DEPARTMENT
OF
MINES AND TECHNICAL SURVEYS

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA

AEROMAGNETIC SERIES SHEET 85 16 10' 05 25 114° 00′ 114°30′ Johnston 55 PUBLISHED, 1951 MAP 41G



Flight altitude: 500 feet above ground level

QUYTA LAKE

DISTRICT OF MACKENZIE
NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

Scale: One Inch to One Mile = \(\frac{1}{63,360} \)

Miles

3/4 1/2 1/4 0 1 2

Magnetic Survey, August, 1950 by Geophysics Division, Geological Survey of Canada; Department of Mines and Technical Surveys.

No correction has been made for regional variation; this increases at the rate of 2.5 gammas per mile from west to east and 4.0 gammas per mile from north to south.

The magnetic data on this map were compiled from information recorded along the flight lines shown. The anomalies expressed by the magnetic contours are dependent on the variable magnetic intensities of the underlying rocks, and may be due to conditions near, or at unknown depths below, the surface. High magnetic anomalies normally indicate the presence of basic rocks, such as diabase, gabbro, or serpentine, which have a relatively high iron content; but in special instances may be due, or partly due, to concentrations of magnetic ore minerals. By means of the magnetic anomalies, various rock bodies or structural features, such as faults or folds, may be traced by the geologist into, or across, areas of few or no outcrops. In many instances, however, no present interpretation of particular anomalies may be possible.