

Physiographic Regions (Bostock, 1970)

Tectono-Stratigraphic zones (Poole & Rogers, 1972)

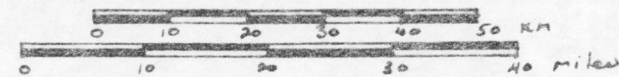
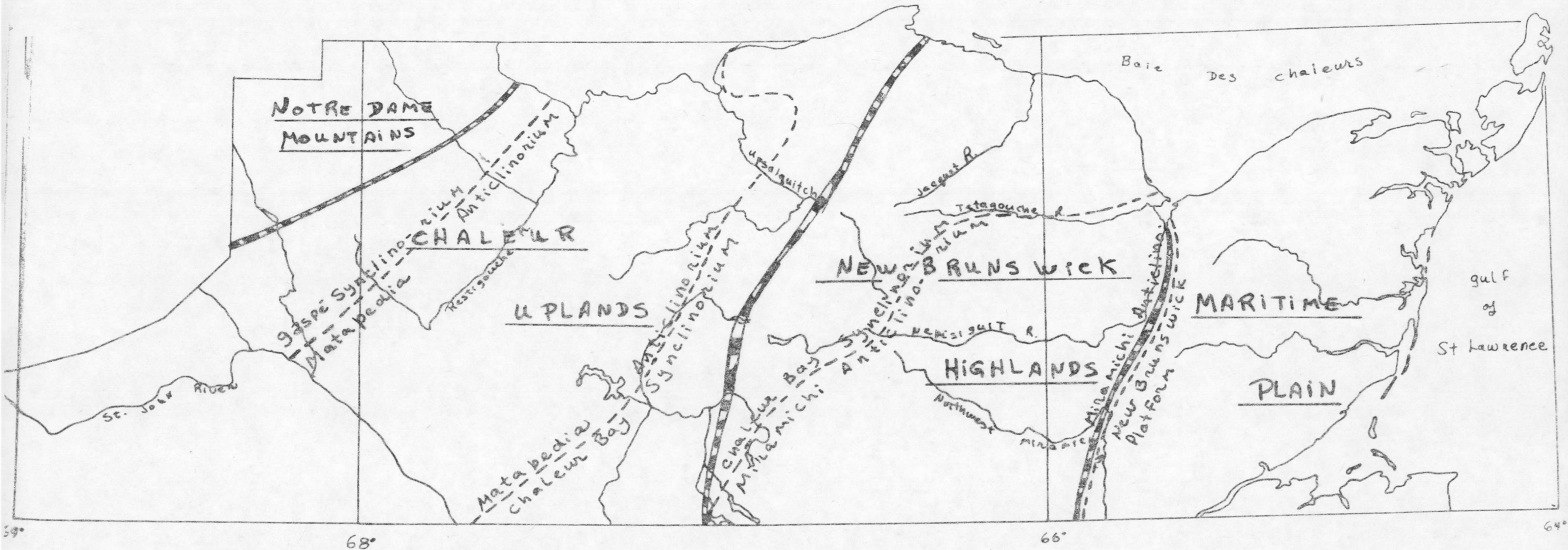


Figure 1

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# Legend

Prefixes	M	Suffixes
s - sandy	45-37.18	v - veneer
f - silty	36-37.27	b - blanket
l - fluted	41-33-26	p - plain
r - red	35-30.35	n - rock controled
g - green	45-26.28	

(texture) (thickness)

- △ Desintegration moraine, rolling
- ▲ Desintegration moraine, hunnocky
- ≡ glaciolacustrine
- Morainic ridge

