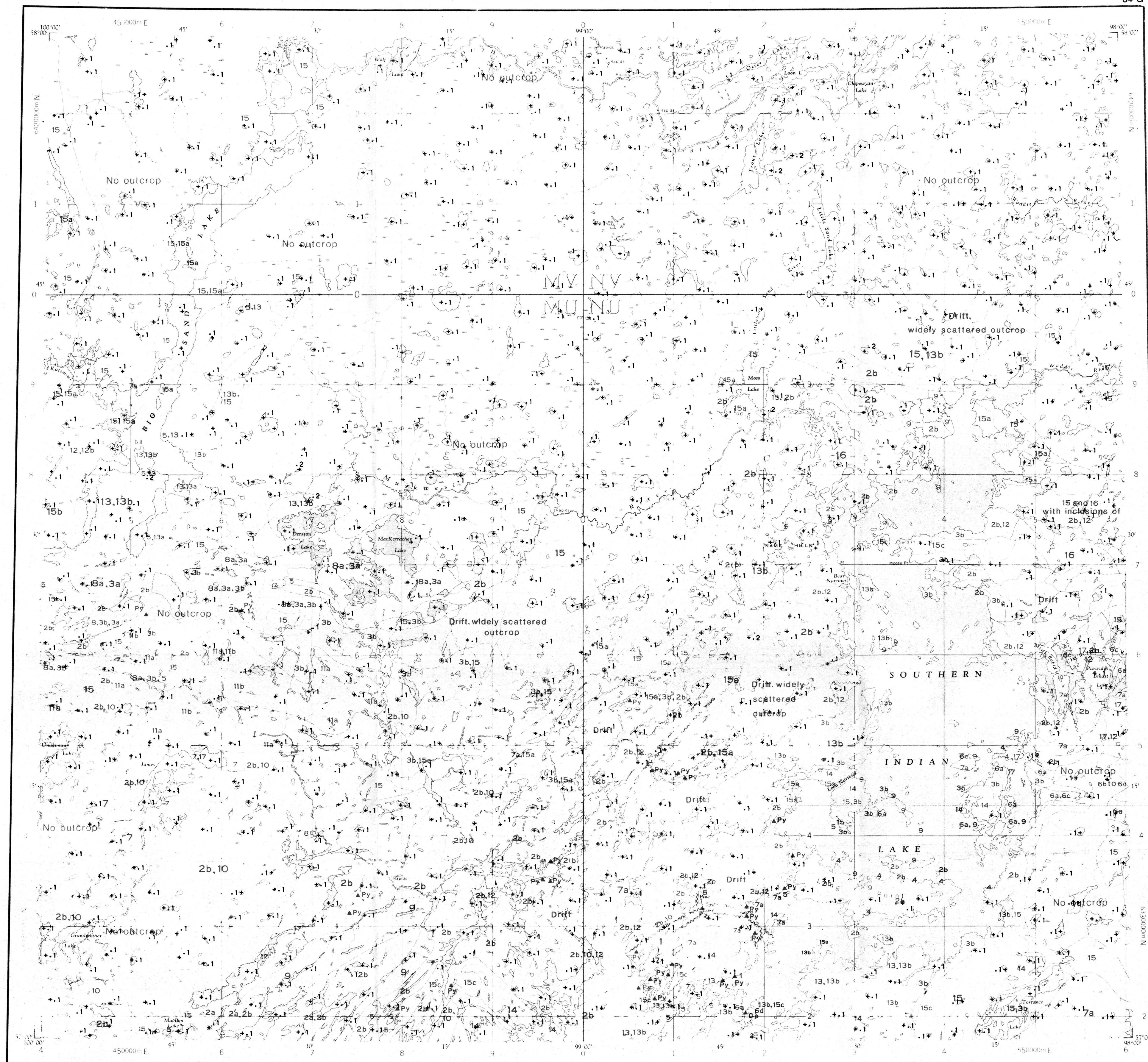


- PROGLACIAL AND GLACIAL ENVIRONMENT**
- GLACIOLACUSTRINE DEPOSITS: beach and nearshore deposits: sand and gravel 1-4 m thick, forming distinct ridges
 - GLACIOLACUSTRINE DEPOSITS: deep basin deposits: silt, clay and sand, 1-30 m thick
 - GLACIOFLUVIAL DEPOSITS: gravel, sand and silt, 1-100 m thick
- GLACIAL ENVIRONMENT**
- GLACIAL DEPOSITS: till: 1-5 m thick, derived primarily from Precambrian bedrock
- NONGLACIAL ENVIRONMENT**
- BEDROCK
 - ORGANIC DEPOSITS: marsh, fen, swamp and bog deposits up to 6 m thick, characterized by seasonal flooding
- Striations
Flutings, drumlins, and drumlinoid ridges, oriented parallel to ice flow direction
Esker (flow direction known or inferred)



Geological Survey of Canada
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Copies of map material and listings of field observations and analytical data, from which the material was prepared, may be available at users expense by application to:

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The data are also available in digital form. For further information please contact:

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This map forms one of a series of maps released by the Geological Survey of Canada, Open File 1103 to 1105. Each Open File consists of maps of various geochemical variables: 16 for lake sediment, 3 for lake water and 1 sample site location

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