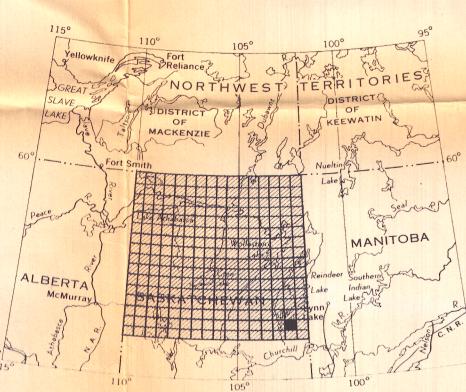
AEROMAGNETIC SERIES

PROVINCE
OF
SASKATCHEWAN
DEPARTMENT OF MINERAL RESOURCES

DEPARTMENT
OF
MINES AND TECHNICAL SURVEYS
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA

103°00' Joins Map 2810 G"Milton Island" 55 50' 102°30' 35 Deep Bay Clarke Rowland O Lake 103°00' 55 102°30' 50' 40' 35 Joins Map 2842 G "Harriott Lake"



ISOMAGNETIC LINES (total field)

500 gammas

100 gammas

20 gammas

10 gammas

Magnetic depression

FINLAYSON LAKE

MAP 2826G

SASKATCHEWAN

Scale 1:50 000 - Échelle 1/50 000

Kilometres 1 0 1 2 3 4 Kilomète

Universal Transverse Mercator Projection
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Airborne Magnetic Survey, April to September, 1964, by Canadian Aera Service Ltd., Ottawa.

No correction has been made for regional variation.

The planimetry for this map was obtained from the topographical map sheet published at a scale of one inch to four miles.

The magnetic data on this map were compiled from information recorded along the flight lines shown. The anomalies expressed by the magnetic contours are dependent on the variable magnetic intensities of the underlying rocks, and may be due to conditions near, or at unknown depths below the surface. High magnetic anomalies normally indicate the presence of basic rocks, such as diabase, gabbro, or serpentine, which have a relatively high iron content; but in special instances may be due, or partly due, to concentrations of magnetic ore minerals. By means of the magnetic anomalies, various rock bodies or structural features, such as faults or folds, may be traced by the geologist into, or across, areas of few or no outcrops. In many instances, however, no interpretation of particular anomalies may be possible without further geological information.

SHEET 64 P

FINLAYSON LAKE

SASKATCHEWAN

SHEET 64 $\frac{D}{7}$

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