

The regional geochemical trend map displayed above utilized a moving weighted average using an inverse distance function (1/d²) to filter out minor irregularities and emphasize broad-scale regional features. Single point anomalies may be suppressed or eliminated, however, geological units which are chemically enriched, or large metallic deposits undergoing weathering would be expected to produce identifiable anomalies.

SURFICIAL GEOLOGY
This legend is common to Open Files 1356 and 1357

PROGLACIAL AND GLACIAL ENVIRONMENTS

Glaciolacustrine Deposits:

- Varved or massive clay and silt
- Fine Sands, sands, and deltaic sand

Glaciofluvial and Ice Contact Deposits:

- Outwash sands and gravel
- End moraine, interlobe moraine; sand, gravel and boulders
- Esker or kame complex; sand, gravel, boulders

Glacial Deposits:

- Predominantly clayey till
- Predominantly silty to sandy till

NONGLACIAL ENVIRONMENT

- Bedrock

Complexes: when two or more types of glacial or non-glacial environment are interspersed in a mosaic or repeating pattern, the relative dominant/subordinate amount of each type is indicated by sequential order. For example, Z/I indicates predominantly silty to sandy till with lesser clayey till.

SYMBOLS

- Surficial geological boundary
- Striae
- Fluting, drumlin or drumlinoid ridge
- Esker, kame or kame complex

Surficial geology derived from:
Boissonneau, A.N. (1965), Map S465, Ontario Department of Lands, Forests,
Prest, V.K., Grant, D.R., and Rampton, V.N. (1969), Glacial Map of
Canada, Geological Survey of Canada, Map 1253A (Scale: 1:5 000 000).

Geological Survey of Canada
Mineral Resources Division
Exploration Geochemistry Subdivision

CONTRACTORS

Sample collection by SIAL Geophysique Inc., Montreal
Sample preparation by Golder Associates, Ottawa

