

LEGEND

NOTE:—Outcrops or areas of outcrop of a formation are shown by deep colour; inferred extensions of a formation beneath drift are shown by a lighter tint of the same colour. Small outcrops are shown thus: x

PROTEROZOIC
(LATE PRECAMBRIAN)

KEWEENAWAN (?)

9 Diabase

8 Granite, granodiorite and allied rocks
05

7 Granite, pegmatite, aplite and sedimentary
gneiss, granitic matter predominating
80

5 Diorite, gabbro, peridotite;
5a, serpentine
21

KEEWATIN (?)

3 Biotite and biotite-hornblende gneiss and schist
(altered sediments) with much granitic matter
71A

2 Rhyolite, dacite, tuff, agglomerate
51A

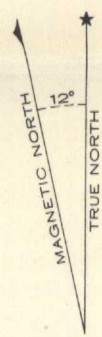
1 Andesite, basalt, tuff, tuffaceous sediments,
iron formation, undifferentiated intrusives
52A

Geological boundary (defined, approximate).....
Bedding (inclined, vertical).....

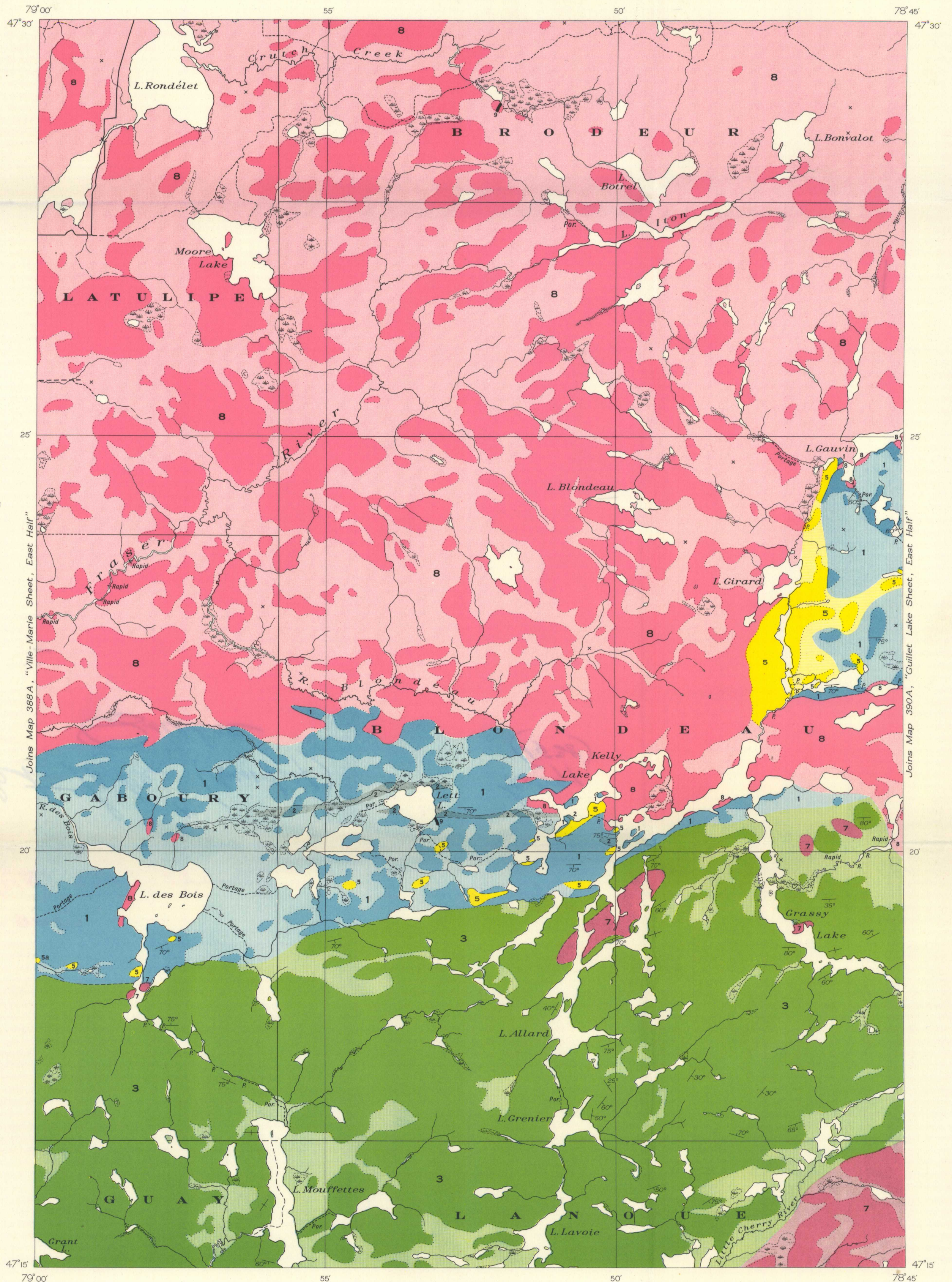
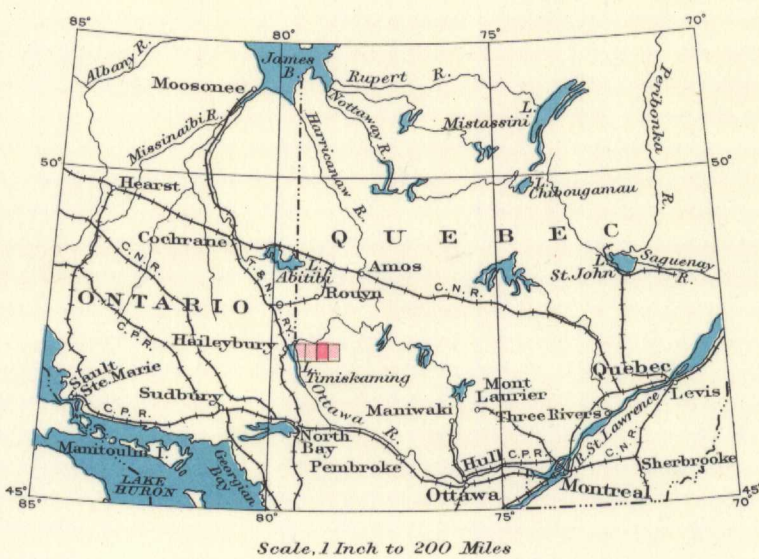
Road
Road not well travelled
Bush road, trail or portage
Bridge
Township boundary
Marsh

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Surveyed and reproduced by the Bureau of Geology
and Topography from air photographs; and from
information supplied by the Quebec Department of
Lands and Forests. Geology by J. F. Henderson, 1935.

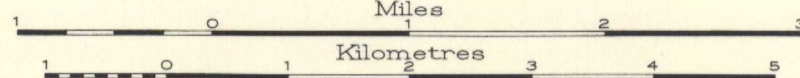


Approximate magnetic declination, 12° West.



MAP 389A GUILLET LAKE SHEET (WEST HALF) TÉMISCAMINGUE COUNTY QUEBEC

Scale, 63,360 or 1 Inch to 1 Mile



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