MINERAL OCCURRENCES

SHELDON LAKE MAP AREA

NO.	TYPE	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1[1]	unclass.[2]	Fuller	
2	Pb,Zn	Bill	two small lead-zinc occurrences are associated with faults cutting dolomite and limestone
3	Cu,Ag	Pike	disseminated arsenopyrite, chalcopyrite, galena, pyrite and sphalerite within and along the contact of a small Cretaceous? intrusion.
4	Cu,Pb,Zn	Norken	chalcopyrite, pyrite, pyrrhotite, and minor galena and sphalerite disseminated along bedding and cross-cutting fractures within bedded chert and shale; black shale hosting banded sphalerite and galena found as float.
5	Cu,Mo	Tac	
6	Au,Ag,W,Cu	Dragon	narrow veins of arsenopyrite-quartz -sericite and quartz-sericite-pyrite ±scheelite and pyrrhotite-pyroxene skarn pods in aureole of small quartz monzonite stock.
7	Au,Cu,Sn	Mt. Sheldon	quartz veins containing arsenopyrize; small exposure of massive pyrrhotite.
8	Cu,Pb,Zn	Riddell	granodiorite dykes contain minor occurrences of copper, lead and zinc minerals.
9	Cu	Spearhead	arsenopyrite and pyrite are associated with mafic mineral schlieren in a small granodiorite intrusion; disseminated pyrite and minor chalcopyrite occur within sediment in its contact aureole.
10	Zn	Rog	geochem anomaly; no showings reported.
11	Cu,W	Clyde	mineralized float containing scheelite, chalcopyrite, sphalerite and pyrrhotite occurs in vicinity of small quartz porphyry stocks and dikes; no showings reported.
12	W	Prevost	pyrrhotite and traces of chalcopyrite, pyrite, and fluorite occur within hornfelsed shale, and trace scheelite occurs within diopside skarn adjacent to small porphyritic quartz monzonite stock; quartz-scheelite coats fractures within the intrusive.
13	Cu	Gun	pyrrhotite-chalcopyrite skarn; contact metamorphosed stratiform barite.
14	Ag,Pb,Zn, Cu,As	Itai	quartz veins containing pyrite, arsenopyrite, pyrrhotite, chalcopyrite and galena, intrude shale and chert near granodiorite intrusion.
15	Ag,Pb,Zn	Costin	silver-lead-zinc vein.
16	Coal	Carolyn	
17	W,Cu,Zn,Mo	Variscite	small copper showings; pyrite and pyrrhotite concentated locally in hornfels.
18	Pb,Zn,Ag	Hench	quartz veins cross-cutting calcareous phyllite, porphyritic diorite and calc-silicate schist contain sphalerite, galena and minor chalcopyrite.
19	unclass.	PPR	
20	unclass.	Clingon	
21	unmin.[3]	Wilson	
22	unmin.	Empty	
23	Ag,Pb,Zn	Traffic	lenses and cavity fillings of arsenopyrite, galena, sphalerite and chalcopyrite in hornfelsed country rock adjacent small intrusive bodies.
24	Cu,Pb,Zn	Pig	disseminations and fracture fillings of pyrite, pyrrhotite, chalcopyrite, galena and sphalerite within calc-silicate skarn.
25	unmin.	Bojo	
26	unclass.	LH	
27	Cu,Mo	AM	disseminated chalcopyrite, molybdenite, and malachite in hornfelsed sedimentary rocks; disseminated chalcopyrite, bornite, sphalerite, and molybdenite within diopside skarn adjacent to granodiorite intrusion.
28	unmin.	Sherpa	
29	unmin.	Dyak	
30	unclass.	Rudy	
31	unmin.	Greggie	
32	unclass.	Rags	precious metal target
33	unclass.	Wendy	precious metal target
34	Pb,Zn,Cu	Narl	pyrrhotite with minor sphalerite, chalcopyrite and galena occur in narrow veins within hornfels; trace chalcopyrite in pyroxene-pyrrhotite skarn

