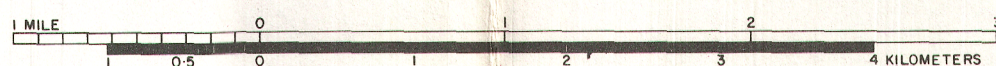


MAP 9080G

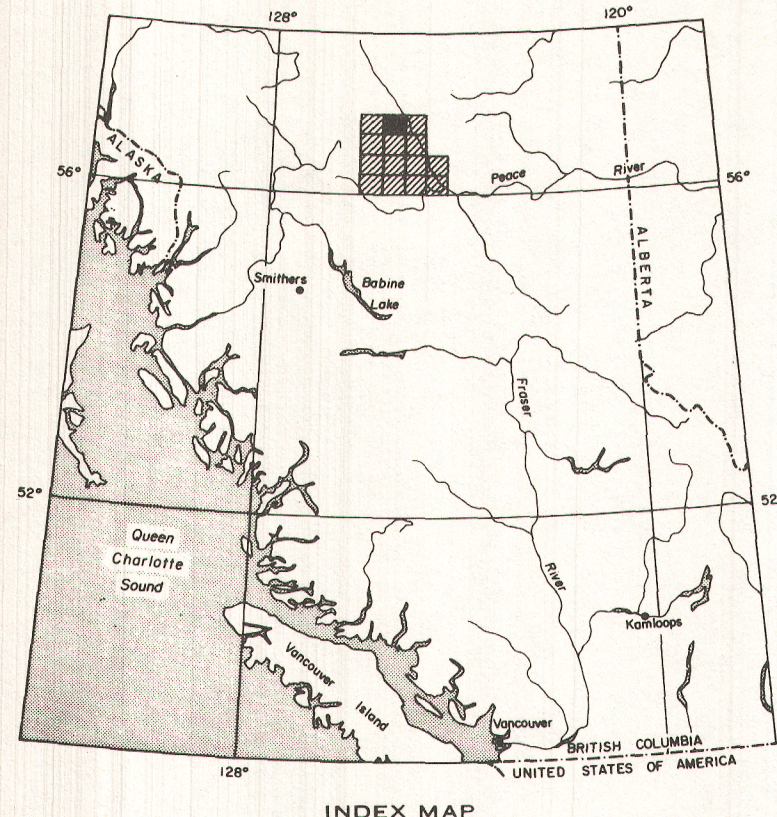
94 C  
14

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Scale 1:50,000



COPIES OF THIS MAP MAY BE OBTAINED FROM THE  
DIRECTOR, GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA, OTTAWA.



ISOMAGNETIC LINES (total field)

500 gammas . . . . .

100 gammas . . . . .

20 gammas . . . . .

10 gammas . . . . .

Magnetic depression . . . . .

Flight lines . . . . .

Flight altitude 8500 feet above sea level

Airborne Magnetic Survey, May to July 1972  
by Northway Survey Corporation Ltd.

The base map was obtained from planimetric  
sheets published by the British Columbia Surveys and  
Mapping Branch, Department of Lands and Forests.

No correction has been made for regional variation.

The magnetic data on this map were compiled from information  
recorded along the flight lines shown. The anomalies expressed by the  
magnetic contours are dependent on the variable magnetic intensities of  
the underlying rocks, and may be due to conditions near, or at unknown  
depths below the surface. High magnetic anomalies normally indicate the  
presence of basic rocks, such as diabase, gabbro, or serpentinite, which  
have a relatively high iron content, but in special instances may be due,  
or partly due, to concentrations of magnetic minerals. By means of  
the magnetic anomalies, various rock bodies or structural features, such  
as faults or folds, may be traced into, or across, areas of few or no out-  
crops. In many instances, however, no interpretation of particular anomalies  
may be possible without further geological information.

MAP 9080G  
BRITISH COLUMBIA  
SHEET 94 C  
14