAGENTA,  _TLIGHTYELLOW,   _TBRIGHTWHITE,
    _TUNDERLINE = 1
};

/* Structure and global variable for menu attributes */
typedef struct _MENU
{
    int    fgBorder, fgNormal, fgSelect, fgNormHilite, fgSelHilite;
    int    fgNormNotValid;
    long   bgBorder, bgNormal, bgSelect, bgNormHilite, bgSelHilite;
    long   bgNormNotValid;
    int    fCentered;
    unsigned char  chNW, chNE, chSE, chSW, chNS, chEW;
} MENU;

extern MENU mnuAtrib;

/* Public menu, output, and input functions and macros */

/* Structure and maximum length for menu items */
#define MAXITEM 80
```

```

typedef struct _ITEM
(
    int      iHilite;
    char     achItem[MAXITEM];
) ITEM;

int MenuHori( int row, int col, ITEM aItem[], int iCur );
int MenuVerti( int row, int col, ITEM aItem[], int iCur );
void Box( int row, int col, int rowLast, int colLast );
void ClearBox( int row, int col, int rowLast, int colLast );
unsigned GetKey( int fWait );
void _outchar( char out );
int SelectOneFileMenu( int row, int col, int nofiles );
void Itemize2( int row, int col, int fCur, char *itm );

```

## MENU.C

```

/*****
MODULE EXTERNAL AVAILABLE FUNCTION(s):

```

```

    _outchar
    Box
    ClearBox
    GetKey
    Itemize2
    MenuHori
    MenuVerti
    SelectOneFileMenu

```

```

MODULE INTERNAL FUNCTION(s):

```

```

    Itemize
    *****/
#include <string.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <graph.h>
#include <bios.h>

#include <conio.h>

#include <math.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <process.h>
#include <errno.h>

#include "menu.h"
#include "favmod.h"

```

```

/* Prototype for internal function */
static void Itemize( int row, int col, int fCur, ITEM itm, int cBlank);

/* Default menu attribute. The default works for color or B&W. You can
 * override the default value by defining your own MENU variable and
 * assigning it to mnuAtrib, or you can modify specific fields at
 * run time. For example, you could use a different attribute for color
 * than for black and white.
 */
MENU mnuAtrib =
{
    _TBLACK, _TBLACK, _TWHITE, _TBRIGHTWHITE, _TBRIGHTWHITE,
    _TWHITE, _TWHITE, _TBLACK, _TWHITE, _TBLACK,
    TRUE,
    '+', '+', '+', '+', ' ', ' '
};

/* MenuHori - Puts a horizontal menu on screen and reads menu input from keyboard. When a
 * highlighted hot key or ENTER is pressed, returns the index of the
 * selected menu item.
 *
 * Params: row and col - If "fCentered" attribute of "mnuAtrib" is true,
 *         center row and column of menu; otherwise top left of menu
 *         aItem - array of structure containing the text of each item
 *               and the index of the highlighted hot key
 *         iCur - index of the current selection--pass 0 for first item,
 *               or maintain a static value
 *
 * Return: The index of the selected item
 *
 * Uses:   mnuAtrib
 */
int MenuHori( int row, int col, ITEM aItem[], int iCur )
{
    int cItem, cchItem = 2; /* Counts of items and chars per item */
    int i, iPrev;          /* Indexes - temporary and previous */
    int acchItem[MAXITEM]; /* Array of counts of character in items */
    char *pchT;            /* Temporary character pointer */
    char achHilite[36];    /* Array for highlight characters */
    unsigned uKey;         /* Unsigned key code */
    long bgColor;          /* Screen color, position, and cursor */
    short fgColor;
    struct rccoord rc;
    unsigned fCursor;

    /* Save screen information. */
    fCursor = _displaycursor( _GCURSOROFF );
    bgColor = _getbkcolor();
    fgColor = _gettextcolor();
    rc = _gettextposition();

    /* Count items, find longest, and put count of each in array. Also,
     * put the highlighted character from each in a string.
     */
    for( cItem = 0; aItem[cItem].achItem[0]; cItem++ )
    {
        acchItem[cItem] = strlen( aItem[cItem].achItem );
        cchItem = (acchItem[cItem] > cchItem) ? acchItem[cItem] : cchItem;
        i = aItem[cItem].iHilite;
        achHilite[cItem] = aItem[cItem].achItem[i];
    }
    cchItem += 2;
    achHilite[cItem] = 0; /* Null-terminate and lowercase string */
    strlwr( achHilite );
}

```