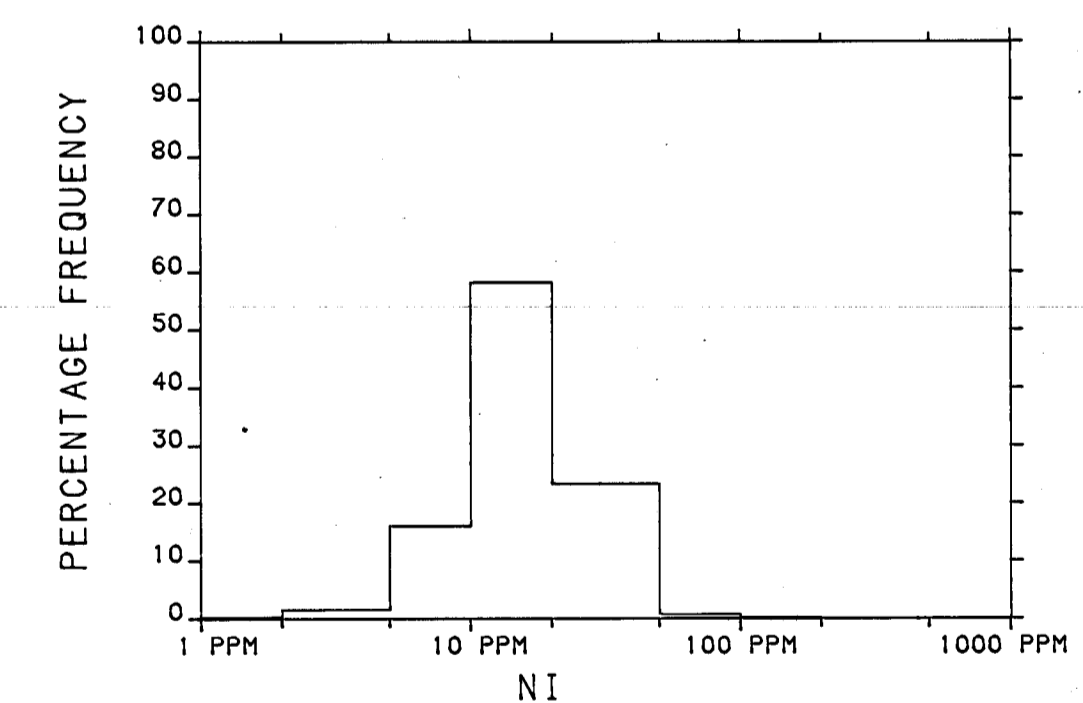
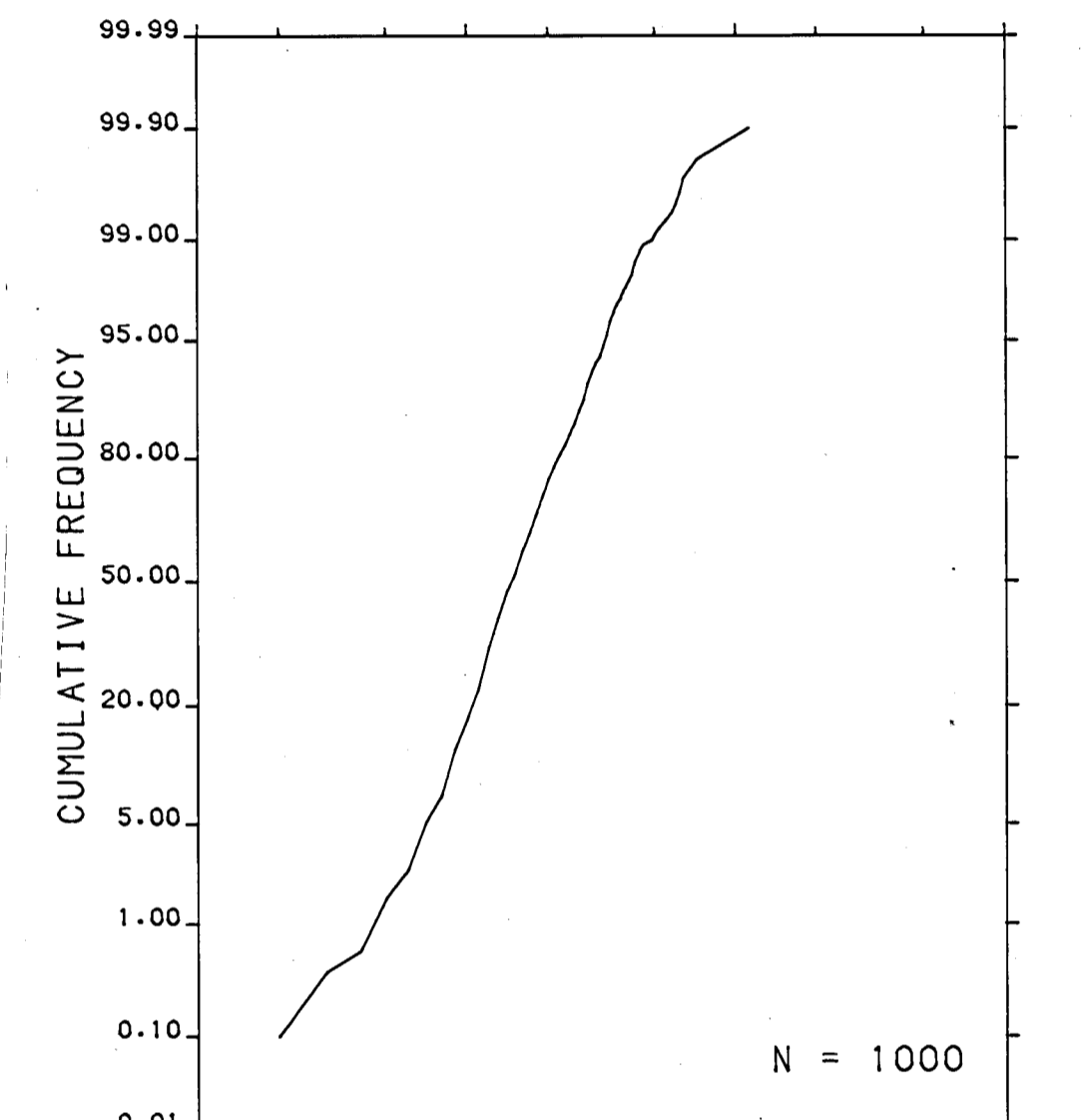
Sediment chemical analyses by Barringer Magenta Ltd., Rexdale, Ontario

Au analyses by Chemex Labs Limited, Vancouver
Water chemical analyses by Barringer Magenta Laboratories (Alberta) Ltd., Calgary

