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# **Relocation of earthquakes in the Labrador Sea and southern Labrador**

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# **RELOCATION OF EARTHQUAKES IN THE LABRADOR SEA AND SOUTHERN LABRADOR**

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## ABSTRACT

Ninety-eight earthquakes in Labrador and the Labrador Sea have been systematically relocated. Their revised locations show a good correlation between seismicity and geological structures. Most of the earthquakes occur on three structures: the extinct spreading ridge and associated transform faults in the Labrador Sea; the rifted continental margin off Labrador and the transform continental margin southeast of Baffin Island; and a zone of crustal weakness extending from Sept-Iles across southern Labrador to the Cartwright Fracture Zone.

## RESUME

Quatre-vingt-dix-huit tremblements de terre du Labrador et de la mer du Labrador furent systématiquement relocalisés. Les nouvelles localisations montrent une bonne corrélation entre la sismicité et les structures géologiques. La majorité des séismes se produisent sur trois structures: sur les rides d'extensions inactives et leurs failles transformantes associées dans la mer du Labrador, sur le plateau continental effondré au large du Labrador et sur le plateau continental transformant au sud-est de l'île de Baffin, et finalement, sur une zone de faiblesse de la croûte qui s'étend de Sept-Iles à la zone de fracture de Cartwright en passant par le sud du Labrador.

## INTRODUCTION

Earthquakes were felt in coastal Labrador as early as the 1800's (Staveley and Adams, 1985), but only since the establishment of seismograph arrays beginning in the 1960's has it been possible to detect numerous small Labrador earthquakes. Nearly one hundred earthquakes in the Labrador Sea and onshore Labrador have been recorded by seismographs over the last fifty years. We have studied the locations of the Labrador earthquakes prior to 1988 to determine their epicentres as precisely as possible, so as to determine any trends in their distribution and to relate them to the geological structure in the Labrador Sea.

We have considered it to be important to locate all earthquakes in the same way, so that their epicentres can be compared directly. This was done by recomputing epicentres from the available phase readings, changing the relative importance of readings used in locating the epicentre, re-reading some of the earthquake phases on the original seismograms to check old data, obtaining new readings from previously unread stations, and adding new data from national and international compilations of seismic information.

The earthquakes in the study have been divided into four groups (Fig. 1), based on geographical clustering:

Area	no. of earthquakes
A Labrador Ridge	55
B Southeast Baffin Shelf	9
C Labrador Shelf	20
D Southern Labrador - Eastern Quebec	14

## EARTHQUAKE MONITORING OF THE LABRADOR SEA

Earthquakes have been felt and reported in Canada since the sixteenth century. The first continuously recording seismograph went into operation in Toronto in 1897, (Stevens, 1980) but most early seismographs were not able to record local earthquakes very well, and up to 1927 most of our knowledge of early Canadian earthquakes comes from accounts in

newspapers, scientific reports, and diaries. Improvements began in 1928 when two seismographs suitable for recording local earthquakes were installed at Seven Falls and Shawinigan Falls, Quebec. In the period 1937 - 1957, five short period seismographs operated in eastern Canada, (OTT, SFA, SHF, KLC, HAL - station codes are given in Appendix A) with a magnification of at least 2000x, although there has been only the one northern station at Resolute since 1950 (Stevens, 1980). None were in Labrador, or close to the Labrador Sea, so Labrador earthquakes from this period lack data from close stations and many small earthquakes were probably missed.

In 1958, the government began to expand the Canadian seismic network with the goal that no point in Canada would be further than 500 km from a station and that all stations would be equipped with the best instruments (Smith, 1967). Since the completion of the Canadian Standard Station Network in the mid 1960's, this uniform coverage has been supplemented in southern Canada so that at present there are now more than one hundred seismograph stations, recording national and global earthquakes (Munro et al., 1985). The standard station network (chiefly because of stations Schefferville - SCH, established in 1962 - and Frobisher Bay - FBC and then FRB, 1963), resulted in a large increase in the number of recorded earthquakes in the Labrador Sea, easily seen by the fact that almost all of the earthquakes relocated in this study occurred after 1960 (Fig. 2).

The uppermost solid line on Figure 2 is the detection threshold for a Labrador Ridge site ( $60.9^{\circ}$  N,  $58.6^{\circ}$  W), showing the smallest magnitude that is likely to be detected (2 mm amplitude at 0.3 sec) on the most sensitive seismograph in operation at the time. Since 1963 this has been FRB which has a magnification of 141 000.

The previous most sensitive seismographs, from newest to oldest, and from best to worst had been SCH, OTT, and SFA, so the detection threshold line steps down to the right. The lower solid line represents the detection threshold for a representative Labrador Shelf site ( $57.4^{\circ}$  N,  $58.7^{\circ}$  W), found from stations SCH, OTT, and SFA, in the same order.

### Earthquake Completeness Thresholds for Labrador Sea Earthquakes

The down-stepping lines on Figure 2 shows one measure of detection ability. However for an earthquake to be detected, confirmed, located, and placed into the Canadian Earthquake Epicentre File (CEEF), it is normally necessary for it to be well recorded on two stations so that weak confirming phases can be found on a few other stations. An estimate

of the completeness of the earthquake catalogue for the period 1963 to 1977 was therefore made by calculating, at a number of grid points in the Labrador Sea, the  $M_L$  magnitudes that would have been produced for waves of amplitude 2.0 mm zero-to-peak at a period 0.3 seconds, for stations FRB, SCH, and STJ, using each station's respective magnification. These are the smallest waves that are unlikely to have been missed on a seismogram. For each grid point, the *second smallest* magnitude from the three stations was adopted as a realistic estimate of earthquake completeness. Contour lines show the outer limits to which earthquakes of a certain magnitude could be detected (Fig. 3). The magnitudes increase quite clearly away from each of the three stations, with the poorest, STJ, having the most rapid decline. Completeness of Labrador Ridge events is strongly controlled by their distance from FRB, confirming that station distance could account for the apparent decline in activity to the southeast along the Labrador Ridge (Fig. 1).

The completeness thresholds from 1977 to the present were found in a similar way using the stations FRB, SCH, MNQ, JAQ, CBK, and MUN (Fig. 4). These contours are parallel to the coast and the magnitudes increase uniformly offshore, suggesting that the coverage is mainly constrained by the geography. Placing a station on the Labrador coast or on the south tip of Greenland would

decrease the completeness threshold. In the short term, improved reporting of "dubious" phases at GDH and cross-checking these with the SCH and FRB records might lower the threshold in the northern Labrador Sea.

### Earthquake Magnitudes Used

Earthquake magnitude is a measure of the "size" or the energy of an earthquake, and is determined using one-half the maximum peak-to-peak trace amplitude (A), the period of the trace at the maximum (T), the magnification in 1000s (K), and the distance of the seismograph from the epicentre (D). Several scales are used, depending chiefly on the size and location of the event (Drysdales et al., 1988). The two common scales for Labrador earthquakes are:

- 1) Richter Scale - Developed by Charles Richter for California earthquakes, it is used to determine the magnitude of earthquakes by the equation:

$$M_L = \text{Log}_{10}((A * K_W) / K) - \text{Log}_{10} A_0(D)$$

where  $K_W$  is the magnification of a Wood-Anderson seismograph at period  $T$  and  $\text{Log}_{10}A_0(D)$  is a calibration function defined by Richter (1958). Richter's equation is routinely used without distance restriction to determine the magnitude of Canadian earthquakes offshore of the continental slope, where  $L_g$  is absent. The amplitude,  $(A)$ , is read on the  $S_n$  phase, which is the largest amplitude  $S$  phase on the record.

- 2) Nuttli Scale - this scale utilizes the amplitudes of  $L_g$  waves, and uses the equation:

$$m_N = -0.1 + 1.66 * \text{Log}_{10} D + \text{Log}_{10}(A/(K*T))$$

While  $m_N$  is used for almost all onshore and shelf earthquakes, the  $L_g$  waves from some earthquakes on the continental shelf may be strongly attenuated.  $M_L$  is used for those earthquakes for which the  $L_g$  appear to have been attenuated and when  $(\text{Amp. } S_n) > (\text{Amp. } L_g)$ .

In addition, two other scales are used to determine magnitudes of Labrador earthquakes from distant stations.

- 3)  $m_b$  scale - this uses the amplitude of teleseismic P-waves with a period of 1 to 10 seconds, recorded on short period seismographs at distances over 3000 km, and is generally used for earthquakes of magnitude 4.5 to 6.5.  $m_b$  magnitudes are the preferred magnitude when they are well defined.
- 4)  $M_S$  scale - this uses the amplitudes of surface waves with a period of 15 to 30 seconds, recorded on long period seismographs, and is generally used for earthquakes of magnitude 6 and larger.

## RELOCATING THE LABRADOR EARTHQUAKES

### General Procedures

The basic principle behind locating earthquakes lies in using the time differences between the arrival of known phases. In past years, travel-time charts showing the distance traveled vs. time taken by different phases, were used to find the distance of the station from the epicentre. The difference between arrival times of two different phases, often  $P_n$



and  $S_n$ , is fitted onto the appropriate curves, and the distance is found from the chart. For example, if the  $S_n$  phase is one minute behind the  $P_n$  phase, the distance to the station is 600 km. Knowing the distance also gives the origin time.

When readings are available from three or more stations, the original method of locating the epicentre was to draw on a map arcs centred on the stations, with the calculated distances as radii. Their intersection point was the epicentre (Smith, 1967). This was done by hand until the late 1960's, but now computer programs have been written to determine the epicentre and origin time that best fit the data simultaneously. If only two stations are available, as for some old earthquakes, there are two possible "intersection points", and a decision must be made as to which is probably correct.

Depth estimates are difficult to obtain for local earthquakes unless they occur close to a seismograph. Generally, events in eastern Canada occur between 5 to 25 km deep, and are often assigned to 18 km, half of the crustal thickness (Smith, 1967). On the Labrador ridge, the crust is thinner and so the earthquakes may be occurring at shallower depths, perhaps 0 - 10 km.

Earthquakes used to be located by performing calculations and plots by hand, and earlier epicentres reflect the imprecision of this method. Currently, the Geophysics Division uses the program "LOC" written in 1971 by Mr. R. J. Wetmiller, together with a "pikfile" data format (described in detail in Appendix B) to locate epicentres and determine magnitudes. The arrival times are weighted according to quality, by flagging them with an A, B, C, or X; A gives the greatest weight, while X causes the reading to be ignored for locating the epicentre.

### **Sources of Earthquake Phase Information for Labrador Earthquakes**

Data for the oldest events, from 1900 to 1960, were recorded on hand-written cards, with phase and magnitude information, along with notes from whomsoever took the readings. Many of these earlier events had been relocated by Mr. W. E. T. Smith who re-read the original records where possible and annotated the cards with red pencil during production of his catalogues (Adams et al., 1989). Smith's phase readings are highly regarded. He did his work by hand, so his epicentres might be less precise than ones derived from computer models, and were often given to the closest  $1/2$  or  $1/4$  degree. These older earthquakes often lacked adequate data because of the small number of operating stations. Some of the

old records were mounted in a scrapbook, which was consulted on a few occasions to check arrival times for this study.

In 1961 a computer program was written to calculate the distance of a station from the epicentre using the differences in phase arrival times; however, arcs were still drawn to locate the epicentre. The phase and magnitude data for events from 1961 to 1977 are stored on punched computer cards.

From 1978 onward, the phase information was obtained from the Canadian Earthquake Database, which is maintained and updated regularly by the Geophysics Division of the Geological Survey of Canada, and from the National Bulletin of Canadian Earthquakes, published by the late Earth Physics Branch of Energy, Mines, and Resources and now by the Geological Survey of Canada. Phases for many of the more recent earthquakes were read from digital seismograph records, allowing more accurate phase readings.

Additional phase information was obtained from the International Seismological Summary (ISS), which records and locates earthquakes based on readings from stations around the world. From this source, Greenland stations were added. Other international summaries used were from the Bureau Central de l'Association Internationale de Seismologie (BCIS) and the U.S. Coast and Geodetic Survey (USCGS).

### **Re-examination of Seismograms**

For some of the earthquakes after 1985, it was appropriate to re-examine the existing seismograms to attempt to clarify arrival times. The task of fully re-reading the phases for these Labrador earthquakes from the original records would roughly equal the entire work done for this report and was not considered justified given the general care with which the seismograms have normally been read. New phases added were from seismograms from Corner Brook and St. John's. These seismographs are operated by Memorial University of Newfoundland. They began recording in 1975 and 1977 respectively, and their seismograms are temporarily stored at the Geophysics Division. A systematic examination of CBK and MUN records by Adams in 1983 detected three earthquakes in the study area that had been missed by the Canadian Standard Network (see Tables 1 and 4).

Some seismograms had inaccurate timing. Fluctuations in the rotational speed of the recording drums cause the time scale on the record to vary, and the timing clocks, especially those used on older records, were not always completely accurate (Adams et al., 1989).

In some cases, time corrections were noted on the records, which were used to correct the phase arrival times read on the record. In other cases (often for SFA and CBK), inaccurate timing was suspected, but no time corrections were available. In order to use the distance information contained in the time difference between Pn and Sn arrivals an arbitrary time correction was sometimes assumed.

### **Specific Techniques used for Relocating the Labrador Earthquakes**

For locating both on and offshore Labrador earthquakes, several standards were applied to the data. The intention was to locate all the earthquakes consistently and to relatively high *precision*. It is recognized that the methods used here may introduce some bias in the epicentral *accuracy*, but that more advanced methods (master event or joint epicentre determination) could later be applied to the consistent data set. It is unlikely that the revised epicentres for the larger, modern events are more accurate than  $\pm 20$  km, and the accuracy of the older and/or poorly recorded events, even when revised, may be considerably worse.

- The Pn and Sn readings from Frobisher and Schefferville were given A weights, except when they had been noted as poorly recorded or had very large residuals inconsistent with other stations. These two stations were usually the closest to the events, and so their data were considered the most important in locating the epicentre. Also, their azimuths from the epicentre usually formed an approximate 90 degree angle, so, by analogy, when their arcs were calculated, a clear intersection point in the Labrador Sea would be given. One or both of these stations recorded almost every event since the early 1960's.
- Earthquake depths were fixed at 18 km deep, half the thickness of the crust in eastern Canada.
- Phases for stations at distances of more than 4000 km were not used.
- Lg phases were used for the Labrador onshore earthquakes, using the revised velocity of 3.65 km/s derived for the Canadian Shield in Ontario (Wetmiller and Cajka, 1989). Subsequent work (Connors and Adams, 1989) suggests a velocity of 3.62 km/s may be more appropriate.

- The Lg phases were not used to locate the Labrador Ridge and Shelf events, as Lg is usually absent for Ridge events, and is attenuated for Shelf events. Also, the exact velocity of the Lg phase is uncertain near the eastern margin. Where Lg phases had been read, it was attempted to obtain low residuals for them, by using one of the two different Lg velocities, the old standard of 3.57 km/s, and the revised one of 3.65 km/s, according to which produced the lowest residuals. Because the Lg phase was not used for the epicentre calculations, the apparant arbitrary nature of this choice does not affect the computed epicentres. At some later stage, the geographical pattern of the assigned velocities should be investigated.
- Amplitude readings from Halifax were not used for the  $M_N$  magnitude calculations, as Lg waves apparently attenuate faster than normal travelling under the Gulf of St. Lawrence, producing abnormally low magnitudes at Halifax.
- In a few cases when both Pn and Sn phases for the same station had large residuals of approximately the same amount, it was assumed that a time correction was needed. An arbitrary time correction was added to reduce the residuals to a small value. This was done particularly for stations with known timing problems, such as SFA and CBK.
- Some arrival times had been assigned to the wrong phase. For example, a reading was interpreted to be a Lg, when in fact it was an Sn. Such gross errors were easily detected.
- For some events with many stations and phase readings in one quadrant, it was difficult to obtain an epicentre without large residuals on the closest stations. A scratch file containing the readings from the three or four closest stations representing a good range of azimuths was formed, and the location obtained from this data was adopted.
- Events with few phases sometimes could not be located initially by LOC, so the epicentre and arrival time was fixed to the CEEF calculated values, to force the event to locate in the correct area. Then, the event was allowed to freely locate, using the original location as the basis of the relocation.

- If an event had data from only two stations, LOC was not able to choose the correct epicentre from the two possible intersection points. Adding a third station (without any data) close to the chosen intersection point forced the program to locate the epicentre in the chosen area.

## RESULTS OF RELOCATION STUDY

Ninety-eight earthquakes were relocated in this study, located in the four geographical groups identified on Figure 1. The original CEEF epicentres of the earthquakes are shown on Figure 5. The epicentres outside the polygon were not relocated in this study. Figure 6 shows the displacement vectors between the old and new locations, and Figure 7 shows the revised epicentres derived.

Earthquakes in each of the four groups in this report are dealt with separately below. In each discussion, the earthquakes are identified by a six-figure number composed of the year, month, and day of the earthquake. For example, 850417 refers to the earthquake which occurred on the 17th of April, 1985. Detailed comments on each relocation can be found in its appropriate pikfile in Appendix C.

### A. Labrador Ridge Earthquakes

Table 1 (collected with other tables at the end of the report) summarizes the relocations made, and Figures 8 and 9 show the old and new positions of the earthquakes, connected by a displacement vector. The first part of Appendix C contains the pikfile for each event, with detailed comments on the phases and the solution.

Attention is drawn to the eleven events which move more than 100 km from their original position. The large shift for the first such earthquake, 580204, can be attributed to the addition of two Greenland stations (from the notes of S. Gregersen), and additional phases from BCIS.

Event 620803 has the largest change of all (1100 km), but both the original and revised locations are based on only three phases for two stations, and additional stations from Greenland and the Northwest Territories are needed to confirm its revised location. A western epicentre was ruled out by Smith because the earthquake was not detected on southern stations, so he located it on the southern Labrador Shelf. After examining the HAL

seismogram and confirming that only one phase was recorded, we have followed Wahlstrom's unpublished work and have re-interpreted Smith's Sn reading for Halifax as the Pn phase. This, together with the absence of Lg at Schefferville, is consistent with an oceanic event on the Labrador Ridge. A slightly larger Ridge event, 621202, near the revised 620803 also lacks a Sn reading for HAL.

The Mould Bay reading in event 621026 was considered to be too late and was removed from the location calculations.

Events 621202, 640222, and 650222 have readings from only three, two, and two stations respectively, giving little data to work with. Despite the large size of their relocations, they may still not be very accurately located.

Event 680416 had its Frobisher Pn changed to a Pg phase, which reduced the residuals on the Sn phases on the other three stations. Lg is seen for this earthquake so that it seems possible that the Pg could have been read, and a weak Pn missed.

Event 791023 has a large change partly because the event was apparently not detected by the local Canadian stations. The original location was determined by ISC, but was in considerable error because it was found without using any local phases. Local Canadian stations and the Corner Brook readings were added to improve the epicentre.

Changes on the rest of the earthquakes are smaller, and Appendix C should be consulted for detailed comments on their relocation. Although the earthquakes seem to move randomly from their old epicentres to their relocated ones, they did concentrate along the northwest-to-southeast trend because outlying events moved in slightly.

## **B. Southeast Baffin Shelf Earthquakes**

Table 2 contains the relocation data on each of these earthquakes, and Figure 10 shows their displacements. The pikfiles are given in the second part of Appendix C. Only event 800706 moved over 100 km, and it is considered poorly relocated because only four phases are recorded on only two stations.

Three earthquakes occur on 710814 at two minutes intervals. The first and last had the same original location, and their revised locations remain identical, but only three phases were recorded from each. On Figure 10, the two earthquakes are plotted together and the triangle marked "2" represents both events. The middle earthquake, which was the largest in magnitude and had four phases recorded, located close by.

### C. Labrador Shelf Earthquakes

Relocations for Labrador Shelf earthquakes are listed in Table 3, mapped on Figure 11, and their pikfiles are given in the third part of Appendix C. There is little systematic pattern to their movements, though the large cluster has concentrated into a horseshoe-shape. Also, the two northernmost events 671227 and 771105 have moved closer together.

Only one earthquake, 521020, moves more than 100 km, because of added data from ISC and the Ottawa Station Bulletin.

Event 630312 is considered poorly located, since all three recording stations are located southwest of it, within a 37 degree azimuth. Any errors in the phase velocity model used would not be balanced by other stations on different azimuths.

The time correction is assumed on Corner Brook in 790404, due to the known poor timing at the station.

The earthquake and aftershock on 860108 locate very close to one another, with a difference of only approximately 9 km. Conventional wisdom would suggest that they occurred at the same place, so the difference probably reflects the difficulty of reading the weaker phases from the aftershock.

Figure 12 shows the same earthquakes as Figure 10, but with the addition of diamonds showing the computed precision of the epicentre. As can be seen, for many earthquakes the diamond is the same size, or smaller, than the earthquake symbol. For four earthquakes, the diamonds are 2 – 3 times larger than the plotting symbol. The more poorly located earthquakes on the figure (and indeed those derived from the whole study) can be identified by inspection of the PIK files in Appendix C. From Figure 12 it appears that the errors associated with each epicentre are small with respect to the distance between epicentres, and that the "horseshoe" pattern in the centre of the figure is clearly defined.

### D. Southern Labrador - Eastern Quebec Earthquakes

Table 4 summarizes the relocation of earthquakes in the trend which extends across southern Labrador into easternmost Quebec (the "north shore") near Sept-Iles, Figure 13 shows the displacement from their original positions, and their pikfiles are found in the last part of Appendix C. Little systematic pattern exists in their movement and there are only three earthquakes which move significantly. The first, 631025, has only four recorded phases on two stations. Eastern Quebec was chosen by Smith as the site over a western location

because it was not recorded at Seven Falls. Because the magnitude is only 2.9  $m_N$ , it is unlikely to have been recorded elsewhere.

Event 790105, had the Pn phases on three stations, Sept-Iles, St. John's and Scheferville changed to Pg phases and Corner Brook had a one second time correction applied to it. However, all the phases are dubious, so the solution is unsatisfactory.

Event 821003 had three phases added from re-reading the original seismograms. Corner Brook was not operating and the Memorial University record was too noisy, so no data from these stations are available.

Almost half of these earthquakes have records from only 2 or 3 stations, which limits the accuracy to which they can be located. The detection and location of earthquakes in this area is still very poor as there is as yet no seismograph in the Straits of Belle Isle - Groswater Bay area.

## RESULTS OF RECOMPUTATIONS OF MAGNITUDES

Relocation of the Labrador earthquakes produced some large changes in magnitude, particularly when re-examination of the observed phases led to a different choice for the magnitude scale (e.g. Ridge earthquake 710112). Smaller changes sometimes resulted from the addition of new amplitude data from additional stations, or the re-reading of phase amplitudes and periods on seismograms.

For Southeast Baffin Shelf and Labrador Shelf earthquakes, the strength of the phase Lg relative to the Sn varies greatly. The magnitudes were in some cases revised from  $m_N$  to  $M_L$  or vice-versa. Unfortunately, the time at which the largest amplitude is read is not routinely noted, so it is impossible to determine retrospectively whether the amplitude was read on the Lg, the Sn, or on an attenuated Lg phase. If the former,  $m_N$  is the appropriate measure, but in the last case, it would be more appropriate to determine  $M_L$  from the Sn, and not  $M_L$  or  $m_N$  from the attenuated Lg. A slight overestimate of magnitude may therefore occur for those earthquakes where we have computed  $M_L$  even though a time for the onset of the Lg phase has been read.

For Ridge earthquakes, it was noted that station FRB (and station FBC before it) gives magnitudes that are usually much lower than the average values. The reason for this discrepancy is not yet known.



### Comparison of $m_b$ and $M_L$ for Labrador Sea Earthquakes

For nine large earthquakes in the Labrador Sea, both  $m_b$  and  $M_L$  magnitudes were available. The  $m_b$  readings were usually taken from ISC, while the  $M_L$  were calculated in this report and are given below:

Comparison of  $m_b$  and  $M_L$  for Labrador Sea Earthquakes

Date of event	$m_b$	no. of obs.	$M_L$	no. of obs
650810	4.2	7	4.8	4
690723	4.1	4	4.6	4
691124	4.9	22	5.4	11
731012	4.2	6	4.9	11
751213	4.4	6	4.5	?
791023	4.6	5	4.5	8
810406	4.9	35	5.0	11
810824	4.8	28	5.2	13
830212	4.4	2	5.0	6
Mean	4.50		4.88	

Figure 14 compares  $m_b$  with  $M_L$  for the 9 earthquakes. Assuming the relationship between the two magnitudes is linear with slope of 1.0, the bias is 0.38 magnitude units with the  $m_b$  related to the  $M_L$  by the equation:

$$m_b = M_L - 0.38 \text{ (for } 4.0 < m_b < 5.0 \text{)}$$

A full comparison of  $M_L$  and  $m_b$  needs more work as we have too few earthquakes to propose this relationship with much confidence. A full analysis of Sn attenuation is needed in order to replace Richter's California-derived coefficients with empirical ones derived for the eastern Canadian margin. Such an analysis could involve reading both Sn and Lg amplitudes for shield events in order to derive Sn attenuation coefficients and/or a  $M_L - m_N$  relationship for the Shield, or improving the  $M_L - m_b$  relationship by studying other offshore earthquakes (such as those in Baffin Bay or the Beaufort Sea), for which  $m_b$  has been derived and  $M_L$  calculated from the Sn amplitudes.

This report has computed and used  $M_L$  for consistency and the revisions to the CEEF (Tables 1 - 4) reflect this. For the few earthquakes for which there are good estimates of  $m_b$ ,  $m_b$  is still the preferred magnitude. Future study along the lines described above will be needed so that the CEEF magnitudes can be adjusted and then used in a consistent way with other Canadian earthquakes.

## IMPLICATIONS OF THIS STUDY FOR THE ORIGIN OF LABRADOR EARTHQUAKES

The Labrador Ridge earthquakes are associated with an extinct spreading ridge where oceanic crust was once created during the opening of the Labrador Sea between 80 and 45 million years ago (Fig. 15). The extinct Labrador spreading ridge, (together with fracture zones perpendicular to the ridge, marking extinct transform faults) are currently zones of weakness that are being reactivated by stresses created by contemporary sea-floor spreading at the Mid-Atlantic Ridge (Adams and Basham, 1989). The apparent decline in numbers of earthquakes southeastwards along the ridge is most likely due to the increasing distance for station FRB, as determined in the section on completeness thresholds.

The two easternmost Labrador Ridge earthquakes are located on either side of the ridge west and close to the Leif fracture zone, but likely not close enough to be associated with that fracture zone.

The rest of the earthquakes in the southern Labrador Ridge lie near the ridge axis and just to the south of it. No earthquake seems particularly associated with the next fracture zone along the ridge, the Minna, and only one with the Snorri. However, to the southwest of the ridge is the Cartwright Fracture Zone, a structure formed during the first phase of sea floor spreading, and three of the southernmost Labrador Shelf earthquakes lie along its extension to the continental margin.

At approximately  $61^\circ$  N and  $59^\circ$  W, where the Hudson Fracture Zone intersects with the ridge, there is a large concentration of earthquakes, including six of magnitude  $M_L \geq 5$ . Here, the mapped ridge ends (Fig. 15), approximately at the 2000 metre isobath, but the trend of earthquakes continues to the northwest for approximately 200 km until it reaches the continental margin, near the 500 metre isobath and where the crustal thickness changes rapidly from oceanic ( $< 10$  km) to continental (30 km), as shown on Figure 16 (Keen and Haworth, 1984; Shih et al., 1988). This seismicity trend is strong evidence that the extinct

ridge extends further to the northwest than mapped by Srivistava and Tapscott (1986), and is consistent with the crustal thickness map of Shih et al. (1988).

To the northwest of the point where the ridge meets the continent, the Southeast Baffin Shelf earthquakes also follow the continental margin, and like the Labrador Shelf earthquakes, are probably associated with faults believed to exist beneath the margin. However, given the orientation of the ridge axis, and the fact that the margin trends parallel to the Hudson Fracture Zone, it seems likely that the Southeast Baffin continental margin was a transform margin rather than a rifted margin and so the earthquakes may be occurring on faults of rather different origin.

The Labrador Shelf earthquakes are divided into two groups according to their position on the continental margin. The two northernmost and the northeastern half of the horseshoe-shaped figure, are on the oceanic side of the ocean-continent transition zone, occurring in crust of about 10 km thickness (Fig. 16). The southwest part of the horseshoe, and the southernmost earthquake are on the continental side, occurring in crust from 15 to 30 km thick. The rapid thinning of the crust, over about 50 km, occurred by listric normal faulting during the opening of the Labrador Sea. These old faults are now being reactivated in the contemporary stress field, perhaps because the crustal stresses are concentrated at the ocean-continent transition where there is a dramatic change in crustal thickness. Just why the faults are active under the central Labrador Shelf, and not also to the north and south, is not yet known. There is, however, an enigmatic relationship between the older, east-northeast-trending fracture zones like the Cartwright (which marks a major change in basin sedimentation) and the margin seismicity that may be better understood over the next decade.

Earthquakes in southern Labrador and eastern Quebec may be connected with reactivation of a late Precambrian-early Cambrian transcurrent fault system and associated pull-apart basins that extends south-south-west from Lake Melville and Sandwich Bay (Gower et al., 1986) to join the Iapetus rift faults under the St. Lawrence river (Fig. 17). The region between Lake Melville and Sept-Iles has been poorly mapped and additional faults may exist, as indicated by the presence of a major northeast-trending magnetic anomaly east of Sept-Iles (Gower et al., 1986). These faults were considered to be seismically active by Adams and Basham (1989), being a continuation of the seismically-active St. Lawrence rift system along the ancient margin of Iapetus. From Sept Iles east, the ancient margin trends eastwards, close to Newfoundland and through the strait of Belle Isle and has a low level of seismicity (Fig. 17 shows two magnitude 3 earthquakes). Adams and Basham (1989)

suggested, based on the higher level of activity across southern Labrador northeast of Sept Iles, the presence the faults mapped by Gower et al. (1986), and the activity associated with the Cartwright fracture zone, that the crustal weakness might lie inland of the ancient continental margin. We suppose that the crustal weakness across southern Labrador might be reactivated in preference to the faults of the ancient continental margin because the former is along the trend of the St. Lawrence line of weakness and the latter is not.

## CONCLUSIONS

Ninety-eight earthquakes, from 1934 to December 1987, have been systematically relocated in the Labrador area. As expected, the epicentres of some of the older earthquakes have been substantially revised.

The relocations caused the pattern of seismicity to become more apparent, though it is evident that the overall picture given by the unrevised epicentres was fairly good. A long northwest to southeast trend of earthquakes became more tightly clustered about an extinct spreading ridge beneath the Labrador Sea, and a heavy concentration was found at the intersection of this ridge and the Hudson Fracture Zone. Other earthquakes concentrated at four places along the continental margin, where the earth's crust thins from 30 km thick to 10 km over a short distance, perhaps because crustal stresses are concentrated here.

It is intriguing that the Southern Labrador - eastern Quebec earthquakes together with the four southernmost Labrador Shelf earthquakes are associated with the Cartwright Fracture Zone and the ancient transcurrent fault system across Labrador. Perhaps the initiation of the fracture zone was controlled by the same ancient transcurrent fault and both are being reactivated. In any event, with the current alignment of epicentres, the major change in basin sedimentation across the Cartwright Arch, and the offset of magnetic anomaly 33 (marking the initiation of the transform fault), the origin of the Cartwright Fault Zone and its history deserve closer study.

