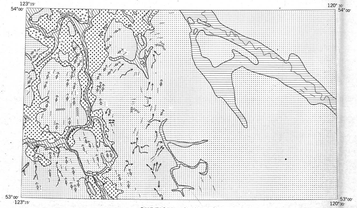


## SURFICIAL GEOLOGY

Kilometres 0 20 40 60

Scale 1:1 000 000

BRITISH COLUMBIA SURFICIAL DEPOSITS

PROGLACIAL DEPOSITS

LACUSTRINE DEPOSITS: Varved silt, clay, and sand, locally drumlinized and fluted through minor ice re-advance, fringed by beach deposits. Deposits up to 120 m thick along Nechako, >200 m thick along Blackwater.

Meltwater or outwash channel deposits bounded by cutbanks or terraces

UNDIVIDED GLACIOLACUSTRINE AND GLACIOFLUVIAL DEPOSITS: Sand, silt and clay with local accumulations up to 70 m thick along valley bottoms

GLACIAL DEPOSITS

Undivided glacial till and ground moraine. Areas of low relief include abundant drumlins, rock drumlins, fluting, and esker complexes. Bedrock exposures predominate above 1700 m elevation

Outwash channel cutbank or terrace

Small meltwater or abandoned stream channel indicating direction of flow

Fluting or glacial striation

Drumlin, direction of flow known

Eskers and esker complexes

Kettled and pitted terrain

Note: Glacial deposits and features within NTS 93H are unmapped

Sources of information:

Geological Survey of Canada

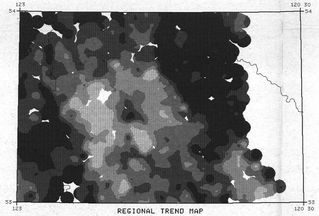
1938: Geology of Willow River Sheet
Map 339 A, West Half
Map 336 A, East Half

Tipper, H.W.

1971: Glacial Geomorphology and Pleistocene History of Central British Columbia;
Geological Survey of Canada,
Bulletin 196, 89p. (esp. Map 1288A, scale 1:250 000)

Tipper, H.W., Campbell, R.B., Taylor, G.C. and Stott, D.F.

1979: Parsnip River,
British Columbia;
Geological Survey of Canada,
Map 1424A, scale 1:1 000 000




Provincial Open File
BC RGS-12-1984 (93G E/2, 93H W/2)

Canada
Department of Energy, Mines and Resources
Geological Survey of Canada

Province of British Columbia
Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources

LEGEND

(This legend to be used west of 122°00' only)

Note: This legend is common for Regional Geochemical 72-1984 Open File 1107

CENOZOIC
QUATERNARY
PLEISTOCENE AND RECENT
[17] (TILL 46) TILL, GRAVEL, SAND, SILT, ALLUVIUM

TERTIARY
PLIOCENE AND PLIOCENE
[16] (BELT 42) OLIVINE BASALT FLOWS, BRECCIA, AND TUFF
[15] (BNDS 42) SANDSTONE, SHALE, CONGLOMERATE, DIATOMITE, LIGNITE

OLIGOCENE AND MIOCENE
[14] (ANDS 42) ENDAKO GROUP: ANDESITE, BASALT, DACITE

PALEOCENE, EOCENE, OLIGOCENE
[13] (COLM 42) CONGLOMERATE, SANDSTONE, SHALE, TUFF, BRECCIA

MESOZOIC – CENOZOIC
UPPER CRETACEOUS AND LOWER TERTIARY
[12] (ANDS 42) KASTBERG GROUP: RHYOLITE, DACITE, TRACHYTE, SANDSTONE, SHALE, CONGLOMERATE