```

/* Adjust if centered, and draw menu box. */
if( mnuAtrib.fCentered )
{
    row -= cItem / 2;
    col -= cchItem / 2;
}

/* Put items on menu. */
for( i = 0; i < cItem; i++ )
{
    if( i == iCur )
        Itemize( row, col+(cchItem*i), TRUE, aItem[i], cchItem - acchItem[i] );
    else
        Itemize( row, col+(cchItem*i), FALSE, aItem[i], cchItem - acchItem[i] );
}

while( TRUE)
{
    /* Wait until a uKey is pressed, then evaluate it. */
    uKey = GetKey( WAIT );
    switch( uKey )
    {
        case LEFTKEY:                /* Right key */
            iPrev = iCur;
            iCur = (iCur > 0) ? (--iCur % cItem) : cItem - 1;
            break;
        case RIGHTKEY:               /* Left key */
            iPrev = iCur;
            iCur = (iCur < cItem) ? (++iCur % cItem) : 0;
            break;
        /*case ESC:
            return ESC;*/
        default:
            if( uKey > 256 )           /* Ignore unknown function key */
                continue;
            pchT = strchr( achHilite, (char)tolower( uKey ) );
            if( pchT != NULL )        /* If in highlight string, */
                iCur = pchT - achHilite; /* evaluate and fall through */
            else
                continue;           /* Ignore unknown ASCII key */
        case CR:
            _setbkcolor( bgColor );
            _settextcolor( fgColor );
            _settextposition( rc.row, rc.col );
            _displaycursor( fCursor );
            return( iCur );
    }
    /* Redisplay current and previous. */
    Itemize( row, col+(cchItem*iCur),
        TRUE, aItem[iCur], cchItem - acchItem[iCur] );
    Itemize( row, col+(cchItem*iPrev),
        FALSE, aItem[iPrev], cchItem - acchItem[iPrev] );
} /* MenuHori() */

```



```

/* MenuVerti- Puts a vertical menu on screen and reads menu input from keyboard. When a
* highlighted hot key or ENTER is pressed, returns the index of the
* selected menu item.
*
* Params: row and col - If "fCentered" attribute of "mnuAtrib" is true,
*         center row and column of menu; otherwise top left of menu
*         aItem - array of structure containing the text of each item
*               and the index of the highlighted hot key
*         iCur - index of the current selection--pass 0 for first item,
*               or maintain a static value
*
* Return: The index of the selected item
*
* Uses:   mnuAtrib
*/
int MenuVerti( int row, int col, ITEM aItem[], int iCur )
{
int cItem, cchItem = 2; /* Counts of items and chars per item */
int i, iPrev;          /* Indexes - temporary and previous */
int acchItem[MAXITEM]; /* Array of counts of character in items */
char *pchT;           /* Temporary character pointer */
char achHilite[36];   /* Array for highlight characters */
unsigned uKey;        /* Unsigned key code */
long bgColor;        /* Screen color, position, and cursor */
short fgColor;
struct rccoord rc;
unsigned fCursor;

    /* Save screen information. */

    fCursor = _displaycursor( _GCURSOROFF );
    bgColor = _getbkcolor();
    fgColor = _gettextcolor();
    rc = _gettextposition();

    /* Count items, find longest, and put count of each in array. Also,
    * put the highlighted character from each in a string.
    */
    for( cItem = 0; aItem[cItem].achItem[0]; cItem++ )
    {
        acchItem[cItem] = strlen( aItem[cItem].achItem );
        cchItem = (acchItem[cItem] > cchItem) ? acchItem[cItem] : cchItem;
        i = aItem[cItem].iHilite;
        achHilite[cItem] = aItem[cItem].achItem[i];
    }
    cchItem += 2;
    achHilite[cItem] = 0; /* Null-terminate and lowercase string */
    strlwr( achHilite );

    /* Adjust if centered, and draw menu box. */
    if( mnuAtrib.fCentered )
    {
        row -= cItem / 2;
        col -= cchItem / 2;
    }

