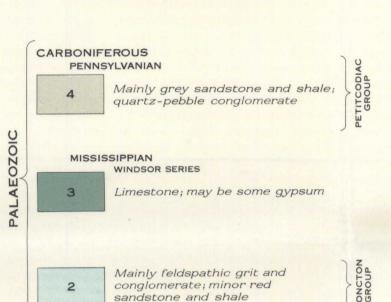
CANADA DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND RESOURCES

MINES AND GEOLOGY BRANCH

BUREAU OF GEOLOGY AND TOPOGRAPHY



LEGEND



PRE-CARBONIFEROUS Mainly quartzite and schist; minor granitic intrusions

Bedding (inclined, horizontal)....+ Observed rock outcrop..... NOTE. Observed rock outcrops may be indicated either by a cross, x, or by a bedding symbol.

Road and buildings
Road not well travelled
Bush road or trail
Railway stop
Power transmission line
Church
School
Cemetery
County boundary (position approximate)
Stream (position approximate)
Intermittent stream
Marsh
Height in feet above Mean sea-level243'

Geology by J.S.Stewart, 1939.

Base-map prepared by the Topographical Survey, 1938, from Federal Government map published in 1935. Cartography by the Drafting and Reproducing Division, 1940.

DESCRIPTIVE NOTES

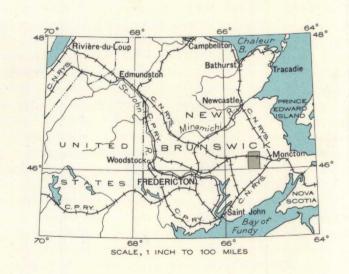
A complete section of the Moncton group (2) is exposed on Price brook. It consists, mainly, of red, feldspathic grits and conglomerates but includes some red sandstone and shale. The total thickness is about 2,850 feet. The basal beds here rest unconformably on pre-Carboniferous rocks (1) but farther east, along North river in the adjoining Salisbury map-area, the Moncton group is conformable with and shows a gradation into underlying grey shale and sandstone of the Albert formation.

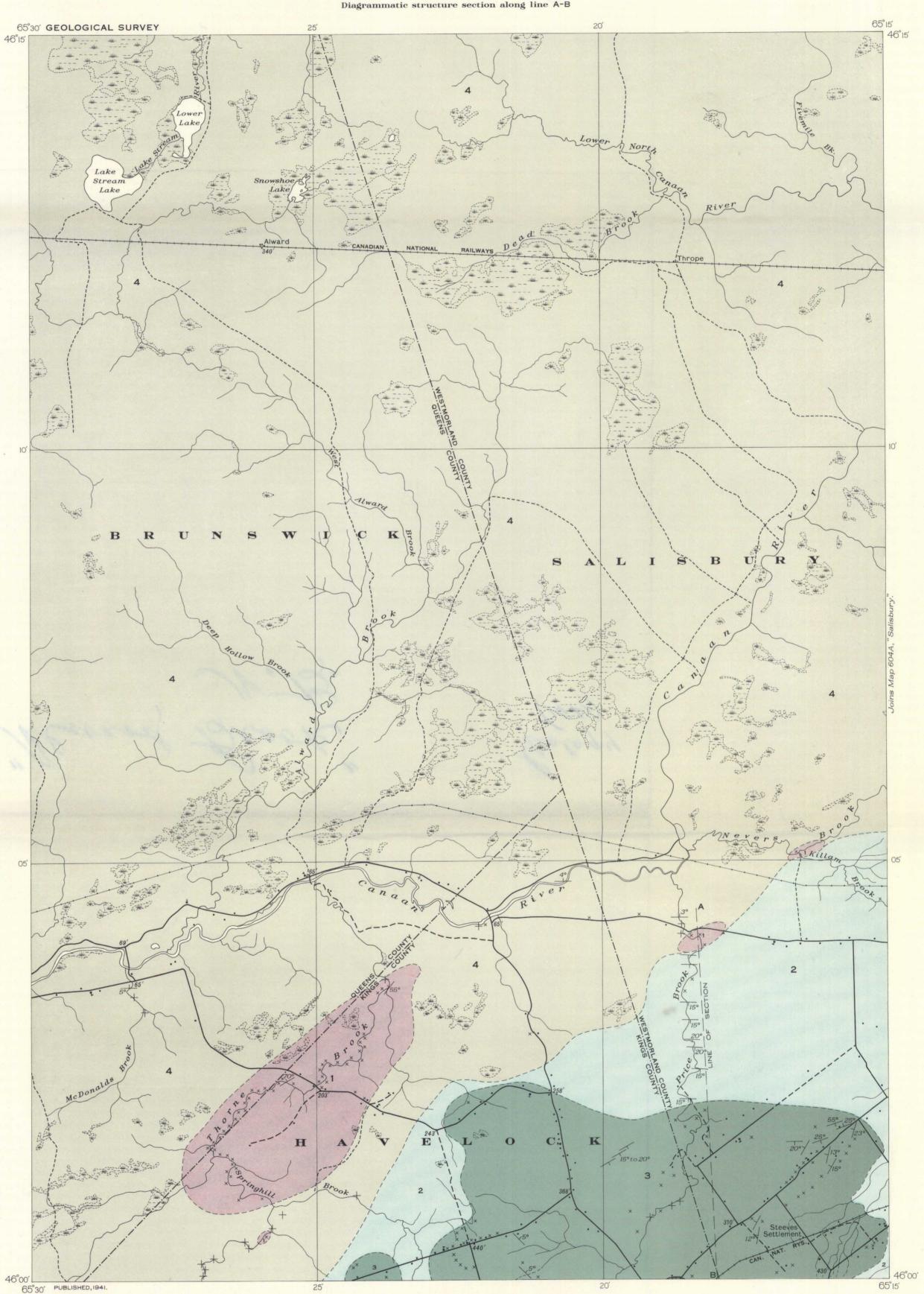
The Windsor series (3) appears to be conformable with underlying Moncton strata. The series is best exposed near Havelock where it consists mostly, if not entirely, of limestone and is at least 185 feet

consists mostly, if not entirely, of limestone and is at least 185 feet thick. Neither top nor bottom is exposed.

The Petitcodiac group (4) overlaps the Mississippian formations and, consequently, is structurally unconformable with them. Contacts with the Moncton group and Windsor series are concealed in this map-area but, in places, Petitcodiac beds were observed resting on pre-Carboniferous rocks. On Price brook, outcrops of the Petitodiac 100 yards apart rest on the old, pre-Carboniferous surface. codiac, 100 yards apart, rest on the old, pre-Carboniferous surface at elevations that differ by as much as 50 feet. The basal member of at elevations that differ by as much as 50 feet. The basal member of the Petitcodiac group is commonly a conglomerate composed, chiefly, of white quartz pebbles. Along Canaan river, fine-grained, thin, flaggy sandstones form an easily recognized member of the lower part of the group.

The pre-Carboniferous rocks have been closely folded, faulted and much metamorphosed. Mississippian formations in this map-area are gently folded and are unaltered. The Pennsylvanian, Petitcodiac beds dip very gently northwards.





ALWARD BROOK

MAP 605A

WESTMORLAND, QUEENS, AND KINGS COUNTIES

NEW BRUNSWICK

Scale, 63,360 or I Inch to I Mille Approximate magnetic declination, 23°15' West. NOT TO BE TAKEN FROM LIBRARY
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5.1.4 N. B. Alward Brook. Map 605A A, Geol. Scale-Imi. to 1" 1941