CRETACEOUS
[11] (ANDS 36) ANDESITE, TUFF, BRECCIA, ARGILLITE, ARKOSE, CONGLOMERATE

LOWER CRETACEOUS
[10] (COLM 35) OSPIKA GROUP: CONGLOMERATE, GREYWACKE, SHALE, COAL; VOLCANIC BRECCIA

JURASSIC
MIDDLE JURASSIC
[9] (ANDS 36) HAZELTON GROUP (PART) UNDIVIDED: BASALT, ANDESITE, TUFF, BRECCIA, GREYWACKE, MUDSTONE, CONGLOMERATE

LOWER AND MIDDLE JURASSIC
[8] (SHLE 34) SHALE, GREYWACKE, CONGLOMERATE

UPPER TRIASSIC AND LOWER JURASSIC
[7] (ANDS 32) TAKLA GROUP: ANDESITE, BASALT, TUFF, BRECCIA, CONGLOMERATE, GREYWACKE, SHALE, LIMESTONE

TRIASSIC
UPPER TRIASSIC
[6] (LIMN 32) LIMESTONE
[5] (PLLT 32) BLACK PHYLLITE, SILTSTONE, LIMESTONE, QUARTZITE

PALEOZOIC
PENNSYLVANIAN AND PERMIAN
[4] (CHRT 23) CACHE CREEK GROUP: RIBBON CHERT, BLACK ARGILLITE, LIMESTONE, GREENSTONE

MISSISSIPPIAN AND/OR YOUNGER
[3] (BELT 20) SLIDE MOUNTAIN GROUP: BASALT, BRECCIA, TUFF, CHERT, ARGILLITE, SANDSTONE, LIMESTONE, CONGLOMERATE

CAMBRIAN
LOWER CAMBRIAN
[2] (LIMN 12) MURAL FORMATION: LIMESTONE (INCLUDES MAYFO FORMATION SILTSTONE, SANDSTONE)

PROTEROZOIC
HADRYNIAN
[1] (AMPH 04) KAZA GROUP: SANDSTONE, CONGLOMERATE, GRIT, PHYLLITE, SCHIST, AMPHIBOLITE, MARBLE, GNEISS

PLUTONIC ROCKS

TERTIARY
[G] (GRDI 42) GRANODIORITE, QUARTZ DIORITE, QUARTZ MONZONITE

LOWER CRETACEOUS
[C] (GTNZ 36) NAVER INTRUSIONS: QUARTZ MONZONITE, SYENITE, MONZONITE, GRANODIORITE, DIORITE

UPPER TRIASSIC
[J] (GRDI 32) TAKOMKANE BATHOLITH AND BODIES OF SIMILAR AGE AND LITHOLOGY: GRANODIORITE, QUARTZ DIORITE, QUARTZ MONZONITE

PERMIAN AND/OR TRIASSIC
[P] (ISPR 21) TRIBELLAR INTRUSIONS AND SIMILAR BODIES: PERIDOTITE, DUNITE, PYROXENITE, SERPENTINITE

SYMBOLS

GEOLOGICAL BOUNDARY: MAPPED, ASSUMED

FAULT: MAPPED, ASSUMED

THRUST FAULT (TEETH ON HANGINGWALL): MAPPED, ASSUMED

ANTICLINAL AXIS

SYNCLINAL AXIS

STREAM SAMPLE SITE

GEOLOGY AND MINERAL DEPOSITS

Generalized geology after Geological Survey of Canada Map 49–1960, Prince George, British Columbia, 1 inch to 4 miles, H. W. Tipper, 1959 and Geological Survey of Canada, Map 1424A, Parsnip River, British Columbia, 1:1 000 000, compilation by H. W. Tipper, R. B. Campbell, G. C. Taylor, and D. F. Stott, 1979, used to determine dominant catchment basin rock type for grouping of geochemical data.

The four-letter mnemonic name indicates rock type and the two-digit number indicates age.