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This open file is based on an April, 1988 student work report by Simmons with the same title. Mr. Frank Anglin, in 1984, performed a joint epicentre determination of a

selected set of Labrador Ridge earthquakes and demonstrated some of the same epicentral patterns we show. He has also provided the map package we used for showing displacement vectors. Mr. Steve Halchuk revised many of the computer-generated figures in the Fall of 1990, and so prevented this open file from sitting on the shelf for another two years. We thank F. M. Anglin, J. Drysdale, and R. J. Wetmiller for their comments on the manuscript.

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## FIGURE CAPTIONS

Figure 1 - The area of onshore Labrador and the Labrador Sea showing (within the polygon) the revised earthquake epicentres obtained in this study. The four subgroups individually studied have been outlined and labeled. A1, A2: Labrador Ridge , B: southeast Baffin Shelf, C: Labrador Shelf , D: southern Labrador - eastern Quebec.

Figure 2 - Graph comparing the magnitude of detected earthquakes vs. time in the Labrador Sea, showing the increase in detection capability since the early 1960's.

Figure 3 - Completeness thresholds from 1963 to 1977, showing the limits to which earthquakes of certain magnitudes could be detected and located in the Labrador Sea.

Figure 4 - Completeness thresholds from 1977 to the present, showing the limits to which earthquakes of certain magnitudes could be detected and located in the Labrador Sea.

Figure 5 - Original locations of the studied earthquakes from the Canadian Earthquake Epicentre File (CEEf). Only those earthquakes that are inside the polygon were studied.

Figure 6 - Displacement vectors showing the difference in location between the original and revised epicentres of the relocated earthquakes. The arrowheads point toward the revised location.

Figure 7 - Revised epicentres of the relocated earthquakes. Note the representation of the earthquakes by open circles which are proportional to their magnitudes. The trend of Labrador Ridge earthquakes running northwest to southeast has narrowed, and the cluster of Labrador Shelf Earthquakes has assumed a horseshoe-shaped pattern. In this and subsequent figures the earthquakes can be identified by comparison to Tables 1 - 4.



Figure 8 - The original and revised epicentres of earthquakes on the southern Labrador Ridge, connected by displacement vectors pointing toward the new locations. In the upper left hand corner the displacement vector for event 620803 passes through the area.

Figure 9 - The original and revised epicentres of earthquakes on the northern Labrador Ridge, connected by displacement vectors pointing toward the new locations. The displacement vector for event 620803 comes in off the bottom of the map as the original location is over 1000 km away.

Figure 10 - The original and revised epicentres of earthquakes on the Southeast Baffin Shelf, connected by displacement vectors pointing toward the new locations.

Figure 11 - The original and revised epicentres of earthquakes on the Labrador Shelf, connected by displacement vectors pointing toward the new locations.

Figure 12 - The revised epicentres (open circles) of earthquakes on the Labrador Shelf together with their relocation vectors. The diamond-shaped boxes surrounding the epicentres indicate the errors in latitude and longitude.

Figure 13 - The original and revised epicentres of earthquakes in southern Labrador and eastern Quebec, connected by displacement vectors pointing toward the new locations.

Figure 14 - Graph comparing the  $M_L$  magnitudes to the  $m_b$  magnitudes for nine Labrador Sea earthquakes. The solid line represents a linear relationship between the two scales with a slope of 1.0 and no bias. The dashed line is the chosen relationship with the same slope, but a bias of 0.38.

Figure 15 - Seismicity of the Labrador Sea showing the relationship between the relocated epicentres and the extinct ridge and fracture zones. (Base figure from Srivastava and Tapscott, 1986)

Figure 16 - Crustal thickness under the Labrador Sea, showing the rapid transition from the thin sea floor ( $> 10$  km) to the thick continental crust (30 km) in approximately 50 km. (Crustal thickness data after Shih et al., 1988)

Figure 17 - Revised seismicity of southern Labrador and eastern Quebec showing the relationships of the relocated epicentres to faults (short dashed lines) and the aeromagnetic anomaly (long dashed line) sketched from Gower et al (1986).

TABLE 1

## Relocation of Labrador Ridge Earthquakes

Note: The first line of each set contains the original data from CEEF files.  
The second line contains the revisions obtained in this study.

DATE YY/MM/DD	TIME HH:MM:SS	LAT. (N)	LONG. (W)	MAGNITUDE			
				m <sub>b</sub>	m <sub>N</sub>	M <sub>L</sub>	M <sub>S</sub>
1934 06 15	06 34 25	61.5	59.0				5.6
	282	60.764	58.749				M <sub>S</sub>
1958 02 04	08 06 43	57.9	53.5			5.1	M <sub>L</sub>
	361	57.898	52.151			5.3	M <sub>L</sub>
1962 08 03	01 31 02	52.0	54.2			4.8	M <sub>L</sub>
	042	61.027	58.225			4.8	M <sub>L</sub>
1962 10 26	10 29 20	60.8	57.5			5.0	M <sub>L</sub>
	229	61.018	58.857			5.1	M <sub>L</sub>
1962 11 30	02 12 00	58.8	54.8			4.5	M <sub>L</sub>
	024	58.748	55.454			4.4	M <sub>L</sub>
1962 12 02	14 00 57	60.9	58.3			4.5	M <sub>L</sub>
	58.0	61.014	59.530			5.0	M <sub>L</sub>
1964 02 22	15 53 08	60.83	61.17			3.5	M <sub>L</sub>
	037	60.848	60.072			3.6	M <sub>L</sub>
1965 02 22	15 57 43	61.50	60.67			3.7	M <sub>L</sub>
	395	61.537	59.247			3.8	M <sub>L</sub>
1965 08 10	08 21 16	61.75	61.50	4.2			m <sub>b</sub>
	023	61.542	59.747			4.8	m <sub>b</sub>
1965 12 30	21 12 14	60.92	60.67			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
	075	61.174	60.462			4.3	M <sub>L</sub>
1965 12 31	21 31 25	59.66	56.83			4.5	M <sub>L</sub>
	179	59.612	55.918			4.6	M <sub>L</sub>
1966 01 11	02 56 29	60.78	58.00			4.3	M <sub>L</sub>
	317	60.665	59.018			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
1966 04 28	23 28 59	60.67	57.83			4.8	M <sub>L</sub>
	049	60.334	58.160			4.8	M <sub>L</sub>
1966 11 30	00 58 01	60.17	56.17			4.0	M <sub>L</sub>
	047	60.101	56.397			4.0	M <sub>L</sub>
1966 11 30	11 45 13	60.20	55.93			4.1	M <sub>L</sub>
	167	60.176	56.495			4.1	M <sub>L</sub>
1967 08 27	18 45 15	62.17	60.33			4.5	M <sub>L</sub>
	140	61.803	60.864			4.5	M <sub>L</sub>
1967 11 15	03 14 15	61.10	58.00			4.3	M <sub>L</sub>
	170	60.821	59.232			4.3	M <sub>L</sub>

TABLE 1 - continued

## Relocation of Labrador Ridge Earthquakes

1968	03	17	17	01	33	59.88	56.40		3.5	M <sub>L</sub>
					294	59.892	55.832		3.6	M <sub>L</sub>
1968	04	16	00	03	23	61.82	61.40	3.3		m <sub>N</sub>
					486	60.951	58.851	3.4		m <sub>N</sub>
1969	07	23	08	34	35	56.51	46.49	4.1		m <sub>b</sub>
					372	56.406	46.669		4.6	m <sub>b</sub>
1969	11	24	21	14	12	60.54	59.13	4.9		m <sub>b</sub>
					122	60.653	58.907		5.4	m <sub>b</sub>
1969	11	30	14	38	06	60.55	59.22		4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
					068	60.501	59.429		4.1	M <sub>L</sub>
1970	07	03	00	32	36	60.89	60.47		4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
					345	60.913	60.017		4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
1971	01	12	17	36	04	62.31	62.33	3.9		m <sub>N</sub>
					038	62.160	62.175		5.1	M <sub>N</sub>
1971	02	22	11	45	04	60.63	59.46		3.3	M <sub>L</sub>
					032	60.636	59.315		3.3	M <sub>L</sub>
1971	04	16	01	31	45	61.75	60.68		4.3	M <sub>L</sub>
					479	61.764	60.960		4.6	M <sub>L</sub>
1971	07	13	01	32	12	60.63	57.45		3.8	M <sub>L</sub>
					098	60.635	57.197		3.8	M <sub>L</sub>
1972	06	25	14	34	07	62.14	61.06	3.3		m <sub>N</sub>
					057	62.121	60.870	3.3		m <sub>N</sub>
1972	08	13	23	38	18	61.68	62.20	3.2		m <sub>N</sub>
					132	61.715	61.256	3.2		m <sub>N</sub>
1973	08	27	01	49	36	60.07	57.91		4.4	M <sub>L</sub>
					351	60.072	57.779		4.3	M <sub>L</sub>
1973	10	12	03	54	28	61.34	59.99	4.2	4.4	M <sub>L</sub>
					284	61.361	59.673		4.9	m <sub>b</sub>
1975	12	13	09	24	27	57.94	52.25		4.5	M <sub>L</sub>
					278	58.001	52.388	4.4		m <sub>b</sub>
1977	09	24	17	19	44	58.25	54.24		4.8	M <sub>L</sub>
					440	58.275	54.166		4.8	M <sub>L</sub>
1978	08	20	20	34	07	60.70	59.02		4.1	M <sub>L</sub>
					067	60.741	58.735		4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
1978	09	06	10	21	31	60.07	56.29		4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
					314	60.089	56.173		4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
1978	09	14	07	54	43	60.13	56.45		4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
					413	60.137	56.086		4.2	M <sub>L</sub>

TABLE 1 - continued

## Relocation of Labrador Ridge Earthquakes

1978	12	09	00	13	53	60.87	59.21		4.2		M <sub>L</sub>
					543	60.850	59.189		4.2		M <sub>L</sub>
New event											
1979	10	23	11	01	014	57.022	45.711	4.6			m <sub>b</sub>
1980	03	11	22	09	59	62.28	61.82		3.6		m <sub>N</sub>
					554	62.334	61.240			4.4	M <sub>L</sub>
1980	05	23	04	14	49	60.92	58.90			3.7	M <sub>L</sub>
					472	60.931	58.697			3.3	M <sub>L</sub>
1981	04	06	20	29	57	61.94	61.34	4.9	4.8		m <sub>N</sub>
					586	61.841	61.577		5.0	3.6	m <sub>b</sub>
1981	08	24	11	20	34	61.33	59.39	4.8		4.6	m <sub>b</sub>
					336	61.300	59.014			5.2	m <sub>b</sub>
1981	09	01	07	46	05	61.29	59.79			3.8	M <sub>L</sub>
					036	61.347	59.451			3.8	M <sub>L</sub>
1982	06	27	13	28	54	62.00	61.89			3.7	M <sub>L</sub>
					517	62.027	61.598			3.7	M <sub>L</sub>
1983	02	12	18	19	09	60.91	59.58	4.4			m <sub>b</sub>
					093	60.901	59.523			5.0	m <sub>b</sub>
1983	04	05	07	20	27	60.91	58.88			3.6	M <sub>L</sub>
					309	60.834	59.096			3.6	M <sub>L</sub>
1983	05	26	22	29	31	59.15	54.41			4.5	M <sub>L</sub>
					315	59.139	54.381			4.6	M <sub>L</sub>
1984	02	02	07	32	05	59.93	55.93			4.3	M <sub>L</sub>
					041	59.883	55.673			4.3	M <sub>L</sub>
New event											
1984	04	06	06	45	351	60.130	57.560			3.1	M <sub>L</sub>
1984	12	03	22	27	33	61.54	60.39			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
					358	61.564	60.625			4.0	M <sub>L</sub>
1985	12	05	01	27	050	60.660	60.140			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
					045	60.702	59.970			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
1986	04	12	19	36	292	57.702	53.519			4.4	M <sub>L</sub>
					280	57.676	53.252			4.4	M <sub>L</sub>
1986	09	12	17	41	074	60.784	57.237			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
					095	60.798	57.402			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
1987	03	07	22	29	002	61.146	58.942			4.5	M <sub>L</sub>
					588	61.157	58.695			4.5	M <sub>L</sub>
1987	05	15	18	41	257	62.111	61.378			4.7	M <sub>L</sub>
					221	62.160	60.488			4.7	M <sub>L</sub>

TABLE 2

## Relocation of Southeast Baffin Shelf Earthquakes

DATE YY/MM/DD	TIME HH:MM:SS	LAT. (N)	LONG. (W)	MAGNITUDE			
				m <sub>b</sub>	m <sub>N</sub>	M <sub>L</sub>	M <sub>S</sub>
1966 05 01	13 15 06 060	63.33	60.83			4.8	M <sub>L</sub>
		63.694	61.175		3.9		m <sub>N</sub>
1971 08 14	02 00 57 565	65.38	62.64		3.3		m <sub>N</sub>
		65.410	62.694		3.1		m <sub>N</sub>
1971 08 14	02 02 48 481	65.39	62.72		3.5		m <sub>N</sub>
		65.417	62.833		3.3		m <sub>N</sub>
1971 08 14	02 04 06 055	65.38	62.64		3.2		m <sub>N</sub>
		65.410	62.694		3.0		m <sub>N</sub>
1972 03 25	14 08 18 138	64.57	60.95			3.6	M <sub>L</sub>
		64.586	60.187			4.3	M <sub>L</sub>
1980 07 06	01 06 23 369	63.94	61.08			3.0	M <sub>L</sub>
		64.397	62.284			3.2	M <sub>L</sub>
1982 05 06	22 21 04 038	63.36	60.62			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
		63.644	60.549			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
1986 03 09	02 58 320 333	62.840	60.990		3.5		m <sub>N</sub>
		62.850	60.822		3.5		m <sub>N</sub>
1987 08 20	01 14 338 355	64.287	61.811			2.7	M <sub>L</sub>
		64.172	61.983			2.7	M <sub>L</sub>

TABLE 3

## Relocation of Labrador Shelf Earthquakes

DATE YY/MM/DD	TIME HH:MM:SS	LAT. (N)	LONG. (W)	MAGNITUDE			
				m <sub>b</sub>	m <sub>N</sub>	M <sub>L</sub>	M <sub>S</sub>
1952 10 20	01 04 35 390	57.0	57.0			5.0	M <sub>L</sub>
		57.010	57.730			5.0	M <sub>L</sub>
1956 06 05	07 45 16 173	56.8	58.9			5.1	M <sub>L</sub>
		57.103	59.079		4.3		M <sub>N</sub>
1963 03 12	07 06 08 097	57.0	60.03			3.8	M <sub>L</sub>
		56.691	59.797		3.4		m <sub>N</sub>
1967 12 27	03 16 43 461	58.75	59.25			3.8	M <sub>L</sub>
		59.039	59.866			3.8	M <sub>L</sub>
1968 01 13	03 10 26 336	57.16	58.50		2.6		m <sub>N</sub>
		57.402	59.170		2.6		m <sub>N</sub>
1969 09 27	22 53 58 568	56.52	57.49		4.1		m <sub>N</sub>
		56.797	57.511			4.5	M <sub>L</sub>
1971 12 07	12 04 18 195	55.09	54.51	5.4		5.3	M <sub>L</sub>
		54.965	54.669		5.3		m <sub>b</sub>
1972 01 25	02 40 01 012	55.14	54.42			4.5	M <sub>L</sub>
		55.141	54.394			4.7	M <sub>L</sub>
1976 05 26	18 26 33 309	55.47	52.74			4.4	M <sub>L</sub>
		55.480	52.453			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
1977 11 05	08 49 31 281	59.05	60.61			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
		59.255	60.242			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
1979 03 31	07 54 42 355	56.71	59.95		2.7		m <sub>N</sub>
		56.916	59.375		2.7		m <sub>N</sub>
1979 04 04	17 32 53 510	56.14	58.92		3.2		m <sub>N</sub>
		55.939	58.436		3.2		m <sub>N</sub>
1979 09 04	09 10 16 147	57.58	58.96			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
		57.598	58.772			4.2	M <sub>L</sub>
1982 07 02	23 52 39 383	56.18	59.11			3.6	M <sub>L</sub>
		56.150	58.877			3.6	M <sub>L</sub>
1983 08 20	15 30 29 270	56.39	59.21		3.3		m <sub>N</sub>
		56.531	59.073		3.4		m <sub>N</sub>
1986 01 08	02 00 150 169	57.290	58.160			4.3	M <sub>L</sub>
		57.287	58.167			4.3	M <sub>L</sub>
1986 01 08	02 12 150 155	57.290	58.160				
		57.287	58.082			3.6	M <sub>L</sub>

**TABLE 3 – continued**

**Relocation of Labrador Shelf Earthquakes**

1986	04	20	09	59	542	57.384	59.509	4.7	4.8	m <sub>N</sub>
					549	57.353	59.204		4.8	m <sub>b</sub>
1986	09	24	06	04	569	54.374	54.998	4.2	4.5	m <sub>N</sub>
					574	54.263	54.739		4.6	m <sub>b</sub>
1987	12	14	21	09	266	56.854	56.124		4.6	M <sub>L</sub>
					309	56.648	56.261		4.6	M <sub>L</sub>



TABLE 4

## Relocation of Southern Labrador - Eastern Quebec Earthquakes

DATE			TIME			LAT. (N)	LONG. (W)	MAGNITUDE			
YY/MM/DD			HH:MM:SS					m <sub>b</sub>	m <sub>N</sub>	M <sub>L</sub>	M <sub>S</sub>
1955	11	21	16	10	41	50.58	63.50		4.0		m <sub>N</sub>
					356	50.972	63.136		4.1		m <sub>N</sub>
1962	12	20	04	23	12	52.8	59.4			4.4	M <sub>L</sub>
					121	52.882	59.223		4.1		m <sub>N</sub>
1963	04	04	08	53	06	53.4	59.7			3.5	M <sub>L</sub>
					013	53.105	59.330		3.3		m <sub>N</sub>
1963	10	25	08	49	39	51.4	61.90			3.3	M <sub>L</sub>
					473	51.481	62.733		2.9		m <sub>N</sub>
1966	10	15	20	34	08	53.427	57.17			4.4	M <sub>L</sub>
					043	53.461	57.089		3.7		m <sub>N</sub>
1967	11	02	03	35	38	52.20	58.40			3.4	M <sub>L</sub>
					385	51.849	58.846		3.0		m <sub>N</sub>
1973	10	13	01	39	14	49.57	61.36		3.1		m <sub>N</sub>
					112	49.597	60.917		3.1		m <sub>N</sub>
1973	10	23	12	37	10	51.26	62.39		3.2		m <sub>N</sub>
					136	51.323	62.540		3.3		m <sub>N</sub>
New event											
1979	01	05	05	39	268	51.878	58.033			3.0	M <sub>L</sub>
1981	11	22	00	01	49	52.73	62.95		2.7		m <sub>N</sub>
					473	52.634	62.694		2.9		m <sub>N</sub>
1982	04	10	06	17	56	51.15	59.64		3.2		m <sub>N</sub>
					560	51.219	59.608		3.5		m <sub>N</sub>
1982	10	03	04	31	05	51.25	62.81		3.3		m <sub>N</sub>
					011	51.197	62.194		3.4		m <sub>N</sub>
1985	02	24	15	26	09	49.34	64.28		3.0		m <sub>N</sub>
					094	49.382	64.246		3.0		m <sub>N</sub>
1987	12	11	22	19	113	50.435	58.303		3.4		m <sub>N</sub>
					099	50.551	58.171		3.4		m <sub>N</sub>

Figure 1 - The area of onshore Labrador and the Labrador Sea showing (within the polygon) the revised earthquake epicentres obtained in this study. The four subgroups individually studied have been outlined and labeled. A1, A2: Labrador Ridge , B: southeast Baffin Shelf, C: Labrador Shelf , D: southern Labrador - eastern Quebec.

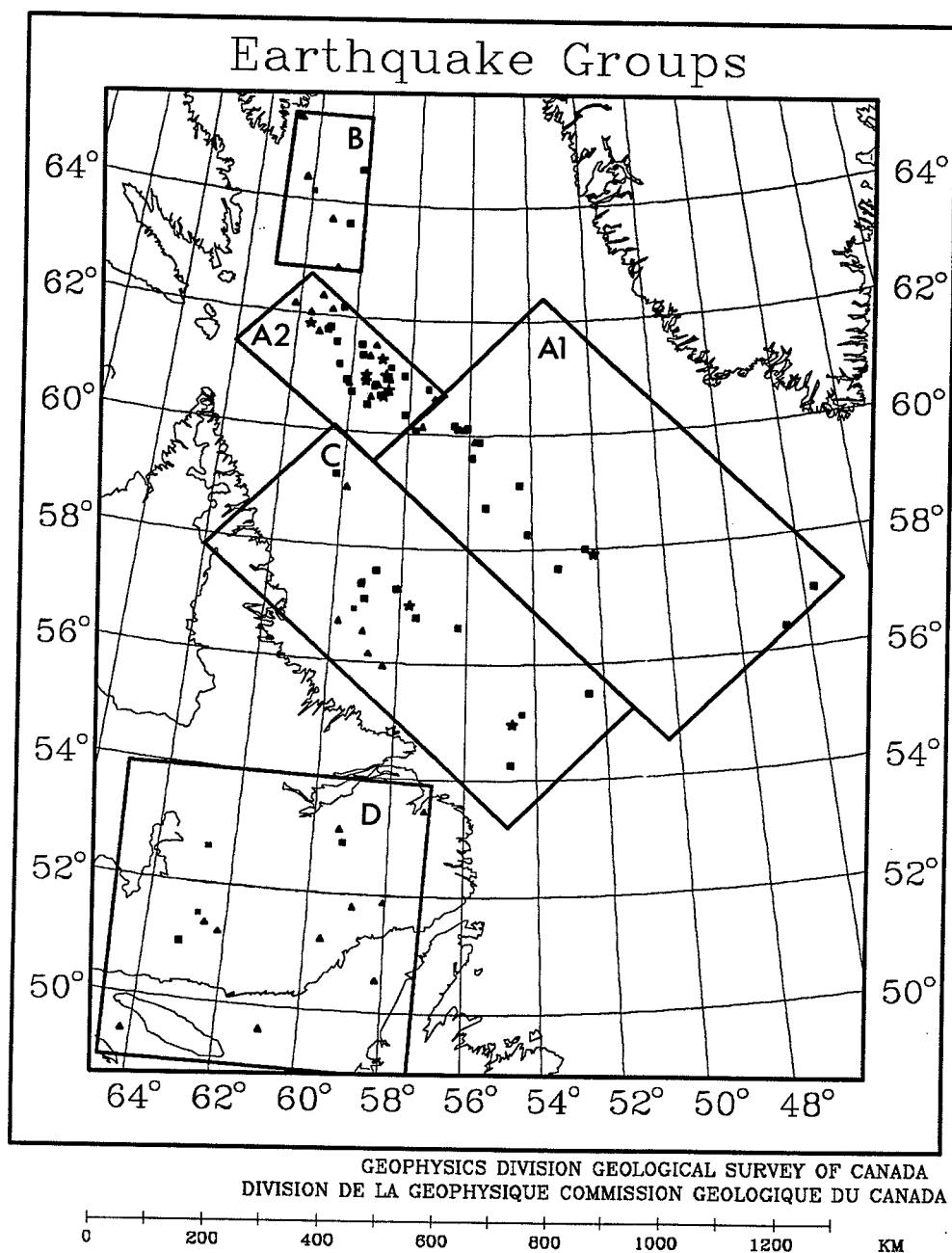


Figure 2 - Graph comparing the magnitude of detected earthquakes vs. time in the Labrador Sea, showing the increase in detection capability since the early 1960's.

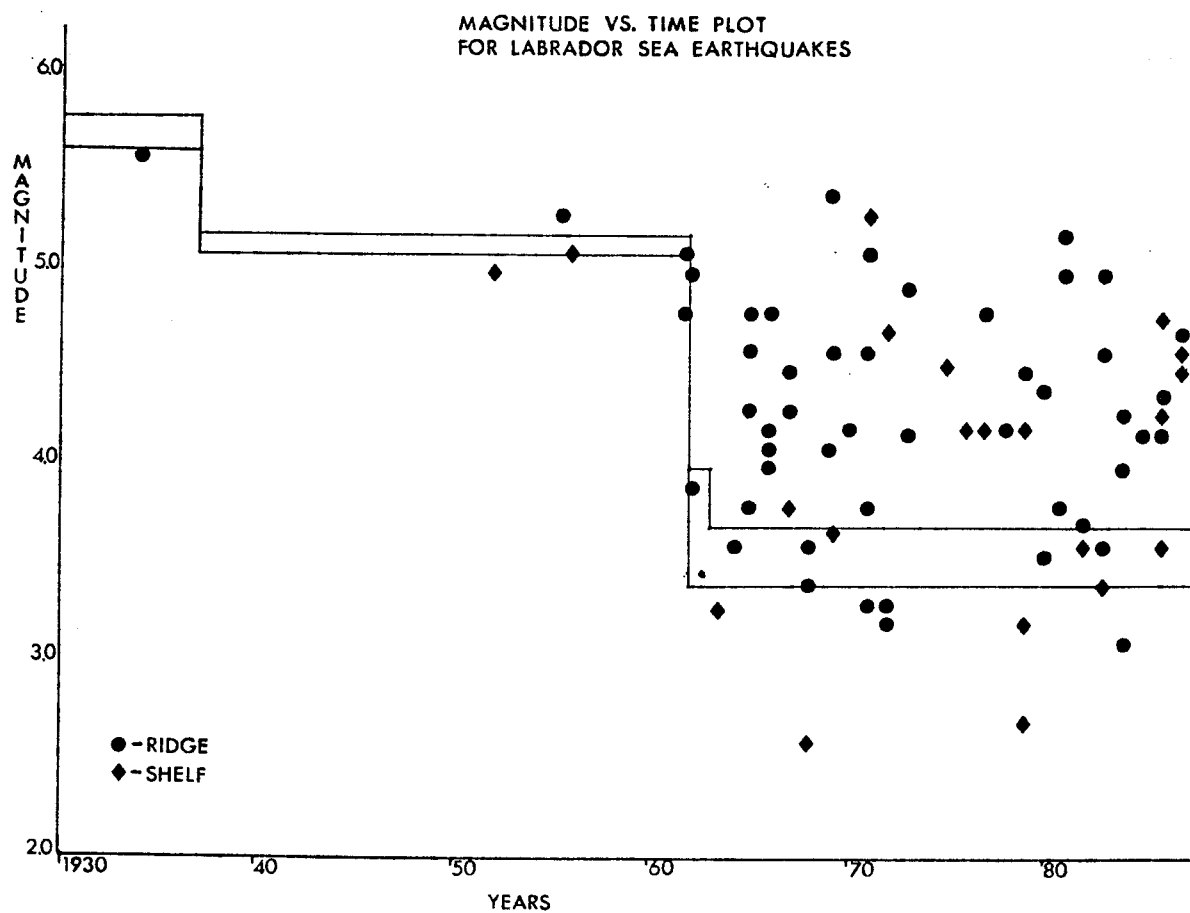


Figure 3 - Completeness thresholds from 1963 to 1977, showing the limits to which earthquakes of certain magnitudes could be detected and located in the Labrador Sea.

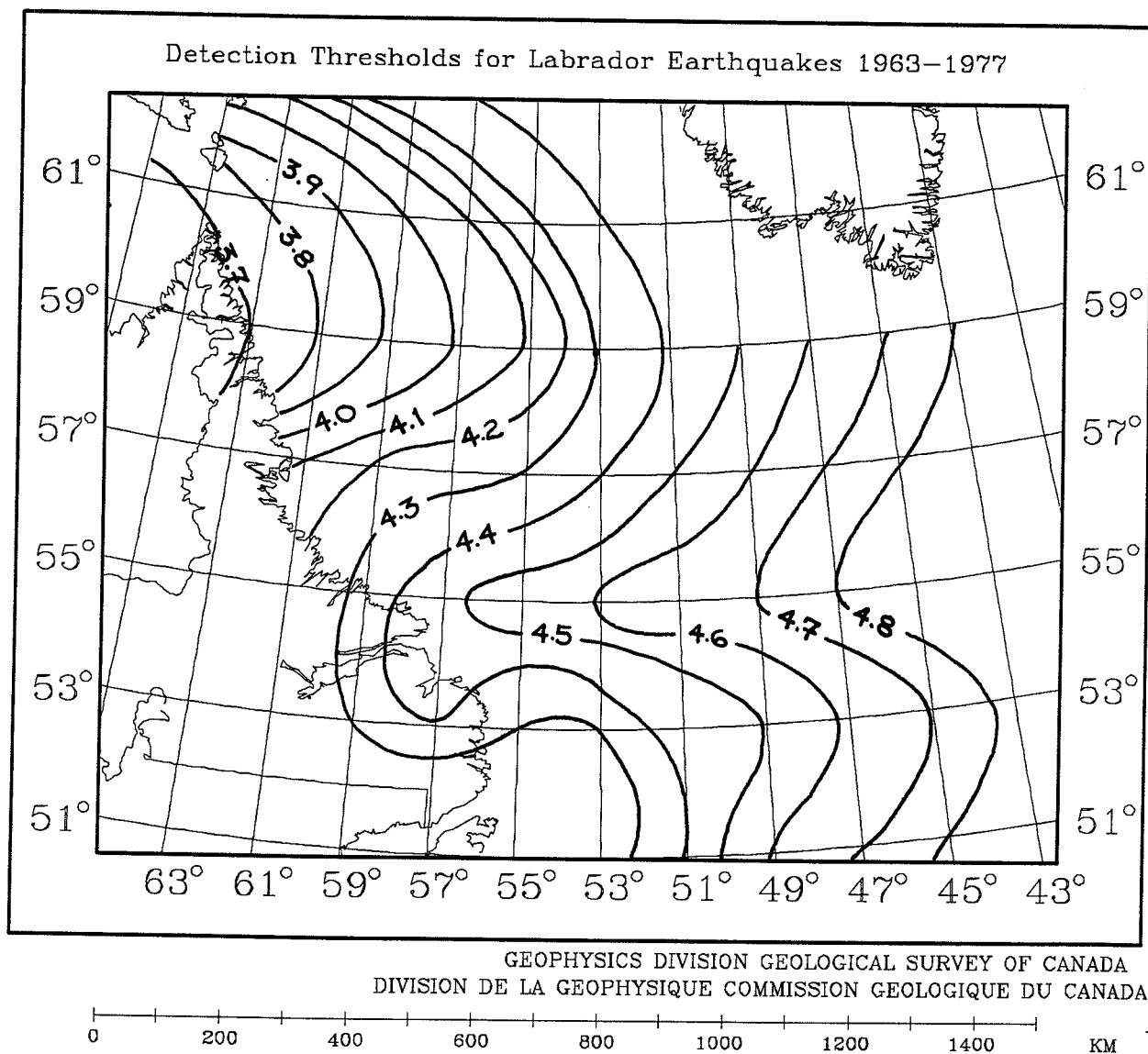


Figure 4 - Completeness thresholds from 1977 to the present, showing the limits to which earthquakes of certain magnitudes could be detected and located in the Labrador Sea.