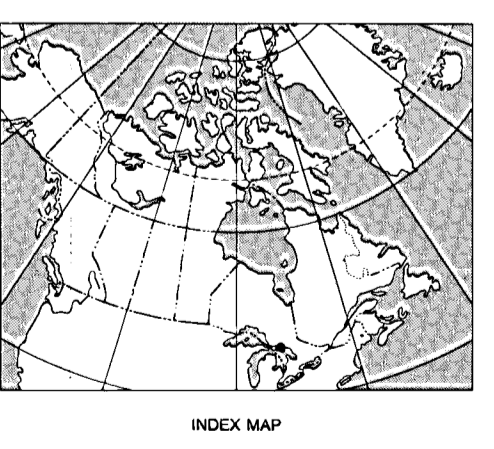
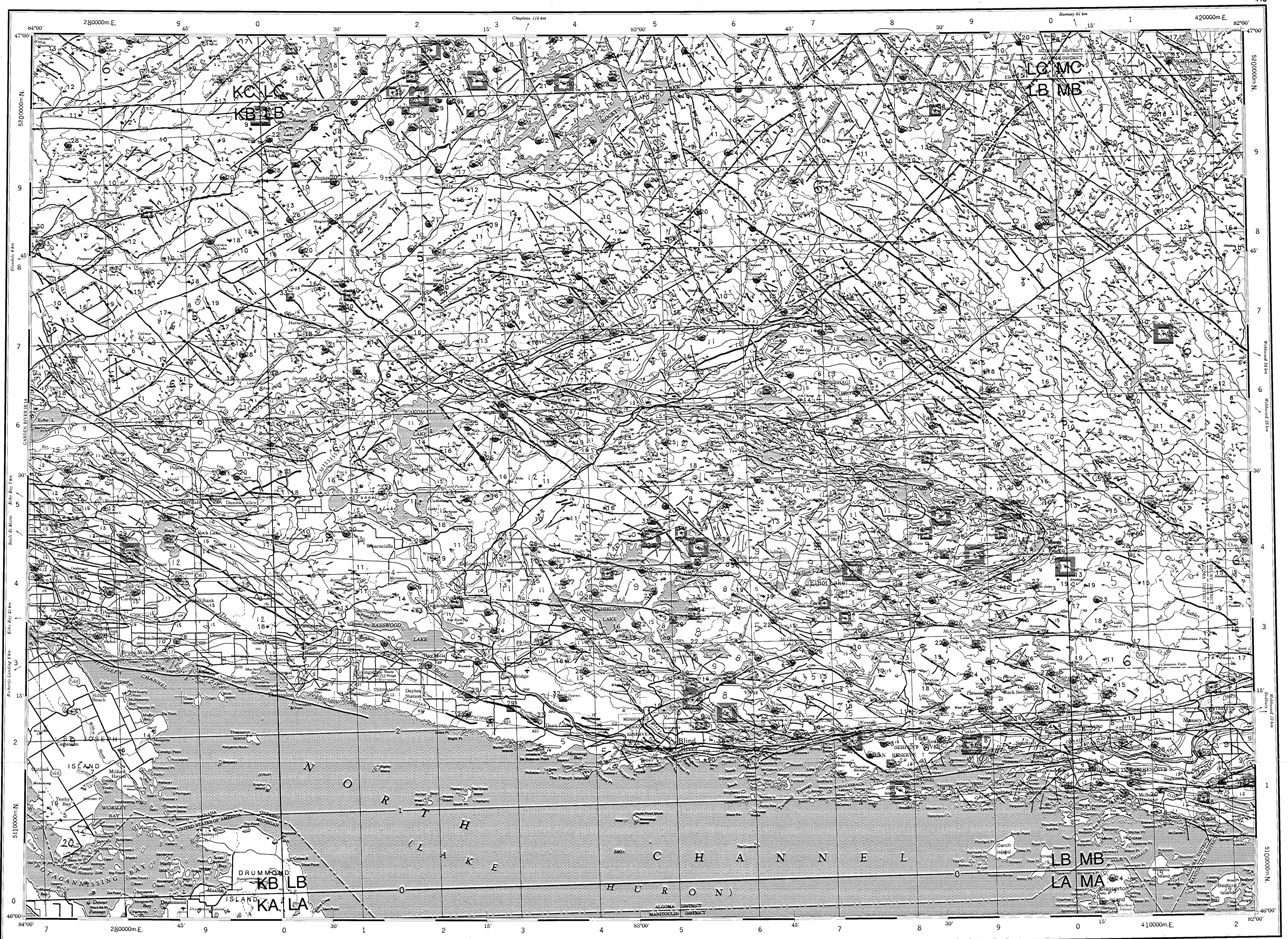
Contribution to Canada - Ontario Mineral Development Agreement 1986 - 1990, a subsidiary agreement under the Economic and Regional Development Agreement. Project funded by the Geological Survey of Canada.

Ministry of Northern Development and Mines
Energy, Mines and Resources Canada
Energie, Mines et Ressources Canada

Canada



CONCENTRATION	FREQUENCY
41 to 112	N = 19 (1.9%)
34 to 40	N = 26 (2.6%)
29 to 33	N = 43 (4.3%)
20 to 28	N = 191 (19.1%)
2 to 19	N = 721 (72.1%)



Copies of map material and listings of field observations, analytical data and methods, from which the open file was prepared, are available from:

K.G. Campbell Corporation
880 Wellington St.
Bay 238
Ottawa, Ontario
K1R 6K7

Digital data are available on IBM-PC compatible diskette from:

Geological Survey of Canada
Publications Distribution
601 Booth St.
Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0E8
Tel: (613)995-4342