## Distribution of Tills in Northern New Brunswick

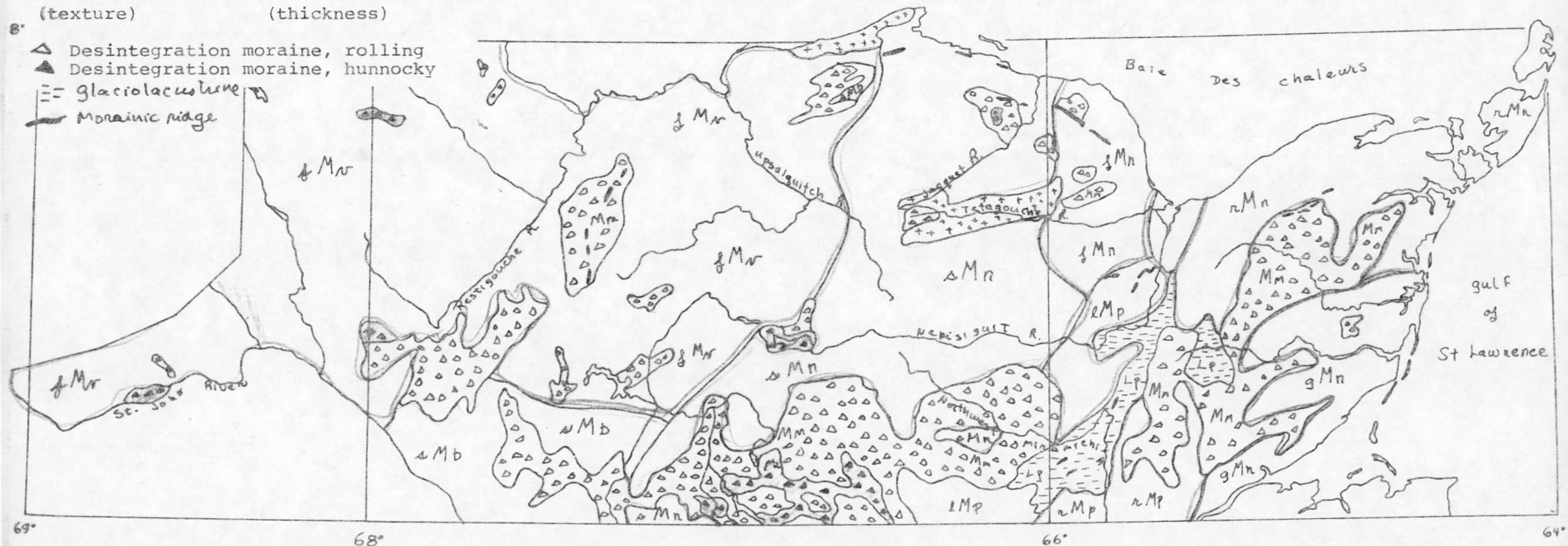
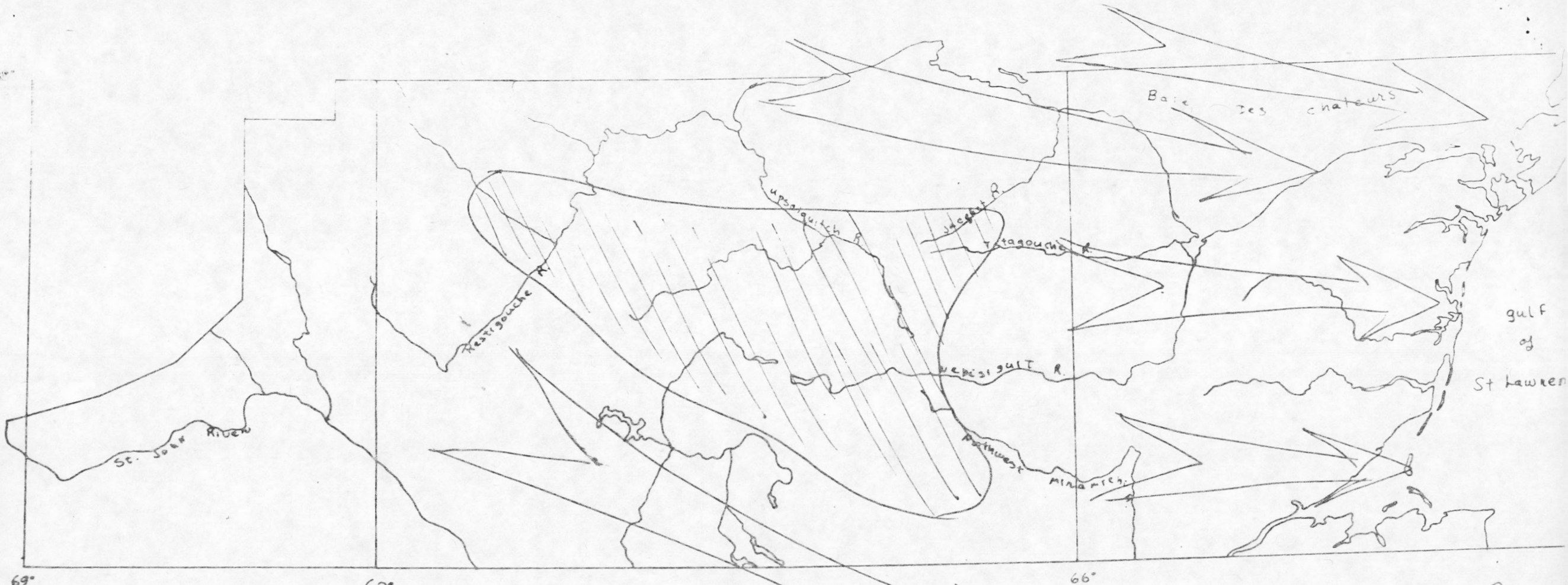


