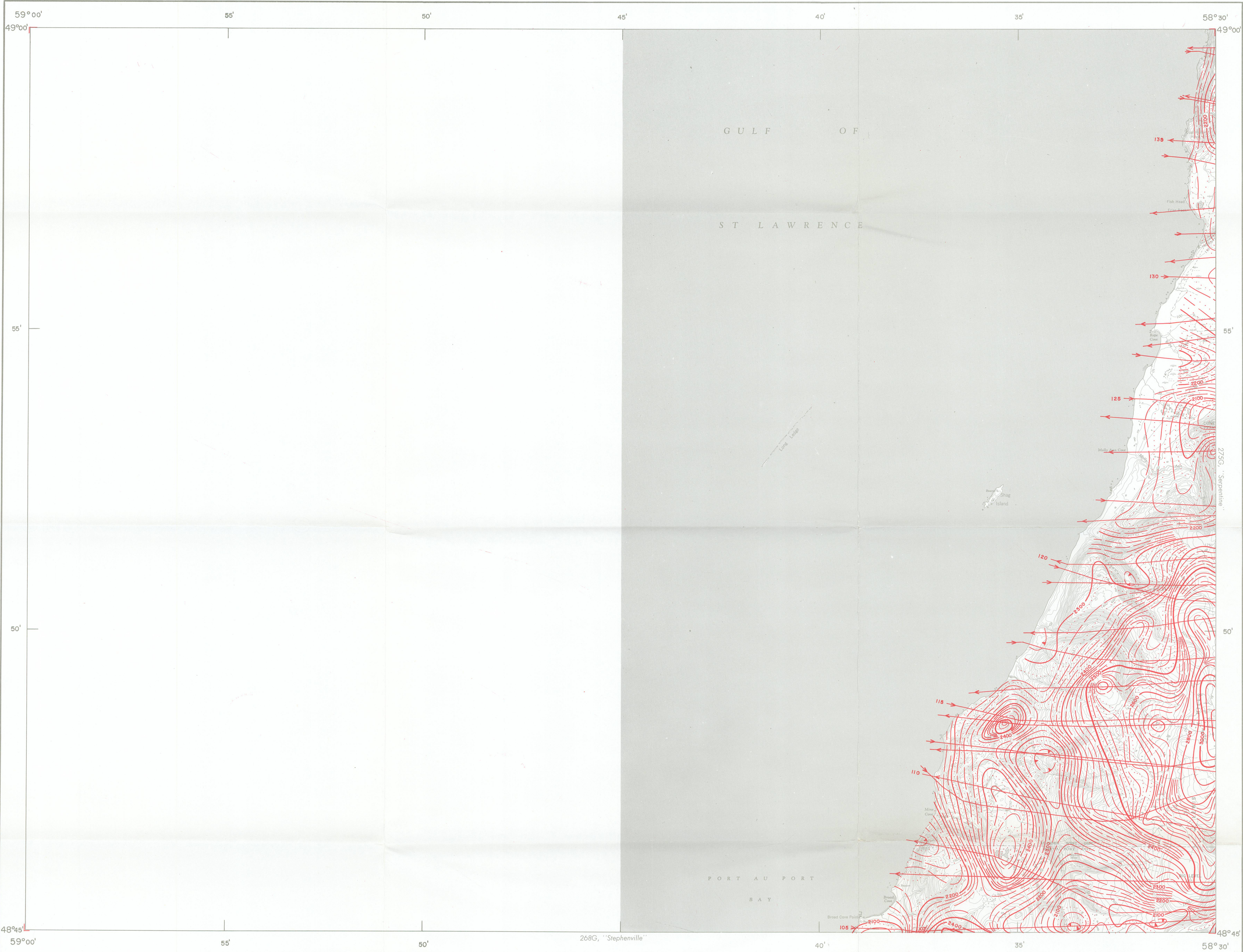




GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA  
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY, MINES AND RESOURCES

AEROMAGNETIC SERIES

SHEET 12 <sup>B</sup>/<sub>15</sub>



MAP 276G (Revised)

# SHAG ISLAND NEWFOUNDLAND

Scale: One Inch to One Mile =  $\frac{1}{63,360}$  Miles



Copies of this map may be obtained from the Director, Geological Survey of Canada, Ottawa.

Airborne Magnetic Survey, July and August 1953, by Geophysics Section, Geological Survey of Canada, Department of Mines and Technical Surveys. Maps Drafted by Canadian Aero Service Ltd., Ottawa, 1967-68

No correction has been made for regional variation

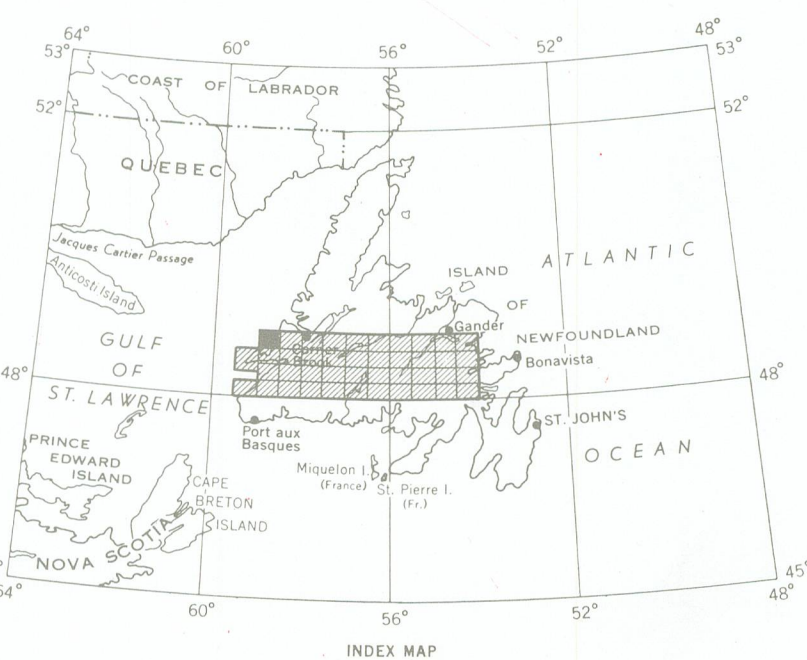
The planimetry for this map was obtained from topographical map sheets published by the Department of Mines and Technical Surveys.

The magnetic data on this map were compiled from information recorded along the flight lines shown. The anomalies expressed by the magnetic contours are dependent on the variable magnetic intensities of the underlying rocks, and may be due to conditions near, or at unknown depths below the surface. High magnetic anomalies normally indicate the presence of basic rocks, such as diabase, gabbro, or serpentine, which have a relatively high iron content, but in special instances may be due, or partly due, to concentrations of magnetic ore minerals. By means of the magnetic anomalies, various rock bodies or structural features, such as faults or folds, may be traced into, or across, areas of few or no outcrops. In many instances, however, no interpretation of particular anomalies may be possible without further geological information.

GEOPHYSICS PAPER 276

SHAG ISLAND  
NEWFOUNDLAND

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INDEX MAP

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