

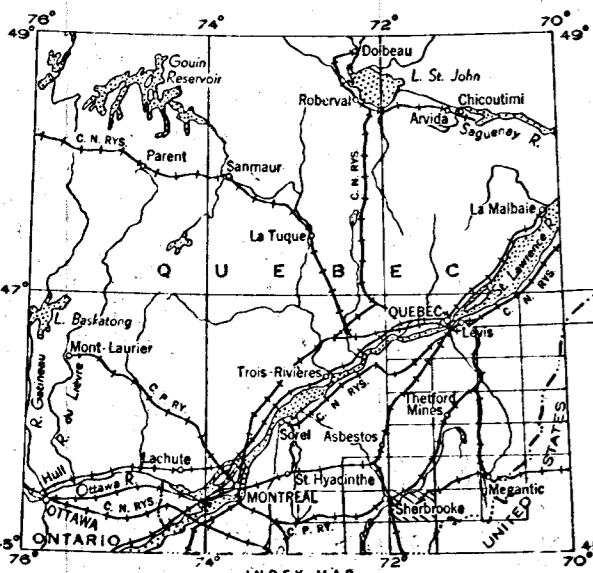
Joins Map 173 G, "Clifton"

Joins Map 163 G, "Dudswell"

Joins Map 175 G, "Coatlook"

Joins Map 172 G, "La Prairie"

PUBLISHED, 1924



- Isomagnetic lines (total field)
- 500 gammas
- 100 gammas
- 20 gammas
- 10 gammas
- Magnetic depression contour
- Flight line
- Flight altitude: 500 feet above ground level

MAP 169 G

## SHERBROOKE

SHERBROOKE, COMPTON, RICHMOND,  
AND STANSTEAD COUNTIES

QUEBEC

Scale: One Inch to One Mile =  $\frac{1}{63,360}$  Miles

Airborne Magnetic Survey, November 1951 and April 1952, by Geophysics Section, Geological Survey of Canada, Department of Mines and Technical Surveys.

No correction has been made for regional variation.

This map has been reprinted from a scanned version of the original map  
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The magnetic data on this map were compiled from information recorded along the flight lines shown. The anomalies expressed by the magnetic contours are dependent on the variable magnetic intensities of the underlying rocks, and may be due to conditions near, or at unknown depths below, the surface. High magnetic anomalies normally indicate the presence of basic rocks, such as diabase, gabbro, or serpentine, which have a relatively high iron content; but in special instances may be due, or partly due, to concentrations of magnetic ore minerals. By means of the magnetic anomalies, various rock bodies or structural features, such as faults or folds, may be traced by the geologist into, or across, areas of few or no outcrops. In many instances, however, no interpretation of particular anomalies may be possible without further geological information.