in structure section only MIDDLE CAMBRIAN CHANCELLOR FORMATION (lower part):

in structure section only

MIDDLE AND UPPER CAMBRIAN

LOWER CAMBRIAN GOG GROUP: in structure section only

CHANCELLOR FORMATION (upper part):

CHANCELLOR FORMATION (middle part):

in structure section only

DONALD FORMATION: interbedded slate and nodular calcareous slate, grey to brown; siltstone dark brown; and dolomite and limestone, finely crystalline, light to medium grey, thin bedded

HAMILL FORMATION: quartzite and quartzose sandstone, white, grey and red, crossbedded, thick bedded with dark grey to brown silty shales, siltstones and thin bedded sandstones which form a recessive interval in the middle

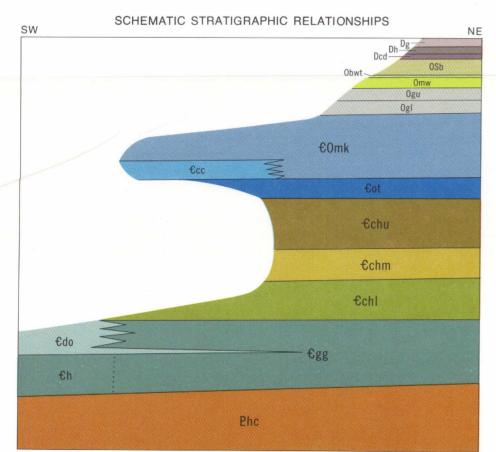
WEST OF PURCELL THRUST FAULT

UPPER PROTEROZOIC (HADRYNIAN)

WINDERMERE SUPERGROUP $HORSETHIEF\ CREEK\ GROUP: Upper\ part; shales\ and\ silty\ shales,$ varicoloured with thin interbeds of quartz siltstone and sandstone; imestone and dolomite, microcrystalline, finely laminated, thin-to medium-bedded. Lower part; sandstone and quartz-pebble conglomerate, feldspathic, poorly sorted, gritty; interbedded quartz sandstone and slate, grey to dark grey

Rock outcrop studied in field		>
Geological boundary (defined, approximate, assumed)		
Bedding, tops known (inclined, overturned)		19
Bedding, tops unknown (inclined)		y
Cleavage (inclined)		2
Thrust fault (teeth on overthrust side; approximate, assumed)		
Thrust fault (overturned; teeth on overthrust side; approximate, assumed)		-
Strike-slip fault (arrow indicates relative movement; approximate, assumed)		
Fault (relative movement unknown; approximate)		
Gravity fault (solid circle indicates downthrow side; approximate, assumed)		
Anticline (trace of axial surface; defined, approximate)		
Anticline (overturned, trace of axial surface; defined)		
Syncline (trace of axial surface; defined, approximate)	- v v	
Syncline (overturned, trace of axial surface; defined)	-0	Τ
Fossil locality, GSC catalogue number		3730 F
Stratigraphic section, locus of measurement (number refers to internal cataloguing system) studied by J.D. Aitken AC, E.W. Mountjoy MJ and B.S. Norford NE	AC-1	57
Line of section	(5)	(5)

Geology by R.A. Price and E.W. Mountjoy based on studies of vertical air photographs and on ground and air observations by J.D. Aitken, H.R. Balkwill, D.B. Corneil, E.W. Mountjoy and R.A. Price (1964-66) and published geological maps



Geological cartography by B.H. Ortman, Institute of Sedimentary and Petroleum Geology, Geological Survey of Canada