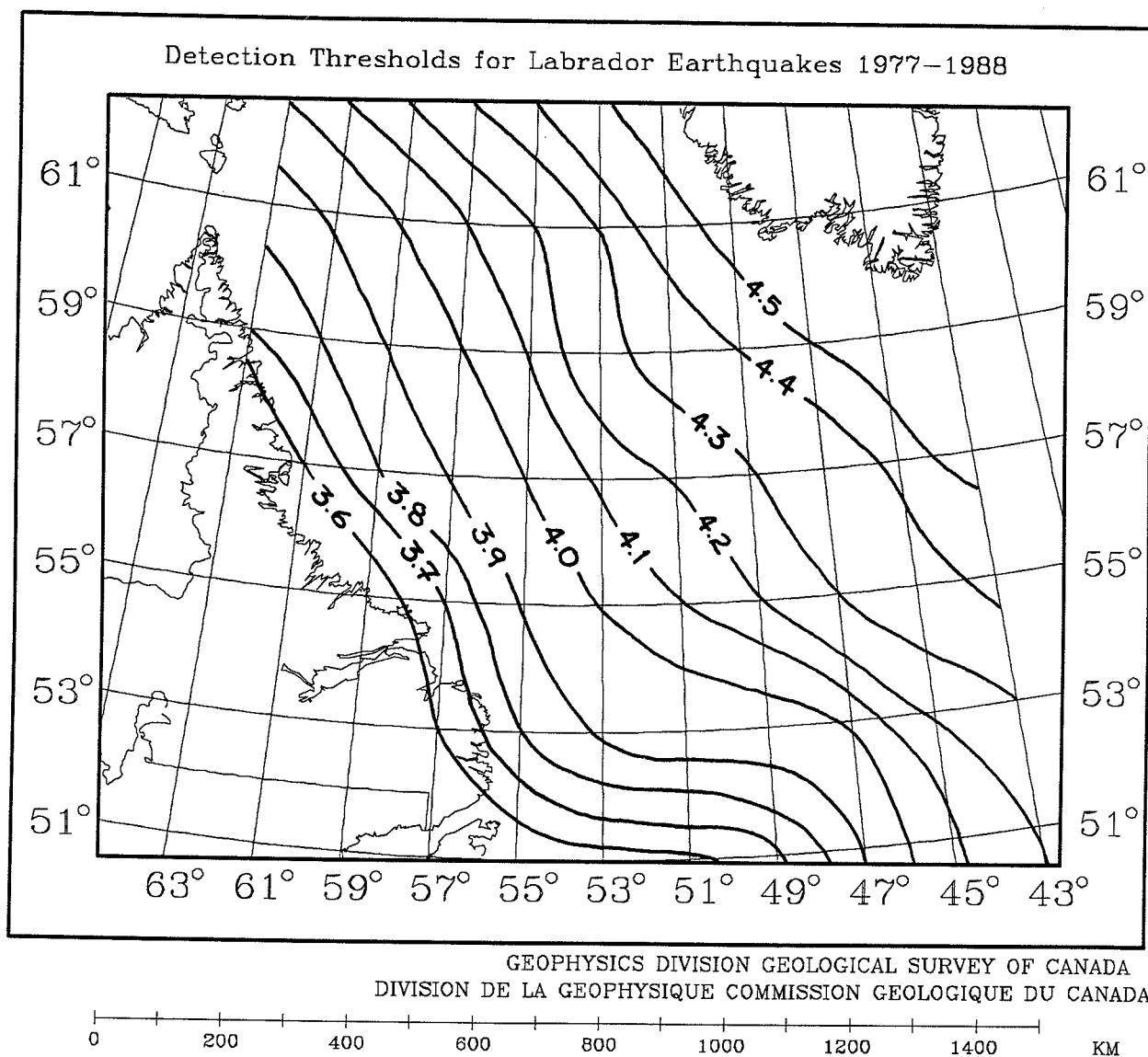


Figure 5 - Original locations of the studied earthquakes from the Canadian Earthquake Epicentre File (CEEF). Only those earthquakes that are inside the polygon were studied.

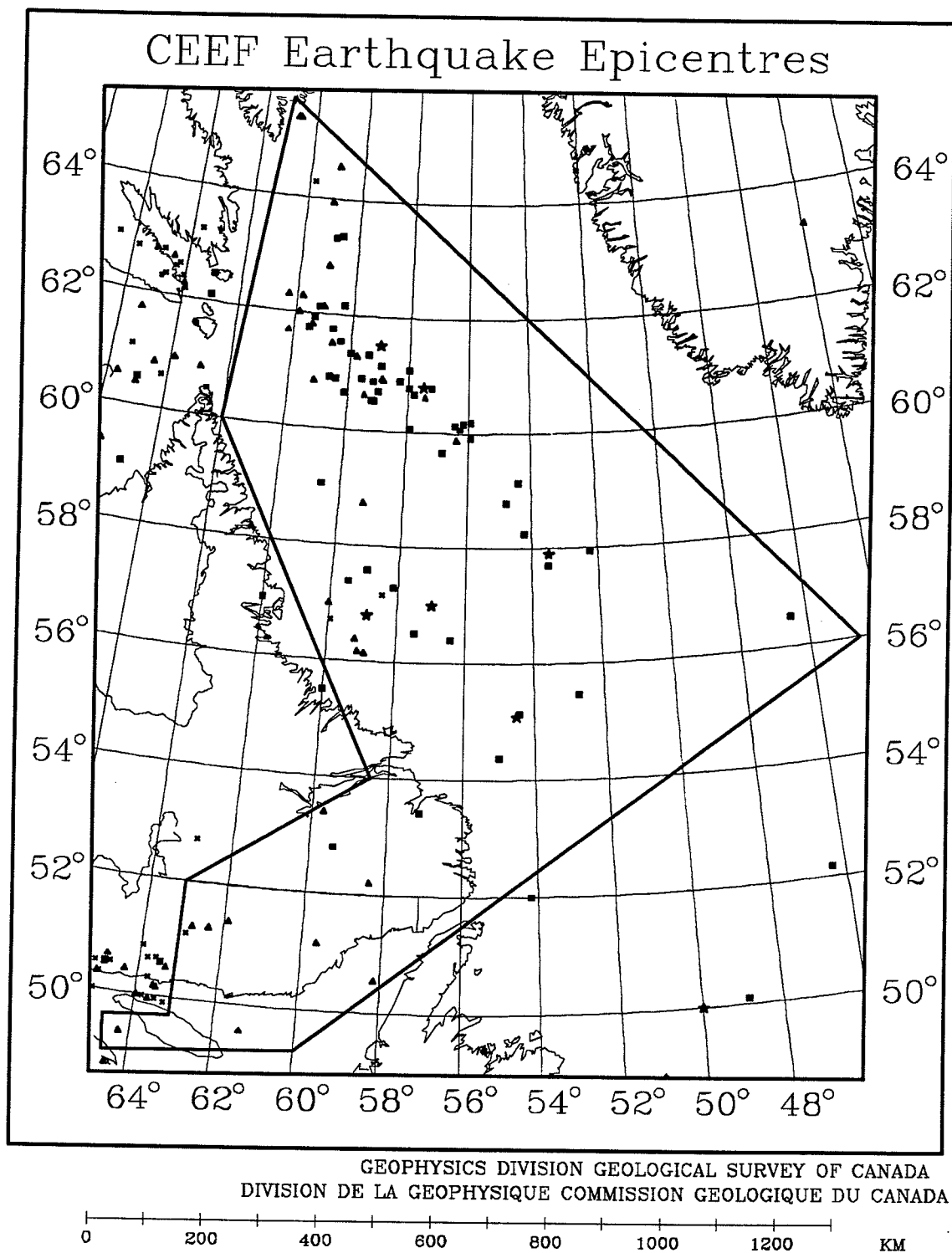


Figure 6 - Displacement vectors showing the difference in location between the original and revised epicentres of the relocated earthquakes. The arrowheads point toward the revised location.

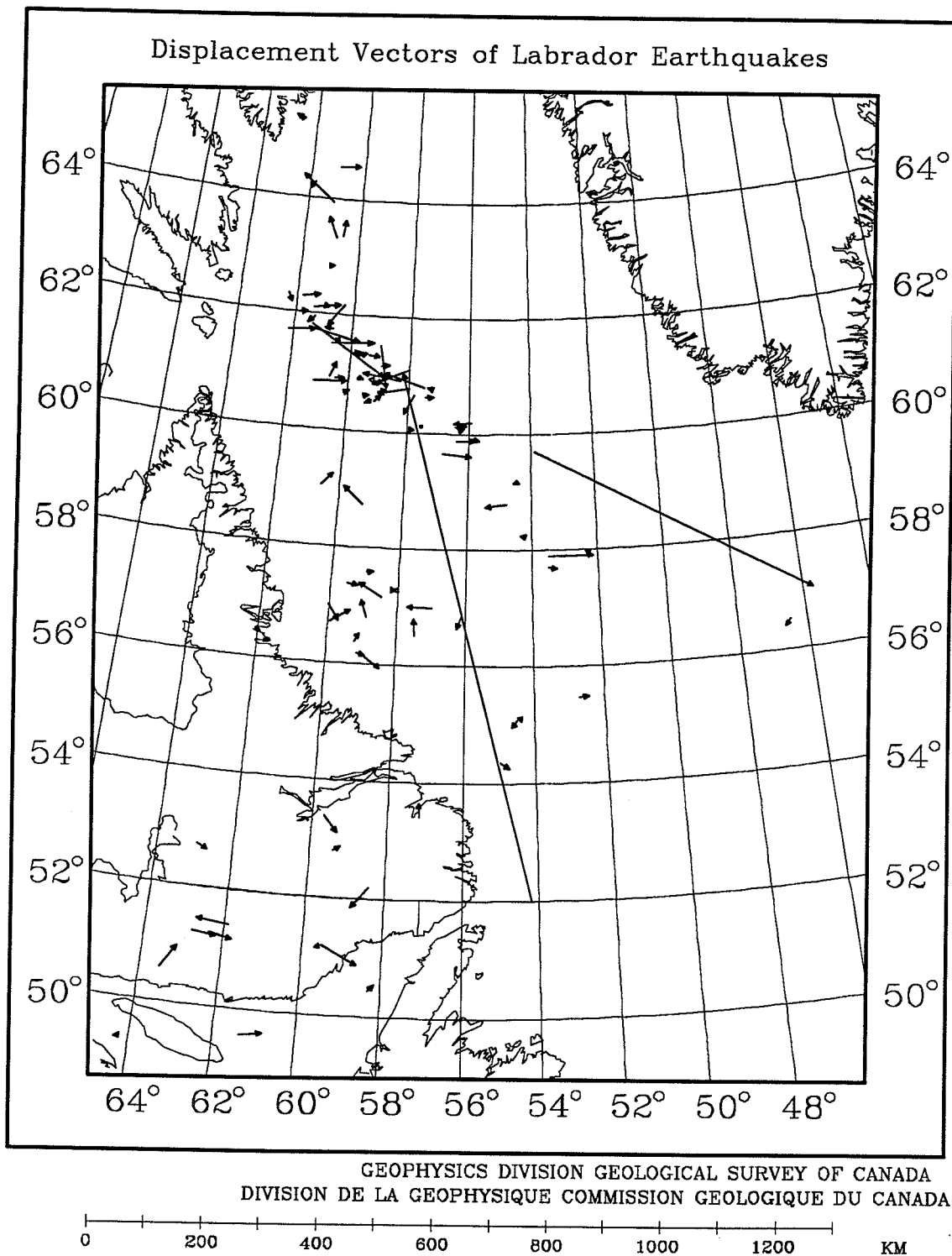


Figure 7 - Revised epicentres of the relocated earthquakes. Note the representation of the earthquakes by open circles which are proportional to their magnitudes. The trend of Labrador Ridge earthquakes running northwest to southeast has narrowed, and the cluster of Labrador Shelf Earthquakes has assumed a horseshoe-shaped pattern. In this and subsequent figures the earthquakes can be identified by comparison to Tables 1 - 4.

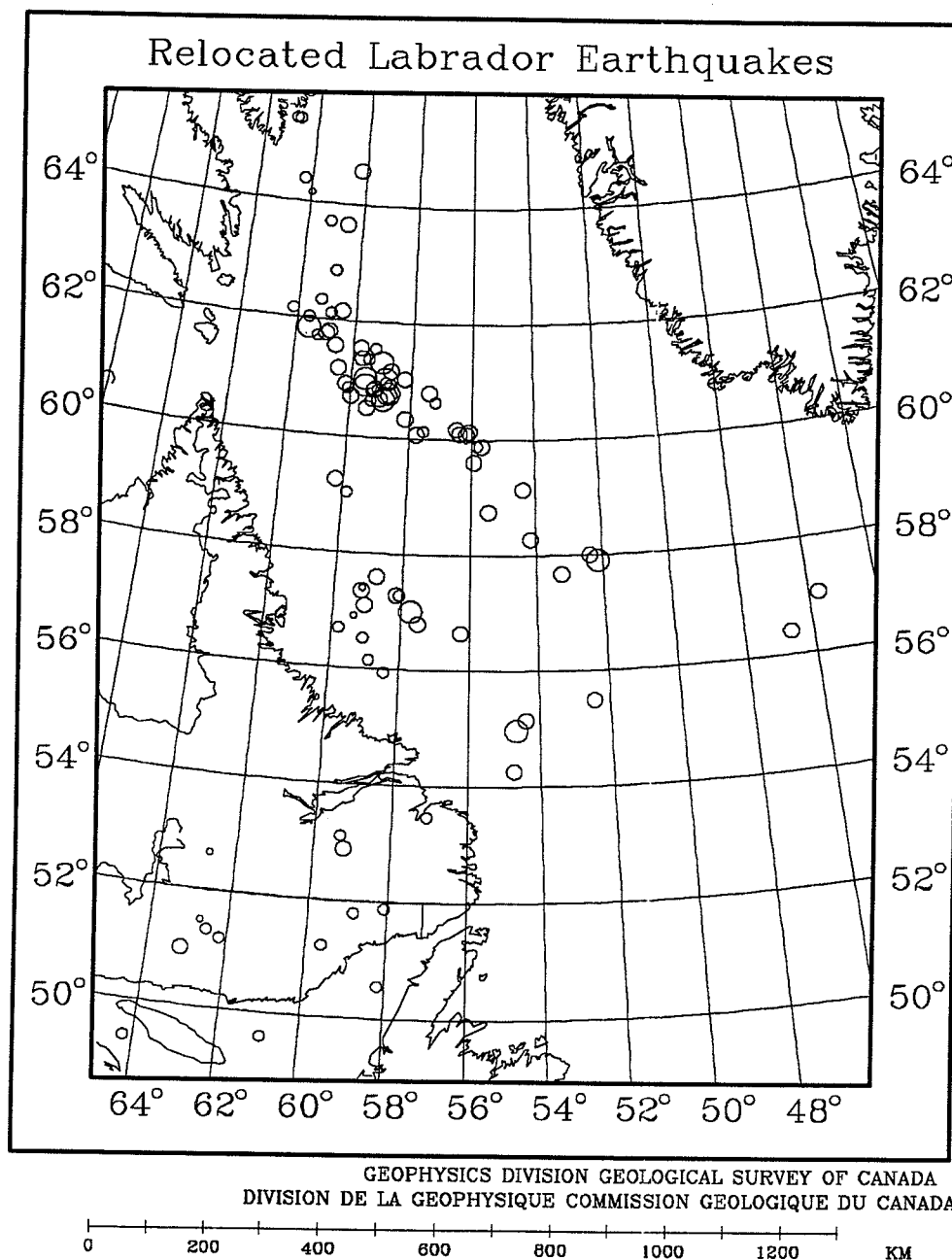
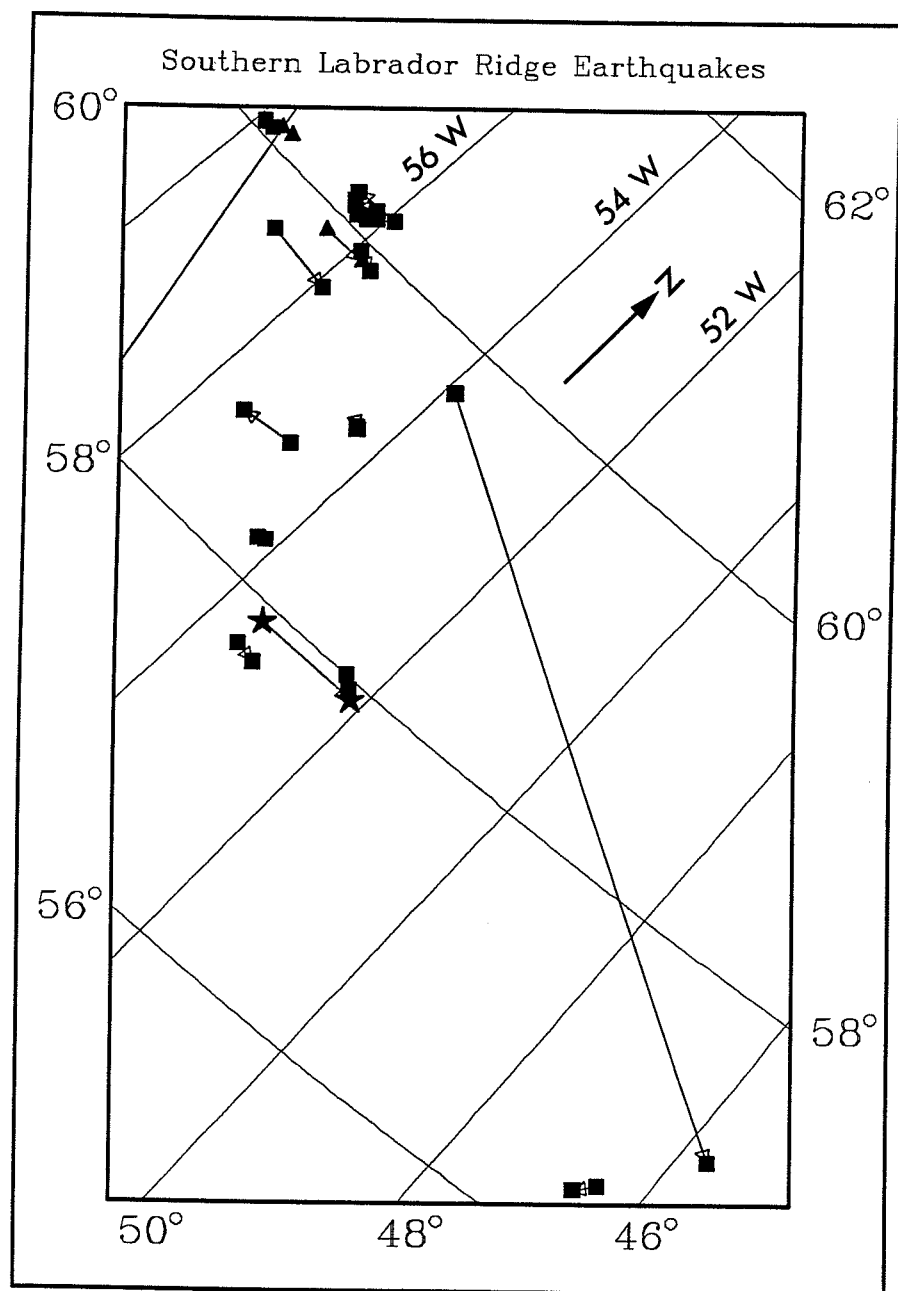




Figure 8 - The original and revised epicentres of earthquakes on the southern Labrador Ridge, connected by displacement vectors pointing toward the new locations. In the upper left hand corner the displacement vector for event 620803 passes through the area.



## DEFINITIONS

$M < 3$	x
$M \geq 3$	▲
$M \geq 4$	■
$M \geq 5$	★
$M \geq 6$	★

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0 200 400 KM

Figure 9 - The original and revised epicentres of earthquakes on the northern Labrador Ridge, connected by displacement vectors pointing toward the new locations. The displacement vector for event 620803 comes in off the bottom of the map as the original location is over 1000 km away.

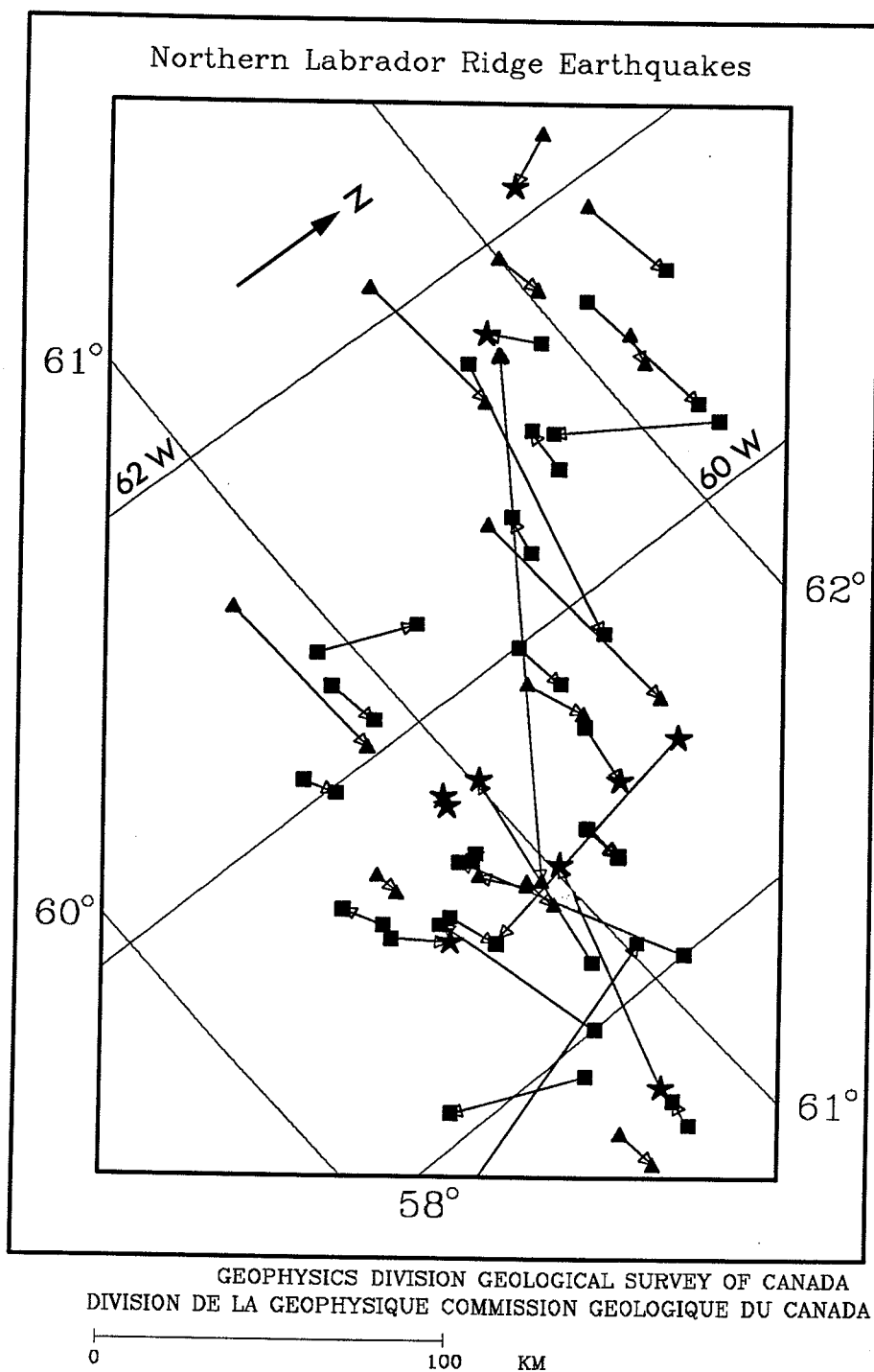
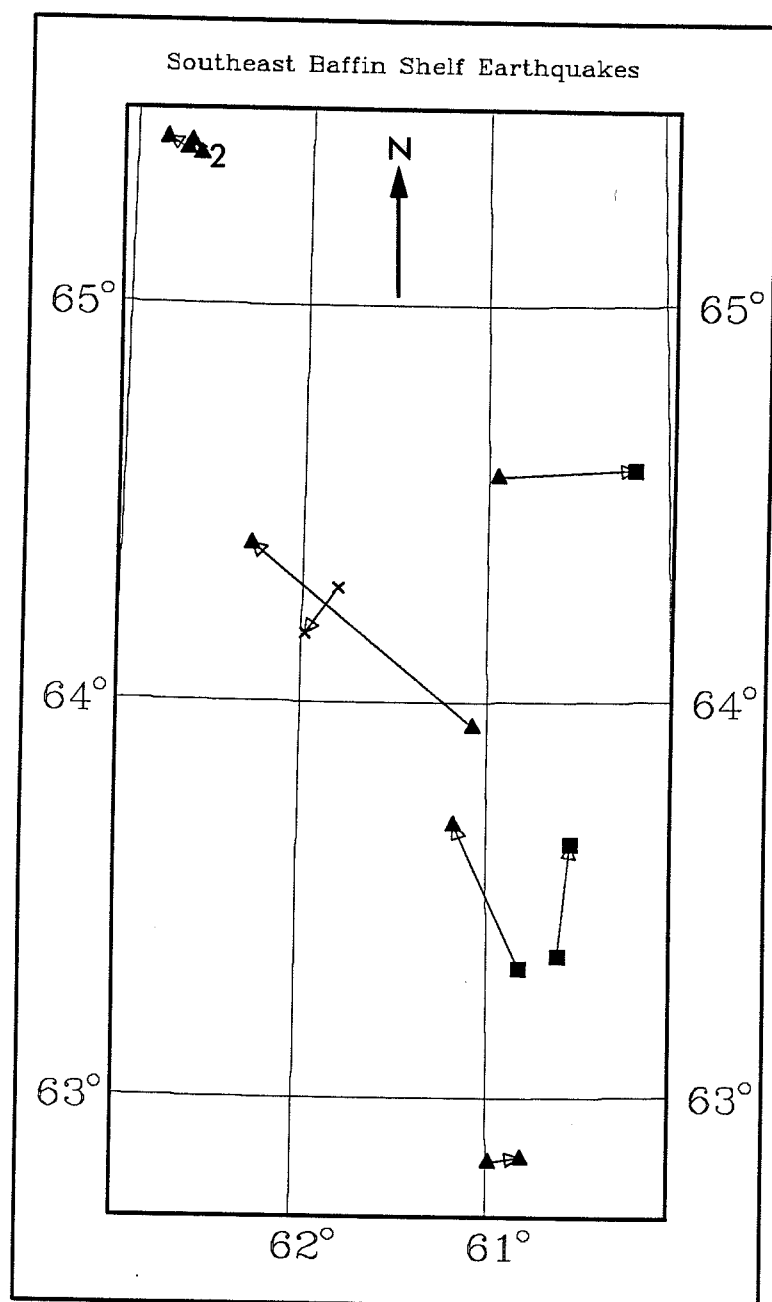


Figure 10 - The original and revised epicentres of earthquakes on the Southeast Baffin Shelf, connected by displacement vectors pointing toward the new locations.



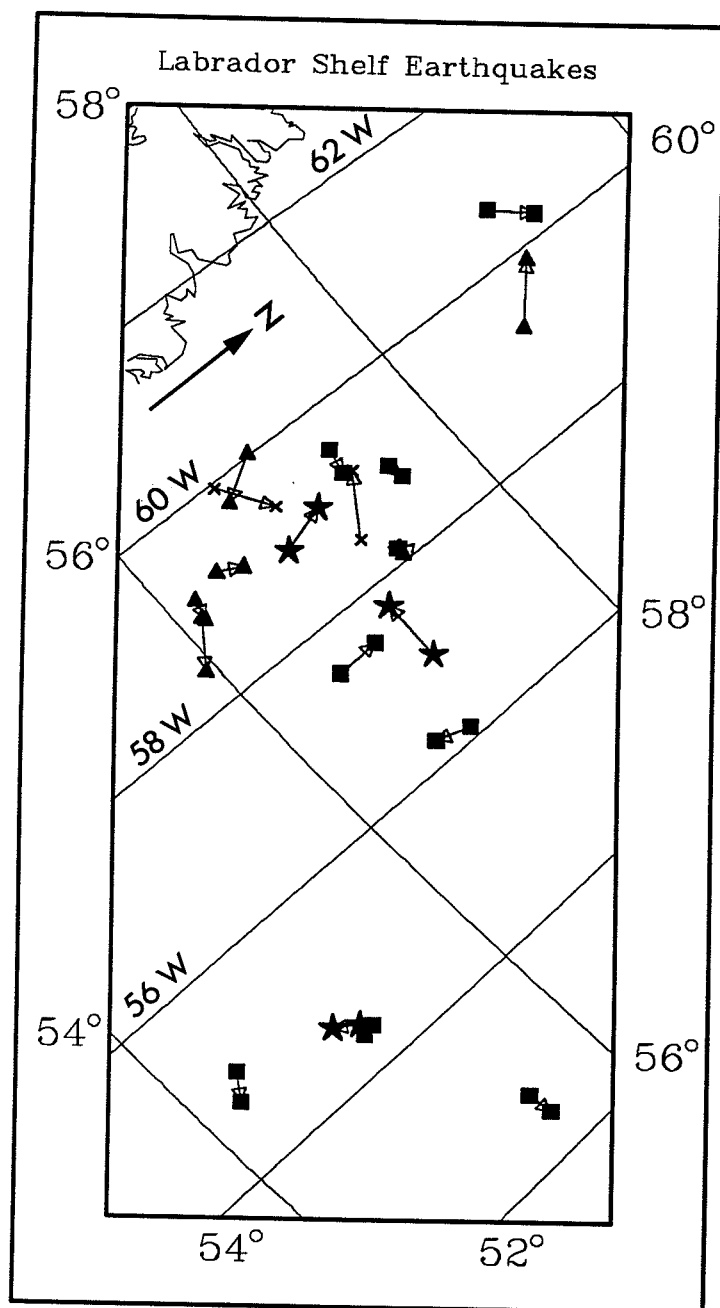
## DEFINITIONS

$M < 3$	x
$M \geq 3$	▲
$M \geq 4$	■
$M \geq 5$	★
$M \geq 6$	★

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0 100 KM

Figure 11 - The original and revised epicentres of earthquakes on the Labrador Shelf, connected by displacement vectors pointing toward the new locations.