TAY RIVER MAP AREA

NO.	TYPE	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	unmin.	Tenas	
2	Cu	Rags	vein
3	unclass.	Pen	
4	unmin.	Olgie	
5	unclass.	Fargo	
6	unmin.	Lyn	
7	unmin.	Casca	
8	Zn	Thomas	skarn
9	unclass.	Taku	
10	Cu	Nesbit	occurrence
11	unclass.	Bobcat	
12	unclass.	Holly	
13	unclass.	Sook	
14	unclass.	Spur	minor sulphide in core
15	unclass.	Adamson	
16	unclass.	Beta	
17	unmin.	Blind	
18	unmin.	Cub	
19	unmin.	Nasty	
20	unmin.	Abraham	
21	Pb,Zn,Ag	Sea	stratiform
22	Pb,Zn,Cu,Ag	BS	stratiform
23	unmin.	Blackwood	
24	unclass.	Bea	
25	Pb,Zn,Ag	Swim	polydeformed and metamorphosed, stratiform, massive to disseminated pyrite, sphalerite and galena.
26	unmin.	O'Connor	
27	Ag,Pb,Zn	Mur	vein
28	unmin.	Shrimp	
29	Pb,Zn,Ag	Vangorda	polydeformed and metamorphosed, stratiform, massive to disseminated pyrite, sphalerite and galena.
30	Pb,Zn,Ag	Grum	polydeformed and metamorphosed, stratiform, massive to disseminated pyrite, sphalerite and galena.
31	unclass.	Kulan	
32	unclass.	Kim	
33	unclass.	Loko	minor pyrite, pyrrhotite
34	Pb,Zn,Ag	Faro	polydeformed and metamorphosed, stratiform, massive to disseminated pyrite, sphalerite and galena.
35	unclass.	Flagstone	
36	unclass.	Briden	
37	Ag,Pb,Zn	Jacola	vein
38	unmin.	Crown	
39	unmin.	Lorna	
40	unmin.	Reserve	
41	Pb,Zn	Coward	occurrence
42	unmin.	Colt	
43	Pb,Zn,Cu,Ag	Owl	sphalerite, galena, chalcopyrite, and arsenopyrite in veins
44	Pb,Zn,Cu	Keglovic	disseminated sphalerite, pyrrhotite, galena and chalcopyrite; also as veinlets.
45	unclass.	Ivan	
46	unclass.	Shannon	
47	unclass.	Rebel	
48	unclass.	Kangaro	
49	unclass.	Teddy	disseminated pyrite and minor pyrrhotite
50	unclass.	Sirola	
51	Ag,Pb,Zn,Cu	Lad	vein
52	Ag,Zn,Pb, Sn,Sb	Solo	galena, boulangerite, and sphalerite occur as fracture fillings
53	unclass.	Cessna	
54	Cu	Chaplin	vein of massive pyrrhotite cross-cutting phyllite
55	unmin.	Ruth	
56	unmin.	Dot	
57	Cu,Zn,Ag,W	Barb	thin skarn pods within contact aureole of granite
58	unclass.	Fishhook	
59	unmin.	Hek	
60	unclass.	Multi	minor occurrences of chalcopyrite, pyrite, pyrrhotite, and minor arsenopyrite within andesite
61	unclass.	Joe	disseminated pyrrhotite in biotite schist reported in drill core
62	unmin.	TSS	
63	unmin.	DG	
64	Pb,Zn	Work	stratiform sphalerite-pyrite-pyrrhotite in siliceous rock; finely disseminated galena.
65	unclass.	Zed	arsenopyrite occurs in veins and as disseminations.
66	unmin.	Lolo	
67	unmin.	Baz	
68	unmin.	Ming	
69	unmin.	Cak	
70	unmin.	Tar	
71	unmin.	MW	
72	unclass.	Rachel	stratiform pyrite-pyrrhotite in drill core
73	Pb,Zn	Sir John A.	stratiform sphalerite-galena within thinly laminated calcareous phyllite
74	Pb,Zn,Cu	Dev	sphalerite, galena, pyrite, and chalcopyrite within bed of siderite
75	Ba	Ure	stratiform barite hosted within phyllitic chert
76	Zn,Pb,Cu	KD	minor sphalerite-chalcopyrite-carbonate as veinlets, amygdules and disseminations within metavolcanic rocks (in drill core).
77	unclass.	Con	
78	unclass.	Irma	
79	unmin.	Lou	Pb,Zn geochem anomalies
80	Zn,W	May	sheet-like sphalerite-bearing diopside skarn zones within intrusive aureole.
81	unmin.	Eva	
82	unmin.	Lu	
83	unclass.	Delay	
84	unmin.	Foo	
85	unmin.	Wad	
86	Pb,Zn,Ag	Lady Di	stratabound pods of pyrrhotite-sphalerite-galena
87	unclass.	Chuck	
88	Au	Grew Creek	disseminated Au associated with chalcedeny-quartz-calcite vein breccia within Tertiary rhyolite
89	unclass.	Hell	
90	Pb,Zn,Ag	DT	polydeformed and metamorphosed, stratiform, massive to disseminated pyrite, sphalerite and galena.
91	unclass.	Beyon	
92	unmin.	Lyon	