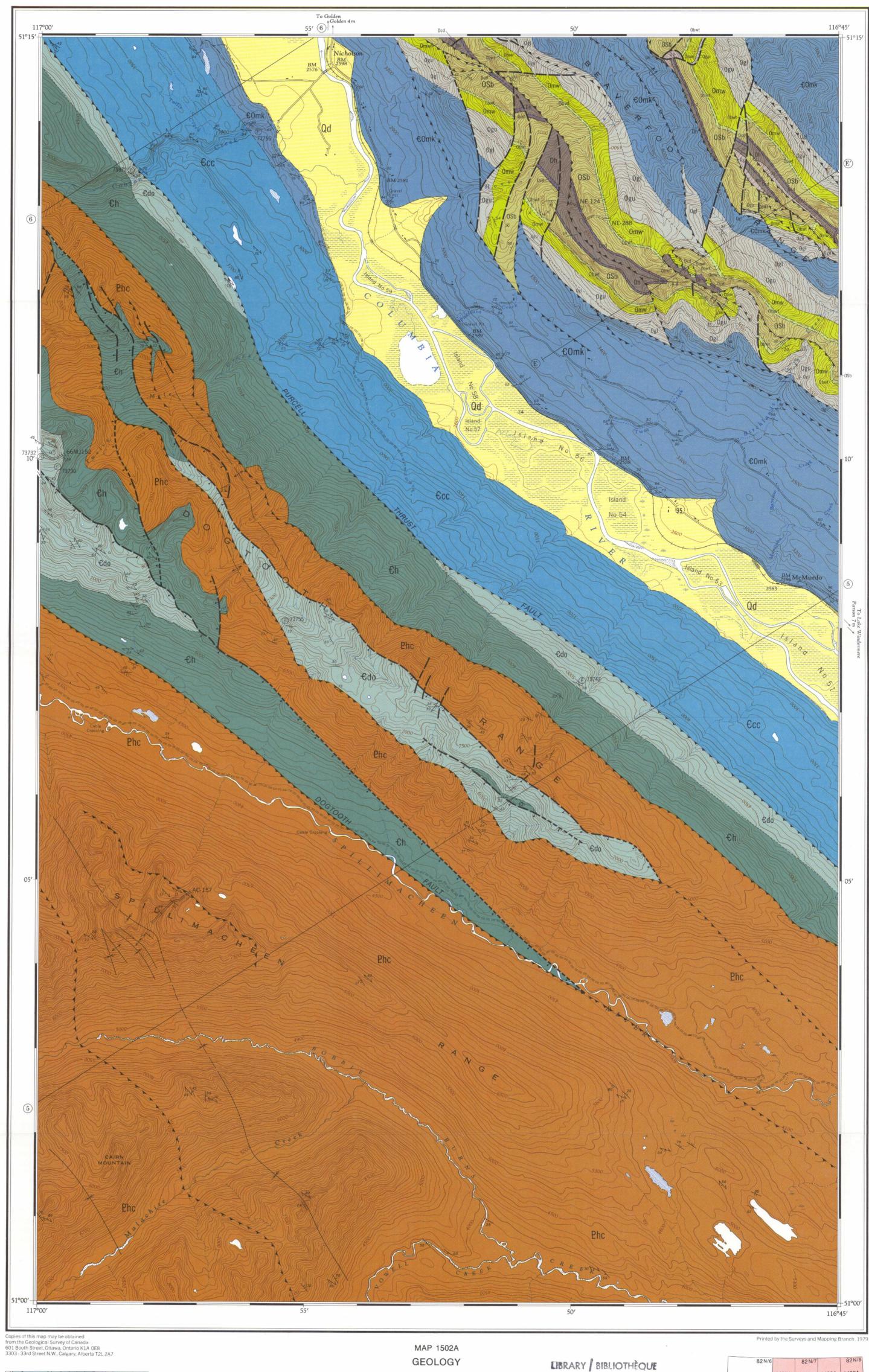
Any revisions or additional geological information known to the user would be welcomed by the Geological Survey of Canada

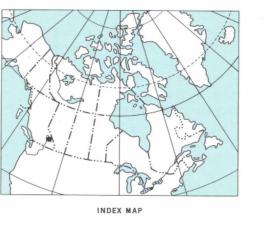
Base map at the same scale published by the Surveys and Mapping Branch in 1959

Copies of the topographical edition of this map may be obtained from the Canada Map Office, 615 Booth Street, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0E9

Approximate magnetic declination 1979, 22°01.7' East decreasing 5.2' annually

Elevations in feet above mean sea level





McMURDO (West Half) WEST OF FIFTH MERIDIAN BRITISH COLUMBIA Scale 1:50,000

> Transverse Mercator Projection © Crown Copyrights reserved

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1497A 1496A 1483A 1482A 82 N/2 NATIONAL TOPOGRAPHIC SYSTEM REFERENCE AND INDEX TO ADJOINING GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA MAPS MAP 1502A NOT TO BE TAKEN FROM LIBRARY MCMURDO

502A 1501A 1477A 1476A NE PAS SORTIR DE LA BIBLIOTHEQUE (West Half)