



**GEOLOGICAL
SURVEY
OF
CANADA**

**DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY,
MINES AND RESOURCES**

**ECONOMIC GEOLOGY
REPORT No. 29**

**NIOBIUM (COLUMBIUM)
AND TANTALUM IN CANADA**

K. R. Dawson

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**NIOBIUM (COLUMBIUM)
AND TANTALUM
IN CANADA**

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By
K. R. Dawson

DEPARTMENT OF
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PREFACE

An objective of certain of the studies carried out by the Geological Survey of Canada is to estimate the potential abundance and probable distribution of the mineral and fuel resources available to Canada. Results of detailed studies of specific minerals of economic importance are published as Economic Geology reports and in this publication all known Canadian deposits of niobium and tantalum are described.

Although niobium and tantalum were discovered in the first years of the nineteenth century, it was not until the 1930s that their use in metallurgy became widespread. At present Canada ranks second to Brazil in the production in the non-Communist world of the two elements.

In this report, Dr. Dawson describes the more than 256 known Canadian deposits in terms of geology, mineralogy and geochemistry, presents a classification of Canadian deposits and suggests prospecting techniques and target areas to assist those interested in the search for these elements. It is an up-to-date compilation of published and unpublished data on niobium deposits, the first published compilation on tantalum deposits in Canada, and replaces Economic Geology Report 18 published in 1958 in which Canadian niobium deposits were first described.

D. J. McLaren,
Director.

Ottawa, October 16, 1973

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NIOBIUM (COLUMBIUM) AND TANTALUM IN CANADA

ABSTRACT

The history of the discovery and development of the niobium (columbium) and tantalum resources of Canada has spanned ninety years (1882-1972) during which these minerals advanced from being mineral curiosities, through the stage of being the byproduct of other commodity searches and are now the main product of two mines. Occurrences and deposits of niobium and tantalum have been reported from most provinces and territories of Canada. At least 256 deposits are known and of these 12 have published reserves of niobium and 3 estimates for tantalum: 172 of the deposits are pegmatitic, 64 are alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes, 3 are placers, and 17 are undefined types. The complexes have become the most promising source of future mining production since their geological characteristics were first recognized in the early 1950's. Niobium (pyrochlore) concentrates have been mined at Oka, Quebec by the St. Lawrence Columbium and Metals Corporation from an alkaline syenite-carbonatite complex since 1961. Tantalum (wodginite) has been recovered from a large zoned granite pegmatite at Bernic Lake, Manitoba by the Tantalum Mining Corporation of Canada since 1969.

RÉSUMÉ

L'histoire de la découverte et de la mise en valeur des ressources en niobium (columbium) et en tantale s'étend sur quatre-vingt-dix années (1882-1972) pendant lesquelles ces minéraux sont passés de curiosités minérales à l'étape de sous-produits de la prospection d'autres matières premières pour en arriver aujourd'hui à être le principal produit de deux mines. Des venues et des gisements de niobium et de tantale ont été signalés dans la plupart des provinces et territoires du Canada. Au moins 256 gisements sont connus et des réserves de niobium ont été déclarées pour 12 d'entre eux et probablement 3 pour le tantale: 172 des gisements sont pegmatitiques, 64 sont des complexes alcalins de syénite et de carbonatite, 3 sont des gisements alluvionnaires et 17 sont d'un type indéfini. Les complexes sont devenus les sources les plus prometteuses de production minière de l'avenir depuis que leurs caractéristiques géologiques ont été définies au début des années 1950. Des concentrés de niobium (pyrochlore) sont exploités à Oka (Québec) par la St. Lawrence Columbium and Metals Corporation depuis 1961 à partir d'un complexe alcalin à syénite et à carbonatite. La Tantalum Mining Corporation of Canada exploite du tantale (wodginite) depuis 1969 à partir d'une importante zone de granite à pegmatite à Bernic Lake, au Manitoba.

CHAPTER I

INTRODUCTION

The elements niobium and tantalum have some chemical similarities, they commonly occur together in the same minerals although in varying proportions but they have different economic uses. The term niobium will be used in the text rather than columbium the term favoured by mining circles. Occurrences and deposits of niobium and tantalum have been reported from most of the provinces and territories of Canada except for Alberta, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island, the Yukon Territory and the District of Keewatin see Map. These include numerous occurrences of tantalum in pegmatites and relatively few of niobium in alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes but the latter hold more promise of production. Most occurrences are accessible by several modes of transportation, but some are so distant from potential markets or have other characteristics that they are uneconomical to mine at present. In Canada niobium production from pyrochlore also faces strong competition from the pyrochlore-rich soils overlying the alkaline syenite-carbonatite complex at Araxa, Brazil.

Niobium minerals are being mined from the St. Lawrence Columbium and Metals mine Oka, Quebec see Fig. 1a, 1b, that commenced operation as an open pit mine in 1961 to mine pyrochlore from an alkaline syenite-carbonatite complex. Bulk samples of niobium ores have been taken for metallurgical tests and feasibility studies from the Nova Beaucage property at North Bay, Ontario; the Multi-Minerals property in Lackner-McNaught Townships, Ontario; the Bugaboo placers near Golden, B. C.; and the Alpha-A orebody on South Bluff Creek property of Consolidated Morrison Explorations Ltd., near Moosonee, Ontario. Plans have been announced to do the same at the St-Honoré property of SOQUEM, near Chicoutimi, Quebec, see Fig. 3a, 3b. Numerous niobium occurrences related to alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes have been discovered in Ontario and Quebec, but relatively few contain proven reserves of pyrochlore mineralization.

Stanniferous tantalite (wodginit) has been mined since 1969 by the Tantalum Mining Corporation of Canada from the Montgary pegmatite, Bernic Lake, Manitoba see Fig. 2a, 2b. Granite pegmatites, which have been identified in many areas of Canada, may contain columbite-tantalite, and a few dykes may contain sufficient amounts to permit mining for that mineral alone. Although tantalite concentrates were produced in the Yellowknife-Beaulieu River area, District of Mackenzie, it may prove feasible to mine the mineral only as part of an integrated operation recovering also one or more of spodumene, beryl, or pollucite from some Canadian pegmatites.

This report is intended as an up-to-date state of development report on the occurrence and production of niobium and tantalum that complements the report by Rowe (1958). It also presents a summary of data on domestic and world production, uses, and consumption of niobium and tantalum over a period of years to outline trend projections and forecasts. This report has been compiled mainly by a search of the extensive literature on the subject in Canadian and foreign journals. Visits were made to the producing mines in

1971 to observe the deposits at first hand. A file was produced that contains an up-to-date data base for the 256 known occurrences and deposits in Canada see appendix A, B. A parallel file was also produced that describes 54 foreign past and present producers of the two elements.

HISTORY

The history of the discovery and development of the niobium and tantalum resources of Canada has spanned ninety years (1882-1972). Niobium-tantalum minerals have advanced through the curiosity stage, to the byproduct of other commodity searches, and now are the main resource of at least two mines. For many years the search was restricted to granite-pegmatites, more recently extended to some Cordilleran placer deposits, and now commercial production has been won from the alkaline syenite-carbonatite complex in the Oka area and the zoned pegmatites at Bernic Lake, Manitoba.

The first report of Nb-Ta minerals in Canada was an identification of samarskite and a chemical analysis by Hoffman (1882) from a specimen collected from the Maisonneuve pegmatite in Berthier County, Quebec. The mineral's identity was later confirmed by Ellsworth (1932) who also reported niobium-tantalum minerals from numerous other pegmatites in southeastern Ontario and southwestern Quebec.

The period starting in the late 1920's was characterized by an intensive search for commercial deposits of tin in Canada. As a result pegmatites were examined at Bernic Lake, Manitoba and in the Yellowknife-Beaulieu River area, District of Mackenzie, see Fig. 8. Commercial deposits of tin were not developed but niobium-tantalum minerals were identified in some of these pegmatites.

Between 1940 and 1945 the Second World War denied access to the overseas sources of tungsten, and the increased demand initiated an intensive search for this element in Canada, Jolliffe (1944), Lord (1951). This resulted in the first discovery of potentially ore-grade tantalum-bearing pegmatites in the Yellowknife-Beaulieu River area, District of Mackenzie and by 1943 these pegmatites were being investigated as sources of tantalum. Minor quantities of tantalite concentrates and other materials were produced between 1946 and 1948, resulting in a total production of 5 tons from the properties of the De Staffany Tantalum Beryllium Mines Limited; Peg Tantalum Lines Limited; and Freda No. 1 Claim.

From 1947, changes in the Federal laws, a good market, and the availability of commercially produced Geiger and scintillation counters created a great surge of interest in the search for uranium across the country, resulting in the re-examination of countless pegmatites, Lang, 1952. The Grenville province, particularly the Parry Sound and Bancroft areas, see Fig. 11, is characterized by abundant pegmatites associated with the granitic rocks that intrude the rocks of the Grenville Group. These pegmatitic bodies have been long exploited for the feldspar, mica, and to a lesser degree for quartz crystals. The rush to find new deposits of uranium resulted in the discovery of many occurrences of niobium-tantalum minerals (Lang, et al., 1961, and Row, 1958) both in outcrops and waste dumps on these sites but none, however, resulted in the commercial production of niobium-tantalum concentrates.

Relatively little work was done in the Nemegos area until 1949 when radioactivity was discovered on the McVittie claims, Nickel, 1955, 1956. It

was subsequently discovered that the radioactivity was caused by pyrochlore, a titano-columbate of calcium and rare-earths that commonly contains minor amounts of uranium, and further development work blocked out reserves of niobium-tantalum ore in an alkaline syenite-carbonatite complex.

In late 1952, Mr. F. Manny, a farmer from Oka, Quebec, sent samples of radioactive magnetite-bearing rocks to the Geological Survey of Canada. The presence of thorium and a mineral of the pyrochlore-microlite series was noted. Britholite, a rare-earth phosphate mineral was identified in another sample sent during 1953 to the Provincial Mines Department Laboratory in Montreal. Encouraged by the uranium boom and the discovery of a radioactive vein on Dufresne Hill, much of the surrounding area was staked during the rush of 1954. Since then St. Lawrence Columbium and Metals Corporation developed the Oka mine and went into production in 1961 as the world's largest producer of niobium concentrates, later surpassed by the Araxa mine in Brazil.

Mr. James Strohl, Tunkhannock, Pennsylvania discovered radioactivity exceeding the average for the area late in 1952 in some outcrops of an alkaline syenite-carbonatite complex on the Manitou Islands in Lake Nipissing. Specimens were collected and submitted for assay and both the Mines Branch, Ottawa and the Ontario Department of Mines reported from 0.01 to 0.12 uranium oxide equivalent. Subsequent mineralogical study at the Geological Survey of Canada resulted in the identification of the niobium-tantalum mineral pyrochlore-microlite. In February 1953, Beaucage Mines Limited was formed to take over the Manitou Islands property of Messrs. Kenmey and VanClief. A shaft was sunk, a large sample was taken for ore dressing research, reserves were outlined, but the property was closed down to await market developments.

The increasingly widespread use of airborne magnetometers has identified several magnetic anomalies in Ontario and Quebec that have been related to alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes. Airborne surveys made by Dominion Gulf Limited located the Nemegos and Lackner Lake complexes in Ontario and the joint Ontario-Federal Government survey of the James Bay lowlands located complexes south of Moosonee. An airborne survey made by SOQUEM north of Chicoutimi located the St-Honoré complex in that area of Quebec and other complexes have been identified elsewhere by this procedure.

Geological ground surveys have confirmed the presence of pyrochlore mineralization at all of the above complexes. The Nemegos property of the Multi-Minerals Corporation and the James Bay lowlands north complex (South Bluff Creek), property of Consolidated Morrison Explorations Limited have outlined reserves large enough to become economic under suitable market conditions.

The continued uranium search also led to the discovery of radioactive placer deposits in the Golden area of southern British Columbia and possible pyrochlore-bearing carbonatites at Manson Creek, Ice River, and Blue River in the same province. None of these proved to have sufficient reserves to become economic to mine at the present time.

In October 1966, Chemalloy Minerals Limited requested the firm of A.C.A. Howe International Limited to determine the tantalum potential of the Montgary pegmatite sill, Bernic Lake, Manitoba. As a result of this study and the arrangement of financing the property was readied and went into production in January 1969 at 500 tpd. (160 tons of Ta₂O₅ per year) to become Canada's only tantalum producing mine.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The Geological Survey of Canada and the writer personally wish to thank the mining companies holding niobium and tantalum properties in Canada for making information available and for the courtesies extended.

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G. P. Wigle of the Mineral Resources Branch, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa did the research and contributed the information used in Chapter II.

CHAPTER II

RESERVES, PRODUCTION AND USES

This chapter presents a summary of data on domestic and world production, uses, and consumption of niobium and tantalum over a period of years to outline trend projections and forecasts.

PRODUCTION AND RESERVES

The principal commercial mineral of niobium and tantalum was formerly columbite-tantalite derived from pegmatites, and more recently residual soils and placer deposits. Both elements are byproducts of tin mining from alluvial deposits, notably in Nigeria where concentrates containing 60 per cent or more of the combined oxides of niobium and tantalum are recovered. The major sources of niobium in recent years however has been pyrochlore from the carbonatite rock complexes in Canada, Brazil, Zaire, and Norway, (see Tables 1a, 1b, 1c, 2).

Depending upon the geological nature of the ore deposits, the availability of labour, and power supplies, mining methods range from hand labour through large alluvial dredging operations, to mechanized open-pit, and underground mining operations. Where low cost bulk mining methods can be used the exploitation of very low-grade deposits containing as little as one pound of combined tin and niobium per ton of material may be profitable, but many small, rich deposits mined and washed by hand methods also contribute to world production.

Canada's only producer of niobium-bearing concentrates, St. Lawrence Columbium and Metals Corporation near Oka, Quebec, is a low-cost operation that began production by open-pit methods. Open-pit mining continued during the first four years of production, followed by a combination of open-pit and underground mining, and finally complete conversion to underground methods in 1967. The mine produced about 2,000 tons of ore a day in 1970 which yielded 4.9 million pounds of niobium pentoxide (Nb_2O_5) in pyrochlore concentrates containing a minimum of 50 per cent Nb_2O_5 and a maximum of 1 per cent of tantalum pentoxide (Ta_2O_5), at the end of 1970. The company's proven ore reserves to a depth of 1,000 feet were 2,300,000 tons grading 0.488 per cent (9.76 pounds per ton) Nb_2O_5 . Ore extensions below 1,000 feet, partly explored by diamond drilling, are calculated as 2,950,000 tons of additional reserves grading 0.514 per cent (10.28 pounds a ton) Nb_2O_5 . Production and cost data for 1966-70 are shown in Table 3.

Canada's first commercial production of tantalum began in 1969 at Bernic Lake, Manitoba, mine of the Tantalum Mining Corporation of Canada Limited. Concentrates were first shipped in the second half of 1969 and the company announced a price of U.S. \$7 per pound of Ta_2O_5 in concentrates containing 50 per cent Ta_2O_5 , f.o.b. the mine, for contracted deliveries through 1970. The approximately 315,000 pounds of tantalum pentoxide shipped in 1970, the first full production year, supplied about 47 per cent of United States imports of tantalum and became the principal United States supplier followed by Zaire (18 per cent) and Brazil (18 per cent).

TABLE 1A

World Production of Niobium (Nb) and Tantalum (Ta)
Concentrates¹, 1962-64 (thousands of pounds, gross weight)

| Country | 1962 | | | | | | 1963 | | | | | | 1964 | | | | | |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|-----|----------------------------------|-----|-------|--------|-----|-------|-------|-----|---|------|---|---|-------|---|-----|
| | Nb | | | Ta | | | Nb-Ta | | | Nb | | | Ta | | | Nb-Ta | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Types of Concentrates | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Argentina ² | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Australia | - | - | - | 43 | - | - | - | - | 30 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 33 |
| Brazil: Nb-Ta ³ | 38 | - | 323 | - | - | 43 | 231 | - | - | 25 | 181 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Pyrochlore | 225 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 712 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Canada: Pyrochlore | 1,909 | - | - | - | - | 2,693 | - | - | - | 4,222 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| French Guiana | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 5 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2 |
| Malagasy Republic | - | - | 21 | - | - | - | - | - | 38 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8 |
| Malaysia | 246 | - | - | - | 197 | - | - | - | - | 125 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Mozambique: Nb-Ta | - | - | 347 | - | - | - | - | 338 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 417 |
| Microlite | - | - | 160 | - | - | - | 131 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nigeria | 5,607 | 38 | - | 4,507 | 34 | - | - | - | 5,239 | 22 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Norway | 769 | - | - | 783 | - | - | - | - | 410 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Portugal ² | 43 | 96 | - | 4 | 73 | - | - | - | - | 22 | 32 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Rhodesia | - | 160 | - | (Included in Zaire through 1963) | - | 151 | - | - | - | - | 141 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Rwanda ² | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South Africa, Rep. of | - | 8 | - | - | 64 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| South West Africa | 1 | 10 | - | 0.4 | 4 | - | - | - | 0.4 | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Spain ² | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 15 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Uganda | - | - | 29 | - | - | - | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 13 |
| Zaire ⁴ | 56 | 228 | - | 163 | 147 | - | - | - | - | - | 101 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 8,354 | 1,029 | 440 | 8,390 | 840 | 431 | 10,778 | 494 | 473 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Source: United States Bureau of Mines, Minerals Yearbooks.

¹ Concentrates containing both elements are shown under Nb-Ta when composition data are insufficient.

² U.S. imports. ³ Exports. ⁴ Zaire also produced Nb-Ta-bearing tin concentrate; contained pentoxides averaging about 10 per cent combined Nb-Ta.

- Nil;

TABLE 1B

World Production of Niobium (Nb) and Tantalum (Ta)
Concentrates¹, 1965-67 (thousands of pounds, gross weight)

| Country | Concentrates | | | | | | 1967 | | |
|----------------------------|--------------|-----|-------|--------|-------|-------|--------|-------|-------|
| | 1965 | | | 1966 | | | Nb | Ta | Nb-Ta |
| | Nb | Ta | Nb-Ta | Nb | Ta | Nb-Ta | | | |
| Argentina | - | 1 | - | - | - | 13 | - | - | 7 |
| Australia | - | 26 | - | - | 11 | - | - | 51 | - |
| Brazil: Nb-Ta ² | 88 | 364 | - | 131 | 352 | - | 227 | 459 | - |
| Pyrochlore | 2,637 | - | - | 10,527 | - | - | 10,199 | - | - |
| Canada: Pyrochlore | 4,542 | - | - | 5,148 | - | - | 4,408 | - | - |
| French Guiana | - | - | 2 | - | - | 2 | - | - | 2 |
| Malagasy Republic | - | - | 9 | - | - | 1 | - | - | 0.1 |
| Malaysia | 101 | - | - | 152 | - | - | 196 | - | - |
| Mozambique: Nb-Ta | - | - | 303 | - | - | 299 | - | - | 351 |
| Microlite | - | 189 | - | - | 175 | - | - | 166 | - |
| Nigeria | 5,707 | 29 | - | 4,986 | 27 | - | 4,310 | 43 | - |
| Norway: Pyrochlore | 331 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Portugal ³ | - | 48 | - | 27 | 67 | - | 18 | 99 | - |
| Rhodesia | - | 77 | - | - | 60 | - | - | .. | .. |
| Rwanda | - | - | 109 | - | - | 55 | - | - | 69 |
| South Africa, Rep. of | - | - | 7 | - | - | 4 | - | - | 11 |
| South West Africa | 1 | - | 1 | - | - | 2 | - | - | .. |
| Spain ³ | - | 14 | - | 10 | 13 | - | - | 11 | - |
| Thailand ⁴ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 101 |
| Uganda | - | - | 18 | - | - | 25 | - | - | 60 |
| Zaire ^{3,4} | 44 | 160 | - | 127 | 993 | - | 66 | 368 | - |
| Total | 13,451 | 908 | 449 | 21,108 | 1,698 | 401 | 19,424 | 1,192 | 601 |

Source: United States Bureau of Mines, Minerals Yearbook.

¹ Concentrates containing both elements are shown under Nb-Ta when composition data are insufficient.

² Exports. ³ U.S. imports. ⁴ Zaire also produced Nb-Ta-bearing tin concentrate.

- Nil; .. Not available

TABLE 1C

World Production of Niobium (Nb) and Tantalum (Ta)
Concentrates^{1,2}, 1968-70 (thousands of pounds, gross weight).

| Country ³ | 1968 | | | | Type of Concentrate | | | | 1970 ^e | | | |
|----------------------------|--------|-------|-------|--------|---------------------|-------|--------|-------|-------------------|-----|-------|-------|
| | Nb | | Nb-Ta | | Nb | | Nb-Ta | | Nb | | Nb-Ta | |
| | Ta | Nb-Ta | Ta | Nb-Ta | Ta | Nb-Ta | Ta | Nb-Ta | Ta | Nb | Ta | Nb-Ta |
| Argentina | - | - | " | " | - | - | " | " | - | - | - | " |
| Australia | - | - | 231 | - | - | - | 95 | - | - | - | - | " |
| Brazil: Nb-Ta ⁴ | 138 | 599 | - | - | 19,099 | - | - | - | 20,000 | - | - | " |
| Pyrochlore | 11,021 | - | - | - | 6,021 | - | - | - | 6,500 | - | - | " |
| Canada: Pyrochlore | 4,363 | - | - | - | - | 400 | - | - | - | 600 | - | " |
| Tantaltite | - | - | " | - | - | - | " | - | - | - | - | " |
| French Guiana | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.5 | - | - | - | - | " |
| Ivory Coast | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | " | - | - | - | - | " |
| Madagascar Republic | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | " | - | - | - | - | " |
| Malaysia | - | - | 114 | - | - | - | - | - | 132 | - | - | 145 |
| Mozambique: Nb-Ta | - | - | 136 | - | - | - | - | - | 132 | - | - | 141 |
| Microlite | - | 199 | - | - | - | - | " | - | - | - | - | " |
| Nigeria | 2,528 | 25 | - | - | 3,340 | 13 | - | - | 3,500 | 15 | - | - |
| Portugal ⁶ | - | - | 26 | - | - | - | 21 | - | - | - | - | " |
| Rwanda | - | - | 62 | - | - | - | 48 | - | - | - | - | " |
| South Africa, Rep. of | - | 40 | - | - | - | 13 | - | - | - | - | - | " |
| Thailand | - | - | 88 | - | - | - | 57 | - | - | - | - | " |
| Uganda | - | - | 20 | - | - | - | " | - | - | - | - | " |
| Zaire ⁵ | - | - | 249 | - | - | - | 220 | - | - | - | 115 | - |
| Total | 18,050 | 863 | 930 | 28,460 | 426 | 705 | 30,000 | 615 | 401 | | | |

Source: United States Bureau of Mines, annual publications.

¹ Excludes Niobium and tantalum-bearing tin slag. ² Concentrates containing both elements are shown under Nb-Ta when composition data are insufficient. ³ Niobium and tantalum mineral concentrates are also produced in Spain, South West Africa, Rhodesia, USSR. ⁴ Exports. ⁵ Zaire also produced Nb-Ta-bearing tin concentrate; 1968 output was 176,370 pounds containing about 10 per cent combined pentoxides. ⁶ As reported.

eEstimated; - Nil; .. Not available

TABLE 2
Principal Niobium Reserves by Country

| Country | Niobium Content (million pounds) | Type of Occurrence |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Brazil | 9,000 | Pyrochlore in weathered alkalic rocks and carbonatite, major. Columbite in pegmatites and placers, minor. |
| Canada | 2,000 | Pyrochlore in alkalic rocks and carbonatite, major. Other occurrences, minor. |
| Nigeria | 650 | Tin mining byproducts, placer and eluvial, major. Pegmatites, minor. |
| Uganda | 550 | Pyrochlore-bearing carbonatites, major. Columbite pegmatites, minor. |
| Tanzania | 350 | Pyrochlore-bearing carbonatites, eluvial and bedrock, major. |
| United States | 320 | Pyrochlore carbonatite, large, low grade. Placer, minor. Niobium in bauxite, titanium deposits, aluminum plant wastes; U.S. reserves are classified as a potential resource only. |
| Kenya | 250 | Pyrochlore in weathered carbonatite, eluvial. |
| Norway | 50 | Pyrochlore-bearing carbonatite dykes. |
| Zaire | 50 | Pyrochlore in carbonatite (open-pit mining); major. Columbite in pegmatites and tin mining byproduct, major. |
| Other ¹ | 100 | Placer and eluvial, largely by-product, carbonatite and pegmatite. |

Source: United States Bureau of Mines Bulletin 650, Columbium.

¹Rwanda and other African countries, Malaysia, Thailand, Uganda.

TABLE 3
St. Lawrence Columbium and Metals Corporation,
Production and Cost Data, 1966-70

| | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Fiscal Years Ended September 30 | | | | |
| Tons milled | 406,698 | 369,642 | 360,194 | 475,201 | 724,345 |
| Pounds of Nb ₂ O ₅ produced | 2,647,667 | 2,368,225 | 2,005,989 | 3,059,052 | 4,886,957 |
| Value of production | \$3,188,114 | 2,799,982 | 1,966,937 | 3,107,514 | 5,310,634 |
| Cost of production | \$1,928,236 | 2,170,411 | 1,614,581 | 2,450,469 | 3,417,707 |
| Administrative and selling expenses, interest and mining duties, taxes Profits before depreciation and amortization | \$ 321,046 | 286,771 | 228,187 | 219,464 | 335,920 |
| Depreciation and amortization | \$ 929,259 | 342,799 | 124,169 | 437,580 | 1,557,007 |
| Net profit for the year | \$ 474,964 | 323,505 | 256,511 | 332,220 | 499,930 |
| Pounds Nb ₂ O ₅ produced per ton milled | \$ 454,295 | 19,294 | (132,342) | 105,360 | 1,057,077 |
| Value per ton milled | 6.51 | 6.41 | 5.57 | 6.44 | 6.75 |
| Production cost per ton milled | \$7.84 | 7.57 | 5.46 | 6.54 | 7.33 |
| Value per pound Nb ₂ O ₅ produced | \$4.74 | 5.87 | 4.48 | 5.16 | 4.71 |
| Production cost per pound Nb ₂ O ₅ produced | \$1.20 | 1.18 | 0.98 | 1.01 | 1.09 |
| Total cost per pound Nb ₂ O ₅ produced | \$0.73 | 0.92 | 0.80 | 0.80 | 0.70 |
| | \$1.03 | 1.17 | 1.05 | 0.98 | 0.87 |

Source: St. Lawrence Columbium and Metals Corporation.

Tantalum Mining Corporation's operating costs before interest payments and outside exploration charges in 1970 averaged \$9.66 per ton of ore milled or \$3.47 per pound of tantalum pentoxide produced. Tonnage mined and milled during the year was 152,478 or 560 tons a working day, which was beneficiated to 312 tons of concentrate containing 51.55 per cent or 321,672 pounds of Ta_2O_5 . Ore reserves at the end of 1970 were 1,643,742 tons grading 0.23 per cent Ta_2O_5 , of which an estimated 467,839 tons would remain in pillars. Production in 1971 was expected to be about 430,000 pounds of tantalum pentoxide. The company increased its price of tantalum pentoxide from \$7.00 to \$8.00 per pound in 1971.

The following descriptions of two Canadian pyrochlore deposits are included to indicate the grade and relative size of ore occurrences that currently (1970-71) warrant the undertaking of the extensive and costly pre-production programs required prior to completion of feasibility studies of the scale and economics of production proposals.

Quebec Mining Exploration Company (SOQUEM) has entered into an agreement with the Copperfields Mining Corporation Limited for joint exploration and development of the St-Honoré pyrochlore-bearing property of SOQUEM about 8 miles north of Chicoutimi, Quebec. Estimates based on diamond drilling of the occurrence suggest a deposit of pyrochlore-bearing carbonatite in the order of 60,000,000 tons with an average grade of 0.65 per cent niobium pentoxide. The participating companies were reported (1971) to be arranging for sale of concentrates and tentatively planning for production on a basis related to the volume of sales that could be confidently expected.

Imperial Oil Enterprises Limited, Consolidated Morrison Exploration Limited, and associated companies control a large pyrochlore property in the James Bay lowlands area 31 miles south of Moosonee, Ontario. It was reported that drilling indicated about 80,000 tons of ore per vertical foot averaging 0.52 per cent niobium pentoxide (Nb_2O_5). Production decisions were under study in 1971.

WORLD PRODUCTION

Non-communist world production of niobium and tantalum concentrates is shown in Tables 1a, 1b, and 1c, for 1962-70. Production in 1970 was about 16,000 tons of concentrates of columbite, tantalite, and pyrochlore. Production in 1969 was approximately 14,250 tons.

Brazil

Brazil has maintained its position as the leading producer of pyrochlore concentrates since 1966, Leonardus, 1956. The world's largest producer of niobium is Companhia Brasileira de Metalurgia e Mineração (CBMM) from its mine near Araxá, Brazil. The ore occurs as a large high-grade deposit (3-4 per cent Nb_2O_5) of pyrochlore. The company's production of pyrochlore concentrate increased from 1.4 million pounds (Nb_2O_5 content) in 1965 to 11.3 million pounds in 1969. Plant capacity was increased in 1969-70 and production in 1970 was 17 million pounds of contained Nb_2O_5 . CBMM is jointly owned by Brazilian interests (50.5 per cent), Molybdenum Corporation of America (33 per cent) and Pato Consolidated Gold Dredging Limited. Molybdenum

Corporation announced the development of a new process for making high purity niobium oxide; a small plant was constructed in Brazil for operation in 1971.

Nigeria

Nigeria was the world's leading producer of niobium from 1933, when production started, to 1965. In contrast to the recent producers of niobium from pyrochlore, its niobium and tantalum concentrates are a byproduct of tin mining where the niobium occurs in the mineral columbite.

Other Sources

Niobium and tantalum are also recovered from slags produced in the smelting of cassiterite (SnO_2) concentrate for the recovery of tin. Separation methods leave some columbite and tantalite in cassiterite concentrates; in the subsequent smelting of the tin concentrate a high proportion of the niobium and tantalum remains in the smelter slag. The combined pentoxide content of the slags ranges from about 4 to 20 per cent and these slags are sold to companies specializing in the extraction and refining of niobium and tantalum. A substantial contribution to the overall supply of these metals and their products comes from the slags derived from the smelting of tin concentrates from: Zaire, Malaysia, Nigeria, Portugal, Singapore, Thailand and Brazil.

NIOBIUM

Consumption

The major part of Canada's production of pyrochlore concentrates is exported to the United States, Britain, and Europe. The principal competitor for foreign markets is Brazil. Canada's limited consumption of ferrocolumbium is shown in Table 4 from 1966 to 1970 are listed with imports of alloys and niobium production.

The United States is the largest consumer of niobium but produces only very small amounts of niobium mineral concentrates, and depends on imported niobium raw materials (see Table 5). It is the leading producer of ferrocolumbium and niobium oxide from duty-free imports of concentrate and tin slags. United States consumption of niobium in the form of high purity metal was 179,446 pounds in 1969 compared with the annual average consumption of 105,000 pounds over the period of 1965 to 1969.

Consumption of niobium in ferroalloys was 3.3 million pounds in 1969 compared with the annual average of 2.9 million pounds during 1965 to 1969. The consumption of ferrocolumbium (Fe, Nb) during 1969, by major use category was: alloy steel other than stainless steel and heat-resistant alloys, 36 per cent; superalloys, 24 per cent; carbon steels, 21 per cent; and stainless and heat-resistant steels, 16 per cent.

Pyrochlore concentrates from Brazil and Canada amounted to 48 per cent of non-communist world production of niobium in 1965 and increased to 85 per cent of the estimated 31 million pounds produced in 1970.

TABLE 4

Canada, Niobium and Tantalum Production and Trade, 1966-1970

| | Unit | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 |
|--|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Production: (Nb ₂ O ₅ content of products shipped) | lb | 2,637,997 | 2,159,557 | 2,181,304 | 3,414,495 | 4,919,000 |
| Tantalite (Ta ₂ O ₅ content) | \$ | 3,182,170 | 2,404,475 | 2,036,315 | 3,172,845 | 5,303,600 |
| Imports ¹ from United States | lb | - | - | - | .. | 321,672 |
| Niobium and niobium alloys wrought | lb | - | 185 | 375 | 1,178 | - |
| Niobium ores and concentrates | \$ | - | 21,024 | 24,128 | 21,983 | - |
| Tantalum and tantalum alloys wrought n. e. s. | lb | 1,533 | 1,245 | 1,972 | 1,871 | 854 |
| \$ | 180,326 | 195,086 | 117,240 | 105,095 | 54,408 | |
| Tantalum and tantalum alloys unwrought waste and scrap | lb | - | 34,914 | 3,433 | 4,405 | 1,870 |
| \$ | - | 498,508 | 30,590 | 18,310 | 15,988 | |
| Tantalum and tantalum alloy powder | lb | 2,730 | 1,155 | 1,830 | 7,488 | 2,480 |
| Tantalum ores and concentrates | \$ | 99,939 | 33,527 | 59,443 | 158,607 | 77,274 |
| Tantalum metal and alloys in crude form and scrap | lb | - | - | - | - | - |
| Tantalum semi-fabricated forms | \$ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Exports ² to United States | | | | | | |
| Niobium ore and concentrate | lb | 1,524,279 | 890,884 | 295,333 | 919,577 | 1,270,362 |
| \$ | 869,678 | 481,792 | 156,970 | 472,836 | 668,983 | |
| Consumption ³ by the steel industry | lb | 40,000 | 78,000 | 288,000 | 244,000 | 293,000 |
| Ferrrocolumbium and ferrotantalum columbium (Nb and Ta-Nb content) | \$ | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |

Source: Dominion Bureau of Statistics (Statistics Canada); and company annual reports.

¹ From U.S. Department of Commerce, Exports of Domestic and Foreign Merchandise, Report FT 410. Values in U.S. currency.² From U.S. Department of Commerce, Imports of Merchandise for Consumption, Report FT 135. Values in U.S. currency.³ 1961 to 1963 inclusive gross weight. 1964 to 1970 Nb and Ta-Nb content of ferroalloy material used. 4 312 tons 51.55% Ta₂O₅.

- Nil; .. Not available; n.e.s. Not elsewhere specified.

TABLE 5

United States Imports, for Consumption, of Niobium-Mineral Concentrates by Countries, 1966-69 (thousands of pounds, gross weight)

| Country | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Angola | - | - | 33 | 22 |
| Argentina | - | 11 | 2 | - |
| Australia | - | - | - | - |
| Belgium-Luxembourg ¹ | 12 | 33 | - | 41 |
| Brazil | 4,995 | 3,536 | 2,163 | 2,462 |
| Burundi-Rwanda | - | 15 | 8 | 48 |
| Canada | 1,524 | 891 | 295 | 920 |
| Finland | 2 | - | - | - |
| Gabon | - | - | 7 | - |
| Germany, West | - | 80 | - | - |
| Ivory Coast | 15 | - | - | - |
| Kenya | 7 | - | 6 | - |
| Malagasy Republic | - | 7 | - | - |
| Malaysia | 74 | 202 | 133 | 59 |
| Mozambique | - | 11 | 18 | 4 |
| Netherlands ¹ | - | - | 13 | 69 |
| Nigeria | 2,421 | 2,519 | 737 | 423 |
| Peru | 14 | - | - | - |
| Portugal | 28 | 18 | 16 | - |
| Rhodesia | - | 8 | 3 | - |
| South Africa, Rep. of | 11 | - | - | - |
| Spain | 10 | - | 9 | 20 |
| Switzerland ¹ | 22 | - | - | - |
| Uganda | 15 | 4 | 7 | 3 |
| United Kingdom | - | 18 | - | - |
| Western Africa, n. e. c. | - | 11 | - | - |
| Zaire | 128 | 66 | 207 | 90 |
| Total | 9,278 | 7,431 | 3,657 | 4,161 |

Source: United States Bureau of Mines, Minerals Yearbook.

¹ Country of transshipment.

- Nil.

The two countries supplied a total of 104 million pounds of pyrochlore concentrates, 70 per cent from Brazil, and 30 per cent from Canada, in the six years 1965 to 1970. United States imports of niobium-mineral concentrates in 1965 to 1969 were 29.4 million pounds of which Brazil supplied 47 per cent and Canada 19 per cent. Details of the United States niobium imports are shown in Table 5.

Demand

Consumption of niobium in significant amounts occurs principally in countries that have developed an advanced metallurgical industry. Incomplete consumption data and allowance for contingencies result in demand projections with a very wide range between high and low forecast figures (Griffith and Sheridan, 1970). The forecast range of demand for niobium in the year 2000 in the United States is between 15.8 and 22.5 million pounds. The median of the range is 19.15 million pounds, corresponding to an annual growth rate from 1968 consumption of 4.85 per cent compounded.

The demand in the rest of the world, under contingency assumptions, may reach 38.4 million pounds or could be as low as 13.3 million pounds in the year 2000, equal to an annual growth rate from 1968 of about 7 per cent to 3.5 per cent.

Prices

Columbite concentrates containing significant amounts of tantalum are sold on the basis of 65 per cent combined pentoxides (Nb_2O_5 plus Ta_2O_5). Published price quotations generally state a specific oxide ratio (Nb_2O_5 to Ta_2O_5) of 10 to 1 or 8 to 1. Thus in August 1971 the price of columbite concentrate, ratio 10 to 1 c. i. f. United States ports, was 85 to 90 cents per pound of combined oxides.

Pyrochlore containing a minimum of 50 per cent Nb_2O_5 and not more than 1 per cent Ta_2O_5 , f. o. b. Canadian producers' plant, contract sales only, was priced \$1.15 to \$1.20 a pound contained Nb_2O_5 , in August 1971. Brazilian pyrochlore at the time was priced at \$1.15 a pound contained Nb_2O_5 , f. o. b. shipping point.

Ferrocolumbium is marketed in low-alloy standard grades and high purity grades that contain from 50 per cent to more than 70 per cent niobium. Prices are based on the niobium content and in ton lots, f. o. b. shipping point ranged in August 1971 from \$2.45 to \$2.65 a pound of contained niobium in the standard grades and from \$4.12 to \$6.81 a pound of niobium in the high-purity grades.

Niobium metal is available in many grades and forms ranging from 95 per cent to over 99 per cent pure. It is marketed in ingots, billets, bars, plate, sheet, foil, wire, powder, tubing, and in fabricated shapes. Good quality niobium metal powder, reactor grade 99.5 to 99.8 per cent Nb currently (August 1971) sells for \$12 to \$23 a pound, and metallurgical powder for \$11 to \$24 a pound. Ingot ranged from \$16 to \$28 a pound in reactor grade and metallurgical grade.

TANTALUM

Consumption

Canada imports minor amounts of tantalum metal, alloys, and alloy powder, from the United States. Production and export of tantalum concentrates began late in 1969 (see Table 6).

The United States is the largest user of tantalum and domestic production has been negligible in comparison with consumption. The United States depends on imported tantalum but is the leading producer and a new exporter of primary tantalum products (powder, sponge, and carbides). Tantalum metal consumption in the United States in 1968 was 423,063 pounds (see Table 5). About 60 to 65 per cent of that consumption was in electronic applications, 25 to 30 per cent in the chemical industry, and 5 to 10 per cent as carbides.

Consumption of ferrotantalum-niobium (FeTa-Cb) was about 1 per cent of total FeCb consumption. The uses of FeTa-Cb in 1968 were in the production of stainless and heat-resistant steel (53 per cent), and other alloys steels (9 per cent), miscellaneous and unspecified uses (38 per cent).

Demand

Based on assumptions for various end uses, tantalum requirements of the United States are expected to increase substantially during the next three decades, reaching a forecast range of 3.4 to 5.1 million pounds by the year 2000, compared with a demand for 1.04 million pounds in 1968. This represents average annual growth rates of 3.75 and 5.1 per cent during 1968-2000. A straight line projection of U.S. demand based on the past 5 years shows an annual demand of 5.45 million pounds by 2000, while a projection based on the past 20 years shows an annual demand of 3.0 million pounds by 2000.

It is expected that the forecast range of requirements for tantalum in the rest of the world will be from 3 to 5 million pounds by 2000. Although presently known (annual) consumption in all other countries is only about 750,000 pounds, requirements, particularly those of the highly industrialized countries such as Japan and those of Europe, should increase at rates slightly higher than the forecast growth in the United States. The rest of the free world is estimated to have consumed 250,000 pounds of tantalum in 1968, with the USSR accounting for most of the remaining 500,000 pounds (Griffith and Sheridan, 1970).

