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Vitrinite reflectance (Ro)
of dispersed organics
from
Husky-Bow Valley et al
Archer K-19

Eastern Petroleum Geology Subdivision Atlantic Geoscience Centre, G.S.C., Dartmouth October 10, 1987

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Vitrinite reflectance (Ro) of dispersed organics from Husky-Bow Valley et al Archer K-19

G.S.C. Locality No.: D254 Location: 46°38'43.17"N, 48°02'18.42"W

R.T. Elevation: 21.7m Water Depth: 118.9m Total Depth: 4299m

Sample Interval: 902 - 4299m Interval Studied: 950 - 4250m

Depth Units: Meters referenced to R.T.

Vitrinite reflectance has been determined on 13 rotary cuttings samples (Table II) from Husky-Bow alley $\underline{\text{et}}$ all Archer K-19 which was classified as a wildcat well and is located on the Grand Banks approximately 368 km east-southeast of St. John's, Newfoundland.

Data acquisition and manipulation for this report utilized the Zeiss Photomultiplier III Zonax system interfaced with an IBM-PC AT clone microcomputer to provide improved speed and reliability of data acquisition.

Sample preparation followed the procedures listed in Appendix I. The analysis of the well revealed the thermal maturation intervals given in Table I. The specific maturation levels, as set out in this report, were based on those of Dow (1977) with modified terminology (Appendix II).

Table I
Inferred Thermal Maturation Levels*

(Seafloor)-2045m	0.20 - 0.4	% Ro	immature
2045-2697m	0.4 - 0.5	% Ro	immature approaching maturity
2697-3230m	0.5 - 0.6	% Ro	marginally mature
3230m	0.6	% Ro	onset of significant oil generation
4071m	0.8	% Ro	peak of oil generation
4299m T.D.	0.86	% Ro	peak of oil generation
(4724m)	1.0	% Ro	onset of significant wet gas generation
(5257m)	1.2	% Ro	onset of significant dry gas generation
(5601m)	1.35	% Ro	oil floor
(6751m)	2.0	% Ro	wet gas preservation limit

Note: () indicate depth extrapolated at 0.149 log Ro/km

^{*} Maturation levels are provided for all types of organic matter. Actual hydrocarbon products depend on type of organic matter present.

Remarks

Sample coverage of vitrinite reflectance data (Figure I, Table II) was adequate over most of the section penetrated by Archer K-19. The data are plotted on a log Ro vs. linear depth scale and a linear regression line was calculated by the least squares method. The 'error bars' plotted on the maturation profile (Figure 1) indicate one standard deviation on either side of the mean and may be deceivingly small for samples with very few readings. The slope of the maturation line is 0.149 log/km.

Selection of the reflectance population which represented the true maturation of the sediments was significantly aided by a histogram display plot (Figure 2). This interpretation tool helps to reveal linear trends (populations) in the Ro data. It also demonstrates the effects of cavings, geology, casing points and other factors on the vitrinite reflectance populations.

The lithology strip plot (Figure 1) was produced directly from the E.P.G. LITHFILE database which extracts data from digitized CANSTRAT logs.

The vitrinite reflectance data provides evidence that the thermal regime at Archer K-19 was suitable for the generation and preservation of hydrocarbons within the drilled section assuming potential source rocks and traps were present.

References

Dow, W.G., 1977. Kerogen studies and geological interpretations. Journal of Geochemical Exploration, no. 7, p. 77-99

Husky-Bow Valley <u>et al</u>., 1985. Well history report Husky-Bow Valley <u>et al</u>. Archer K-19. Open File report, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa.

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Table II

Summary of kerogen - based vitrinite reflectance

Seq.#	Sample #	Depths in meters	Mean Ro (SD) non-rotated	Number of Total	Readings Edited
1	K0656A	950-960	.33(±.04)	3	2
2	K0656C	1540-1550	.30(±.01)	5	2
3	K0657A	1930-1940	.40(±.06)	31	26
4	К0657В	2440-2480	.44(±.06)	28	23
5	K0657C	2680-2720	.45(±.08)	23	17
6	K0658A	2770-2810	.45(±.06)	40	- 33
7	К0658В	3010-3020	.51(±.07)	28	18
8	K0658C	3190-3230	.71(±.06)	26	4
9	K0659A	3400-3410	.70(±.04)	15	3
10	К0659В	3580-3590	.67(±.10)	11	6
11	K0659C	3910-3920	.73(±.05)	51	21
12	K0660A	4090-4100	.85(±.07)	21	12
13	к0660в	4240-4250	.89(±.09)	23	13