    /* Put items on menu. */
    for( i = 0; i < cItem; i++ )
    {
        if( i == iCur )
            Itemize( row + i, col, TRUE, aItem[i], cchItem - acchItem[i]);
        else
            Itemize( row + i, col, FALSE, aItem[i], cchItem - acchItem[i]);
    }
}

```

```

while( TRUE)
(
    /* Wait until a uKey is pressed, then evaluate it. */
    uKey = GetKey( WAIT);
    switch( uKey )
    {
        case UPKEY:                /* Up key      */
            iPrev = iCur;
            iCur = (iCur > 0) ? (--iCur % cItem) : cItem - 1;
            break;
        case DOWNKEY:              /* Down key  */
            iPrev = iCur;
            iCur = (iCur < cItem) ? (++iCur % cItem) : 0;
            break;
        case ESC:
            return( ESC);
        default:
            if( uKey > 256 )        /* Ignore unknown function key */
                continue;
            pchT = strchr( achHilite, (char)tolower( uKey ) );
            if( pchT != NULL )     /* If in highlight string,      */
                iCur = pchT - achHilite; /* evaluate and fall through */
            else
                continue;        /* Ignore unknown ASCII key    */
        case CR:
            _setbkcolor( bgColor );
            _settextcolor( fgColor );
            _settextposition( rc.row, rc.col );
            _displaycursor( fCursor );
            return( iCur);
    }
    /* Redisplay current and previous. */
    Itemize( row + iCur, col,
            TRUE, aItem[iCur], cchItem - acchItem[iCur] );
    Itemize( row + iPrev, col,
            FALSE, aItem[iPrev], cchItem - acchItem[iPrev] );
} /* MenuVerti */

/* ClearBox - Draws a blank box with no borders, filling interior with blanks of the border
color.
*
* Params: row and col - upper left of box
*         rowLast and colLast - height and width
*
* Return: None
*
* Uses:   mnuAtrib
*/
void ClearBox( int row, int col, int rowLast, int colLast )
{
    int i;
    char achT[ 81];                /* Temporary array of characters */

    /* Set color and position. */
    _settextposition( row, col );
    _settextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgBorder );
    _setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgBorder );

    /* Draw box top. */
    achT[0] = ' ';
    memset( achT + 1, ' ', colLast );
    achT[colLast + 1] = ' ';
    achT[colLast + 2] = 0;

    _outtext( achT );
}

```

```

/* Draw box sides and center. */
achT[0] = ' ';
memset( achT + 1, ' ', colLast );
achT[colLast + 1] = ' ';
achT[colLast + 2] = 0;
for( i = 1; i <= rowLast; ++i )
{
    _settextposition( row + i, col );
    _outtext( achT );
}

/* Draw box bottom. */
_settextposition( row + rowLast + 1, col );
achT[0] = ' ';
memset( achT + 1, ' ', colLast );
achT[colLast + 1] = ' ';
achT[colLast + 2] = 0;
_outtext( achT );
} /* ClearBox() */

/* Box - Draw menu box, filling interior with blanks of the border color.
 *
 * Params: row and col - upper left of box
 *         rowLast and colLast - height and width
 *
 * Return: None
 *
 * Uses: mnuAtrib
 */
void Box( int row, int col, int rowLast, int colLast )
{
    int i;
    char achT[MAXITEM + 2]; /* Temporary array of characters */

    /* Set color and position. */
    _settextposition( row, col );
    _settextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgBorder );
    _setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgBorder );

    /* Draw box top. */
    achT[0] = mnuAtrib.chNW;
    memset( achT + 1, mnuAtrib.chEW, colLast );
    achT[colLast + 1] = mnuAtrib.chNE;
    achT[colLast + 2] = 0;

    _outtext( achT );

    /* Draw box sides and center. */
    achT[0] = mnuAtrib.chNS;
    memset( achT + 1, ' ', colLast );
    achT[colLast + 1] = mnuAtrib.chNS;
    achT[colLast + 2] = 0;
    for( i = 1; i <= rowLast; ++i )
    {
        _settextposition( row + i, col );
        _outtext( achT );
    }

    /* Draw box bottom. */
    _settextposition( row + rowLast + 1, col );
    achT[0] = mnuAtrib.chSW;
    memset( achT + 1, mnuAtrib.chEW, colLast );
    achT[colLast + 1] = mnuAtrib.chSE;
    achT[colLast + 2] = 0;
    _outtext( achT );
}

```