Prices

Tantalite concentrate prices are based on the tantalum pentoxide content. Quotations are published irregularly and usually on a basis of 60 per cent contained tantalum pentoxide. In August 1971 published prices for tantalum ore containing about 60 per cent combined niobium and tantalum pentoxide, c.i.f. United States ports, were \$6.75 to \$7.50 per pound of Ta₂O₅. Canadian tantalite concentrate containing a minimum of 50 per cent Ta₂O₅ and a maximum of 1 per cent Nb₂O₅ was priced at \$8.00 per pound of contained tantalum pentoxide at the producers' plant site.

Tantalum metal prices vary with the grade of the metal and the form in which the metal is produced. Published prices in August 1971, per pound of metal f. o. b. shipping point, depending on size of lot, ranged from \$28.50 to \$38.50 for tantalum metal powder, \$36 to \$60 for sheet, and \$36 to \$50 for rod.

TABLE 6

United States Imports, for Consumption, of Tantalum-Mineral Concentrates by Countries, 1966-69 (thousands of pounds, gross weight)

| Country | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Argentina | 10 | 3 | 7 | - |
| Australia | 29 | 58 | 71 | 75 |
| Belgium-Luxembourg ¹ | 27 | 60 | 15 | 30 |
| Brazil | 287 | 356 | 342 | 253 |
| Burundi-Rwanda | 20 | 45 | 62 | 31 |
| Canada | - | - | - | 220 |
| Central African Republic | - | 5 | - | - |
| Cyprus | - | - | 1 | - |
| French Guiana | 1 | - | - | - |
| Germany, West | 109 | - | 22 | - |
| Kenya | 27 | 21 | 5 | - |
| Malagasy Republic | 1 | 15 | - | - |
| Malaysia | 36 | 33 | 15 | 25 |
| Mozambique | 175 | 241 | 306 | 77 |
| Netherlands ¹ | 166 | 42 | 41 | - |
| Nigeria | 40 | 135 | 20 | 8 |
| Portugal | 67 | 99 | 24 | - |
| Rhodesia | 16 | 41 | 17 | - |
| South Africa, Rep. of | 8 | 18 | 14 | 19 |
| Spain | 13 | 11 | 14 | 27 |
| Tanzania | - | - | - | 9 |
| Thailand | 89 | 138 | - | 22 |
| Uganda | 7 | 24 | 12 | - |
| Uruguay | 2 | - | - | - |
| Western Africa, n. e. c. | - | 17 | - | - |
| Angola | 20 | - | - | - |
| Zaire | 993 | 313 | 242 | 179 |
| Total | 2,143 | 1,675 | 1,230 | 975 |

Source: United States Bureau of Mines, Minerals Yearbooks.

¹ Country of transshipment.

- Nil.

Stockpiling

The United States government has stockpiles of niobium in the form of niobium concentrates, niobium oxide, ferrocolumbium, niobium metal, and niobium carbide. Stockpile objectives for niobium are: ferrocolumbium, 930,000 pounds; niobium metal, 45,000 pounds; and niobium carbide powder, 20,000 pounds. The excess at the end of June 1971, was an additional 7.7 million pounds of contained niobium in concentrates, 363,305 pounds of ferrocolumbium, and 85,826 pounds of niobium oxide powder.

The stockpile objectives for tantalum are: tantalum carbide powder, 26,750 pounds; tantalum metal, 300,000 pounds; tantalum mineral concentrates, 2.9 million pounds. The excess in the tantalum stockpile at the end of June 1971 was approximately 965,000 pounds in concentrates.

CHAPTER III

GEOLOGY, MINERALOGY AND GEOCHEMISTRY

TYPES OF DEPOSITS

Eluvia

Eluvia or soils produced *in situ* from deeply weathered bedrock are widespread in the tropical areas of the world whereas the soils of the temperate zones are often unaltered and because of mass transport may have no genetic relationship to the subjacent bedrock. Tropical eluvial deposits include bauxites and laterites that form cappings overlying columbite-tantalite or pyrochlore-bearing crystalline rocks. Tropical weathering processes dis-aggregate the host rock and may alter it to a depth of 300 feet, although the thickness of the eluvia does not often exceed 100 feet. Maximum concentrations of niobium and tantalum minerals are usually found in the top 30 feet in the form of columbite, pyrochlore, or secondary titanium minerals bearing niobium and tantalum with apatite and magnetite. The first two might be classed as resistates the last as recrystallized species.

The surface part of the eluvial capping may not resemble the source rock that lies beneath except for the resistant accessory minerals that are freed and left behind. In most cases there is a gradation downwards through more recognizable, less altered material to consolidated rock at depth. This succession may be locally modified by chemical enrichment or by the effect of local surface drainage patterns.

Nb-Ta deposits may be produced by the deep tropical weathering of biotite-albite- or biotite-albite-riebeckite granites, granite pegmatites, alkaline syenites and syenite pegmatites, and alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes. The process dissolves the silicates leaving such resistant accessories as cassiterite, columbite, and pyrochlore. Bauxites derived from alkaline syenites may contain near-economic deposits of niobium and tantalum held in the lattices of resistant titanium minerals.

The physical properties of eluvia assist in the search for niobium and tantalum deposits due to the association between these elements and thorium and concentrations of magnetite. The first association makes it possible to search for these deposits using either airborne or ground radiometric surveys, while the association between magnetite and the niobium-tantalum minerals make magnetometer surveys another valuable procedure for the identification of these deposits. Prospecting using test pits combined with panning the samples utilizes the high specific gravity of these minerals as indicators of potential orebodies.

Examples of eluvial deposits can be seen in the bauxites of Arkansas that overlie alkaline syenites. Regoliths overlying carbonatites are mined or are potential mines at Araxa, Brazil and Tororo, Uganda and regoliths overlying granite pegmatites are sources of niobium in West Australia.

Placers

Until 1961 the main source of niobium and tantalum was columbite concentrates recovered as byproducts from the tin placers in Malaysia, Burma, Thailand, and the Jos Plateau of Nigeria. There is still sufficient production (1971) from this source as mineral concentrates and from the tin smelter slags, to cause stiff competition to pyrochlore producers from the alkaline syenite complexes in Canada and the eluvia of Brazil.

The placers form in areas where the combination of suitable source rocks, the weathering process, and water transportation are optimal. Such rocks as albite-biotite-columbite- and albite-riebeckite-pyrochlore granite, and/or granite and syenite pegmatites are the primary source of the ore minerals. The combination of chemical and mechanical weathering processes required to produce sands and gravels containing columbite and pyrochlore are more typical of tropical areas and are much less common in temperate climates like that of the Cordillera of western Canada, although the flow of water and gradient changes necessary to concentrate the ore minerals into economically interesting pay streaks are more common in the latter. Modern unconsolidated placers of tin and niobium minerals suggest that fossil placers in sandstones and conglomerates will be found and exploited.

The mineralogy of niobium-bearing placers is diverse and such minerals as ilmenite, rutile, zircon, pyrochlore, cassiterite, columbite-tantalite, samarskite, euxenite, and monazite have been described. Ilmenite, rutile, zircon, and pyrochlore placers are related to nepheline syenites and alkaline granites, whereas cassiterite, columbite-tantalite, samarskite, euxenite, and monazite are derived from granites and granite pegmatites.

Placer development requires stream gradients steep enough to move the products of weathering and gradient variations that will serve as 'riffles' to separate the 'lights' from the 'heavies'. These conditions are found in streams and in coastal currents along shorelines. Hence, genesis of placer deposits is dependent on the presence of niobium and tantalum minerals in the source rock, a combination of physical and chemical weathering conditions, and sufficient topographic relief to contribute to the transportation and beneficiation of the ore minerals.

Placer deposits have traditionally been discovered by the combination of test pitting and panning, one of the oldest and most reliable tests for these deposits. More recently the discovery of the association between niobium, uranium and thorium has made it possible to search using radioactivity measurements, and the common occurrence of magnetite in placers suggests that anomalous magnetic effects over gravels should be checked for the presence of niobium-tantalum values.

Cassiterite-columbite placers have been most productive in Nigeria and east Asia; samarskite placers have been reported in Altai, USSR; ilmenite placers in the Ukraine; euxenite placers in Bear Valley, Idaho and Bugaboo, B.C.; zircon placers in Sukulu, Uganda, and ilmenite-rutile placers in the Urals, USSR.

Carbonatites

Carbonatites, with or without alkaline syenites, typically occur in Precambrian continental shields. There has been a lengthy controversy related to their genesis. The extreme points of view hold that they are products of the intrusion and differentiation of a primary carbonatite magma, or that they are remobilized sedimentary limestones. The current consensus favours the first point of view. Carbonatites have been known for several hundred years and in this time they have been the source of several commodities. Lime has been mined at Alnö since the 16th century and magnetite in the period between 1754 and 1879. Hematite has been mined in the Fen District, Norway, Bergston and Svinndal, 1960, since 1652 and the first pyrochlore mine commenced operation there in 1953. Pyrochlore has been mined from carbonatite at Kaiserstuhl 1935-36 and 1949-52 and on the Kola Peninsula, USSR 1941-45. Iron ores have been prospected at Gunnison, Colo., 1883; Iron Mountain, Colo., 1873 and have been mined at Impanema, Brazil since the 16th century. More recently carbonatite complexes have been a source of lime for the cement industry and apatite for fertilizer. Since technological developments in the ferrous metallurgy and electronics industries have enlarged the market for niobium and tantalum, it has become profitable to mine pyrochlore from the Oka complex in Canada and, more recently, the Araxa complex in Brazil.

Alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes commonly occur in stable crustal areas, like the Canadian Precambrian Shield south of Hudson Bay. They have a spatial relationship to fault lineaments like the Kapuskasing-Moosonee high, the St. Lawrence River fault system or the marginal fault of the East African rift system. In East Africa several complexes also relate to alkaline volcanism with such obvious features as cones, pyroclastics and lava flows. Elsewhere, the relationship is less obvious; at Oka for example the volcanic features are restricted to some breccia-filled pipes and the annular structure. Elsewhere the connection is even less well supported by the field evidence. The complexes are generally less than five miles in diameter, circular to elliptical in plan section and consist of a central plug of breccia, carbonatite or syenite surrounded by annular rings of alternating rock types that dip inward as ring dykes or outward as cone sheets. Superimposed on these structures are dykes and veins of carbonatite, lamprophyre or breccia and faults or shear zones. The structural characteristics vary greatly in detail from one occurrence to the next.

The rock succession from core to periphery varies from complex to complex. Some complexes have cores or plugs of carbonatite whereas others are one of the alkaline syenites. These are followed by one or more concentric rings of syenitic contact rocks or breccia, carbonatite breccia, pyroxenitic fenites, with or without magnetite, garnet, wollastonite, alkalic fenitized gneiss and gneiss.

The genesis of the complexes has been attributed to the intrusion of a primary carbonatite magma, or a magma contaminated by the incorporation of lime and carbon dioxide from sedimentary limestones. A third alternative suggests the carbonatite solutions were instrumental in creating carbonatite dykes and stocks.

The mineralogy of these complexes is involved, commonly including a large number of rare mineral species; complex oxides of niobium, the rare-earths, uranium, thorium, and titanium have been reported. Of these pyrochlore is the Nb-bearing species of current economic interest but niobium

perovskite, betafite, and niocalite are commonly associated with Nb-bearing silicates, oxides, and sulphides. Other silicates include aegirine, amphibole, pyroxene, mica, and chlorite. Apatite, fluorite, magnetite, and fluo-carbonates are commonly present along with the sulphides pyrite and pyrrhotite.

Pyrochlore exhibits certain lithological affinities and characteristic-ally reaches peak abundance in sovites (calcite carbonatite), although it has been reported in most rock types of the alkaline-syenite-carbonatite complexes and even rarely reported in fenites. It occurs as fine-grained irregular disseminations in sovite, rauhaugite (dolomitic carbonatite), ankerite, and carbonatites and some limited parts of sovite may reach ore grade.

The orebodies vary in size, shape, and distribution. They may be restricted to one lithological unit, transgress more than one unit, or be controlled by structural features. For example concentrations may be related to geological features, central plugs, or ring dykes, and ore shoots may vary from regular to irregularly shaped bodies.

The association of thorium with these deposits has made it practical to prospect using scintillometer surveys. The St-André and St-Honoré bodies were first detected by this procedure, whereas the discovery of the Oka deposits was made using a portable scintillometer. A number of the complexes are sufficiently enriched in magnetite that magnetometer surveys are a useful means for the discovery of new complexes or the delineation of rock units within the body. Gravimetric surveys have proven a useful aid to the discovery of complexes as well as the delineation of general shape. The ring structure can be identified from aerial photographs and this procedure provides a means to detect these bodies.

Syenite and Syenite Pegmatite

Niobium minerals have been reported in nepheline syenites and their pegmatites but they have not been found in commercial quantities. The niobium mineral loparite has been reported in the urtites, lujarvite and juvites of the Lovozero massif in the USSR. Pyrochlore has been reported in nepheline syenites in the Vishnevye Mountains, USSR and in the Bancroft area of Ontario. The minerals occur as disseminations in stocks and dykes of nepheline syenites and nepheline syenite pegmatites bearing niobium minerals. Occurrences of the last type have been reported from the Kola Peninsula, USSR.

The deposits have been interpreted as differentiation products of nepheline syenite magma or the metasomatic replacement of limestone beds, remobilized and later intruded. It is not known whether or not these occurrences have physical properties that lend themselves to detection by geophysical surveys. Other examples of occurrences in nepheline syenite and pegmatite have been reported from the Ilmensky Mountains and the Kola Peninsula of the USSR.

Granite and Granite Pegmatite

Until mining of the alkaline syenite-carbonatite complex at Oka, Quebec started in 1961, the main sources of niobium and tantalum were mines and pits in columbite-tantalite pegmatites, their eluvial cappings, and the placers derived from them. Niobium-rich alkaline granites have been known

for many years but production from this source has been limited to tropical areas where exogenic cappings and placers benefit the source deposit to an economic level. These exogenic deposits and pegmatites continue to be a major source of tantalum.

Accessory columbite-tantalite, xenotime, helvite, and fergusonite are commonly found in alkaline granites with biotite and albite; pyrochlore occurs less commonly in biotite and/or riebeckite albite granites, and rarely pyrochlore and columbite have been identified in other alkaline granites. Columbite-tantalite, commonly associated with one or more of spodumene, lepidolite, beryl, cassiterite, and pollucite appears in certain complex pegmatites. Wodginite, a tin-bearing variety of tantalite, forms a commercial deposit at the Bernic Lake, Manitoba mine and occurs in other pegmatites in West Australia. Fergusonite, samarskite, eschynite, and pyrochlore have been reported in mineral occurrences from pegmatites, granite porphyries, and aplites in several areas of Canada.

These deposits and occurrences are related to the internal and external structures and lithological units of areas of acid and alkaline crystalline rocks. The contacts of such stocks and batholiths, related fracture systems occupied by vein and pegmatitic materials, contact breccia zones, and metamorphic aureoles are some of the structures to search. Pegmatites should be specially studied taking into consideration the effects of textural and structural variations, variations in size, shape, grain size and the complexity of the internal zonation due to differentiation or replacement processes. Zoned granitic pegmatites at Wogina, West Australia, and Bikita, Rhodesia have proven highly productive sources of tantalum.

The lithological succession in batholiths is important because columbite and pyrochlore crystallize as independent mineral species only in the alkaline differentiates of granite magmas. Such rock facies as biotite-albite or biotite-riebeckite albite granites, granite pegmatites, albitic aplites, as well as albitized or greisenized zones are prime prospecting areas. Granite pegmatites, particularly the internally zoned bodies, are characterized by a symmetrical to asymmetrical succession of lithological zones. These are products of normal differentiation, interrupted differentiation, and replacement processes and such zones have been named the contact zone, wall zone, one or more intermediate zones, and the core zone. These are distinguished mineralogically and texturally by criteria including grain size variations and secondary alteration effects.

The primary genesis of these sources of niobium and tantalum have been ascribed to the final stages of differentiation of deep seated granite magmas which may have been derived from deeply buried sedimentary rocks or may have had a primary origin from the base of the crust. The products of magmatic differentiation have been locally enriched in niobium and tantalum by such processes as albitization or greisenization. Placer deposits derived from such concentrations have been reported from the temperate zones but are most abundant in tropical areas where the lack of recent glaciation and intense weathering processes have produced eluvial and alluvial deposits that are a continuing major source of the elements. The alkaline and acid intrusive rocks commonly become economic only as a result of such secondary enrichment.

The physical properties of the alkaline granites and pegmatites have not been widely exploited by the use of geophysical prospecting techniques. The low content of ferromagnetic minerals makes it relatively difficult to

separate these rocks from sedimentary rocks or gneisses having similar properties. The high content of alkalis and radioactive mineral constituents could be exploited however to discover new areas of these rocks which are potential sources of niobium and tantalum. The low specific gravity of these rocks may be utilized increasingly in gravimetric studies to delineate potential buried stocks or pay zones within stocks or batholiths. Searches of aerial photographs for white outcrops, linear dyke-shaped outcrop forms, and resistant ridges near stocks or batholiths might facilitate the discovery of related tantalite-bearing pegmatites.

Because of the association of tantalite-bearing pegmatites and alkaline granites, the distribution of the latter may have an economic significance. Examples of niobium-tantalum bearing granites are not abundant but are widely distributed. Biotite granites with accessory columbite outcrop on Jos Plateau, Nigeria; euxenite-bearing granites outcrop near Golden, B.C., euxenite-fergusonite bearing granites outcrop in the Idaho batholith, U.S.A., and Longonyukan, Urals, Korovikhinski, Altai, Kazakhstan, Erzin in the USSR. Simple pegmatites bearing columbite outcrop near the Preissac-Lacorne batholith in Quebec; samarskite, euxenite, eschynite occur in many other Canadian pegmatites; complexly zoned and altered pegmatites with lithium minerals and tantalite and microlite outcrop at Harding, New Mexico, Bernic Lake, Manitoba, Yellowknife-Beaulieu River, District of Mackenzie, and Bikita, Rhodesia.

MINERALOGY

Major Mineral Species

Betafite

Composition: $8(\text{Na, Ca, U})_2(\text{Nb, Ti, Ta})_2(\text{O, F})$ cubic, commonly metamict. A uranium-titanium-bearing pyrochlore; as redefined by Hogarth (1961) contains 15 per cent or more U. Part of the pyrochlore-betafite series $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5 = 10\text{-}50$ per cent; Ta_2O_5 up to 20 per cent. Minerals of the series are found typically with euxenite, fergusonite, allanite, metamict zircon, or beryl in granite pegmatites and in detrital deposits, and less commonly in alkalic rocks and carbonatites.

Physical properties: Occurs as masses, grains, and octahedral crystals. Fracture is conchoidal. Brittle. Hardness 4 to 5 1/2. Specific gravity 3.7 to 5, with low values probably due to alteration. Commonly metamict.

Optical properties: Colour yellow, brown, greenish brown, reddish brown, black. Lustre waxy to vitreous to submetallic. Transmits light in thin fragments. Colour in thin sections: colourless, brown, reddish brown. Isotropic. High relief.

Varieties: Blomstrandite, ellsworthite, mendeleyevite are synonyms. Ellsworthite is allied to hatchettolite which is an uranian-tantalian-titanian variety of pyrochlore. Rare-earth betafite near obruchevite and yttrohatchettolite in composition. Samiresite is the plumboan variety. Tantalobetafite is the tantalian variety. Titanobetafite is the titanian variety. Zirconium betafite is the zirconian variety.

Columbite

Composition: Niobium-rich members of the columbite-tantalite series are called columbite. The general formula is $(\text{Fe}, \text{Mn})(\text{Nb}, \text{Ta})_2\text{O}_6$. Orthorhombic. Part of the columbite-tantalite isomorphous series, Nb greater than Ta; includes ferro-columbite with Fe greater than Mn and mangano-columbite with Mn greater than Fe. The Nb_2O_5 content ranges from 47.22 to 78.88 per cent. Columbite-tantalite mineralization is abundant and widespread. The mineral occurs as accessory minerals in granite; in granite pegmatites, particularly those with albite or lithium minerals; and in derived detrital deposits.

Physical properties: Columbite-tantalite occurs as grains, subhedral crystals and orthorhombic crystals ranging from short prismatic to thin tabular. May occur in groups of parallel, subparallel, or radiating crystals. Heart-shaped contact and penetration twins occur, and may be repeated giving pseudohexagonal trillings. Brittle. Cleavage (010) distinct, (100) less distinct. Fracture subconchoidal to uneven. Hardness varies from 6 to 7 as the Ta_2O_5 content increases in the series. Specific gravity of members of the series ranges from 5.12 to 8.20 increasing with tantalum content. Some varieties are magnetic resulting from the iron content, its valency and position in the individual crystals. Some varieties are radioactive because of U^4 or Th^4 in Fe^2 positions in the lattice or in mechanical mixtures with columbite. It occurs widely in granites and granite pegmatites.

Optical properties: Colour black to greyish black to brownish black, with reddish brown internal reflections (especially in the manganese varieties). Commonly tarnished, iridescent. Streak dark red to black. Colour in thin section: red, reddish yellow, reddish brown. Some varieties are strongly pleochroic; in polished section, grey-white with brownish tint, red or reddish brown internal reflections.

Varieties: Baierine (baierite), dianite, ferro-ilmenite, greenlandite, and hermannolite are synonyms. Magno-columbite, the magnesian analogue of columbite occurs in pegmatite that has assimilated dolomite.

Tantalite

Composition: $(\text{Fe}, \text{Mn})(\text{Ta}, \text{Nb})_2\text{O}_6$ is orthorhombic. It forms part of the columbite-tantalite isomorphous series, $\text{Ta} > \text{Nb}$; includes ferro-tantalite with $\text{Fe} > \text{Mn}$ and mangantantalite with $\text{Mn} > \text{Fe}$. $\text{Ta}_2\text{O}_6 = 86.1$ per cent (theoretical end member). Found in granitic pegmatites, especially late-stage albitic pegmatites containing Li and Be.

Varieties: Alvarolite (managanoan), harttantalerz, ildefonsite and siderotantalite are synonyms for tantalite. Calciotantalite may be a synonym for tantalite or a mixture of tantalite and microlite.

Eschynite - Priorite Series

Composition: $(Ce, Ca, Fe, Th)(Ti, Nb)_2O_6$ orthorhombic and naturally metamict. It is the cerium-dominant member of the eschynite-priorite series. Nb_2O_5 content ranges from 15.08 to 36.68 per cent. Ta is low or absent. It occurs in granite pegmatite and nepheline syenites. Eschynite is found most often in nepheline syenite with zircon and samarskite. Priorite occurs in granite pegmatites with euxenite, zircon, monazite, and other rare-earth minerals. Both minerals have been found in placers.

Physical properties: Occurs as grains, masses, and prismatic to tabular orthorhombic crystals. Cleavage (100). Fracture conchoidal. Brittle. Hardness 5 to 6. Specific gravity 4.95 to 5.19. Commonly radioactive.

Optical properties: Colour yellow, brown, black. Streak reddish yellow to brown to almost black. Lustre resinous to waxy to submetallic, commonly dulled by alteration. Colour in thin section light brown to reddish brown. Isotropic (metamict).

Varieties: Lyndochite (a niobian-thorian variety of eschynite?). Sinicite uranian variety. Priorite the yttrian part of the eschynite-priorite series. Blomstrandine (blomstrandite) synonym for priorite.

Euxenite - Polycrase

Composition: $(Y, Ca, Ce, U, Th)(Nb, Ti, Ta)_2O_6$ orthorhombic naturally metamict. Part of the euxenite-polycrase series, Ti; $(Nb + Ta)$ lie between 2:3 and 1:1 Nb_2O_5 = about 21-34 per cent. From granitic rocks and pegmatites and placers derived from them. These minerals sometimes occur in close association with columbite and monazite. Polycrase (Y, Ca, Ce, U, Th) $(Ti, Nb, Ta)_2O_6$ part of the series; ratios Ti: $(BNb + Ta)$ lie between 1:1 and 3:1.

Physical properties: Occurs as grains, masses, stout prismatic and flattened orthorhombic crystals, and parallel, subparallel and radial aggregates of crystals. Twinning is common on (201), rare on (101) and (013). Fracture subconchoidal to conchoidal. No cleavage. Hardness 5 1/2 to 6 1/2. So weakly magnetic the property is useless for ore beneficiation. Specific gravity 4.29 to 5.90. Generally radioactive.

Optical properties: Colour black, commonly with a greenish or brownish tint, amber, mottled amber and black. Streak yellowish, greyish, reddish brown. Transparent in thin splinters. Lustre, greasy to vitreous to submetallic. Colour in thin section brown, yellowish brown, reddish brown. Isotropic.

Varieties: Eschwegeite; synonym for tanteuxenite. Nuolaite, a variable mixture of euxenite and obruchevite. Oliveiraite an alteration product of euxenite. Tanteuxenite a variety of euxenite with Ta substitution for Nb. Wiikite variable mixtures of euxenite and obruchevite. Tantalopyrocrase is a variety of polycrase in which Ta replaces Nb.

Fergusonite

Composition: $(Y, Er, Ce, Fe)(Nb, Ta, Ti)O_4$ tetragonal naturally metamict. Part of the fergusonite-formanite series; $Nb > Ta$ and $Y > Er$. Contains up to 8 per cent U and Th in substitution for Y and Er. $Nb_2O_5 = 54.1$ per cent of the theoretical end member. Fairly common accessory mineral in granite pegmatites, particularly those rich in rare-earth elements, niobium, tantalum, and beryllium, and in placers derived from such rocks. Formanite $(Y, Er, U, Th, Ca)(Ta, Nb, Ti)O_4$ is also tetragonal and naturally metamict. $Ta > Nb$. $Ta_2O_6 = 66.2$ per cent the theoretical end member.

Physical properties: Occurs as grains, prismatic to pyramidal tetragonal crystals, and irregular dense masses. Cleavage distinct (001) poor along (111). Fracture subconchoidal. Brittle. Hardness of members of the series ranges from 5 1/2 to 6 1/2. Specific gravity of members of the series ranges from 5.6 to 5.8, increasing with increasing Ta content. Commonly radioactive. Magnetic susceptibility is too low for ore beneficiation.

Optical properties: Colour grey, yellow, brown, dark brown. Streak greenish grey, yellowish brown, brown. Lustre vitreous to submetallic on fresh surfaces. Colour in thin section, light brown to dark brown. Uniaxial, negative. Metamict material is isotropic. Weak pleochroism.

Varieties: Adelpholite (altered mossite?), alpha-fergusonite, (naturally occurring nonmetamict fergusonite), bragite, kochelite, sipylyte and tyrite are synonyms for fergusonite. Arrhenite an altered fergusonite. Beta-fergusonite a naturally occurring nonmetamict monoclinic polymorph of fergusonite. Risöröite a naturally metamict titanian variety of fergusonite. Rutherfordite an altered fergusonite.

Pyrochlore

Composition: $(Na, Ca, Ce)_2(Nb, Ti, Ta)_2(O, OH, F)_7$ cubic part of the pyrochlore-microlite series. $Nb_2O_5 = 73.05$ per cent the theoretical end member. From pyrochlore typically occurs associated with alkalic rocks in pegmatites, nepheline syenite, various alkalic dyke rocks, carbonatites associated with alkalic intrusives, extrusive alkalic rocks, greisen, and in decomposition products of these rocks. Typically in albitized parts of granite pegmatites, frequently with associated columbite or tantalite. Microlite $(Ca, Na)_2(Ta, Mb, Ti)_2(O, OH, F)_7$ the cubic part of the pyrochlore-microlite series. $Ta_2O_5 = 82.1$ per cent of the theoretical end member.

Physical properties: Occurs as grains, octahedral crystals, subhedral crystals, and irregular masses. Spinel law twins, twin plane (111), are rare. Cleavage (or parting?) octahedral, usually not distinguishable but may be distinct in thin section. Fracture subconchoidal to uneven to splintery. Brittle. Specific gravity of members of the series ranges from 4.2 to 6.4, increasing with the increasing Ta content. Hardness of members of the series ranges from 5 to 5 1/2. Commonly radioactive. Magnetic susceptibility is too low for ore beneficiation.

Optical properties: Colour white, grey, pale yellow, honey yellow, pale brown, brown, reddish brown, black. Lustre vitreous, resinous, submetallic. Streak light brown, yellowish brown. Isotropic, but nonmetamict material may have weak anomalous birefringence. Relief high. Colour in thin section colourless, grey, pale brown, brown, reddish brown, dark brown to opaque. Zonal structure common.

Varieties: Azor-pyrrhite, columbomicrolite, fluochlore, hydrochlore, niobpyrochlore, pyrrhite, are synonyms for pyrochlore. Chalcolamprite (a variety or a mixture of minerals?). Endeiolite altered pyrochlore. Koppite the cerian-ferrian variety. Marignacite altered cerian variety. Priazovite uranian pyrochlore rich in Y, synonymous with obruchevite. Scheteligithe titaniferous pyrochlore rich in Mn, Y, and Sb. Urnaopyrochlore, uranian pyrochlore are near hatchettolite in composition. Yttrobetafite intermediate between pyrochlore and obruchevite. Yttrohatchettolite a yttrium-uranium bearing pyrochlore with Nb and Ta in nearly equal amounts. Bismuthomicrolite the bismuthian variety of microlite ($\text{Bi}_2\text{O}_3 = 3.25$ per cent). Djalmite uranoan microlite or tantalian betafite. Haddamite, metasimpsonite, neotantalite and uranmicrolite are synonyms of microlite.

Niocalite

Composition: Niobium calcium silicate. $\text{CaO} 46.8$; $\text{Na}_2\text{O} 0.7$; $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5 16.8$; rare-earths and $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 2.0$; $\text{SiO}_2 26.8$; $\text{H}_2\text{O} 0.2$ and F 1.7 per cent.

Physical properties: Occurs as grains and elongate orthorhombic crystals that are four-sided in section parallel to the c-axis. Specific gravity 3.3. Hardness 5 to 6.

Optical properties: Colour yellow. Lustre vitreous. Streak colourless. Colourless in thin section. Relief moderate. Under crossed nicols the mineral shows very complex twinning. Sections parallel or almost parallel to the long axis give lemon-yellow, grey, and blue-grey interference colours, and sections perpendicular to the long axis give red and blue colours.

Related species: Wöhlerite, hiortdahllite, and lavenite. Niocalite occurs in the carbonatites of the Oka, Quebec area.

Samarskite

Composition: The formula is probably AB_2O_6 with A = Y, Er, Ce, La, U, Ca, Fe²⁺, Pb, Th; and B = Nb, Ta, Ti, Sn, W, Zr ?. The Nb_2O_5 content ranges from 27.77 to 46.44 per cent and the Ta_2O_5 content ranges from 1.81 to 27.03 per cent. Orthorhombic. Commonly altered by hydration to yellowish or brownish material. The mineral is found in granite pegmatites often in close association with columbite, and in derived detrital deposits.

Physical properties: Occurs as grains, masses and prismatic to tabular orthorhombic crystals. Clevage (010) indistinct?. Fracture conchoidal. Brittle. Hardness 5 to 6. Specific gravity 5.69 to 6.2. Commonly radioactive.

Optical properties: Colour velvet black, commonly with a brownish tint; grain and crystal surfaces commonly brown to yellowish brown due to alteration. Lustre vitreous to resinous to submetallic to splendid; commonly dull on grain and crystal surfaces. Streak dark reddish brown to black; grey to yellowish brown on altered material. Transparent in thin splinters. Colour in thin section light brown to dark brown. Generally metamict and isotropic.

Varieties: Ampangabeite, ännnerödite, eytlandite, nuevite, uranniobite, uranotantal and yttriotilmenite are synonyms for samarskite. Calciosamarskite is related to obruchevite. Hydrosamarskite is an altered samarskite. Ishikawaite is a U- and Fe-rich variety. Khlopinite (chlopinite, hlopinite) is a titanian variety. Nohlite is a mineral mixture in part samarskite. Plumboniobate a plumboan variety. Rogersite an altered variety. Vietinghofite a ferroan variety.

Other Niobium-Tantalum Minerals

In addition to the niobium and tantalum minerals described above there are less common species of the ABX_4 , AB_2X_6 , $A_mB_nX_p$ types; a few titanium or tin minerals containing columbium types A_2X_3 , AX_2 , and ABX_3 , and two silicates. ABX_4 type include schetelegite, ytrotantalite, polymignite, ishikawaite, loranskite, stibiotantalite, stibiocolumbite, bismuthotantalite, and simpsonite. The AB_2X_6 type includes tapiolite, fersmanite, and thoreaulite. The $A_mB_nX_p$ type including djalmaite, and ampangabeite. The titanium and tin minerals that contain niobium including: ilmenite, rutile, cassiterite, anatase, brookeite, perovskite, sphene, and fersmannite.

GEOCHEMISTRY

NIOBIUM (COLUMBIUM) Nb

| | | TANTALUM Ta |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------|
| at. wt. | 92.906 | 180.948 |
| at. no. | 41. | 73 |
| valence | 2, 3, 4?, 5 | 2?, 3, 4?, 5 |
| m.p. | 2468° ± 10°C | 2996°C |
| b.p. | 4927°C | 5425 ± 100°C |
| s.g. | 8.57 (20°C) | 16.6 (20°C) |
| crustal abundance | 20 ppm | 2 ppm |

lithophile, shiny, white, soft, ductile, bluish after exposure to air at room temperature, starts to oxidize in air at 200°C

alloy additive to carbon and other steels and to nonferrous metals to increase strength and improve other properties

used in the manufacture of welding rods for stainless steel

combined with Zr in the manufacture of electronic superconductors

lithophile, grey, heavy, very hard, ductile, very strong, chemically inert below 150°C except in fluoride or sulphur trioxide solutions

oxide films are highly stable and valued for electronic components

metal is used to manufacture a wide variety of chemical and other equipment where high strength, chemical inertness, and creep resistance at high temperatures is desirable

additive to glasses to produce high index types for photographic lens components. Hampel, 1961, 1968.

Niobium was first discovered by C. Hatchett in 1801 in an ore from Connecticut, and called columbium (Columbia = America in early nineteenth century usage) Weeks, 1956. In 1802 the element tantalum was identified in a Swedish ore by A. G. Ekeberg who also named it. Wollaston, in 1809 claimed to have proven that Nb and Ta were identical and as a result the separate identities were debated by chemists for many years. In 1844, the German chemist H. Rose demonstrated conclusively the separate identities of the two elements. It was not until 1950 that the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry moved to accept niobium rather than columbium as the officially accepted name for the element. Economic geologists of North America have continued the use of the name columbium.

Berzelius in 1824 obtained an impure form of the metal tantalum but the pure ductile form was not obtained until 1903 by W. Bolton. Impure niobium was first obtained by C. W. Blomstrand in 1866 and in purer forms later by Moissan and Goldschmidt using other procedures.

Niobium occurs most abundantly in the minerals columbite-tantalite, pyrochlore, and euxenite. The main source of tantalum is the mineral columbite-tantalite. The separation of the two elements, which have strong chemical affinities, is technically difficult. There is a large literature describing research into the technical uses of the two elements and a variety of new applications have been found that add substantially to the size of the market for niobium and tantalum. Many of the geochemical data for the elements have been determined but further work will be necessary before the geochemistry is fully understood. The information given is a summary based on original research reported by Rankama and Sahama (1949); Goldschmidt (1954); Kuzmenko (1959); and Parker and Fleischer (1968).

Niobium and tantalum have been detected in the igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary rocks of the earth's crust, in sea water, meteorites, and the atmosphere of the sun. The crustal abundance of niobium and tantalum is currently estimated at 20 and 2 ppm respectively. The abundances vary in a complex manner from rock type to rock type. The ratio of Nb:Ta of the individual mineral species is relatively constant in one rock type but varies

markedly between rock types. Tantalum accompanies the niobium in the same ratio as the crustal abundance and is much less in some cases. Minerals, for example, occurring in nepheline syenite are niobium-rich whereas those in lithium pegmatites are tantalum-rich. Niobium is most abundant in alkalic rocks such as nepheline syenite, syenite, alkalic mafic and ultrabasic rocks, and sodic or alkalic granite.

Both elements occur together in nature with great regularity and commonly substitute for each other in minerals because of similar ionic radii and charge (tri- and pentavalent). They are characteristically oxyophile, forming a number of complex minerals or they enter isomorphously into minerals of iron, manganese, titanium, rare-earths, uranium, thorium, zirconium, tungsten, tin, bismuth and antimony. Tantalum shows a closer relationship to zirconium, tin, uranium, the rare-earths of the yttrium subgroup, and lithium. Niobium shows a closer relationship to titanium, tungsten, thorium, the rare-earths of the cerium subgroup, and sodium.

From the viewpoint of mineralogy, ninety minerals are known in which these elements are the main constituents. They are mainly oxides, a few silicates, and rarely hydroxyls, fluorides, chlorides, and one borate. Many oxide, phosphate, tungstate, and silicate minerals of other elements which contain minor to trace amounts of niobium and tantalum in isomorphous substitution for titanium, tungsten, tin, zirconium, and hafnium, commonly coexist in the same minerals or in the same rocks with the elements uranium, thorium, rare-earths, iron, magnesium, bismuth and other elements. Niobium and tantalum substitute to a very limited extent for zirconium, tungsten and tin in their minerals because of chemical differences.

According to the rules of Goldschmidt and Ringwood, ions with charges greater than three combine with oxygen, hydroxyl, fluorine, chlorine and other anions to form chemical complexes that maintain their identity during the magmatic differentiation and crystallization processes. The ionic potential of niobium and tantalum is sufficiently high to form normally stable tetrahedral and octahedral complexes. Such complexes crystallize as independent mineral species when sufficiently abundant in the magma or if not sufficiently abundant they are scavenged as minor or trace constituents within the lattices of titanium or titanium-iron accessory minerals. In the second case the traces of niobium and tantalum may be freed by late albitization or greisenization, beneficiated and remobilized to crystallize as independent species.

In general niobium and tantalum are most enriched in the residua of crystallizing alkaline magma, less so for acid magmas and least for the ultrabasic magmas. The frequent identification of pyrochlore in fenites surrounding alkaline intrusions indicates that niobium is enriched relative to tantalum and deposited as an independent mineral species by the hydrothermal solutions derived from such magmas. This feature has not been developed in the wall-rocks of either acid or ultrabasic intrusions.

Independent mineral phases of niobium and tantalum rarely occur in granites; for example in monazite-bearing granites containing accessory ilmenite and rutile, the niobium and tantalum have been scavenged by biotite. Granites containing accessory allanite, sphene, and magnetite have niobium and tantalum concentrated in the sphene with only traces in the biotite. In hornblende granite the two elements are concentrated in the hornblende and apparently in each of these cases the substitutions are in titanium positions. The two elements accumulate in the late differentiates of the granite magma with the tantalum content increased relative to the niobium content by the

imposition of either the albitization or the greisenization process. The separation of the two elements and the beneficiation of tantalum relative to niobium is also attributed to changes in the alkalinity of the magma during differentiation.

The granite pegmatites, particularly those containing albite, lithium and fluorine-bearing minerals, are the only magmatic product in which tantalum far exceeds the niobium content. The granitic pegmatites and especially the complex zoned pegmatites have high concentrations of niobium and tantalum either as discrete mineral species or bound up in the mica, garnet, tourmaline, ilmenite, zircon and other minerals. Autometasomatism within such pegmatites, the latest possible magmatic stage, beneficiates tantalum relative to the niobium content to a greater degree.

In nepheline syenites niobium is notably enriched with respect to tantalum the ratio in some Russian occurrences being $\text{Nb}:\text{Ta} = 12.1$. Elsewhere the tantalum content is much less. In the miaskitic nepheline syenites ($\text{K}_2\text{O} + \text{Na}_2\text{O}: \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ less than 1) the two elements occur in the independent Ti and Zr minerals in the late magmatic rocks but in the post-magmatic derivatives they form independent minerals. In the agpaitic nepheline syenites ($\text{K}_2\text{O} + \text{Na}_2\text{O}: \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 = 1$ or more) the two elements are scavenged by titanium and zirconium minerals and the niobium content commonly exceeds that found in the former type of nepheline syenite.

Alkalic-ultramafic complexes typically consist of multiple phases in concentric distributions of such rock types as: jacupirangite, melteigite, perovskite-titano-magnetite and nepheline bearing types, melteigite-ijolite-urtite and others. The magmatic crystallization products are characterized by niobium and tantalum in the titanium-bearing iron-magnesium silicate and oxide minerals. The alkalic pegmatites are characterized by niobium and tantalum in the titanium and zirconium minerals and in independent mineral phases. In carbonatites associated with such complexes, the two elements are concentrated in a variety of independent minerals such as pyrochlore, lueschite, dysanalyte, etc. Post-magmatic processes including the alteration of pyroxenes tend to enrich the products of the system in niobium relative to tantalum.

The alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes typified by low temperature calcite, biotite, and mixed carbonate-micaceous formations shows extreme variability in the niobium and tantalum content. The elements in such environments crystallize as pyrochlore or are isomorphously bound in titanium minerals. The original solutions were high in carbonate and sodium with traces of Nb-Ta but as a result of the metasomatic replacement of the wall-rocks the sodium content is depleted and enriched in niobium, tantalum, magnesium, and iron. The high temperature titanium minerals in the wall-rocks are replaced and niobium and tantalum crystallize from the solution as minerals of the pyrochlore group. In the related carbonatites niobium and tantalum are fixed in minerals of the pyrochlore group or form complex minerals with zirconium.

Weathering processes dissolve the niobium and tantalum to form hydrolyzates and an appreciable amount is carried into the oceans from which they precipitate into manganese nodules and marine clays. Niobium is enriched relative to tantalum both in marine clays and in the clays produced in more arid continental environments. Hydrolyzates formed by the weathering of niobium-rich rocks are enriched in the two elements as well.

In sedimentary rocks niobium is enriched in the manganese nodules of the marine environment, in sedimentary rocks and bauxites; tantalum is enriched in marine clays and bauxites. Some of the more stable minerals of niobium are columbite-tantalite, euxenite and less commonly pyrochlore, accumulate in placer deposits associated with rutile, ilmenite, cassiterite, and wolframite. The niobium-tantalum minerals accumulate in eluvia and alluvia, fluvioglacial and marine placers, and in bauxite and kaoline resulting from the weathering of alkaline rocks. The contents of the two elements may be increased several times by these processes.

CHAPTER IV

CLASSIFICATION OF DEPOSITS AND EXAMPLES

Classification proposals for niobium and tantalum deposits have been presented on several occasions and they have been either bivariate or multivariate schemes using such variates as the source rock, genetic process, crustal zone, or chronological relationship to stages of differentiation of the source magma. Such parameters are not mutually exclusive and several are subjective conclusions based upon unspecified sets of basic parameters. They are open to differing interpretations and consequently are difficult to apply consistently.

Among the basic parameters are doubtless included the dominant ore mineral; the associated suite of minerals; the identities of the host rocks; the structural environment; morphology of the deposit or occurrence; the distribution of the ore mineral and the genetic process. Some of these are subjective having limited value for quantitative study, the remainder are objective and can be treated in a quantitative manner providing unique criteria for a classification scheme. The host rocks of these deposits are commonly one of: carbonatite; alkaline syenite; pegmatite; soil or gravel. The genetic processes recognized include those related to magmatic differentiation; pegmatite formation; pneumatolytic-hydrothermal activity; contact metasomatism; magmatic metasomatism and exogenesis. The structural environments include ore concentrations in pegmatite zones; mineralogical bands; shoots, pods, or lenses that crosscut lithological units; similar shaped bodies that occupy faults or fracture systems; and conformable planar or tabular bodies like the pay streaks of placers or parallel the banding in alkaline complexes.

Rowe (1958) in his report on niobium deposits in Canada proposed a classification scheme that is analogous to the granite and alkaline syenite columns of the Kuz'menko (1959) classification. The column for the granite source rocks has been subdivided into deposits in granitic rocks, in granite pegmatite, eluvial and placer deposits. The column for alkaline syenite source rocks is subdivided into deposits in the alkaline rocks, carbonate rocks, syenitic pegmatites, in fenites, and eluvial deposits. Canadian deposits were not identified to illustrate all classes.

De Kun (1962) proposed a classification scheme for seven types of niobium and tantalum deposits that combined crustal zones, implied source rock types, and processes by which the deposits were formed. The types in turn have been subdivided into as many as six subclasses some of which appear in more than one of the main types. Consequently, this classification has a less direct relationship to the Kuz'menko (see below) and Rowe classifications. It is not as convenient to use as one would hope to find.

Heinrich (1966) classified only those deposits that have a spatial association with carbonatites basing his treatment on the assumption that carbonatites are the source rock, in effect proposing an additional parameter not listed by the others. The basic subdivision offered is chronological related to the stages of differentiation and intrusion of the carbonatite magma: pre-carbonate deposits; carbonatite deposits; post-carbonatite deposits and super-gene deposits.

The classification of niobium and tantalum deposits published by Kuz'menko (1959) is the most comprehensive. It treats known deposits with the exception of the niobium-rich manganese nodules collected from some areas of the deep sea floor, Parker and Fleischer (1968). The source rocks which range from acid to ultramafic are displayed from left to right along the horizontal axis of the table. The genetic processes, which range from magmatic to exogenic from top to bottom along the vertical axis of the table, are displayed. It is well illustrated with examples reported from all parts of the world (Table 6) including Canada.

The granite and alkaline syenite columns of the Kuz'menko scheme are the most practical classification scheme for use in the Canadian context, at least until more of the basic facts have been accumulated that would permit the evaluation of a multi-variable scheme. When the Canadian deposits and occurrences have been located in appropriate positions in the table (Table 7) and the foreign examples have been removed, some significant gaps occur in the alkaline granite and alkaline ultramafic columns. The lack of such Canadian deposits may be more apparent than real and future field work may identify new deposits in Canada that will fall into these classes. At present there are several sites attributed to granite source rocks; one placer derived from granite stocks; magmatic deposits related to nepheline and nepheline syenites; contact- and magmatic metasomatic deposits related to the same host rocks and one occurrence that is related to alkaline mafic or ultramafic rocks.

CANADIAN EXAMPLES

Since the publication of Rowe's report (1958), Canada has become a producer of both niobium and tantalum and there are now twelve properties for which estimates of ore reserves have been published. All of these combined with 244 occurrences are described in summaries in Appendices A and B. The two producing mines and two other properties with large reserves of ore grade material are described in greater detail. They include the Oka, Quebec complex, the Montgary pegmatite from which wodginite is mined and the South Bluff Creek, Ontario and St-Honoré, Quebec complexes that are potential producers of pyrochlore concentrates.

Oka, Quebec Complex

Location and Accessibility

The complex and mine lie on the north shore of Lake of Two Mountains, 20 miles west of Montreal in the parishes of St-Joseph-du-Lac and L'Annoncion. It can be reached by all weather highway 29 and is within 13 miles of rail transportation at St-Eustache (See Figs. 1a, 1b, 4).

TABLE 7
CLASSIFICATION OF DEPOSITS OF NIOBIUM AND TANTALUM
KUZ'MENKO (1959)

| GRANITES | ALKALIC GRANITES | NEPHELITE AND NEPHELINE SYENITE | ALKALIC ULTRAMAFIC ROCKS |
|--|--|--|--|
| Magnetic Biotite granites with columbite (Jos Plateau, Nigeria) | Alkaline granites with riebeckite and pyrochlore (Nigeria, Mount Rosa, Colo.) | Agpaite-suites, lujavrite, juvites with leparite (Lovozero massif, USSR) | Pyroxenites and olivinites with perovskite (Afrikander massif, USSR) |
| Granites with euxenite, fergusonite (Idaho batholith, Idaho) (Longon-Yugan, Urals, Korovkinianki, Altai.) | Granites with euxenite, fergusonite (Longon-Yugan, Urals, Korovkinianki, Altai.) | Miaskites with pyrochlore (Vishnevye Mountains, USSR) | Rutile-brøkkite pegmatite § (Magnet Cove, Ark.) |
| Pegmatite Simple pegmatites with columbite-tantalite (Préissac-Lacorne, Quebec) | Complexly zoned and replaced peg- matites with lithium minerals, tantalite, microlite, etc. (Harding, N.M., Bernic Lake Man., Yellowknife-Beaufort, NWT) | Pegmatites with columbite-tantalite, astrophyllite (Mount Rosa, Colo.) | Nepheline syenite pegmatite (Urals and Kola Peninsula) § |
| Pneumatolytic- hydrothermal | Feldspar-quartz veins | Feldspar-quartz veins | Feldspar-calcite veins (Magnet Cove, Ark.) |
| Greisen veins | | | Carbonates with knopite (Magnet Cove, Ark.) |
| Contact- metasomatic | Albitized zones | Albitites with pyrochlore | Carbonates with pyrochlore and hatchettolite (Sukulu, Uganda) |
| Magnetic- metamorphic | Albitized zones | Albitized zones with pyrochlore | Natrolite-biotite zones in ijolite with knopite (Oka, Quebec) |
| Exogenic | Greisen zones | Carbonatized zones with pyrochlore | Carbonatized zones with pyrochlore. |
| | | | Albitized, nephelinized zones with perovskite, pyrochlore, at contact of alkalic rocks and carbonates (Oka, Quebec) |
| | | | Large stocklike carbonate masses with pyrochlore (Iron Hill, Colo.) |
| | | | Zircon, pyrochlore placers (Sukulu, Uganda) |
| | | | Ilmenite-rutile placers (Urals) |
| | | | Bauxites (Arkansas) |
| | | | Euxenite placers (Bear Valley, Idaho, Bugaboo, B.C.) |

Regional Setting

The carbonatite-alkaline syenite complex lies within a Precambrian inlier completely surrounded by Paleozoic Trenton limestone and Utica shale, Gold and Vallee, 1969. The inlier is an exposure of quartz-feldspar gneiss, granulite, anorthosite, gabbro, and quartzite ten miles long from east to west and five miles wide consisting mainly of paragneisses of the Grenville Group and the Morin anorthosite. Structurally these two formations trend northeast with characteristic complex folding. The carbonatite-alkaline syenite complex, a body 4 1/2 miles long by 1 1/2 miles wide, intrudes these rocks in a northwest-trending elliptical area near the north end of the Beauharnois axis, which runs in a southeasterly direction from the Laurentians to the Adirondacks in northern New York State but is largely overlain by the Paleozoic rocks of the St. Lawrence Lowlands. The land surface tends to be hilly at the borders of the complex with a pronounced valley overlying the centre of the structure. Outcrop occurs on the hill tops but the valley floor is buried by as much as 400 feet of Pleistocene glacial tills and gravels. The rocks of the inlier exhibit regional northeasterly trends on the magnetic, gravimetric and radiometric survey maps with a well developed anomaly overlying the complex and trending northwest. The northwest end of the complex intruded the Morin anorthosites whereas the southeast end intrudes the folded quartzofeldspathic paragneisses of the Grenville Group. The complex is dated as post-Trenton because associated breccias contain fragments of that formation and the radiometric age has been determined at 114 million years by the K/Ar procedure on a biotite concentrate from one of the nearby breccia pipes, Gittins et al., 1967.

Detailed Description

The complex is an elliptical body consisting of carbonate rocks, okaite-jacupirangite, ijolite, and alnoite-lamprophyre intrusions having a discontinuous aureole of fenite. There are two circular structures within the complex, a larger one at the north end and a smaller one at the south end. These result from the annular distribution of lenses and layers of the alkaline silicate rocks and carbonatites. The structures, which are illustrated by magnetic and radiometric survey maps of the complex, contain anomalies spatially related to the complex and the internal distribution of magnetic and radiometric minerals, Gold, Vallee, Charette, 1966. Both rings are characterized by annular litho-structural units with outward dips resembling ring dykes, transgressive inward dipping bands interpreted as cone sheets, and central carbonatite plugs. Relict inclusions of quartzofeldspathic gneiss in ijolite show varying degrees of pyroxenitization. Carbonatite transgresses and locally intrudes the massive ijolite. Elsewhere ijolite dykes have been broken and deformed into boudins that retain a planar distribution in the remobilized carbonatite. There are outcrops of alnoite breccia that have gradational contacts with gneissic wall-rocks, contain recognizable fragments of gneiss and Paleozoic limestones, and may be intruded in turn by carbonatite dykes. These have been interpreted as diatremes that occur in the surrounding Precambrian rocks. Basic lamprophyre dykes, some of which are brecciated, are also associated with the complex. The wall-rocks of the complex have been fractured, veined and a nearly continuous fenite zone has been identified.

Lithology

The rocks of the complex are highly variable in composition. They include carbonatites, members of the okaite-jacupirangite series, ijolites, replacement of alteration rocks and alnoites and basic lamprophyres. According to Gold and Vallee (1969), the carbonatites can be subdivided into as many as nine varieties but for the sake of convenience these have been consolidated into four: (1) the early, coarse-grained calcitic variety with minor to accessory amounts of pyroxene, biotite, magnetite, and monticellite; (2) the niobium-rich phase (middle phase) with pyroxene, biotite, magnetite, pyrochlore and/or perovskite or tremolite, magnetite, melilite, and niocalite; (3) the early to middle phase dolomitic type in the north ring or the calcitic type in the south ring with pyroxene, magnetite, biotite and pyrochlore, and (4) the rare-earth (late phase) carbonatites consisting mainly of calcite with rare-earth carbonates, pyrite, and galena.

The rocks of the okaite-jacupirangite series (see Rowe, 1958) consist mainly of mclilite at one end of the series and titanaugite at the other end with nepheline, zeolites, magnetite, ilmenite, apatite, biotite, and calcite as varietal minerals.

The ijolite-jacupirangite series consist of essential nepheline and aegirine. They vary from mesocratic to melanocratic depending upon the abundance of the principal constituents. Locally wollastonite and melanite become varietal minerals. At the south side of the complex the rocks are characteristically aphanitic.

The replacement and alteration rocks are the product of the replacement of mafic silicates by biotite or chlorite in shear zones and along faults. Characteristically they also contain vugs mineralized with pyrite, galena, and calcite. They occur in zones or tabular bodies in the complex.

Alnoites and basic lamprophyres occur as dykes and as polymict breccias in diatremes (Harvie, 1909; Grimes-Graeme, 1935). Mineralogically they differ from true kimberlites because they do not contain pyrope garnet, enstatite, and diopsidic pyroxenes as varietal minerals. The alnoites and alnoite breccias intrude the enclosing Precambrian rocks as well as rocks in the complex.

Montgary Pegmatite, Bernic Lake, Manitoba

Location and Accessibility

The mine site is situated 115 miles by road northeast of Winnipeg in the Lac du Bonnet Mining Division of southeastern Manitoba. The town of Lac du Bonnet is the nearest point for rail shipments on a Canadian Pacific Railway line to Winnipeg (see Figs. 2a, 2b, 5).

History of Development

The mine development has a history going back to 1929 when Jack Nutt Tin Mines Limited investigated cassiterite showings and sank a 140-foot shaft on the shore of Bernic Lake. The following year diamond drilling done

by Consolidated Tin Mining Company Limited, identified the pegmatite sill and the presence of spodumene. In 1954 the property was taken over by Montgary Explorations Limited, now Chemalloy Minerals Limited which proceeded with an extensive drilling program for spodumene and sank a 3-compartment shaft to 305 feet. In 1957 American Metal Company Limited (now American Metals Climax) took an option on the property, ran a drilling program and commissioned a study of the lithium market that resulted in the dropping of the option. Between 1959 and 1961 Chemalloy Minerals deepened the shaft to 339 feet and investigated the ore zones of the sill by more than 6,000 feet of drifting. In the same period the Noble-Knight claims adjoining to the west of the property were acquired and drilled from the surface. The equipment was hoisted from the shaft and the property lay dormant from 1962 to 1966. In October 1966 Chemalloy requested the firm of A.C.A. Howe International Limited to determine the tantalum potential of the sill, Howie, 1968. Bulk samples were taken and analyzed and on the basis of the results an agreement was concluded in March 1967 with the Goldfield Corporation of New York to provide funds for development and commencing production. This was accomplished and production of tantalum concentrate at 500 tpd. was started in January 1969. Plans are being considered (1971) to produce lithium concentrates and the pegmatite is potentially a source of caesium and beryllium.

Regional Setting

The Montgary pegmatite, in the English River fold belt of the Superior Province of the Canadian Shield, is situated in the east-trending volcanics division of the Archean Rice Lake Group and is surrounded by granite batholiths of major dimensions, Davis, 1955, 1957; Wright 1961. The volcanic rocks now represented by amphibolites strike east-west and dip steeply south and in turn have been intruded by numerous pegmatite dykes and sills that contain a variety of minerals of potential economic interest. Massive pink granite of Archean age outcrops on the west shore of Bernic Lake and extends within a few hundred feet of the main sill. The Montgary pegmatite, over 3,500 feet long in a westerly direction, 1,500 feet wide and 280 feet thick, occupies an irregular subhorizontal fracture or fracture system that cuts across the amphibolites.

Detailed Description

The Montgary pegmatite has been studied over a period of 40 years and its form, size, attitude, and internal zonation are reasonably well delineated. The pegmatite exhibits several asymmetrical mineralogical zones that have resulted from differentiation and to a lesser extent from replacement. These zones include: (1) a wall zone containing microcline, quartz, beryl, and some tourmaline; (2) a spodumene zone containing spodumene, feldspars, quartz, and coarse-grained muscovite; (3) a lepidolite zone which replaces part of the microcline-quartz zone; (4) an almost pure pollucite zone; (5) the tantalite zone consisting of a quartz-microcline assemblage containing tantalite and beryl; (6) a pure quartz core; and (7) an aplitic assemblage containing tantalite.

The wall zone which is thickest along the floor of the sill also occurs at the top and varies in thickness from 1 to 50 feet. Beryl is the only mineral of potential economic interest in this zone which consists of perthite, plagioclase, quartz, and muscovite, with accessory black tourmaline, apatite, topaz, beryl, and tantalite.

The spodumene zone forms two main layers within the sill; one thicker than the other, and richer in spodumene, occurs near the roof; a second layer occurs close to the floor of the body. The upper zone varies from 15 to 90 feet in thickness with a wide range of mineral composition depending upon the relative amounts of spodumene, perthite, plagioclase, quartz, and muscovite. It is estimated to contain 6,288,300 short tons that can be beneficiated to yield 2.29 per cent Li_2O from an average thickness of 30 feet.

The lepidolite assemblage occupies discontinuous areas in the upper part of the pegmatite sill replacing parts of the microcline-quartz zone. Two lenses occur having a maximum thickness of 38 feet and containing 107,700 short tons of lepidolite averaging 2.24 per cent Li_2O .

The pollucite assemblage occurs in three thin lenses, the largest, in the southeast quarter of the sill, having a maximum thickness of 54 feet. The bodies are estimated to contain 300,000 short tons averaging 20.4 per cent Cs_2O . The lenses are elongated parallel to the long axis of the sill. The pollucite is either clear and glassy resembling quartz or cloudy white resembling one of the feldspars.

The tantalite zone occupies the medial part of the sill and it is characterized by three mineral assemblages: microcline-quartz; the pure quartz core; and an aplitic albite assemblage. The microcline-quartz assemblage is the main host for the disseminated tantalite (wodginite) and it occurs in two zones separated laterally by 50 feet and conforming in plan and vertical section to the outlines of the whole sill. Some areas of this zone have been replaced by lepidolite or beryl mineralization. The tenor of the tantalite relates to the degree of alteration of the microcline.

The quartz core, which at one point in the northern part of the sill, reaches a thickness of 80 feet also occurs in smaller and more irregular bodies. The quartz core consists of massive clear to white quartz with minor amblygonite, spodumene and perthite.

The albitic assemblage, up to 80 feet thick below the core of the sill, occurs between the core and the outer zones, and is characterized mainly by saccharoidal albite, especially beneath areas of lepidolite and quartz. Tantalite occurs in the upper section of the assemblage and is concentrated at the upper contact decreasing in tenor with depth.

The Montgary pegmatite is a complex zoned granitic pegmatite displaying a varied mineralogy in which mineral assemblages change geographically within the sill. The most abundant minerals are quartz, feldspar, mica, spodumene, and pollucite, associated with minor amounts of amblygonite, beryl, tantalite, and lepidolite. The tantalite is either the common variety $(\text{Ta}, \text{Nb})_2 (\text{Mn}, \text{Fe})\text{O}_6$, or more commonly wodginite (Nickel *et al.*, 1963) the stanniferous variety $(\text{Ta}, \text{Nb}, \text{Sn}_{2x}) (\text{Mn}, \text{Fe}, \text{Sn}_x)\text{O}_6$. Rubidium (up to 5.1 per cent) occurs in micas, microcline, and pollucite, and tantalum and tin occur mainly in the wodginite.

Alpha-B Deposit, Southbluff Creek, Ontario

Location and Accessibility

The Alpha-B deposit, $50^{\circ} 52'N$, $80^{\circ} 37'W$ is approximately 30 miles south of Moosonee, Ontario on South Bluff Creek, and 23 miles east of Renison, the nearest point on the Ontario Northlands Railway to Moosonee. Access is mainly by air.

History of Development

During 1963-64 the governments of Canada and Ontario jointly sponsored airborne magnetometer surveys over a large area of northeastern Ontario. These showed a number of anomalies including a series of linear anomalies along a line drawn between Moosonee and Kapuskasing, Ontario that were sufficient relief to warrant more detailed investigation. A consortium of companies - Argor Explorations Limited; Consolidated Morrison Explorations Limited, and Goldray Mines Limited were successful applicants for three licenses of occupation each for 64,000 acres along the lineament in an area 60 miles long varying width from 3 to 7 miles. Imperial Oil Enterprises Limited provided the initial exploration funds for the program that identified the Alpha-B deposit in January 1966, the only mineralization of economic importance discovered (see Fig. 6). When the licenses expired in 1968, the holdings were reduced to 10 square miles surrounding the Alpha-B deposit. The deposit was developed with a detailed drilling program, a test shaft, and metallurgical research on a bulk sample. Subsequently it was decided to delay preproduction development of a mine until conditions became more favourable.

Regional Setting

The Alpha-B orebody on Southbluff Creek lies in a structural lineament (the Kapuskasing high) that strikes south 23 degrees west from Moosonee on James Bay to Kapuskasing, Ontario and is characterized by irregular linear magnetic highs that are attributed to lenses of basic to ultrabasic rocks or concentrations of magnetite. The rocks within the lineament and those immediately to the east and west are Precambrian in age, but the Precambrian rocks to the northwest are covered by flat-lying Paleozoic sedimentary rocks. Some younger basic intrusive dykes or sills intrude the feature.

The Precambrian rocks east of the structure consist of metamorphosed volcanic and sedimentary rocks that outcrop in a low gently undulating plateau. The abundant metavolcanics represent basic to intermediate flows in which the vesicles and pillows can be identified along with interbanded tuff and sedimentary beds, although metamorphism has selectively altered some beds to amphibolite or garnet amphibolite grade. There are also high grade quartz-feldspar-hornblende gneisses and granulites as well as gneissic granite associated with the volcanic rocks. These rocks exhibit a uniform magnetic response pattern 500 gammas lower than the main linear feature except for one band 300 gammas higher that is produced by a basic or ultrabasic band in the sequence.

The Precambrian rocks west of the structure consist mainly of banded gneisses and granite that strike east-west. Included in the series are quartz-feldspar-hornblende gneisses and weakly foliated granite. The magnetic response of these rocks more nearly resembles that of the lineament being less uniform in appearance as a result of erratic distribution of magnetite in the granite.

The Kapuskasing high itself is underlain by gneisses that exhibit local folds with reversals of dip particularly in the area southwest of the orebody. At the north end, the central band of garnetiferous gneiss strikes northeast whereas the hornblende and granite gneisses at either side are variable in strike. On the Alpha-B concession an overturned fold, exposed north of Kiasko River, strikes east across the northeast trend and the south and north limbs which strike east and dip 30 to 60 degrees north, are cut by northeast-trending faults. On the east side, the trends have been truncated by volcanic rocks that have been bent around to the north with dips 60 to 80 degrees south changing to the west.

Detailed Description

A geological survey of the Alpha-B orebody and its immediate surroundings showed that it consists of pyroxene hornblendite, amphibole and/or biotite carbonatite, gneisses, dykes or sills of metadiorite and gabbro, and carbonatites bearing pyrochlore and less commonly columbite (see Fig. 6).

The pyroxene hornblendite is a medium- to coarse-grained rock consisting of hornblende, diopside, augite, and carbonate in varying proportions with accessory amounts of sphene, apatite, titaniferous magnetite and sulphides. Zircon is frequently found where the carbonate content of the hornblendite increases noticeably. Locally carbonatite has intruded this rock and the resulting brecciation has produced a hybrid zone. At the Precambrian surface the rock has undergone more or less complete chloritization to a depth of 100 feet. The pyroxene hornblendite occurs as bands near the west side of the body and as a narrow band against the gneiss along the southeast side, a band that continues on to the south beyond the carbonatite.

The amphibole-biotite carbonatite consists mainly of coarse-grained, massive to well banded calcite showing either a granitoid or gneissoid texture. The hornblende phase occurs in the marginal zone whereas the sodic variety of amphibole occurs in the core zone. The minor constituents include apatite, titano-magnetite, and biotite and/or phlogopite the latter being associated with the sodic amphibole. Accessory zircon, pyrrhotite, and olivine have been identified. Feldspar occurs in hybrid zones and accessory, reddish brown pyrochlore occurs in the sodic amphibole phase. The rock has been altered at the Precambrian surface to a maximum of 150 feet beneath the structure. As a result the carbonates become rotten and the ferromagnesian minerals have been replaced by chlorite.

The rocks surrounding the Alpha-B deposit are gneisses that consist mainly of quartz and plagioclase with minor amounts of biotite and hornblende. The accessory constituents include sericite, carbonate, magnetite, zircon, sphene, apatite, garnet, pyrite, and pyrrhotite. Locally the ferromagnesian minerals have been chloritized and calcite or epidote veins were formed. Zones of crushing or mylonitization occur in the gneiss along the southeast contact of the carbonatite body.

The metadiorites and gabbros consist mainly of labradorite and hornblende in nearly equal amounts with minor augite and garnet. The accessory constituents are quartz, magnetite, sphene, apatite, chlorite, calcite, and pyrite. They occur as dyke or sill intrusions in the gneissic wall-rocks of the Alpha-B orebody.

The niobium-bearing carbonatites which are combined as a single map-unit in Figure 6 can be subdivided into four units on the basis of texture, structure and mineralogy; a deformed dolomitic carbonatite; a calacitic and/or dolomitic carbonatite; a calcitic variety low in mafic minerals; and a crushed dolomitic carbonatite. These rocks vary from grey to pale pink in colour. Dolomite is more common than calcite as the major constituent of these rocks. The minor constituents include the minerals; riebeckite, apatite, phlogopite and magnetite or the second carbonate. The accessory minerals include pyrrhotite, pyrochlore (0.5 to 3%), zircon, epidote, molybdenite, feldspar, apatite, pyrite, and olivine. Locally, the mafic minerals are altered to chlorite, the carbonates to a rotten appearance, dolomite is replaced by siderite and the magnetite by hematite. This is particularly true immediately beneath the Precambrian surface and the alteration is related to joint and fracture patterns in the carbonatites. Texturally the carbonatites show some degree of foliation or cataclastic deformation. This ranges from a spotted appearance resulting from disseminated aggregates of coarse-grained magnetite; a streaked appearance due to elongated and oriented aggregates of riebeckite, apatite, and mica; a brecciated phase with rounded fragments in a matrix of the same minerals; to a crushed dolomite carbonatite. Micaceous aggregates up to several feet across, rounded or spindle shaped, occur near the centre of the body.

The Paleozoic sedimentary rocks of the Sextant Formation overlie the Precambrian basement on the Alpha-B property and this cover thickens to the north and northwest. The rocks are Early Devonian in age and consist of loosely consolidated conglomerate, and interbedded mudstone, siltstone, and sandstone. They were deposited on the irregular Precambrian surface and vary in thickness from 40 to 150 feet at the north end of the property.

Compact Pleistocene glacial till consisting of grey silty sand with minor clay and gravel overlies the Paleozoic sedimentary rocks. The shaft sinking operation demonstrated the presence throughout the till layer of numerous boulders of sandy limestone (Paleozoic), or granitic rocks. The thickness of the till increases from zero in the north to approximately 40 feet near the south end of the orebody.

Recent waterlogged muskeg 3 to 4 feet thick overlying the boulder till is widespread near the property.

Structural Geology

There is evidence of both regional and local faults on the property. Aeromagnetic trends suggest a major northeast-southwest trending structure interpreted as a rift fault related to the body of granulite. The Alpha-B orebody occurs at the intersection of the rift with a north-south fault that modifies the strike of the rift. Local faulting is indicated by a narrow chloritic zone parallel to the east contact of the carbonatite and dipping east 70 to 85 degrees. Elsewhere crushed dolomite and the development of distorted sodic amphibole at the south end of the orebody may identify another fault that has offset the south extension of the orebody to the west. A small fault, mapped in the

crosscut, strikes north, dips 55 degrees east and is characterized by a pink coloured zone extending 2 feet into the walls on either side.

A moderate amount of fracturing was observed in the carbonatite exposed in the shaft and crosscut. The main set was nearly horizontal and a minor set strikes 112 degrees and dips steeply north.

The Alpha-B orebody is lenticular in plan, sharply truncated at its south end and plunges north at 60 degrees.

St-Honoré Alkaline Syenite-Carbonatite Complex

Location and Accessibility

The St-Honoré alkaline syenite-carbonatite complex (Figs. 3a, 3b, 7) is situated in Simard township, 8 miles north of Chicoutimi, Quebec. An all weather road which comes within 4 miles of the property provides access to railway facilities and a marine terminal at Chicoutimi.

History of Development

SOQUEM made airborne surveys in 1967 that covered an area of 20,000 acres radiometrically and 30,000 acres by magnetometer in the St-Honoré area. The resulting anomalies were sufficiently interesting that a ground radiometric survey was done on an area of 2 acres, 430 feet of trenches were excavated, 325 gravimetric stations were established and two diamond-drill holes totalling 185 feet were drilled. The results were promising and in 1968, 135 miles of lines were cut, 28,000 acres were prospected and mapped, an additional 1,152 gravimetric stations were established, 54 ground magnetometer stations were established, and 13 holes totalling 6,928 feet were drilled. In 1969 a further 3 miles of magnetometer lines were run and 5 holes were drilled totalling 4,900 feet. In 1970 Copperfields Mining Corporation became associated with SOQUEM in the development of the deposit. Between July 1970 and July 1971 a total of 70,272 feet of drilling was completed, 5,512 feet of which was for exploration purposes, the remainder being to outline two pyrochlore-bearing orebodies. In the same period milling tests were commenced using drill core. In August 1971 an 18 per cent decline was started, initially planned to be 2,400 feet long to intersect the top of orebody "1" and penetrate orebody "2" at a vertical depth of 475 feet. Milling tests will be facilitated by the large bulk samples obtained from the decline. It is hoped that plans to mine the deposit will be finalized in 1972.

Regional Setting

The geological section in the vicinity of the St-Honoré complex consists of the overlying unconsolidated post-glacial sediments; the flat-lying Paleozoic shales and limestones; the rocks of the complex and the enclosing rocks of the Precambrian Grenville Group. As a result of a post-glacial incursion of the sea into the area there were deposited thick layers of clay and sand, but these are only a few feet thick in the vicinity of the St-Honoré

orebodies. The Paleozoic formations are part of an inlier, 15 miles from north to south by 4 to 5 miles from east to west, of thick, horizontally bedded fossiliferous limestones (Lowville, Middle Ordovician) with a few shale partings, overlain by thin black shales believed by Sinclair (1953) to be equivalent to the Gloucester Formation in age. The sedimentary rocks were deposited on an irregular Precambrian surface and the basal beds locally contain fine-grained disseminated pyrite or detritus from the underlying carbonatite.

The Precambrian rocks of the Grenville Group surrounding the St-Honoré complex include syenite, syenite breccia, granite gneiss, granite, and anorthosite. The syenite is a pink medium- to coarse-grained massive rock that consists mainly of orthoclase and plagioclase with accessory chlorite, apatite, zircon, siderite, and magnetite. The syenite which outcrops north and east of the complex can be further subdivided into two units on the basis of the magnetite content, and in the northeast quarter of Simard Township, it is cut by narrow dykes of fine-grained carbonatite. The syenite breccia having a chloritic matrix, may be an explosion breccia that is developed locally. The granite gneiss-granite unit is a pink medium- to coarse-grained rock having microcline, quartz, biotite, and plagioclase as the major constituents with minor amounts of magnetite and amphibole. Layering in this unit varies from weak to strong and is the result of mafic bands. The anorthosite, which is grey coloured with less than 15 per cent mafic minerals, outcrops north of the complex in the south half of Falardeau Township, and as three narrow bodies in the syenite. A gabbro anorthosite stock has been identified on the Shipshaw River to the northeast and a few outcrops indicate the presence of anorthosite on the west side of the complex.

Detailed Description

The St-Honoré alkaline syenite-carbonatite complex, Vallee and Dubuc (1970) lies near the east side of the Saguenay graben and consists of dolomitic, sideritic, and calcitic carbonatites, urtite, diorite, and nepheline syenite. The central core is typically coarse-grained dolomitic carbonatite surrounded by an outer ring of fine-grained foliated dolomitic and/or calcitic carbonatite. The white to buff to reddish rare-earth carbonatite is a coarse-grained massive dolomitic variety with accessory black hydrocarbon, pyrite, fine-grained monazite, bastnaesite, pyrrhotite, molybdenite, chalcopyrite, and huttonite. A zone at the west side of this unit is characterized by fragments of chloritized urtite. The barren carbonatite is coarse grained and white having insignificant amounts of Nb and rare-earth oxides. The periphery of the central core contains ore zones "One" and "Two", the low grade dolomitic carbonatite, the monticellite carbonate and the barren carbonatite. The main ore zone consists of banded white to brick red dolomitic carbonatite, with minor apatite, magnetite, hematite, accessory pyrochlore, columbite, pyrite monazite, bastnaesite, and traces of sphalerite, chalcopyrite, pyrrhotite, barite, chlorite, biotite, quartz, and fluorite. The banding strikes 90 degrees and dips 75 degrees north. The north half of the ore zone is red dolomitic carbonatite with magnetite-rich bands and the south half is white with a low silicate content that increases at its edge to 20 per cent pyroxene plus feldspar with sporadic Nb values. The "number two" ore zone consists of fine- to medium-coarse-grained foliated pink calcitic pyroxene carbonatite with accessory garnet, apatite, nepheline and pyrochlore. The dolomitic carbonatite which

has a low content of rare-earth oxides and niobium is fine grained, foliated white to red in colour with accessory pyrite, hydrocarbons, pyrochlore, monazite, euxenite, and buttonite. The monticellite carbonatite is a medium coarse-grained, clastic to dolomitic variety with accessory pyrochlore. The barren carbonatite varies from white to pink, is foliated, and consists mainly of dolomite, and locally abundant fragments of variably chloritized urtite.

The alkaline rocks in the complex include urtite, nepheline garnet syenite, and diorite. The pale grey urtite, which consists mainly of nepheline and aegirine-augite with minor andradite garnet, has been intruded by dykes or sills of carbonatite and locally occurs as chloritized fragments in the carbonatites. The grey to greenish nepheline garnet syenite is a medium- to coarse-grained rock consisting mainly of nepheline, cancrinite and aegirine-augite, with accessory biotite, carbonate, apatite, sphene, zircon, melanite, plagioclase, opaque minerals and schorlomite garnet. It is intruded by numerous 5- to 12-inch-wide diabase dykes. The diorite, which occurs in two masses east and southwest of the core respectively, consists mainly of plagioclase, aegirine-augite, biotite with minor carbonate, magnetite, and apatite. The highest magnetite content occurs in the southwestern body.

Structural Geology

The structural geology of the St-Honoré alkaline syenite-carbonatite complex and its surroundings is incompletely known. Surface exposures are few and the few foliation determinations in the surrounding syenite tend to parallel the contacts of the main complex. On the north side these dip inwards at 20 to 30 degrees whereas those at the south and east are more nearly horizontal. Attitudes elsewhere in the area are sparse. One fault, which has been identified in the northeastern quarter of Simard Township, strikes south 80 degrees east.

CHAPTER V

CHOICE OF TARGET AREAS AND EXPLORATION TECHNIQUES

Geological hypotheses continue as the main working hypotheses guiding the search for new orebodies. They define likely environments in which to search, serve as the basis for the interpretation of a variety of technical survey results, and as a guide for extending developmental work, Derry (1969). For example, experience has shown that alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes are probable sources of new niobium orebodies; that pegmatites are probable sources of new tantalum deposits and that radioactive placers may be sources of both elements. The first and second environments should be sought particularly in the Superior Province of the Canadian Shield and the last in the western Cordillera. Recognition of Recent marine sediments, Pleistocene glacial deposits, or deeply weathered regoliths has a bearing on identification of new deposits and the choice of procedures suitable for use in developing deposits hidden beneath such overburden. Geology, petrology, and mineralogy are all essential to the recognition of individual orebodies. Climate and topography both influence the economic factors and the development procedures in the search for new mines. The relationships between the results of geophysical surveys and niobium and tantalum deposits are of great value in their discovery and development into producing mines.

The alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes are believed to have the greatest potential for the discovery and development of new niobium orebodies. Such complexes and their immediate surroundings, should be carefully prospected not only for niobium, but also for tantalum, uranium, beryllium, rare-earths, zirconium, apatite, barite, iron, molybdenite, and fluorite. They occur along fault lines in Precambrian Shield areas; tend to be circular or crescentric in plan and commonly give rise to distinctive closed magnetic or radiometric anomalies. The distinctive petrology of such complexes, which include a variety of alkaline silicate rocks, carbonatites, fenites, breccias, and lamprophyre dykes coupled with the occurrence of the minerals nepheline, alkaline pyroxene, carbonates, and accessory pyrochlore, euxenite, betafite, apatite, magnetite, etc. make positive identification a simple matter. Pyrochlore which is the mineral of economic interest occurs in the carbonatites, fenites, and alkaline syenites that make up the complexes.

Two thirds of the known Canadian deposits and occurrences are granite or syenite pegmatites. Consequently known areas of pegmatite dyke swarms in the Appalachians, Precambrian Shield, and the western Cordillera will bear continued investigation and some effort should be expended to find new areas. Granite pegmatites displaying complex internal zonation either magmatic in origin or modified by autometamorphism should be examined with care. The minerals tantalite or wodginite are likely to be the ore minerals as these are the most widespread species in which tantalum exceeds the niobium content. Several associations of minor or accessory minerals provide useful clues; the association of lithium and beryllium without molybdenite; betafite, allanite and biotite; euxenite, and monazite with beryl and less commonly with muscovite; and samarskite with columbite and fergusonite. Airborne

geophysical procedures have not been used in the search for pegmatite dykes. Aeromagnetic surveys are unlikely to be helpful but radiometric surveys may measure positive responses over high potash or thorium rich pegmatites and contribute to the discovery of new pegmatite swarms.

The presence of a reserve of euxenite in the placers of the Bugaboo and Vorster Creeks in southeastern British Columbia commends the continued examination of this type of deposit for the elements in question. Related geophysical anomalies, in particular radiometric anomalies, increase the probability of the discovery of such ore minerals. This also commends the search for fossil placers in sedimentary terrains that were derived from areas of acid to alkaline intrusive rocks. None of these have been reported in Canada but locally radioactive clastic sedimentary rocks like those of Carboniferous age in the Maritime Provinces, the Precambrian sediments north of the Grenville Break and in the Slave and Churchill Provinces are potentially interesting. Both modern and fossil placers merit mineralogical examination because they represent a largely unexplored resource of niobium and tantalum.

The alkaline granites that outcrop in the Bugaboo and Horsethief stocks of southeastern British Columbia are low potential primary sources of niobium in the mineral euxenite. However, when combined with suitable weathering processes and appropriate topography they become the probable source of placers in the nearby valleys. In the tropics deeply weathered alkaline granites in the Jos Plateau of Nigeria have produced a regolith in which niobium and tantalum minerals have been enriched. The regolith is the source of the development of downstream placers many times enriched relative to the abundance of the minerals in the source granite. This type of occurrence has not been reported in Canada because the activity of Pleistocene glaciers has transported any earlier regolith from its source areas leaving varying thicknesses of fresh till in contact with largely unaltered bedrock. Nepheline syenites may also undergo the same treatment as the Jos granites and give rise to analogous type deposits.

NB-TA DISTRIBUTION IN THE TECTONIC PROVINCES OF CANADA

General Statement

Niobium and tantalum deposits and occurrences are distributed across Canada (Map 1354A) with the greatest number occurring in the tectonic provinces of the Canadian Shield: the Bear Province has one occurrence; the Slave Province has a cluster east of Yellowknife; the Churchill Province has a few related to the uranium occurrences at Uranium City and La Ronge, Saskatchewan; The Superior Province has a large number and the Grenville Province has a still larger number. Most of the remainder occur in the Western Cordilleran Region and one has been identified in Nova Scotia.