Note: All samples are kerogen concentrate type

Table III

Formation Tops (McAlpine, pers. comm.)*

Formation	Depth		
Banquereau	in casing		
Paleocene U/C	1908m		
S. Mara Unit	1908m		
Base Tertiary U/C	1929m		
Dawson Canyon	1929m		
Petrel Mbr	1929-1970m		
Eider	2016m		
Albian U/C	2112m		
Ben Nevis	2112m		
Aptian U/C	2218m		
Avalon	2218m		
Barremian U/C	2343m		
Catalina	2343m		
'B' mkr	2427-2445m		
Hibernia	2500m		
Fortune Bay	2609		
Jeanne d'Arc	3019m		
Kimmeridgian U/C	3172m		
Rankin	3172m		
Egret Mbr	3340-3450m		
T.D.	4299m		

^{*} Preliminary stratigraphic picks.

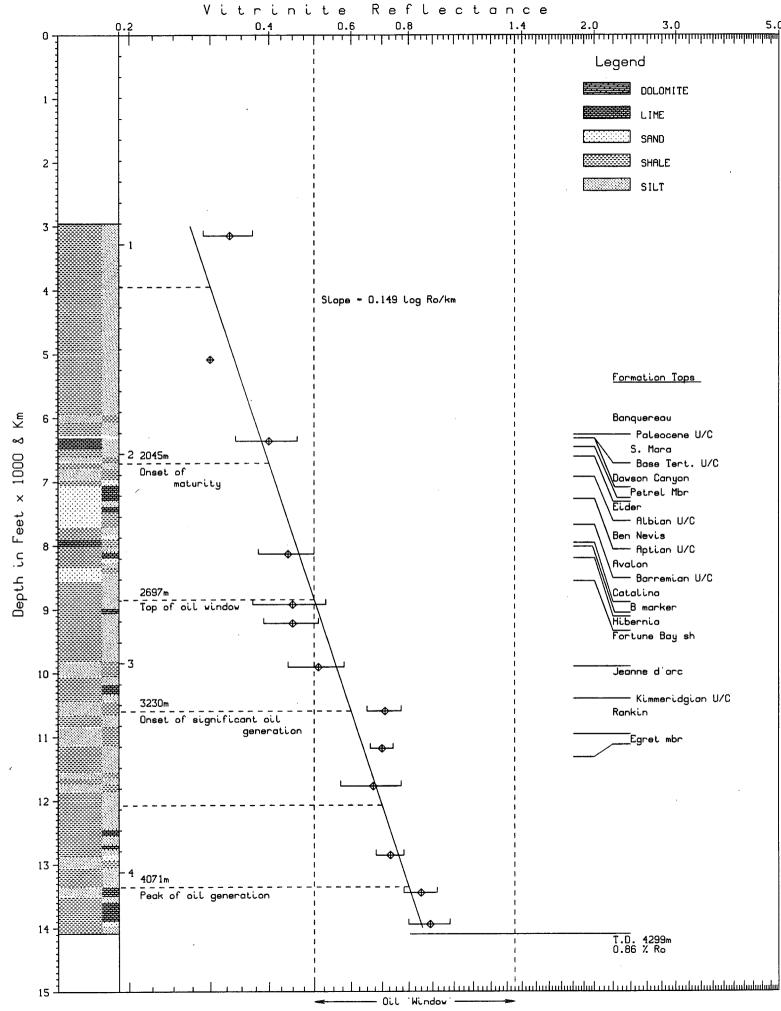
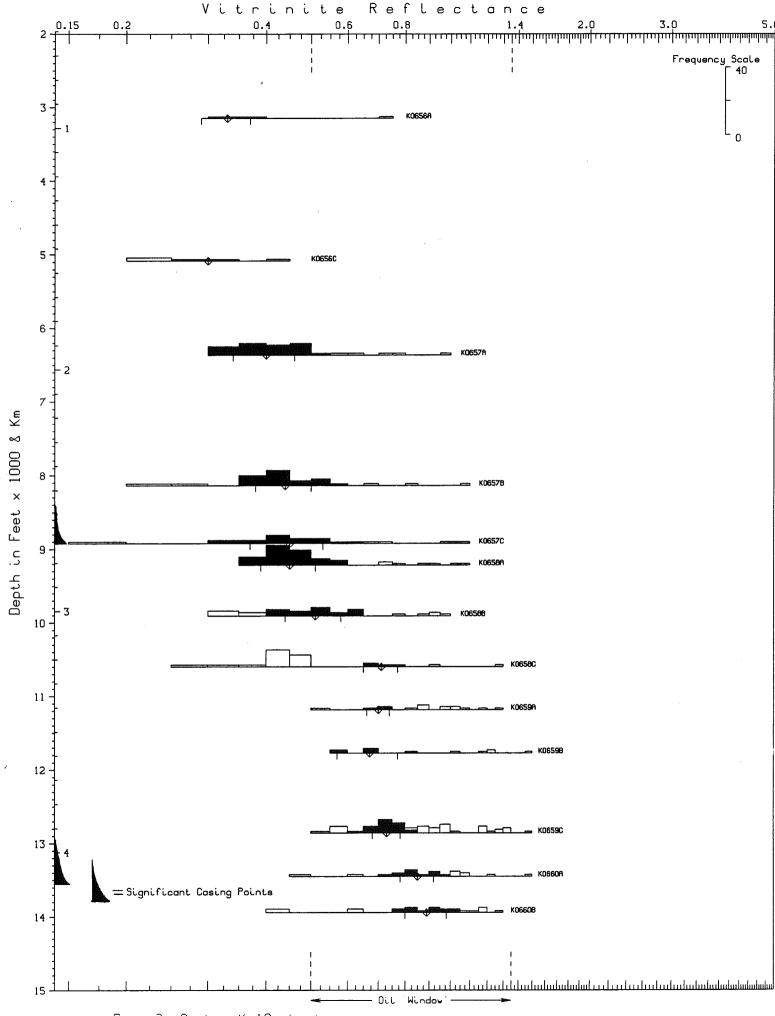


