

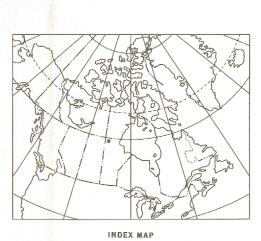
EXPERIMENTAL COLOUR COMPOSITE MAP

This map was made by fully computer automated techniques. Aeromagnetic digital data values were interpolated at the nodes of a regular grid covering the survey area. Each grid cell was .08 cm square. A colour code was assigned to each cell according to the aeromagnetic value within the cell. (See colour scale at right). The data matrix was output on an APPLICON colour jet plotter to produce a colour field map identical to the one above. To facilitate colour printing a colour separation was made automatically with the plotter to give the yellow, cyan and magenta components of the map on separate sheets.

This type of map has less resolution than the usual 1:125,000 scale aeromagnetic contour composites produced by photo reduction of the 1:25,000 scale maps. It does however provide a better depiction of the overall amplitude distribution and regional variation within the survey area.

The Geological Survey of Canada would appreciate your comments concerning the merits of this type of compilation as compared to the photo reduction composites.

Please address your comments to:
The Director General,
Geological Survey of Canada
(Experimental Aeromagnetic Colour Composites)
601 Booth Street,
Ottawa, Ontario, K1A 0E8
Canada



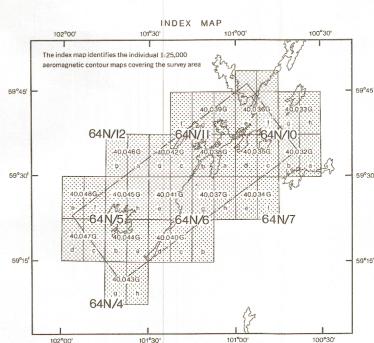
Scale 1:125,000

ilometres 3 0 3 6 9 Kilometres

Miles 2 0 2 4 Miles

Universal Transverse Mercator Projection

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This map has been compiled from digitally-recorded high-sensitivity aeromagnetic data obtained by two self-orienting rubidium-vapour magnetometers installed in twin tail booms mounted on the GSC Beechcraft B80 aircraft. The magnetometers are vertically separated by a distance of 2.08 metres with each measuring the total magnetic field to a resolution of 0.02 gammas.

Flight altitude was 150m above ground at 300m average flight line spacing. Double control lines were flown at an average spacing of 12 kilometres.

The vertical gradient values, which approximate closely to the first vertical derivative of the earth's total field, are obtained by dividing the difference between the total field readings of the two magnetometers by their vertical gradient data was filtered with a digital operator to remove instrument noise. The vertical gradient data from the control lines was not used in the compilation of the map. The data was edited, compiled and levelled by automatic computer process.

Airborne survey and digital compilation was carried out by Resource Geophysics and Geochemistry Division, Geological Survey of Canada. The survey operations took place in August and September 1977 using Beechcraft Queenair 65-880 aircraft CF-WZG.

The topography for this map was reproduced from 1:250,000 topographical map sheets, published by the Deparment of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa.

MAP C45, 003G (EXPERIMENTAL)

KASMERE LAKE

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