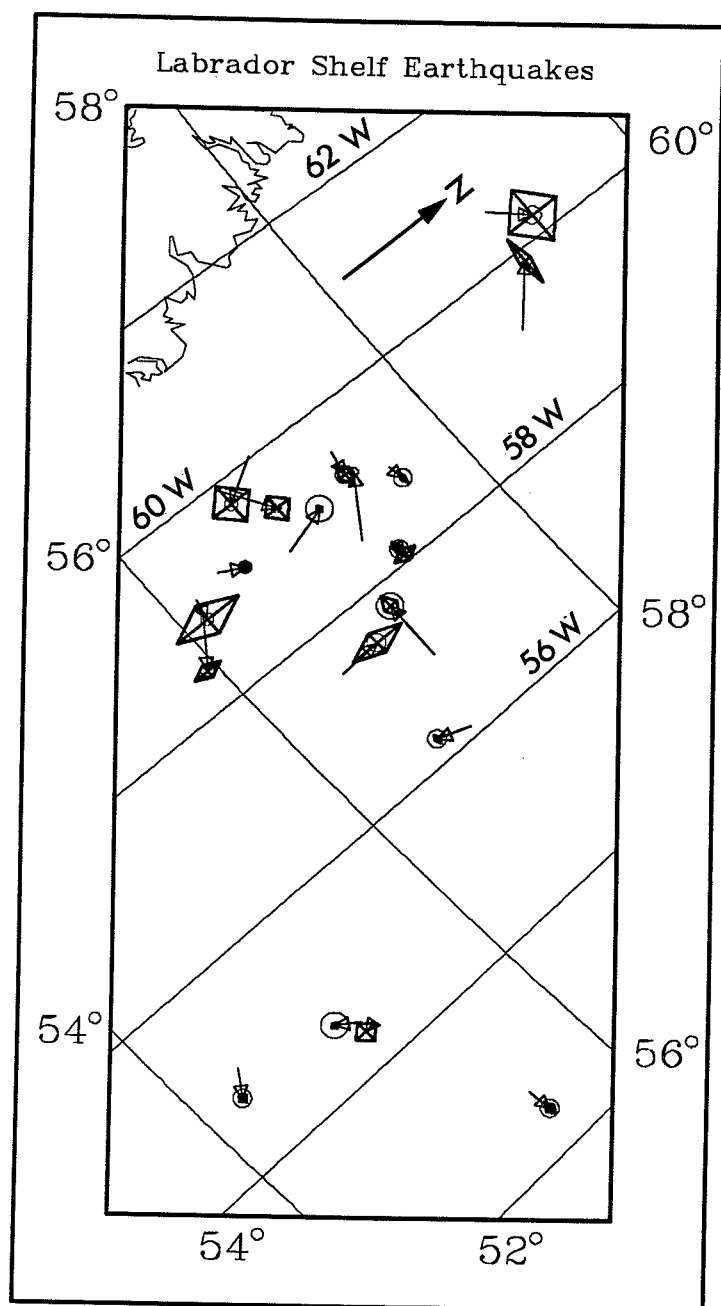
## DEFINITIONS

$M < 3$	x
$M \geq 3$	▲
$M \geq 4$	■
$M \geq 5$	★
$M \geq 6$	⊛

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0 200 KM

Figure 12 - The revised epicentres (open circles) of earthquakes on the Labrador Shelf together with their relocation vectors. The diamond-shaped boxes surrounding the epicentres indicate the errors in latitude and longitude.



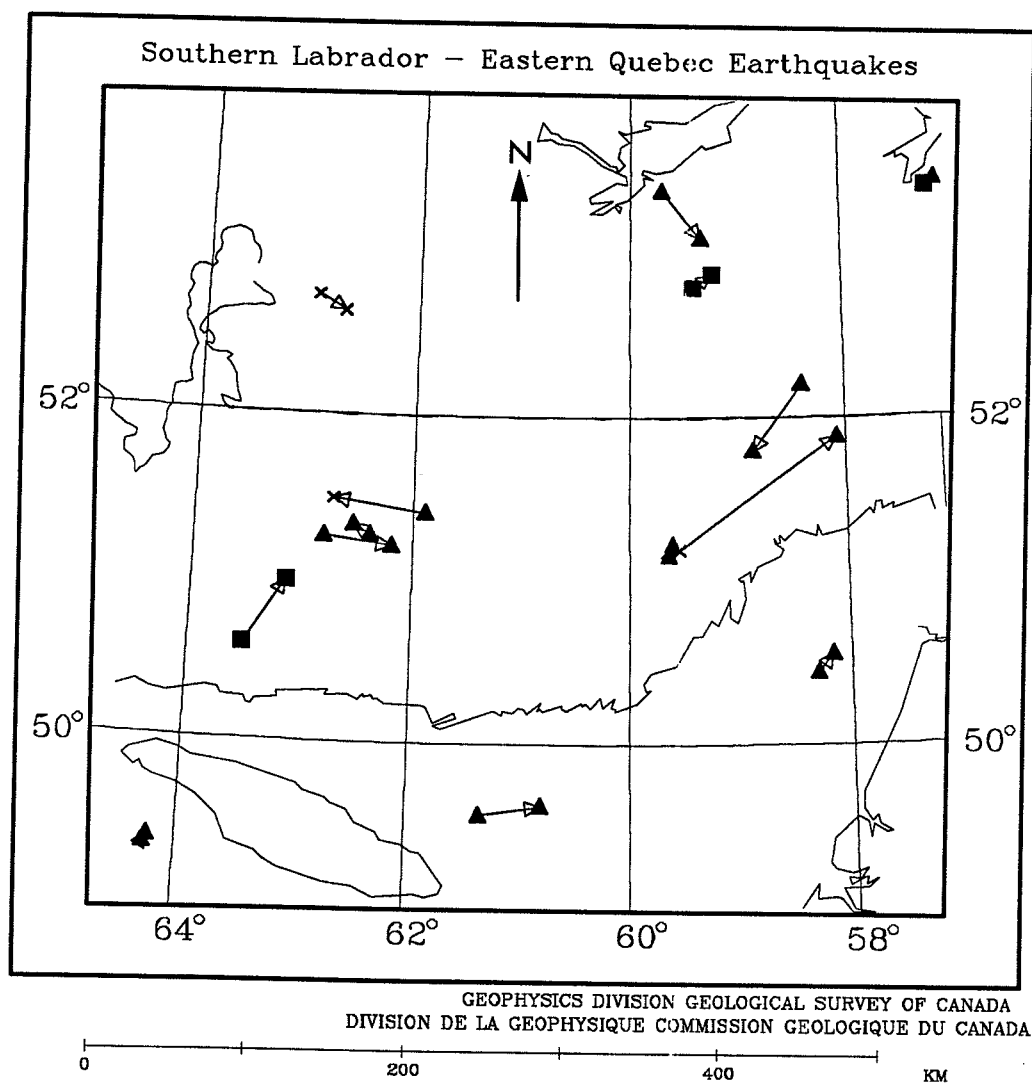
## DEFINITIONS

$M < 3$	◦
$M \geq 3$	◦
$M \geq 4$	◦
$M \geq 5$	○
$M \geq 6$	○

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0 200 KM

Figure 13 - The original and revised epicentres of earthquakes in southern Labrador and eastern Quebec, connected by displacement vectors pointing toward the new locations.



# MI vs Mb PLOT

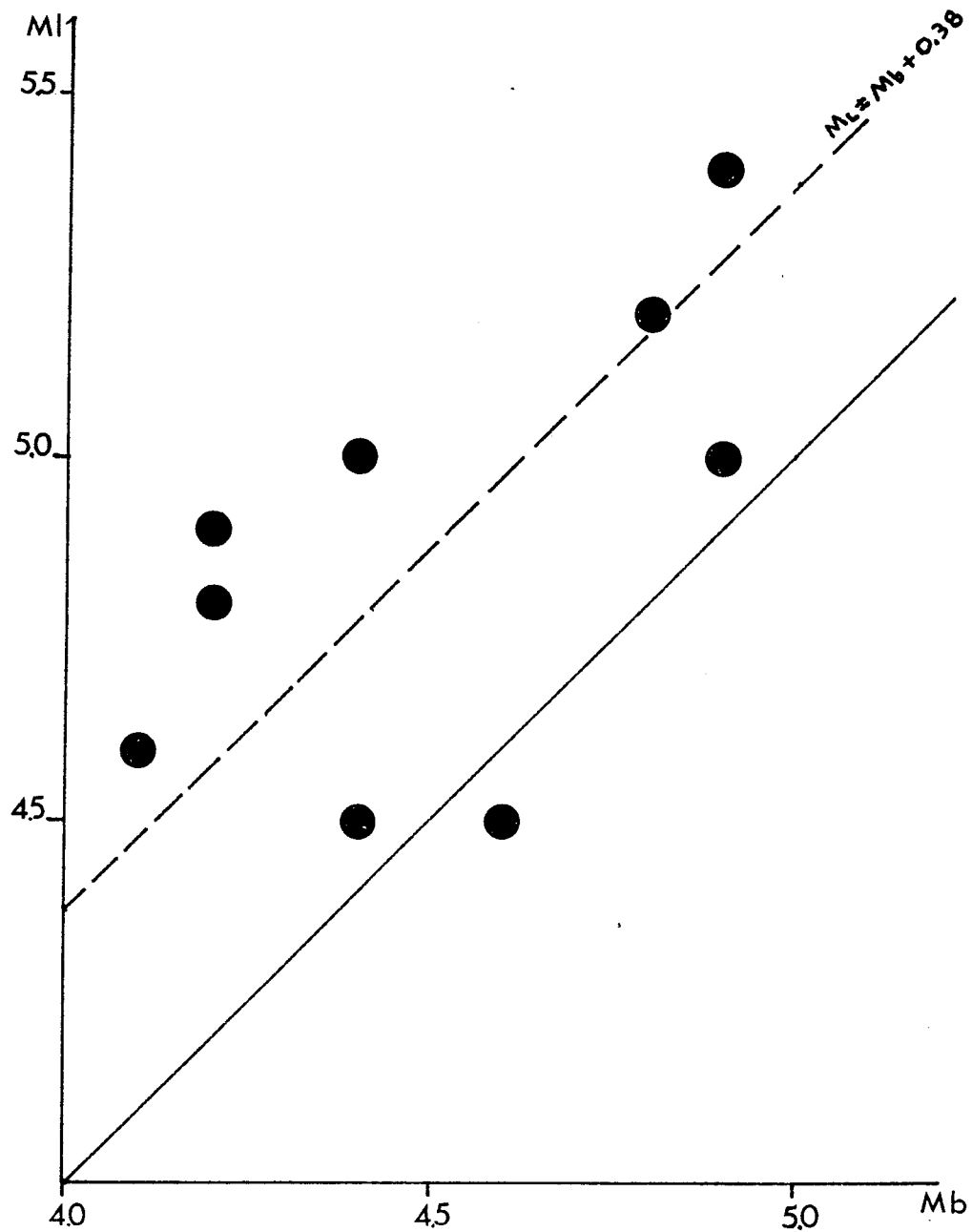
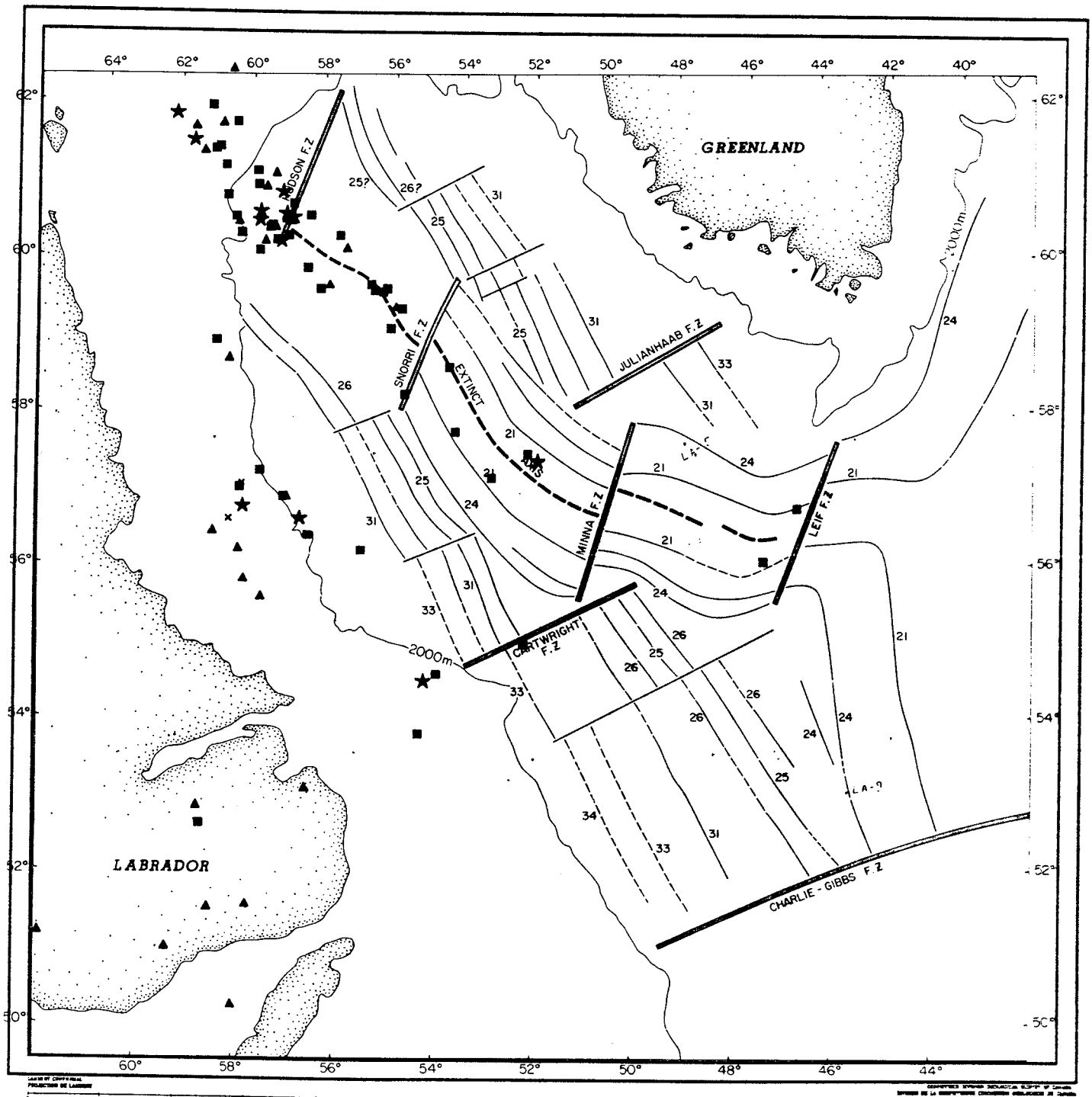


Figure 14 - Graph comparing the  $M_L$  magnitudes to the  $m_b$  magnitudes for nine Labrador Sea earthquakes. The solid line represents a linear relationship between the two scales with a slope of 1.0 and no bias. The dashed line is the chosen relationship with the same slope, but a bias of 0.38.

Figure 15 - Seismicity of the Labrador Sea showing the relationship between the relocated epicentres and the extinct ridge and fracture zones. (Base figure from Srivastava and Tapscott, 1986)





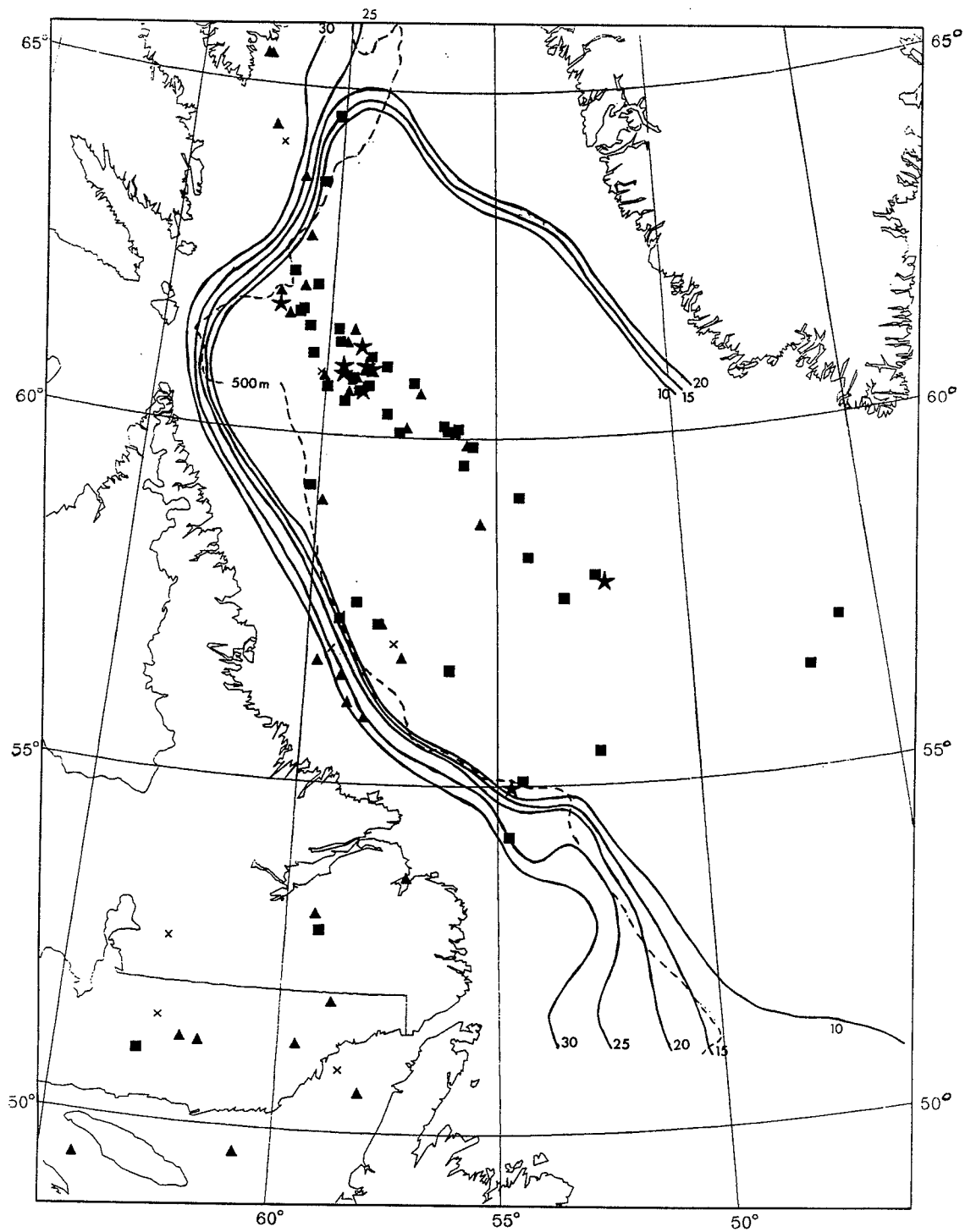
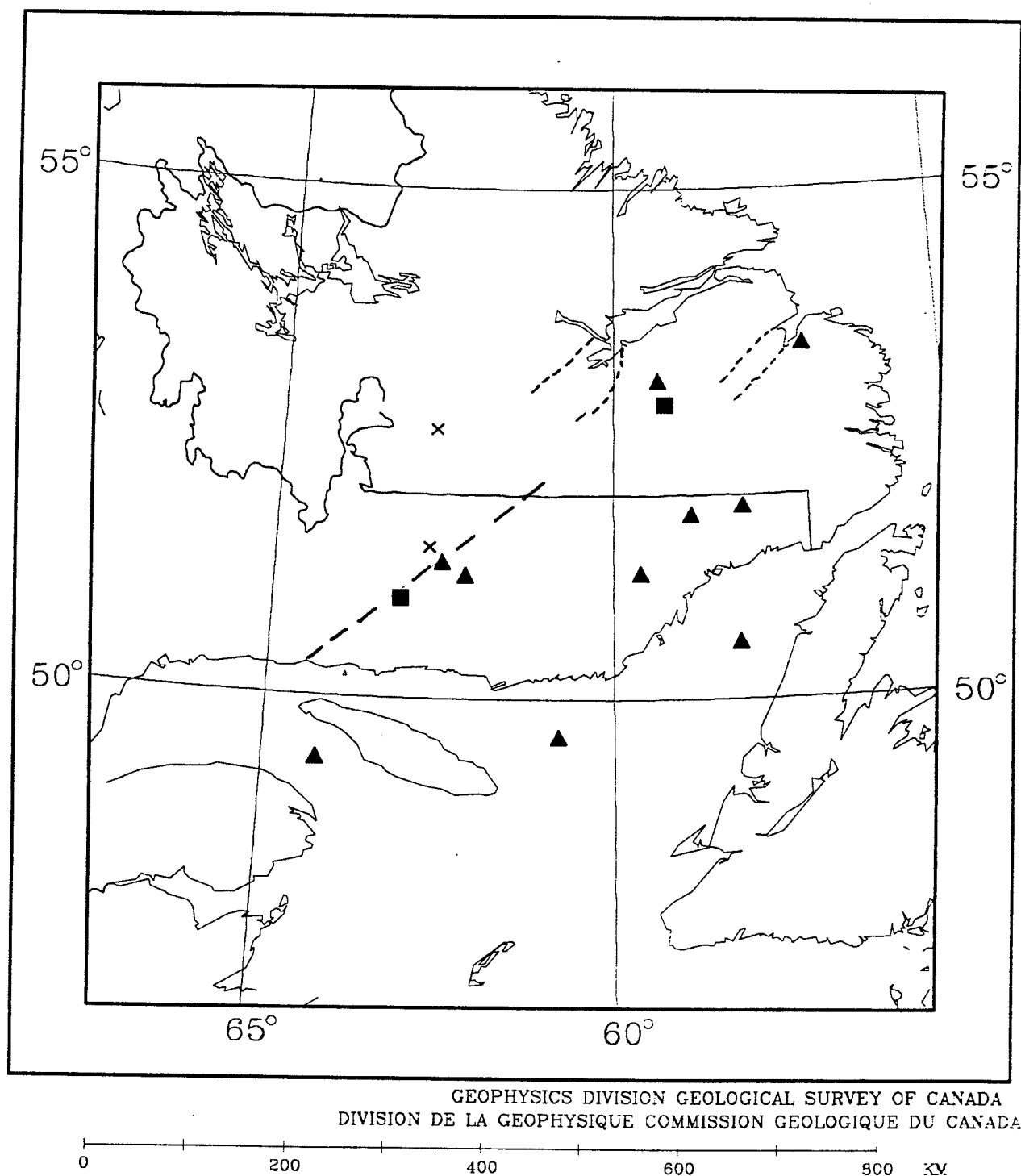


Figure 16 - Crustal thickness under the Labrador Sea, showing the rapid transition from the thin sea floor (> 10 km) to the thick continental crust (30 km) in approximately 50 km. (Crustal thickness data after Shih et al., 1988)

Figure 17 - Revised seismicity of southern Labrador and eastern Quebec showing the relationships of the relocated epicentres to faults (short dashed lines) and the aeromagnetic anomaly (long dashed line) sketched from Gower et al (1986).



# APPENDIX A

## Canadian Stations

STATION CODE	LOCATION	LAT. (N)	LONG. (W)	ELEV. (M)
ALE	Alert, N.W.T.	82.5033	62.3500	65
BLC	Baker Lake, N.W.T.	64.3160	96.0166	16
CBK	Corner Brook, Newfoundland	48.9197	57.9679	380
CKO	Chalk River, Ontario	45.9944	77.4500	190
EBN	Edmundston, New Brunswick	47.4620	68.2420	195
EDM	Edmonton, Alberta	53.2217	113.3500	730
EEO	Eldee, Ontario	46.6411	79.0733	398
FBC	Frobisher Bay, N.W.T.	63.7333	68.4667	45
FCC	Fort Churchill, Manitoba	58.7616	94.0866	39
FFC	Flin Flon, Manitoba	54.7250	101.9783	338
FRB	Frobisher Bay, N.W.T.	63.7467	68.5467	18
GAC	Glen Almond, Quebec	45.7033	75.4783	62
GBN	Guysborough, Nova Scotia	45.4067	61.5133	38
GGN	St. George, New Brunswick	45.1170	66.8220	30
GNT	Gentilly, Quebec	46.3628	72.3722	10
GRQ	Grand-Remous, Quebec	46.6067	75.8600	290
GSQ	Grosses Roches, Quebec	48.9142	67.1106	398
HAL	Halifax, Nova Scotia	44.6377	63.5920	64
HTQ	Hauterive, Quebec	49.1917	68.3939	123
IGL	Igloolik, N.W.T.	69.3767	81.8067	38
INK	Inuvik, N.W.T.	68.3067	133.5200	40
JAQ	La Grande-3, Quebec	53.8022	75.7211	366
KLC	Kirkland Lake, Ontario	48.1447	80.0292	310
KLN	McKendrick Lake, New Brunswick	46.8433	66.3717	411
LAQ	La Grande, Quebec	53.8240	77.0200	183
LGQ	La Grande-2, Quebec	53.6917	77.7250	190
LMN	Caledonia Mtn., New Brunswick	45.8520	64.8060	363
LMQ	LaMalbaie, Quebec	47.5483	70.3267	419
LPQ	La Pocatiere, Quebec	47.3408	70.0094	126
MBC	Mould Bay, N.W.T.	76.2417	119.3600	15
MNQ	Manicouagan, Quebec	50.5333	68.7744	564
MNT	Montreal, Quebec	45.5025	73.6231	112
MUN	St. John's, Newfoundland	47.5717	52.7328	62
OTT	Ottawa, Ontario	45.3942	75.7167	77
PBQ	Poste Baleine, Quebec	55.2800	77.7400	20
POC	La Pocatiere, Quebec	47.3640	70.0410	61
RES	Resolute, N.W.T.	74.6870	94.9000	15
RSNT	Yellowknife	62.4800	114.5920	191
SBQ	Sherbrooke, Quebec	45.3783	71.9264	265
SCH	Schefferville, Quebec	54.8183	66.7833	518
SES	Suffield, Alberta	50.3958	111.0417	770
SFA	Seven Falls, Quebec	47.1233	70.8267	232
SHF	Shawinigan Falls, Quebec	46.5517	72.7633	60
SIC	Sept-Iles, Quebec	50.1720	66.7380	283
SLQ	Saint Louis du Ha Ha, Quebec	47.6662	69.0103	320
STJ	St. John's, Newfoundland	47.5717	52.7328	62

SUD	Sudbury, Ontario	46.4660	80.9660	267
TRQ	Mont-Tremblant, Quebec	46.2222	74.5556	853
UNB	Fredericton, New Brunswick	45.9500	66.6300	56
VDQ	Val d'Or, Quebec	48.2300	77.9717	305
WBO	Williamsburg, Quebec	45.0003	75.2750	85
WEO	Welcome, Quebec	44.0186	78.3744	149
YKA	Yellowknife, N.W.T.	62.4933	114.6050	196

#### Greenland Stations

DAG	Danmarkshavn	76.7700	18.6500	30
GDH	Godhavn	69.2500	53.5333	23
IVI	Ivigut	61.2000	48.1833	20
KTG	Kap Topin	70.4167	21.9833	60
NOR	Nord	81.6000	16.6833	36
SCO	Scoresbysund	70.4833	21.9500	69

#### American Stations

BMO	Blue Mountain Array, Oregon	44.8483	117.3050	1189
CBM	Caribou, Maine	46.9325	68.1208	250
HHM	Hungry Horse, Montana	48.3494	114.0275	1100
LAO	LASA Array, Montana	46.6886	106.2222	744
MIN	Milo, Maine	40.3450	121.6050	1495
RSNY	Adirondack, New York	44.5480	74.5300	396
UBO	Unita Basin Array, Utah	40.3217	109.5687	1596
WES	Weston, Massachusetts	42.3847	71.3221	60

# APPENDIX B

## PIK FILE FORMAT

The PIK file is the input file to and also the output file (one version newer) from the CANSESS MULTILAYER epicenter location program (LOC). SAM PIK (or PK4) command generates a PIK file automatically for the event. These PIK files can be modified/created by the EPK program or by the DEC text editor EDT.

It contains four types of records:

1. ESR - earthquake solution record.
2. ECR - earthquake comment record.
3. ODR - observed data record.
4. CDR - calculated data record.

The ESR must be the first line in the file. If the file is being located for the first time, it will be created by LOC. Otherwise it will be the output of a previous LOC.