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1 mineral occurrence numbers follow those in Yukon Exploration 1985 by Downing et al (1986)
2 unclass. refers to properties where there is no public data other than location, or where public data is not sufficient for classification
3 unmin. refers to geological, geophysical or geochemical targets on which significant work has been done but on which no mineralization has been found

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LEGEND

SOUTHWEST OF TINTINA FAULT

MID-CRETACEOUS

Kg resistant, grey weathering, locally foliated, biotite ± hornblende diorite, granodiorite, and granite

Between St.Cyr and Tintina Faults

TERTIARY

Tv Tv, undivided; Tv1, small stocks and necks of white weathering, flow-banded, rhyolitic, quartz-sanidine porphyry; Tv2, laminated rhyolitic ash-flow tuffs and flows; Tv3, dark grey weathering, locally amygdaloidal, dark grey-green basalt necks and flows

Ts recessive, thick bedded to massive, pebble to boulder chert-quartz conglomerate, chert sandstone and thin bedded, dark brown siltstone and shale

CARBONIFEROUS

CSl recessive, dark grey weathering, thin bedded , interlaminated, buff-yellow siltstone and brown argillite; strongly bioturbated

MISSISSIPPIAN

Mtf resistant, rusty orange weathering, thin bedded, apple green and dark grey chert and cherty tuff

DEVONIAN AND MISSISSIPPIAN

DMs recessive, black weathering with rusty streaks, thin bedded, black siliceous slate and minor interbedded, chert wacke and chert-granule grit

DMc light grey weathering, thin bedded, fetid, platy, medium to dark grey, crinoidal limestone and buff weathering, thick bedded, medium grey, coarsely crystalline, fetid limestone; minor calcareous slate

uDcg resistant, grey-orange weathering, massive, limestone conglomerate (not shown on stratigraphic cross-section; relations to other map units uncertain)

ORDOVICIAN TO DEVONIAN

ODs1 moderately resistant, black weathering, siliceous, graphitic, black siliceous and pyritic slate

CAMBRO-ORDOVICIAN

uEOc buff, orange and orange-brown weathering, thinly interlaminated calcareous shale and silty limestone

Southwest of St. Cyr Fault

UPPER DEVONIAN AND? MISSISSIPPIAN

DMs recessive, black weathering with rusty streaks, thin bedded, black siliceous slate and minor interbedded chert wacke and chert-granule grit

SILURIAN AND DEVONIAN

ASKIN GROUP (SDdq, Sst)

SDdq resistant, medium grey to buff weathering, medium to thick bedded dolomite, sandy dolomite and quartz arenite

Sst tan weathering, thin bedded, dolomitic, platy siltstone

CAMBRO-ORDOVICIAN

KECHIKA GROUP (OSs, uEOs1)

OSs black weathering, thin bedded, black graptolitic shale (not mapped separately from uEOs1; only preserved locally)

uEOs1 grey-orange weathering, finely interlaminated, calcareous phyllite and grey limestone; abundant quartz-carbonate veins and pods

PRECAMBRIAN AND LOWER CAMBRIAN

PEp dark brown weathering, non-calcareous, dark blue-grey slate, siltstone and minor limestone; PEpl, buff-orange to light grey weathering, thin bedded, argillaceous limestone and calcareous phyllite; metamorphosed equivalents near Glenlyon Batholith are biotite-muscovite-quartz schist and minor marble

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Limit of outcrop
Geological boundary (defined, approximate, assumed, extrapolated beneath overburden)
Bedding (horizontal, inclined, vertical, overturned, tops unknown)
Slaty cleavage (inclined, vertical)
Lineation (inclined, horizontal)
Axis of small-scale fold (inclined, horizontal)
Fault, steeply dipping (defined, approximate, assumed, extrapolated beneath overburden; barb on downthrown side)
Fault, thrust (defined, approximate, assumed, extrapolated beneath overburden, overturned; teeth on upper plate)
Fault, transcurrent (defined, approximate, assumed, extrapolated beneath overburden; arrows indicate slip)
Displacement on transcurrent fault in cross-section (cross indicates displacement of block away from viewer, point indicates displacement of block towards viewer)
Anticline (defined, approximate, assumed, extrapolated beneath overburden)
Syncline (defined, approximate, assumed, extrapolated beneath overburden)
Anticline, syncline (overturned)
Mineral occurrence (showing, unclass. or unmin.)

Notes

1) Jones Lake, Mt. Christie, Prevost, Portrait Lake, Steel, Gull Lake, Narchilla and Yusezyu formations and Hyland Group are new lithologic names approved and accepted for publication by the Geological Survey; work on formally defining these units is in progress.
2) large map unit symbols refer to outcrop belts; small map unit symbols most commonly refer to individual outcrop areas
3) extrapolation of contacts in areas of little exposure is a subjective interpretation based on assumed simple structure.