Slave Province

The occurrences in the Slave Province east of Yellowknife (see Fig. 8) are in the hundreds of pegmatites many of which exceed lengths of 1,000 feet and widths that exceed 100 feet outcrop in an area underlain by granites that intrude the metasedimentary bedded rocks and a small area of volcanic rocks near Upper Ross Lake that belong to the Yellowknife Supergroup (Archean). The sedimentary rocks are mainly greywacke and slates that have been metamorphosed into nodular quartz biotite gneiss and impure quartzite in the aureoles of the younger pegmatitic granites. The nodules consist of accumulations of cordierite-andalusite and staurolite. The beds, which strike parallel to the contacts with the granite intrusions but dip outwards, are closely folded isoclinally with steep dips and overturned tops in many places. Cross-folds with north- to northwest-trending axes have been observed and the younger pegmatitic granites are believed to have been emplaced along the axes of these folds. The rare-element pegmatites that characterize the area often strike northeast across the cross-folds and are most abundant in the aureoles of the younger coarse-grained granitic intrusions. Locally the beryllium-niobium-tantalum bearing pegmatites are concentrated in zones closer to the granite intrusions than other pegmatites characterized by the occurrence of spodumene. Internally zoned rare-element pegmatites occur most frequently adjacent to Hearne Channel and these commonly exhibit a lithium-rich inner zone and an outer intermediate or wall zone enriched in beryllium-niobium-tantalum. All rocks of the area have been intruded by late diabase dykes of Proterozoic age.

Superior Province

Tantalum-bearing pegmatites outcrop in the Cross Lake, Quetico and Abitibi Belts of the Superior Province whereas the pyrochlore-bearing and barren alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes outcrop in the Kapuskasing Belt and less frequently in the Cross Lake and Wabigoon Belts. Several tantalum-bearing pegmatites in the Bird River area (see Figure 5) of southeastern Manitoba in the English River Belt where the bedrock consists of the Rice Lake Group and intrusive rocks that include minor ultrabasic rocks, granitic intrusions and granitic pegmatites. The rocks of the Rice Lake Group which include the metavolcanic and metasedimentary rocks outcrop in two easterly trending belts in the area of the figure; the first extending from Bird River to the south shore of Bernic Lake; the second along the Winnipeg River above Lamprey Falls. The Bird River-Bernic Lake Belt is an east-trending syncline having granitic intrusions along the fold axis, a major fault along the Bird River and several north- to northwest-trending faults that offset the contacts of the belt. There are local shear and silicified zones, and pegmatites outcrop in the vicinity of the granite intrusions. The granites vary from gneissic to massive in texture and in composition from diorites through pink or grey microcline granites to coarse-grained pink albitic granite. The latter south of the Winnipeg River are intricately folded with aplitic bands in which there may be concentrations of muscovite or red garnet.

Tantalum-bearing pegmatites also outcrop in the Cross Lake, Quetico and Abitibi Belts. Test drilling has been done in the Georgia Lake area of the Quetico Belt southeast of Lake Nipigon and on the dykes in the aureole of the Preissac-Lacorne batholith in the Abitibi Belt (see Fig. 9). In the

Preissac-Lacorne area, Dawson (1966), the dykes, which vary from simple to complex, crosscut metasedimentary rocks of the Kewagama Group or amphibolites of the Malartic Group. Spodumene has been produced from one swarm but tantalite is generally a mineralogical curiosity. The dykes drilled in the Georgia Lake area (Pye, 1965; Mulligan, 1965) have not been proven to contain mineable quantities of tantalite. The dykes intrude Archean meta-sedimentary rocks that include biotite quartzite, and quartz-biotite schist and granites that outcrop along the southeast side of the area. Diabase dykes and sills intrude the rocks of the area and some pegmatite dykes have been cut off at depth by diabase sills adversely affecting the economic prospects of the area.

Alkaline complexes, some of which contain ore grade pyrochlore deposits, occur mainly along the axis of the Kapuskasing Belt or near the south end of that structure. These complexes consist of alkaline syenites and/or carbonatites forming small elliptical bodies that cut granitic gneiss, basic volcanic rocks, or pyroxene-bearing gneiss. Characteristically the complexes exhibit structural features that include carbonatite cores surrounded by annular zones of nepheline syenite and/or pyroxenite, and pyroxene carbonatites. Elsewhere in the Superior Province one such body intrudes the east end of the Wabigoon Belt and two others the east end of the Cat Lake Belt.

Grenville Province

The Grenville Province has numerous pegmatite occurrences near its west end (see Figs. 10 and 11) and alkaline complexes, many of which contain pyrochlore and are distributed along the south side particularly near the Ottawa River and Saguenay River fault systems. The niobium and tantalum minerals occur in the southeastern part of Ontario and southwestern Quebec in granite pegmatites, less so in syenite pegmatites, coarse-grained granites, calcite veins and lense systems. They outcrop most frequently in the felsic map-unit consisting of granite, granite syenite, nepheline syenite, gneiss and metamorphic equivalents. Fewer deposits occur in the metasedimentary rock unit that consists of crystalline limestone, dolomite, quartzite, conglomerate, amphibole, paragneiss, and schist. Other occurrences are sparsely distributed in similar map-units elsewhere in the area.

The Bancroft occurrences that reach peak abundance in the vicinity of the Cardiff batholith (see Fig. 11) are concentrated along the northeasterly trending belt of carbonatites, nepheline and alkalic syenites that outcrop from Green Mountain in Glamorgan Township on the west to Colton Lake in Admaston Township on the east, a distance of 110 miles. Niobium and tantalum minerals have also been identified in an association with uranium in the mines southwest of Bancroft. Structurally, this belt is characterized by strike faults at its west end and several northwesterly trending cross faults at its east end. The peak abundance of deposits is reached near the west end of the feature where lengthy faults have not been mapped.

Western Cordillera

Known Nb-Ta deposits in British Columbia are concentrated in the south end of the Omineca tectonic belt just north of the International Boundary with one exception at Manson Creek to the north (see Map). Two others lie in

the south end of the Intermontane Belt and none have been reported either in the Marginal or the Coast Crystalline Belts. They also occur in the mineralized zone that crosses the tectonic belts near the International Boundary.

The Omineca Belt is composed mainly of lower Paleozoic and older metasedimentary rocks, derived gneisses, and a minor amount of volcanic rocks. Gneiss domes are common in this belt and small batholiths and stocks, dominantly quartz monzonite of Cretaceous age, make up 10 per cent of the area. The belt is characterized by intense multiple folding, thrusting, and high angle faulting. Some small alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes occur along the east side of the belt.

The deposits of the Omineca Belt consist of three types distributed from south to north, three pegmatitic occurrences, the Bugaboo placers, and four alkaline syenite carbonatite complexes between 52 and 56 degrees north. The Manson Creek occurrence and two pegmatites in the south are spatially related to the occurrence of cratonic fractures (Sutherland Brown *et al.*, 1971), otherwise there is no apparent relationship to major crustal structures. They are spatially related to mineralized zones in the southern and central parts of the province.

The Intermontane Belt is composed mainly of upper Paleozoic, Triassic, and Jurassic eugeosynclinal volcanics and clastic rocks. The known deposits are concentrated in the mineralized area south of the Tertiary lava cover. Batholith-size Jurassic and stock-size Tertiary plutons occupy 15 per cent of the belt. The Intermontane Belt is moderately folded with transcurrent faults, boundary faults, thrusting and normal faulting. Two pegmatitic occurrences occur in the south side of the mineralized area, and neither is related to a cratonic fracture in that area.

EXPLORATION TECHNIQUES

The choice of exploration techniques for searches for niobium and tantalum deposits should be influenced by the more traditional considerations related to the target areas including accessibility, topography, the local climate, the type of deposit sought, the regional geology, and the vegetative cover. Obviously the search should be started with a careful study of the available geological and geophysical reports and a photogrammetric study of the target area. This preliminary study will reduce the size of the search area and commend the best combination of traditional prospecting and geophysical procedures to be used.

Local Climate

The local climate has a strong influence on the mining costs as well as exploration costs. In northern Canada it presents problems with permafrost, seasonal snow cover, special construction requirements, and transportation difficulties. In other parts of the world it contributes to a heavy vegetative cover and/or deep weathering that makes it difficult to find exposures although the deep weathering process also serves to beneficiate niobium and tantalum in the regolith.

Topography

The topography of search areas has an influence on the accessibility of areas and geophysical procedures that can be used. High relief may handicap or prevent airborne geophysical surveys and also make surface access to an area very costly. On the other hand, moderate to high relief coupled with suitable source rock and run-off will provide an area in which placers are likely to occur. In areas of lower relief landforms like circular, crescentic and linear depressions point to the probable existence of hitherto unrecognized alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes or in the last case to major faults along which complexes are likely to occur. Landforms may also facilitate the discovery of pegmatite dykes either in batholiths or around the margins of such bodies.

Photogrammetry

Photogrammetry provides a useful aid to the search for niobium and tantalum deposits. Many carbonatites are circular in plan and such features may be recognizable in aerial photographs and the association with major linear features such as the St. Lawrence rift system or the Kapuskasing High may come to have an economic significance. New pegmatite areas or extensions to known ones can be surmised from aerial photographs in shield areas where pegmatites may form recognizable topographic features standing above the enclosing alkaline intrusive rocks or the rocks of the metamorphic aureole. Colour differences in outcrops have proven useful means to distinguish between pegmatite dykes and their host rocks.

Magnetic Surveys

Regional aeromagnetic surveys have facilitated the discovery and delineation of several carbonatite bodies in Ontario and Quebec such as the Oka, St-Honoré, South Bluff Creek and others. The association of magnetite with these bodies has been most helpful and the resulting contoured maps exhibit spatially related closed anomalies with a significant magnetic relief. Both government and private aeromagnetic surveys have been used successfully in Canada to identify unknown alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes, George et al. (1967). Ground magnetic surveys, on the other hand have been disappointing in cases where the glacial overburden is thick enough to mask the effect of bedrock and misleading in cases where the overburden contains large boulders rich in ferromagnetic constituents. Maps reporting the results of airborne aeromagnetic surveys have shown small closed anomalies that have been related to alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes. Such projects as the Roads to Resources Project in western Ontario, and the James Bay Lowlands Project resulted in the discovery of the Big Beaverhouse, Schryburt Lake complexes in the first area and the Alpha-B orebody in the latter.

Radiometric Surveys

The aerial radiometric survey of the St-Honoré area at a 200-foot elevation and 600-foot line spacing identified that alkaline syenite-carbonatite complex for the first time. This is attributed to the common association between thorium and niobium-tantalum minerals which results in recognizable positive anomalies caused by the presence of thorium. This natural association combined with the continued improvement of detection equipment has encouraged the extension of use of such surveys in the search for niobium-tantalum deposits. These surveys have been made with success as a follow-up on aeromagnetic surveys along lineaments or faults in the Superior and Grenville Provinces. All radiometric anomalies should be carefully evaluated mineralogically and geologically to verify the presence or absence of Nb-Ta mineralization and confirm the anomaly is caused by bedrock rather than thorium-rich boulders embedded in glacial till.

Geochemical Surveys

A variety of geochemical procedures are in use at the present and these include sampling the trace element content of stream waters, stream sediments, soil samples taken from beneath vegetative cover, and samples of growing vegetation. These methods are used most widely in the search for copper, lead, and zinc deposits but have not been used in the search for niobium and tantalum. The procedures are most effective in or above a residual soil derived from the underlying bedrock and undisturbed by mass glacial transport or major climactic changes. The soils of most mining camps in Canada do not fall into this category so the techniques have a questionable merit. However, sampling of sediment trains in glacial tills and gravels offers one of the more hopeful geochemical procedures for the discovery of unknown deposits of niobium and tantalum in Canada, although none of the known deposits were discovered by means of geochemical prospecting.

Gravimetric Surveys

Local gravimetric surveys have been used both in the Oka and St-Honoré areas to assist in the delineation of those alkaline syenite-carbonatite complexes. In the first area an anomaly was measured showing a closed relief of 15 milligals spatially related to the complex. Seismic surveys have been used at Oka in conjunction with churn drilling to estimate the depth of the unconsolidated overburden where the rocks of the complex have not been exposed.



Figure 1A. Oka Niobium Mine, St. Lawrence Columbium and Metals Corporation - headframe and offices viewed from south across open-pit A2.



Figure 1B. Oka Niobium Mine, offices and mill viewed from the south across open-pit A1.



Figure 2A. Bernic Lake, Manitoba, tantalum mine, Tantalum Mining Corporation of Canada - surface plant viewed from the northeast 1971.

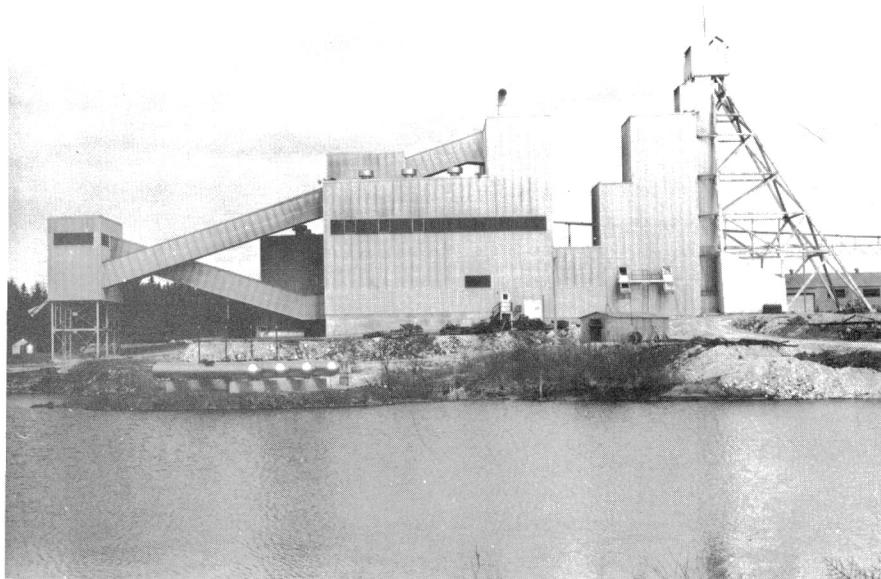


Figure 2B. Mill and headframe viewed from the south 1971.

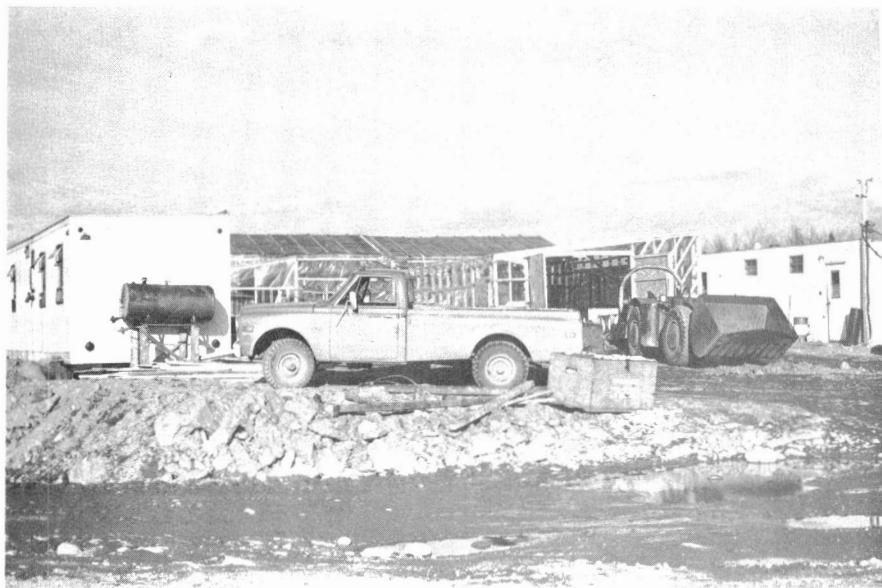


Figure 3A. St-Honoré Niobium Property Camp – October 1971 – office, machine shop, and dry, Simard Township, Dubuc County, Quebec.



Figure 3B. St-Honoré Niobium Property Camp – portal to the 20 per cent decline to develop orebodies 1 and 2.

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APPENDICES A and B

APPENDIX A

DESCRIPTION OF DEPOSITS

MD DB70 1

4NE 0470KRC KAMLCOPS AREA 5035 12015 92I 9
 BC CLMB
 GPGM 2 2
 CORDILLERAN REGION
 PEGMATITE
 GSC MAP 932A
 1932ELLSWORTH P. 137
 1958ROWE P. 90

MD DB70 4

4NE 0470KRC KELOWNA OCC 49 119 82F14
 BC 15 MI E OF KELCWNA
 FRGS
 PGMT5 2 2
 O HILL KELOWNA
 CORDILLERA REGION
 PEGMATITE
 GSC MAP 932A
 1952LANG P. 45
 1958ROWE P. 90

MD DB70 5

4NB U 0470KRC LEMON CR-TRYAGAIN CL 4942 11725 82F11
 BC LEMCN CR ALNT
 FRGS
 GPGM 2 2
 D EAIN
 JACKSON BASIN MCL
 JACKSON MINES LTC 55
 BRCWNISH BLACK SLECONCHCIDAL FRACTURE VITRECUS LUSTRE MIXED RED
 FELDSPAR METAMICT
 TEST PITTED RADICMETRIC SURVEY .051 U308
 CORDILLERA REGICH
 PEGMATITE
 GSC MAP 932A
 1953THOMPSON P. 546
 1962LANG ET AL F. 233

MD DB70 6

3NE U 0470KRC FORSTER CR PLACERS 5048 11637 82K15
 BC W OF BRISCO FCRSTER CR URNN
 PCLR EXNT
 SAND 2 2 111
 ST EUGENE MNG CCRP LTD 55
 DILLINGHAM CORP CANADA LTD
 RADIONETRIC SURVEY TR TF 68 BLACK PLACER SAND
 CORDILLERA REGICGUATERNARY
 PLACER
 GSC MAP 932A
 1958ROWE P. 28

MD DB70069 7

3NE 0470KRC BUGABOO CR PLACERS CUEMETINC 35
 BC SPILLIMACHEEN BUGABOO CR 5049 11638 82K 9
 PCLR EXNT URNN URNR ALNT
 SAND 2 2

111

QUEBEC METALLURGICAL INDUSTRIES LTD 53
VENTURES LTD

PLACER BLACK SANE ASSOCIATED EUXENITE URANINITE ALLANITE
ANDALUSITE APATITE EPIDOTE FLUORITE GARNET HEMATITE ILMENITE
MAGNETITE PYRITE SPHENE ZIRCON RECENT DERIVED FROM BUGABOC
GRANITE STOCKS CHURN DRILLED 55 BULK SAMPLED OF 55 56
RESERVES 5100 T NE2C5 65M CUBIC YDS .11 LB PER CUBIC YD
CORDILLERA REGION QUATERNARY

PLACER

GSC MAP 932A
1957 JONES P. 1-56
1958 ROWE P. 28

MD DB70 8

4NE 0470KROVERITY MILL CLAIMS
BC 23 MI E CF BLUE R 5215 11910 830 6
PCLR CLMB ZRCN URNN
CRBT 3 2 SCST

ST EUGENE MINING CORP LTD 52

FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL 62

RED BRCWN CRYSTALS LAYERED CARBONATE ROCK .086 PC NB205
MINERAL ANALYSIS STRIPPED IR TO .04 PC U308
BANDS LENSES CRBT 150FT THICK CONFORMABLE IN QUARTZ MICA SCHIST
AND QUARTZ HORNBLENDE SCHIST FELSITE DYKES AND SILLS CLT CRBT
CORDILLERA REGION

STRATIFORM

GSC MAP 932A
1654 MCCAMMON P. 111
1958 ROWE PP. 31-35
1961 HOGARTH FF. 610-633

MD DB70069 17

4NE TA 0470KRELCLANIE GRANITE CR 5541 12422 93N 9
BC 5 MI S OF MANSN CR VILLAGE 1 NB 16 NB 23
PCLR CLMB ZRCN
CRBT 3 SYNT 2 2 FNIT GNSS

WOLVERINE COMPLEX

NORTHWESTERN EXFLCATION LTC 54 OP 54-55
HOST CALCITE PYROXENE ROCK PCLR IN SYNT .79PC NB205 LOW IN CB
ZONE 1620X50FT .21NB2C5 PYRCXENI CRBT AND FELDSPAR ROCK
STRIPPING AND TRENCHING DEFORMATION FORCEFUL INTRUSION
CORDILLERA REGION

STRATIFORM

GSC MAP 932A
1949 ARMSTRONG FF. 26-31
1957 JONES PF. 19-20
1958 ROWE P. 29-30

MD DB70069184

4BE NB 0971KRELINDA CLS BENNETT H 58
BC 3 MI S ST MARY L HELLOARING-ANGUS CR4934 11611 82F 9
CLMB BRYL GLEN FYRT
GPGM
ALDRIDGE FM
H BENNETT OWNER
AGE 700 MY
CORDILLERAN REGION

PEGMATITE
1957LEECH
1968MULLIGAN F 62

MD DB70069193
4NB U 0670KRDDEMON COLTI CLAIMS
BC HEAD MCPOSE CR SE YCHC NATIONAL FK 5112 1166803 82N01
KNPT SDLT
IJLT SPGM JCPG FNIT
ICE R ALKALINE CCMFL
ALKALINE COMPLEX INTRUDES LMSN OF CAMBRIAN CTTERTAIL FM
SHEARED CARBNATITE PEGMATITE WITH COMPLEX
WR AGE BICTITE FYROXENITE K/AR 392 10 MY
BOTT AGE BICTITE PEGMATITE K/AR 333 5 MY
BOTT AGE MINETTE SILL K/AR 327 5 MY
TRACE NB LA SR EA HIGH IN CARBONATITE LOW IN LMSN
LOW U ASSAYS TRACES TO .08PC NB205
CORDILLERA REGION
IRREGULAR
GSC MAP 932A
1954MCCAMMON FP. 150-151
1957JONES P. 20
1966GITTINS PF. 524-525

MD DB70069200
4NB U 0670KRCLUCKY ECY 1-5 GRF
BC 1 MI S SLOCAN R .5 M W CRESCENT V RADIO 4927401173536 82F03
FRGS SMRK THRT MNZT
PGMT 2 2 GNSS
F ESOVLCLOFF THRLMS BC
CORDILLERA REGION
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 932A
1956EASTWOOD P. 77
1962LANG P 234

MD DB70069201
4TA 0670KRC CDD CLAIM 50 120 92I01
BC RUSH L E CF RANGE CR
CLMB
GPGM
CORDILLERA REGION
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 932A

MD DB70069202
4NB TA 0670KRDPARADISE 52 119 83D
BC 4 MI S OF LEMPRIERE STA
PCLR
CRBT
ST EUGENE MNG CCRF
4MI S OF LEMPRIERE RY STA METASOMATIC ORIGIN OPERATED 1950-53
PITTED RADICMETER SURVEY
CORDILLERA REGION
IRREGULAR
GSC MAP 932A
1954MCCAMMON F. 111
1962LANG P 235

MD DB70069204

3NB U 0570KRDOWELL CR PLACERS
BC SPILLIMACHEEN 20 MI W VCWELL CR 5049 11638 82K15
PCLR
GRVL
DILLINGHAM CORP CANADA LTD 70
RADIOMETRIC TP TR 68
CORDILLERA REGICNQUATERNARY
PLACER
GSC MAP 932A
1952LANG P. 44
1958ROWE PP. 28-29

MD DB70069234

3BE TA 0671KRDBOY SCOUT CLS H BENNETT 68
BC RIDGE BETWEEN HELLRCARING-ANGUS CRS 4934 11611 82F09

GFGM5 2 1
ALDRIDGE FM 2
H BENNETT CRANBROOK BC
SEGREGATIONS NOZCNES SURFACE EXPLORATION K/AR AGE 700 MY
CORDILLERAN REGION
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 932A
1961LOWDUON P. 6

MD DB70069242

4NB TA U 0271KRD FRABAFFIN ISLAND BARNES ICE SHEET 6930 7145 27C
CLMB

CHURCHILL PROVINCE
1962LANG MAP

MD DB70 13

4NE 0470KRDJCL GROUP RADIOLUMINO
MAC ROSS L AREA 6242 11316 85I11
CLMB BRYL
PGMT5 2 2 GRDR
YELLOWKNIFE GRP
RACIUM LUMINOUS INCLSTRIES LTD DISCOVERY 43
MARGINS OF QUARTZ PERTHITE CORES WELL ZONED PGMT
ARCHAEN AGE
SLAVE FROVINCE
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 1055A ML 13 GRANDICRITE
1951LCRD P. '190
1955HUTCHISCN P. 15

MD DB70 14

3TA BE SN 0470KRDCTA GRP 6247001133500 85I13
MACYELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEUELAISDELL LAKE CSRT AMBG
CLMB BRYL
GFGM5 2 2 BSCS 33
YELLOWKNIFE GRF 2 3
COLUMBIA EXPLCRATIONS LTD 61
50 DYKES MAX 2000FTL X 10FTW SCME ZCNED DYKES 1-2 W SIDE LAKE
ARCHAEN AGE

SLAVE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST

1951LORD PP. 85-86

1958ROWE P. 89

MD DB70 15
3NB 0470KRDVIC NO4 CLAIM
MACMARIAN R DISTRICT
FRGS

YELLOWKNIF
E304 11621 85N 1

GRNT5 2 2
YELLOWKNIFE URANIUM CCRF NL 70
FRACTURES IN GRANITE
SLAVE PROVINCE
VEIN
GSC MAP 1055A
1958ROWE P. 89

MD DB70069 35
MACYELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEUFPROSPEROUS LAKE 6231301140900 85J 9
CLMB

GPGM 2
YELLOWKNIFE GRP
INTRUDES CHIASTOLITE AND/OR GARNET META GREYWACKE
YELLOWKNIFE GRP ALCNG VEGA FAULT S OF PROSPEROUS LAKE
ARCHAEOAN AGE
SLAVE FROVINCE
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 1055A ML 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST
1941JOLLIFFE

MD DB70069 53
4TA 0670KRCMACKAY LAKE
MAC MACKAY LAKE 64 7 110 7 76C
CLMB

GPGM 2
YELLOWKNIFE GRF
FEW GRAINS IN PGMT INTRUCING RX YELLOWKNIFE GREYWACKE
SLAVE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST
1947FOLINSBEE

MD DB70 99
1BE LI TA 0470KRDSEG CLAIMS TANTALUMRE58
MACYELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEURCSS LAKE 6245 11306 85J16
.954647

CLMB SPDM ERYL
GPGM5 2 2 GRCR 3
YELLOWKNIFE GRF
PEG TANTALUM MINES LTD 43-
TANTALUM REFINING AND MINING CORP AMERICA LTD
NATION WIDE MINERALS LTD LC 65
BARRINGTON EXPRORATION LTD 66
BIBIS TIN MINES LTD 66
50 TPD MILL 46 CRE DRESSING TEST MB
NO 1 DYKE 110FTL X 8FTW S N55E D 45SE
NO 3 DYKE 200FTL X 21FTW S N D 50E

DISCOVERY 43 MILLED FALL 46 SUMMER 47 94LT ROCK 3750LBS CLME
ARCHAEN AGE
SLAVE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST
1944JOLLIFFE F. 9
1951LORD PP. 231-235
1952ROWE PP. 29-30
1958ROWE F. 89
1968MULLIGAN P. 66-67

MD DB70 100
3NE 0470KRDEIG HILL CLAIMS ECREALRARE58
MACYELLOWKNIFE EAULIEUHEARNE CHANNEL 6208301122000 85I 1
CLMB
GFGM 2 2
YELLOWKNIFE GRP
BOREAL RARE METALS LTD 58 NL 70
DESTAFFANY TANTALUM BERYLLIUM MINES LTD 52 NL 70
BEAUFORT HOLDINGS LTD 56
ASSAY FOR SN AND NE SEE 101 104 106 ACQUIRED 45
ARCHAEN AGE
SLAVE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST
1952ROWE P. 27
1958ROWE P. 89

MD DB70 101
3TA BE 0470KRCMCOSE GRP DYKES 1-2 EOREALRARE58
MACYELLOWKNIFE EAULIEUHEARNE CHANNEL 6211001121300 85I 1
.34748 47NB TA
1 647 LI
CLMB SPDM24 CSRT ERYL
GPGM 2 2 GRCK 2 3
YELLOWKNIFE GRP 1 2
DESTAFFANY TANTALUM BERYLLIUM MINES LTD
BOREAL RARE METALS LTD NL 70
NO 1 DYKE 900FTL X 34FTW 4800FT W OF NC 2
NO 2 DYKE 1400FTL X 15-20FTW IRREGULAR ZONES
DEVELOPMENT 40FT SHAFT ON NO 2 DDH STAKED 42
PRODUCTION MILL 25TPD ENLARGED TO 12STFD CF 53-54
CONCENTRATE ASSAY 35.03PC TA205 35.03PC NE205 .3PC SN
AMBG IN PODS QUARTZ CORE ERYL IN INTERMEDIATE ZONES
ARCHAEN AGE
SLAVE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST
1951LORD P. 119-120
1952ROWE PP. 22-24
1958ROWE P. 89
1968MULLIGAN PP. 68-69

MD DB70 102
2TA BE LI0470KRCLIT 1-2 CLS LITA CAMPBELL PEGMAFFOBISHER 58
MACYELLOWKNIFE EAULIEUBLACK LAKE 6220001123930 85I10
CLMB SPDM ERYL AMBG
GFGM GRCK
YELLOWKNIFE GRF 2 3

FROBISHER EXPLORATION COMPANY LTD 52 FORMERLY FROBISHER LTD
FRCBEX 62
STAKED 43 5 OUTCROPS
NO. 1 200FTL X 15FTW S N10E D W70-75
NO. 2 190FTL X 5-6FTW S N40E D 70NW
NO. 3 ARCUATE SHAPE D 80W
ARCHAEN AGE
SLAVE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST
1952ROWE P. 27
1958ROWE P. 89
1968MULLIGAN P. 67

MD DB70 103
3NB 0470KRCFREDA NC1 CLAIM E SUTHERLA58
MACYELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEUFREDA LAKE 6239001132800 85I11
CLMB CSRT AMBG BRYL
GPGM5 2 2 BSCS 33
YELLOWKNIFE GRP 2
E SUTHERLAND GRANITE PGMT DISCOVERED 44
297FTL X 7-16FTW S S83E - S48E D 10-33S
ARCHAEN AGE
PROSPECTED 1945 SMALL MILL ERECTED 1946 CONCENTRATED 500LB
TANTALITE 46.19PC TA205 31.18PC NB2C5 1.83PC SN02 0.57PC TI02
ZONED
SLAVE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST
1951LORD PP. 152-154
1958ROWE P. 89

MD DB70 104
3NB TA LI 0470KRCBEST BET DYKE NO 1 BCREAL RAR58
3BE
MACYELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEUDREUER LAKE 6213301121830 85I 1
.01 47 47NB TA SPDM19 W AMBG12 W BRYL
CLMB
GPGM 2 2 GRCK 2 3
YELLOWKNIFE GRP 2
DESTAFFANY TANTALUM BERYLLIUM MINES LTD 52
BOREAL RARE MINERALS 58
BEAUPORT HOLDINGS LTD 56
ASSAY OF COLUMBITE SEE 101 106 SILL 290FTL X 25FTW
CONFORMABLE S N30 D NW
TA205 .09PC NE205
WELL ZONED MINERALIZED QUARTZ PODS QUARRY 260FTL X 20-26FTW
X 27FTD PIT 50FTL
ARCHAEN AGE
SLAVE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST
1951LORD P. 121
1952ROWE PP. 24-25
1958ROWE P. 89
1968MULLIGAN P. 67

MD DB70 105
3TA BE LI 0470KROWACO PEGMATITE SILL
MACYELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEUTHOMPSON LAKE 6237001132900 85I12
CLMB SPDM 5 V BRYL 5 V AMBG
GPGM5 2 2 BSCS 33
YELLOWKNIFE GRF 2 3
415FTL X 20-35FTW CONFORMABLE S N55W POORLY ZCNEO
NO 2 DYKE 800FTL X 40FTW NOT ZONED BERYL ONLY
ARCHAEN AGE
SLAVE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST
1951LORD P. 287-288
1958ROWE P. 89
1968MULLIGAN P. 66

MD DB70069106
3LI SN TA0470KRDTAN GRF EUCOY TAN CLSNO 3 PEGMATITE
BE
MACYELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEUBLATCHFORD LAKE 6210301122200 85I 1
CLMB SPDM CSRT ERYL
GPGM5 2 2 GRCK 2 3
YELLOWKNIFE GRP 2 3
DESTAFFANY TANTALUM BERYLLIUM MINES LTD 52
BEAUPORT HOLDINGS LTD 56
BOREAL RARE METALS LTD 58
4 CLAIMS SEE 101 COLUMBITE ASSAY 4 DYKES -300FTL X 15FTW
NO. 1 265FTL X 5FTW S N20E D90
NO. 2 275FTL X 10FTW S N25E D85NW
NO. 3 TWO PIECES 160FTL 125FTL N50W D55-60NE ZCNEO
NO. 4 Y-SHAPE 120FTL X 10-20FTW D60W ZONED
ARCHAEN AGE
SLAVE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST
1952ROWE PP. 25-26
1958ROWE P. 89
1968MULLIGAN P. 67

MD DB70 107
3NB U470KRCBCRE CLAIMS
MACYELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEUSPROULE LAKE 6244001132900 85I13
BE
CLMB BRYL 13V SPDM CSRT
GFGM5 2 2 BSCS 33
YELLOWKNIFE GRP 2 3
RACIUM LUMINOUS INCLSTRIES LTD 44 DISCOVERY 43
S N45W D 30-70SW DYKE SWARM 1700FTL X 200FTW BULK SAMPLE
SEVERAL DYKES WELL ZONED RENAMED TACO 55
ARCHAEN AGE
SLAVE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST
1944JOLIFFE P. 20-22
1952ROWE PP. 32-33
1958ROWE P. 89
1968MULLIGAN P. 66

MD DB70 108

3TA BE LI 0470KRCRAMONA GRF LIT 3 CL MCDONALD PEG BOREALRARE58
MACYELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEUBUCKHAM LAKE 6218001124600 85I10
4 75043SPD TA 18 %

CLMB SPDM BRYL LPLT

GPGM GRC5

YELLOWKNIFE GRF 2 3

FROBISHER EXPLORATION CO LTD 40

DESTAFFANY TANTALUM BERYLLIUM MINES LTD 47- NL 70

BOREAL RARE METALS LTD 58- NL 70

DISCOVERED 40 ZONED S N80W D 60S 400FTL X 25FTW

ARCHAIC AGE CONFIRMABLE WITH RELICT BEDS IN ESCS

SLAVE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST

1951LORD PP. 122-123

1952ROWE P. 28

1958ROWE P. 89

1968MULLIGAN F. 67

MD DB70 109

3BE NB 0470KRCRDIKE LILY RIBER FROBISHER 43
MACYELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEUPRELUDÉ LAKE 6239001135800 85I 5

CLMB BRYL 4V

GPGM 2 2 BSCS 33

YELLOWKNIFE GRF 2 3

FROBISHER EXPLORATION CC 43 REPLACED BY FRCBEX LTD 62

SWARM 100 PEGMATITES IRREGULAR FORM ZONED

LILY PGMT 110FTL X 10FTW WELL ZONED

RIBER PGMT 180FTL X 45FTW WELL ZONED

ARCHAIC AGE

SLAVE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST

1951LORD P. 244-245

1952ROWE PP. 30-31

1958ROWE P. 89

MD DB70069185

4BE LI NB 1071KRCRCLIT 1,2 CLS LITA5,6CAMPBEL
MACYELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEUBUCKHAM L 6220 11240 85I W

CLMB

BRYL SPDM

SCST 33 GPGM 2 2

YELLOWKNIFE FM

CAMPBELL PEGMATITES NO 2 PGMT

ZONE 2400 FT ALONG N SHORE BUCKHAM LAKE

SLAVE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

1968MULLIGAN F. 67

MD DB70069208

2NB 0970KRCRBLGSPRUCE LAKE GIANTYELL070
MACMACKENZIE DISTRICT BIGSPRUCE LAKE 6333 11557 85012

CRBT

GIANT YELLOWKNIFE DD70

NB MINERALIZATION BIG SPRUCE LAKE CARBONATITE BODY

SLAVE PROVINCE

IRREGULAR

MD D870069241
4NE BE 271KRCT AND B GROUP CM+S 43
MACYELLOWKNIFE MD MAC L
CLMB SPDM BRYL
GPGM5 2 2 BSCS 33
YELLOWKNIFE GRP 2 3
CONSOLIDATED MINING AND SMELTING
FOUND 38 ARCHAEN AGE
SLAVE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
GSC MAP 1055A MU 4 NODULAR QUARTZ-BIOTITE SCHIST
1951LORD PP. 278-279

MD D870069 2
4TA NB 0670KRGORMAN LAKE
MAN GORMAN LAKE 2 5305 9450 53E
CLMB TRMN MLBD
GFGM 2 2 GNSS
WHITE PEGMATITE ALBITE FLDR CLMB BARREN PEGMATITES RED PFDP
RICH
SUPERIOR FRCVINCE CAT LAKE BELT
PEGMATITE
1956QUINN

MD D870069 9
4NE 0470KRTIN IS SHATFORD L CONTACTML
MANWINNipeg R AREA TF16 R15 L33 502312 952830 52L16
CLMB EXNT CSRT BRYL MNZT
PGMT5 2 2 AMFB 33
RICE LAKE SERIES 3 3
K E MILLER DISCOVERY 20
MANITOBA TIN COMPANY 28-29
CONTACT MINERALS LTD
TP E OF LAKE ALSC S SHORE OF LAKE SEVERAL 100FTL X 60-100FTW
SURFACE WORK 110 FT SHAFT TIN ISLAND CROSSCUT 60FT DRIFT
SUPERIOR PROVINCE WABIGCCN BELT
PEGMATITE
1932WRIGHT PP. 59-105
1957DAVIES PP. 23-24

MD D870069 10
4NE SN 0470KRCHURON CL WINNIREGRTC
MANWINNipeg R AREA TF16 R16 L17 502100 952100 52L 6
CLMB BRYL LFDL
GFGM 2 1 VLCC 3 3 GRNT 2 3
WINNIPEG RIVER TIN MINES 29
DALHART BERYLLIUM MINES AND METALS CORP LTD 57
BERYLLIUM MINES AND METALS CORP LTD 57
2 PEGMATITE BOLES MURCN + GRACE RENAMED DALHART BLK SAMPLES
700H 2530FT PRODUCED FELDSPAR COLUMBITE
SUPERIOR FRCVINCE WABIGCCN BELT
PEGMATITE
1932ELLSWRTH P. 166
1957DAVIES PP. 17-18
1958ROWE P. 91

MD D870 11
3LI NB 0470KRCBEAR-BCE CL SILVERLEAF
MANWINNipeg R AREA TF16 R16 L17 502106 952136 52L
CLMB SPDM BRYL LMMC

GFGM5 2 2 VLCC 3 3
SILVER LEAF MINING SYNC (CANADA) 1928 LTD
MINERAL REDUCTION PROCESSES LTD 1930
LITHIUM CORP CANADA LTD 54
LUSTROUS BK CRYSTALS DDH TR-TP MINERAL ANALYSIS
SPCDUMENE PROD DYKE 525FTL X 100FTW MULTIPLE ZONES DDH
LEFIDOLITE PRODUCTION
SUPERIOR PROVINCE WABIGCON BELT
PEGMATITE
1931 WALKER P. 11
1932 ELLSWORTH PP. 148-157
1932 WRIGHT FP. 114-120
1957 DAVIES FP. 22-23
1958 ROWE P. 91

MD DB70 12
4NB SN 0470KRCRUSH L CUD CL JACKNUTTML
MANWINNIPER R AREA TP17 R16 L19 502624 952242 52L
CLMB CSRT BRYL SPDM
GFGM 2 2 AMFB 33 TUFF 4 3
JACK NUTT MINES LTD 29-
1300FTL X 250FTW S 90 ° 75S ZONED SEVERAL AMPHIBOLITE INCLUSION
SECOND SIMILAR DYKE 1000FT TO NE
SUPERIOR PROVINCE WABIGCON BELT
PEGMATITE
1932 WRIGHT FP. 106-107

MD DB70069 22
2SN TA 0571KRCODD CL TANTALUMMCC
MANWINNIPER R AREA TF17R16L20 502700 952136 52L
CLMB TRMN CSRT
GFGM 2 1 BGNS 33 ESCS 33
RICE LAKE SERIES 1 3
NORTHERN TIN MINES LTD 40-
NARROW FG TC MG ALBITITE 320FTL X 4.7FTW DISCOVERED 28
600FD DDH 40 DEPT MINES AND RESOURCES DRILLED 9 DDH 42 2200FT
DRILLED BY TMCC
SUPERIOR PROVINCE WABIGCON BELT
PEGMATITE
1954 DAVIES P. 43