Figure 5



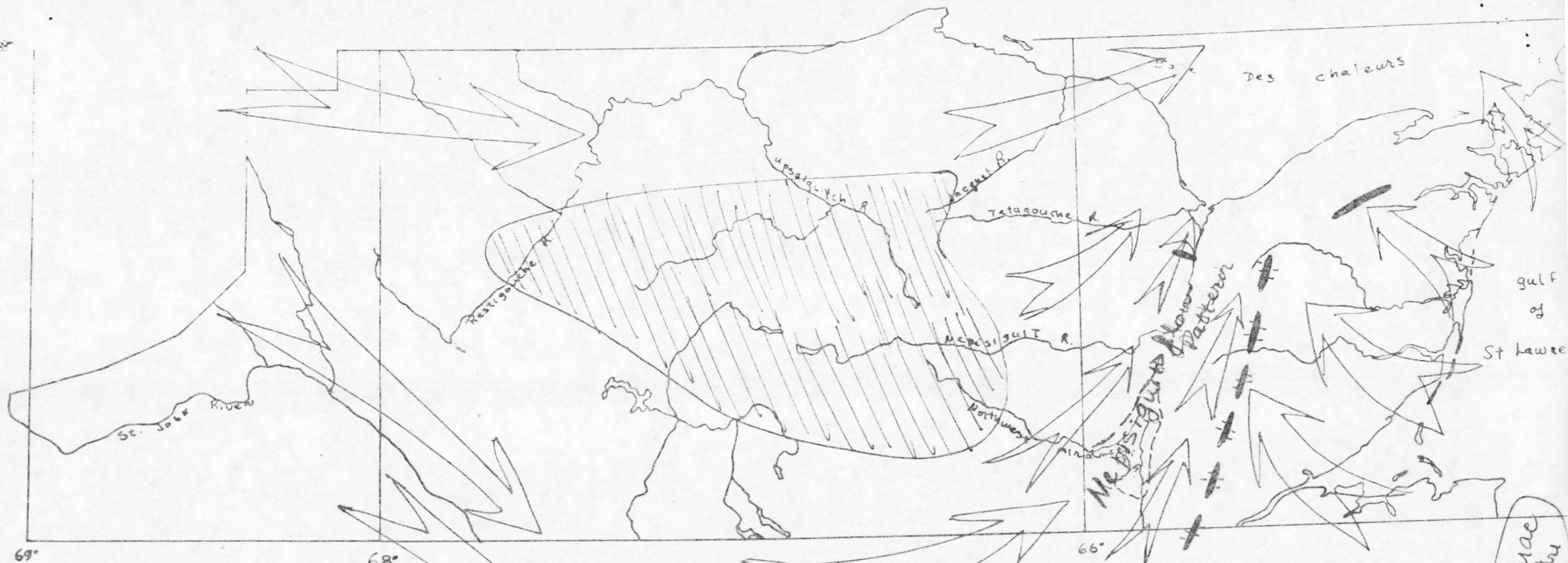



hypothetical  
area of cold-ice


ice-flow direction


Main Glacial Period


Equivalent to:  
Caledonian Phase and Period  
(Rampton)

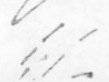


 area of cold ice

 interlobate zone

 ice-contact sediments (frontal moraine)

