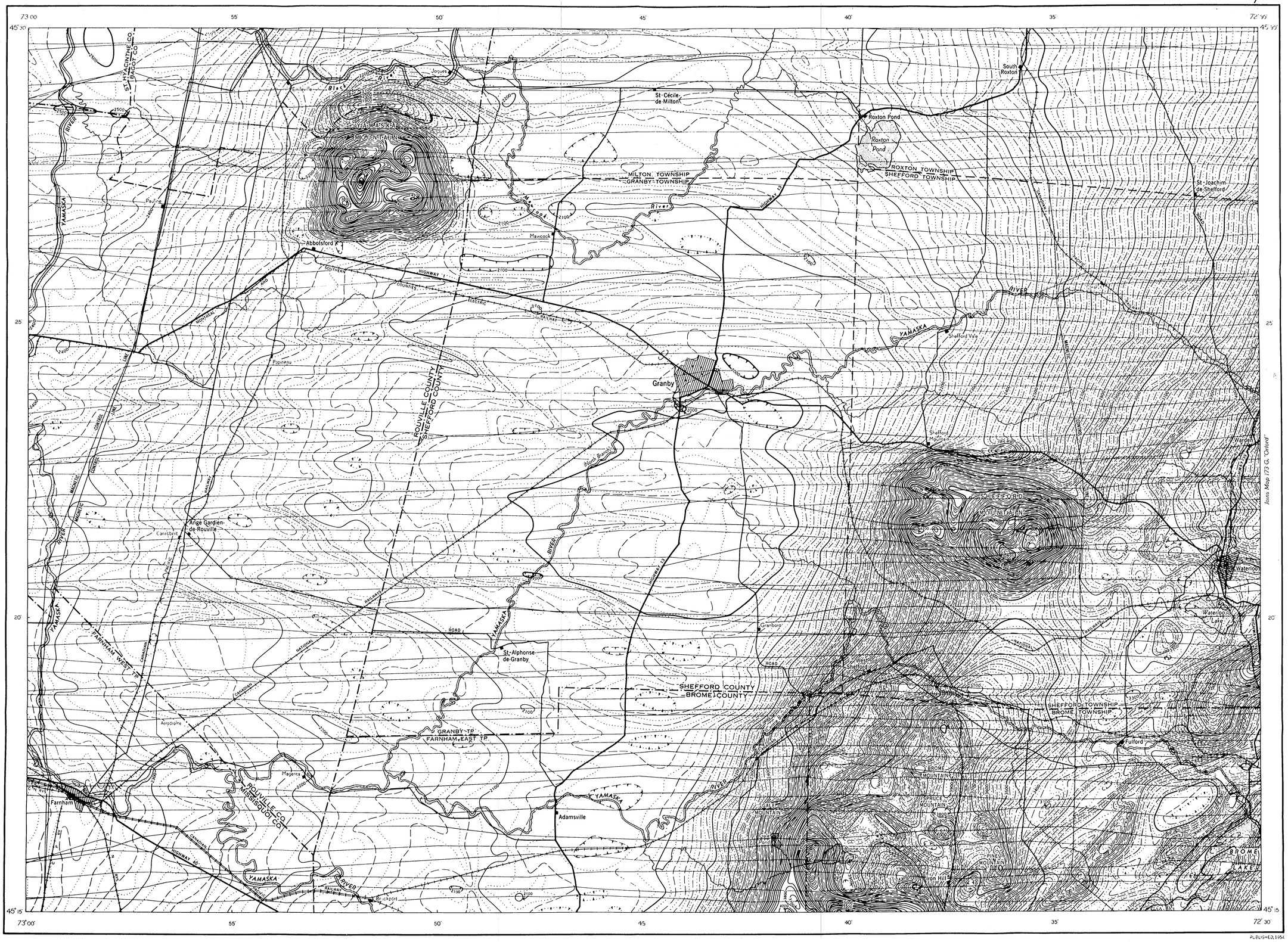
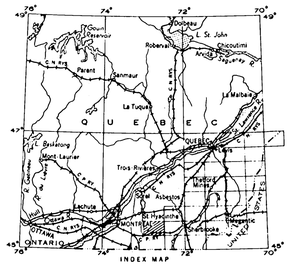
CANADA
DEPARTMENT
OF
MINES AND TECHNICAL SURVEYS
GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA

AEROMAGNETIC SERIES

SHEET 31 H/7



PUBLISHED, 1954.



INDEX MAP

Isomagnetic lines (total field)

- 500 gammas
- 100 gammas
- 20 gammas
- 10 gammas

Magnetic depression contour

Flight line

Flight altitude 500 feet above ground level

MAP 171G

GRANBY

SHEFFORD, BROME, ROUVILLE, BAGOT, ST. HYACINTHE, AND MISSISQUOI COUNTIES

QUEBEC

Scale 1:50 000 - Échelle 1/50 000

Kilometres 1 0 1 2 3 4 Kilomètres

Universal Transverse Mercator Projection

Projection transverse universelle de Mercator

Airborne Magnetic Survey, November 1951 and April 1952, by Geophysics Section, Geological Survey of Canada, Department of Mines and Technical Surveys

No correction has been made for regional variation.

The magnetic data on this map were compiled from information recorded along the flight lines shown. The anomalies expressed by the magnetic contours are dependent on the variable magnetic intensities of the underlying rocks, and may be due to conditions near, or at unknown depths below, the surface. High magnetic anomalies normally indicate the presence of basic rocks, such as diabase, gabbro, or serpentine, which have a relatively high iron content; but in special instances may be due, or partly due, to concentrations of magnetic ore minerals. By means of the magnetic anomalies, various rock bodies or structural features, such as faults or folds, may be traced by the geologist into, or across, areas of few or no outcrops. In many instances, however, no interpretation of particular anomalies may be possible without further geological information.