For location of the following specific information for this area refer to British Columbia Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources: Mineral Deposits, refer to Mineral Inventory Map (MI) 93H (MAUREEN, GEORGE); Assessment Reports, refer to Assessment Report Index Map (AR) 93G (PRINCE GEORGE); Bedrock Geology Mapping Reports, refer to Index to Bedrock Geological Mapping, 1983; Mineral and Placer Claim Maps, contact Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources, Titles Branch, for current editions.

Geological Survey of Canada

Resource Geophysics and Geochemistry Division

Province of British Columbia
Ministry of Energy, Mines and Petroleum Resources

CONTRACTORS

Sample collection by McElhanney Surveying and Engineering Ltd., Vancouver
Sample preparation by Golder Associates, Ottawa

Sediment chemical analysis by Barringer Magenta Ltd., Rexdale, Ontario
Water chemical analyses by Barringer Magenta Laboratories (Alberta) Ltd., Calgary

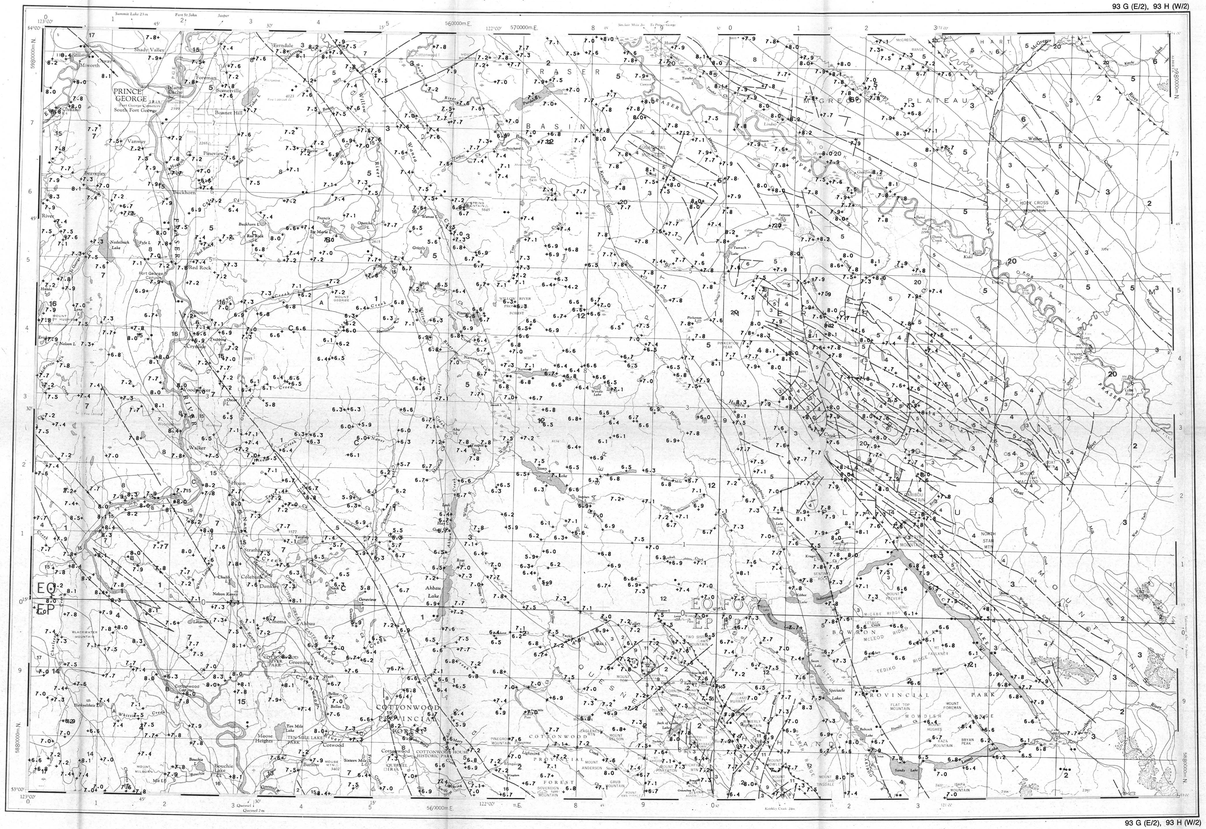
Copies of map material and listings of field observations and analytical data, from which the material was prepared, may be available at users expense by application to:

