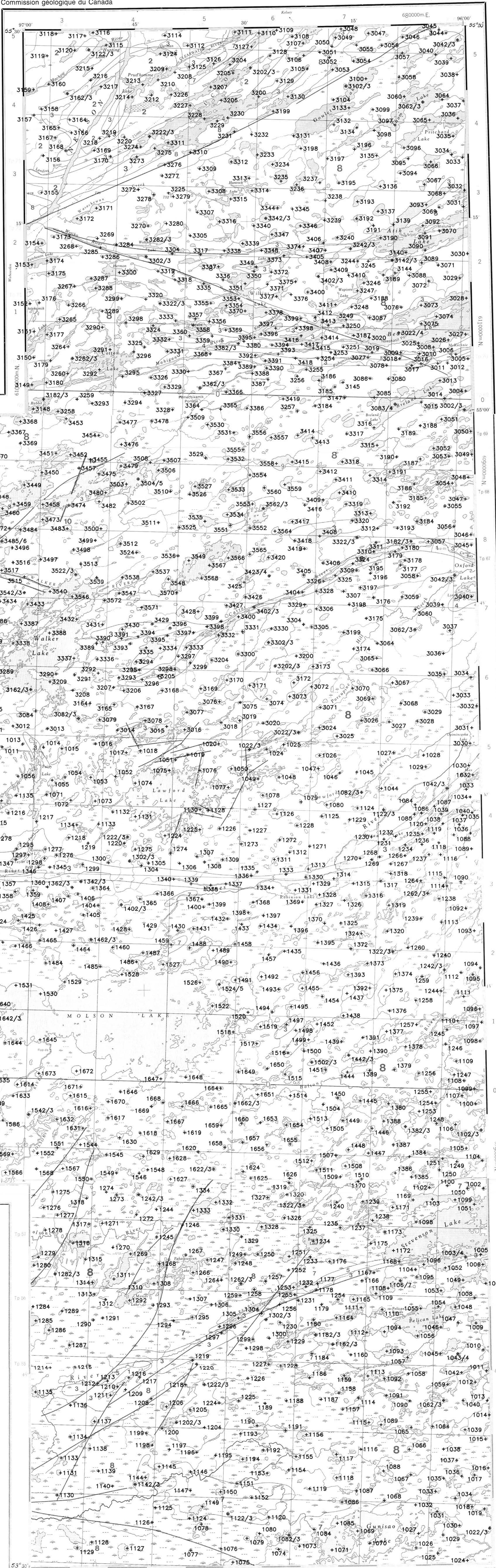


Geological Survey of Canada  
Commission géologique du Canada



SAMPLE LOCATION  
LAKE SEDIMENTS  
GSC OPEN FILE 1641  
REGIONAL GEOCHEMICAL RECONNAISSANCE MAP 106-87  
CANADA - MANITOBA

MINERAL DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT (1985 - 1989)

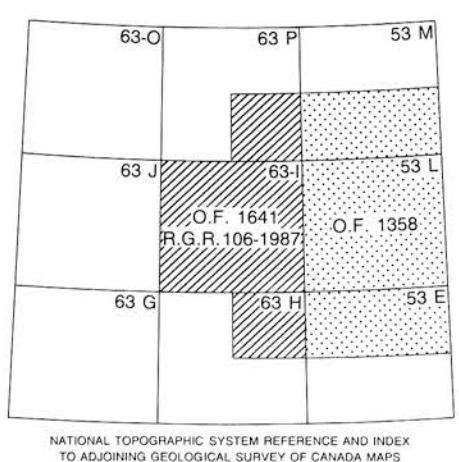
LAKE SEDIMENT AND WATER GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY  
CENTRAL MANITOBA, 1987