The ECR records, containing remarks, must come before the first ODR. There is only one ODR per station, and each is followed by a CDR, which contains the calculated results for this station. The detail layout of these records is:

## EARTHQUAKE SOLUTION RECORD (ESR)

(solution record has "+" or "-" in col.1 and "M" in Col. 18)

COLS	ENTRY	FORMAT	DEFINITION
1-1	+	A1	PRIME SOLUTION BY EPB
2-7	45.233	F6.3	PRIME SOLUTION BY OTHER AGENCY
8-15	-123.300	F8.3	SUPPLEMENTARY SOLUTION
16-16	A1		NORTH LATITUDE, DEGREES
	O		LONGITUDE, DEGREES
	F		HYPOCENTRE QUALITY INDICATOR.
17-17	BLANK	I1(A1)	POOR QUALITY SOLUTION
18-19	1	A2	GOOD QUALITY SOLUTION
	ML		OBSERVED DATA FORMAT INDICATOR,
	MLE		PRE-1979 DATA FORMAT USED
	MN		1979 DATA FORMAT USED.
	MLG		PRIME MAGNITUDE TYPE
	MB		RICHTER
	MS		EBEL
	MC		NUTTLI (DEFAULT)
20-20	BLANK		H. & K.
21-23	3.1	F3.1	BODY-WAVE
24-24	BLANK		SURFACE WAVE
			CODA LENGTH
			AVERAGE PRIMARY MAGNITUDE VALUE

25-26	18	I2	ORIGIN TIME HOUR, U. T.
27-28	23	I2	ORIGIN TIME MINUTE
29-31	323	I3	ORIGIN TIME SECOND*10
32-32	BLANK		
33-34	12	I2	DAY
35-36	03	I2	MONTH
37-40	1979	I4	YEAR
41-41	BLANK		
42-42	2	I1	STANDARD DEVIATION ORIGIN TIME, SECONDS
43-47	0.122	F5.2	STD ERROR IN LATITUDE, DEGREES
48-52	0.333	F5.2	STD ERROR IN LONGITUDE, DEGREES
53-53	BLANK		
54-56	0.3	F3.1	STD ERROR IN MAGNITUDE FOR EPB
	XXX	A3	AGENCY CODE FOR EXT. MAG. DEPENDS ON COL. 1
57-59	34	I3	NUMBER OF STATIONS USED FOR HYPOCENTER
60-62	14	I3	NUMBER OF PHASES USED FOR THIS HYPOCENTER.
63-65	14	I3	NUMBER OF AMPLITUDE USED FOR MAGNITUDE.
66-69	0.33	F4.2	RMS OF HYPOCENTER SOLUTION, SECONDS.
70-70	BLANK	A1	SOLUTION TYPE INDICATOR
	Z		FIXED DEPTH.
	X		FREE DEPTH
	N		NO ACTION FOR THE WHOLE FILE
	H		ASSIGNED HYPOCENTER AND TIME
			ASSIGNED HYPOCENTER,
			BUT CALCULATED ORIGIN TIME.
71-71	1	I1	AGENCY CODE
	2		USGS
	3		EPB
	4		PGC
	5		SEA
	6		UNIVERSITY OF WASHINGTON
	7		NATIONAL EARTHQUAKE INFORMATION CENTER
	8		ISC
	9		INTERNATIONAL SEISMOLOGICAL CENTER
			LMONT-DOHERTY GEOLOGICAL OBSERVATORY
			WESTON GEOPHYSICAL OBSERVATORY
			UNIV. OF ALASKA, GEOPHYSICAL INSTITUTE
72-76	18.33	F5.2	FOCAL DEPTH, KM
	30	I4	IF AND ONLY IF COL.70 =%, FREE DEPTH SOLUTION
77-80	03	I2	STD ERROR IN DEPTH, IN 100rds OF METERS
81-82	ML=	A3	MODEL NUMBER
83-85	1.3	F3.1	SECONDARY MAGNITUDE TYPE
86-88	008	I3	SECONDARY MAGNITUDE VALUE
89-91	1	I1	NUMBER OF STATIONS USED TO CALCULATE SEC. MAG.
92-92	F		MULTILAYER HYPO SIMULATION FLAG, 0-OFF, 1-ON.
93-93	N, "		! FL001
	10		! FL001
94-95	L	I2	! FL001
96-96	B	A1	! FL001
	R		LOCAL EARTHQUAKE
	P		MINE BLAST
	X		ROCKBURST
			POSSIBLE ROCKBURST
97-100	3.56	F4.2	CONTROLLED EXPLOSIONS
			S VELOCITY USED BY SINGLE LAYER MODEL ! FL001
<	FORMAT(A1,F6.3,F8.3,2A1,A2,1X,F3.1,1X,I2.2,I3.3,1X,2I2.2,		
<	&		'19',I2.2,1X,I1,2F5.3,1X,A3,
<	&		'19',I2.2,1X,I1,2F5.3,1X,F3.1,
<	&		3I3.3,F4.2,A1,I1,F5.2,I4,T81,I2,'MC=' ,F3.1,I3,I1,>
<	&		A1,I2,A1,F4.2)

# EARTHQUAKE COMMENT CARDS (ECR)

COLS	ENTRY	FORMAT	DEFINITION
1-40		40A1	EARTHQUAKE DESCRIPTION IN ENGLISH
41-80		40A1	EARTHQUAKE DESCRIPTION IN FRENCH
OBSERVED DATA RECORD (ODR)			
COLS	ENTRY	FORMAT	DEFINITION
1-5	OPT	A5	STATION CODE ! FL001
6-7	79	I2	YEAR ! FL001
8-9	12	I2	MONTH ! FL001
10-11	23	I2	DAY ! FL001
12-13	12	I2	HOUR, U. T. ! FL001
14-15	14	I2	MINUTE OF 1ST P PHASE, NOT NEC. @ THIS STN ! FL001
16-16	P	A1	INSTRUMENT CODE
	L		SHORT PERIOD INSTRUMENT READ
			LONG PERIOD INSTRUMENT READ
17-17	BLANK	A1	READ, AMP. & 1ST MOTION DATA ONLY ! FL001
18-18	" "		PN WEIGHT ! FL001
19-19	X	A1	NOT USED IN CALCULATION
	A		PN QUALITY DESIGNATOR ! FL001
	B, " "		SHARP CLEAR BEGINNING (+- 0.25 SEC.)
	C		GOOD BEGINNING (+- 1.0 SEC.)
	X		WEAK POOR BEGINNING (+- 4.0 SEC. OR MORE)
	0		PHASE NOT USED IN SOLUTION, LARGE RESIDUAL.
20-21	14	I2	MINUTE OF PN ARRIVAL ! FL001
22-25	23A1	F4.2	SECOND OF PN ARRIVAL ! FL001
26-28	CNW	3A1	FIRST MOTION OF PN ARRIVAL ! FL001
29-33	+0.03	F5.0??	TIME CORRECTION ! FL001
34-34	" "	A1	PG WEIGHT ! FL001
	X		NOT USED IN CALCULATION
35-35	A, B, ..	A1	PG QUALITY DESIGNATOR, SEE 19 ! FL001
36-37	14	I2	MINUTE OF PG ARRIVAL ! FL001
38-41	26A	F4.2	SECOND OF PG ARRIVAL ! FL001
42-44	DSE	3A1	FIRST MOTION OF PG ARRIVAL ! FL001
45-45	" "	A1	SN WEIGHT ! FL001
	X		NOT USED IN CALCULATION
46-46	A, B, ..	A1	SN QUALITY DESIGNATOR, SEE 19 ! FL001
47-48	14	I2	MINUTE OF SN ARRIVAL ! FL001

## CALCULATED DATA RECORD (CDR)

COLS	ENTRY	FORMAT	DEFINITION
1-5	OPT	A3	STATION CODE ! FL001
6-6	BLANK		
7-8	NW	A2	QUADRANT OF STATION
9-9	BLANK		
10-13	1305	I4	EPICENTRAL DISTANCE, KM
14-15	KM	A2	RECORD FLAG
16-16	BLANK		
17-18	28	F2.1	PN WEIGHT USED FOR CALCULATIONS ! FL001
19-23	0107	F5.2	PN RESIDUAL, SECOND ! FL001
24-24	BLANK, #	A1	LARGE RESIDUAL FLAG ! FL001
25-27	235	I3	AZIMUTH TO STATION, DEGREES
28-30	049	I3	EMERGENT ANGLE
			PN POSITIVE

31-34	BLANKS				
35-36	14	F2.1	PG NEGATIVE		
37-41	-091	F5.2	PG WEIGHT		! FL001
42-42	BLANK, #	A1	PG RESIDUAL, SECOND		! FL001
43-45	BLANKS		LARGE RESIDUAL FLAG		! FL001
46-47	07	F2.1	SN WEIGHT		! FL001
48-52	0024	F5.2	SN RESIDUAL, SECOND		! FL001
53-53	BLANK, #	A1	LARGE RESIDUAL FLAG		! FL001
54-55	07	F2.1	SG WEIGHT		! FL001
56-60	-434	F5.2	SG RESIDUAL, SECOND		! FL001
61-61	BLANK, #	A1	LARGE RESIDUAL FLAG		! FL001
62-63	BLANKS				
64-70	0001356	I7	GROUND VELOCITY, NM/SEC		
71-71	BLANK				
72-73	35	F2.1	RICHTER OR SURFACE WAVE MAGNITUDE		
74-75	ML, MS	A2	MAGNITUDE DESIGNATOR		
76-77	34	F2.1	NUITLI MAGNITUDE		
78-79	MN	A2	MAGNITUDE DESIGNATOR		

<	FORMAT(A5,1X,A2,1X,I4.4,'KM',1X,F2.1,F5.2,A1,2I3.3,>	>
<	& 4X,F2.1,F5.2,A1,3X,F2.1,F5.2,A1,F2.1,	>
<	& F5.2,A1,2X,I7.7,1X,2(F2.1,A2))	>

# APPENDIX C

## COMPUTER DATA FILES ('PIKFILES')

(Organized by region, and then chronologically)

\*\*\*\*\*  
\* LABRADOR RIDGE EARTHQUAKES \*  
\* \*  
\*\*\*\*\*

+60.764- 58.7490 MS=5.6 0634282 15061934 00.2430.332 0.0 5 7 02.53 218.00 0 1ML=0.0 00 0 3.65  
\$ 61.5 59.0 MS=5.6 CEEF  
\$ 61.4 59.1 ISC

\$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
\$ ISC HAS ADDITIONAL PHASES ON TELESEISMIC STATIONS.  
\$ ISC GIVES NO MAGNITUDE. WHAT WAS THE SOURCE OF THE MS 5.6?  
\$ OTTAWA S 4 SEC TOO EARLY FOR SN.  
\$ SEEMS AN ACCEPTABLE LOCATION GIVEN THE UNCERTAINTIES

IVI	3406150634P	3545	3639	
IVI	E 0574KM 10	097 081 49	10 -080	0000000 00ML00MN
SCO	3406150634P	3830	X4206	
SCO	NE 1969KM 10	-230 041 47	00 2953\$	0000000 00ML00MN
OTT	3406150634P	3842	4148	
OTT	SW 2043KM 10	165 221 47	10 -420	0000000 00ML00MN
FOR	3406150634P	3925	X4331	
FOR	SW 2446KM 10	415 212 39	00 1300\$	0000000 00ML00MN
ORT	3406150634P	X3907	X4250	
ORT	SW 3307KM 00	***\$225 33	00 ****\$	0000000 00ML00MN
PAS	3406150634P	4251		0000000 00ML00MN
PAS	W 5122KM 10	052 263 29		0000000 00ML00MN

+57.898- 52.151F ML=5.3 0806361 04021958 00.0770.214 0.2 8 11 20.85 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
\$+57.9 - 53.5 ML=5.1 CEEF

\$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
\$ BCIS HAS MORE TELESEISMIC ARRIVALS  
\$ COPIES OF NOR, SCO FROM GREGERSEN  
\$ WES FROM BCIS

SFA	5802040806P	1011	1253	16	8 1
SFA	SW 1736KM 07	-253 234 49	07 -181	0000000 00ML00MN	
SHF	5802040806P	1029	1327	70 19 10	8 1
SHF	SW 1879KM 07	-118 237 50	07 166	0000472 55ML42MN	
SCO	5802040806P	B1044			1





SCH	SW 0857KM 10	000 220 49	10 000	0001795 48ML42MN	1
HAL	6208030132P	3456		0000000 00ML00MN	
HAL	S 1860KM 10	000 193 50	X3904	0000000 00ML00MN	
MNT	6208030132P		00 4474\$		
MNT	SW 2001KM	217 47			
	Z				

+61.018-	58.857F	ML=5.1	1029229	26101962	00.0870.419 0.3 4 6	31.01 218.00	0 1MN=0.0	00 0 3.65
\$+60.8	- 57.5	ML=5.0	CEEF					
\$	LABRADOR RIDGE							
\$	NOT IN ISS							
\$	NO LG PHASES.							
\$	SCH PN AMPLITUDE SIMILAR TO SN							
\$	MBC AND COL PHASES APPEAR TO NOT BE ASSOCIATED WITH THIS EVENT.							
\$	COMPARE WITH 620803							

SCH	6210261029P	A3111	A3230	40 157 150	8 1
SCH	SW 0835KM 16	043 218 49	16 -004	0001501 49ML41MN	
SHF	6210261029P	33095	X35555		8 1
SHF	SW 1846KM 04	-369 215 50	00 -957	0000000 00ML00MN	
HAL	6210261029P	3311		30 42 19	8 1
HAL	S 1851KM 04	-280 192 50		0000947 55ML45MN	
RES	6210261029P	3343	3655	100 88 15	8 1
RES	NW 2091KM 04	273 331 45	04 -218	0000107 49ML36MN	
MBC	6210261029P	X3458			8 1
MBC	NW 2794KM 00	1195\$331 35		0000000 00ML00MN	
COL	6210261029P	X3649			1
COL	NW 4165KM 00	1415\$315 31		0000000 00ML00MN	
	Z				

+58.748-	55.454O	ML=4.4	0212024	30111962	00.0000.000 0.0 2 3	10.00 218.00	0 1MN=0.0	00 0 3.65
\$ 58.8	54.8	ML=4.5	CEEF					
\$	LABRADOR RIDGE							
\$	SCH - NO LG SO SMITH CHOSE LABRADOR SEA OVER JAMES BAY.							

SCH	6211300212P	1348	1506	30 178 70	8
SCH	SW 0819KM 10	000 243 49	10 000	0000824 44ML39MN	
GDH	6211300212P				
GDH	N 1176KM	004 49		0000000 00ML00MN	
RES	6211300212P	1651		0000000 00ML00MN	
RES	NW 2404KM 10	000 333 39			
	Z				

+61.014-	59.530O	ML=5.0	1400580	02121962	00.0250.220 0.4 3 5	20.30 218.00	0 1MN=0.0	00 0 3.65
\$+60.9	- 58.3	ML=4.5	CEEF					
\$	LABRADOR RIDGE							

SCH	6212021400P	A0243	0400	30 182 120	8 1
SCH	SW 0813KM 20	008 215 49	05 -039	0001381 47ML41MN	
HAL	6212021400P	0447			8 1
HAL	S 1844KM 05	-097 190 50		0000000 00ML00MN	

RES 6212021400P 0514  
 RES NW 2074KM 05 057 331 45 0828 50 226 60 8 1  
 Z 0000334 53ML41MN 05 -053

+60.848- 60.0720 ML=3.6 1553037 22021964 00.1010.751 0.6 2 4 21.25 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$ 60.83 61.17 ML=3.5 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE

FBC 6402221553P 54170 55074 40 115 9 8 1  
 FBC NW 0542KM 10 153 310 49 0000123 32ML27MN  
 SCH 6402221553P 54432 10 -087 30 100 16 8 1  
 SCH SW 0781KM 10 -152 214 49 56002 0000335 40ML34MN  
 GDH 6402221553P 10 088 8 1  
 GDH N 0986KM 015 49 0000000 00ML00MN  
 Z

+61.537- 59.2470 ML=3.8 1557395 22021965 00.0000.000 0.4 2 3 20.00 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$ 61.50 60.67 ML=3.7 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
 \$ FBC CARD HAS DATA PROBABLY FOR PN AMPLITUDE: 0.4 SEC 120K 1.1 MM  
 \$ AN EARLIER EVENT, ONE YEAR AND FOUR MINUTES EARLIER, APPEARS TO BE DISTINCT

FBC 6502221557P 58502 59422 40 120 22 8 1  
 FBC NW 0533KM 10 000 301 49 10 000 0000288 35ML31MN  
 SCH 6502221557P 60540 40 94 13 8 1  
 SCH SW 0870KM 214 49 10 000 0000217 41ML33MN  
 GDH 6502221557P 015 49 8 1  
 GDH N 0901KM 015 49 0000000 00ML00MN  
 Z

+61.542- 59.747F ML=4.8 0821023 10081965 00.0250.139 0.4 5 8 40.55 218.00 0 1MN=3.9 10 0 3.65  
 \$+61.75 - 61.50 MB=4.2 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
 \$ LOW FBC MAGNITUDE  
 \$ FBC PN FITS LESS WELL, NEEDS TO BE REREAD ON ORIGINAL RECORDS.

FBC 6508100822P 22133 A23002 30 130 135 8 1  
 FBC NW 0510KM 04 304 302 49 16 003 0002175 42ML39MN  
 SCH 6508100822P A22523 A24140 30 100 85 8 1  
 SCH SW 0856KM 16 -018 212 49 16 014 0001780 48ML42MN  
 BLC 6508100822P 24505 27430 50 83 25 8 1  
 BLC NW 1845KM 04 -193 295 50 04 -118 0000379 53ML41MN  
 RES 6508100822P 25125 X28205 90 105 20 8 1  
 RES NW 2016KM 04 088 331 47 00 -023 0000133 50ML37MN  
 CMC 6508100822P X26179 30325 26 8 1  
 CMC NW 2637KM 00 580 309 36 04 -032 0000000 00ML00MN  
 MBC 6508100822P X26230 8 1  
 MBC NW 2719KM 00 387 330 36 0000000 00ML00MN  
 Z

+61.174- 60.462F ML=4.3 2112075 30121965 00.0220.151 0.5 4 7 40.49 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+60.92 - 60.67 ML=4.2 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
 \$ LOW FBC MAGNITUDE

FBC 6512302113P A13146	A14037	30 130 32 0	8 1
FBC NW 0502KM 13 010 308 49	13 -002	0000516 36ML33MN	
SCH 6512302113P A13511	A15075	50 85 46 0	8 1
SCH SW 0801KM 13 016 211 49	13 019	0000680 45ML38MN	
GWC 6512302113P 14373	X16280	40 94 19 0	8 1
GWC SW 1205KM 03 -285 245 49	00 -518	0000318 46ML37MN	
SIC 6512302113P 14487	16486	40 136 13 5	8 1
SIC S 1287KM 03 -152 201 49	03 -214	0000150 44ML34MN	

+59.612- 55.918F ML=4.6 2131179 31121965 00.0180.101 0.4 3 6 30.36 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+59.66 - 56.83 ML=4.5 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE

FBC 6512312133P A33018	A34190	7 5	8 1
FBC NW 0807KM 12 -021 310 49	12 009	0000000 00ML00MN	
SCH 6512312133P A33072	A34271	40 80 110 0	8 1
SCH SW 0845KM 12 042 236 49	12 -010	0002160 50ML43MN	
SIC 6512312133P 33550	35540	40 136 15 0	8 1
SIC SW 1257KM 03 -199 218 49	03 -082	0000173 44ML35MN	
GWC 6512312133P X34100	X36175	40 104 8	8 1
GWC W 1390KM 00 -317 259 49	00 -557	0000121 44ML34MN	

+60.665- 59.018F ML=4.2 0256317 11011966 00.0230.164 0.4 3 5 40.41 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+60.78 - 58.00 ML=4.3 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE

FBC 6601110256P A57507	A58484	40 120 28 0	8 1
FBC NW 0599KM 11 024 309 49	11 -007	0000367 39ML33MN	
SCH 6601110256P A58147	A59312	40 99 63 5	8 1
SCH SW 0799KM 11 -014 219 49	11 018	0001000 46ML39MN	
GWC 6601110256P 59075	X61044	40 110 14 0	8 1
GWC W 1255KM 03 -297 250 49	00 -368	0000200 45ML35MN	
SIC 6601110256P X59080	X61048	30 160 5 5	8 1
SIC SW 1266KM 00 -379 206 49	00 -558	0000065 39ML31MN	

+60.334- 58.1600 ML=4.8 2329049 28041966 00.0210.132 0.4 10 16 50.98 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+60.67 - 57.83 ML=4.8 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE

FBC 6604282329P A30320	X31300	A31340	X32050	50 110 41	8 1
FBC NW 0659KM 18 100 310 49	00 3875\$	18 -045	00 -053	0000468 42ML35MN	
SCH 6604282329P A30480		A32057		40 94 282	8 1
SCH SW 0802KM 18 -047 224 49		18 074		0004712 53ML46MN	

SIC 6604282329P 31405  
 SIC SW 125KM 05 -319 209 49  
 GWC 6604282329P 31447  
 GWC W 1288KM 05 -300 253 49  
 SFA 6604282329P 32335  
 SFA SW 1687KM 05 -282 215 49  
 BLC 6604282329P 33099  
 BLC NW 1983KM 05 -066 299 47  
 RES 6604282329P 33300  
 RES NW 2176KM 05 -107 332 43  
 FFC 6604282329P X34210  
 FFC W 2649KM 00 532 276 36  
 CMC 6604282329P 34285  
 CMC NW 2790KM 05 081 311 35  
 MBC 6604282329P 34364  
 MBC NW 2879KM 05 134 331 34  
 YKC 6604282329P 34400  
 YKC NW 2926KM 05 106 299 34

33400  
 05 -130  
 33467  
 05 -160  
 35125  
 05 -063  
 36555  
 05 -175

0000000 00ML00MN 8 1  
 40 110 31 8 1  
 0000443 49ML39MN  
 50 58 10 8 1  
 0000217 49ML38MN 8 1  
 0000000 00ML00MN 8 1  
 50 167 8 8 1  
 0000060 46ML34MN 1  
 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 0000000 00ML00MN 1

+60.101- 56.397F ML=4.0 0058047 30111966 00.0350.206 0.5 3 6 30.72 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+60.17 - 56.17 ML=4.0 CEEF

\$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
 \$ RELATED EARTHQUAKE AT 1145; SIMILAR SIZE

FBC 6611300059P A59428  
 FBC NW 0752KM 12 064 308 49  
 SCH 6611300059P A59544  
 SCH SW 0856KM 12 -059 231 49  
 GWC 6611300059P 60552  
 GWC W 1376KM 03 -304 256 49

40 133 6 0 8 1  
 0000071 34ML27MN  
 40 94 22 0 8 1  
 0000368 43ML35MN  
 50 86 6 0 8 1  
 0000088 43ML33MN

+60.176- 56.495F ML=4.1 1145167 30111966 00.0250.146 0.5 3 6 30.51 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+60.20 - 55.93 ML=4.1 CEEF

\$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
 \$ FBC LOW MAGNITUDE  
 \$ RELATED EARTHQUAKE AT 0058; SIMILAR SIZE

FBC 6611301146P A46532  
 FBC NW 0742KM 12 019 307 49  
 SCH 6611301146P A47070  
 SCH SW 0858KM 12 -011 230 49  
 GWC 6611301146P 48112  
 GWC W 1372KM 03 136 256 49

40 133 9 0 8 1  
 0000106 35ML29MN  
 40 94 25 0 8 1  
 0000418 43ML36MN  
 50 86 7 8 1  
 0000102 44ML33MN

+61.803- 60.869F ML=4.5 1845140 27081967 00.0380.209 0.3 5 10 40.98 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+62.17 - 60.33 ML=4.5 CEEF

\$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
 \$ LOW FRB MAGNITUDE

FBC	6708271846P	A46146		X46394	A46577	40 133 121	8 1
FBC	NW 0444KM 15	073 302 49		00 1371\$	15 -010	0001429 40ML37MN	
SCH	6708271846P	A47031			A48256	40 94 70	8 1
SCH	SW 0852KM 15	-057 207 49			15 088	0001170 48ML40MN	
GWC	6708271846P	47459			49385	60 63 15	8 1
GWC	SW 1217KM 04	-228 241 49			04 -386	0000249 47ML36MN	
SIC	6708271846P	48006			50077	50 110 11	8 1
SIC	S 1346KM 04	-330 198 49			04 -208	0000126 44ML34MN	
BLC	6708271846P	48551			51400	18	8 1
BLC	NW 1778KM 04	-140 294 52			04 -174	0000000 00ML00MN	
Z							
+60.821-	59.232F ML=4.3	0314170	15111967	00.0240.165	0.6	4 7 30.60 218.00	0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65
\$+61.10 -	58.00 ML=4.3	CDEF					
\$ LABRADOR RIDGE							
\$ FBC MAGNITUDE LOW.							
\$							
FBC	6711150315P	A15334			A16296	40 133 23 0	8 1
FBC	NW 0579KM 13	008 308 49			13 007	0000272 36ML31MN	
SCH	6711150315P	A16010			A17180	50 85 80 0	8 1
SCH	SW 0805KM 13	006 217 49			13 029	0001183 48ML40MN	
GWC	6711150315P	16532			18496	40 104 16 0	8 1
GWC	W 1250KM 03	-198 249 49			03 -276	0000242 46ML36MN	
SFA	6711150315P	17467				16 2	8 1
SFA	SW 1700KM 03	-332 211 49				0000000 00ML00MN	
RES	6711150315P	X18283				20 4	8 1
RES	NW 2100KM 00	-699 331 45				0000000 00ML00MN	
Z							
+59.892-	55.8320 ML=3.6	1701294	17031968	00.0460.253	0.5	3 5 30.74 218.00	0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65
\$+59.88 -	56.40 ML=3.5	CDEF					
\$ LABRADOR RIDGE							
\$ FBC, SCH - NO LG							
\$ NOT AT SIC							
\$ LOW FBC MAGNITUDE							
\$							
FBC	6803171703P	A0312			A0427	30 126 3 0	8 1
FBC	NW 0791KM 11	036 308 49			11 -007	0000050 32ML26MN	
SCH	6803171703P	A03205			A04440	30 98 14 0	8 1
SCH	SW 0867KM 11	-051 234 49			11 055	0000299 41ML35MN	
GWC	6803171703P				0632	20 119 1 5	8 1
GWC	W 1401KM	258 49			03 -494	0000026 34ML27MN	
Z							
+60.951-	58.8510 MN=3.4	0002486	16041968	00.1970.480	0.2	4 8 52.64 218.00	0 1ML=3.8 10 0 3.65
\$+61.82 -	61.40 MN=3.3	CDEF					
\$ LABRADOR RIDGE							
\$ FBC MAGNITUDE LOW							
\$ FBC ORIGINALLY READ AS PN WITH LARGE SN RESIDUALS							
\$ FBC AS PG FITS SN ARRIVALS BEST.							
\$ LG PHASES FIT ACCEPTABLY WELL							
\$ MAGNITUDES SHOULD BE ML? ML=4.4							

FBC	6804160004P		04230		X05240	30 145 45	1
FBC	NW 0587KM	306-87	10 -034		10 -550	0000650 38ML35MN	1
GWC	6804160004P				X08590	70 51 5	1
GWC	W 1275KM	249 49			00 2099\$	0000088 43ML32MN	1
BLC	6804160004P				09455	50 80 5	1
BLC	NW 1917KM	297 50			10 -039	0000079 46ML34MN	1
FCC	6804160004P				09560	90 44 5	1
FCC	W 1968KM	279 47			10 -073	0000079 47ML35MN	1
RES	6804160004P				10235	50 151 4	1
RES	NW 2098KM	331 45			10 -077	0000033 43ML31MN	1
PFC	6804160004P				XI4510	00 867	
PFC	W 2605KM	274 37					
Z							
+56.406-	46.669F MI=4.6	0834361	23071969	00.0350.091	0.1 10 16	41.04 218.00	0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65
\$56.51	46.49 MB=4.1 CEEF						
\$+56.0	47.0 MB=4.1 0834377 ISC						
\$	EASTERN LABRADOR SEA, ON LABRADOR RIDGE						
\$	SOUTH OF GREENLAND.						
\$	WAHLSTROM'S READINGS USED BELOW						
\$	\$ NOT RECORDED AT GDH OR KTG (S. GREGERSEN, COPENHAGEN)						
\$	OIT, SUD; NOT RECORDED						
\$	GWC - POOR PHASE						
\$	FBC - VERY POOR PHASE						
\$							
STJ	6907230834P A36530			A38323	40 30 7	8 1	
STJ	SW 1068KM 18 095 205 49			18 -032	0000367 46ML37MN		
SCH	6907230834P A37166			A39179	30 105 17	8 1	
SCH	W 1277KM 18 -098 270 49			18 073	0000339 46ML38MN		
FBC	6907230834P 37380			B39568		8 1	
FBC	NW 1453KM 05 -108 313 49			05 211	0000000 00ML00MN		
SIC	6907230834P 37428			40031	50 110 13	8 1	
SIC	W 1501KM 05 -217 251 49			05 -186	0000149 46ML35MN		
HAL	6907230834P 38172			40596			
HAL	SW 1768KM 05 -026 229 49			05 -204	0000000 00ML00MN		
GWC	6907230834P 38330			B41375		8 1	
GWC	W 1937KM 05 -358 279 50			05 -002	0000000 00ML00MN		
SFA	6907230834P 38370			X41461	70 39 2	8 1	
SFA	W 1948KM 05 -087 248 47			00 613	0000046 45ML32MN		
NNOR	6907230834P 40132						
NNOR	N 2974KM 05 -084 009 33				0000000 00ML00MN		
LAO	6907230834P 41478					1	
LAO	W 4133KM 05 218 281 31				0000000 00ML00MN		
UBO	6907230834P 42378					1	
UBO	W 4800KM 05 238 276 30				0000000 00ML00MN		
Z							
+60.653-	58.907F ML=5.4	2114122	24111969	00.0190.083	0.3 17 21	111.02 218.00	0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65
\$+\$60.54	- 59.13						
\$	LABRADOR RIDGE						
\$	USCGS 21 14 13.7	60.6N	58.8W	D=33KM	MB=5.0		
\$	ISC 21 14 13.2	60.47N	58.88W	D=33KM	MB=4.9		





SES W 3385KM 05 191 274 33  
FSJ 6911242115P X2100  
FSJ W 3811KM 00 319 290 32  
Z

0000000 00ML00MN  
0000000 00ML00MN

+60.501- 59.429F ML=4.1 1438068 30111969 00.0260.100 0.3 5 9 40.49 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
\$+60.55 - 59.22 ML=4.2 CEEF  
\$ ISC 143912 60.1N 73.1W  
\$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
\$ AFTERSHOCK OF EVENT OF 24 NOV 21H  
\$ SCH DATA NOT IN FILE. WAS IT RUNNING?  
\$ SFA - SN ONSET UNCERTAIN  
\$ BLC - POOR SN.  
\$ LAO AND UBO FROM ISC.  
\$ ISC - POOR LOCATIONS FOR LASA ARRAY ONLY.  
\$ LARGE DIFFERENCE TO MAINSHOCK PROBABLY BECAUSE SCH NOT READ.

FBC 6911301439P A3925	A40225	40 108 38	8 1
FBC NW 0594KM 19 009 311 49	19 006	0000553 39ML34MN	
GWC 6911301439P 4042	42375	30 109 13	8 1
GWC W 1228KM 05 -023 250 49	05 015	0000250 44ML36MN	
SFA 6911301439P 4134	4412		8 1
SFA SW 1664KM 05 -144 212 49	05 182	0000000 00ML00MN	
BLC 6911301439P X4201	4503	40 99 2	8 1
BLC NW 1913KM 00 -358 299 50	05 -012	0000032 41ML31MN	
FCC 6911301439P 42065	4509	60 82 1	8 1
FCC W 1945KM 05 -166 280 50	05 -093	0000013 39ML27MN	
FFC 6911301439P X43135			8 1
FFC W 2577KM 00 223 275 37		0000000 00ML00MN	
LAO 6911301439P X44192			1
LAO W 3368KM 00 276 264 33		0000000 00ML00MN	
UBO 6911301439P X4514			1
UBO W 4072KM 00 225 260 31		0000000 00ML00MN	
Z			

+60.913- 60.017F1ML=4.2 0032345 03071970 00.0270.186 0.4 5 10 50.88 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0L3.65  
\$+60.89 - 60.47 ML=4.2 CEEF  
\$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
\$ FBC - ANOTHER PHASE AT 34 49 BUT NOT LG.  
\$ BLC - PN ONSET A WEE BIT UNCERTAIN.

FBC 7007030033P A33462	A3439	30 126 32	8 1
FBC NW 0539KM 01 018 309 49	04 038	0000532 37ML34MN	
SCH 7007030033P A34162	A35324	30 105 26	8 1
SCH SW 0789KM 03 -030 214 49	11 062	0000519 42ML36MN	
GWC 7007030033P 35068	36583	30 109 25	8 1
GWC SW 1215KM 05 -159 247 49	30 -403	0000480 47ML39MN	
SIC 7007030033P 3515	37122	40 132 9	8 1
SIC S 1269KM 00 000 202 49	05 -166	0000107 42ML33MN	
BLC 7007030033P 36236	39166	50 80 2	8 1
BLC NW 1863KM 18 -311 297 50	24 -364	0000031 42ML30MN	
Z			



\$ MAGNITUDE UNCERTAIN

\$  
FBC 7102221145P A4622  
FBC NW 0589KM 10 131 310 49  
SCH 7102221145P A46435  
SCH SW 0786KM 10 -130 218 49  
GDH 7102221145P  
GDH N 0999KM 013 49  
Z

A4717  
10 -074  
A48006  
10 075  
20 126 5 8 1  
0000125 30ML28MN  
30 105 9 8 1  
0000180 37ML32MN  
0000000 00ML00MN  
8 1

+61.764- 60.9600 ML=4.6 0131479 16041971 00.0320.180 0.3 7 11 80.90 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.57  
\$+61.75 - 60.68 ML=4.3 CEEF

\$ LABRADOR RIDGE

\$ FBC - FM ARE DSE - ONLY HINT OF LG.

\$ BLC - LG MAY BE EARLIER.

\$ RES - POOR S ONSETS.

\$ SG VELOCITY AT 3.57 KM/S.

