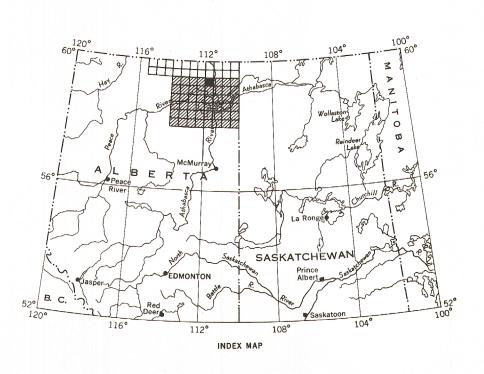
PROVINCE ALBERTA

DEPARTMENT MINES AND TECHNICAL SURVEYS

SHEET 74 M DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND MINERALS GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA AEROMAGNETIC SERIES RIO 35' 55' R12 50' RII R 9 111°30' 112°00' Joins Map 2895G, "Raup Lake" 759°30' 59°30′_F HORNADAY T121 T121 RIVER T120 T120 25 25' Darough Creek with WOOD BUFFALO PARK T119 TII9 <u>......</u> 20' 20' TII8



112°00'

R 12

55

ISOMAGNETIC LINES 500 gammas 100 gammas

Flight lines

Flight altitude: 1000 feet above ground level

50' R I I

HORNADAY RIVER ALBERTA

Joins Map 2879G, "Peltier Creek"

MAP 2887G

Scale: One Inch to One Mile = $\frac{1}{63,360}$

Magnetic Survey, August to October 1962, by Aero Surveys Ltd.

RIO

40'

Alberta.

35

No correction has been made for regional variation The planimetry for this map was obtained from the topographical map sheet, published at a scale of one inch to one mile, supplied by the Department of Lands and Forests, Province of

The magnetic data on this map were compiled from information recorded along the flight lines shown. The anomalies expressed by the magnetic contours are dependent on the variable magnetic intensities of the underlying rocks, and may be due to conditions near, or at unknown depths below the surface. High magnetic anomalies normally indicate the presence of basic rocks, such as diabase, gabbro, or serpentinite, which have a relatively high iron content; but in special instances may be due, or partly due, to concentrations of magnetic minerals. By means of the magnetic anomalies, various rock bodies or structural features, such as faults or folds, may be traced into, or across, areas of few or no outcrops. In many instances, however, no interpretation of particular anomalies may be possible without further geological information.

R 9 | | | | | 30 |

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