```

/* Itemize - Display one selection (item) of a menu. This function
 * is normally only used internally by MenuHori and MenuVerti.
 *
 * Params: row and col - top left of menu
 *         fCur - flag set if item is current selection
 *         itm - structure containing item text and index of highlight
 *         cBlank - count of blanks to fill
 *
 * Return: none
 *
 * Uses:  mnuAtrib
 */
void Itemize( int row, int col, int fCur, ITEM itm, int cBlank)
(
    int i;
    char achT[MAXITEM];          /* Temporary array of characters */

    /* Set text position and color. */
    _settextposition( row, col );
    if ( fCur ) {
        _settextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgSelect );
        _setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgSelect );
    }
    else {
        _settextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgNormal );
        _setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgNormal );
    }

    /* Display item and fill blanks. */
    strcat( strcpy( achT, " " ), itm.achItem );
    _outtext( achT );
    memset( achT, ' ', cBlank-- );
    achT[cBlank] = 0;
    _outtext( achT );

    /* Set position and color of highlight character, then display it. */
    i = itm.iHilite;
    _settextposition( row, col + i + 1 );
    if( fCur)
    {
        _settextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgSelHilite );
        _setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgSelHilite );
    }
    else
    {
        _settextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgNormHilite );
        _setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgNormHilite );
    }
    _outchar( itm.achItem[i] );
}

```

```

/* GetKey - Gets a key from the keyboard. This routine distinguishes
* between ASCII keys and function or control keys with different shift
* states. It also accepts a flag to return immediately if no key is
* available.
*
* Params: fWait - Code to indicate how to handle keyboard buffer:
* NO_WAIT Return 0 if no key in buffer, else return key
* WAIT Return first key if available, else wait for key
* CLEAR_WAIT Throw away any key in buffer and wait for new key
*
* Return: One of the following:
*
* Keytype High Byte Low Byte
* -----
* No key available (only with NO_WAIT) 0 0
* ASCII value 0 ASCII code
* Unshifted function or keypad 1 scan code
* Shifted function or keypad 2 scan code
* CTRL function or keypad 3 scan code
* ALT function or keypad 4 scan code
*
* Note: getkey cannot return codes for keys not recognized by BIOS
* int 16, such as the CTRL-UP or the 5 key on the numeric keypad.
*/
unsigned GetKey( int fWait)
{
    unsigned uKey=0;

    /* If CLEAR_WAIT, drain the keyboard buffer. */

    switch( fWait){
        case WAIT:
            while( !kbhit( ));
            uKey = getch();
            break;
        case NO_WAIT:
            if ( kbhit())
                uKey = getch();
            else
                uKey = 0;
            break;
        case CLEAR_WAIT:
            getch();
            while( !kbhit() );
            uKey = getch();
            break;
    }
    if ( kbhit( ))
        uKey = getch() + 0x0100;

    return( uKey);
} /* GeyKey */

```

```

/* _outchar - Display a character. This is the character equivalent of
 * _outtext. It is affected by _settextposition, _settextcolor, and
 * _setbkcolor. It should not be used in loops. Build strings and then
 * _outtext to show multiple characters.
 *
 * Params: out - character to be displayed
 *
 * Return: none
 */
void _outchar( char out )
{
    static char achT[2] = " "; /* Temporary array of characters */

    achT[0] = out;
    _outtext( achT );
} /* _outchar */

/*****
name: Itemize2( int row, int col, int fCur, char *itm)

goal: To display (hilgited when FCUR=TRUE, or not) the menu item ITM
      at coordinate (ROW, COL).

input: row:    row to display menu item
       col:    column to display the menu item
       fCur:  TRUE:  item is hilgited
              FALSE: item is not hilgited
       itm:    item to display

output: none
*****/
void Itemize2( int row, int col, int fCur, char *itm)
{
    char achT[MAXITEM]; /* Temporary array of characters */

    /* Set text position and color. */

    _settextposition( row, col );
    if( fCur ) {
        _settextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgSelect );
        _setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgSelect );
    }
    else {
        _settextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgNormal );
        _setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgNormal );
    }