K.G. Campbell Corporation
880 Wellington St.
Bay 238
Ottawa, Ontario
K1R 6K7

The data are also available in digital form.
For further information please contact:

The Director
Computer Science Centre
Department of Energy, Mines and Resources
Ottawa, Ontario
K1A 0E8

93 G (E/2), 93 H (W/2)




93 G (E/2), 93 H (W/2)

INDEX MAP

Elevation in feet above mean sea level

Mean magnetic declination 1985, 27°34' West, decreasing 9.9' annually. Readings vary from 26°41' in the SW corner to 28°27' in the NE corner of the map area

## pH in water

GSC OPEN FILE 1107

REGIONAL GEOCHEMICAL RECONNAISSANCE MAP 72-1984

JOINT CANADA/BRITISH COLUMBIA PROGRAM

STREAM SEDIMENT AND WATER GEOCHEMICAL SURVEY

EAST-CENTRAL BRITISH COLUMBIA

Scale 1:250 000

Kilometres 0 2 4 6 8 10 Kilometres

Universal Transverse Mercator Projection

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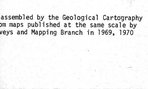
Base map assembled by the Geological Cartography Unit from maps published at the same scale by the Surveys and Mapping Branch in 1969, 1970




NATIONAL TOPOGRAPHIC SYSTEM REFERENCES AND INDEX TO ADJOINING GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA MAPS

pH in water

GSC OPEN FILE 1107

EAST-CENTRAL BRITISH COLUMBIA

LEGEND

(This legend to be used east of 122°00' only.)

Note: This legend is common for Regional Geochemical 72-1984 Open File 1107

QUATERNARY
PLEISTOCENE AND RECENT
[20] (TILL 46) TILL, GRAVEL, SAND, SILT, ALLUVIUM

CRETACEOUS OR TERTIARY
UPPER CRETACEOUS OR PALEOCENE
[19] (COLM 41) BOWRON RIVER COAL BEDS: CONGLOMERATE, BRECCIA, SANDSTONE, SHALE, COAL

UPPER JURASSIC AND LOWER CRETACEOUS
[18] (ANDS 35) NIKANASSIN FORMATION: SANDSTONE, SILTY SHALE, SILTSTONE

JURASSIC
LOWER TO UPPER JURASSIC
[17] (SHLE 34) FERNIE GROUP: SHALE, SILTY SHALE, SILTSTONE

TRIASSIC
UPPER TRIASSIC
[16] (PLLT 32) PHYLLITE, ARGILLITE, MINOR LIMESTONE, QUARTZITE

MIDDLE AND UPPER TRIASSIC
[15] (LIMN 32) SULPHUR MOUNTAIN FORMATION: SILTSTONE AND SILTY LIMESTONE

LOWER AND MIDDLE TRIASSIC
[14] (SLDN 32) SULPHUR MOUNTAIN FORMATION: SILTSTONE AND SILTY LIMESTONE

MISSISSIPPIAN AND PERMIAN
[13] (LIMN 12) RUNDLE GROUP, SWEL GROUP; BANFF FORMATION: LIMESTONE, SHALY SANDSTONE, LIMY SHALE; DOLOSTONE, CHERT

MISSISSIPPIAN
MISSISSIPPIAN AND/OR YOUNGER
[12] (BELT 21) SLIDE MOUNTAIN GROUP, ANTLER FORMATION: PILLOW BASALT, BRECCIA, TUFF, MINOR DIORITE AND GABBRO, CHERT, ARGILLITE, LITHIC SANDSTONE