\$  
FBC 7104160132P A32480 DSE  
FBC NW 0442KM 16 041 303 49  
SCH 7104160132P A33365  
SCH SW 0846KM 16 -036 206 49  
GWC 7104160132P 34194  
GWC SW 1211KM 04 -194 241 49  
SFA 7104160132P 3523  
SFA SW 1748KM 04 -386 206 49  
BLC 7104160132P 3527  
BLC NW 1776KM 04 -322 295 49  
FCC 7104160132P X3533  
FCC W 1846KM 00 -511 274 50  
RES 7104160132P X35455  
RES NW 1963KM 00 -586 331 47  
PFC 7104160132P 3645  
PFC W 2488KM 04 060 270 39  
YKC 7104160132P 3706  
YKC NW 2718KM 04 136 296 36  
Z

A3332  
16 010  
A34585  
16 063  
3612  
04 -346  
40 108 115 8 1  
0001673 41ML37MN  
30 105 24 8 1  
0000479 43ML36MN  
50 75 10 8 1  
0000168 45ML34MN  
1  
0000000 00ML00MN  
70 71 13 8 1  
0000164 50ML37MN  
70 65 6 8 1  
0000083 47ML34MN  
80 94 10 8 1  
0000084 47ML35MN  
100 40 6 8 1  
00 -399 0000094 49ML37MN  
X4431 90 54 5 8 1  
00 166 0000065 48ML36MN

+60.635- 57.1970 ML=3.8 0132098 13071971 00.0240.077 0.5 2 4 20.13 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
\$ 60.63 57.45 ML=3.8 CEEF  
\$ FBC - FROM AN E-W DIRECTION.

\$ LABRADOR RIDGE

\$  
FBC 7107130132P A33385  
FBC NW 0681KM 14 -003 305 49  
SCH 7107130132P 34015  
SCH SW 0863KM 03 066 226 49  
GDH 7107130132P  
GDH N 0977KM 009 49  
Z

A3444  
14 002  
35225  
03 -037  
30 126 8 8 1  
0000133 34ML29MN  
50 78 13 8 1  
0000209 41ML33MN  
0000000 00ML00MN  
8 1

+62.121- 60.870F MN=3.3 1434057 25061972 00.0310.162 0.1 3 5 40.39 218.00 0 1ML=3.7 10 0 3.65  
 \$+62.14 - 61.06 MN=3.3 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE

FBC	7206251435P	A35037	X35141	A35456	X36016	40109.	57	1
FBC	NW 0426KM 11	032 298 49	00 -038	11 -008 00 -092		0000821	37ML34MN	
SCH	7206251435P	A35591		A37233		50 89 13		1
SCH	SW 0884KM 11	-016 206 49		11 011		0000184	41ML33MN	
GWC	7206251435P				X39534	50 82 6		1
GWC	SW 1235KM	240 49			00 930	0000092	42ML32MN	
BLC	7206251435P	37438			X42145	50 110 8		1
BLC	NW 1764KM 03	-274 293 49			00 546	0000091	46ML35MN	
RES	7206251435P				X43083			1
RES	NW 1931KM	330 50			00 1351\$	0000000	00ML00MN	

+61.715- 61.2560 MN=3.2 2338132 13081972 00.0220.134 0.2 2 4 50.22 218.00 0 1ML=3.7 10 0 3.65  
 \$+61.68 - 62.20 MN=3.2 CEEF

\$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
 \$ SN ONSETS UNCERTAIN AT BLC AND FCC

FBC	7208132339P	A39114	X39236	A39547	X40102	40 109 52	1
FBC	NW 0432KM 10	-026 305 49	00 057	10 015 00 -157		0000749	37ML34MN
SCH	7208132339P	A40010		A4120	X4208	50 88 8	1
SCH	SW 0834KM 10	027 205 49		10 -014 00 614		0000114	38ML30MN
GWC	7208132339P				X4339	50 78 5	1
GWC	SW 1195KM	241 49			00 -160	0000081	41ML31MN
BLC	7208132339P				X44305	60 87 7	1
BLC	NW 1764KM	295 49			00 -736 00 146	0000084	46ML34MN
FCC	7208132339P				X44448	60 81 4	1
FCC	W 1830KM	274 52			00 -721 00 525	0000052	45ML32MN

+60.072- 57.7790 ML=4.3 0149351 27081973 00.0010.006 0.7 2 4 20.01 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$ 60.07 57.91 ML=4.4 CEEF

\$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
 \$ SCH - NO LG, MAX FROM SN.  
 \$ FRB - NO LG, MAX FROM SN.  
 \$ STJ AND SIC NO TRACE  
 \$ PBQ NO RECORD

FRB	7308270149P	5106	5213	30 126 20	8 1
FRB	NW 0698KM 10	001 311 49	10 000	0000332	38ML33MN
SCH	7308270149P	51180	5234	30 105 100	8 1
SCH	SW 0796KM 10	000 227 49	10 001	0001995	48ML42MN
STJ	7308270149P				8 1
STJ	S 1431KM	164 49		0000000	00ML00MN

+61.361- 59.673F ML=4.9 0354284 12101973 00.0240.138 0.3 15 18 111.13 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+61.34 - 59.99 ML=4.4 CEEF

\$ 61.15+/-4KM 59.32+/-2KM MB=4.3 03 54 28.(0) NEIS  
 \$ 61.33+/-0.083N 59.5+/-0.12W MB=4.2/6 0354281 ISC  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE

FRB	7310120355P	A5539	X5545	A5630	40 108 160	8 1
FRB	NW 0528KM 19	036 304 49	00 -877	19 -024	0002327 44ML40MN	
SCH	7310120355P	A56160		A5738	50 78 290	8 1
SCH	SW 0841KM 19	-078 213 49		19 120	0004672 54ML46MN	
PBQ	7310120355P	5704		X5901	50 77 105	8 1
PBQ	SW 1252KM 05	-289 245 49		00 -323	0001714 55ML45MN	
POC	7310120355P			6035	50 103 10	8 1
POC	SW 1695KM	208 49		05 -337	0000122 47ML35MN	
SFA	7310120355P	5803		X6043	50 50 13	8 1
SFA	SW 1740KM 05	-340 209 49		00 -504	0000327 52ML40MN	
UNB	7310120355P	5810				8 1
UNB	S 1775KM 05	-069 198 49			0000000 00ML00MN	
CHQ	7310120355P			6055	70 69 8	8 1
CHQ	SW 1777KM	210 49		05 -087	0000104 48ML35MN	
BLC	7310120355P	X58165		X6110	40 140 15	8 1
BLC	NW 1857KM 00	-346 296 50		00 -292	0000168 48ML38MN	
HAL	7310120355P	X5819				8 1
HAL	S 1881KM 00	-369 190 50		X6120	40 118 15	8 1
FCC	7310120355P	X58235		00 -593	0000200 49ML39MN	
FCC	W 1918KM 00	-335 277 50				8 1
KTG	7310120355P	X58163				8 1
KTG	NE 1950KM 00	****\$043 47		X6135	50 157 17	8 1
MNT	7310120355P	5832		00 -541	0000136 49ML37MN	
MNT	SW 1986KM 05	-247 214 47		6150	50 195 10	8 1
RES	7310120355P	X5838		05 -100	0000064 46ML34MN	
RES	NW 2036KM 00	-184 331 47		6155	40 80 13	8 1
OTT	7310120355P	5842		05 -166	0000255 51ML40MN	
OTT	SW 2063KM 05	-071 218 45				8 1
DAG	7310120355P	59088			0000000 00ML00MN	
DAG	NE 2284KM 05	334 026 41			0000000 00ML00MN	
MBC	7310120355P	5948				8 1
MBC	NW 2739KM 05	109 330 35			0000000 00ML00MN	
YKC	7310120355P	5953			0000000 00ML00MN	
YKC	NW 2799KM 05	096 297 35			0000000 00ML00MN	
EDM	7310120355P	6031			0000000 00ML00MN	
EDM	W 3262KM 05	134 279 33			0000000 00ML00MN	
SES	7310120355P	6038			0000000 00ML00MN	
SES	W 3339KM 05	219 272 33			0000000 00ML00MN	8 1
NTI	7310120355P	X6113			0000000 00ML00MN	8 1
NTI	W 3788KM 00	168 275 32			0000000 00ML00MN	8 1
NEW	7310120355P	X6114			0000000 00ML00MN	8 1
NEW	W 3825KM 00	-018 274 32			0000000 00ML00MN	8 1
COL	7310120355P	X6138			0000000 00ML00MN	8 1
COL	NW 4107KM 00	208 315 31			0000000 00ML00MN	8 1
IMA	7310120355P	X6148			0000000 00ML00MN	8 1
IMA	NW 4243KM 00	160 319 31			0000000 00ML00MN	8 1
CDF	7310120355P	X61575			0000000 00ML00MN	8 1
CDF	W 4257KM 00	1010\$276 31			0000000 00ML00MN	8 1
EUR	7310120355P	X62075			0000000 00ML00MN	8 1
EUR	W 4489KM 00	248 264 30			0000000 00ML00MN	8 1

LBF 7310120355P X61459 8 1  
 LBF W 4645KM 00 \*\*\*\*\$271 30 0000000 00ML00MN  
 Z

+58.001- 52.388F MB=4.4 0924278 13121975 00.0360.101 0.0 11 14 01.09 210.00 0 1ML=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+57.94 - 52.25 ML=4.5 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
 \$ MAGNITUDE DATA NOT AVAILABLE.  
 \$ ISC MB ADOPTED AS MAGNITUDE.  
 \$ ISC 13092422 MB=4.4 AT SIX STATIONS  
 \$ COPIES OF DAG FROM GREGERSEN, SN IS 15 SEC TOO EARLY.  
 \$

SCH 7512130924P A2631	A2802	1
SCH W 0956KM 17 005 254 49	17 009	
FRB 7512130924P A2648	A2828	1
FRB NW 1083KM 17 155 313 49	17 -097	
STJ 7512130924P	2842	1
STJ S 1162KM 181 49	04 -376	
PBQ 7512130924P 2745	3013	1
PBQ W 1577KM 04 -167 270 49	04 -103	
KTG 7512130924P 2833		1
KTG NE 1988KM 04 -189 034 47		
BLC 7512130924P 2917 C		1
BLC NW 2401KM 04 -019 305 39		
FCC 7512130924P 2919		1
FCC W 2405KM 04 148 290 39		
DAG 7512130924P 29210		1
DAG N 2472KM 04 -278 020 39		
RES 7512130924P 2931		1
RES NW 2561KM 04 -086 333 37		
FFC 7512130924P 3011		1
FFC W 3020KM 04 035 285 33		
EDM 7512130924P X31095		1
EDM W 3750KM 00 072 289 32		
INK 7512130924P 3121		1
INK NW 3924KM 04 -121 321 32		
NEW 7512130924P X3151		1
NEW W 4291KM 00 053 284 31		
COL 7512130924P X3218		1
COL NW 4660KM 00 013 321 30		
IMA 7512130924P X32281		1
IMA NW 4791KM 00 048 324 30		
EUR 7512130924P X32367		1
EUR W 4892KM 00 167 274 29		
PMR 7512130924P X32393		1
PMR NW 4946KM 00 069 317 29		
Z		

+58.275- 54.166F ML=4.8 1719440 24091977 00.0160.060 0.4 8 13 70.54 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+58.25 - 54.24 ML=4.8 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
 \$ NO CEK RECORD THIS DAY

[illegible]

+60.137- 56.086F ML=4.2 0754413 14091978 00.0180.100 0.4 3 6 30.35 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+60.13 - 56.45 ML=4.2 CEEF

\$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
 \$ SIMILAR EVENT ML=4.2 ON 780906

FRB 7809140754P A56205	A57340	30 132 15	8 1
FRB NW 0767KM 12 -007 307 49	12 013	0000238 38ML33MN	
SCH 7809140754P A56335	A57565	20 107 30	8 1
SCH SW 0873KM 12 003 232 49	12 014	0000881 44ML39MN	
PBQ 7809140754P 57360	59445	50 079 8	8 1
PBQ W 1393KM 03 -092 257 49	03 -257	0000127 45ML34MN	

+60.850- 59.189F ML=4.2 0013543 09121978 00.0200.119 0.3 13 25 111.15 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+60.87 - 59.21 ML=4.2 CEEF

\$ LABRADOR RIDGE

FRB 7812090015P A1512	A1608	20 126 027	8 1
FRB NW 0583KM 22 083 308 49	22 025	0000673 37ML35MN	
SCH 7812090015P A1539	A1657	20 107 055	8 1
SCH SW 0809KM 22 020 217 49	22 107	0001615 46ML41MN	
PBQ 7812090015P 1630	1829	30 090 012	8 1
PBQ W 1254KM 05 -297 249 49	05 -147	0000279 45ML37MN	
SIC 7812090015P 1634	1835	30 251 018	8 1
SIC SW 1280KM 05 -224 205 49	05 -116	0000150 43ML34MN	
MNQ 7812090015P 1636	1838	30 314 040	8 1
MNQ SW 1296KM 05 -213 212 49	05 -145	0000267 45ML37MN	
LAQ 7812090015P 1640	1843	30 670 080	8 1
LAQ SW 1323KM 05 -146 242 49	05 -227	0000250 45ML37MN	
LCQ 7812090015P 1641	1847	30 775 040	8 1
LCQ SW 1343KM 05 -286 241 49	05 -246	0000108 42ML33MN	
LGQ 7812090015P 1644	1854	30 201 012	8 1
LGQ SW 1367KM 05 -283 243 49	05 -064	0000125 43ML34MN	
IGL 7812090015P 1651	19025	30 210 014	8 1
IGL NW 1413KM 05 -136 322 49	05 -180	0000140 43ML35MN	
LMQ 7812090015P 1718	1954	40 126 002	8 1
LMQ SW 1646KM 05 -283 211 49	05 004	0000025 39ML28MN	
BLC 7812090015P 1750	2049	0000000 00ML00MN	1
BLC NW 1906KM 05 -137 298 50	05 -023	0000000 00ML00MN	1
FCC 7812090015P 1754	2057	40 243 002	8 1
FCC W 1952KM 05 -247 279 47	05 -192	0000013 38ML27MN	
RES 7812090015P 1811	X2125		
RES NW 2099KM 05 -147 331 45	00 -518		

+57.022- 45.711F ML=4.6 1100594 23101979 00.0190.050 0.2 18 21 90.65 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$ ISC: 59.7 N 53.9 W OT=110140 MB=4.6 H=N  
 \$ EASTERN LABRADOR SEA ON LABRADOR RIDGE.  
 \$ SOUTH OF GREENLAND.  
 \$ APPARENTLY NOT IN CEEF.





\$ LABRADOR RIDGE
\$ \$ NEAR NORTH END OF RIDGE
\$ LG ON STATIONS TO NW AND SW.
\$ LG MAY BE PARTLY ATTENUATED; ML WOULD BE 4.4
\$
FRB 8003112210P A1051
FRB NW 0402KM 15 084 296 49
SCH 8003112210P A1150
SCH SW 0897KM 15 -060 203 49
I GL 8003112210P 1230
I GL NW 1216KM 04 061 319 49
PBQ 8003112210P 1234
PBQ SW 1231KM 04 275 238 49
BLC 8003112210P 1331
BLC NW 1737KM 04 -193 293 49
FCC 8003112210P 1342
FCC W 1827KM 04 -146 272 52
RES 8003112210P
RES NW 1901KM
FFC 8003112210P
FFC W 2474KM Z
+60.931- 58.697F <sub>L</sub> M=3.3 0414472 23051980 00.0200.071 0.0 3 5 10.19 218.00 0 1MN=3.2 30 0 3.65
\$+60.92 - 58.90 M <sub>L</sub> =3.7 CEEF
\$ LABRADOR RIDGE
\$
FRFB 8005230416P A1606
FRFB NW 0599KM 15 000 306 49
SCH 8005230416P 1635
SCH SW 0833KM 04 046 219 49
PBQ 8005230416P X1733
PBQ W 1282KM 00 371 249 49 Z
A1704 15 -001 1753 04 -080 1930 04 065
20 126 07 1 0000175 33ML30MM 30 105 22 1 0000439 42ML36MM 40 93 03 1 0000051 39ML30MM
+61.841- 61.577F <sub>L</sub> MN=5.0 2029586 06041981 00.0260.162 0.4 11 14 100.91 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.57
\$+\$+61.94 - 61.34 MN=4.8 CEEF
\$ ISC 202955.3 61.75N 61.30W MB=4.9 MS=3.6
\$ LABRADOR RIDGE
\$ SG VELOCITY AT 3.57 KM/S
\$ WE'RE SG OR SN AMPS READ? USE OF MN ASSUMES LG NOT UNDULY ATTENUATED
\$ SHOULD A MECHANISM BE TRIED? SEE ISC FOR POLARITY DATA.
\$
FRFB 8104062030P A30555
FRFB NW 0415KM 19 059 304 49
SCH 8104062030P A31465
SCH SW 0840KM 19 -035 204 49
EDH 8104062030P X3151
N 0906KM 00 -380 021 49
EDH 8104062030P 3229
PBQ 8104062030P 3229
PBQ SW 1187KM 05 -016 239 49
JTAQ 8104062030P 32323
JTAQ SW 1225KMAQ 05 -142 229 49
I GL 8104062030P X32345
X3425 X3538 X3425 X3538 00 387 00 670 3427 X3548 05 -209 00 631 X3434 X3547
02 126 52 0012965 36ML46MM 08 46 24 0004098 46ML46MM  0000000 00ML00MM 08 49 29 0004648 51ML49MM 06 115 49 0004462 50ML49MM 05 99 35

IGL NW 1247KM 00 -188 321 49  
 MNQ 8104062030P 3245  
 MNQ SW 1336KM 05 -230 203 49  
 STJ 8104062030P 3329  
 STJ SE 1686KM 05 -095 157 49  
 CBM 8104062030P X33400  
 CBM S 1713KM 00 674 197 49  
 BLC 8104062030P 3334  
 BLC NW 1743KM 05 -287 294 49  
 FCC 8104062030P X3342  
 FCC W 1812KM 00 -301 274 52  
 GNT 8104062030P 3350  
 GNT SW 1858KM 05 -026 207 50  
 MIM 8104062030P X33538  
 MIM S 1911KM 00 -247 198 50  
 PQO 8104062030P 33553  
 PQO S 1916KM 05 -154 194 50  
 RES 8104062030P X3353  
 RES NW 1940KM 00 -645 331 50  
 MNT 8104062030P 34046 D  
 MNT SW 1980KM 05 069 209 47  
 GAC 8104062030P X3403  
 GAC SW 2009KM 00 -407 213 47  
 OTT 8104062030P X34145  
 OTT SW 2048KM 00 324 213 47  
 DAG 8104062030P X3434 C  
 DAG NE 2280KM 00 -125 027 41  
 ALE 8104062030P X3437  
 ALE N 2310KM 00 -125 360 41  
 YKA 8104062030P X35156  
 YKA NW 2691KM 00 261 295 36  
 INK 8104062030P X36010  
 INK NW 3261KM 00 139 314 33

Z

+61.300- 59.014F1ML=5.2 1120336 24081981 00.0200.110 0.5 19 30 121.16 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+61.33 - 59.39 MB=4.8 CEEF  
 \$ ISC 1120337 61.15N 59.16W MB=4.8 MS=4.6  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
 \$ SP-P IS 8+-0.6 SEC (ISC)  
 \$ SP TIMES GIVE APPROX DEPTH 18 KM; ISC STATES 23 (PP?)  
 \$ ISC HAS POLARITY DATA.  
 \$ POSSIBLE FOR FOCAL MECHANISM

FRB 8108241123P A2148  
 FRB NW 0562KM 23 020 303 49  
 PBQ 8108241123P 23141  
 PBQ SW 1282KM 06 -150 247 49  
 JAQ 8108241123P 23165  
 JAQ SW 1298KM 06 -114 237 49  
 MNQ 8108241123P A23232  
 MNQ SW 1343KM 23 000 211 49  
 IGL 8108241123P 2327

A22432  
 23 077  
 2515  
 06 -062  
 25165  
 06 -267  
 A25293  
 23 044  
 2534

8 1  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 30 90 163 8 1  
 0003793 57ML48MN  
 30 314 45 8 1  
 0000300 46ML37MN  
 40 110 12 8 1  
 0000171 45ML35MN  
 60 78 175 8 1



\$ SG VELOCITY AT 3.57 KM/S.  
 \$ NO ECTN PLAYOUTS.  
 \$ NEED TO CHECK JAQ PN ON ANALOG!  
 \$

FRB 8206271329P A2947	A3027	X3048	40 118 45	8 1
FRB NW 0402KM 13 050 302 49	13 -018 00 344		0000599 35ML32MN	
SCH 8206271329P A30418	A3205		60 64 8	8 1
SCH SW 0859KM 13 -040 203 49	13 063		0000131 40ML31MN	
JAQ 8206271329P 31235	B33240		30 314 7	8 1
JAQ SW 1237KM 03 -485 229 49	03 -089		0000047 37ML29MN	
MNQ 8206271329P	B3347		40 198 3	8 1
MNQ S 1354KM	X3241		0000024 36ML27MN	
	00 1079\$			
	202-88			
	Z			

+60.901- 59.523F1ML=5.0 1819093 12021983 00.0140.072 0.2 27 39 61.09 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+60.91 - 59.58 MB=4.4 CEEF  
 \$ ISC 60.81N 59.3W MB=4.4 1819052  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE  
 \$ WHY NO SCH READING?  
 \$ NO CBK READING  
 \$ RSON HAS A SECOND PHASE 3.8 SEC. AFTER P.  
 \$

FRB 8302121820P A20249	A2119	30 132 241	8 1
FRB NW 0565KM 25 088 308 49	25 002	0003824 46ML43MN	
GDH 8302121820P 21120 C	2247		
GDH N 0973KM 06 -174 014 49	06 126	0000000 00ML00MN	
PBQ 8302121820P 21463 D	23424		
PBQ W 1239KM 06 009 248 49	06 003	0000000 00ML00MN	
MNQ 8302121820P A21520	A23538	50 216 95	8 1
MNQ SW 1291KM 25 -060 211 49	25 028	0000553 50ML40MN	
IGL 8302121820P 22042 D	24130		
IGL NW 1397KM 06 -127 322 49	06 -298	0000000 00ML00MN	
GSQ 8302121820P 220745	24215	60 348 120	8 1
GSQ SW 1420KM 06 -081 203 49	06 065	0000361 50ML39MN	
HTQ 8302121820P 22073	24229	60 176 55	8 1
HTQ SW 1420KM 06 -099 207 49	06 200	0000327 50ML38MN	
EBN 8302121820P 222945	24595	55 263 73	8 1
EBN SW 1599KM 06 -065 204 49	06 054	0000317 51ML39MN	
KLN 8302121820P 223245	2508		8 1
KLN S 1628KM 06 -119 199 49	06 287	0000000 00ML00MN	
LPQ 8302121820P 223445	X25143	70 355 95	8 1
LPQ SW 1655KM 06 -246 209 49	00 347	0000240 50ML38MN	
BLC 8302121820P 23021	25573		
BLC NW 1887KM 06 -225 297 50	06 -296	0000000 00ML00MN	
KAO 8302121820P 23060	26060		
KAO SW 1925KM 06 -249 239 50	06 -223	0000000 00ML00MN	
FCC 8302121820P 23080			
FCC W 1933KM 06 -139 278 50		0000000 00ML00MN	
MNT 8302121820P 2312		0000000 00ML00MN	
MNT SW 1948KM 06 087 215 47		0000000 00ML00MN	
OTT 8302121820P 2320			
OTT SW 2027KM 06 019 219 47		0000000 00ML00MN	8 1
CKO 8302121820P 231845	2631		



CBK S 1162KM 05 099 193 49  
 SIC 8305262232P A321200  
 SIC SW 1275KM 20 -073 224 49  
 KAQ 8305262232P 32157  
 KAQ W 1305KM 05 -070 252 49  
 MNQ 8305262232P 32192  
 MNQ SW 1328KM 05 000 230 49  
 GSQ 8305262232P 32286  
 GSQ SW 1408KM 05 -031 222 49  
 PBQ 8305262232P C3236  
 PBQ W 1469KM 01 -034 263 49  
 KLN 8305262232P 32501  
 KLN SW 1584KM 05 -032 215 49  
 EBN 8305262232P 32508  
 EBN SW 1589KM 05 -028 221 49  
 LMQ 8305262232P C3258  
 LMQ SW 1664KM 01 -217 226 49  
 VDO 8305262232P 33323  
 VDO SW 1960KM 05 -230 242 47  
 Z

05 179  
 C341360  
 01 145  
 34180  
 05 -056  
 34251  
 05 167  
 34404  
 05 001  
 C3451  
 01 -234  
 35165  
 05 -140  
 35209  
 05 183  
 C3536  
 01 108  
 0000167 44ML34MN  
 30 220 34  
 0000324 46ML38MN  
 30 369 150  
 0000851 50ML42MN  
 40 600 85  
 0000223 46ML36MN  
 301080 145  
 0000281 46ML38MN  
 60 92 24  
 0000273 49ML38MN  
 251660 50  
 0000076 41ML33MN  
 251265 60  
 0000119 43ML35MN  
 02 292 8  
 0000861 41ML44MN  
 0000000 00ML00MN

+59.883- 55.673F1ML=4.3 0732041 02021984 00.0210.120 0.2 5 10 50.66 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$ 59.93 55.93 ML=4.3 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE

FRB 8402020732P A33474  
 FRB NW 0803KM 15 -037 308 49  
 SCH 8402020732P A33573  
 SCH SW 0874KM 15 077 235 49  
 KAQ 8402020732P 34429  
 KAQ SW 1265KM 04 -135 247 49  
 SIC 8402020732P 3445  
 SIC SW 1290KM 04 -219 218 49  
 MNQ 8402020732P 3450  
 MNQ SW 1330KM 04 -217 224 49  
 Z

A35045  
 15 020  
 A35195  
 15 -005  
 3641  
 04 -182  
 36485  
 04 053  
 3655  
 04 -165  
 50 101 45  
 0000560 45ML37MN  
 30 137 62  
 0000948 46ML40MN  
 30 295 27  
 0000192 44ML35MN  
 50 132 007  
 0000067 41ML31MN  
 20 443 23  
 0000163 42ML35MN

+60.130- 57.560F1ML=3.1 0645351 06041984 00.0690.208 0.3 3 5 30.53 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$ APPARENTLY NOT IN CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR RIDGE EVENT, MUST BE CONSIDERED POORLY LOCATED  
 \$ ADAMS FILE  
 \$ NEW EVENT DETECTED BY RE-SEARCH OF SCH RECORDS  
 \$ ON SCH LEMS AS D.U.V.  
 \$ VERY WEAK ON FRB, WEAK ON JAQ  
 \$ NOT ON MNQ,SIC,VDO,CBK,MUN  
 \$

FRB 8404060647P XB47135  
 FRB NW 0703KM 00 687 310 49  
 SCH 8404060647P A47195  
 SCH SW 0810KM 15 -015 227 49  
 JAQ 8404060647P 4822

B48145  
 04 038  
 A48370  
 15 016  
 5020  
 040 124 2  
 0000025 29ML22MN  
 040 120 5  
 0000065 35ML27MN  
 030 419 2

[illegible]



JAQ	W	1470KM	04	-200	263	49	04	-311	0000150	42ML35MN	
<p>+60.798- 57.402F1ML=4.2 1741095 12091986 00.0250.152 0.2 5 9 30.73 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65</p> <p>\$ LABRADOR RIDGE</p> <p>\$ EAST OF CAPE CHIDLEY, LABRADOR,</p> <p>\$ NO NEIS SOLUTION</p>											
FRB	8609121741P	A4237	0.00				A4340		050	101	35 0 8
FRB	NW 0665KM 14	066 304 49					14 -036		0000435	41ML34MN	
SCH	8609121741P	A4301 C	0.00				A4424		030	137	40 0 8
SCH	SW 0868KM 14	-012 224 49					14 038		0000612	44ML38MN	
MNQ	8609121741P	43574 D	0.00				4606		030	324	12 0 8
MNQ	SW 1346KM 04	-198 217 49					04 073		0000078	40ML32MN	
JAQ	8609121741P	4357	0.00				4604		000	0 0 0 0	
JAQ	SW 1346KM 04	-236 243 49					04 -123		0000000	00ML00MN	
KLN	8609121741P	4434	0.00						000	0 0 0 0	
KLN	SW 1660KM 04	-367 205 49							0000000	00ML00MN	
<p>+61.157- 58.695F1ML=4.5 2228588 07031987 00.0230.141 0.4 10 15 40.92 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65</p> <p>\$61.146- 58.942F1ML=4.5 2229002 CEEF</p> <p>\$ LABRADOR RIDGE EAST OF RESOLUTION ISLAND, N.W.T.</p> <p>\$ NO DANISH READINGS...NO PDE...NO EDR</p>											
FRB	8703072229P	A30165	0.00				A31125		020	132	70 0 8
FRB	NW 0585KM 18	066 304 49					18 -005		0001666	41ML39MN	
SCH	8703072229P	A3049	0.00				A3210		020	141	186 0 8
SCH	SW 0853KM 18	045 218 49					18 036		0004144	50ML46MN	
JAQ	8703072229P	3141	0.00				33435		0201257	195 0 8	
JAQ	SW 1304KM 04	-260 239 49					04 -219		0000487	46ML40MN	
MNQ	8703072229P	31465	0.00				3351		000	0 0 0 0	
MNQ	SW 1339KM 04	-135 212 49					04 -211		0000000	00ML00MN	
IGL	8703072229P	31545	0.00				34045		000	0 0 0 0	
IGL	NW 1403KM 04	-112 320 49					04 -216		0000000	00ML00MN	
HTQ	SW 1466KM 04	-286 209 49					X3416		000	0 0 0 0	
KLN	8703072229P	32255	0.00				00 -417		0000000	00ML00MN	
KLN	S 1670KM 04	-270 201 49							000	0 0 0 0	
LPQ	8703072229P	X32285	0.00						0000000	00ML00MN	
LPQ	SW 1702KM 00	-356 210 49							000	0 0 0 0	
BLC	8703072229P	3254	0.00				XB3553		000	0 0 0 0	
BLC	NW 1914KM 04	-274 297 50					00 -242		0000000	00ML00MN	
FCC	8703072229P	33025	0.00				X3603		020	534	10 0 8
FCC	W 1973KM 04	-084 278 47					00 -496		0000059	41ML33MN	
EEO	8703072229P	33135	0.00						000	0 0 0 0	
EEO	SW 2083KM 04	-176 228 45							0000000	00ML00MN	
<p>+62.160- 60.488F1ML=4.7 1841221 15051987 00.0370.188 0.2 7 11 40.98 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65</p> <p>\$ LABRADOR RIDGE</p> <p>\$ EAST OF CAPE CHIDLEY, LABRADOR,</p> <p>\$ NO DANISH, PDE DATA</p>											

\$ FRB 8705151841P A42220 0.00  
 FRB NW 0446KM 16 -021 297 49  
 SCH 8705151841P A43175 0.00  
 SCH SW 0897KM 16 027 207 49  
 IGL 8705151841P 4401 0.00  
 IGL NW 1256KM 04 -002 319 49  
 JBQ 8705151841P 4404 0.00  
 BLC SW 1304KM 04 -283 230 49  
 BLC 8705151841P 293 52  
 BLC NW 1781KM 293 52  
 FCC 8705151841P 4511 0.00  
 FCC W 1867KM 04 -379 273 50  
 FFC 8705151841P 46225 0.00  
 FFC W 2513KM 04 165 270 37