MD DB70069 29
2BE TA 0571KRCGRACE CL DALHARTMCL
MANWINNIPER R AREA TF16 R16 L15 502018 951854 52L
CLMB BRYL TRMN
GFGM5 2 2 GRGS 2 3
RICE LAKE SER 2
DALHART MINERALS CCRP LTD
400FTL X 25FTW FRCC 25T HAND COBBED BERYL SEE NO 6352
SUPERIOR PROVINCE WABIGCON BELT
PEGMATITE
1957 DAVIES FP. 18-19

MD DB70069 87
2BE TA 0571KRCGYKE CLS CCNTACTML
MANWINNIPER R AREA TF16 R15 L33 502342 952754 52L
CLMB EXNT ZNWD LMMC BRYL
GFGM5 2 1 VLCC 3 3

J J PAFINEAU
CONTACT MINERALS LTD
PEGMATITE 1500FTL CG TR
COLUMBITE IN FRACTURED QUARTZ FELSOFAR
SUPERIOR PROVINCE WABIGON BELT
PEGMATITE
1957DAVIES PP. 19-20

MC DB70069164
1TA 0570KRCMONTGARY PEGMATITE TANTALUM ZONE TANTALUM M67
2CS POLLUCITE ZONE
2LI SPODUMENE ZONE
2LI LEPIODCLITE ZONE
2BE WALL ZONE
MANWINNIPEG R AREA TF17 R15 L15 502548 952712 52LF6
1 18717UTA 23
1 300 CS2204
1 62887LLI 229
1 1J769LI2 224
1 1J00E9BE 22

| | | | |
|------|------|------|------|
| CLMB | QRT* | MCCL | ERYL |
| | PLCT | | |
| | SPDM | FRTH | FLGC |
| | LPDL | MCCL | GRT* |
| | BRYL | GRT* | FRTH |

GPGM 2 2 APLT AMPE
RICE LAKE GRP 3 3 3
JACK NUTT TIN MINES LTD 29-30
CONSOLIDATED TIN MINING COMPANY 30-34
MONTGARY EXPLORATIONS LTD 54-57
AMERICAN METAL CO LTD 57-59
CHEMALLOY MINERALS LTD 59-62
TANTALUM MINING CCRF OF CANADA LTD 67-
GENTLY DIPPING SHEET IN AMPHIBOLITIZED GREENSTONE NEAR GRANITE
3 LENSES MAX 45FT ELONGATED PARALLEL TO MAIN PGMT MAINLY PLCT
MEDIAL PART OF SILL MCCL-QRT* ASSEMBLAGE PARTLY REPLACED BY LPDL
AREAS NEAR TOP OF SILL REPLACES MCCL-QTZ* ZONE TWO LENSES MAX
2-LAYERS IN SILL ZONE NEAR ROOF OTHER NEAR FLOOR UPR 15-90FT
BERNIE L 1500FTW 2500FTL 250FT MAX THICKNESS CONVEX UP APEX
ZONE 85PC MCCL 15FC QRT* DISSEMINATED TANTALITE SOME BRYL
38FT UNDER LAKE INDULATING LENS WELL ZONED ASYMMETRIC WALL
SPDM LPDL POLLUCITE AND TANTACITE ZONES
PROD 500TPD SEPT 69- 190 LONGTPY 58PC TA205 70PC RECOVERY
SUPERIOR PROVINCE WABIGON BELT
PEGMATITE
1932WRIGHT PP. 105-106
1959HUTCHISON PP. 1525-1542
1961NICKEL
1968HOWE PP. 39-49

MC CB70069243
4NE BE 0271KRCMILE MILE LAKE FROBEX
NELLABRADCR TEN MILE LAKE 5420 6157 13L 8
1 10 BEO 35
PCLR BRYL NEPL
MGMT 43 SYNT 2 3 PRGS 33 ANDS 3 3
LETITIA GRP
IRREGULAR
1962LANG MAP
1968MULLIGAN PP. 192-93

MC DB70 16
2NE BE 0470KRC LAVERS MINE
NS LUNENBURG COUNTY NEW ROSS
CLMB 4444 6427 21A11
BRYL AMBG LPOL
PGMT5 2 2
MEGUMA FM
LARGE CRYSTALS
APPALACHIAN REGION
PEGMATITE
1907 FARIBAULT F.F. 81-82
1923 WALKER PARSONS F. 35
1932 ELLSWORTH F. 257

MC DB70069 3
3NE 1271KRDBCCNTINENTAL OCCUR
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT CHEWETT TP C3 L11N2 480000 8305 41004E
PCLR FLDR AGRN
PGMT 2 2
1960 CONTINENTAL WOOD PRODUCTS
DYKE 4FTW DISSEMINATED ACCESSORY MINERALS
SUPERIOR PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1961 PARSONS F. 50
1971 FERGUSON F. 52

MC DB70 18
4NE 0470KRD 58
ONTPARRY SOUND DISTRICT HENVEY TP CAL4 4548 8035 41H15
EXT
GFGM 2 2
H S SPENCE
DYKE 15JFTL X 25FTW
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1952 LANG F. 146
1958 ROWE P. 93

MC DB70 19
4U NB 0470KRD HOGAN FPTY SOUTH ZONE HALO U ML
ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY CARDIFF TP C15L6-7 450015 780900 31E 1
BTFT PCLR URNN URNR
SPGM 2 2 GNSS 33 GPGM 2 2
STRATHMAD LTD CP 53-54
AMALGAMATED RARE EARTH MINING CO OP 53-56
HALC URANIUM MINES LTD ACQUIRED 54 NL 70
CONSOLIDATED HALC URANIUM MINES LTD OP 57-
BETAFITE CCCLS IN CALCITE VEINS MINERAL ANALYSIS
DIAMOND DRILLED NGRTHWEST LAKE PYROXENITE SOUTH BALD MTN
ORE ZONES DCH GECLCGY ADITS CALCITE FLUCRITE VEINS
PEGMATITE DYKES 23 DOH 9441FT RACIOMETRIC SURVEY
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
VEIN
1955 SATTERLY AND HEWITT FP. 33-34
1956 SATTERLY F. 62
1961 HOGARTH F. 615
1962 LANG ET AL F. 263
1967 HEWITT F. 54

MD DB70 20
1 L NB T 0470KRCBICROFT U MINES LTD CENTRE LAKE MACASSA GM
ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY CARDIFF TF C11L27-28450015 780200 31E 1
53634 2808 U

PCLR BTFT URNN URNR ALNT

GRNT 2 3 GPGM 2 1 GNSS 33 AMPB 33 SGNS 33

CONSOLIDATED RANKWICK URANIUM MINES LTD 53-54

BICROFT URANIUM MINES LTD CF 55-61

MACASSA GCLD MINES LTD 61

WRIGHTHARGREAVES 70

STR TR 30 DCH 14242FT ADIT 2 SHAFTS NO 2 626FT 11393FTD

10446FTC 2953FTR SMALL INTERSTITIAL CALCITE MASSES IN

GRANITE OR SYENITE GNEISS

UR PRODUCTION 44MILLION DOLLARS

GRENVILLE PROVINCE

POOS

MU 3 MARBLE DOLOMITE CALCSILICATE ROCKS

1956SATTERLY P. 30-36

1962LANG P. 108,180

1967HEWITT P. 54

1971FERGUSON P. 46

MD DB70 21

4NE TA 0470KRICHARDSON MINE FISSION ML56

ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY CARDIFF TP C21L4-7 450315 781100 31E 1

PCLR BTFT ALNT URNR ZRCN

SFGM 2 2 VEIN 2

W.M. RICHARDSON DISCOVERED 22

ONTARIO RADIAH CCRF LTC 29

INTERNATIONAL RADIUM AND RESOURCES LTD 31

WILBERFORCE MINERALS LTD 37

FISSION MINES LTC NL70

PRODUCTION 29-32 46-48 55

SURFACE WORK GEOLOGY DCH ADIT BULK SAMPLES

CALCITE-FLUORITE-APATITE DYKES AND SYENITE PEGMATITE

GRENVILLE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

MU 2 AMPHIBOLITE FARAGNEISS QUARTZITE

1930SPENCE AND CARNOCHAN PF. 34-73

1952LANG PP. 142-45

1956SATTERLY P. 56-57

MD DB70 23

4U NB TA 0470KRC

ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY CARDIFF TP C7-8L10 445615 780600 31C14

ELSR PCLR

CRBT

CRYSTALS IN BLACK MICA AND APATITE CALCIT VEIN YELLOW BROWN

ALTER MINERAL ANALYSIS

GRENVILLE PROVINCE

VEIN

MU 2 AMPHIBOLITE FARAGNEISS QUARTZITE

1927ELLSWORTH P. 48

1932ELLSWORTH P. 227

MD DB70 24

1NE FLS 0470KRC CANADA RADIUM MINE CANADARADI

ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY CARDIFF TP C12L7-10 445815 780800 31D16

C13L7-8

| | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------|---------|------------|
| ELSR | PCLR | MCRL | URNN | URNR |
| GPGM | 2 2 MSDM | 33 AMPE | 33 | |
| CANADA RADIUM MINES LTD | NL7U | 26 OP | 32-36 | 40-42 |
| CANADA RADIUM CORPORATION LTD | 54 | CF | 54-56 | |
| BELCROFT RACIUM MINES LTD | | | | |
| SHAFT 400FT PILOT MILL 55 SCINTILLOMETER MAGNETOMETER | | | | |
| GEOLOGICAL SURVEYS 90DCH 48184FT PEGMATITES S N45W CR | | | | |
| N45E D D 65E PCLR IN CALCITE VEINS | | | | |
| GRENVILLE PROVINCE | | | | |
| VEIN | | | | |
| MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE | | | | |
| 1952 LANG P. 138 | | | | |
| 1956 SATTERLY PP. 41-42 | | | | |
| 1958 ROWE P. 92 | | | | |
| 1967 HEWITT P. 64 | | | | |
| 1970 TRAILL P. 444 | | | | |
| 1971 FERGUSON P. 46 | | | | |
| MD DB7U 25 | | | | |
| 1FLDNB | 0470 KRCFLUNKETT MINE | | | AMMCY |
| ONTARIO COUNTY | MONTEAGLE TP C6L20 | 450926 | 774933 | 31F 4 |
| EXNT | ELSR | PCLR | FLDR | SPHN |
| GPGM | 2 2 FRGS | 33 MREL | 33 AMPE | 33 PRXN |
| AMERICAN POLYBODENITE CO | | | | |
| S CRSER 27 | | | | |
| ZONED GRANITE PEGMATITE OPERATED 1921, 1927 | | | | |
| DYKE 175FTL X 20-25FTW N55E D90 2CARS FELDSPAR | | | | |
| GRENVILLE PROVINCE | | | | |
| PEGMATITE | | | | |
| MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE | | | | |
| 1954 HEWITT P. 40 | | | | |
| 1967 HEWITT P. 64 | | | | |
| 1971 FERGUSON P. 47 | | | | |
| MD DB7U 26 | | | | |
| 1NE U FLD0470 KRCFLUNKETT MINE | | | | FMACDONALD |
| ONTARIO COUNTY | MONTEAGLE TP C7L181945093U | 775000 | 775000 | 31F 4 |
| 341535 | FLO | | | |
| ELSR | HCTL | | ALNT | URNR |
| GPGM | 2 2 MSDM | 33 SGNS | 33 GRGS | 2 3 |
| P MACDONALD HYBLA CNT | 19-35 | FELDSPAR | | |
| PENNSYLVANIA FELDSPAR CO | 19 | | | |
| VERONA MINING CO. | | | | |
| GENESEE FELDSPAR CORP | | | | |
| PHILLIPS-DOUBT GRUBSTAKE SYNDICATE | 56 | | | |
| CLCUDMONT MINES LTD | 56 | | | |
| HCTL SMALL NODULAR MASSES INTERGROWTH WITH SPHN AND CYRTOLITE | | | | |
| MAIN DYKE S90 D60-70N 55CX70X120FT 3 ZONES CALCITE PODS | | | | |
| ELWR NODULAR MASSES IN CALCITE AND QUARTZ AMBER YELLOW OR DARK | | | | |
| BRGW RADIAL SHATTER PATTERNS | | | | |
| CHEMICAL ANALYSIS ABANDONED FELDSPAR MINE OPERATED 1919-35 | | | | |
| GRENVILLE PROVINCE | | | | |
| PEGMATITE | | | | |
| MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE | | | | |
| 1922 WALKER AND PARSONS P. 13 | | | | |
| 1930 SPENCE P. 443 | | | | |
| 1932 ELLSWORTH FP. 210-219 | | | | |
| 1955 SATTERLY AND HEWITT FP. 55-57 | | | | |
| 1956 SATTERLY PP. 138-140 | | | | |

1958ROWE P. 95
1967HEWITT P. 55
1971FERGUSON P. 48

MD DB70 27
ONTARIO COUNTY MCNEAGLE TP C8L17 451030 775900 31F 4
42123 FLD
CLMB PCLR SMRK FLDR ZRCN
GFGM 2 2 LGCR 2 3 GRGS 33
FELDSPAR MINES CCRP.
METRO MINERALS AND URANIUM ML.
NORTHERN URANIUM MINES LTD 1948-49
ONE BLACK AND OTHER AMBER CLMB WITH RED FELDSPAR CYRTOLITE
CALCIO-SAMARSKITE IN ZONED GRANITE PEGMATITE COLUMBITE PRODUCT
1921-23 COLUMBITE CHEMICALLY ANALYSED
OLC FELDSPAR MINE 700H 1472FT S N60E D 90 330FTL
30-35FTW
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1923WALKER AND PARSONS P. 35
1932ELLSWORTH P. 209-213
1954HEWITT P. 50-51
1958ROWE P. 95
1970TRAILL P. 161,446,478
1971FERGUSON P. 48

MD DB70 28
1MSCFELNB 0470KRCN.B.DAVIS OCCUR
ONTARIO DISTRICT DICKENS TP C5L27 4535 7753 31F12
ELSR EXNT PCLR MCRL MNZT
GFGM 2 2
CAN FLINT AND SFAR CC OPERATED 1943
GRANITE PEGMATITE SILL WORKED FOR FELDSPAR AND MICA
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1944SATTERLY P. 122
1952LANG P. 142
1958ROWE P. 93
1970TRAILL P. 206,447
1971FERGUSON P. 49

MD DB70 30
4NE TA 0470KRCR GRIFFITH FPTY
ONTARIO COUNTY FARADAY TP C16L31 450300 783200 31E 1
PCLR MCRL
GFGM 2 1
J W GRIFFITH TORONTO
PMGT INTRUDING PARAGNEISS NEAR GRANITE CONTACT RADIOACTIVITY
SPCTTY
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1952LANG P. 142
1958ROWE P. 93

MD DB70069 31
4U NB 1070KRCR PACEMAKER
ONTARIO COUNTY FARADAY TF C10L12-3 450130 782330 PACEMAKER

| | | | |
|--|--|---------------------|------------|
| PCLR | | URNN | URNR |
| GFGM 2 2 MREL 33 PGNS 33 AMPB 33 | | | |
| PACEMAKER MINES AND OILS 55 | | | |
| 30DH 2047FT TWO NARROW PEGMATITES | | | |
| GRENVILLE PROVINCE | | | |
| PEGMATITE | | | |
| MU 3 MARBLE DOLOMITE CALCSILICATE ROCKS | | | |
| 1956SATTERLY PP. 121-122 | | | |
| 1960ROSE P. 37 | | | |
| MD DB70 32 | | | |
| 4CB TA 0470KRD | | | |
| ONTHASTINGS COUNTY | FARADAY TP C3L14 | 445730 782230 31C13 | |
| PCLR | | | |
| SPGM5 2 2 | | | |
| IN HORNBLENCE SYENITE FGMT | | | |
| GRENVILLE PROVINCE | | | |
| PEGMATITE | | | |
| MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE | | | |
| MC DB70 33 | | | |
| 4U NB TA0470KRCEOUTH GROUP | | | GREYHAWKUR |
| ONTHASTINGS COUNTY | FARADAY TP C12L9-11 450240 782320 31C14 | | |
| C11L4-11 | | | |
| C10L10-11 | | | |
| C9L10 | | | |
| 1 8L0 U .395% | | | |
| PCLR FRGS | URNN | URNR | ALNT |
| GRNT 2 2 MGBR 33 AMFB 33 PGNS 33 MREL 33 | | | |
| GOLDHAWK FORCUPINE ML 54-55 | | | |
| GREYHAWK URANIUM MINES LTD 55-56 | | | |
| METAL MINES LTD 57-59 | | | |
| SCINTILLOMETER GELOGICAL SURVEYS PEGMATITE ZONE 3000FT | | | |
| SURFACE 1140UH 42299FT UNDERGROUND 760DH 10542FT | | | |
| VERTICAL SHAFT 402FT 5965FTD 5935FTC U PROD \$834289 | | | |
| RADIOACTIVE PEGMATITES IN AMPHIBOLITE S NE D 45-80SE | | | |
| ORE TYPES MAGNETITE PEGMATITE QUARTZ LEUCOGRANITE | | | |
| GRENVILLE PROVINCE | | | |
| PEGMATITE | | | |
| MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE | | | |
| 1956SATTERLY P. 117-121 | | | |
| 1962LANG F. 262 | | | |
| 1967HEWITT P. 64 | | | |
| TRAILL P. 209,443 | | | |
| FERGUSON F. 47 | | | |
| MD DB70 34 | | | |
| 3NB TA U 0470KRDECNVILLE GLCD M LTD | | | ECNVILLEGC |
| ONTHASTINGS COUNTY | FARADAY TP CAL21-24 450220 785830 31C04W | | |
| CEL23 | | | |
| PCLR MCRL ELSR | URNR | | |
| SFGM 2 2 MREL 33 NPLS 33 GNSS 33 | | | |
| BONVILLE GOLD MINES LTD | | | |
| HYDRA EXPLORATIONS LTD 59 | | | |
| GECPHYSICAL SURVEY 10000CD STR TP ORE IN PEGMATITE AND | | | |
| CALCITE VEINS | | | |
| GRENVILLE PROVINCE | | | |
| PEGMATITE | | | |

1955SATTERLY AND HEWITT F. 49
1956SATTERLY PP. 107-108
1967HEWITT F. 54
1970TRAILL F. 443
1971FERGUSON P. 47

MD 0870 36

4NE TA 0470KRC
ONTHASTINGS COUNTY FARADAY TP C15L6 450200 782300 31F 4
BTFT
PGMT 2 3 HBDG 33
IN CALCITE VEIN IN GRANITE PEGMATITE AND HORNELENDE GNEISS
BROWN CRYSTALS SINGLY IN CALCITE VEINS OR MICA BOOKS
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
VEIN
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1956SATTERLY P. 170
1970TRAILL P. 447
1971FERGUSON P. 47

MD 0870 37

4NE TA 0470KRDWHYTOCK PPTY
ONTFRONTENAC COUNTY MILLER TP L15SWR 450036 770154 31F 3
PCLR
PGMT 2 2 GRNT 2 3
ZONED PEGMATITE SOFT ANALYSIS AND DIFFRACTION PATTERN FOR
PYROCHLORE ELONGATE ROUNDED OR IRREGULAR MASSES WITH
MUSCOVITE
DIFFRACTION PATTERN
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MAP UNIT FELSIC ROCKS
1956SATTERLY P. 20
1967SATTERLY P. 64
1970TRAILL P. 445
1971FERGUSON P. 45

MD 0870 38

4NE TA 0470KRCRANEY FFTY W RANEY 58
ONTPARRY SOUND DISTRICT CHAPMAN TP C8L3 454330 793045 31E12
CLMT PCLR MCRL
GFGM 2 2
W RANEY SR SUNDRIDGE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1958ROWE P. 92
1962LANG ETAL P. 256
1967HEWITT F. 68
1970TRAILL F. 445
1971FERGUSON P. 50

MD 0870 39

4NE TA 0470KRC
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT BLTT TP C9L5 454145 790545 31E11
7 NB 125 U 32
PCLR MCLR FRGS ESCN PRTT
GFGM5 2 2
DELDONA GOLD MINES LTD
PCLR ANALYSIS BULK SAMPLE

GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1958 ROWE P. 91

MC DB76 40
NB TA 0470KROPELISSA OCCURRENCE INTERNATCMC
ONTMUSKOKA DISTRICT CHAFFEY TP C5L23 452200 791500 3LE06E
PRCL MCRL
GPGM 2 2
INTERNATIONAL CERAMIC MINING CO.
OPERATED 1948
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1967HEWITT P. 65
1970TRAILL F. 445
1971FERGUSON P. 48

MD DB70 41
4NE TA U 0470KROPETER ROCK MNG LTD
ONTHASTINGS COUNTY HERSCHEL TF C8L39-40450320 780400 31E 1
BTFT PCLR MCRL EXNT URNR ALNT
GFGM 2 2 LCGR 2 3 GRGS 33
PETER ROCK MINING CO. OPERATED 1955
SMALL GRAINS CUEO CCTAHEDRAL CRYSTALS BLACK TO REDDISH BRCWN
SPEC ANALYSIS PEGMATITE 430FTL 1-11FTW ZONEC RADIOMETRIC
SURV STR TR 3DDH
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1956SATTERLY P. 135
1958 ROWE P. 93
1967HEWITT P. 54
1970TRAILL F. 47
1971FERGUSON P. 47

MC DB70 42
4NE TA 0470KRCROWN OCCURRENCE CABRCWN 58
ONTHASTINGS COUNTY HERSCHEL TF C1L3U 456600 780100 31E 1
PCLR MCRL
PGMT5 2 1
D A BROWN FORT WILLIAM
ZONED GRANITE PEGMATITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1952LANG P. 137
1958 ROWE P. 93
1970TRAILL P. 445
1971FERGUSON P. 47

MC DB70 43
4NE 0470KRCBLUE ROCK CERIUM RAREEARTH
ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY MCNCUTCH TF C6L19-23445620 781500 31C16
C8L20
FRGS ALNT URNR URNN URFN
GFGM 2 2 AMFB 33 MRBL 33 MGBR 2 3
AMALGAMATED RARE EARTH MIN CORP OF 54-56
CONFORMABLE GRANITE PEGMATITE LENSES IN GNEISSES AND
AMPHIBOLITES THREE LOCIES SURFACE WORK DOH
GRENVILLE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

MU 2 AMPHIBOLITE PARAGNEISS QUARTZITE
1956SATTERLY F. 96-99
1959ROSE P. 39
1962LANG P. 271
1967HEWITT F. 54

MD DB70 44

4NE TA U 0470KRCAN ALL METALS EXPLO CANALLMET
ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY MCNCUTCH TP C8L5-8 44570U 7819C0 31D16
C9L5-9

PCLR MCRL BTFT

MRBL5 31 GRZT 33 PRGS 33

CANADIAN ALL METALS EXPLORATION LTD

8 CL 8000FT DD 1200FT DR ACIT SPEC ANALYSIS
SALMON PINK CALCITE MASSES IN METAPYROXENITE
COARSE-GRAINED CALCITE BIOTITE ROCK

GRENVILLE PROVINCE

POCS

MU 2 AMPHIBOLITE PARAGNEISS QUARTZITE

1956SATTERLY F. 20

1962LANG F. 270

MD DB70069 45

3U NB 1070KRCARE EARTH AMALREMCOR
ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY MCNCUTCH TP C8L20 44572U 7815J0 31C14
FRGS URNR URNN CRIT

GFGM 2 2 GRNT 2 2 AMFE 33 QRZT 33 MREL 33

LEAD URA MINES LTD 48

RARE EARTH MINING CORP OF CANADA 51

BLUE ROCK CERIUM ABSORBED 56

AMALGAMATED RARE EARTH MINING COMPANY LTD 56

PRODUCTION 1948-56 6-SH CAVING NO 1 SHAFT 657FT ACIT

DCH 4900FT GRANITIC DYKES

GRENVILLE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

MU 2 AMPHIBOLITE PARAGNEISS QUARTZITE

1956SATTERLY F. 92-96

MD DB70 46

4U NB TA U470KRC CRCM WELL FFTY
ONTPETERBOROUGH COUNTY CAVENDISH TP C5L14 444415 782115 31D 9
C6L13

BTFT URNP URNR ALNT

PGMT 2 2 MREL 33 GEER 2 3

DISSEMINATED MINERALIZATION MINERAL ANALYSIS 30PC NE205

GRENVILLE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

MU 2 AMPHIBOLITE PARAGNEISS QUARTZITE

1956SATTERLY F. 20

1962LANG P. 255

1970TRAILL P. 443

1971FERGUSON F. 50

MD DB70069 47

4NE FE 1271KRCALBANY FORKS KEEVILMGL 69
ONTCOCHRANE DISTRICT ALBANY FORKS 5106 84523U 42N02W
PCLR MGMT
CRST 11

MD DB70 49
4NE U 0470KRC CUBAR URANIUM M LTD CUBARURANI58
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT CILL TP C2L2 462245 804945 41I 7
FLP
PCLR BTFT EXNT ELSR FLDR ALNT
GFGM 2 2
NORTHERN FELDSPAR MINES LTD
CUEAR URANIUM MINES LTD NL 70
GRANITE PEGMATITE FELDSFAR PRODUCTION 25FTW PINK SPAR
BICHITE MUSCCVITE
SUPERIOR PROVINCE COBALT PLATE
PEGMATITE
1958ROWE P. 93
1962LANG ET AL F. 258
1967HEWITT P. 65
1971FERGUSON F. 52
1967HEWITT P. 65

MD DB70 50
4NE 0470KRC AMABLE DU FOND
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT CALVIN T3 C2L15-17 461408 785330 31L 7
PCLR EXNT
PGMT5 2 2
ZONED GRAITE PEGMATITES MINERALIZED BORDER PHASE
GRENVILLEPROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1962HEINRICH F. 314
1970TRAILL F. 447
1971FERGUSON F. 49

MD DB70 51
1NE U 0470KRCNCVA BEAUCAGE M LTD NEWMAN IJ
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT 4615 7930 31L 5
1 189356U .049 NB 86
1 2962 U .041 NB 69
KEEVIL MINING GROUP LTD 69
140FT OVERBURDEN 550FT PALAEZOIC LS COLOMITE CARBONATITE
BANDS NON-TITANIFEROUS MAGNETITE WEAK PYROCHLORITE MIN GRCLND
MAGNETIC ANOMALY 5000FT NW 3200FT W RELIEF 11000G DCH 1203FT
HUCSON BAY LOWLANDS
STRATIFORM
1971FERGUSON F. 45

MD DB70 48
4NE TA U 0470KRC
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT CILL TP C3L4 462345 805100 41I 7
FLP
TDCT PCLR FLDR GRN*
GFGM 2 2
ONE CARLOAD FELDSFAR PEGMATITE SYKE 10JFTL X 40FTW
TOCDITE TO .25IN
SUPERIOR PROVINCE COBALT PLATE
PEGMATITE
1932ELLSWCRTH F. 171
1952LANG P. 142
1958RCWE P. 93
1970TRAILL F. 161
1971FERGUSON F. 52

CALDER 5FT .11 .48 10FT
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
IRREGULAR
1954 ROWE P. 5-7
1971 FERGUSON FP. 37-39
1971 LUMBERS PP. 51-52, 81-83

MD DB70 52
3TA NB 0470KRD ORCHAN URA56
ONTTHUNDER BAY DISTRICTMANITOUDAGE AREA 4908 8548 42D 9

SEE ORCHAN MINES LTD NL70
SUPERIOR PROVINCE WAWA BELT
IRREGULAR

MD DB70 54
 4NE TA 0470KRDEFGNALL
 ONTPARRY SOUND DISTRICT CNGER TP C10L7 452430 795130 31E 4
 42325 FLD
 EXNT CLMB SMRK MNZT
 GFGM 2 2
 MC GUIRE AND RCEIRNSCN 1923-25
 OPEONGC MINING COMPANY 1946-47
 CONGER FELDSPAR MINING CO LTD
 TR 40DH 765FT SMALL PEGMATITES S N45W D 65-90W
 COLUMBITE AND EUXENITE CRYSTALS TO 1IN WITH MUSCCVITE GARNET
 IN LENTICULAR ZONE FELDSPAR PROD 1923-25
 GRENVILLE FRCVINCE
 PEGMATITE
 1932 ELLSWORTH P. 187
 1942 SATTERLY P. 57
 1952 LANG P. 141
 1958 ROWE P. 93
 1960 ROSE P. 22
 1967 HEWITT P. 54
 1970 TRAILL P. 161
 1971 FERGUSON P. 50
 FCLR URNN
 SYNT PRXN FNIT CRBT
 NOVA BEAUCAGE MILES LTD 52-56
 COMINGO
 NORD INTEREX LTC 71-
 EUHEDRAL TO SUBHEDRAL DISSEMINATED IRANIAN PYRCHLORE IN
 PYROXENITE PILOT MILL WORK DONE SHAFT 2-LEVELS RESERVE 41190
 T NB205 IDLE SINCE 56 AGE 565 MY K/AR BOTT
 STOCK 8000FTW X 10000FTL CORE ALKALINE SYENITE-AND PYROXENITE
 RING AEGIRINE-FCTASSIC FELDSPAR FENITE 500-1300FTW MINOR CRBT
 INTRUSIONS RING QLARTZ FENITE CAP PALAEozoic LS MINERALIZED
 SHCTS IN FIRST RING FROM CORE MAGNETIC ANOMALY OVER STOCK
 NEWMAN DEPOSIT 1953-56 GREAT MANITOU DEPOSIT 1953 CALDER DEPOS
 IT 1953 MANITOU ISLANDS DEPOSIT 1971
 NEWMAN ABCVE 300FT LEVEL 3MT .042% U308 0.613% NE205
 BELOW 2.7MT 6990T/VFT .042% 0.69%
 1.8 4560 .05 .88
 .6 1540 .075 1.06
 GT MANITOUE .027 .10 .38

MD D87C 55
18E FLDNE 0570KR1.E.COLDWELL OCCUR CANEERYL
ONTRENFREW COUNTY LYNDCCH TP C15L23 452015 775645 31F 6
EXNT CLMB LNDC SMRK MNZT
GFGM 2 2 GRGS 32
T B CALDWELL 26
CAN BERYLLIUM MINES AND ALLCYS
FELDSPAR PRODUCTION 1926 1939
GNEISSES S N30-70E D 20-60SE CONFORMABLE PEGMATITES
DYKE 245FTL X 4-34FTW S N59E D 90 WELL ZONED
COLUMBITE MASSES .5IN TC .5 X 12IN PLATES NB-ANATASE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1915JOHNSTON P. 196
1953HEWITT P. 36-42
1958ROWE P. 95
1959ROSE P. 38
1967HEWITT P. 65
1970TRAILL P. 245
FERGUSON P. 51

MD D870069 56
1U NB 0470KRD CAMERON LAKE CANEERYL
ONTRENFREW COUNTY LYNCCCH TP C15L30 451945 775545 31F 6
13549 FLO
50 ERL
CLMB FRGS EXNT BRYL MCCL ALBT
GPGM 2 1
RENFREW MINERALS LTD 35-36
CAN BERYLLIUM MINES AND ALLOYS
OPERATED 1935-6 1949 CFEN FITS
DYKE S N70E 600FTL X 100-150FTW STRONGLY ZONED
1948-50 300T FELDSPAR 57100LBS BERYL COLUMBITE EUXENITE AND
MAGNETITE ARE ASSOCIATED IN DYKE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1944SATTERLY PP. 97-98
1953HEWITT P. 42-46
1958ROWE P. 94
1967HEWITT P. 65
1970TRAILL P. 161
1971FERGUSON P. 51

MD D870069 57
2FE NB 1271KRCCLAY TF
ONT COCHRANE DISTRICT CLAY TP NW4 494830 8206 42G16E
1 FE 70 SI 2 AL 125 S 06 NE
MGMT GRN*

CRBT SYNT GNSS
1954 LUNDBERG EXPLORATIONS LTD
1955 MATTAGAMI MINING CO LTD
AEGIRINE SYENITE STOCK 8MID INTRUDES GNEISSIC TERRAIN CRBT ZONE
150 FT DIP IN 70NW AEROMAG ANOMALY 1.8MIL X 1.3MIW RELIEF 3300
GAMMAS LOW RADIACTIVITY K/AR AGE 1010MY
SUPERIOR PROVINCE
IRREGULAR

1967GITTINS P. 653
1971FERGUSON FF. 32-33

MD DB70 58
4NE TA 0470KRCMAVIS L
CNTSUDEURY DISTRICT CRYDEN TP
CLMB 4630 LUNECHCGML
PGMT5 2 2 8045 52F15
LUN ECHO GOLD MINES LTD
SURFACE WORK 2000 FT DD
SUPERICR PROVINCE COBALT PLATE
PEGMATITE

MD DB70 59
1FLDNB 0470KROAMBEAU MINE WANUPFELD

12627 FLO
ESCN EXNT
GPGM 2 2
WANUP FELDSPAR MINES LTD
PEGMATITE 25FTW DISSEMINATED MINERALIZATION PRODUCED FELDSPAR
1926-27
GRENVILLEPROVINC
PEGMATITE
1960ROSE P. 18
1967HEWITT F. 65
1970TRAILL F. 203,207
1971FERGUSON P. 51

MD DB70 60
4NE 0470KRCWINDOVER PPTY SILANCO MC
CNTPETERBOROUGH COUNTY CAVENDISH TF C3L3 444220 782330 31C 9
FRGS MGMT ZRCN URNR
GFGM 2 2 GRNT 2 3 SYNT 2 3
SILANCO MINING AND REFINING CO
SURFACE WORK 9DDH 3766FT DISSEMINATED MINERALIZATION
GRENVILLEPROVINC
PEGMATITE
MU 2 AMPHIBCLITE PARAGNEISS QUARTZITE
1956SATTERLY F. 23
1962LANG ET AL P. 255
1967HEWITT F. 55
1970TRAILL F. 209
1971FERGUSON F. 51

MD DB70 61
4U NB 0470KRCW-STEWART OCCURRENCE
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT CALVIN TF C1L11-12 461345 785145 31L 7
FRGS
GFGM5 2 2
W STEWART EAU CLAIRE CNT
GRENVILLEPROVINC
PEGMATITE
1952LANG P. 138
1958ROWE P. 91
1970TRAILL P. 209
1971FERGUSON P. 49

MD DB70 62
1NE FLDGRT0470KRDJ.G.GOLE MINE D.L.ROSE
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT MURCHISON TPC4L14-15453130 780030 31E 9
93844 QTZ
23844 FLDR

PGMT5 2 2
J.G. GOLE D.L. ROSS
D.L.ROSE AND CO = MADAWASKA FELDSPAR 1938-44
OPERATED 1937-44
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1944SATTERLY P. 120
1952LANG P. 147
1970TRAILL P. 209
1971FERGUSON P. 49

MD DB70 63
1U NB 0470KRDQMCQUIRE MINE MCQUIREROE
ONTPARRY SOUND DISTRICT CONGER TP C9 L9-10 451345 795200 31E 4
25 FL0 URNN TCLT CRLT
SMRK PGMT 2 2
MC GUIRE RCBINSON
PRODUCED 618T FELDSPAR 1925 SMALL PIT ON LCT LINE MUSCOVITE
PROSPECT
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1942SATTERLY P. 57
1952LANG P. 141
1958RCWE P. 92
1960ROSE P. 35
1962LANG ET AL F. 256
1967HEWITT P. 55
1970TRAILL P. 478
1971FERGUSON P. 50

PCLR PRVK BTFT APTT CLCT
MD DB70069 78
38E NB 0771KRD
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT MATTAWAN TP C9 L19-
20
BRYL EXNT PCLR
GFGM
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1899BARLOW
1932ELLSWORTH PF. 189-191
1968MULLIGAN P. 86

MD DB70069 84
3NE 1271KKCANADA ALL METALS CANADAAMEX
ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY MCNCUTH TP C9 L7N2 4455 781830 31C16W
PCLR

CANADIAN ALL METALS EXPLORATION LTD
CALCITE VEINLETS WITH PYROCHLORE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
VEIN

1970TRAILL F. 444
1971FERGUSON F. 47

MD DB70069 86

2FLDTA U670KRC MOLYCCRFAM
ONTNIPISING DISTRICT CALVIN TP C8L21-22 461736 785700 31L 7
2526 FLO
7 U TR TA 15
CLMB EXNT SMRK ALNT
GPGM 2 2
OBRIEN AND FOWLER
MOLYBOENUM CORP AMERICA
3 DYKES 20FTW MAX 1000FTL BULK SAMPLT TR U3C8
OPERATED 1955 CN ECNO AND ECBJO CLAIM GRPS FELDSFAR FRCLECTION
25-26
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1932SPENCE P. 51
1952LANG P. 147
1960ROSE P. 21
1967HEWITT P. 68

MD DB70069 92

4U NB 0770KRC ELCUE RCCK OCCUR RAREEARMCL
ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY MCNCUTH TP C5-6L18-445600 781435 31D16
Z0
FRGS URNN URPN URNR
GPGM 2 2 MRBL 33
RARE EARTH MINING CO LTC 54-56
NO2 SHAFT 440FT THREE LEVELS 56761 FT SURFACE DD 16817 FT
UNDERGROUND DC BLACK RESINCUS GRAINS IN GRANITE PEGMATITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 2 AMPHIBOLITE PARAGNEISS QUARTZITE
1970TRAILL F. 209
1971FERGUSON F. 46

MD DB70069 94

2NB U 1271KRC FISSION OCCURRENCE
ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY CARDIFF TF C21 L5 452020 781012 31E01E
BTFT EXNT URNN
ONTARIO RADIAL CCRP INTERNATIONAL RACIUM AND RESOURCES 29-33
WILBERFORCE MINERALS LTD 37
FISSION MINES LTC 46-55
SURFACE AND UNDERGROUND EXPLORATION
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
VEIN
1970TRAILL F. 444
1971FERGUSON F. 46

MD DB70069116

3NE U 1271KRC
ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY CARDIFF TP C18L4-5 440646 781030 31D16E
PCLR

GRENVILLE PROVINCE
IRREGULAR
1970TRAILL F. 444
1971FERGUSON F. 46

MC DB70 121
1FLONG 0570KRCRSER-KRAFT S ORSER 58
ONTLANARK COUNTY S SHLBROOKE TPC5L13444740 763120 31C15
C6

7 TH 14
31623 FLD FLOR TRMN

EXNT' GFGM 2 2 GBER 2 2 GRNT 2 2
ORSER KRAFT FELCSFAR CO
FELDSPAR PRODUCTION GPGM 75X200FTL ZONED.
BULK SAMPLE TO MB 21 OPERATED 1916-23
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MAP UNIT MAFIC ROCK-FELSIC ROCK CONTACT
1952LANG P. 146
1958ROWE P. 96
1960ROSE P. 26
1967HEWITT P. 65

MC DB70 122
4NB 0570KRC GRAHAM LAKE 58
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT SERVOS TP C6L6 4E1530 804430 4I 2
EXNT' ESCN
GFGM 2 2
1952 THE GRAHAM LAKE MINING SYNDICATE
BULKS TO ODM GSC DISSEMINATED MINERALIZATION RADIOACTIVE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1952LANG P. 149
1958ROWE P. 96
1962LANG ET AL F. 277
1967HEWITT P. 65

MD DB70069123
3NETA U 0470KRCLEASIN FFTY SILVER CRAT
ONTHASTINGS COUNTY FARADAY TP C15L30-31450250 783120 31E 1
BTFT PCLR EXNT' ELSR APTT PYRT
MRBL 12 GNSS 3 GFGM 2 2
ORSER-WILSON OF 25 MICA
BANCRCFT MICA AND STONE PRODUCTS LTD OP 47-49 MICA
SILVER CRATER MINES LTD. NL70 OP 53-55 U
BTFT SPEC ANALYSIS 41.5PC N8205 1.4FC TA205 21.4PC U308
OPEN PIT FOR MICA LENSE COARSE-GRAINED CALCITE BIOTITE ROCK
400FTL X 500FTW X 350FT DOWN DIP S N20-30E ADIT N63W 435FTL
2500H 5500FT ROCK 70-80PC CALCITE ACC BIOTITE 50DA HORNBLENDE
ZONES BETAFLITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1943THOMPSON P. 59
1956SATTERLY FP. 123-132
1957JONES P. 24
1958ROWE P. 93
1961HOGARTH P. 615
1962LANG P. 260
1970TRAILL P. 444
1971FERGUSON P. 47

MD DB70 124
1FLDNB 0570KROMAHONEY AND MORIN
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT SABINE TP C1L28-29 445900 780300 31E 8
2425 FLD

ESCN EXNT FLDR
GPGM 2 2

MAHONEY AND MCRIN

FELDSPAR PRODUCTION OPERATED 1924-25 DYKE 20FTW
EUXENITE IN MASSES TO 4IN 200T FELDSPAR PRODUCED
GRENVILLE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE

1932SATTERLY P. 53

1952LANG P. 149

1958ROWE P. 96

1962LANG ET AL P. 277

1967HEWITT F. 65

1970TRAILL P. 205

1971FERGUSON P. 50

MC DB70 125
4U NB 0570KRC SABINEURAN58
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT SABINE TP C1L2,8 444920 781000 31E 8
ESCN

GFGM5 2 1

SABINE URANIUM MINES LTD

SURFACE RADICMETRY GEOLOGY

GRENVILLE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE

1958ROWE P. 96

1971FERGUSON P. 50

MD DB70 126
4NE 0570KRC E BETZ
ONTRENFREW COUNTY RICHARDS TP C14L2 454515 772945 31F11
FRGS ESCN URNN

E BETZ TORONTO

GRENVILLE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

1958ROWE P. 96

1959ROSE P. 39

1971FERGUSON P. 52

MD DB70 127
1CRMNE 0570KRC CRAIGMONT MINE 4515 7730 31F 5
ONTRENFREW COUNTY RAGLAN TPC18L3-4 CRDM ALNT URNN
120046 CRN

EXNT SFGM 2 2 MREL 33

CANADA CORUNDUM COMPANY 1899-1918

MANUFACTURERS CORUNDUM COMPANY 1909-1913

CORUNDUM LTD 1919-21

WARTIME METALS CORP 1944-46

TRENCHING GEOLOGICAL RADIOOMETRIC SURVEYS 200H 601FT ADIT 220FT
DRIFT 220FTL CORUNDUM FROM PITS S AND W SIDES ROBILLARD MT
SYENITE PEGMATITE INTRUSIVES NEPHELINE SYENITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

MAP UNIT META-SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

1952LANG P. 141

1953HEWITT FP. 56-59

1958ROWE P. 95

1959ROSE P. 39

1962LANG P. 277

1967HEWITT F. 55

1971FERGUSON F.51

MD DB70 129

4NE 0570KRDJ.G. QUINN OCCURRENCE

ONTFRONTENAC COUNTY OLDEN TP C7L8

444220 764320 31C15

EXNT

BSLT 1 2 MRBL 33

GRENVILLEPROVINCE

IRREGULAR

MU META VOLCANIC ROCKS CRYSTALLINE LS CONTACT

1958ROWE P. 95

1971FERGUSON P. 45

MD DB70 130

4NE 0570KRDJ.P.QUINN CCCURRENCE

ONTLANARK COUNTY NCRTN BURGESS C6L23 444500 762000 31C15

PCLR EXNT

GPGM MRBL 33

J F QUINN STANLEYVILLE

ORSER-KRAFT FELDSPAR CO.