Scale 1:50 000 - Échelle 1/50 000

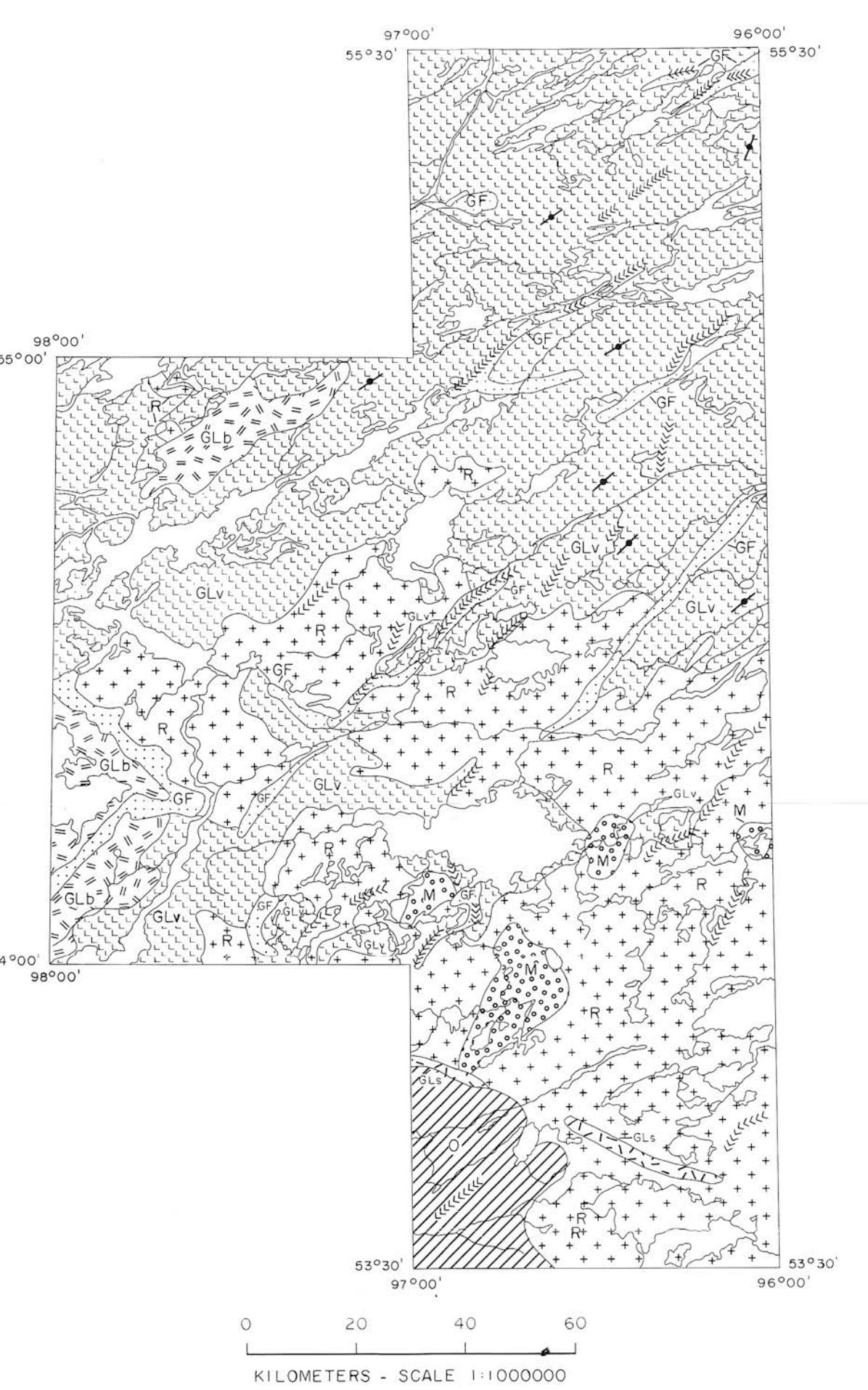
Kilometres Kilometres

Universal Transverse Mercator Projection  
Projection transversale universelle de Mercator

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SAMPLE LOCATION  
LAKE SEDIMENTS  
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SURFICIAL GEOLOGY

NONGLACIAL ENVIRONMENT

ORGANIC DEPOSITS: marsh, fen, bog and swamp deposits up to 6 m thick, seasonally flooded; commonly overlying fine textured proglacial lake and glacial till deposits.

PROGLACIAL AND GLACIAL ENVIRONMENT

GLACIOLACUSTRIAL AND DEPOSITS: clay silt, sand and minor gravel, 1 - 30 m thick, deposited in proglacial lakes.

Beach and nearshore Deposits: sand and gravel <10 m thick, sand blanket <1 m thick; includes wave washed till and exposed bedrock.

Deep basin Deposits: silt, clay and sand, 1 - 30 m thick, forming extensive lake plains and discontinuous veneer reflecting underlying topography; may include areas of iceberg scouring, thin alluvium, wave washed till and exposed bedrock.

Discontinuous Veneer 1 - 2 m thick overlying till and bedrock, including rock outcrops.

GLACIOLUUVIAL DEPOSITS: gravel, sand and silt 1 - 100 m thick, deposited in an ice-marginal environment; includes subaqueous outwash deposited in glacial lakes, and some late glacial valley fill.

GLACIAL ENVIRONMENT

GLACIAL DEPOSITS: unsorted glacial debris, 1 - 10 m thick, reflecting composition of underlying bedrock; predominantly lodgment till; also includes extensive areas of hummocky stagnation moraine, ribbed moraine and water deposited till.

Till: 1 - 2 m thick, clay silt sand and gravel derived primarily from Precambrian bedrock, includes extensive areas of bedrock outcrop, surface reflects form of underlying bedrock surface.

NONGLACIAL ENVIRONMENT

BEDROCK

SYMBOLS

Boundary of surficial deposit unit or complex .....

Flutings, drumlins and drumlinoid ridges oriented parallel to ice flow direction .....

Esker (flow direction knot or inferred) .....

This map has been derived from the following sources:

Klassen, R.W., and Netterville, J.A. (1985) Surficial geology, north-central Manitoba; Geological Survey of Canada Map 1603A, 1:500,000 scale.

Manitoba Mineral Resources Division (1981) Surficial Geological Map of Manitoba, 1:1,000,000 scale Map 81-1.

Geological Survey of Canada  
Mineral Resource Division  
Exploration Geochemistry Subdivision

CONTRACTORS

Lake sediment sample collection by SIAL Geophysique Inc., Montreal  
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Sediment chemical analysis by Donier-Clegg and Company Ltd., Ottawa  
Water and Au chemical analysis by Chemex Labs Limited, Vancouver  
Geological base prepared by Geological Survey of Canada

Copies of the Open File map material, element trend and symbol plots, listing of field observations, analytical data, descriptions of analytical methods, and digital data on IBM-PC compatible diskette are available by inquiring to:

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Manitoba Energy and Mines  
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