A4307  
 16 066  
 A4425  
 16 019  
 4557  
 04 -173  
 46045  
 04 -435  
 4747  
 04 -331  
 X48025  
 00 -626

040 123 380 0 8  
 0004853 45ML42MN  
 030 137 72 0 8  
 0001101 47ML40MN  
 000 0 0 0 0  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 000 0 0 0 0  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 030 440 45 0 8  
 0000214 48ML38MN  
 050 226 30 0 8  
 0000167 49ML38MN  
 000 0 0 0 0  
 0000000 00ML00MN

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* SOUTHEAST BAFFIN SHELF EARTHQUAKES \*  
 \* \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

+63.694- 61.175F MN=3.9 1315060 01051966 00.0230.130 0.2 4 7 60.56 218.00 0 1ML=0.0 00 0 3.57  
 \$63.33 60.83 ML=4.8 131506 CEEF  
 \$ NORTHERNMOST LABRADOR SEA  
 \$ SG VELOCITY AT 3.57 KM/S

\$ SCH 6605011314P 17185  
 SCH S 1040KM 10 -011 200 49  
 GWC 6605011314P 17518  
 GWC SW 1320KM 10 -098 232 49  
 SIC 6605011314P X18259  
 SIC S 1544KM 00 583 195 49  
 BLC 6605011314P 18370  
 BLC W 1687KM 10 -055 288 49  
 RES 6605011314P 18483  
 RES NW 1773KM 10 035 328 49  
 CMC 6605011314P X20026  
 CMC NW 2434KM 00 506 305 39  
 MBC 6605011314P X20067  
 MBC NW 2476KM 00 539 328 39

18580 X19490 50 85 30 0 1  
 10 080 00 -833 0000444 47ML38MN 1  
 X19531 X21111 50 85 31 0  
 00 -373 00 -484 0000458 50ML39MN 1  
 21152 X22570 50 83 55 0 1  
 10 028 00 -174 0000833 55ML44MN 1  
 21333 X23238 60 143 21 0  
 10 022 00 115 0000154 49ML37MN 1  
 X23545 X26310 50 118 15 1  
 00 065 00 303 0000160 51ML39MN 1  
 0000000 00ML00MN 1

YKC	6605011314P	X20192	YKC	W	2622KM	00	473	291	36	Z					
X24312	X27152	80	83	17	0	1									
00	-264	00	-538	0000161	52ML40MN										
+65.410-	62.6940	MN=3.1	0200565	14081971	00.0000.000	0.3	2	3	20.00	218.00	0	1ML=2.9	10	0	3.57
\$65.38	62.64	MN=3.3	020057	CEEF											
\$	NORTHERNMOST	LABRADOR	SEA												
\$	FIRST OF 3	EVENTS THIS HOUR.													
\$	LG VELOCITY	AT 3.57 KM/SEC													
FBC	7108140200P	0143													
FBC	SW 0334KM	10	000	239	49										
BLC	7108140200P														
BLC	W 1569KM														
RES	7108140200P														
RES	NW 1573KM														
+65.417-	62.8330	MN=3.3	0202481	14081971	00.0250.059	0.3	3	4	30.19	218.00	0	1ML=3.1	10	0	3.57
\$65.39	62.72	MN=3.5	020248	CEEF											
\$	NORTHERNMOST	LABRADOR	SEA												
\$	SECOND AND LARGEST	OF 3	EVENTS THIS HOUR.												
\$	LG VELOCITY	AT 3.57 KM/SEC													
FBC	7108140202P	0334													
FBC	SW 0329KM	10	-004	238	49										
BLC	7108140202P														
BLC	W 1562KM														
FFC	7108140202P														
FFC	W 2431KM														
+65.410-	62.6940	MN=3.0	0204055	14081971	00.0000.000	0.3	2	3	20.00	218.00	0	1ML=2.8	10	0	3.57
\$65.38	62.64	MN=3.2	020406	CEEF											
\$	NORTHERNMOST	LABRADOR	SEA												
\$	THIRD OF 3	EVENTS THIS HOUR.													
\$	LG VELOCITY	AT 3.57 KM/SEC													
FBC	7108140204P	0452													
FFC	SW 0334KM	10	000	239	49										
BLC	7108140204P														
BLC	W 1569KM														
RES	7108140204P														
RES	NW 1573KM														
+64.586-	60.187F	ML=4.3	1408138	25031972	00.0760.174	0.3	7	14	91.36	218.00	0	1MN=0.0	00	0	3.65
\$64.57	60.95	ML=3.6	140818	CEEF											
\$	NORTHERNMOST	LABRADOR	SEA												
\$	7203251408P	A09103													
FFBC	W 0414KM	23	027	260	49										
SCH	7203251408P	1040													

SCH S 1150KM 06 020 202 49  
 GWC 7203251408P 11092  
 GWC SW 1420KM 06 -345 231 49  
 BLC 7203251408P 11440  
 BLC W 1705KM 06 -345 285 49  
 RES 7203251408P  
 RES NW 1716KM 325 49  
 FCC 7203251408P 12050  
 FCC W 1884KM 06 -346 266 50  
 LHC 7203251408P  
 LHC SW 2500KM 238 39  
 FCC 7203251408P 13170  
 FCC W 2542KM 06 182 264 37  
 YKC 7203251408P X13270  
 YKC W 2632KM 00 391 290 36

Z

+64.397- 62.28401ML=3.2 0106369 06071980 00.2760.496 0.6 2 4 21.00 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$63.94 61.08 ML=3.0 010623 CEEF  
 \$ NORTHERNMOST LABRADOR SEA  
 \$ POORLY LOCATED

FRB 8007060106P A07213  
 FRB W 0314KM 14 031 259 49  
 IGL 8007060106P 08415  
 IGL NW 1015KM 03 -490 312 49  
 BLC 8007060106P  
 BLC W 1613KM 285 49

Z

+63.644- 60.549F1ML=4.2 2221038 06051982 00.0310.075 0.3 5 9 50.48 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$63.36 60.62 ML=4.2 222104 CEEF  
 \$ NORTHERNMOST LABRADOR SEA  
 \$

FRB 8205062221P A21578  
 FRB W 0396KM 19 -004 275 49  
 SCH 8205062221P 2316  
 SCH SW 1046KM 05 -113 203 49  
 IGL 8205062221P 23298  
 IGL NW 1134KM 05 193 314 49  
 JAO 8205062221P X23568  
 JAO SW 1400KM 00 -346 225 49  
 JAO 8205062221P 24178  
 MNQ 8205062221P 24178  
 MNQ S 1542KM 05 019 202 49  
 RES 8205062221P 24484  
 RES NW 1794KM 05 032 327 52  
 ALE 8205062221P  
 ALE N 2109KM 359 45

Z

+62.850- 60.822F1MN=3.5 0258333 09031986 00.0280.117 0.3 5 9 50.57 218.00 0 1ML=4.3 10 0 3.65

\$62.840 60.990 MN=3.5 0258320 CEEF  
 \$ NORTHERNMOST LABRADOR SEA  
 \$ WEAK ON PFC, NOTHING ON RES, CBK, MUN

\$  
 FRB 8603090259P A5928 0.00  
 FRB W 0400KM 15 013 288 49  
 SCH 8603090300P A6036 0.00  
 SCH SW 0959KM 15 -002 204 49  
 IGL 8603090301P 61035 0.00  
 IGL NW 1187KM 04 -035 317 49  
 JAQ 8603090301P 61185 0.00  
 JAQ SW 1329KM 04 -259 227 49  
 BLC 8603090302P X62065 0.00  
 BLC W 1736KM 00 -418 291 49  
 Z

A6008 X6022 050 101 235 0 0  
 15 014 00 -116 0002924 43ML39MN  
 A6207 X6322 100 40 20 0 0  
 15 023 00 2590\$ 0000314 45ML35MN  
 6254 X6402 050 185 25 0 0  
 04 -131 00 330 0000170 44ML34MN  
 6322 X6450 060 302 20 0 0  
 04 -340 00 1263\$ 0000069 42ML31MN  
 C6450 X6639 070 157 15 0 0  
 01 -192 00 1015\$ 0000086 47ML34MN

+64.172- 61.98301ML=2.7 0114355 20081987 00.1000.255 0.6 4 5 20.64 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$64.287 61.811 ML=2.7 0114338 CEEF  
 \$ NORTHERNMOST LABRADOR SEA  
 \$ VERY SMALL ON FRB, SCH, SIC. NOTHING ON CBK, MUN.  
 \$ ON ECTN TRIGGERS: ONLY PN ARRIVALS  
 \$ MNQ ANALOG HAS PN>>SN; SN IS TINY

\$  
 FRB 8708200114P 0.00  
 FRB W 0325KM 265 49  
 SCH 8708200114P X17063 0.00  
 SCH S 1078KM 00 1356\$197 49  
 JAQ 8708200114P A173154 -0.07  
 JAQ SW 1395KM 13 007 220 49  
 MNQ 8708200114P 175421 -0.10  
 MNQ S 1573KM 03 099 198 49  
 GSQ 8708200114P X180335 -0.22  
 GSQ S 1729KM 00 -899 193 49  
 Z

A1554  
 13 -013  
 A1834  
 13 -026  
 1946  
 03 422  
 030 141 7 0 8  
 0000104 23ML23MN  
 000 0 0 0 0  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 0201257 5 0 8  
 0000012 31ML24MN  
 000 0 0 0 0  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 000 0 0 0 0  
 0000000 00ML00MN

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \*  
 \* LABRADOR SHELF EARTHQUAKES  
 \*  
 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

+57.010- 57.730F ML=5.0 0104390 20101952 00.0470.150 0.0 11 16 01.66 218.00 0 1ML=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$ 57.0 57.0 ML=5.0 CEEF  
 \$ 56.9 57.2 ISC

\$ LABRADOR SHELF  
 \$ SOURCE OF CEEF MAGNITUDE UNKNOWN.  
 \$ ISC HAS OTHER TELESEISMIC PHASES.  
 \$ ISC SUPPLEMENTARY PHASES POSSIBLY DEPTH PHASES.  
 \$ PP 8.5 SEC ( 5 OBS )  
 \$ SP 12 SEC ( 4 OBS )  
 \$ IMPLIED DEPTHS ARE (CRUDELY) 26 KM AND 21 KM RESPECTIVELY.  
 \$ OTTAWA DATA BULLETIN HAS ADDITIONAL P AND S PHASES FOR HAL, SHF, AND OTT.  
 \$

HAL	5210200104P	0740 D	0956	X1115					
HAL	S 1437KM 10	-002 199 49	10 185 00	220	0000000	00ML00MN			
SHF	5210200104P	0752 +1.5	1018						
SHF	SW 1554KM 10	-074 228 49	10 053		0000000	00ML00MN			
OTT	5210200104P	0821 C	1113	X1252					
OTT	SW 1794KM 10	-229 232 52	10 292 00	143	0000000	00ML00MN			
KLC	5210200104P	0821 C	1109	X1255					
KLC	SW 1794KM 10	-235 246 52	10 -117 00	436	0000000	00ML00MN			
HRV	5210200104P	0835	X1207						
HRV	SW 1890KM 10	067 217 50	00 3653\$		0000000	00ML00MN			
WES	5210200104P	0832	X1124						
WES	SW 1893KM 10	-264 216 50	00 -719		0000000	00ML00MN			
BUF	5210200104P	0906							
BUF	SW 2163KM 10	210 233 45			0000000	00ML00MN			
SCO	5210200104P	0915							
SCO	NE 2263KM 10	095 034 43			0000000	00ML00MN			
RES	5210200104P	0937	1346						
RES	NW 2519KM 10	-130 335 37	10 159		0000000	00ML00MN			
COL	5210200104P	1220							
COL	NW 4538KM 10	103 319 30			0000000	00ML00MN			
TUC	5210200104P	1241							
TUC	W 4852KM 10	-106 259 29			0000000	00ML00MN			

+57.103- 59.0790 MN=4.3 0745173 05061956 00.0200.044 0.2 4 5 20.14 218.00 0 1ML=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+56.8 - 58.9 ML=5.1 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR SHELF  
 \$ RECORDS MOUNTED IN SCRAPBOOK, BUT PN CUT OFF AT MOST STATIONS.  
 \$ SFA LG VERY POOR.  
 \$ STRONG PHASE AT HAL AT 48166 USED AS PN  
 \$ SMITH READ A HAL PHASE AT 4811 AS PN BUT IS PROBABLY NOISE.  
 \$ LG LOOK ATTENUATED AT HAL. SMALLER THAN SN AMPLITUDE.  
 \$ ALL AMPLITUDES APPEAR TO HAVE BEEN READ FROM LG  
 \$

SFA	5606050745P		X5129						
SW	1369KM	221 49	00 -336		0000000	00ML00MN			
HAL	5606050745P	A48166	A50295	X5148	40 102 11	3			
HAL	S 1423KM 15	-001 195 49	15 002 00	072	0000169	46ML36MN			
SHF	5606050745P		50455	X5209	100 1.7	3			
SHF	SW 1502KM	224 49	04 -070 00	018	0001109	56ML44MN			
MNT	5606050745P		X52445						
MNT	SW 1636KM	224 49	00 -107		0000000	00ML00MN			
KLC	5606050745P		5134	XA5317	120 10	8			
KLC	SW 1724KM	244 49	04 040 00	720	0000419	53ML41MN			

OTT 5606050745P  
 OTT SW 1738KM  
 Z  
 228 49  
 51365 X5317 50 151 20 3  
 04 009 00 354 0000166 49ML37MN

+56.691- 59.7970 MN=3.4 0706097 12031963 00.2740.507 0.0 2 4 11.41 218.00 0 1ML=3.7 10 0 3.65  
 \$+57.0 - 60.03 ML=3.8 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR SHELF  
 \$ ALL STATIONS ARE TO THE SW SO POORLY LOCATED  
 \$  
 SCH 6303120706P A0713 A08035 XB0827 30 188 65 1  
 SCH SW 0486KM 10 -172 247 49 10 099 00 406 0000724 37ML34MN  
 SIC 6303120706P A0802 A0921 XB1008 1  
 SIC SW 0860KM 10 172 215 49 10 -099 00 271 0000000 00ML00MN  
 SFA 6303120706P XB1210 1  
 SFA SW 1305KM 220 49 00 266 0000000 00ML00MN  
 Z

+59.039- 59.866F ML=3.8 0316461 27121967 00.0440.325 0.5 4 8 21.37 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$ 58.75 59.25 ML=3.8 CEEF  
 \$ NORTHERN LABRADOR SHELF  
 \$  
 SCH 6712270316P A18094 A19101 30 100 37 8 1  
 SCH SW 0631KM 14 048 225 49 14 019 0000775 41ML36MN  
 FBC 6712270316P A18160 A19249 40 133 9 8 1  
 FBC NW 0696KM 14 -078 322 49 14 127 0000106 35ML28MN  
 FCC 6712270316P 20440 23450 8 1  
 FCC W 1954KM 03 -453 284 47 03 -621 0000000 00ML00MN  
 BLC 6712270316P 20470 23520 8 1  
 BLC NW 1975KM 03 -385 303 47 03 -362 0000000 00ML00MN  
 Z

+57.402- 59.1700 MN=2.6 0310336 13011968 00.0010.003 0.5 3 4 40.01 218.00 0 1ML=3.7 10 0 3.65  
 \$ 57.16 58.50 MN=2.6 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR SEA EAST OF NAIN.  
 \$ LG POOR ON ALL STATIONS.  
 \$ GWC - ONSETS WEAK.  
 \$ FBC - LG ABOUT 03H 15M  
 \$ SIC - LG UNCERTAIN, SP MICROSEISMS.  
 \$ SCH - MAX AMPS OF LG AND SN EQUAL. SN ONSET SHARP BUT SCH ATTENUATES QUICKLY.  
 \$ NOT AT STJ.  
 \$  
 SCH 6801130310P A11470 A12410 X13080 40 83 20  
 SCH SW 0554KM 14 000 242 49 14 000 00 239 0000379 37ML32MN  
 FBC 6801130310P 13480 40 127 1  
 FBC NW 0870KM 328 49 03 000 0000012 28ML21MN  
 SIC 6801130310P X13530 40 132 4  
 SIC SW 0947KM 215 49 00 \*\*\*\*\$ 0000048 35ML27MN  
 GWC 6801130310P 14520 X16040 40 94 1  
 GWC W 1170KM 266 49 03 003 00 968 0000017 33ML24MN  
 Z

+56.797- 57.5110 ML=4.5 2253568 27091969 00.1880.138 0.3 2 4 20.27 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65

\$ 56.52 57.49 MN=4.1 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR SHELF  
 \$ GWC - WEAK PN - GOOD SN - NO LG.  
 \$ SCH - VERY STRONG PN SN. RELATIVELY WEAK LG.  
 \$ ML CHOSEN IN PREFERENCE TO MN  
 \$  
 SCH 6909272253P A55185 A56185 X5648 40 94 115 8 1  
 SCH W 0622KM 14 008 253 49 14 -005 00 072 0001922 46ML40MN 8 1  
 FBC 6909272253P 327 49 0000000 00ML00MN 8 1  
 FBC NW 0981KM 5636 30 109 8 8 1  
 GWC 6909272253P 03 -133 271 49 03 076 0000154 43ML34MN 8 1  
 GWC W 1269KM 03 -133 271 49  
 \$  
 +54.965- 54.669F MN=5.3 1204195 07121971 00.0260.038 0.1 21 26 50.76 218.00 0 1ML=6.0 20 0 3.57  
 \$-55.09 - 54.51 ML=5.3 CEEF  
 \$55.05+/-0.22N 54.45+/-0.23W MB=5.4/40 1204187  
 \$ LABRADOR SHELF  
 \$ ADAMS/WAHLSTROM WORK  
 \$ RUN WITH SG VELOCITY OF 3.57 KM/S  
 \$ ISC: 55.05 N 54.45 W OT=120418.7 MB=5.4 H=25KM  
 \$ FOCAL MECHANISM PUBLISHED BY HASHIZUME  
 \$ WAHLSTROM COMMENTS  
 \$ FBC: RECORD NOT FOUND  
 \$ SCH, STJ, SIC, UNB, HAL, SFA, GWC, CHQ, QCQ, OTT, SUD REREAD BY WAHLSTROM  
 \$ IN 1985.  
 \$ FBC AND OTHER STATIONS FROM ISC.  
 \$ WAHLSTROM READINGS AND QUALITIES AS FOLLOWS:  
 \$ SCH A B; STJ A A; SIC A; UNB A B; HAL A A B;  
 \$ SFA A A; GWC A A; CHQ A B X; QCQ A A; OTT A B; SUD A A A;  
 \$  
 SCH 7112071209P A06007 D A07150 1  
 SCH W 0777KM 24 056 274 49 24 008 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 STJ 7112071209P A06071 60 20 204 8 1  
 STJ S 0834KM 24 008 170 49 0010681 58ML50MN 1  
 SIC 7112071209P 06233 C 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 SIC SW 0976KM 06 -099 242 49 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 FBC 7112071209P 06560 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 FBC NW 1249KM 06 -164 327 49 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 UNB 7112071209P 07045 - 09090 06 050 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 UNB SW 1312KM 06 -073 225 49 09100 X10434 90 39 540 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 HAL 7112071209P 07054 - 06 084 00 1552\$ 0009666 64ML53MN 1  
 HAL SW 1315KM 06 -021 213 49 X09366 X11071 70 40 176 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 SFA 7112071209P 07173 00 382 00 816 0003949 61ML49MN 8 1  
 SFA SW 1426KM 06 -185 239 49 X09362 00 -554 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 GWC 7112071209P X07202 C X09480 X11085 100 38 400 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 GWC W 1468KM 00 -399 281 49 00 588 00 -275 0006614 63ML52MN 1  
 CHQ 7112071209P 07234 C 00 588 00 -275 0006614 63ML52MN 1  
 CHQ SW 1470KM 06 -110 239 49 X11216 90 25 500 0000000 00ML00MN 1  
 QCQ 7112071209P 07245 C 00 831 0013963 67ML55MN 1  
 QCQ SW 1477KM 06 -088 239 49  
 GDH 7112071209P X07472  
 GDH N 1595KM 00 735 002 49





CHQ 7201250240P B43082	B45300	60 84 9 8 1
CHQ SW 1495KM 04 -105 239 49	04 137	0000112 46ML34MN
Z		

+55.480- 52.453F ML=4.3 1826309 26051976 00.0320.076 0.2 9 13 40.93 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65		
\$+55.47 - 52.74 ML=4.4 CEEF		
\$ LABRADOR SEA, PROBABLY ON FRACTURE ZONE		
\$ ADAMS FILE; WAHLSTROM READINGS		
\$ CBM, EMM, MIM FROM ISC		
\$ ISC: 55.01 N 53.47 W OT=182633.2 H=0KM		
\$ QCQ, SUD, OTT: NOT RECORDED, MIQ: NOISY, HAL: VISIBLE, NO CLEAR ONSET		
\$ CHQ, CBK: RECORD NOT FOUND		
\$ UNB: DISTURBANCE(?) AT 31042		

STJ 7605261826P A28251	A29475	60 21 5 8 1
STJ S 0881KM 11 099 181 49	11 -024	0000249 43ML34MN
MUN 7605261826P		60 35 17 8 1
MUN S 0881KM 181 49		0000509 46ML37MN
SCH 7605261826P A28293	A29544	40 91 21 8 1
SCH W 0916KM 11 085 271 49	11 -089	0000362 44ML36MN
SIC 7605261826P A28532	A30419	40 115 7 8 1
SIC SW 1128KM 11 -103 244 49	11 163	0000096 40ML31MN
MNQ 7605261826P A29052	A31009	7 2 3 1
MNQ W 1223KM 11 -073 250 49	11 021	0000000 00ML00MN
FRB 7605261826P	A31149	1 1
FRB NW 1288KM 322 49	11 046	0000000 00ML00MN
CBM 7605261826P C29316		0000000 00ML00MN
CBM SW 1446KM 01 -141 235 49		0000000 00ML00MN
POC 7605261826P A29402		0000000 00ML00MN
POC SW 1515KM 11 -123 241 49		0000000 00ML00MN
PBQ 7605261826P	XB32167	1 1
PBQ W 1596KM 280 49	00 -320	
EMM 7605261826P C29506		
EMM SW 1602KM 01 -146 228 49		
MIM 7605261826P C29548		
MIM SW 1634KM 01 -111 233 49		
Z		

+59.255- 60.2420 ML=4.2 0849281 05111977 00.1820.392 0.2 4 6 31.06 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65		
\$ 59.05 60.61 ML=4.2 CEEF		
\$ NORTHERN LABRADOR SHELF		
\$ NO FRB?		
\$		
SCH 7711050849P A50515	A5153	30 103 66 8 1
SCH SW 0634KM 16 024 222 49	16 050	0001342 44ML39MN
FRB 7711050849P		1 1
FRB NW 0668KM 322 49		0000000 00ML00MN
SIC 7711050849P	53274	30 140 10 8 1

SIC	SW 1094KM	205 49	04 -298	0000150 41ML33MN	
MNQ	7711050849P	51475	5331 X54335	20 424 32	8 1
MNQ	SW 1114KM 04	-227 213 49	04 -358 00 011	0000237 41ML35MN	
PBQ	7711050849P		53376		8 1
PBQ	W 1142KM	255 49	04 -286	0000000 00ML00MN	
	Z				
+56.916- 59.37501MN=2.7 0754355 31031979 00.0900.177 0.2 3 6 50.94 218.00 0 1ML=3.2 10 0 3.65					
\$	56.71 59.95 MN=2.7 CEEF				
\$	LABRADOR SHELF				
\$	CBK QUIET				
\$					
SCH	7903310755P	5545	5636 5657	30 105 10	
SCH	SW 0520KM 10	034 246 49	10 050 10 -097	0000199 32ML29MN	
MNQ	7903310755P		5854	30 314 10	
MNQ	SW 0942KM	225 49	10 018	0000067 36ML29MN	
PBQ	7903310755P		XB5957	40 93 1	
PBQ	W 1155KM	269 49	00 493	0000017 33ML24MN	
LAQ	7903310755P		5852 5957	40 408 9	
LAQ	W 1168KM	260 49	10 -142 10 139	0000035 36ML27MN	
LBQ	7903310755P		XB6006	40 534 9	
LBQ	W 1202KM	259 49	00 120	0000026 36ML26MN	
	Z				
+55.939- 58.43601MN=3.2 1732510 04041979 00.0960.084 0.3 4 8 50.57 218.00 0 1ML=3.7 10 0 3.65					
\$	56.14 - 58.92 MN=3.2 CEEF				
\$	LABRADOR SHELF				
\$	CBK TIME CORRECTION ASSUMED; RECORD VERY POOR.				
\$					
SCH	7904041734P	A34034	A34564 B35194	030 105 26	1
SCH	W 0544KM 16	030 260 49	16 025 04 -070	0000519 37ML34MN	
CBK	7904041734P	+5.5	X3543 XC3619		
CBK	S 0783KM	177 49	00 161 00 -095	0000000 00ML00MN	
MNQ	7904041734P	A34481	36163 X37047	050 163 28	1
MNQ	SW 0915KM 16	-024 233 49	04 120 00 297	0000216 42ML34MN	
LAQ	7904041734P	35237	37170 XB38240	050 251 34	1
LAQ	W 1213KM 04	-098 267 49	04 -149 00 055	0000170 45ML35MN	
PBQ	7904041734P		XC38217	060 70 03	1
PBQ	W 1216KM	275 49	00 -255	0000045 39ML29MN	
LBQ	7904041734P	X35240	37223 XB3835	050 377 12	1
LBQ	W 1245KM 00	-452 265 49	04 -289 00 293	0000040 39ML28MN	
	Z				
+57.598- 58.77201ML=4.2 0910147 04091979 00.0170.077 0.3 10 18 90.69 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65					
\$	57.58 - 58.96 ML=4.2 CEEF				
\$	LABRADOR SHELF				
\$					
SCH	7909040911P	A11323	A11890	020 107 144	8 1
SCH	SW 0586KM 20	039 241 49	20 024	0004228 45ML43MN	
FRB	7909040911P	A1206	A1329	02 126 05	8 1
FRB	NW 0868KM 20	-029 326 49	20 024	0000125 35ML31MN	

SIC 7909040911P 1218  
 SIC SW 0978KM 05 -172 216 49  
 MNQ 7909040911P C1225  
 MNQ SW 1022KM 01 -014 224 49  
 PBQ 7909040911P 1248  
 PBQ W 1195KM 05 180 266 49  
 LAQ 7909040911P C1251  
 LAQ W 1218KM 01 197 258 49  
 LDQ 7909040911P  
 LDQ W 1243KM 258 49  
 LBQ 7909040911P 1253  
 LBQ W 1253KM 05 -024 257 49  
 LGQ 7909040911P 1252  
 LGQ W 1267KM 05 -289 258 49  
 LMQ 7909040911P  
 LMQ SW 1363KM 220 49  
 Z

1351  
 05 -119  
 C1401  
 01 -063  
 1439  
 05 062  
 B14416  
 05 -171  
 1446  
 05 -259  
 1450  
 05 -067  
 1452  
 05 -154  
 1515  
 05 095  
 03 251 30 8 1  
 0000250 42ML35MN  
 010 813 095 8 1  
 0000734 42ML40MN  
 03 90 09 8 1  
 0000209 43ML35MN  
 016 976 130 8 1  
 0000523 45ML39MN  
 02 148 20 1 1  
 0000425 45ML39MN  
 02 738 65 8 1  
 0000277 43ML37MN  
 01 421 20 8 1  
 0000298 41ML37MN  
 02 289 05 8 1  
 0000054 37ML30MN

+56.150- 58.877F1MN=3.6 2352383 02071982 00.2370.193 0.2 3 6 20.85 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+56.18 - 59.11 ML=3.6 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR SHELF  
 \$ COMPARE WITH 790404

SCH 8207022354P A5348  
 SCH W 0522KM 16 028 257 49  
 MNQ 8207022354P 5434  
 MNQ SW 0908KM 04 -081 231 49  
 JAQ 8207022354P 5456  
 JAQ W 1108KM 04 -320 263 49  
 Z

A5439  
 16 025  
 5600 X5650  
 04 -091 00 288  
 5640  
 04 -347  
 20 107 20 8 1  
 0000587 35ML34MN  
 8 1  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 20 503 15 8 1  
 0000094 37ML31MN

+56.531- 59.073F1MN=3.4 1530270 20081983 00.0340.050 0.3 4 7 70.30 218.00 0 1ML=4.2 10 0 3.65  
 \$ 56.39 59.21 MN=3.3 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR SHELF  
 \$ FRB, STJ NOT READ

SCH 8308201530P A313650  
 SCH W 0521KM 15 012 252 49  
 CBK 8308201530P  
 CBK S 0851KM 175 49  
 SIC 8308201530P  
 SIC SW 0872KM 219 49  
 MNQ 8308201530P 322500  
 MNQ SW 0926KM 04 -075 228 49  
 LQQ 8308201530P 32296  
 LQQ W 0965KM 04 -086 258 49  
 GSQ 8308201530P  
 GSQ SW 1006KM 216 49  
 LMQ 8308201530P  
 LMQ SW 1261KM 222 49

A322750  
 15 010  
 A33375 X3421  
 15 000 00 074  
 X3431 040 165 030  
 00 492 0000286 42ML34MN  
 335350 X344300 030 295 023  
 04 -004 00 212 0000163 39ML32MN  
 3400 X34545 040 074 012  
 04 -175 00 314 0000255 43ML35MN  
 X35055 0501660 300  
 00 276 0000227 44ML34MN  
 X3621 050 092 006  
 00 848 0000082 42ML32MN

```

+57.287- 58.167F1ML=4.3 0200169 08011986 00.0280.120 0.4 9 15 61.17 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65
$57.290- 58.160 ML=4.3 0200150 CEEF
$ LABRADOR SHELF
$ FRB MAGNITUDE CHECKED AND AS WRITTEN
$ MNQ DEAD
$ NOT IN EDR.
$ AFTERSHOCK ON JAQ AT 02:14
$

```

SCH	8601080200P	A01363	0.00	A02354	020	141	167	0	8
SCH	SW 0603KM 18	002 247 49		18 068	0003721	46ML43MN			
FRB	8601080200P	A0216	0.00	A03405	030	141	8	0	8
FRB	NW 0917KM 18	149 326 49		18 -092	0000119	38ML31MN			
CBK	8601080200P	0216	0.00	03435	050	88	16	0	8
CBK	S 0932KM 04	-037 179 49		04 -117	0000228	43ML34MN			
GSQ	8601080200P	0236	-0.21	0422	040	141	30	0	8
GSQ	SW 1107KM 04	-188 216 49		04 -004	0000334	46ML37MN			
JAQ	8601080200P	0244	0.00	0433	020	628	155	0	8
JAQ	W 1171KM 04	-155 258 49		04 -258	0000775	47ML41MN			
KLN	8601080200P	X0257	-0.30		020	314	11	0	8
KLN	SW 1290KM 00	-333 209 49			0000110	40ML33MN			
LPQ	8601080200P	0307	-0.21	0516	000	0	0	0	0
LPQ	SW 1367KM 04	-261 221 49		04 -141	0000000	00ML00MN			
GGN	8601080200P	0321	-0.30	X0338	000	0	0	0	0
GGN	SW 1481KM 04	-262 208 49		00 -378	0000000	00ML00MN			
GAC	8601080200P	03535	0.00		000	0	0	0	0
GAC	SW 1754KM 04	-307 230 49			0000000	00ML00MN			
IGL	8601080200P	X0354	0.00	0641	000	0	0	0	0
IGL	NW 1774KM 00	-495 329 49		04 -264	0000000	00ML00MN			
EEO	8601080200P	X0403	0.00		000	0	0	0	0
EEO	SW 1851KM 00	-475 239 50			0000000	00ML00MN			

+57.287- 58.082FIML=3.6 0212155 08011986 00.0770.089 0.5 4 8 30.65 218.00 0 1MN=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$57.290- 58.16001MN=3.0 0212150 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR SHELF  
 \$ AFTERSHOCK OF ML=4.3 AT 2000  
 \$ FREE LOCATION IS CLOSE TO MAINSHOCK (57.287, 58.167)  
 \$ MNQ DEAD.  
 \$ FRB VERY WEAK PHASES, FOUND BY COMPARISON WITH MAINSHOCK ON FRB.  
 \$ CBK READINGS LOOK GOOD, HAVE ATTENUATED LG.  
 \$ CBK READINGS AT 1716 AND 1842 HAVE BEEN CORRECTED BY 3 MIN.  
 \$ JAQ HAS NO LG FOR THIS OR FOR MAINSHOCK.