GRENVILLEPROVINCE

PEGMATITE

MAP UNIT SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

1932ELLSWORTH F. 262

1952LANG P. 146

1958ROWE P. 95

1970TRAILL FP. 204-205

1971FERGUSON P. 48

MD DB70 131

1FLPNB 0570KRDJ G GOLE

MADAWASKA 58

ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT MURCHISON TP C4L15 453130 780030 31E 9

C4L14

103744

FLO

QTZ

TA

FLDR

QRT*

ALNT

FRGS

GPGM 2 2

J G GOLE D L RCSS OPERATED 1937-44

MADAWASKA FELDSPAR CO

FELDSPAR AND QUARTZ PRODUCTION TO 44

GPGM 15-60FTW900FTL15-30FTD FRGS ASSOCIATED WITH BLACK MICA

GRENVILLEPROVINCE

PEGMATITE

1944SATTERLY P. 120

1952LANG P. 147

1958ROWE P. 95

1962LANG ET AL F. 274

1967HEWITT P. 65

MD DB70069132

4NB 1271KRCG.E. EARLE

ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY CARDIFF TP C12-13L104450 780730 31C16E

ELSR

BOTT

AFTT

CALCITE VEIN BKMICA APATITE ELLSWORTHITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
VEIN
1970TRAILL F. 443
1971FERGUSON P. 46

MD DB70 133
4NE FLP U5705RDCAMERON MINE KEYSTONEC058
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT MURCHISON TP C8L22 453230 780400 31E 9
64051 FLD EXNT FLDR ALNT
GFGM 22 KEYSTONE CONTRACTORS LTD WINDSOR
K BOWSEY 1957
FELDSPAR PRODUCTION 1942-43
GRENVILLEPRCVINCE
PEGMATITE
1944SATTERLY F. 121
1952LANG P. 138
1958ROWE P. 95
1962LANG ET AL F. 275
1967HEWITT P. 65
1971FERGUSON P. 49

MD DB70069134
4NE U FLP0570KRCGENESEE NC2 W JESSUP 58
ONTHASTINGS COUNTY MCNTEAGLE TP C7 L14 451020 775800 31F 4
2631 FLD PCLR EXNT FLDR
GFGM 22 PRGS 33 AMPE 33 LMSN 3 3 BRCC 3
GENESEE FELDSPAR CO 26-31
D. VARDY W. JESSLF 48-51 28467 FELDSPAR
ZONED GRANITE PEGMATITE
FELDSPAR PRODUCTION
GRENVILLEPRCVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1952LANG P. 145
1954HEWITT F. 48-49,69
1958ROWE P. 95
1970TRAILL F. 205,446
1971FERGUSON F. 48

MD DB70069135
3NE U 1U70KRCQUIRK J QUIRK
ONTHASTINGS COUNTY MCNTEAGLE TP C4L111245C900 774630 31F09
ELSR URNR THRT
GFGM 22 PRGS 33 AMPE 33 PRXN 33 GRNT 23
H QUIRK J E QUIRK FROSPECTED 55
SEVERAL SMALL CCCURRENCES STR TR RACIOMETRIC SURV
SMALL IRREGULAR CARBONATE BODIES
PITS TRENCHES REC HORNBLENCE GRANITL PEGMATITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1954HEWITT F. 70
1956SATTERLY F. 140-141
1962LANG ET AL F. 272
1967HEWITT F. 64
1971FERGUSON P. 47

MD 0870 136
4NE 0570KRCSCVEREIGN PPTY FAIRLEYRED58
ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY MCNMOUTH TP C3L3-5 445935 781820 31C16
C4L2-4,5
EXNT URNR URPN ALNT

GFGM 2 2 MREL 33
FAIRLEY RED LAKE GOLD MINES LTD 55-56 SURFACE AND DDH
CASSIAR RAINBOW GCLD MINES LTD 62
TR 8DDH 483FT SCINTILLOMETER SURVEY
GRENVILLEPROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1956SATTERLY FP. 88-89
1958ROWE P. 95
1962LANG P. 270
1971FERGUSON P. 46

MD 0870 137
1NE FLD 0570KRCBRIEN FOWLER
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT MATTAWAN TP C3 L29 461915 784715 31L 7
2526 FLD

EXNT
GPGM 2 2 SGNS
OBERIEN AND FWLIER LTD 1925-26
MOLYBDENUM CORP CF AMERICA
300FTL X 18-25FTW S 270 D 8GW BULK SAMPLE TO ME 50
EUXENITE IN MASSES FROM .25-5.0 INCHES
FELDSPAR FRCDUCTION PGMT 18-25FTW
GRENVILLEPROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1932ELLSWCRTH FF. 189-191
1952LANG P. 148
1958ROWE P. 94
1962LANG ET AL F. 268
1967HEWITT P. 65
1970TRAILL F. 206
1971FERGUSON P. 49

MD 0870 138
4U NB 0570KRC.CPALANGIC OCCJR 58
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT MATTAWAN TP C2 L29 461852 784715 31L 7
EXNT

GPGM 2
C PALANGIO NORTH BAY
GRENVILLEPRCVINCE
PEGMATITE
1952LANG P. 147
1958ROWE P. 94
1962LANG ET AL F. 268
1967HEWITT P. 65
1971FERGUSON P. 49

MD 0870 139
4NE 0570KRC CRCHANURAN58
ONTCOCHRANE DISTRICT MARATHON TP 4856 8021 42A15
PCLR
SYNT NFLS
ORCHAN ML
ORCHAN URANIUM MINES LTD

SUPERIOR FRCVINCE ABITIBI BELT
IRREGULAR
1958ROWE P. 96

MD DB70 140
4NE U 0570KRCMCCMBE FPTY MACGREGOR COV JGMCCOMEE 58
ONTALGCMA DISTRICT TF 28 R12 4718 8436 41N10
PCLR ELSR ALNT
GRNT 2 FGMT 2 DIBS 2
J.G. MCCOMBE AND ASSOCIATES
MINERALS FRCM MINERALIZED FRACTURES IN GRANITE AND PEGMATITE
NEAR DIABASE CYKE
PEGMATITE
SUPERIOR PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1952LANG P. 130
1958ROWE P. 96
1970TRAILL P. 447
1971FERGUSON P. 45

MD DB70 142
4NE U 0570KRCATCH PROPERTY UNIVERSALL58
CNTRNFREW CCUNY LYNCOCH TP C15L25 452000 772400 31F 6
CLMB EXNT LNDC ALNT ERYL MNZT
GFGM 2 2 MREL 33
UNIVERSAL LIGHT METALS CC NL70
OPEN PIT NO PRODUCTION
GRENVILLEPROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU META-SEDIMENTARY ROCKS
1952LANG P. 146
1953HEWITT FF. 83-84
1958ROWE P. 94
1971FERGUSON P. 51

MD DB70 143
1FLDNB U 0570KRCFCXTON 58
ONTFRONTENAC COUNTY LOUGHBOROUGH TPC9L114426 7632 31C 7
12U21 FLO FLDR GCOLN ALNT
EXNT
GFGM 2 2 MREL 33
M J O'BRIEN LTD
O'BRIEN FOWLER S CRSER
FELDSPAR PRODUCTION 1920-1921 2 DYKES 30FTL N30E ZCKED
PRCD 1250T FELDSPAR
GRENVILLEPROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU META-SEDIMENTARY ROCKS
1932SPENCE F. 39
1952LANG P. 146
1958ROWE P. 94
1960ROSE F. 4
1970TRAILL P. 204
1971FERGUSON P. 45

MD DB70 144
4NB U 0570KRCFATTERSON OCCURRENCE 58
ONTHASTINGS COUNTY HERSCHEL TP C16L1718451130 78013J 31E 1
ESCN EXNT

GPGM 2 2 GRGS 33 AMPE 33
W A PATTERSON 56
STRIPPED TR RADIOMETRIC SURV COARSE GRAPHIC GRANITE
PEGMATITE 400FTL 25-40FTW ZCNED S N60E
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 3 MARBLE ECOLMITE CALCSILICATE ROCKS
1956 SATTERLY F. 134
1958 ROWE P. 93
1967 HEWITT F. 64
1970 TRAILL F. 205
1971 FERGUSON F. 47

MD D87069145
4NB U 0570KRGRIFFITH 58
ONT HASTINGS COUNTY PERSCHEL TP C1 L32- 4509 7759 31E 1
33

JW GRIFFITH TORONTO
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1952 LANG P. 142
1958 ROWE P. 93

MD D870 146
4NB U 0570KRCAMEAUFFTY
ONT PARRY SOUND DISTRICT HENVEY TP CAL4 4548 8035 31H05E
EXNT FLOR TCLT URNN
GFGM 2 2
WANUF FELDSPAR MINES LTD
FELDSPAR PRODUCTION OPERATED 1926-27
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1932 ELLSWORTH F. 173
1952 LANG P. 136
1958 ROWE P. 93

MD D870 147
4NB U 0570KRCBESSNER MINE RMCLARKLEV58
ONT PARRY SOUND DISTRICT HENVEY TP CBL5. 4548 8035 41H15
FRGS EXNT TCLT URNN ALNT
GFGM 2 2
FELDSPAR PRODUCTION
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1932 ELLSWORTH F. 171-173
1952 LANG P. 137
1958 ROWE P. 93

MD D870 148
3NB 0570KRCCLUN-ECHO CCCUR LUNECHCML 58
ONT PETERBOROUGH COUNTY GALWAY TP C8 L26 444020 782630 31D10E
PCLR
MRBL 33
LUN-ECHO GOLD MINES LTD 1956
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
IRREGULAR
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1958 ROWE P. 93

MD 0870 149
4NE 0570KRD MCMILLAN
ONTRAINY RIVER DISTRICT ELI LAKE 4859 9229 52C16
BTFT

M MCMILLAN NCRTH EAY
SUPERIOR PROVINCE NIPIGON PLATE
1958ROWE P. 96

MD 0870 150 58
4NE 0570KRD ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT DICKENS TP C2L2 453340 774730 31F12
FLD FLD
EXNT GPGM 2 2
J C CUNNINGHAM-DUNLOP
FELDSPAR PRODUCTION
GRENVILLEPROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1952LANG P. 142
1958ROWE P. 93

MD 0870 151
4NB 0570KRCF.G.ARMSTRONG OCCUR 453900 775230 31F12
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT DICKENS TP C13L9
PCLR EXNT SMRK GRNT MNZT
GPGM 2 2
GRANITE PEGMATITE 50FTW
GRENVILLEPROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1932ELLSWORTHITE PP. 192-194
1952LANG P. 142
1958ROWE P. 93
1971FERGUSON P. 49

MD 0870 152
4NE 0570KRD ONTPETERBOROUGH COUNTY CAVENDISH TP C8-9L15444600 782200 31D16
FRGS GRNT 2 2
OPERATED 1932-6 1940-2
GRENVILLEPROVINCE
IRREGULAR
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1956SATTERLY P. 41
1958ROWE P. 92
1971FERGUSON P. 51

MD 0870 153
38E SN NB 0570KROLEACH AND JOHNS REDCRE 58
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT CARTER TP MI98 CNR 4745 8150 41F13
BE SN NB TA
EXNT GPGM 2 2
REDCORE MINING CO
SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIBI BELT
PEGMATITE
1952LANG P. 150
1968MULLIGAN P. 79
1971FERGUSON P. 52

MC DB70 154
2U NB 1070KRCMINDUS CCCURRENCE MINDUS COR
ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY CARDIFF TP C14L11S2 450005 780730 31E01
ELSR URNN URNR ALNT
GFGM 2 2 GRNT 2 3 GNSS 33 SYNT 2 3
MINDUS CORP LTD CF 53-55
INDUSTRIAL CCRF LTD 55-56
GEOLOGICAL MAP 53
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1956SATTERLY F. 67
1962LANG P 253

MD DB70069155
3NB U 0470KRCCENTRE LAKE CENTRELAKE58
ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY CARDIFF TP C9-13 445915 780300 31016
L23-30
PCLR
PGMT5 2 2
CENTRE LAKE URANIUM MINES LTD
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1955SATTERLY AND HEWITT F. 21

MD DB70 156
4U NB 0470KRCYND SOUTH GRP B-ZONE CYNCMINESL59
ONTHALIBURTON COUNTY CARDIFF TP C8L12-14 445902 780603 31016
.45460 U3C8
HCTL PCLR URNN URNR ALNT
GFGM 2 2 AMPE 33 GRNL 33 GNSS 33
DYNO MINES LTD NL70
CANADIAN DYNO MINES LTD 50
OPERATED 1954-60 UNDERGROUND \$ 3792331 FROC U3C8
DDH 58653FT B-ZONE SHAFT 997FT 1700FTD 165FTR 1000TPD MILL
NUMEROUS GRANITE PEGMATITE BODIES
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1956SATTERLY PP. 43-45
1958ROWE F. 92
1962LANG P. 259
1967HEWITT F. 54
1971FERGUSON F. 45

MD DB70 157
1FLDU NB 0470KRCMOLYBDENUM CORP CCCU MOLYCBPAM
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT CALVIN TP C9L19-22 46 78 31L 7
CLMB EXNT ALNT FLDR
GFGM5 2 2
A.RYAN 1900
BOEJO MINES LTD
MOLYBDENUM CORPORATION OF AMERICA 1950
ZONED GRANITE PEGMATITE 20FTW 4 DYES FELSOFAR PRODUCTION
SEE 6428, 6787
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1932ELLSWORTH F. 189

1952LANG F. 147
1958ROWE P. 91
1960ROSE PP. 21-22
1970TRAILL F. 206
1971FERGUSON F. 49

MD DB7U 158

4 0470KRC
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT CALVIN TP C4 L22 461445 785630 31L 7
EXNT SMRK ALNT
GFGMS 2 2
J W MACFARLANE TCRCNTC
GRENVILLEPRCVINGE
PEGMATITE
1952LANG F. 147
1958ROWE F. 92
1962LANG ET AL F. 251
1967HEWITT F. 65
1971FERGUSON P. 49

MD D37LC69159

4NB U 1070KRC CAMERON-ALECK JCC CAMERON
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT MURCHISON TP CEL17 453200 780230 31E09
24953 FLD
FRGS ALNT
GFGM 2 2 GRNT 2 2
CAMERON AND ALECK
OPERATED 1949-53
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU FELSIC ROCKS
1967HEWITT F. 65

MD DB7U 160

3NB 0470KRC YANKEE CAM OCCURRENC FOLKLER 58
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT BUTT TP C9L5 4543 79 31E11
PCLR FRGS ESCN
GFGMS 2 2
E K FOCKLER
GRENVILLEPRCVINCE
PEGMATITE
1958ROWE F. 91
1970TRAILL F. 445
1971FERGUSON F. 49

MD DB7U 161

2FLDNE 0470KRC INNES OCCURRENCE 445630 762320 31C15
ONTLANARK COUNTY BATHURST TF C9L22
EXNT FRGS FLDP CRLT
GFGMS 2 2 GRNT 2 2
W ENNIS
GPGM MINED FOR FELDSPAR OPERATED 1922
GRENVILLEPRCVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU FELSIC ROCKS
1952LANG P. 137
1958ROWE P. 91
1960ROSE P. 26-21
1962LANG P. 248

1967HEWITT F. 65
1970TRAILL F. 205
1971FERGUSON F. 48

MD D870 162
2U NE U470KRCF.G.WALTON
ONTTOMISKAMING CISTRICALL TP 04 SE4 S2L5 4133 60.04 41PC9E
FRGS
APLT 22
1956-57 H.G.WALTON
20CH TR NARROW AFLIFES IN DIABASE RADIOACTIVE
SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIBI BELT
PEGMATITE
1958ROWE P. 91
1971FERGUSON F. 53

MD D870 163
4NE U470KRCR.MCCOSHEN OCCJR
ONTRENFREW COUNTY ALICE TP C15L13 454845 771630 31F14
EXNT
GFGM5 22
RMCCOSHEN SUDBURY
MINERALIZATION DISSEMINATED IN GRANITE PEGMATITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1952LANG F. 13E
1958ROWE P. 91
1962LANG ET AL F. 130
1967HEWITT F. 65
1970TRAILL F. 206
1971FERGUSON F. 51

MD D870 165
2NB U RE 0570KRCNEMOGOSENDA LAKE CCMINICH G55
ONTSUDEURY DISTRICT CHEWETT TP C6 L8 480000 830600 42B03E
COLLINS TP C1 L9-10
120000 NB 47%
PCLR AGRN MGMT AFTT
FNIT CRET
1954-62 DOMINION GULF COMPANY
35000 FT DD 600FT ADIT CRE DRESSING RESEARCH
STCOK ALKALIC SYENITES 900FTW X 1300FTL PARTIAL RINGS OF
SYENITIC CONTACT ZONE PYROXENE FENITE RED ALKALIC FENITE
LATE MAFIC AND PERHYDRO DYKES MINOR CARBONATITE & POTENTIAL
ORE ZONES 40 FT METALLURGICAL TESTS 90PC RECOVERY
1010MY K/AR AGE
D ZONE 800FTL 600FTW 600FTD 20MT RESERVES .47% NB2C5
A 300 CORE 38FTL .45
B 1700 17 .43
E 11 .43
F 1500 5E .37
G 400
GRUND GEOMAG RADICACTIVITY
SUPERIOR PROVINCE KAPUSKASING BELT
IRREGULAR
1961PARSONS F. 46-50
1967GITTINS ET AL F. 653
1971FERGUSON FF. 41-42

MD DE70 166
2NE 0570KRCZCNE 8 MULTI MINE70
ONTSUDEURY DISTRICT MCNAUGHT TP C2-3L1 4748 8306 41014
LACKNER TP C2-3L12 41014
1 3700070APP213 MAG137 COL 198 NB
1 502466CB .173 RE 272
1 80uu666NB 25
PCLR APTT2133 MGNT1373 CLMB
MGNT696 APTT219
IJLT MLGN CRBT GRGS NFLS
NEMEGOS ALK COMPLEX
1949 A.BURTON AND M. BURTON
1951 NEMEGOS URANIUM CCRF
1953-59 MULTI-MINERALS LTD
1965-70 KLOCKNER-HUMBOLT-DEUTZ AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT
1970 FETIC INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENTS LTD
N03 1600FTW 80FTW
N04 1500 75 COMBINED 37MT 21.3%MGNT 13.7%APTT .198%NE205
N05 600 100
N06 600 150 (MAIN) + 5MT 69.6 21.9 .173
N08 1500 80MT .25
CALCITE .88MT .9
.76MT .23
NPLS CORE 17000FTW X 19000FTL PARTIAL AGRS RING PARTLY BRECCIATED ZONES STRIKE CONCENTRICALLY DIP STEEP IN LMFP DYKES CIF CUT 7 FAULTS 5 STRIKE NW 2 STRIKE NE 1010MY K/AR AGE MAG SURVEY CD METALLURGICAL TESTS GEOLOGICAL MAF 58 MAJOR NB MINERALIZATION REPORTED 54 W SIDE CCMPLEX 66000 COH SEVERAL ANOMALIES
SUPERIOR PROVINCE KAPUSKASING BELT
IRREGULAR
1958 ROWE PP. 35-45
1961 PARSONS P. 61-68
1961 HODDER P. 65-67
1971 FERGUSON PP. 39-41
MD DB70 167
4NE 0570KRCLEBRASSEURDERRAUGHMA
ONTSUDEURY DISTRICT LACKNER TP 4748 8303 41014
7 NB 1
PCLR APTT MGNT
SYNT 2 2 CRBT
LEBRASSEUR LACKNER INC CERRAUGH LACKNER INC MACDONNELL LACKNER MAG SURVEY 400H1007FT SMALL RADIOACTIVE PODS MAGNETITE-APATITE 1PC NB205 NARROW FCLR-BEARING SYENITE DYKES
SUPERIOR PROVINCE KAPUSKASING BELT
IRREGULAR
1961 PARSONS P. 61
1971 FERGUSON P. 52
MD DB70 168
4NE FE P 0570KRC DCMINICH G51
ONTSUDEURY DISTRICT LACKNER TP 4748 8303 41014
6 200 FE 39 P 5 NB 15 APTT MGNT
NFLS 1 CRBT 1
1952-54 DCMINICH GULF COMPANY

1959 FALCONERIDGE NICKEL MINES LTD
GEOLOGICAL ED AEROMAG ONE SECTION 200FT 39PCFE 5FCP .15PCNE2C5
30CH 1988FT LOW LINEAR ANOMALIES OVER GRANULAR MAGNETITE-
APATITE E SIDE COMPLEX HOLE MAGNETIC SURVEY FALCONERIDGE CO
SUPERIOR PROVINCE KAPUSKASING BELT
IRREGULAR
1961 PARSONS P. 60

MD DE70 169
4NE 0570KRCCLAYMAC CLAIMS CLAYMAC ML54
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT LACKNER TP 4748 8303 41014
6 71 NB 13

CRBT
CLAYMAC MINES LTD 54
90CH 2700FT GNDMAGNETOMETER SURV ONE LINEAR ANOMALY OVER FG
IJCLITE N-NE SIDE COMPLEX HOLE 6 .13PC NB235 ACROSS 71FT
SUPERIOR PROVINCE KAPUSKASING BELT
IRREGULAR
1961 PARSONS P. 60
1971 FERGUSON P. 52

MD DE70 170
4NE 0570KRCAPAMAG CLAIMS APAMAG ML 55
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT LACKNER TP 4748 8303 41014

CRBT
APAMAG MINES LTD 55
1955 MAGNETIC SURVEY DOMINION GULF 500H 2130FT APAMAG LTD
SUPERIOR PROVINCE KAPUSKASING BELT
IRREGULAR
1961 PARSONS P. 60
1971 FERGUSON P. 52

MD DE70 171
4NE 0570KRCNEKOGSEND LAKE CONTINENTAL 61
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT MCGEE TP C3L2 4758 8311 41014
1 NB

PCLR
FNIT GPGM 22
CONTINENTAL WOOD PRODUCTS
SUPERIOR PROVINCE KAPUSKASING BELT
IRREGULAR
1961 PARSONS P. 50

MD DE70 172
2NE TI 0570KRCSEABRCK LAKE TARBUUTML
ONTALGOMA DISTRICT TP 5E R12 470100 831600 410 3
PCLR MGMT
IJLT SYNT 22 CRBT FNIT
1955 W. BOUSSINEAU
1957 TARBUUT MINES LTD
1964 F.R. JOURIN
IJCLITE .03PC NB2C5 MAFIC BRECCIA CALCIC CARBONATITE .01-.33PC
NB205 GEOMAG SURVEY 1163MY K/AR AGE BOTT 1200H 998FT TR SAMFL
SOIL SURVEY
DOLOMITE CRET CCRE 1200FTD CALCITE RING MAFIC BRECCIA RING
3000FTD TONGUE IJCLITE 5280FTL X 540FTW OUTCROPS TO S FENITE
ZONE IN GRANITE

SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIBI BELT

IRREGULAR

1961 PARSONS P. 11-22

1971 FERGUSON FF. 31-32

MD 0870 173

3NB 0570KRCGIBSON IRON CLAIMS ALGOMA CRE61
ONTARIO DISTRICT TP 28-29 R 23 4743 8318 41C11

PCLR HMTT MGNT
CRBT FNIT VLCC GRNT SYNT

ALGOMA ORE PROPERTIES LTD

DO GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY PYROCHLORITE ASSAY 1048 MY K/AR BOTT

9000 FT TC EXPLORATION FE HOLES 10-22 7700FT EXPLORE NE

1960 PROSPECTED AND TRENCHED

DOLomite CARBONATE CORE 5400FTL X 3500FTW CALCITE CARBONATE
RING MAX D 9300FT LOCAL MAFIC BANDS WALLROCKS VOLCANICS GRANITE
SYENITE DIABASE CYRKL PYROCHLORITE IN CALCITE CRET MAGNETIC ANOMALY

2.5 MIC LOW RADON ACTIVITY NB205 VALVES .24-.30PC

K/AR AGE 1048MY 22DDH 1951-58 HOLES 1-9 FE 4500FT 10-22 7700FT

FOR NB 6 SHORT HOLES 1977

FIRE SAND R CARBONATE

SUPERIOR PROVINCE WAWA BELT

IRREGULAR

1961 PARSONS P. 23-32

1971 FERGUSON FF. 30-31

MD 0870 174

2NB 0570KRCALPHA-2 JAMES BAY N CCNMCREXPL66
ONTARIO COCHRANE DISTRICT SOUTH BLUFF CR AREA 5052 8J37 42I15

1 8000E8NB 52
4 1000070NB 52%
1 6200070NB 52

PCLR CLMB APTT
CRBT FRXN HELD

KAPUSKASING GRANULITE

CONSOLIDATED MINERALS EXPLORATIONS LTD

IMPERIAL OIL ENTERPRISES LTD

EXPLORATION START 65 AEROMAG AND EM LINES .25 APART 65

HELICOPTER GEOLGY 65 142 DDH 83894FT 65-70 133 SHAFT 68

1000FT CROSSCUT 68 250T BULK SAMPLE METALLURGICAL TESTS

EST 325TT NE2C5

K/AR AGE BOTT 1055MY

IN KAPUSKASING GRANULITE COMPLEX BENEATH SEDIMENTARY ROCKS

IN KAPUSKASING GRANULITE COMPLEX BENEATH SEDIMENTS OF SEXTANT F
OF SEXTANT FM

SUPERIOR PROVINCE KAPUSKASING BELT

POCS

1967 GEORGE ET AL P. 135

1967 GITTINS ET AL FF. 651-655

1970 STICKFORD FF. 1-34

1971 FERGUSON FF. 33-35

MD 0870 175

3 0570KRLHEBDEN FORTAGE CHYKA ML 54
ONTARIO DISTRICT LACKNER TP 4750JU 830300 41C14

IJLT GFGM GNSS
ONTARIO RARE METALS LTD 1954-55
CHYKA MINES LTD

1951-54 MAGNETIC SURVEY 3100H 11358FT PORTAG COMPLEX SLESICIARY
MANY FAULTS TRACES NE2C5 IN CORE BIOTITE PYROXENITE WIETHS
TO 15FT .17PC NE2C5 55.8FT .69PC NB205
SUPERICR FRCVINCE KAPUSKASING BELT
IRREGULAR
1961PARSCNS PF. E8-69
1971FERGUSON P. 52

MC DB76 176
3NE 0570KRCDSILVERMAN CLAI4S MSILVERMAN61
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT MCNAUGHT TP C1-3L1-64748 8303 41C14
6 5 NB 29

PCLR MNNT
NFLS CRBT

M SILVERMAN 54
MAGNETOMETER SURVEY 54 1400H 4117FT 54 SEVERAL ANOMALIES E
SIDE DUE TO MAGNETITE IN NFLS OR CONTACTS BETWEEN MAFIC RX
NPLS FOLIATED MAFIC ROCKS .07-.14PC NB205
SUPERICR PROVINCE KAPUSKASING BELT

IRREGULAR
1961PARSCNS P. E8
1971FERGUSON P. 52

MC DB76 177
3NE 0570KRCCTARIO RARE METALS CNTPAREMET55
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT MCNAUGHT TP SE 4748 8303 41C14
NB T

GNSS 1 DIES 2 CRBT
MAGNETOMETER SURVEY 500H 2281FT BEDROCK GNEISSES DIABASE DYKES
SUPERICR FRCVINCE KAPUSKASING BELT
IRREGULAR
1961PARSCNS P. E8

MC DB76J65180
3NE APT 70KRCDSCHRYBURT OCCURENCE MANYLAKES
ONTKENORA DISTRICT SCHRYBURT LAKE 523040 893040 53A
PCLR APTT MNNT
CRBT NFLS ERCC
MANY LAKES EXFLCRATION CC 1960
CALCITE CARECNATITE MASSIVE TO MASSIVE APATITE SOME MAGNETITE
BANDS SEVERAL FT
SUPERICR FRCVINCE CAT LAKE BELT
IRREGULAR
1963JENESS FF. 43-44
1966HEINRICH F. 398
1967GITTINS ET AL FF. 651-655
1971FERGUSON F. 48

MC DB70069181
4NB 0570KRCSEABROOK LAKE 4701 8317 41G 3
ONTALGOMA DISTRICT TP SG R 12
PCLR
SCVT ERCC LMFF IJLT PRXN
CIRCULAR .5MI 11.9 MY K/AR BOTT
SUPERICR PROVINCE ABITIEI BELT
IRREGULAR
1967GITTINS ET AL FF. 651-655

MD 0870069182

4NE 0570KRC
ONTKENCRA DISTRICT PRAIRIE LAKE 5103 9432 52M 2
NB

PCLR MGNT ECTT FRX*
IJLT FNIT GNSS JUVT CRET

1112 MY K/AR BOTT
CIRCULAR SYENITE-CARBONATITE COMPLEX IJOLITE CORE
CARBONATITE RING BIOTITE ZONES BETWEEN PRXN AND CRBT
COUNTRY ROCK GNEISSES WEAKLY FENITIZED INTRUSIVE ORIGIN
SUPERIOR PROVINCE WABIGCCN BELT
IRREGULAR
1967GITTINS ET AL FF. 651-655

MD 0870069183

4NE 0570KRCFIRESANC R
CNTALGCMA DISTRICT TF 29 R22 475500 844200 41N15
NB

BRIT PCLR MGNT FRIT AGRN

FNIT CRET SCV1

WALLROCK FC GREENSTONES 1.5ACROSS BASIC ALKALINE ROCK CIKES
RING INTRUSIONS. 1048 MY K/AR BOTT

SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIBI BELT

IRREGULAR

1967GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655

MD 0870069186

4NE 1271KRC
ONTHASTINGS COUNTY HERSCHEL TF C16 L31 451006 780530 31E01E
PCLR

GPGM 2 1

ZONED GRANITE PEGMATITE

GRENVILLE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

1971FERGUSON F. 47

MD 0870069190

4NE 0570KRCGOLDRAY JAMES BAY S GOLDRAY
ONTCOCHRANE DISTRICT JAMES BAY S 5024 8102 42I 6
PCLR

CRBT

1695 MY K/AR ECTT

TRACE ELEMENTS NE LA SR BA MORE ABUNDANT IN CARBONATITE NOT IN
LMSN SHEARED CARBONATITE PEGMATITE WITH COMPLEX

WR AGE BICHTITE FYRXL-NITE K/AR 392 10MY

BICHTITE AGE PEGMATITE K/AR 333 5 MY MINETTE SILL K/AR 327 5 MY
ASSAYS LOW U TR TC .J8FC NE205

SUPERIOR PROVINCE KAPUSKASING BELT

IRREGULAR

1967GECRGE ETAL F. 135

1967GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655

MD 0870069191

4NE 0570KRC TP 107
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT TF 107 4635 8144 41I12
PCLR

CRBT

1560 MY K/AR ECTT

SUPERIOR PROVINCE COBALT PLATE

IRREGULAR
1967GITTINS MACINTYRE AND YORK PP. 651-655

MD DB70069192
4NB 0570KRD
ONT COCHRANE DISTRICT CARGILL TP 491830 825000 42G 2

CRBT
CONTINENTAL COPPER CORP
KENNCO
1740 MY K/AR BOTT
SUPERIOR PROVINCE KAPUSKASING BELT
IRREGULAR
1967GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655
1967GEORGE ET AL P. 135

MD DB70069193
2NE CU 0570KRCCH1PMAN LAKE
ONT THUNDER BAY DISTRICT MEARA TP 495430 861200 42E16E
PCLR MGMT APTT CLCP
CRBT AKLS GNSS BSLT
1955 THE MINING CCRP OF CANADA
1961 KIMBERLY-CLARK PULP AND PAPER CO
1966 CONSOLIDATED MORRISON EXPLORATIONS LTD
ALKALIC SYENITE STOCK 2MID TO N HCRNBLEND GNEISS INTRUDED
BY DYKE OF SYENITE AND CARBONATITE TO 15FTW SULPHIDE ZONES TC
EAST AEROMAGNETIC ANOMALY CIRCULAR 2MID RELIEF 500G WEAK RADIO
ACTIVITY TWO PARALLEL SULFIDE ZONES CU VALUES
SUPERIOR PROVINCE WABIGCCN BELT
IRREGULAR
1967GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655
1971FERGUSON PP. 42-43

MD DB70069194
2NB CU APT 0570KRCBIG BEAVERHOUSE MANYLAKES
ONT KENORA DISTRICT BIG BEAVERHOUSE POST 525030 895030 53A13
PCLR APTT PRTT CLCP
CRBT
1961-62 MANY LAKES EXPLORATION CO.
SHCRE CAMP LAKE CRET DYKE S NW D 45NE 130FTL X 30FTW IN FENIT
GNEISS CALCITE CRBT MAFIC BANDS .25-.50 OF DRILL CORE
AEROMAGNETIC ANOMALY ROUND 3.2MID RELIEF 6700G ONE CENTRAL PEAK
LOW RADIOACTIVITY K/AR AGE 1005MY 9DDH 2847FT
SUPERIOR PROVINCE CAT LAKE BELT
IRREGULAR
1967GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655
1971FERGUSON PP. 36-37

MD DB70069195
4NE 0670KRD TIFFANY CLAIMS
ONT PARRY SOUND DISTRICT EETHUNE TP 4534 7907 31E11
7 TA 527 NB 162
CLMB
GPGM 2
TIFFANY CLAIMS = RAVENSWORTH
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE

MD DB70069196
4NE U 0670KRC VCOLAVECCI
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT SCOLLARD TP 4603 8018 41I 9
PCLR

V COLAVECCHIO FAIRPORT HARBOUR OHIO
GRENVILLEPRCVINCE

MD DB70069197
4NE 0670KRCMINTERN GRP JAYEEXPLOR
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT E FERRIS N HIMSWORTH4614 7916 31L 6
CLMB

JAYE EXPLORATION LTD
GRENVILLEFRCVINCE

MD DB70069198
4NB 0670KRC PLEXTERREM
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT LOUGHREN TP 4635 8029 41I 9
EXT PLCR
GPGM 2 2
PLEXTERRE MINING CORP
GRENVILLEPRCVINCE
PEGMATITE
1959ROSE F. 39

MD DB70069199
4NB U 0670KRCWAWA L ALGOMA ORE
ONTALGOMA DISTRICT 480000 843642 42C02
PCLR

SUPERIOR FRCVINCE WAWA BELT

MD DB70069203
2LI TA 0571KRCJEAN L NO 4 PAROLE L JEANLLITML56
ONTTHUNDER BAY CISTRICTALE TP 492400 875030 42C05
1 170056LI 13
CLMB SPDM
GFGM5 2 1 ESCS 33
JEAN LAKE LITHIUM MINES LTD 56-57
TOWAGMAC EXPLORATION LTD 56-57
S 90 D STEEP UNZNED MC GREEN SPODUMENE 100FTL X 12FTW STRCNG
CROSS BANDING DRILLED LENGTH 1200FT 1095FTD DISCOVERED 55
S 90 D 80-85S 2800H 16053FT 55-56 DRILLED TO DEPTH 1100FT
SUPERIOR PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1965PYE P. 76-77
1965MULLIGAN PP. 57-58
1971FERGUSON F. 53

MD DB70069206
1NE TA 0870KRC 490200 794555 32C04
ONTCOCHRANE DIST STEELE TP C5 L5 SPDM PLCT ERYL
CLMB
GPGM 2 1 MSDM 2 3
CASE BATHOLITH
CANADIAN JOHNS-MANVILLE

ZONED GPGM 825FTLX100FTW 10-15PC SPERM CRYSTALS TO 3FTL
ONE SAMPLE .37PC EEO
SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIBI BELT
PEGMATITE
1962 LUMBERS P. 30
1967 HEWITT P. 68
1968 MULLIGAN P. 68
1971 FERGUSON P. 45

MD DB70069207

4NB TA 0870KRD
ONTSUDBURY DISTRICT WHALEN TP REDORE MCO
CLMB 4749 8156 41F13
GPGM 1 1
1940 REDORE MINING CO.LTD
COLUMBITE-TANTALITE IN GRANITE PEGMATITE
SUPERIOR PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1967 HEWITT P. 68.
1971 FERGUSON P. 53

MD DB70069219

2LI TA 0571KRDRINK CLAIMS AUMACHCRML56
ONTTHUNDER BAY DISTRICT CLAY LAKE 491800 880000 42D 5
1 7E056LI2 163
1 9E56LI2 1.5
CLMB SPDM25 APTT TRMN
GFGM5 2 1 GRNT 2 3 BSCS 33
1955-56 AUMACHC RIVER MINES LTD
DYKE 150FTL X 5-12FTW PINCHES SWELLS AND SPLITS CHILL ZONES
SILL S90 075-80N 500FTW GRANITE CONTAINS PGMT MINEABLE DEFCST
UNZONED 5 DYKES DD MILL TESTS FAVOURABLE
SUPERIOR PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1965 PYE P. 62-64
1965 MULLIGAN FP. 59-60
1971 FERGUSON P. 53

MD DB70069220

4U NB 1070KRD YORK RIVER OCCURRENC YORK R U
ONTHASTINGS COUNTY FARADAY TP C16L4N2 4500 7756 31F04
PCLR
SFGM 2 2
YORK RIVER URANIUM MINES
OPERATED 1957
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 3 MARBLE DOLOMITE CALCSILICATE ROCKS
1967 HEWITT P. 64
1971 FERGUSON P. 47

MD DB70069221

3NE U 1070KRC REASOR G L REASON
ONTHASTINGS COUNTY FARADAY TP C16L31-32450240 783210 31F04
PCLR URNN URNR
SFGM 2 2 GRNT 2 3 AMFE 33 MRBL 33 SYNT 2 3
OPERATED 1954-5 STR TF
GRENVILLE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1956 SATTERLY P. 122
1967 HEWITT F. 54

MD DB70069222
1FLDNB 1070KRCR CORMACK SHOWING
ONTHASTINGS COUNTY MONTEAGLE TR C6L24N2450845 775030 31F03
ELSR ALNT MGMT FLDR
P J DWYER
DYKE N40E D60NW 9UFTL X 12FTW ZONED
DYKE 12FTW AMAZCITE PERISTERITE FELDSPAR FRO6 26
OPERATED 1926
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1954 HEWITT F. 42
1967 HEWITT F. 64
1971 FERGUSON P. 47

