

- LEGEND**
- Drumlin (direction of flow known, unknown)
 - Rock drumlin (direction known from crag and tail unknown)
 - Glacial grooves
 - Glacial striae on bedrock
 - Large meltwater or outwash channels and river channels bounded by outbanks and terraces (arrows indicate direction of flow)
 - Small meltwater or abandoned stream channels (direction of flow known, unknown)
 - Pitted terrane
 - Eskers and esker complexes
 - Cirques
 - End-moraine of valley glaciers
 - Alluvial fans
 - Approximate limit or margins of valley glaciers

Geology by H.W. Tipper, 1954-1969

To accompany GSC Bulletin 196 by H.W. Tipper

Geological cartography by the Geological Survey of Canada

Topographic base-map at the same scale published by the Surveys and Mapping Branch, 1959

Magnetic declination 1970, varies from 24°31' easterly at centre of west edge to 23°55' easterly at centre of east edge. Mean annual change decreasing 3.1'

Copies of the topographical edition of this map may be obtained from the map distribution office, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa

93L	93K	93J	93I
93E	93F	93G	93H
93D	93C	93B	93A
92M	92N	92O	92P
	1291A	1292A	1293A

NATIONAL TOPOGRAPHIC SYSTEM REFERENCE AND INDEX TO GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA MAPS



INDEX MAP

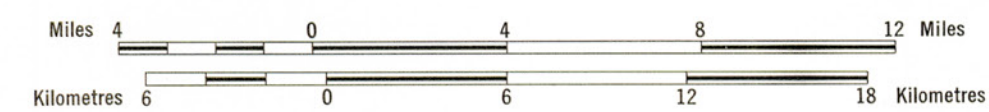


Published: 1971
Copies of this map may be obtained from the Geological Survey of Canada, Ottawa

Printed by the Surveys and Mapping Branch

MAP 1291A
SURFICIAL GEOLOGY
MOUNT WADDINGTON
BRITISH COLUMBIA

Scale 1:250,000



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MAP 1291A
MOUNT WADDINGTON
BRITISH COLUMBIA