    /* Display item and fill blanks. */
    if ( itm[ 0] == (char )NULL) strcpy( itm, " ");
    strcat( strcpy( achT, " " ), itm );
    strcat( achT, " " );
    _outtext( achT );
} /* Itemize2() */

```

```
name: int SelectOneFileMenu( int row, int col, int nofiles, char fnames[][13])
```

goal: Displays a menu at coordinates (ROW, COL) aimed at selecting one file in the list FNAMES composed of NOFILES files.

input: row: starting row of the menu  
col: starting column of the menu  
nofiles: the number of filenames contained in FNAMES  
GLOBAL fnames: the filenames stored as ASCII in a list

return: iCur: the coordinate of the selected file in FNAMES or  
the ESC code indicating no selection

```
int SelectOneFileMenu( int row, int col, int nofiles)
{
int     iPrev=0,iCur=0; /* counter tracking current and previous cursor pos */
int     i;              /* utility counter */
int     noitem;        /* maximum number of items displayed at one time */
int     starti;        /* first top menu item to be displayed */
int     prevstarti=0;  /* previous top menu item to be displayed */
unsigned uKey;         /* Unsigned key code */
long     bgColor;      /* Screen color, position, and cursor */
short    fgColor;
struct  rccoord rc;
unsigned fCursor;
```

```
/* Save screen information. */
fCursor = _displaycursor( _GCURSOROFF );
bgColor = _getbkcolor();
fgColor = _gettextcolor();
rc = _gettextposition();
```

```
/* determine the maximum number of item to displayed */
if ( nofiles > ( 23 - row)) noitem = 23-row;
else noitem = nofiles;
```

```
Box( row++, col++, noitem, strlen( fnames[1])+2);
```

```
/* Put items on menu. */
Itemize2( row, col, TRUE, fnames[ 0]);
for( i = 1; i < noitem; i++ )
    Itemize2( row + i, col, FALSE, fnames[i]);
```

```
/* displays "MORE..." to indicate more files for selection */
_settextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgBorder);
_setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgBorder);
if ( noitem != nofiles) {
    _settextposition( row + noitem, col+ strlen( fnames[ 0])/2);
    _outtext( "more...");
}
else {
    _settextposition( row + noitem, col+ strlen( fnames[ 0])/2);
    _outtext( " ");
}
```

```

/* while a selection or ESC key do ... */
while( TRUE)
{
    /* Wait until a uKey is pressed, then evaluate it. */
    uKey = GetKey( WAIT );
    switch( uKey )
    {
        case UPKEY:                /* Up key          */
            iPrev = iCur;
            iCur = (iCur > 0) ? (--iCur % nofiles) : nofiles - 1;
            break;
        case DOWNKEY:              /* Down key      */
            iPrev = iCur;
            iCur = (iCur < nofiles) ? (++iCur % nofiles) : 0;
            break;
        case ESC:
            return( ESC);
        case CR:
            _setbkcolor( bgColor );
            _settextcolor( fgColor );
            _settextposition( rc.row, rc.col );
            _displaycursor( fCursor );
            return( iCur);
        default:
            iPrev = iCur;
    }
    /* Redisplay current and previous menu item. */
    starti = noitem * ( int)floor( iCur/ noitem);

    if ( prevstarti == starti)
        /* de-hilights the appropriate selection */
        Itemize2( row + iPrev -( int)floor( iPrev / noitem) * noitem,
                 col, FALSE, fnames[ iPrev]);
    else {
        prevstarti = starti;

        /* displays "MORE..." to indicate more files for selection */
        _settextcolor( mnuAtrib.fgBorder);
        _setbkcolor( mnuAtrib.bgBorder);
        if ( ( nofiles-starti) < noitem) {
            _settextposition( row + noitem, col+ strlen( fnames[ 0])/2);
            _outtext( "          ");
        }
        else {
            _settextposition( row + noitem, col+ strlen( fnames[ 0])/2);
            _outtext( "more...");
        }

        /* Put items on menu. */
        for( i = 0; i < noitem; i++) {
            Itemize2( row + i, col, FALSE, fnames[ starti + i]);
        }
    }
    /* hilights the appropriate selection */
    Itemize2( row + iCur -( int)floor( iCur / noitem) * noitem,
             col, TRUE, fnames[ iCur]);

} /* end while */

} /* SelectOneFileMenu() */

```