[illegible]

JAQ W 1176KM 05 -227 258 49 05 -226 0000049 32ML29MN

+57.353- 59.204F1MN=4.8 0959549 20041986 00.0400.152 0.2 39 46 150.00N218.00 0 1ML=5.2 50F 0 3.57

\$+57.384 - 59.509 MN=4.8 0959542 CEEF

\$+57.42 - 60.255 MB=4.7 0959542 NEIS

\$ PEGGED AT LOCATION DERIVED USING SCH, FRB, CBK, AND STJ ONLY.

\$ WITH ALL PHASES BELOW GIVES:

\$+57.225- 59.61001MN=4.8 0959563 20041986 00.0330.119 0.2 39 46 151.83 218.00 0 1ML=5.2 50F 0 3.5

\$ LABRADOR SHELF

\$ FELT BY SEVERAL PEOPLE WHO WERE A NAIN AU LABRADOR PLUSIEURS PERSONNES

\$ AWAKENED IN NAIN LABRADOR. WINDOWS FURENT REVEILLEES. FENETRES ET

\$ AND DISHES RATTLED. VAISSELLE ONT VIBRE

\$ NOT FELT 90 KM S OF NAIN NON RESENTI 90 KM AU SUD DE NAIN

\$ NOT FELT IN HOPEDALE - TRUDY FLOWERS NON RESENTI A HOPEDALE - TRUDY FLOWERS

\$ AND HULDA PIJOGGE, LABRADOR ET HULDA PIJOGGE, LABRADOR

\$ CONTACT VICKY WILLIAMS, TOWN COUNCIL NAIN 709-922-2842

\$ KLN GGN HTQ LPQ DOWN

\$ FOCAL MECHANISM BY ADAMS.

\$ SG VELOCITY AT 3.57 KM/S

ASPA 8604201005P X19322 +

SPA 8604201005P X1938 +

SCH 8604201001P A01080 C 0.00

SCH SW 0550KM 20 027 242 49

FRB 8604201001P A0148 - 0.00

FRB NW 0877KM 20 044 328 49

SIC 8604201005P A01543 D

SIC SW 0941KM 20 -106 215 49

CBK 8604201001P A0155 + 0.00

CBK S 0943KM 20 -064 174 49

MNQ 8604201001P 015910C 0.00

MNQ SW 0985KM 05 -163 224 49

HTQ 8604201002P 021188D 0.00

HTQ SW 1095KM 05 -225 218 49

JAQ 8604201002P 021450D 0.00

JAQ W 1112KM 05 -175 256 49

STJ 8604201002P 0226 E 0.00

STJ SE 1174KM 05 225 155 49

EBN 8604201002P 023305D -0.21

EBN SW 1260KM 05 -138 213 49

SLQ 8604201005P 02336 D

SLQ SW 1265KM 05 -134 216 49

GBN 8604201002P A02432 D 0.00

GBN S 1340KM 20 -079 188 49

UNB 8604201005P 02467 -

UNB SW 1368KM 05 -075 205 49

HAL 8604201002P A02555 D 0.00

HAL S 1448KM 20 -171 194 49

GNT 8604201003P 030261D 0.00

GNT SW 1518KM 05 -316 222 49

SBQ 8604201003P 031263 0.00

SBQ SW 1596KM 05 -259 219 49

050 1021000 0 8

0012320 53ML47MN

050 101 100 0 8

0001244 49ML41MN

0000000 00ML00MN

040 132 300 0 1

0003570 54ML46MN

040 100 331 0 0

0005199 56ML48MN

035702 X045834 070 100 750 0 0

05 -068 00 -328 0006732 60ML50MN

035735 X050170 057 100 678 0 0

05 -407 00 -475 0007474 60ML50MN

0418 050 24 10 0 8

05 350 000524 49ML39MN

XB043237 X054650 083 100 580 0 0

00 -060 00 -147 0004391 60ML49MN

X04495

00 -030

0000000 00ML00MN

050 113 150 0 8

0001668 56ML45MN

0000000 00ML00MN

090 59 100 0 8

0001183 56ML44MN

XB052888 X070268 080 100 805 0 0

00 107 00 241 0006322 64ML52MN

XB054039 X072062 070 100 307 0 0

00 -391 00 -129 0002756 61ML49MN



Z

+54.263- 54.73901MN=4.6 0604574 24091986 00.0270.053 0.2 22 30 141.17 218.00 0 1ML=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$54.374 54.998 MN=4.5 0604569 CEEF  
 \$54.082 +/- 7.2KM 55.166 +/- 6.6KM MB=4.2 PDE  
 \$ NOT REPORTED FELT PAS RAPPORTE COMME AYANT ETE RESSENTI  
 \$ S PHASE IS BAD ON IGL BUT IS THE BEST POSSIBLE READING  
 \$ NOTHING FROM BIC, FSB, FST, HYT, RES AND WHC.  
 \$ STU LOOKS ATTENUATED.  
 \$ NEEDS FOCAL MECHANISM TRIED.  
 \$ POSSIBLE DEPTH PHASES ON VARIOUS STATIONS. (EG 0752 JAQ)  
 \$ EG MNQ: 07.0D, 08.4-. 09.6+  
 \$

CBK	8609240604P	A06195 C	X06375	A07225	0749	40 132 325
CBK	S 0636KM 20 -116 202 49		00 -247	20 046 05 -263		0003867 50ML43MN
MUN	8609240604P	A06351		XA0749	X0832	40 73 110
MUN	S 0758KM 20 -048 168 49			00 094 00 680		0002367 49ML43MN
STJ	8609240604P	XA06350 + 0.00		A07495	X08320	100 9 30 0 3
STJ	S 0758KM 00 -058 168 49			20 143 00 679		0002094 50ML42MN
SCH	8609240604P	A06380 C 0.00		A07545	08301	030 137 530 0 0
SCH	W 0782KM 20 -051 279 49			20 133 05 -157		0008102 54ML48MN
MNQ	8609240604P	070700D -0.10		084759	0942	030 419 700 0 0
MNQ	W 1040KM 05 -313 252 49			05 -067 05 -057		0003499 54ML47MN
GBN	8609240604P	07145 D		09005	X10005	60 94 173
GBN	SW 1099KM 05 -260 209 49			05 -001 00 203		0001927 55ML44MN
KLN	8609240604P	072381C -0.29		05 -001 00 203		0001927 55ML44MN
KLN	SW 1165KM 05 -167 230 49			X102307	090	34 260 0 0
SLQ	8609240604P	07325 +		00 622		0005339 60ML49MN
SLQ	SW 1240KM 05 -184 239 49			XC0933	X1031	70 127 270
HAL	8609240604P	C07315		00 242 00 -612		0001908 56ML45MN
HAL	SW 1247KM 01 -369 214 49			09295	X1041	40 157 74 3
UNB	8609240604P	07339 E		05 -257 00 189		0000740 50ML41MN
UNB	SW 1254KM 05 -216 227 49			X0929		0000000 00ML00MN
FRB	8609240604P	07455 E		00 -459		0000000 00ML00MN
FRB	NW 1317KM 05 178 329 49			X09545		0000000 00ML00MN
LMQ	8609240604P	07417 -		00 755		60 68 185
LMQ	SW 1323KM 05 -283 242 49			X09475		0002849 58ML47MN
GGN	8609240604P	C074298C -0.29		00 -086		070 115 215 0 0
GGN	SW 1337KM 01 -348 225 49			X094875	X1112	0001678 56ML45MN
JAQ	8609240604P	C074750 -0.07		00 -277 00 793		030 838 795 0 0
JAQ	W 1372KM 01 -305 276 49			X0955	X1115	0001987 55ML46MN
EMM	8609240604P	C07508 0.00		00 -382 00 154		000 0 0 0 0
EMM	SW 1402KM 01 -330 226 49					0000000 00ML00MN
QCQ	8609240604P					70 16 47
QCQ	SW 1434KM	241 49				0002637 59ML48MN
MIM	8609240604P	C07545 0.00				000 0 0 0 0
MIM	SW 1434KM 01 -354 231 49					0000000 00ML00MN
TRQ	8609240604P	X082150C -0.09		X1103	X12345	090 114 180 0 0
TRQ	SW 1665KM 00 -489 246 49			00 168 00 068		0001102 57ML45MN
RSNY	8609240604P	X08368 0.00				000 0 0 0 0
RSNY	SW 1789KM 00 -424 241 52					0000000 00ML00MN
EEO	8609240604P	X085130E -0.06				070 115 235 0 0
EEO	W 1914KM 00 -406 254 50					0001834 61ML48MN



IGL 8609240604P 09242 - 0.00  
 IGL NW 2173KM 05 097 331 43  
 EFO 8609240604P  
 EFO SW 2179KM 245 43  
 LHC 8609240604P C09549  
 LHC W 2467KM 01 299 269 39  
 DAG 8609240604P 1031  
 DAG N 2913KM 05 065 018 34  
 FFC 8609240604P XC1044 +  
 FFC W 3006KM 00 602 290 33  
 ALE 8609240604P  
 ALE N 3164KM 358 33  
 MBC 8609240604P 11245 +  
 MBC NW 3577KM 05 096 336 32  
 SES 8609240604P 11394 D  
 SES W 3763KM 05 111 287 32  
 INK 8609240604P 12092 +  
 INK NW 4161KM 05 032 323 31

Z

X1253  
 00 392  
 XC1500  
 00 569  
 000 0 0 0 0  
 000000 00ML00MN  
 000000 00ML00MN  
 60 55 23  
 0000438 56ML44MN  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 0000000 00ML00MN  
 0000000 00ML00MN

+56.648- 56.261P1ML=4.6 2109309 14121987 00.0160.056 0.2 14 25 120.97 218.00 0 1MN=4.1 30 0 3.65  
 \$56.854- 56.124P1ML=4.6 2109266 CEEF  
 \$ LABRADOR SHELF  
 \$ NOTHING ON GNT, SBO, OTT, CKO, WEO, WBO  
 \$ MNQ HAS A SEMI LG WAVE  
 \$ CBK HAS 30 MINUTES, 00.1 SEC TIME CORRECTION  
 \$ INK, YKA READ BY OPERATOR.  
 \$ NOT IN PDE

MER DU LABRADOR

SCH 8712142109P A11022 0.00  
 SCH W 0692KM 19 119 257 49  
 CBK 8712142109P A11221 0.00  
 CBK S 0868KM 19 -045 188 49  
 SIC 8712142109P 1138 D 0.00  
 SIC SW 1001KM 05 -075 228 49  
 MUN 8712142109P X1143  
 MUN S 1039KM 00 -032 165 49  
 STJ 8712142109P 1143 0.00  
 STJ S 1039KM 05 -033 165 49  
 FRB 8712142109P A1145  
 FRB NW 1042KM 19 133 324 49  
 MNQ 8712142109P 114526C -0.10  
 MNQ SW 1071KM 05 -206 236 49  
 GSQ 8712142109P 115407C -0.22  
 GSQ SW 1128KM 05 -039 225 49  
 HTQ 8712142109P 115651 -0.07  
 HTQ SW 1162KM 05 -186 229 49  
 JAQ 8712142109P X120880 -0.07  
 JAQ W 1275KM 00 -339 264 49  
 KLN 8712142109P 121337 -0.29  
 KLN SW 1293KM 05 -131 217 49  
 GBN 8712142109P 1214 0.00  
 GBN S 1304KM 05 -162 198 49

A12075  
 19 002  
 A1245  
 19 -007  
 1313  
 05 -033  
 X1325  
 00 370  
 13215  
 05 019  
 A13205  
 19 -142  
 132662  
 05 -158  
 134082  
 05 024  
 134635  
 05 -115  
 141282  
 05 120  
 141527  
 05 -052  
 14175  
 05 -016  
 020 141 400 0 8  
 0008912 51ML48MN  
 050 95 260 0 0  
 0003439 54ML45MN  
 030 257 69 0 8  
 0000562 46ML38MN  
 30 91 36 0 0  
 0000829 48ML40MN  
 040 29 7 0 8  
 0000379 46ML37MN  
 50 101 35 0 0  
 0000435 47ML38MN  
 027 100 23 0 8  
 0000535 46ML39MN  
 023 100 18 0 8  
 0000492 45ML39MN  
 033 100 15 0 8  
 0000286 45ML36MN  
 017 100 19 0 8  
 0000702 47ML41MN  
 047 100 18 0 8  
 0000241 47ML36MN  
 030 188 38 0 8  
 0000423 47ML39MN

2

X142233  
00 336  
XB142822  
00 255  
143859  
05 074

```

037 100 12 0 8
0000204 45ML36MN
0301000 58 0 8
0000121 42ML34MN
037 100 11 0 8
0000187 45ML36MN
000 0 0 0 0
0000000 00ML00MN
000 0 0 0 0
0000000 00ML00MN
000 0 0 0 0
0000000 00ML00MN
000 0 0 0 0
0000000 00ML00MN
000 0 0 0 0
0000000 00ML00MN
0000000 00ML00MN
0000000 00ML00MN
0000000 00ML00MN
0000000 00ML00MN
0000000 00ML00MN
0000000 00ML00MN

```

\*\*\*\*\*  
 \* SOUTHERN LABRADOR - EASTERN QUEBEC EARTHQUAKES \*  
 \*  
 \*\*\*\*\*

+50.972- 63.136F MN=4.1 1610356 21111955 00.0280.034 0.2 5 13 40.48 218.00 0 1ML=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$50.580- 63.500 MN=4.0 --- FROM CEEF AND SMITH  
 \$50.6 - 63.5 MN=4.0 --- (BASHAM 1982) CEEF  
 \$ EASTERN QUEBEC.  
 \$ SFA, KLC TIME CORRECTION IS ASSUMED, IN ORDER TO IMPROVE AGREEMENT IN H TIME  
 \$ LG VEL ASSUMED TO BE 3.65  
 \$ SFA, SHF, KLC, OTT: RE-READ FROM PART OF ORIGINAL RECORD IN SMITH'S CARD FILE  
 \$ HAL RE-READ FROM PART OF ORIGINAL RECORD IN SMITH'S CARD FILE; LG ATTENUATED  
 \$ SFA AND SHF PN'S ASSUMED TO BE RELATIVELY UNCERTAIN  
 \$ OTT LG APPARENTLY GOOD, BUT FAR TOO EARLY; PN POOR; RE-READ ON SPZ BENIOFF  
 \$  
 HAL 5511211610P A12071  
 HAL S 0706KM 17 -033 183 49  
 SFA 5511211610P A12013 +6.5  
 SFA SW 0707KM 17 023 236 49  
 SHF 5511211610P 1227  
 SHF SW 0861KM 04 057 239 49  
 OTT 5511211610P 12565  
 OTT SW 1121KM 04 -158 241 49  
 KLC 5511211610P 13185 -3.2 C14033  
 KLC W 1260KM 04 023 262 49 01 118 04 -013 00 -661 0000908 53ML42MN  
 A13155 1347 60 90 50 33  
 17 035 04 -206 0000582 44ML36MN  
 A1309 1341 60 55 91  
 17 013 04 -181 0001733 48ML41MN  
 13475 X14255 60 15 25  
 04 -076 00 -621 0001745 51ML42MN  
 1443 XA1529 50 151 63  
 04 -050 00 \*\*\*\*\$ 0000524 49ML39MN  
 15162 X16175 90 10 13  
 04 -013 00 -661 0000908 53ML42MN

+52.882- 59.2230 MN=4.1 0423121 20121962 00.0380.069 0.0 3 6 10.37 218.00 0 1ML=4.6 10 0 3.65  
 \$52.8 59.4 ML=4.4 042312 --CEEF AFTER SMITH  
 \$ SOUTHERN LABRADOR.  
 \$ POORLY LOCATED DESPITE MAGNITUDE  
 \$ SHF RECORD FOGGED.  
 \$ SFA NOT OPERATING.  
 \$ HAL LG SUSPECTED ATTENUATED, THEREFORE LG ARRIVAL READING NOT USED  
 \$ NEED OTT AND HAL SN READINGS  
 \$

SCH 6212200423P A2424  
 SCH NW 0542KM 17 -006 296 49 01 -470 2540 050 113 2500  
 HAL 6212200423P  
 HAL S 0972KM 201 49 17 001 04 -086 0002780 46ML41MN  
 OTT 6212200423P  
 OTT SW 1459KM 242 49 00 2157\$ 0000000 00ML00MN  
 RES 6212200423P  
 RES N 2908KM 339 34 04 102 0000000 00ML00MN  
 04 122 0000000 00ML00MN

Z

+53.105- 59.3300 MN=3.3 0853013 04041963 00.1360.197 0.0 2 5 10.83 218.00 0 1ML=3.6 10 0 3.65  
 \$53.4 59.7 ML=3.5 085306 --CEEFF AFTER SMITH  
 \$ SOUTHERN LABRADOR.  
 \$ SMITH CHOSE THIS EPICENTRE OVER 53N, 74W BECAUSE EQ WAS NOT RECORDED AT SFA  
 \$ ORIGINAL RECORDS NOT SEEN; UNLIKELY TO HAVE BEEN RECORDED ELSEWHERE  
 \$ CHECK FOR HAL SN READING, AND SIC PN READING.

SCH	6304040853P	A5411	C5423	A5503	5521	30 188 40
SCH	NW 0525KM 15 -017 294 49	01 -313	15 046 04 -436	5548	0000446 36ML33MN	
SIC	6304040853P			04 000	0000000 00ML00MN	
SIC	SW 0608KM	240 49				
STJ	6304040853P	140 49				
STJ	SE 0774KM				0000000 00ML00MN	

+51.481- 62.7330 MN=2.9 0849473 25101963 00.0690.223 0.0 2 4 20.92 218.00 0 1ML=3.0 20 0 3.65  
 \$51.4 61.9 ML=3.3 084939 --CEEFF AFTER SMITH  
 \$ EASTERN QUEBEC.  
 \$ SMITH CHOSE THIS EPICENTRE OVER WESTERN ONE BECAUSE EQ WAS NOT RECORDED AT SFA  
 \$ ORIGINAL RECORDS NOT SEEN; UNLIKELY TO HAVE BEEN RECORDED ELSEWHERE  
 \$ CHECK SCH SN AND PN READING.

SIC	6310250849P	A5033	A5114	30 188 45
SIC	SW 0318KM 10 119 244 49	10 -052	0000501 29ML30MN	
CBK	6310250849P			
CBK	SE 0444KM	128 49		
SCH	6310250849P	A5048	A5154	30 168 20
SCH	NW 0460KM 10 -118 325 49	10 053	0000249 32ML29MN	

+53.461- 57.089F MN=3.7 2034043 15101966 00.0650.115 0.3 4 8 61.20 218.00 0 1ML=0.0 00 0 3.65  
 \$+53.42 - 57.17 ML=4.4 CEEFF  
 \$ SOUTHERN LABRADOR LOCATED NEAR SANDWICH BAY.  
 \$ ORIGINAL RECORDS RE-READ 880414 - ADAMS AND SIMMONS  
 \$ THESE AGREE WELL WITH WAHLSTROM'S PRIOR READINGS.  
 \$ ABSENT IN BASHAM ET AL. (1982). HAL, PBC MAG. MAY BE LOW DUE TO LG ATTENUATION.  
 \$ LG ON HAL, STJ, FRB RPOBLY ATTENUATED SO NOT USED ON MAGNITUDE.  
 \$ HAL TC IS OK.  
 \$ SIC SN IS NOT GOOD.  
 \$ STJ POSSIBLE TIMING ERROR, NOT CONFIRMED.

SCH	6610152039P	A35302	A36342	A37012	60 59 97	1
SCH	W 0652KM 11 065 287 49	11 183 11 -171	0001722 48ML40MN			
STJ	6610152039P	XB3545	XC3731	50 76 12	3 1	
STJ	SE 0725KM 00 660 153 49	00 809	0000198 39ML31MN			
SIC	6610152039P	A35420	XB36598	A37330	30 160 110	1
SIC	SW 0759KM 11 -065 245 49	00 456 11 060	0001440 46ML40MN			
HAL	6610152039P	A36225	C38074	XC39104	40 105 8	3 1
HAL	SW 1090KM 11 -048 208 49	01 180 00 737	0000120 41ML32MN			



+51.323- 62.5470 MN=3.3 1237136 23101973 00.0820.440 0.2 2 6 50.67 218.00 0 1ML=3.7 10 0 3.65  
\$51.26 62.39 ML=3.2 --CEEFF AFTER SMITH  
\$ EASTERN QUEBEC.  
\$ UNB IS 10 SECONDS TOO EARLY FOR SN.  
\$ SCH, POC PN VERY POOR.  
\$ VERY POOR PHASES, POORLY LOCATED.

SCH	7310231239P	XC3812				C38265	A39055	B39265	20	104	34
SCH	NW 0482KM	00 -613	326	49		01 -489	23 -005	06 077	0001027	37ML36MN	
UNB	7310231239P						X3922		40	80	10
UNB	SW 0669KM		208	49			00 ***\$		0000196	37ML31MN	
POC	7310231239P	C3750	+60.0				C3900	B3925	30	153	20
POC	SW 0700KM	01 528	234	49			01 806	06 -054	0000274	38ML33MN	
SFA	7310231239P						X4015	X4050	30	67	10
SFA	SW 0763KM		235	49			00 975	00 737	0000313	39ML34MN	
CHQ	7310231239P							X4054	30	153	13
CHQ	SW 0807KM		236	49				00 -074	0000178	38ML32MN	

LINE	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT	CREDIT	DEBIT	TOTAL	DATE	TIME	STATUS
451.878-	58.083F1MN=3.4 0539268 05011979 00.1060.188 0.0 5	9	11.63	218.00	0	1MI=3.2	10	0 3.65
	\$ EASTERN QUEBEC.							
	\$ CBK: LABELED 1 SEC FAST ON RECORD, THIS T.C. USED							
	\$ NOT A SATISFACTORY SOLUTION							
	\$ ALL PHASES ARE WEAK, EXCEPT CBK, WHICH HAS DUBIOUS TIMING							
	\$ THE ADOPTED EPICENTRE IS CONSISTENT WITH CBK SN-PN							
	\$ AND FITS THE THREE PHASES ON MNQ REASONABLY WELL							

[illegible]

52.634-	62.694F1MN=2.9	0001473	22111981	00.0400.090	0.2	4	8	30.80	218.00	0	1MI=2.3	30	0	3.65
52.730	62.950 MN=2.7	CEEF												
SCH	8111220003P	A0238			03255			03	105	02				
SCH	NW 0364KM	16	056	314	49									
BIC	8111220003P				04 -158			0000399	20ML30MN					
BIC	SW 0393KM													
		227	49											
MNQ	8111220003P	A0251												
					X0353			0000000	00ML00MN					
								01	503	015				
					A0340									

MNQ SW 0482KM 16 -090 243 49  
 CBK 8111220003P XC03075  
 CBK SE 0531KM 00 964 139 49  
 JAQ 8111220003P 0340  
 JAQ W 0879KM 04 -033 284 49  
 Z

+51.219- 59.608F1MN=3.5 0617560 10041982 00.0470.059 0.2 11 21 101.31 218.00 0 1ML=3.6 30 0 3.65  
 \$51.15 59.64 MN=3.2 CEEF  
 \$ EASTERN QUEBEC COAST

CBK 8204100619P A18336 D +1.7 XC18415	A19045 XC19165	40 66 145
CBK SE 0282KM 27 -086 155 49	27 082 00 481	0003451 37ML37MN
SIC 8204100619P XB19148	C1957 C2017	40 188 36
SIC W 0517KM 00 991 260 49	02 149 02 -089	0000301 35ML31MN
GSQ 8204100619P	C20138 B2040	30 105 23
GSQ SW 0595KM 247 49	02 167 07 075	0000459 37ML34MN
SCH 8204100619P B19185	C20246 B20498	30 105 47
SCH NW 0626KM 07 027 313 49	02 582 07 202	0000937 42ML37MN
MUN 8204100619P 19205	X2023 X2050	40 32 15
MUN SE 0643KM 07 029 126 49	00 075 00 -235	0000736 43ML36MN
MNQ 8204100619P B19176	B20222 B20507	40 220 88
MNQ W 0650KM 07 -348 267 49	07 -155 07 -348	0000628 42ML36MN
EBN 8204100619P	X2128	
EBN SW 0754KM 240 49	00 538	0000000 00ML00MN
UNB 8204100619P	X2132	
UNB SW 0782KM 224 49	00 163	0000000 00ML00MN
HAL 8204100619P 1937	X2142	5 79 03
HAL SW 0790KM 07 -115 204 49	07 -055 00 936	0000477 34ML36MN
LMQ 8204100619P	2114 X2204	02 290 05
LMQ SW 0878KM 246 49	07 165 00 722	0000542 32ML37MN
JBQ 8204100619P	2204	
JBQ W 1119KM 290 49	07 044	0000000 00ML00MN
JAQ 8204100619P C20145	C2206 B2309	40 220 19
JAQ W 1130KM 02 -506 291 49	02 022 07 343	0000136 42ML33MN
JCQ 8204100619P	2208	
JCQ W 1132KM 289 49	07 179	0000000 00ML00MN
PBQ 8204100619P	X2355	60 70 006
PBQ NW 1289KM 298 49	00 581	0000090 43ML32MN
FRB 8204100619P	XC2328 X2459	
FRB N 1493KM 343 49	00 490 00 1380\$	0000000 00ML00MN
Z		

+51.197- 62.194F1MN=3.4 0431011 03101982 00.0380.091 0.2 8 15 70.89 218.00 0 1ML=3.6 50 0 3.65  
 \$51.250 62.810 MN=3.3 CEEF.  
 \$ EASTERN QUEBEC  
 \$ CBK NOT OPERATING.  
 \$ MUN(STJ) TOO NOISY.

SIC 8210030432P A31488	X31512	X32287	20 346 88
SIC W 0341KM 14 029 252 49	00 -507	00 -605	0000799 31ML32MN
GSQ 8210030432P A320065	A32435	X32563	30 299 181

GSQ SW 0434KM 14 075 236 49  
 MNQ 8210030432P A320248  
 MNQ W 0469KM 14 -171 264 49  
 HTQ 8210030432P A32068  
 HTQ SW 0496KM 14 -058 246 49  
 SCH 8210030432P A32094  
 SCH NW 0508KM 14 055 324 49  
 KLN 8210030432P 321742  
 KLN SW 0573KM 04 063 214 49  
 EBN 8210030432P 32221  
 EBN SW 0605KM 04 141 229 49  
 LPQ 8210030432P 32347  
 LPQ SW 0712KM 04 093 236 49

+49.382- 64.24601MN=3.0 1526094 24021985 00.0280.044 0.2 12 25 81.04 218.00 0 1ML=3.0 80 0 3.65  
 \$ 49.34 64.28 MN=3.0 CEEF  
 \$ EASTERN QUEBEC  
 \$ SW OF ANTICOSTI ISLAND.  
 \$ SIC RECORD OF POOR QUALITY.

SIC 8502241526P A26388 0.00 C26398  
 SIC NW 0200KM 20 -077 297 49 01 -205  
 GSQ 8502241526P A26418 -0.21  
 GSQ W 0215KM 20 010 257 49  
 HTQ 8502241526P A26538 0.00  
 HTQ W 0303KM 20 171 268 49  
 KLN 8502241526P A26543 -0.30  
 KLN SW 0324KM 20 -068 210 49  
 MNQ 8502241526P A26576 0.00  
 MNQ NW 0349KM 20 -024 293 49  
 SLQ 8502241526P 27055 0.00  
 SLQ SW 0400KM 05 146 243 49  
 CBK 8502241526P C2721  
 CBK E 0461KM 094-87 01 -289  
 LPQ 8502241526P 2715 -0.21  
 LPQ SW 0484KM 05 061 244 49  
 GBN 8502241526P 2715 0.00 C27303  
 GBN SE 0488KM 05 032 154 49 01 208  
 LMQ 8502241526P  
 LMQ W 0494KM 248 49  
 GGN 8502241526P -0.30  
 GGN SW 0513KM 203 49  
 HAL 8502241526P XC2727  
 HAL S 0530KM 00 719 174 49

14 051 00 -398 0001268 38ML36MN  
 A32510 X330592 24 352 155  
 14 052 00 -397 0001153 38ML36MN  
 X33126 32 629 185  
 00 -455 0000577 36ML33MN  
 33188 30 105 50  
 04 -155 0000997 39ML36MN  
 X33407  
 3311  
 04 -144 00 251 0000000 00ML00MN  
 33447 321000 105  
 04 -230 0000206 36ML30MN  
 34141 361153 170  
 04 -230 0000257 38ML32MN

2702 000 0 0 0 0  
 05 -248 0000000 00ML00MN  
 27067 025 193 175 0 0  
 05 -222 0002279 30ML33MN  
 2732 023 531 125 0 0  
 05 -053 0000643 29ML30MN  
 2741 013 778 75 0 0  
 05 -104 05 239 0000466 26ML29MN  
 X27265 27455 013 778 75 0 0  
 00 -673 05 015 0000466 27ML30MN  
 X27475 27595 030 314 35 0 0  
 00 345 05 020 0000233 30ML28MN  
 27595 2816 30 184 52.5  
 05 253 05 010 0000592 35ML33MN  
 X2827 000 0 0 0 0  
 00 469 0000000 00ML00MN  
 28205 40 150 13 0 0  
 05 -081 05 -274 0000136 31ML27MN  
 28040  
 05 006 0000000 00ML00MN  
 28075 0171176 60 0 0  
 05 -071 0000189 29ML29MN  
 2813  
 05 142 0000000 00ML00MN

+50.551- 58.171F1MN=3.4 2219099 11121987 00.0300.045 0.3 14 28 81.09 218.00 0 1ML=3.6 30 0 3.65  
 \$50.435- 58.303 MN=3.4 2219113 CEEF  
 \$ BELLE-ISLE STRAIT  
 \$ SIC PN VERY WEAK, MUCH MICROSEISMIC NOISE.  
 \$ NOTHING EEO, GAC, LPQ, GRQ

DETROIT DE BELLE-ISLE