Fig. 1 Archer K-19



Fug. 2 Ancher K-19 <hustograms>

· APPENDIX I

Sample Preparation Method

COGLA Lab preparation

Preliminary Wash

Samples dried in oven

Split: a. all of coarse to Petrology Lab

b. ½ medium to Palynology Lab

c. rest of medium and all of fine combined for Micropaleo Lab

Split "b" is delivered to Palynology Lab and treated as follows:

PALYNOLOGY Lab preparation

20-30 grams placed in 250ml plastic beaker.

Add 10% HCl till reaction ceases (removes carbonates).

Washed (rinsed) 3 times.

Conc. HF overnight (removes silicates).

Washed (rinsed) 3 times.

Heated (60-65°C) conc. HCl (remove fluorides caused by HF).

Washed 3 times.

Then put into 15ml test tube with 4-5ml 4% Alconox.

Differential centrifuge at 1500rpm for 90 sec.

Decant.

Wash 3 times with centrifuging.

. Float off organic fraction using 2.0 S.G. Znbr solution.

Centrifuge 1000rpm, 8 min.

Float fraction into second test tube.

Wash 3 times with centrifuging.

Kerogen smear slide made.

Remaining kerogen material delivered to Vitrinite Reflectance Lab.

VITRINITE REFLECTANCE Lab preparation

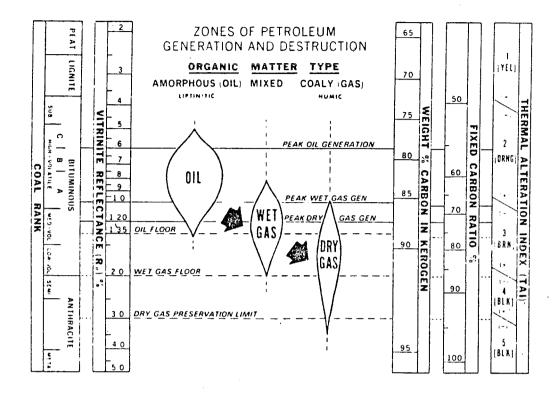
Excess water pipetted off.

Freeze dried.

Mounted using epoxy resin (EPO-TEK 301) in predrilled plastic stubs.

Polished using modified coal petrology polishing methods.

Examined under oil lens at approximately 800x mag'n.



Note: For these reports, the terminology used to describe the various maturation levels has been modified. The 'peak' designation, as used in this figure, has been changed to 'onset of significant' and 0.8 Ro is now used as the 'peak of oil generation' (Table I, Figure 1).

Appendix III
Sample Reports