MD DB70069223
1FLDNB 1070KRCMCAIRNS MINE FELDSFARML
ONTHASTINGS COUNTY MCNTEAGLE TP C7L21 450945 775000 31F03
ELSR FLDR SPHN MGMT
GPGM 2 2 AMFB 33
DILLON AND MILLS
FELDSPAR MINES CCRP P J DWYER
OPERATED 1920-24 2 CARS FELDSPAR DYKE S N50E C NW 30FT
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1954 HEWITT F. 47
1967 HEWITT F. 64
1971 FERGUSON P. 48

MD DB70069224
MSCNB U 1070KRCC ELDONA MICA L CCCU D"ELDONAGML
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT BUTT TP C7L13 S2 4543 7900 31E11E
EXNT CLMB FRGS ALNT URNN MSCV
GFGM 2 2
D"ELDONA GOLD MINES LTD 1955
MICA PIT 40FTL X 4FTW X 7FTC
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1958 ROWE P. 91
1962 LANG P. 35
1971 FERGUSON P. 49

MD DB70069225
4CB 1070KRCJ.G.MCLENNAN OCCUR
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT PECK TP C3-4L6 452815 784500 31E11
PCLR
GFGM 2 2 GRNT 2 2
J G MCLENNAN
OPERATED 1956
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU FELSIC ROCKS
1958 ROWE P. 96
1971 FERGUSON P. 50

MD DB70069226
1U NB 1070KRDGAL-WOOD CCCUR GAL-WCCDM1
ONTNIPPISSING DISTRICT SABINE TP C15L32S2 445830 780530 31E08
EXNT
GFGM 2 2 GRNT 2 2
GALWOOD MINES LTD
OPERATED 1956 OPEN CUT 25FTW X 30FTL COARSE GRAINED PEGMATITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1967HEWITT F. 65
1971FERGUSON P. 50

MD DB70069227
4NB 1070KRCOCONGER TP CCCUR
ONTPARRY SOUND DISTRICTCCNGER TP C9L10 4512 7952 31E04W
CCPK ALNT URNN
GFGM 2 2
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1962LANG P. 256
1971FERGUSON P. 50

MD DB70069228
4REONB 1070KRCANSON CARTWRIGHT
ONTPARRY SOUND DISTRICTFOLEY TP C2L13 451600 795345 31E13
FRGS ALNT
PGMT 2 2
ANSON CARTWRIGHT ISAACS
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1959ROSE P. 37

MD DB70069229
4U NB 1070KRCERITI STA
ONTPARRY SOUND DISTRICTHENVEY TP C1 L6 4548 8035 41H15E
GFGM 2 2
.25MI SE BRITT STA
PEGMATITE DYKE DISSEMINATED MINERALIZATION SURFACE WCRK DOH
1960
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1960ROSE P. 38
1971FERGUSON P. 50

MD DB70069230
4NE 1070KRDKEY PICKERAL RIVERS R M CLARKE
ONTPARRY SOUND DISTRICTHENVEY TP 4548 8035 41H15
FRGS ALNT
GFGM 2 2
R M CLARKE LEVACK
OPERATED 58
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1958ROWE P. 94

MD DB70069231
4NB U 1070KRDWALL ISLAND

ONTPARRY SOUND DISTRICT MCNTEITH TP 4525 7937 31E 5
PCLR URPN
GPGM 2 2
G MACBETH
OPERATED 1954
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1967 HEWITT P. 65

MD DB70069232
3U TA 107UKRC CCNURCCRP54
ONTPETERBCRCUGH COUNTY CHANOS TPC1EL9S2 445115 78343U 31E16
ALNT URNR BSNS

GPGM 2 2 MREL 33
CONSOLIDATED URANIUM CCRF LTD
OPERATED 1954 RADIOACTIVE SHOWINGS IN PEGMATITE 600H STR TR
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
MU 8 GRANITE G-GNEISS G-PEGMATITE
1956 SATTERLY P. 170

PEGMATITE
MD DB70069236
4NE 107UKRCMCKERRAL 465900 803100 41I09
ONTSDUBURY DISTRICT HAGAR TP C3L10 PRTT

GFGM 2 2
E A MCKERRAL
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1959 ROSE P. 37

MD DB70069237
3LI BE TA 107UKRCMNW DEPOSIT CM AND S
ONTTHUNDER BAY DISTRICT CCS GRAVE LAKE 491400 880030 52H08
CLMB SPDM BRYL CSRT
GFGM 2 2 GRNT 2 3
CONSOLIDATED MINING AND SMELTING CO
DISCOVERED 55 S 75-80W PINCHES AND SWELLS TABULAR SHAPE
WELL ZCNEC 5-UNITS 400FTL X 30FTL 1400H 2499FT 1500FTL X 45FTW
SAMPLED FOR LI EE CS NOT ECONOMIC
PROSPECTED BY MOSCHUK NEEORAC WILSON
SUPERIOR PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1965 PYE FP. 84-25
1971 FERGUSON P. 53

MD DB70069238
2LI TA 107UKRCFINE FCRTAGE LUNECHCGML
ONTTHUNDER BAY DISTRICT FORGAN LAKE 4920JJ 871630 52H08
CLMB SPDM AFTT
GFGM 2 2 ESCS 33 DIBS 2 3
LUN ECHO GOLD MINES LTD
6 SPDM GFGM DYKES TESTED SPDM ALTERED BY DIABASE DYKE BENEATH
3900H 10561FT DISCOVERY 55 META SEDIMENTS S N40-45E C55-TUSE
NO1 S4W D 65-7USE 600FTL X 15-46.5FTW 30PC SPDM
NO2 150FTL X 45FTW
NO3 1050FTL X 30FTW 25PC SPDM ALTERED
NO4 800FTL X 15-20FTW 10-15PC SPDM ALTERED

N05 550FTL X 5-15FTW 20FC SPDM ALTERED
N06 2050FTL X 30FTW LOW SPODIUMENE
COLUMBITE TO 1.5 INCHES RANDOM DIST
SUPERIOR PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1965PYE F. 80
1971FERGUSON F. 53

MD DB7U069239
3 NB L VAU37UKREVALENTINE CCNMCREXFL70
ONTCOCHRANE DISTRICT VALENTINE TP 501215 812448 42111
FCLR APTT10
CRBT PRXN NPLS
CONSOLIDATED MCKRISCN EXFL LTD
IMPERIAL CIL ENTERPRISES LTD
ARGOR EXPLORATIONS LTD
COMPLEX LITHOLOGY MINERALOGY CONE SHEET 450 PALAEZOIC OVERLAIN
DEN FCLR IN STRINGERS TRACES OF U TH V
2 CDH 2362 AND 2000 FT CARENCNATITES INTERBANDEK WITH SYENITE
410 TO 500 FT VERTICAL 2ND HOLE .22FC N8205 1738-1995 FT
SUPERIOR PROVINCE
CARBONATITE
1970STOCKFORD FF. 33-34

MD DB7U069240
3U NB 1271KRCJ.W.MACFARLANE OCCUR 4615 7845 31L07W
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT CALVIN TP ALNT
EXNT GFGM 2 1
RADIOACTIVE GRANITE PEGMATITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
IRREGULAR
1952LANG F. 137
1971FERGUSON F. 49

MD DB7U069244
3FLDNB 0271KRC OBRIFENFCWL
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT CALVIN TP C10L19-21 461745 785645 31L 7
EXNT CLME ALNT
SEE 6428

MD DB7U069245
1FLDNB 1271KRC CAMERON AND ALECK CAMERONALE
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT MURCHISON TP C11L17 453320 780330 21E09E
24953 FLD FLDR ALNT
FRGS GFGM 2 1
CAMERON AND ALECK
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1971FERGUSON F. 49

MD DB7U069246
1MSCNB 1271KRC MICA CC OF CANADA MICACCCANA43
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT CLRIG TP CCL1S2 462030 785509 31L07W
MSC MSCV TRMN
EXNT GFGM 2 2

MICA COMPANY OF CANADA LTD 1943
PEGMATITE 8FTW
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1944 SATTERLY FF. 32-33
1971 FERGUSON P. 49

MD D870069247

3U NB 1271KRCBURRITT ISLAND OCCUR
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT BURRITT ISLAND 4618 7944 31L05E
FE P NB
PCLR AGRN MGMT APTT
CRBT 11 FNIT 13 GRNT 2 3 LMPP 2 4
DISSEMINATED RADIOACTIVE PYROCHLORE IN CAREONATITE MAFICEANDS
BRECCIA LAMPROPHYRE DYKES FOTASSIC FENITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
IRREGULAR
1971 FERGUSON P. 50
1971 LUMBERS P. 51, 81

MD D870069248

2NE 1271KRCIRCN ISLAND OCCUR
ONTNIPISSING DISTRICT IRON ISLAND 4616 7953 31K05W
FE NB CU SN NI
PCLR MGMT PYRT APTT
CRET 1 NPLS 2 3 IJLT 2 3 LMPP
1948 DOMINION GULF
1951-53 NIPIRCN MINES LTD
26CDH 21300FT HCLE 13 NB2C5 .3PC U308 .03-.1PC
TITANIFERCUS MGMT MAINLY IN DOLOMITIC CRBT DISSEMINATED SULPHIDES
IN ALL INTRUSIVE PHASES PCLR MAINLY IN SILICO CRET AND
IJOLITE .14 TO .3PC NB205 ACROSS 10FT SECTIONS AFATITE 20PC IN
SILICO CRBT FLUCRITE-BARITE LATE VEINS COMPLEX 1.5MIL X 1MIN
FENITE AUREOLE LOCALLY BRECCIATED
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
IRREGULAR
1971 LUMBERS FF. 50-51, 79-81
1971 FERGUSON P. 50

MD D870069249

4LI NB 1271KRCMAVIS LAKE
ONTKENORA DISTRICT BROWNRIEGE TF S M L 4949 9239 52F15E
SPDM CLMB
GFGM 2 1
GRANITE PEGMATITES
SUPERIOR PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1970 TRAILL P. 161
1971 FERGUSON P. 48

MC D870069250

2NE CE LA 1271KRCCARB LAKE LARANDNA
ONTKENORA PATRICIA DISTCARB LAKE 544042 920000 53J13W
PCLR APTT VMCL SNCS
MGMT PYRT BOT

AEROMAGNETIC ANOMALY ODM-GSC AEROMAGNETIC AND RADIOMETRIC
GROUND MAGNETOMETER 40DH 1849FT CENTRE CORE CALCITE DOLO CRBT
BRECCIA ZONES MGMT ZONES CIRCULAR ANOMALY 1.75MIC RADIOMETRIC

ANOMALY DISPLACED .25MI SOUTH
SUPERIOR PROVINCE
IRREGULAR
1971FERGUSON PF. 35-36

MD DB70069251
3U NB 1271KRCWALL ISLAND OCCUR
ONTARIO SOUND DISTRICT CARLING TP 4557 8013
PCLR URPN
GPGM 2 2
RADIOACTIVE GRANITE PEGMATITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1971FERGUSON F. 50

MD DB70069252
4NB 1271KRCALLANCER EAY CCCUR
ONTARIO SOUND DISTRICT NORTHERN HIMSORTH TP 4610 7925 31L03W
FE CU N8 AU AG
PCLR MNGT PYRT PRRT
CRBT 22 NPLS 2 3 LMPP 2 3
BEAUCAGE MINES LTD 1956
MIN-ORE MINES LTD 1966-67
40CH 645FT 56 70CH 1190FT 66 MAGNETIC AND ELECTROMAGNETIC SURV
CARBONATITE OTC MCFHERSON ISLAND NB205 .03-.05FC
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
IRREGULAR
1971LUMBERS P. 52-53, 83-85
1971FERGUSON P. 51

MD DB70069253
4NE 1271KRCNEMAG LAKE OCCUR
ONTARIO SUDBURY DISTRICT NEMAG L S-SIDE IR-6 4622 8114 41I06W
NBRL
GFGM 2 2
CIRCULAR MAFIC INTRUSION CUT BY GRANITE PEGMATITE DYKES 6INW
SUPERIOR PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1971FERGUSON F. 53

MD DB70069254
ONTARIO THUNDER BAY DISTRICT PRAIRIE LAKE N-SIDE 49C2 8613 42C02E
PCLR MNGT WLSN
CRBT NPLS PRXN
CARBONATITE-ALKALIC COMPLEX 1MIC OUTER RING CRET CORE NPLS
K/AR AGE 1112MY PCLR IN MASSIVE CALCIUMATITE AND CALCITE LENSES
PCLR CONTAINS 25-65FC NB2C5 1-30PC U
SUPERIOR PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1971FERGUSON F. 53

MD DB70069255
4NB 1271KRCMARTISON LAKE FALCONBRIDGE
FE P SR 502020 8310J0 42J06W
ONTARIO COCHRANE DISTRICT MARTISON L
MNGT
GSSN 21
FALCONBRIDGE NICKEL MINES
URANIUM RIDGE MINES LTD

MATACHEWAN CONSOLIDATED MINES LTD
AIRBORNE EM ANOMALY MAGNETIC ANOMALY DOH 544 FT OVEREURDEN
GOSSAN OVER CARENATITE MAGNETITE AFATITE NIODEIUM STRONTIUM
HUDSON BAY LOWLANDS
IRREGULAR
1971FERGUSON F. 45

MD DB70069 64

4TA 0470KRC
QUEABITIEI COUNTY PREISSAC TF R7L55-604823 7814 32C 8
TA

CLMB

GFGM 2 2

PREISSAC GRANITE

CUTS LAMCTTE GRANITE 500X20FT BRANCHING BRAIDED ISOLATED
CRYSTALS CRE SHOCT 60X1FT AT EAST END DYKE BANDING 70LBS TO MB
LAB ANALYSIS

SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIEI EELT

PEGMATITE

1945NORMAN F. 8

1965MULLIGAN F. 42

MD DB70 65

2NB 0470KREMANNY ZONE KENNECOTT 61
QUETWO MOUNTAINS CTY L'ANNONCIATION PAR 453106 740312 31G 8
25000 NB 35

PCLR PRVK NCLT

CRBT 2 IJLT 2 CKIT 2

MOLYBDENUM CORP

KENNECOTT COPPER

QUEBEC COLUMBIUM LTD

CONTACT GRENVILLE LS MCNTREGIAN IJCLITE THC ZONES ECND SW
MANNY NE

EXTENIVE DO METALLURGICAL TESTS LARGE TONNAGE 2 ZONES HOLDING
MARKET IMPROVEMENT

GRENVILLE PROVINCE

STRATIFORM

1957MAURICE P. 1-9

1958ROWE P. 86-87

1960NICKEL

MD DB70 66

1NE TA 0470KRC ST LAWRENCE RIVER MINES LTD ST LAWRRMIN70
QUETWO MOUNTAINS CTY L'ANNONCIATION PAR 4530 740154 31G 8

1 298068NB 48%

13656668 NB

1 50L071NB

MRBL3 11 IJLT3 2 1

1

ST LAWRENCE RIVER MINES LTD

LAKE SUPERIOR IRON LTD

ST LAWRENCE COLUMBIUM AND METALS CORP LTD

MONTROSE SECURITIES TAKEN OVER

OKA COLUMBIUM AND METALS LTD TAKEN OVER 63

RADIOMETRIC SURVEY 56CDH 32000FT 20 ORE SHOCTS

WORKINGS 2 OPEN PITS NO 1 180FTD NO 2 300FTD PRODUCED 61-65

ADVANCED TO OPEN PIT+ADIT 65

ADVANCED TO 4-COMP SHAFT 1335FTD 6-STA ALL PROD FROM SHAFT 69-

PRODUCTION 500TPD 61 1000TPD 62 1300TPD 65 15-1700TPD 70 TO

2300TPD 69 3059052LBS 68 2006389LES 69 2368225LES 69
RESERVES 9-69 3125000T .487PC ABCVE 1000FT 2000000T BELOW
STRUCTURE PART OF NORTHERN RING BOOGIES S N20E E 80W
MINERALCGY A-ZONE DISSEMINATED PCLR IN BOTT-FRX*-MNCL-CRBT
RARELY SODA AMF* CR PRVR-MNCL-CRBT .11PC N8205
VARIABLE GRADE WITHIN GRE BOOGIES BECAUSE PCLR TYPE ALTERATION
BICHTITE K/AR AGE 114 MY CARLETON UNIV
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
STRATIFORM
1958ROWE P. 86
1959ROWE P. 46
1969GOLD AND VALLEE PP. 1-37

MD D870069 67
28E TA MO 0470KREMASSICLCTE CLS VALCRLIMINES
QUEABITIBI COUNTY LACORNE TP R8L16-17 482445 775230 32C 5
CLMB BRYL MLBC GRN*
GFGM5 2 1 ADML 2 3
PREISSAC-LACCRNE BELT
DISCOVERY 48 3 CYKES A AND B STRIKE N80 A17FTW B8-15FTW CYKE C
S 80E 100FTW 550FTL
SUPERIOR FRCVINCE ABITIBI BELT
PEGMATITE
1950TREMBLAY F. 89
1953ROWE F. 16
1965MULLIGAN P. 48-49

MD D870 68
2NB 0470KRECOULEE HEADWAY COLLEEHEADWAY
QUETWO MOUNTAINS COUNTY AREA 4530 7403 31G 8
1500058NB 39
PCLR PRVK BTFT
MRBL IJLI LMFF BRCC
COULEE LEAD AND ZINC MINES LTD
HEADWAY RED LAKE GOLD MINES LTD
17CDHS SPRING 55 ZONE 1200L 250W 5000 FT
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
STRATIFORM
1958ROWE P. 86
1959PICKETT D.E.
1959MTS MB IR59-20

MD D870069 69
2LI TA 0470KRSCHUEB CLS LITHOCRFAM57
QUEABITIBI COUNTY LACORNE TP R2L11 481821 775642 32C 5
CLMB SPDML BRYL ESMN
GPGM 2 1 GRDR 2 3
PREISSAC-LACORNE BELT
F W SCHUEB DISCOVERY 1944
GREAT LAKES CARECN CORP 47-
LITHIUM CORPORATION OF AMERICA
3 CYKES A 100LFTL X 5-18FTW S N50W 20PC SPECIUMENE NO ZONING
B 4-6FTW S N50W 15PC SPECIUMENE
C 750FTL X 4-18FTW S N50W WEAK ZONING
80CH 7 INTERSECTED DYKES A-B AT 300FT NO8 CUTS DYKE C SPDML
VALUES DRCP AT DEPTH DYKE WIDTHS CONSTANT DYKES SPLIT AT DEPTH
OR ALONG STRIKE LOCALLY SPECIUMENE REPLACED BY FG MSCV
SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIBI BELT
PEGMATITE

1950 TREMBLAY F. 74
1957 MULLIGAN PP. 12-13

MD DB70 70
3NB ADVANCE RED LAKE 58
QUETWO MOUNTAINS CTY ST JOSEPH DU LAC PAR 453154 740354 31G 8
1 350058NB 31%REO 39%AP 91%
PCLR
DLMT LMFP
ADVANCE RED LAKE GOLD ML OF 55
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
STRATIFORM
1958 ROWE P. 84-85

MD DB70 71
3NB 04 ECND ZONE MOLYBD CORP
QUETWO MOUNTAINS CTY L'ANNONCIATION PAR 453012 740312 31G 8
PRCL BTFT NCLT PRVK
MRBL IJLT OKIT
GRENVILLE LIMESTCNE
MC LYB DENUM CORPN AMERICA
QUEBEC COLUMBIUM LTD
RACIOMETRIC AND MAGNETIC SURVEYS 4500HS
30000FT EXTRACTION TESTS BCND ZONE SEVERAL ORE SHOOTS
BIC TITE KAR AGE 114 MY CARLETON UNIV
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
STRATIFORM
1954 ROWE P. 1-18
1958 ROWE P. 86-87

MD DB70 69 83
4NB 0670KRC
QUEPAPINEAU COUNTY PORTLAND TP R5L2 4535 7535 31G
EXT FLDR MNZT
GPGM 2 2
MONAZITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1952 LANG P. 154

MD DB70 73
TA NB ECUSCACILLAC PROPERTY ECUSCACILL58
QUETWO MOUNTAINS CTY ST BENOIT PAR 453154 740400 31G 8
1 3800 NB 31
PCLR FRVK

GRENVILLE LIMESTCNE
BOLSCACILLAC GCLC MINES LTD
TERREX MINING CC LTD
4539 FT DDH BY CCT 31/55 BRECCIA
IJCLITE OKAITE LAMPROPHYRE DEPOSIT 1200FT LONG 200FT WIDE
LARGE TONNAGE .20FC NB2C
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
STRATIFORM
1958 ROWE P. 85-86

MD DB70 74
TA NB MAIN CKA PROPERTY
QUETWO MOUNTAINS CTY L'ANNONCIATION PAR 453018 740200 31G 8

PCLR PRVK
MRBL FRXN IJLT FNIT BRCC
MAIN OK MINING CORP
SEISMIC SURVEY 140DCHS10000FT PCLR IN MARBLE PRVK IN FRXN
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
STRATIFORM
1958ROWE P. 86

MD DB70 75
TA NB CKA RARE METALS MINI
QUETWO MOUNTAINS CTY ST JOSEPH DU LAC PAR4534 7403 31G 8
20057NB 6%REO 10%TH 26%
PRVK

MORIN SERIES
OKA RARE METALS MMG CO
GEC PHYSICAL SURVEY CDHS 23 SHAFT 450FT
LEVELS 150 375FT METALLURGICAL TESTING NL70
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
STRATIFORM
1957MAURICE P. 10
1958ROWE P. 97

MD DB70 76
4U LARIVIERE CUNNINGHAM
QUETIMISCAMINGUE COUNTYVILLE DIEU TWF 4649 7826 31L16
PCLR BTFT MCRL
PGMT5 2 2
GRANITE PGMT
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1958ROWE P. 98

MD DB70 77
2U NB 0570KRC QUEBEC NICKEL QUEBEC NI
QUEPONTIAC COUNTY GRAND CALUMET TP 454342 764306 31F10
R9 L11-12
URNN PCLR URNR ZRCN TRMN
GPGM 2 1 GNSS 33 MRBL 33 GBBR 2 3
PRECAMBRIAN GNEISSE
QUEBEC NICKEL CCRP 54-
DYKES N 35 E 18-75SE 830FTL X 5-60FTW 200FTL X 40FTW OTHERS
DOH 5749FT 54 TR TR
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
VEIN
1956GITTINS PP. 772-783

MD DB70 79
4U CB TA 0570KRC 61
QUEGATINEAU COUNTY HULL TP R9L22 N/2 453034 755204 31G12
R10L22
PCLR BTFT
GRNT 2 3 SYNT 2 3

12

HARRIS H H
MINERALIZED BICTITE-APATITE BRECCIA
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
IRREGULAR
1960ROSE P. 40
1961HOGARTH P. 615

MD 0870 80
4U NB TA 0470KRC MEACH LAKE GRP
QUEGATINEAU COUNTY HULL TP R10L27 N/2 453118 755438 31G12
R12L23-28

BTFT URNN
GRNT SYNT

12
MEACH LAKE GRP H H HARRIS ARFVEEDSONITE PGMT
AMFHIBCLE VEIN WITH BETAFLITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
VEIN
1961HOGARTH P. 615

MD 0870 81
4U NB TA 0470KRC 61
QUEGATINEAU COUNTY HULL TP R11L27 N/2 453206 755448 31G12
PCLR
GRNT 2 3 SYNT 2 3
CALCITE VEIN WITH BETAFLITE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
VEIN
1961HOGARTH P. 615

MD 0870 82
4U NB TA 0470KRC
QUEGATINEAU COUNTY PASKATONG TF R2L22244645 7555 31J13
R2L2531
PCLR ELSR URNR THRT
MRBL
12
GATINEAU URANIUM MINES LTD CD
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
VEIN
1958ROWE P. 97
1962LANG P. 284

MD 0870 83
2TA NB 0470KRC MAISNEUVE MINE
QUEBERTHIER COUNTY MAISNEUVE TF R2L1 4648 760620 31J16
SMRK EXNT FRGS URNN
PGMT5 2 2
LAURENTIAN GNEISS 1 1
SOUTH STATE URANIUM MINES LTD
10M N ST MICHEL DES SAINTS GRANITE PGMT
PGMT 400FTLX100FTW N75DEGE 60DEGN INTRUDERS HORNBLENDE GARNET
GNSS REC FRCDUCTION 35FT SHAFT DRIFTS
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1952LANG P.153
1958ROWE P. 98
1960ROSE P. 59-10
1962LANG P. 286

MD 0870 85
3TA NB 0570KRC
QUEBERTHIER COUNTY BRASSARD TOWNSHIP 4642 7358 31J 9
SMRK

GRENVILLE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE
1880HOFFMAN
1917MILLER AND KNIGHT P. 316
1932ELLSWORTH F. 248

MD DB70069 88
3LI BE TA 0570KRD LACCRNELIML
QUEABITIBI COUNTY LAMCTTE TP R10L64 482445 775951 32D 8
CLMB SPDM BRYL GRN*
GFGM5 2 1 GRDR 2 3 DCRT 2 3 BSCS 33
LACCRNE LITHIUM MINES LTD 50-
E AND NE STRIKING DYKES TR 10952FT DD 55-56 LOTS 60-63 1230FTL
X 20FTW LCT 59 1000FTL X 5FTW LCTS 61-62 6 NE DYKES 800FTL X
20-85FTW
SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIBI BELT
PEGMATITE
1950TREMELAY F. 76
1965MULLIGAN P. 47

MD DB70069 89
3TA LI 0570KRD LITHCORPAM
QUEABITIBI COUNTY FIGLERY TP R2L14 482657 781054 32D 8
R2L36 482749 780548
CLMB SPDM20 GRN* TRMN
GFGM5 2 1 BSCS 33
KEWAGAMA GRP 2 3
MONETA FORCUPINE MINES LTD
LITHIUM CORP AMERICA
STR TR DD 600FTL X 30FTW WEAK ZONING LOW S CIF
SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIBI BELT
PEGMATITE
1953ROWE P.
1957MULLIGAN P. 11
1965MULLIGAN PP. 47-48

MD DB70069 90
1LI TA 0571KRC GUELITHCCRP
QUEABITIBI COUNTY LCCCRNE TP R5L52-53 482445 774823 32C 5
1 150J057LI 125 ML80 ESMN BRYL
GFGM5 2 1 GRDR 2 3 AMFE 33
PREISSAC-LACCRNE BAT 2
LITHIUM EXPLORATION CO
VENTURES LTD
QUEBEC LITHIUM CORPORATION
ZONE OF DYKE AT NORTHERN CONTACT OF LACCRNE MASSIF 10-12
SUEPARALLEL OR OVERLAPPING DYKES S 176W D 50-75S EXTEND 1100
FT INTO GRANOCIORITE PRODUCED SPODUMENE FELDSPAR MICA CONCENT
MILL 1000TPO PRODUCTION 55-59 RESUMED MINING 60- CHEM PLANT
HI SPODUMENE 600FT ABOVE 2000FT BELOW CONTACT.
SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIBI BELT
PEGMATITE
1950TREMELAY F. 76
1965MULLIGAN P. 43-46

MD DB70069 91
2TA NB 0470KRC ALDous TANTALUM FRC
QUEABITIBI COUNTY PREISSAC TP R7L53-4 482306 781451 32D 8
CLMB BRYL

GFGM5 2 1 ADML 2 3
PREISSAC LACORNE EAT
SUERICR FRCVINCE AEITIEI BELT
PEGMATITE
1965MULLIGAN P. 42

MD DB7U 93
TA NB W 0570KRD SLADEN DISCOVERY
QUEABITIET COUNTY FREISSAC TOWNSHIP 4830 781830 32C 8
CLMB
PGMT
SUERICR FRCVINCE AEITIEI BELT
PEGMATITE

MD DB7U 95 06
4NB TA 0470KRC QUECHARLEVOIX COUNTY LAC FIED DES MONTS 4724 7651 21M16
SMRK FRGS EXNT URNN
GFGM 2 2
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1906OBALSKI P. 42
1959ROSE P. 41

MD DB70 96
4U MO NB 0470KRC QUECHARLEVOIX EST COUNTCALLIERES TWP R1 L114735 6955 21N13
FRGS URNN MLBC PYRT
PGMT5 2 2
ST SIMECN URANIUM CORP
BULK SAMPLED
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1952LANG P. 152

MD DB7U 97
4NB TA 0470KRC QUECHARLEVOIX EST COUNTCALLIERES TP R2 3L 84735 6955 21N13
FRGS
PGMT5 2 2
CONSOLIDATED ST SIMECN
TRENCHED AND DRILLED
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1958SHAW P. 21
1962LANG P. 285

MD DB70 98
4NE 0470KRC QUEGATINEAU COUNTY KENSINGTON TF 4625 7550 31J 5
FRGS ESCN PCLR URNN
GFGM 2 2
CPAWICA EXPLCRERS LTD L F SMITH
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1958SHAW P. 42
1959ROSE P. 40

MD DB70069115

4LI TA BE 0470KRC QUELIBITIBI COUNTY LACCRNE TP R9L57 482445 774715
CLMB BTFT SPDM BRYL GRN*
GPGM5 2 1 GRDR 2 3 MNZN 2 3
PREISSAC-LACCRNE BAT 2
LACORNE LITHIUM MINES
VENTURES
QUEBEC LITHIUM CORPORATION
SEE 6432 MULTIPLE CYKE ZCNE S S75E C 60S 8000FTL X 200FTW
SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIBI BELT
PEGMATITE
1950 TREMBLAY F. 76
1957 MULLIGAN FP. 10-11
1965 MULLIGAN FP. 43-46

MD DE70069117

4LI BE TA 0470KRC CANLITHMC 57
 QUEABITIBI COUNTY LANRIENNE TF R1L26 482554 77543U 32C12
 CLMB MCRL SPDM BRYL GRN*
 GFGM5 2 1 BSCS 33
 KEWAGAMA GRF 2 3
 CANADIAN LITHIUM MINING CORP 57
 CYKE 900FTL X 250FTW S N70W WEAKLY ZONED
 LEPIOLIDITE-SFCDLMENE DYKE EXPOSED 5FTW X 50FTL
 SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIEI BELT
 PEGMATITE
 1950 TREMBLAY F. 77
 1957 MULLIGAN F. 12
 1965 MULLIGAN PP. 46-47

MC 0870 118

4NE TA 0470UKRD CHESSURANI
QUEROUVILLE COUNTY ST HILAIRE L301-330 4530 7320 31H11
PCLR
G8BR 2 NPLS
CHESS URANIUM CCRF
ST LAWRENCE LOWLANDS
IRREGULAR
1958ROWE P. 97

MD DB7L 119

4NE 0470KROMAGREGOR L
QUEGATINEAU COUNTY TEMPLETON TP R12L20 4540 7540 31G 5
EXNT
PGMT
W M WALLINGFORD
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1952LANG F. 153
1959ROSE F. 41

MB BB70 120

4NB U 0470KRC OLEARYMINE58
QUEGATINEAU COUNTY WAKEFIELD TP R3L25 4540 7550 31G 5
EXMT PLCR URNN
PGMT 2 2
O'LEARY MINES LTD GRANITE PGMT TRENCHED
GRENVILLE PROVINCE

PEGMATITE
1958 ROWE P. 98
1962 LANG P. 293

MD 0870069128
3 LI TA 0571 KRD CANLITHMC 57
QUEABITIBI COUNTY LACCRNE TP R10L38 482506 775154 32C 5
CLMB SPDM
GFGM5 2 1 GRDR 2 3
PREISSAC-LACCRNE BAT 2
CANADIAN LITHIUM MINING CORP 57
DYKE S N65W DDH INTERBANDED PEGMATITE AND AFLITE
PEGMATITE
1950 TREMBLAY MAP
1957 MULLIGAN P. 12
1965 MULLIGAN P. 47

MD 0870069141
3BE TA 0571KRD CANLITHMC 57
QUEABITIBI CCOUNTY LACCRNE TP RSL1-2 482400 725915 32C 5
CLMB BRYL
GFGM5 2 1 GRDR 2 3
PREISSAC LACCRNE BAT 2
CANADIAN LITHIUM MINING CORP 57
SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIBI BELT
PEGMATITE
1950 TREMBLAY MAP
1957 MULLIGAN F. 46

MD 0870069178
2LI TA 0571KRD AMOSLITHIUM AMOSLITHCORP 57
QUEABITIBI CCOUNTY LACCRNE TP R3L7-8 481857 775818 32C 5
CLMB SPDM ERYL
GFGM 2 1 GRDR 2 3 BSCS 33 VLCC 2 3
KEWAGAMA GRF 2 3
AMOS LITHIUM CORP 55-57
3 CYKES SOUTH DYKE 400FTL X 12FTW S N45W VAGUE ZONING 1400ft
3280FT 55-56 CENTRE DYKE 800FTL X 45FTW S N45W NORTH DYKE
S N30W NEAR VERTICAL 30FTW 500ft 1554ft
SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIBI BELT
PEGMATITE
1957 MULLIGAN P. 12
1965 MULLIGAN F. 50

MD 0870069179
3TA 0571KRC CANLITHMC 57
QUEABITIEI COUNTY LACCRNE TP R10L1-2 482500 775854 32C 5
RSL1-6 482406 775900
CLMB
GPGM5 2 1 GRDR 2 3
PREISSAC LACCRNE BAT 2
DYKE DD
SUPERIOR PROVINCE ABITIBI BELT
PEGMATITE
1950 TREMBLAY MAP
1951 MULLIGAN P. 12
1965 MULLIGAN PP. 46-47

MD DB70069187
3NE 0570KRCST HCNCRE SCQUEM 67
QUEDUBUC COUNTY SIMARD TP R7 4833 7112 21011
1 50J070NB 86 REO 45 ZN 35 MO 03
1 4500070NB 48 ZN 3500 MO 290
1 1500070NB 66
1 6000071NB 65 {

PCLR MLBD MNZT
DLMT 3 CRBN NFLS 32 2 DCRT 2 2
SCQUEM 67 COPPERFIELDS MCL 1970 AGREEMENT 25PC INTEREST
AIRBORNE RADICMETRIC AERCMAG GRAVIMETRIC GRCUND MAG 12000 DD
650 MY K/AR RELATED TO HYPOTHETICAL ST LAWRENCE RIFT SYSTEM
ROCKAND MINERAL ANALYSES BODY 1000FT 80FT 600FT D
ZONE 2400FTW X 1800FTL X 850FTD DD 70000FT 22ONES NC1 ZONE
34000000T .63PC NB2C5 NC2 18000000T .8PC NE205
DISCOVERED BY AIRBCRNE RADICMETRY CONFIRMED BY GND SURVEYS
2400FT 18PC DECLINE TO SAMPLE ZONES 1 AND 2 STARTED JULY71
METALLURGICAL TESTS 75PC PCLR 53PC NB205 NO2 ORE FG DIFFICULT
TO PROCESS FRCOLITION TARGET 73
GRENVILLE PROVINCE

IRREGULAR

1970 PRELIM METALLURGICAL TESTS SUCCESSFUL
1970 VALLEE AND CUEUC PP. 1-35

MD DB70069188

3NE 0570KRCST SCHCLASTIQUE 453630 7406 31G 9
QUETWO MOUNTAINS COUNTY ST SCHOLASTIQUE
PCLR

GRENVILLE PROVINCE

IRREGULAR

MD DB70069189
3NE 0570KRCST ANDRE EST 4534 7420 31G 9
QUEARGENTEUIL COUNTY ST ANDRE EST
1 450069NB 57 F 22
PCLR BRIT FLRT
CRBT
SCQUEM 70
AIRBORNE RADICMETRIC 59MI 70 MAPPING 4MISQ GND RADICMETRIC 10MI
GRAVITY 98STA DDH 18 8268FT DDASSAYS 1196
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
IRREGULAR
1969 P. 1-18

MD DB70069205

4NE ZR 0670KRD 4530 7330 31H
QUEMONTREAL ISLAND ST-MICHEL DSNT WLGN ZRCN
PCLR LMSN
SILL 4 TO 8FTT IN FLAT-LYING ORDOVICIAN LMSN FCLR .09PC ZRC2
ST LAWRENCE LOWLANDS
IRREGULAR
1969 STEACY AND JAMBOUR PP.
1971 FERGUSON P. 24

MD DB70069209

4NE 1070KRD 4640 7605 31K09
QUEGATINEAU COUNTY LYTTCN TP R1L26

EXNT
GFGM 2 2
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1959ROSE P. 40

MD DB70069210

4NE 1070KRD
QUEMANIWAKI COUNTY FINE CHUTES DESERT R4E23 7558 31J05
EXNT ALNT URNN
GFGM 2 2
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1959ROSE P. 40

MD DB70069211

4NB U 1070KRD BATTLE LAKE
QUEGATINEAU COUNTY TEMFLETCH TF P13L5 4540 7540 31G11
EXNT URNN MNZT
GPGM 2 2
W M WALLINGFORD
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1960RCSE P. 41

MD DB70069212

3U NB 1070KRD TF P-68 OCURRENCE
QUEGATINEAU COUNTY TF P-68 CCPERURAN
EXNT MNZT 4658 7611 31K16
GFGM 2 2
COPPER URANIUM LTD
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1952LANG P. 152
1962LANG P. 293

MD DB70069213

4U NB 1070KRD FCPE L OCCURRENCE
QUELABELLE COUNTY FCPE TP 4640 7540 31J12
ELSR ALNT
GFGM 2 2
A CUQUETTE MCNT LAURIER
5 MI FROM LEPIINE DEPOT TRENCHED
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1962LANG P. 291

MD DB70069214

4NE U 1070KRD ARBIC OCCURRENCE
QUELABELLE COUNTY ROBERTSON TP 4630 7540 31J12
ELSR ALNT URNN URNR
GPGM 2 2
P ARBIC MCNT LAURIER
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1952LANG P. 151
1962LANG P. 290

MD DB70069215
1FLDN8 1070KRDEACK MINE
QUEPAPINEAU COUNTY DERRY TF R2L14 454333 752841 31G13
FLD

EXNT ALNT URNN TCLT
GFGM 2 2
CANADA FLINT AND SPAR FRCOLCED FELDSPAR
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1959ROSE P. 40

MD DB70069216
4NB 1070KROGLEN ALMOND
QUEPAPINEAU COUNTY DERRY TP P2L3-4 454352 752601 31G13
EXNT
GFGM 2 2
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1959ROSE P. 40

MD DB70069217
4U NB 1070KFDCOULE CCC A HCULE
QUEST MAURICE COUNTY ST CATHERINE TP R1-247 7330 31P04
FRGS URNN TCLT ALNT
GFGM 2 2
A HCULE LCTS 60-71N R1-2
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1960ROSE P. 41

MD DB70069218
4NE 1070KRCLAC MASSON OCC R CHARTIER
QUETERREBCNNE COUNTY WEXFORD TF 4605 7405 31J01
EXNT
GFGM 2 2
R CHARTIER
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
PEGMATITE
1959ROSE P. 41

MD DB70069233
1FLDYT NB 0571KRDEVANS MINE EVANS LCU PGMT
QUEPAPINEAU COUNTY W PCRTLAND TF R6 L28454624 754206 31G13
253852 FLD GTZ ALNT WKFD
FRGS GFGM 2 2 CZDR 2 3 QRZT 33 MRBL 33
CANADA FLINT AND SPAR LTD. 38-52
FELDSPAR QUARRY 38-52 GRT* CCRE 40FTL X 20FTW WEAKLY ZONED
DYKE 400FTL X 85FTW S 0 E 85 WNUMERCUS ACCESSCRY MINERALS Y NB
BI VTH U ASSOCIATED WITH QUARTZ CCRE
GRENVILLE PROVINCE
1971MILES ET AL FF. 385-410
1932SPENCE P. 77

MD DB70069235
2NE 0671KRD MCNTROSESL69
QUETWO MOUNTAINS COUNTY "ANNONCIATION PAR 452930 740048 31G 8
PCLR
CRBT5 1 SOVT 3
MONTROSE SECURITIES LTD
DDH TRENCHES FCLR IN CARBONATITE