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NORTHEAST OF TINTINA FAULT

TERTIARY

Tv Tv, undivided; Tv1, small stocks and necks of white weathering, flow-banded, rhyolitic, quartz-sanidine porphyry; Tv2, laminated rhyolitic ash-flow tuffs and flows; Tv3, dark grey weathering, locally amygdaloidal dark grey-green basalt necks and flows

Ts recessive, thick bedded to massive, pebble to boulder chert-quartz conglomerate, chert sandstone and thin bedded, dark brown siltstone and shale

MID-CRETACEOUS

Ksf **South Fork Volcanics:** dark brown weathering, locally columnar jointed, massive, densely welded, biotite-quartz-hornblende-feldspar crystal tuff

Ks **Selwyn Plutonic Suite:** grey weathering, resistant, medium- to coarse grained, locally megacrystic (K-spar), biotite ± hornblende ± muscovite granite, quartz monzonite and granodiorite; Ks1, plutons without hornblende; Ks2, plutons with hornblende; Ks3, porphyritic biotite + hornblende granite characterized by large smokey grey quartz phenocrysts and locally K-feldspar phenocrysts

ALLOCHTHONOUS ASSEMBLAGES

PENNSYLVANIAN AND PERMIAN

CPa **Anvil Allochthonous Assemblage:** CPa, undivided; CPav, resistant, dark weathering dark grey-green basalt, tuff, and breccia; CPat, thin bedded, grey-green, jasper-red and apple-green chert and siliceous tuff; CPal, light grey weathering, massive, fine crystalline, dark grey limestone; CPaub, recessive, green weathering serpentinite

CARBONIFEROUS TO TRIASSIC

CTn **Nisutlin Allochthonous Assemblage:** CTn, undivided; CTnm, grey weathering, muscovitic, quartz blastomylonite and recessive, muscovitic quartzite and quartz-muscovite-biotite-glaucophane schist with local pods of eclogite; CTncg, resistant, massive, poorly sorted, conglomerate with pebble to cobble size clasts of basalt, chert, mylonite, and limestone

ALLOCHTHONS EMPLACED IN JURA-CRETACEOUS

AUTOCHTHON

TRIASSIC

Tj **Jones Lake Formation:** brown weathering, medium- to thick-bedded, calcarous siltstone, sandstone and shale; massive light grey weathering, fine crystalline, dark grey limestone; ripple cross-laminated

PERMIAN

Pc **Mount Christie Formation:** resistant, orange to buff weathering, thin- to medium-bedded, light grey-green to black chert

DEVONO-MISSISSIPPIAN

EARN GROUP (Mc, Ms, DMp, Dp, DMe)

DMe undivided Mc, DMp, minor Dp

Ms recessive, dark brown weathering, thin- to medium-bedded, calcareous, dark grey to brown siltstone, sandstone and shale; thin to thick interbeds of fine crystalline, dark grey limestone; local light grey weathering, thick bedded to massive, dark grey, bioclastic limestone

Mc **Crystal Peak Formation:** resistant, dark grey weathering, massive chert-pebble conglomerate and chert quartz sandstone; minor brown weathering, dark blue-grey shale

DMp **Prevost Formation:** recessive, brown weathering, thin bedded, laminated, dark blue-grey to black slate and thin to thickly interbedded fine- to medium-grained chert-quartz arenite and wacke, and chert-pebble conglomerate

uDp Brown weathering, thin bedded, laminated blue-grey to black shale, siltstone and minor sandstone

Dp **Portrait Lake Formation:** black, gun-blue or silvery white weathering, thin bedded, siliceous, black siltstone, slate and chert

SILURIAN AND DEVONIAN

Dc Light grey weathering, massive to thick bedded , fine crystalline limestone and dolostone, locally cherty; Dcl, minor massive, medium grained quartz arenite

Ssp tan weathering, thin bedded, dolomitic, platy siltstone

ORDOVICIAN AND SILURIAN

ROAD RIVER GROUP (Ss, OSd)

OSr **Road River Group:** undivided Duo Lake and Steel formations (may include infolds of EOr1 and Dp)

Ss **Steel Formation:** orange weathering, thin bedded, burrowed, dolomitic, grey-green mudstone, siltstone and chert; thin bedded black chert; rare black graptolitic shale

OSd **Duo Lake Formation:** resistant, grey weathering, thin- to medium-bedded, light grey to black chert; recessive, gunsteel weathering, black graptolitic shale