 ice-flow direction

 lake limit

Reverse flow pattern

Deglaciation  
Phase 1

Equivalent to:  
Chincote, Kent, Bantala  
phases (Ramp ton's)

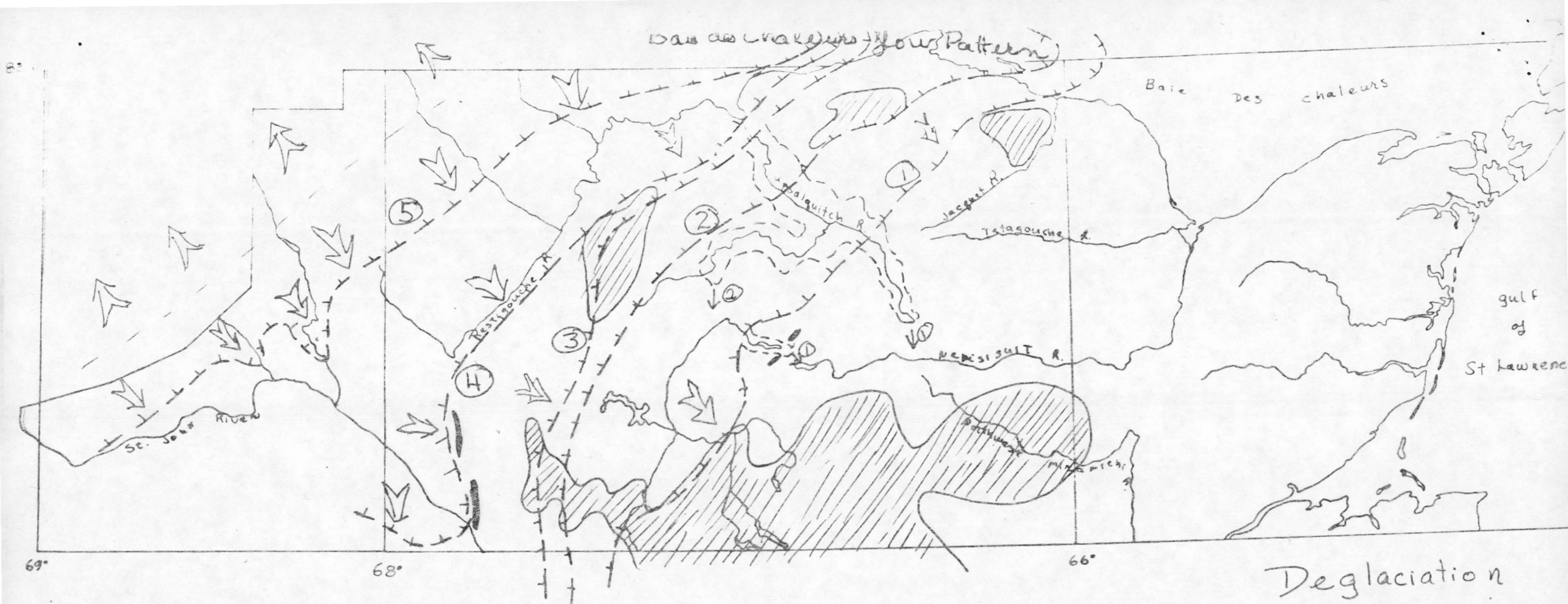
Esquimaux  
ice center





Deglaciation  
Phase 2

Equivalent to:  
Millville/Dungarrou  
Phase (Rampton)



