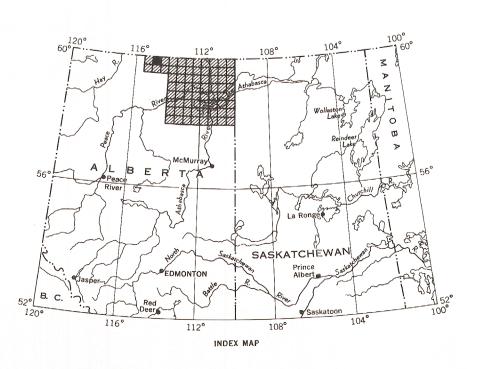
PROVINCE ALBERTA

DEPARTMENT MINES AND TECHNICAL SURVEYS

SHEET 84 0 15 GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND MINERALS AEROMAGNETIC SERIES R4 35 114°30′ 50' R5 R6 55' 115°00' Joins Map 735G, "Copp Lake South" 60°00' 60°00' 🤛 ALBERTA . Buchan Lake H T126 T126 55' 16 50' 50' T124



115°00'

ISOMAGNETIC LINES 500 gammas Flight lines Flight altitude: 1000 feet above ground level

55'

R 6

SHEET 84 $\frac{0}{15}$ ALBERTA

Joins Map 2901G, 84 0

MAP 2912G

R5

50'

Scale: One Inch to One Mile = $\frac{1}{63,360}$

Magnetic Survey, April to May 1963, by Aero Surveys Ltd.

R4

35

No correction has been made for regional variation

40'

The planimetry fo<mark>r</mark> this map was obtained from the topographical map sheet, published at a scale of one inch to one mile, supplied by the Department of Lands and Forests, Province of

The magnetic data on this map were compiled from information recorded along the flight lines shown. The anomalies expressed by the magnetic contours are dependent on the variable magnetic intensities of the underlying rocks, and may be due to conditions near, or at unknown depths below the surface. High magnetic anomalies normally indicate the presence of basic rocks, such as diabase, gabbro, or serpentinite, which have a relatively high iron content; but in special instances may be due, or partly due, to concentrations of magnetic minerals. By means of the magnetic anomalies, various rock bodies or structural features, such as faults or folds, may be traced into, or across, areas of few or no outcrops. In many instances, however, no interpretation of particular anomalies may be possible without further geological information.

PUBLISHED, 1964

GEOPHYSICS PAPER 2912

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