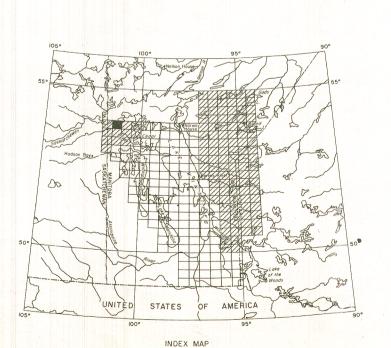
PROVINCE MANITOBA

DEPARTMENT ENERGY, MINES AND RESOURCES

DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND NATURAL RESOURCES AEROMAGNETIC SERIES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA SHEET 63 F 101°30′ 25' 15' 10' 101°00′ 05′ TP 57 R26 TP 56 R 26 T Lake TP 55 R 27 TP 55 R 25



101°30′

ISOMAGNETIC LINES (absolute total field)

20'

25'

500 gammas..... 100 gammas..... 20 gammas..... Flight lines.....

Flight altitude 1000 feet above ground level

## THE PAS

Joins Map 4254G, "Pasquia Lake"

MAP 4255G

MANITOBA

Scale: One Inch to One Mile =  $\frac{1}{63,360}$ 

Airborne Magnetic Survey, Sept. to Oct. 1965 by Spartan Air Services Ltd.

10'

No correction has been made for regional variation.

05'

The planimetry for this map was obtained from topographical map sheets published by the Department of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa.

The magnetic data on this map were compiled from information recorded along the flight lines shown. The anomalies expressed by the magnetic contours are dependent on the variable magnetic intensities of the underlying rocks, and may be due to conditions near, or at unknown depths below the surface. High magnetic anomalies normally indicate the presence of basic rocks, such as diabase, gabbro, or serpentinite, which have a relatively high iron content, but in special instances may be due, or partly due, to concentrations of magnetic minerals. By means of the magnetic anomalies, various rock bodies or structural features, such as faults or folds, may be traced into, or across, areas of few or no outcrops. In many instances, however, no interpretation of particular anomalies may be possible without further geological information.

101°00′

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GEOPHYSICS PAPER 4255 THE PAS MANITOBA SHEET 63 F