CAMBRO-ORDOVICIAN

EOv resistant, dark weathering, massive, locally pillowed, dark grey-green basalt, tuff and breccia

EOt resistant, dark grey weathering, massive to laminated, blocky, white to light grey quartzose siltstone and chert and rare black slate; EOtl, grey-white weathering, massive quartz siltstone (east-central Sheldon Lake area only)

EOr **Rabbitkettle Formation:** EOr1, grey-buff weathering, laminated to thin bedded, locally nodular shaly limestone to calcareous phyllite; EOr2, light grey weathering, massive to thick bedded, fine crystalline, dark grey limestone

LOWER CAMBRIAN

Eg **Gull Lake Formation:** recessive, brown weathering, non-calcareous, dark grey to black slate and siltstone; metamorphosed equivalents near Anvil Batholith include quartz-muscovite-biotite-garnet schist (+garnet, +sillimanite) and minor marble

PRECAMBRIAN AND LOWER CAMBRIAN

HYLAND GROUP (Gn, Ey)

PEhn **Hyland Group:** mostly Yusezyu Formation, minor undivided Narchilla Formation; PEhl grey-white weathering, laminated argillaceous limestone

Pn **Narchilla Formation:** recessive, maroon weathering, interbedded maroon and apple-green slate; grey-brown weathering, medium- to thick-bedded quartz sandstone and quartz- pebble conglomerate

Ey **Yusezyu Formation:** grey brown weathering, thin- to thick bedded, interbedded, quartz sandstone, local quartz pebble conglomerate, and grey-green to dark grey slate; minor limestone

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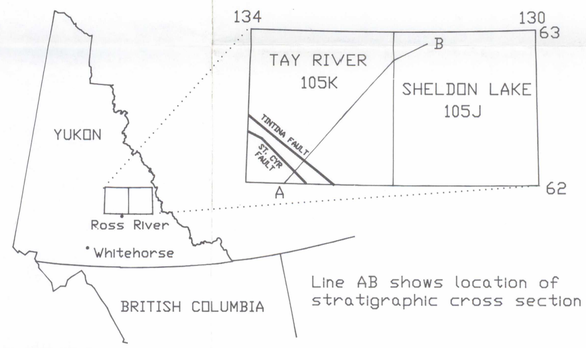
Mean magnetic declination for Sheldon Lake, 1987, 31°17' East, decreasing 18.5' annually. Readings vary from 30°43'E in the SW corner to 31°51'E in the NE corner of the map

Elevation in feet above sea level

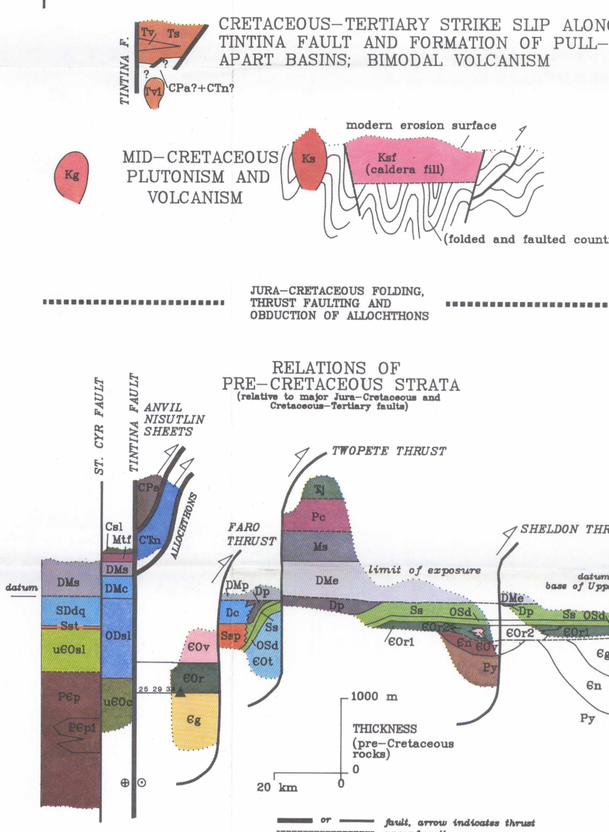
LOCATION



STRATIGRAPHIC RELATIONS AND SCHEMATIC GEOLOGICAL HISTORY

younger ——— GEOLOGICAL AGE ——— older

A ——— B



MAP 19-1987
SHEET 1 OF 3
LEGEND, TEXT AND CROSS-SECTIONS

GEOLOGY OF SHELDON LAKE AND TAY RIVER MAP AREAS

YUKON TERRITORY

Canada

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SHEET 1 OF 3
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YUKON TERRITORY
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