## Deglaciation Phase 3

Equivalent to:  
Plaster Rock  
Phase (Rampton)

ice flow direction

① outlet position  
+ can area lake

Lake limit

ice-contact position

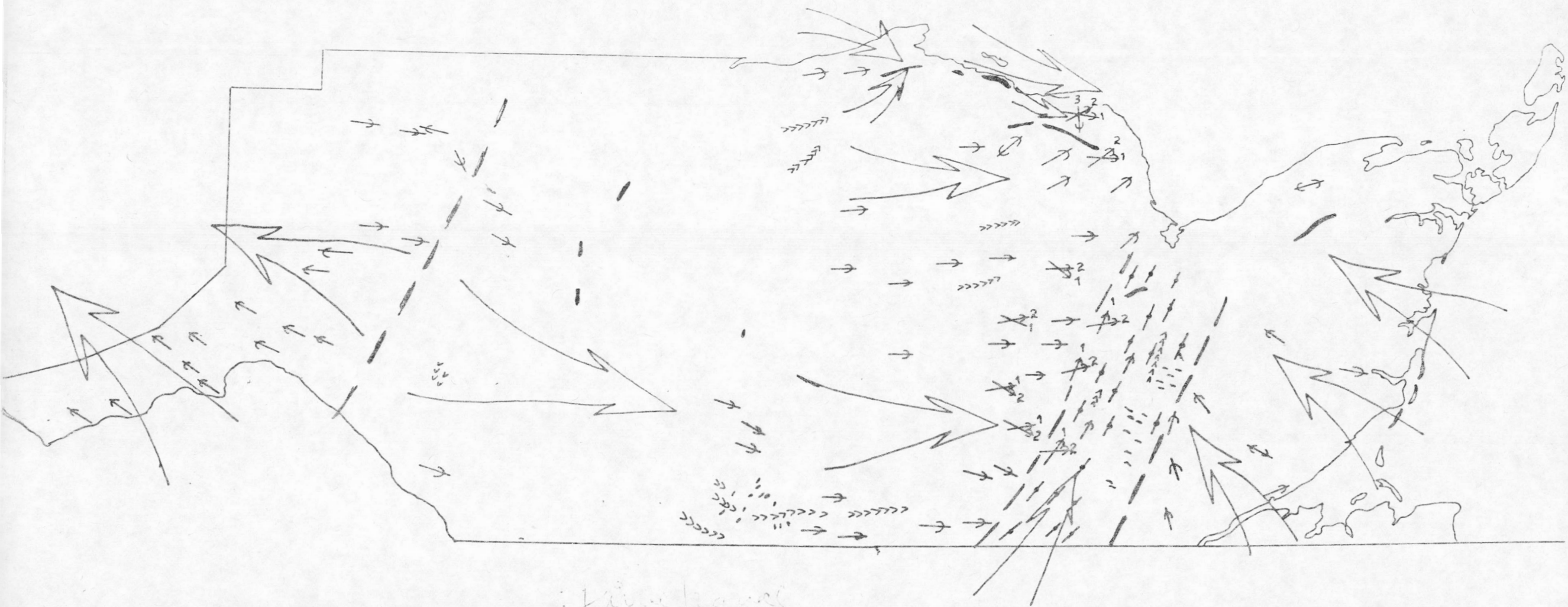
ice-contact material (frontal moraine)

④ glacial position (sequence)

disintegration material

2/10/1981





Hand-drawn

Sketch

Map of the area

