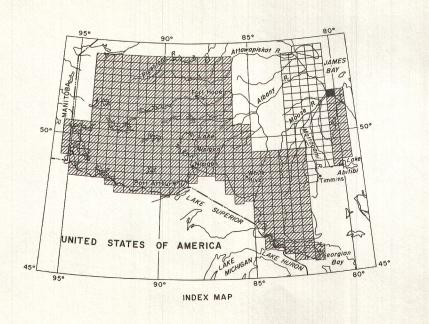
PROVINCE OF ONTARIO DEPARTMENT OF MINES

DEPARTMENT MINES AND TECHNICAL SURVEYS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA

SHEET 42P 80° 30' 25' 20' 15 10' 05 80°00' JAMES BAY 25 25 20' 80° 30' 80°00' Joins Map 2364G, "Partridge River" 25 20' 05



AEROMAGNETIC SERIES

ISOMAGNETIC LINES (absolute total field) 100 gammas 20 gammas 10 gammas

Flight lines Flight altitude 1000 feet above ground level

MAP 2365G

ARNOLD POINT COCHRANE DISTRICT ONTARIO

Scale: One Inch to One Mile = $\frac{1}{63,360}$

Airborne Magnetic Survey, May 1963 to April 1964 by Spartan Air Services Ltd.

No correction has been made for regional variation.

The planimetry for this map was obtained from topographical map sheets published by the Department of Mines and Technical Surveys and the Ontario Department of Lands and Forests.

The magnetic data on this map were compiled from information recorded along the flight lines shown. The anomalies expressed by the magnetic contours are dependent on the variable magnetic intensities of the underlying rocks, and may be due to conditions near, or at unknown depths below the surface. High magnetic anomalies normally indicate the presence of basic rocks, such as diabase, gabbro, or serpentinite, which have a relatively high iron content, but in special instances may be due, or partly due, to concentrations of magnetic minerals. By means of the magnetic anomalies, various rock bodies or structural features, such as faults or folds, may be traced into, or across, areas of few or no outcrops. In many instances, however, no interpretation of particular anomalies may be possible without further geological information.

> GEOPHYSICS PAPER 2365 ARNOLD POINT ONTARIO SHEET 42 P