NICKEL (ppm)
LAKE SEDIMENTS
GSC OPEN FILE 1356

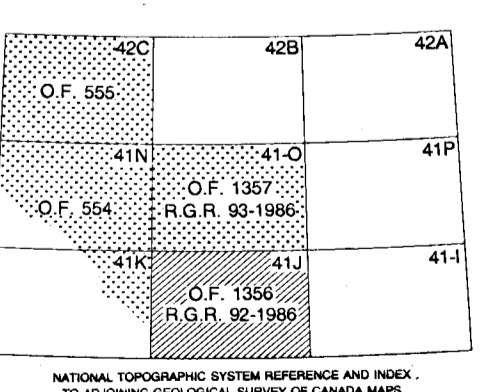
REGIONAL GEOCHEMICAL RECONNAISSANCE MAP 92-1986
CANADA - ONTARIO
MINERAL DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT (1986-1990)
LAKE SEDIMENT AND WATER GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY
CENTRAL ONTARIO, 1986

Scale 1:250 000 - Echelle 1/250 000
Kilometres 5 10 20 Kilometres
Universal Transverse Mercator Projection
Projection Transverse Mercator de Méridien
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Elevation in feet above mean sea level

Mean magnetic declination 1987, 7°48' West, increasing 10.6" annually. Readings vary from 8°35' W in the SE corner to 7°00' W in the NW corner of the map area.

Base map at the same scale published by the Surveys and Mapping Branch in 1979



LEGEND

PALEOZOIC

SILURIAN

- 20 SCP* Limestone, shale

MIDDLE TO LATE PRECAMBRIAN

- 19 OCCS Limestone, shale, sandstone, includes Munising Formation; sandstone

PRECAMBRIAN AND ARCHEAN

- 18 LPAD Diabase, gabbro, diorite

PRECAMBRIAN

LATE PRECAMBRIAN

- 17 LPAC Fente, ijolite, pyroxenite, carbonatite

MIDDLE TO LATE PRECAMBRIAN

- 16 MPCC Croker Island Complex; granite, syenite, diorite, gabbro, Outier Pluton; granite, quartz monzonite, granodiorite, trondhjemite, pegmatite

MIDDLE PRECAMBRIAN

- 15 MPND Nipissing Diabase; diabase, gabbro, metagabbro, granophyre

HURONIAN SUPERGROUP

COBALT GROUP

- 14 MPBR Bar River Formation; quartzite
- 13 MPGL Gordon Lake Formation; siltstone, argillite, quartzite
- 12 MPL Lorrain Formation; quartzite, arkose, conglomerate
- 11 MPG Gowanda Formation; conglomerate, argillite, greywacke, quartzite, siltstone

QUIRKE LAKE GROUP

- 10 MPQL Serpent Formation; quartzite, conglomerate
Espavilla Formation; limestone, dolomite, calcareous siltstone
Bruce Formation; conglomerate

HOUGH LAKE GROUP

- 9 MPH Awes Formation; conglomerate, arkose, quartzite
Mississagi Formation; quartzite, conglomerate
Pecora Formation; argillite, siltstone
Ramsay Lake Formation; conglomerate

ELLIS LAKE GROUP

- 8 MPFL McKim Formation; siltstone, argillite, quartzite
Matinenda Formation; quartzite, arkose, conglomerate, uraniumiferous conglomerate

- 7 MPVB Basalt, andesite, amphibolite, gabbro, anorthosite, ultramafic rocks and minor rhyolite

ARCHEAN

- 6 AGM Massive felsic to intermediate plutonic rocks; granite, granodiorite, tonalite, quartz monzonite, monzodiorite, pegmatite
- 5 AGN Foliated to gneissic felsic to intermediate plutonic rocks; granite, granodiorite, tonalite, quartz monzonite, diorite, migmatite
- 4 AUB Gabbro, diorite
- 3 ACSP Conglomerate, greywacke, arkose, quartzite, siltstone, argillite, chert
- 2 AWF Felsic to intermediate metavolcanics
- 1 AWP Mafic to intermediate metavolcanics; includes flows, minor mafic pyroclastics and interflow sediments.

IF Iron formation

*A mnemonic code assigned to rock types and recorded as part of field observations.

Geological boundary:

Fault:

No analytical results:

The geology base and legend for these geochemical maps were derived from: Geology - Sault St. Marie - Elliot Lake, Map 2419 Geological Compilation Series, Ontario Department of Mines, 1:253 440.
McCrack, G.F.D., Misiura, J.D., and Brown, P.A. (1979): Geology - Plutonic Rocks in Ontario, Geological Survey of Canada Map 1533A, to accompany GSC Paper 90-23.

NICKEL (ppm)
LAKE SEDIMENTS
GSC OPEN FILE 1356
CENTRAL ONTARIO, 1986
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