LOWER MISSISSIPPIAN AND/OR OLDER
[11] (COLM 21) CLIFFY FORMATION, GREENBERRY FORMATION: CONGLOMERATE, ARGILLITE, LITHIC SANDSTONE, CRINOIDAL LIMESTONE

DEVONIAN
UPPER AND MIDDLE DEVONIAN
[10] (LIMN 10) FANTASY, DUNTHEZE, ALEXO, PERDRIX, MOUNT HAWK, FLUME FORMATIONS: LIMESTONE, SHALE, SANDSTONE, SILTSTONE

LOWER DEVONIAN AND YOUNGER
[9] (BELT 10) BLACK STUART FORMATION: BASALT, CHERT, CHERT BRECCIA, DOLOMITE BRECCIA, UPPER UNIT CHIEFLY ARGILLITE, PHYLLITE, SANDY LIMESTONE

SILURIAN
LOWER SILURIAN
[8] (SLMT 10) NONDA FORMATION ALL OR IN PART: DOLOMITE, LIMESTONE, QUARTZITE, MINOR TUFF, SHALE, GREENSTONE FLOWS AND SILLS

ORDOVICIAN
ORDOVICIAN AND MIDDLE ORDOVICIAN
[7] (SLMT 10) SILDIKA, MONTANDON, CHADINA FORMATIONS: DOLOMITE, LIMESTONE, SANDSTONE, SHALE, QUARTZITE

CAMBRIAN
[6] (BELT 12) LYNX, DOME CREEK, ARCTOMYS, WATERFLOWS, HOTA–ADOLPHUS, FATZI–CHATAKO, TITKANA FORMATIONS: SHALE, SILTY LIMESTONE, DOLOMITE, SANDSTONE, SILTSTONE, ARGILLITE, PHYLLITE

LOWER CAMBRIAN AND HADRYNIAN
[5] (QRTZ 11) MANTO, MURAL, MIDAS, MUNAUGHTON, YANKS PEAK FORMATIONS: QUARTZITE, LIMESTONE, SHALE, SILTSTONE, PHYLLITE, DOLOMITE, CONGLOMERATE

HADRYNIAN
[4] (SHLE 04) YANKEE BELLE, CUNNINGHAM FORMATIONS: SHALE, LIMESTONE, SILTSTONE, DOLOMITE, PHYLLITE

[3] (PLLT 04) MIETTE GROUP, ISAAC FORMATION: PHYLLITE, ARGILLITE, SCHIST, SANDSTONE, LIMESTONE, CONGLOMERATE

[2] (FPCA 04) KAZA GROUP, SROMSHOE FORMATION; MIDDLE MIETTE GROUP, FELDSPATHIC SANDSTONE, GRAILLE CONGLOMERATE, SILTSTONE, ARGILLITE, PHYLLITE, SCHIST, LIMESTONE MARBLE

[1] (ANGL 04) LOWER MIETTE GROUP: ARGILLITE, PHYLLITE, SANDSTONE, LIMESTONE

INTRUSIVE ROCKS

MISSISSIPPIAN OR YOUNGER

[A] (ISPR 21) SERPENTINITE

SYMBOLS

GEOLOGICAL BOUNDARY: MAPPED, ASSUMED

FAULT (DOT ON DOWNTHROWN SIDE): MAPPED, ASSUMED

THRUST FAULT (TEETH ON HANGINGWALL): MAPPED, ASSUMED

ANTICLINAL AXIS

SYNCLINAL AXIS

STREAM SAMPLE SITE

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This map forms one of a series of maps released by the Geological Survey of Canada, Open File 1107. The Open File consists of maps of various geochemical variables: 18 for stream sediment, 3 for stream water and 1 sample site location

This map has been reprinted from a scanned version of the original map

Reproduction per numérisation d'une carte sur papier

pH in water

GSC OPEN FILE 1107

EAST-CENTRAL BRITISH COLUMBIA