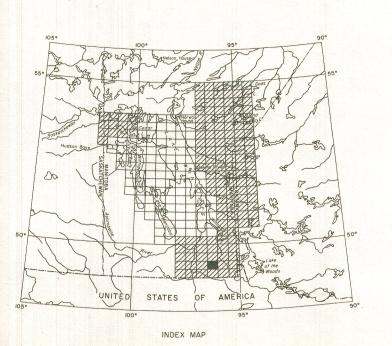
PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

DEPARTMENT
OF
ENERGY, MINES AND RESOURCES

DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND NATURAL RESOURCES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA SHEET 62 H AEROMAGNETIC SERIES 96°30′ 96°00′ 25' Joins Map 4091G, "Richer" 20' 10' 706 TP.4. R.8 ** TP. 4, R.11 01400 R.10 TP. 3, R.9



25'

96°30′

20'

MARCHAND

Joins Map 4089G, "Sundown"

MAP 4090G

MANITOBA

Scale: One Inch to One Mile = $\frac{1}{63,360}$ Miles

1 1/2 0 1 2

Airborne Magnetic Survey, Sept. to Oct. 1965 by Spartan Air Services Ltd.

10'

No correction has been made for regional variation.

The planimetry for this map was obtained from topographical map sheets published by the Department of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa.

The magnetic data on this map were compiled from information recorded along the flight lines shown. The anomalies expressed by the magnetic contours are dependent on the variable magnetic intensities of the underlying rocks, and may be due to conditions near, or at unknown depths below the surface. High magnetic anomalies normally indicate the presence of basic rocks, such as diabase, gabbro, or serpentinite, which have a relatively high iron content, but in special instances may be due, or partly due, to concentrations of magnetic minerals. By means of the magnetic anomalies, various rock bodies or structural features, such as faults or folds, may be traced into, or across, areas of few or no outcrops. In many instances, however, no interpretation of particular anomalies may be possible without further geological information.

96°00′

PUBLISHED 1967

05'

GEOPHYSICS PAPER 4090

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SHEET 62 H/8