GRENVILLE PROVINCE

IRREGULAR

1969GOLD AND VALLEE P. 28

MD DB70 110

3NB 0470KFGNISTCWIAK GRP
SSKLAC LA RONGE AREA LARCNGE VILLAGE 5506 10517 73H 3
PCLR CRLT

GFFGM5 2 2

LARONGE URANIUM MINES LTD NL70

PILOT MILL INSTALLEC

CHURCHILL PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

1958ROWE P. 90

MD DB70 111

3NB 0470KRCBESS GRCPF
SSKCAMSELL PORTAGE AREAHAZELTON LAKE 5948 10955 74N13

EXNT PCLR

SCST 2 GRNT

C M KILBREATH G W MACDONNELL

CHLCRITIC SHEAR ZCNES COARSE GRAINED GRANITE

CHLRCHILL PROVINCE

VEIN

1958ROWE P. 90

MD DB70 112

3NB 0470KRDKK CCNCESSION 58
SSKGOLDFIELDS REGION VIKING LAKE 5935 10815 74N10
FRGS

GSSN

GOSSAN CAPPING

CHLRCHILL PRCVINCE

GOSSAN

1952LANG P. 82

1955ROEINSON P. 69

MD DB70 113

3NB 0470KRDLCR GRF AMERICAN-C58
SSKGOLDFIELDS REGICN VIKING LAKE 5935 10815 74N10
FRGS

PGMT5 2 2 GRGS

AMERICAN-CANADIAN MINES LTD NL 70

PGMT OR FRACTURE IN GRANITE GNEISS

CHLRCHILL PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

1958ROWE P. 90

MD DB70 114

3U NB 0470KRDVIKING LAKE DEPOSIT LORADC URA58
SSKGOLDFIELDS REGION VIKING LAKE 5935 10815 74N10
PCLR URNN MNZT PCBD

GPGM 2 2 AMFB 33 GRGS 33

LORADO URANIUM MINES LTD

INTERNATIONAL MCGUL MINES LTD

DD COMPLEX RADICACTIVE PEGMATITE DYKE WEAKLY ZCNED SODIC PLAG
SHEARED HYDROTHERMAL ALTERATION

CHLRCHILL PROVINCE

PEGMATITE

1955ROEINSON PP. 35-36

1958ROWE P. 90

APPENDIX B

| NUMBER | N-T-S. | BLOCK | LATITUDE | LONGITUDE | PROVINCE | COUNTY OR DISTRICT | TOWNSHIP OR PARISH | TYPE OF DEPOSIT | NB-TA MINERALS |
|--------|--------|-------|----------|-----------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | | 92I 9 | 50 35 | 120 15 | BC | | KAMLOOPS AREA | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 2 | | 82F14 | 49 | 119 | BC | 15 MI E OF KELOWNA | | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 3 | | 82F11 | 49 42 | 117 25 | BC | | LEMON CR | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 4 | | 82K15 | 50 48 | 116 37 | BC | W OF BRISCO | FORSTER CR | PLACER | PYROCHLOR EUXENITE |
| 5 | | 82K 9 | 50 49 | 116 38 | BC | SPILLIMACHEEN | BUGABOO CR | PLACER | PYROCHLOR EUXENITE |
| 6 | | 83J 6 | 52 15 | 119 10 | BC | 23 MI E OF BLUE R | | STRATIFORM | PYROCHLOR COLUMBITE |
| 7 | | 93N 9 | 55 41 | 124 22 | BC | 5 MI E OF ROWE, B.C. | | STRATIFORM | PYROCHLOR COLUMBITE |
| 8 | | 82F 9 | 49 34 | 116 11 | BC | 3 MI S ST MARY L | HELLROARING-ANGUS CR | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 9 | | 82N01 | 51 12 | 116 68 03 | BC | HEAD MOOSE CR SE OF | YOMO NATIONAL PK | IRREGULAR | KNOPITE |
| 10 | | 82F03 | 49 27 40 | 117 35 30 | BC | 1 MI S SLOCAN R +5 M | W CRESCENT V RADIO | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE SAMARSKITE |
| 11 | | 92I01 | 50 | 120 | BC | RUSH L E OF RANGE CR | | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 12 | | 83D | 52 | 119 | BC | 4 MI S OF LEMPRIERE | STA | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLOR |
| 13 | | 82K15 | 58 49 | 116 38 | BC | SPILLIMACHEEN 20 MI | W VOWELL CR | PLACER | PYROCHLOR |
| 14 | | 82F09 | 49 34 | 116 11 | BC | RIDGE BETWEEN | HELLROARING-ANGUS CR | PEGMATITE | |
| 15 | | 27C | 69 30 | 71 45 | FRA | BAFFIN ISLAND | BARNES ICE SHEET | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 16 | | 85I11 | 62 42 | 113 16 | MAC | | ROSS L AREA | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 17 | | 85I13 | 62 47 00 | 113 35 00 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | BLAISDELL LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 18 | | 85N 1 | 63 04 | 116 21 | MAC | MARIAN R DISTRICT | | VEIN | FERGUSONITE |
| 19 | | 85J 9 | 62 31 30 | 114 09 00 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | PROSPEROUS LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 20 | | 76D | 64 7 | 118 7 | MAC | | MACKAY LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 21 | | 85J16 | 62 45 | 113 06 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | ROSS LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 22 | | 85I 1 | 62 08 30 | 112 20 00 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | HEARNE CHANNEL | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |

| NUMBER | OTHER MINERALS | MATERIALS | REFERENCES |
|--------|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 1 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1932 ELLSWORTH P. 137 1958 RCWE P. 90 |
| 2 | | PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 45 1958 ROWE P. 90 |
| 3 | ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1953 THOMPSON P. 546 1962 LANG ET AL P. 233 |
| 4 | URANIUM | SAND | 1958 ROWE P. 28 |
| 5 | URANIUM URANOTHORITE ALLANITE | SAND | 1957 JONES P. 1-56 1958 ROWE P. 28 |
| 6 | ZIRCON URANIUM | CARBONATITE SERICITE SCHIST | 1954 MCCAMMON P. 111 1958 RCWE PP. 31-35 1961 HOGARTH PP. 610-633 |
| 7 | ZIRCON | CARBONATITE SYENITE FENITE GNEISS | 1949 ARMSTRONG PP. 26-31 1957 JONES P. 19-20 1958 ROWE P. 29-30 |
| 8 | BERYL GALENA PYRITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1957 LEECH 1968 MULLIGAN P. 62 |
| 9 | SODALITE | IJOLITE SYENITE PEGMATITE JACUPIRANGITE FENITE | 1954 MCCAMMON PP. 150-151 1957 JONES P. 20 1966 GITTINS PP. 524-525 |
| 10 | THORITE MONAZITE | PEGMATITE GNEISS | 1956 EASTWOOD P. 77 1962 LANG P. 234 |
| 11 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | |
| 12 | | CARBONATITE | 1954 MCCAMMON P. 111 1958 LANG P. 235 |
| 13 | | GRAVEL | 1952 LANG P. 44 1958 ROWE PP. 28-29 |
| 14 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1961 LONDON P. 6 |
| 15 | | | 1962 LANG MAP |
| 16 | BERYL | PEGMATITE GRANODIORITE | 1951 LORD P. 190 1955 HUTCHISON P. 15 |
| 17 | BERYL CASSITERITE AMBLYGARNITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE BIOTITE SCHIST | 1951 LORD PP. 85-86 1958 RCWE P. 89 |
| 18 | | GRANITE | 1958 ROWE P. 89 |
| 19 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1941 JOLLIFFE |
| 20 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1947 FOLINSBEE |
| 21 | SPODUMENE BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANODIORITE | 1944 JOLLIFFE P. 9 1968 MULLIGAN P. 66-67 1951 LORD PP. 231-235 1952 ROWE PP. 29-30 1958 RCWE P. 89 |
| 22 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 ROWE P. 27 1958 ROWE P. 89 |

| NUMBER | N.T.S. BLOCK | LATITUDE | LONGITUDE | PROVINCE | COUNTY OR DISTRICT | TOWNSHIP OR PARISH | TYPE OF DEPOSIT | NB-TA MINERALS |
|--------|--------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| 23 | 85I 1 | 62 11 00 | 112 13 00 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | HEARNE CHANNEL | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 24 | 85I10 | 62 20 00 | 112 39 30 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | BUCKHAM LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 25 | 85I11 | 62 39 00 | 113 28 00 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | FREDA LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 26 | 85I 1 | 62 13 30 | 112 18 30 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | DREUER LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 27 | 85I12 | 62 J7 00 | 113 29 00 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | THOMPSON LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 28 | 85I 1 | 62 1U 30 | 112 22 U0 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | ELATCHFORD LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 29 | 85I13 | 62 44 00 | 113 29 00 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | SPROULE LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 30 | 85I10 | 62 18 00 | 112 46 00 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | BUCKHAM LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 31 | 85I 5 | 62 39 00 | 113 58 00 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | PRELUDE LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 32 | 85I | 62 20 | 112 40 | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE BEAULIEU | BUCKHAM L | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 33 | 85012 | 63 33 | 115 57 | MAC | MACKENZIE DISTRICT | BIGSPRUCE LAKE | IRREGULAR | |
| 34 | | | | MAC | YELLOWKNIFE MD | MAC L | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 35 | 53E | 53 05 | 94 50 | MAN | | GORMAN LAKE 2 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 36 | 52L16 | 50 23 12 | 95 28 30 | MAN | WINNIPEG R AREA | TP16 R15 L33 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE EUXENITE |
| 37 | 52L 6 | 50 21 00 | 95 21 00 | MAN | WINNIPEG R AREA | TP16 R16 L17 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 38 | 52L | 50 21 J6 | 95 21' 36 | MAN | WINNIPEG R AREA | TP16 R16 L17 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 39 | 52L | 50 26 24 | 95 22 42 | MAN | WINNIPEG R AREA | TP17 R16 L19 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 40 | 52L | 50 27 00 | 95 21 36 | MAN | WINNIPEG R AREA | TP17R16L20 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 41 | 52L | 50 20 18 | 95 18 54 | MAN | WINNIPEG R AREA | TP16 R16 L15 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 42 | 52L | 50 23 42 | 95 27 54 | MAN | WINNIPEG R AREA | TP16 R15 L33 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE EUXENITE |
| 43 | 52L06 | 50 25 48 | 95 27 12 | MAN | WINNIPEG R AREA | TP17 R15 L15 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 44 | 13L 8 | 54 20 | 61 57 | NFL | LABRADOR | TEN MILE LAKE | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE NICOBPHYLITE |

| NUMBER | OTHER MINERALS | HALL-ROCKS | REFERENCES |
|--------|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 23 | SPODUMENE CASSITERITE BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE GREYWACKE | 1951 LORD P. 119-120 1952 ROWE PP. 22-24 1958 ROWE P. 89 1968 MULLIGAN PP. 68-69 |
| 24 | SPODUMENE BERYL AMBLYGONITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE GREYWACKE | 1952 ROWE P. 27 1958 ROWE P. 89 1968 MULLIGAN P. 67 |
| 25 | CASSITERITE AMBLYGONITE BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE BIOTITE SCHIST | 1951 LORD PP. 152-154 1958 ROWE P. 89 |
| 26 | SPODUMENE AMBLYGONITE BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE GREYWACKE | 1951 LORD P. 121 1952 ROWE PP. 24-25 1958 ROWE P. 89 1968 MULLIGAN P. 67 |
| 27 | SPODUMENE BERYL AMBLYGONITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE BIOTITE SCHIST | 1951 LORD P. 287-288 1958 ROWE P. 89 1968 MULLIGAN P. 66 |
| 28 | SPODUMENE CASSITERITE BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE GREYWACKE | 1952 ROWE PP. 254-26 1958 ROWE P. 89 1968 MULLIGAN P. 67 |
| 29 | BERYL SPODUMENE CASSITERITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE BIOTITE SCHIST | 1944 JOLIFFE P. 20-22 1952 ROWE PP. 32-33 1958 ROWE P. 89 1968 MULLIGAN P. 66 |
| 30 | SPODUMENE BERYL LITHIOPHILITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE BIOTITE SCHIST | 1951 LORD PP. 122-123 1952 ROWE P. 28 1958 ROWE P. 89 1968 MULLIGAN P. 67 |
| 31 | BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE BIOTITE SCHIST | 1951 LORD P. 244-245 1952 ROWE PP. 30-31 1958 ROWE P. 89 |
| 32 | BERYL SPODUMENE | SERICITE SCHIST GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1968 MULLIGAN P. 67 |
| 33 | | CARBONATITE | |
| 34 | SPODUMENE BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE BIOTITE SCHIST | 1951 LORD PP. 278-279 |
| 35 | TOURMALINE MOLYBDENITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE GNEISS | 1956 CUINN |
| 36 | CASSITERITE BERYL MONAZITE | PEGMATITE AMPHIBOLITE | 1932 WRIGHT PP. 99-105 1957 CAVIES PP. 23-24 |
| 37 | BERYL LEPIDOLITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE VOLCANICS GRANITE | 1932 ELLSWORTH P. 166 1957 CAVIES PP. 17-18 1958 ROWE P. 91 |
| 38 | SPODUMENE BERYL LITHIUM MICA | GRANITE PEGMATITE VOLCANICS | 1931 WALKER P. 11 1932 ELLSWORTH PP. 148-157 1932 WRIGHT PP. 114-120 1957 DAVIES PP. 22-23 |
| 39 | CASSITERITE BERYL SPODUMENE | GRANITE PEGMATITE AMPHIBOLITE TUFF | 1932 WRIGHT PP. 106-107 |
| 40 | TOURMALINE CASSITERITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE BIOTITE GNEISS BIOTITE SCHIST | 1954 DAVIES P. 43 |
| 41 | BERYL TOURMALINE | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANITE GNEISS | 1957 DAVIES PP. 18-19 |
| 42 | ZINNHALDITE LITHIUM MICA BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE VOLCANICS | 1957 DAVIES PP. 19-20 |
| 43 | ZINNHALDITE MICROCLINE BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE APLITE AMPHIBOLITE | 1932 WRIGHT PP. 105-106 1959 HUTCHISON PP. 1525-1542 1961 NICKEL 1968 ROWE PP. 39-49 |
| 44 | BERYL | MIGMATITE SYENITE PARAGENESS ANDESITE | 1962 LANG MAP 1968 MULLIGAN PP. 192-193 |

| NUMBER | N.T.S. BLOCK | LATITUDE | LONGITUDE | PROVINCE | COUNTY OR DISTRICT | TOWNSHIP OR PARISH | TYPE OF DEPOSIT | NB-TA MINERALS |
|--------|--------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------------------|---|-----------------|--|
| 45 | 21A11 | 44 44 | 64 27 | NS | LUNENBURG COUNTY | NEW ROSS | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 46 | 41004 | 48 00 00 | 83 05 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | CHEMETT TP C3 L11N2 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE |
| 47 | 41H15 | 45 48 | 80 35 | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | HENVEY TP CAL4 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 48 | 31E 1 | 45 00 15 | 78 09 00 | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | CARDIFF TP C15L6-7 | VEIN | BETAFAITE PYROCHLORE |
| 49 | 31E 1 | 45 00 15 | 78 02 00 | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | CARDIFF TP C11L27-28 | PODS | PYROCHLORE BETAFAITE |
| 50 | 31E 1 | 45 03 15 | 78 11 00 | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | CARDIFF TP C21L4-7 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE BETAFAITE |
| 51 | 31C14 | 44 56 15 | 78 06 00 | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | CARDIFF TF C7-8L10 | VEIN | ELLSWORTHITE PYROCHLORE |
| 52 | 31016 | 44 58 15 | 78 08 00 | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | CARDIFF TP C12L7-10 C13L7-8 | VEIN | ELLSWORTHITE PYROCHLORE MICROLITE |
| 53 | 31F 4 | 45 09 20 | 77 49 30 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | MONTAEGLE TP C6L20 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE ELLSWORTHITE PYROCHLORE MICROLITE |
| 54 | 31F 4 | 45 09 30 | 77 50 00 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | MONTAEGLE TP C7L1819 | PEGMATITE | ELLSWORTHITE HATCHETTITE |
| 55 | 31F 4 | 45 10 30 | 77 59 00 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | MONTAEGLE TP CBL17 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBIITE PYROCHLORE SAMARSKITE |
| 56 | 31F12 | 45 35 | 77 53 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | DICKENS TP C5L27 | PEGMATITE | ELLSWORTHITE EUXENITE PYROCHLORE MICROLITE |
| 57 | 31E 1 | 45 03 00 | 78 32 00 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | FARADAY TP C16L31 | PEGMATITE | ELLSWORTHITE MICROLITE |
| 58 | | 45 01 30 | 78 23 30 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | FARADAY TP C10L12-3 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE |
| 59 | 31C13 | 44 57 30 | 78 22 30 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | FARADAY TP C3L14 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE |
| 60 | 31C14 | 45 02 40 | 78 23 20 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | FARADAY TP C12L9-11 C11L4-11 C10L10-11 C9L10 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE FERGUSONITE |
| 61 | 31C04 | 45 02 20 | 78 58 34 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | FARADAY TP CAL21-24 CBL23 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE MICROLITE ELLSWORTHITE |
| 62 | 31F 4 | 45 04 00 | 78 23 00 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | FARADAY TP C15L6 | VEIN | BETAFAITE |
| 63 | 31F 3 | 45 01 36 | 77 01 54 | ONT | FRONTENAC COUNTY | MILLER TF L15SMR | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE |
| 64 | 31E12 | 45 43 34 | 79 30 45 | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | CHAPMAN TP C8L3 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE PYROCHLORE MICROLITE |
| 65 | 31E11 | 45 41 45 | 79 05 45 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | EUTT TP C9L5 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE PYROCHLORE FERGUSONITE ESCHYNITE |
| 66 | 31E06 | 45 22 14 | 79 15 40 | ONT | MUSKOCA DISTRICT | CHAFFEY TP C5L23 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE MICROLITE |

| NUMBER | OTHER MINERALS | WALL-ROCKS | REFERENCES | |
|--------|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| 45 | BERYL AMBLYGONITE LEPIDOLITE | PEGMATITE | 1907 FARIBAULT PF. 81-82 1923 WALKER PARSONS P. 35 1932 ELLSWORTH P. 297 | |
| 46 | FELDSPAR AEGIRINE | PEGMATITE | 1961 PARSONS P. 50 1971 FERGUSON P. 52 | |
| 47 | - | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 146 1958 RCME P. 93 | |
| 48 | URANINITE URANOThCRITE | SYENITE PEGMATITE GNEISS GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1955 SATTERLY AND HEWITT PP. 33-34 1967 HEWITT P. 54 1956 SATTERLY P. 62 1961 HOGARTH P. 619 1962 LANG ET AL P. 263 | |
| 49 | URANINITE URANOThCRITE ALLANITE | GRANITE GRANITE PEGMATITE GNEISS AMPHIBOLITE | 1956 SATTERLY P. 30-36 1962 LANG P. 108-180 1967 HEWITT P. 54 1971 FERGUSON P. 46 | |
| 50 | ALLANITE URANOThCRITE ALLANITE | SYENITE PEGMATITE VEIN | 1930 SPENCE AND CARMICHAEL PP. 74-73 1952 LANG PP. 142-45 1956 SATTERLY P. 56-57 | |
| 51 | | CAREONATITE | 1927 ELLSWORTH P. 48 1932 ELLSWORTH P. 227 | |
| 52 | URANINITE URANOThCRITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE METASCHIST AMPHIBOLITE | 1952 LANG P. 138 1956 SATTERLY PP. 41-42 1958 RCME P. 92 1967 HEWITT P. 64 | 1970 TRAILL P. 444 1971 FERGUSON P. 46 |
| 53 | FELDSPAR SPHENONE FLUORITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE PARAGNEISS MARBLE AMPHIBOLITE | 1954 HEWITT P. 40 1967 HEWITT P. 64 1971 FERGUSON P. 47 | |
| 54 | ALLANITE URANOThCRITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE METASCHIST SYENITE GNEISS GRANITE GNEISS | 1952 WALKER AND PARSONS P. 13 1956 SPENCE P. 443 1958 ELLSWORTH PP. 200-209 1959 SATTERLY AND HEWITT PP. 52-57 | 1956 SATTERLY PP. 138-140 1958 RCME P. 95 1967 HEWITT P. 55 1971 FERGUSON P. 48 |
| 55 | FELDSPAR URANOThCRITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE LEUCOGRANITE GRANITE GNEISS | 1923 WALKER AND PARSONS P. 35 1932 ELLSWORTH P. 209-213 1954 HEWITT P. 50-51 1958 RCME P. 95 | 1970 TRAILL P. 161,446,478 1971 FERGUSON P. 48 |
| 56 | HONAZITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1954 SATTERLY P. 122 1952 LANG P. 142 1958 RCME P. 93 1970 TRAILL P. 20b,447 | 1971 FERGUSON P. 45 |
| 57 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 142 1958 RCME P. 93 | |
| 58 | URANINITE URANOThCRITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE MARBLE PEGMATITIC GNEISS AMPHIBOLITE | 1956 SATTERLY PP. 121-122 1960 RCME P. 37 | |
| 59 | | SYNHITE PEGMATITE | | |
| 60 | URANINITE URANOThCRITE ALLANITE | GRANITE METAGABBRO AMPHIBOLITE PEGMATITIC GNEISS | 1956 SATTERLY P. 117-121 1962 LANG P. 262 1967 HEWITT P. 64 1970 TRAILL P. 209, 443 | 1971 FERGUSON P. 47 |
| 61 | URANOThCRITE | SYENITE PEGMATITE MARBLE NeSHELINE SYENITE GNEISS | 1955 SATTERLY AND HEWITT P. 49 1971 FERGUSON P. 47 1956 SATTERLY PP. 107-108 1967 HEWITT P. 54 1970 TRAILL P. 443 | |
| 62 | | PEGMATITE HORNBLENDER GNEISS | 1956 SATTERLY P. 170 1970 TRAILL P. 447 1971 FERGUSON P. 47 | |
| 63 | | PEGMATITE GRANITE | 1956 SATTERLY P. 20 1967 SATTERLY P. 64 1970 TRAILL P. 445 1971 FERGUSON P. 45 | |
| 64 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1958 RCME P. 92 1962 LANG ET AL P. 256 1967 HEWITT P. 66 1970 TRAILL P. 445 | 1971 FERGUSON P. 50 |
| 65 | PYRMONTITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1958 RCME P. 91 | |
| 66 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1967 HEWITT P. 65 1970 TRAILL P. 442 1971 FERGUSON P. 48 | |

| NUMBER | N.T.S. | BLOCK | LATITUDE | LONGITUDE | PROVINCE | COUNTY OR DISTRICT | TOWNSHIP OR PARISH | TYPE OF DEPOSIT | NB-TA MINERALS |
|--------|--------|----------|----------|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| 67 | 31E 1 | 45 03 20 | 78 04 40 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | | HERSCHEL TP C8L39-40 | PEGMATITE | BETAFITE PYROCHLORE MICRCLITE EUKEENITE |
| 68 | 31E 1 | 45 06 00 | 78 01 00 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | | HERSCHEL TP C1L30 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE MICRCLITE |
| 69 | 31016 | 44 56 20 | 78 15 00 | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | | MONMOUTH TP C6L19-20 C6L20 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE ALLANITE |
| 70 | 31D16 | 44 57 00 | 78 19 00 | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | | MONMOUTH TP C6L5-8 C9L5-9 | PODS | PYROCHLORE MICRCLITE BETAFITE |
| 71 | 31C14 | 44 57 20 | 78 15 00 | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | | MONMOUTH TP C6L20 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 72 | 31D 9 | 44 44 15 | 78 21 15 | ONT | PETERBOROUGH COUNTY | | CAVENDISH TP C5L14 C6L13 | PEGMATITE | BETAFITE |
| 73 | 42N02 | 51 06 | 84 52 30 | ONT | COCHRANE DISTRICT | | ALBANY FORKS | STRATIFORM | PYROCHLORE |
| 74 | 41I 7 | 46 23 45 | 80 51 00 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | | DILL TP C3L4 | PEGMATITE | TDCITE PYROCHLORE |
| 75 | 41I 7 | 46 22 45 | 80 49 45 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | | DILL TP C2L2 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE BETAFITE EUKEENITE ELLSWORTHITE |
| 76 | 31L 7 | 46 14 08 | 78 53 30 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | | CALVIN TP C2L15-17 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE EUKEENITE |
| 77 | 31L 5 | 46 15 | 79 30 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | | | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 78 | 42D 9 | 49 08 | 85 48 | ONT | THUNDER BAY DISTRICT | | MANITOOWADGE AREA | IRREGULAR | |
| 79 | 31E 4 | 45 24 30 | 79 51 30 | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | | CONGER TP C1BL7 | PEGMATITE | EUKEENITE COLUMBITE SAMARSKITE |
| 80 | 31F 6 | 45 20 15 | 77 56 45 | ONT | RENFREW COUNTY | | LYNOCH TP C15L23 | PEGMATITE | EUKEENITE COLUMBITE LINDOCITE SAMARSKITE |
| 81 | 31F 6 | 45 19 45 | 77 55 45 | ONT | RENFREW COUNTY | | LYNOCH TP C15L30 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE FERGUSONITE EUKEENITE |
| 82 | 42G16 | 49 48 30 | 82 06 | ONT | COCHRANE DISTRICT | | CLAY TP N4 | IRREGULAR | |
| 83 | 52F15 | 46 30 | 80 45 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | | DRYDEN TP | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 84 | | | | | | | | PEGMATITE | ESCHYNITE EUKEENITE |
| 85 | 310 9 | 44 42 20 | 78 23 30 | ONT | PETERBOROUGH COUNTY | | CAVENDISH TP C3L3 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 86 | 31L 7 | 46 13 45 | 78 51 45 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | | CALVIN TP C1L11-12 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 87 | 31E 9 | 45 31 30 | 78 00 30 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | | MURCHISON TP C4L14-15 | PEGMATITE | |
| 88 | 31E 4 | 45 13 45 | 79 52 30 | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | | CONGER TP C9 L9-10 | PEGMATITE | SAMARSKITE |

| NUMBER | OTHER MINERALS | MATERIALS | REFERENCES | |
|--------|--|---|--|--|
| 67 | URANOTHORITE ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE LEUCOGRANITE GRANITE GNEISS | 1956 SATTERLY P. 135 1958 ROME P. 93 1967 HEWITT P. 54 1970 TRAILL P. 47 | 1971 FERGUSON P. 47 |
| 68 | | PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 137 1958 ROME P. 93 1970 TRAILL P. 445 1971 FERGUSON P. 47 | |
| 69 | URANOTHORITE URANIINITE URANOPHANE | GRANITE PEGMATITE AMPHIBOLITE MARBLE METAGABERO | 1956 SATTERLY P. 96-99 1958 ROSE P. 39 1962 LANG P. 271 1967 HEWITT P. 54 | |
| 70 | | MARBLE QUARTZITE PARAGNEISS | 1956 SATTERLY P. 20 1962 LANG P. 270 | |
| 71 | URANOTHORITE URANIINITE CRYTOLITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE MARBLE GRANITE AMPHIBOLITE QUARTZITE | 1956 SATTERLY P. 92-96 | |
| 72 | URANOTHORITE URANOTHORITE ALLANITE | PEGMATITE MARBLE GABBRO | 1956 SATTERLY P. 20 1958 ROME P. 255 1970 TRAILL P. 443 1971 FERGUSON P. 50 | |
| 73 | MAGNETITE | CARBONATITE | 1971 FERGUSON P. 45 | |
| 74 | FELDSPAR GARNET | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1932 ELLSWORTH P. 171 1952 LANG P. 142 1958 ROME P. 93 1970 TRAILL P. 161 | 1971 FERGUSON P. 52 |
| 75 | FELDSPAR ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1958 ROME P. 93 1962 LANG ET AL P. 258 1967 HEWITT P. 65 1971 FERGUSON P. 52 | 1967 HEWITT P. 65 |
| 76 | | PEGMATITE | 1962 HEINRICH P. 314 1970 TRAILL P. 447 1971 FERGUSON P. 45 | |
| 77 | URANIINITE | SYENITE PYROXENITE FENITE CARBONATITE | 1954 ROME P. 5-7 1971 FERGUSON PP. 37-39 1971 LUMBERTS PP.51-52,81-83 | |
| 78 | | | | |
| 79 | MONAZITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1932 ELLSWORTH P. 187 1942 SATTERLY P. 57 1952 LANG P. 141 1958 ROME P. 93 | 1960 ROSE P. 22 1967 HEWITT P. 54 1970 TRAILL P. 161 1971 FERGUSON P. 50 |
| 80 | MONAZITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANITE GNEISS | 1935 JOHNSTON P. 196 1953 HEWITT P. 36-42 1958 ROME P. 95 1959 ROSE P. 38 | 1967 HEWITT P. 65 1970 TRAILL P. 285 1971 FERGUSON P. 51 |
| 81 | BERYL MICROCLINE ALBITITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1944 SATTERLY PP. 97-99 1953 HEWITT P. 42-46 1958 ROME P. 94 1967 HEWITT P. 65 | 1970 TRAILL P. 161 1971 FERGUSON P. 51 |
| 82 | MAGNETITE GARNET | CARBONATITE SYENITE GNEISS | 1967 GITTINGS P. 653 1971 FERGUSON PP. 32-33 | |
| 83 | | PEGMATITE | | |
| 84 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1960 ROSE P. 18 1967 HEWITT P. 65 1970 TRAILL P. 203,207 1971 FERGUSON P. 51 | |
| 85 | MAGNETITE URANOTHORITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANITE SYENITE | 1956 SATTERLY P. 23 1962 LANG ET AL P. 255 1967 HEWITT P. 55 1970 TRAILL P. 209 | 1971 FERGUSON P. 51 |
| 86 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 138 1958 ROME P. 91 1970 TRAILL P. 209 1971 FERGUSON P. 49 | |
| 87 | | PEGMATITE | 1944 SATTERLY P. 120 1952 LANG P. 147 1970 TRAILL P. 209 1971 FERGUSON P. 49 | |
| 88 | URANIINITE THUCOLITE CRYTOLITE | PEGMATITE | 1942 SATTERLY P. 57 1952 LANG P. 141 1958 ROME P. 92 1960 ROSE P. 35 | 1962 LANG ET AL P. 256 1967 HEWITT P. 55 1970 TRAILL P. 478 1971 FERGUSON P. 50 |

| NUMBER | N.T.S. | BLOCK | LATITUDE | LONGITUDE | PROVINCE | COUNTY OR DISTRICT | TOWNSHIP OR PARISH | TYPE OF DEPOSIT | NB-TA MINERALS |
|--------|--------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|--------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|---|
| 89 | | | | | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | MATTAWAN TP C9 L19-20 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE PYROCHLORE |
| 90 | 31C16 | 44 55 | 78 18 30 | | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | MONMOUTH TP C9 L7N2 | VEIN | PYROCHLORE |
| 91 | 31L 7 | 46 17 30 | 78 57 00 | | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | CALVIN TP C8L21-22 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE EUXENITE SANARSKITE |
| 92 | 31D16 | 44 56 00 | 78 14 35 | | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | MONMOUTH TP C5-6L18-20 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 93 | 31E 1 | 45 20 20 | 78 10 12 | | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | CARDIFF TP C21 L5 | VEIN | BETAFITE EUXENITE |
| 94 | 31D16 | 44 06 40 | 78 10 30 | | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | CARDIFF TP C18L4-5 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 95 | 31C15 | 44 47 40 | 76 31 20 | | ONT | LANARK COUNTY | S SHERBROOKE TPCSL13 C6 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 96 | 41I 2 | 46 15 30 | 80 44 30 | | ONT | SUDSBURY DISTRICT | SERVOS TP C6L6 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE ESCHYNITE |
| 97 | 31E 1 | 45 02 50 | 78 31 20 | | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | FARADAY TP C15L30-31 | PEGMATITE | BETAFITE PYROCHLORE EUXENITE ELLSWORTHITE |
| 98 | 31E 8 | 44 59 00 | 78 03 00 | | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | SABINE TP C1L28-29 | PEGMATITE | ESCHYNITE EUXENITE |
| 99 | 31E 8 | 44 49 20 | 78 10 40 | | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | SABINE TP C1L2,8 | PEGMATITE | ESCHYNITE |
| 100 | 31F11 | 45 45 15 | 77 29 45 | | ONT | RENFREW COUNTY | RICHARDS TP C14L2 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE ESCHYNITE |
| 101 | 31F 5 | 45 15 | 77 30 | | ONT | RENFREW COUNTY | RAGLAN TPC18L3-4 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 102 | 31C15 | 44 42 20 | 76 43 20 | | ONT | FRONTENAC COUNTY | OLDEN TP C7L8 | IRREGULAR | EUXENITE |
| 103 | 31C15 | 44 45 30 | 76 24 00 | | ONT | LANARK COUNTY | NORTH BURGESS C6L23 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE ELXENITE |
| 104 | 31E 9 | 45 31 30 | 78 00 30 | | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | MURCHISON TP C4L15 C4L14 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 105 | 31D16 | 44 50 | 78 07 30 | | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | CARDIFF TP C12-13L10 | VEIN | ELLSWORTHITE |
| 106 | 31E 9 | 45 32 30 | 78 04 00 | | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | MURCHISON TP C8L22 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 107 | 31F 4 | 45 10 20 | 77 58 00 | | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | MONTAEGLE TP C7 L14 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE EUXENITE |
| 108 | 31F09 | 45 09 00 | 77 46 30 | | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | MONTAEGLE TP C4L11-12 | PEGMATITE | ELLSWORTHITE |
| 109 | 31D16 | 44 59 35 | 78 18 20 | | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | MONMOUTH TP C3L3-5 C4L2-4,5 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 110 | 31L 7 | 46 19 15 | 78 47 15 | | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | MATTAWAN TP C3 L29 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |

| NUMBER | OTHER MINERALS | WALL-ROCKS | REFERENCES | |
|--------|---|--|---|--|
| 89 | BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1899 BARLOW 1932 ELLSWORTH PP. 189-191 1968 MULLIGAN P. 86 | |
| 90 | | | 1970 TRAILL P. 444 1971 FERGUSON P. 47 | |
| 91 | ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1932 SPENCE P. 51 1952 LANG P. 147 1960 ROSE P. 21 1967 HEWITT P. 68 | |
| 92 | URANIUM URANOPHANE URANGYCHRITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE MARBLE | 1970 TRAILL P. 289 1971 FERGUSON P. 46 | |
| 93 | URANIUM | | 1970 TRAILL P. 444 1971 FERGUSON P. 46 | |
| 94 | | | 1970 TRAILL P. 444 1971 FERGUSON P. 46 | |
| 95 | FELDSPAR TOURMALINE | GRANITE PEGMATITE GABBRO GRANITE | 1952 LANG P. 146 1958 ROWE P. 96 1960 ROSE P. 26 1967 HEWITT P. 55 | |
| 96 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 149 1958 ROWE P. 96 1962 LANG ET AL P. 277 1967 HEWITT P. 65 | |
| 97 | APATITE PYRITIC | MARBLE GNEISS GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1943 THOMPSON P. 59 1956 SATTERLY PP. 123-132 1957 JONES P. 24 1958 ROWE P. 93 | 1961 HOGARTH P. 615 1962 LANG P. 260 1970 TRAILL P. 444 1971 FERGUSON P. 47 |
| 98 | FELDSPAR | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1932 SATTERLY P. 53 1952 LANG P. 149 1958 ROWE P. 96 1962 LANG ET AL P. 277 | 1967 HEWITT P. 65 1970 TRAILL P. 205 1971 FERGUSON P. 50 |
| 99 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1958 ROWE P. 96 1971 FERGUSON P. 50 | |
| 100 | URANINITE | | 1958 ROWE P. 96 1959 ROSE P. 39 1971 FERGUSON P. 52 | |
| 101 | CORUNDUM ALLANITE URANINITE | SYENITE PEGMATITE MARBLE | 1952 LANG P. 141 1953 HEWITT PP. 56-59 1958 ROWE P. 95 1959 ROSE P. 39 | 1962 LANG P. 277 1967 HEWITT P. 55 1971 FERGUSON P. 51 |
| 102 | | BASALT MARBLE | 1958 ROWE P. 95 1971 FERGUSON P. 45 | |
| 103 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE MARBLE | 1932 ELLSWORTH P. 262 1952 LANG P. 146 1958 ROWE P. 95 1970 TRAILL PP. 284-295 | 1971 FERGUSON P. 48 |
| 104 | FELDSPAR ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1944 SATTERLY P. 120 1952 LANG P. 147 1958 ROWE P. 95 1962 LANG ET AL P. 274 | 1967 HEWITT P. 65 |
| 105 | BIOTITE APATITE | | 1970 TRAILL P. 443 1971 FERGUSON P. 46 | |
| 106 | FELDSPAR ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1944 SATTERLY P. 121 1952 LANG P. 138 1958 ROWE P. 95 1962 LANG ET AL P. 275 | 1967 HEWITT P. 65 1971 FERGUSON P. 45 |
| 107 | FELDSPAR | GRANITE PEGMATITE PARAGNEISS AMPHIBOLITE LIMESTONE | 1952 LANG P. 145 1954 HEWITT P. 48-49,69 1958 ROWE P. 95 1970 TRAILL P. 205,446 | 1971 FERGUSON P. 48 |
| 108 | URANDOTHORITE THORITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE PARAGNEISS AMPHIBOLITE PYROXENITE | 1954 HEWITT P. 70 1956 SATTERLY P. 140-141 1958 ROWE P. 95 1962 LANG ET AL P. 272 1967 HEWITT P. 64 | 1971 FERGUSON P. 47 |
| 109 | URANDOTHORITE URANOPHANE ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE MARBLE | 1956 SATTERLY PP. 68-89 1958 ROWE P. 95 1962 LANG P. 270 1971 FERGUSON P. 46 | |
| 110 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE SYENITE GNEISS | 1932 ELLSWORTH PP. 189-191 1952 LANG P. 148 1958 ROWE P. 94 1962 LANG ET AL P. 268 | 1967 HEWITT P. 65 1970 TRAILL P. 206 1971 FERGUSON P. 49 |

| NUMBER | N-T-S. | BLOCK | LATITUDE | LONGITUDE | PROVINCE | COUNTY OR DISTRICT | TOWNSHIP OR PARISH | TYPE OF DEFCSIT | ND-TA MINERALS |
|--------|--------|-------|----------|-----------|----------|----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 111 | | 31L 7 | 46 18 52 | 78 47 15 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | MATTAWAN TP C2 L29 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 112 | | 42A15 | 48 56 | 80 21 | ONT | COCHRANE DISTRICT | MARATHON TP | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 113 | | 41N10 | 47 18 | 84 36 | ONT | ALGOMA DISTRICT | TP 28 R12 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE ELLSWORTHITE |
| 114 | | 31F 6 | 45 20 00 | 77 24 30 | ONT | RENFREW COUNTY | LYNOCH TP C15L25 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE EUXENITE LIMCOCITE |
| 115 | | 31C 7 | 44 26 | 76 32 | ONT | FRONTENAC COUNTY | LOUGHBOROUGH TPC9L11 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 116 | | 31E 1 | 45 11 30 | 78 01 30 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | MERSCHEL TP C16L1718 | PEGMATITE | ESCHYNITE ELXENITE |
| 117 | | 31E 1 | 45 09 | 77 59 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | MERSCHEL TP C1 L32- 33 | | |
| 118 | | 31H05 | 45 48 | 80 35 | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | HENVEY TP C4L4 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 119 | | 41H15 | 45 48 | 80 35 | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | HENVEY TP CBL5 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE EUXENITE |
| 120 | | 31D10 | 44 40 20 | 78 26 30 | ONT | PETERBOROUGH COUNTY | GALWAY TP C8 L26 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 121 | | 52C16 | 48 59 | 92 29 | ONT | RAINY RIVER DISTRICT | ELI LAKE | | BETAFLITE |
| 122 | | 31F12 | 45 33 40 | 77 47 30 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | DICKENS TP C2L2 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 123 | | 31F12 | 45 39 00 | 77 52 30 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | DICKENS TP C13L9 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE EUXENITE SAMARSKITE |
| 124 | | 31D16 | 44 46 00 | 78 22 00 | ONT | PETERBOROUGH COUNTY | CAVENDISH TP C8-9L15 | IRREGULAR | FERGUSONITE |
| 125 | | 41P13 | 47 49 | 81 50 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | CARTER TP K198 CNR | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 126 | | 31E01 | 45 00 05 | 78 07 30 | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | CARDIFF TP C14L11S2 | PEGMATITE | ELLSWORTHITE |
| 127 | | 31D16 | 44 59 15 | 78 03 00 | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | CARDIFF TP C9-13 L23-30 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE |
| 128 | | 31D16 | 44 59 02 | 78 06 03 | ONT | HALIBURTON COUNTY | CARDIFF TP C8L12-14 | PEGMATITE | HATCHETTCLITE PYROCHLORE |
| 129 | | 31L 7 | 46 | 78 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | CALVIN TP C9L19-22 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE EUXENITE |
| 130 | | 31L 7 | 46 14 45 | 78 56 30 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | CALVIN TP C4 L22 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE SAMARSKITE |
| 131 | | 31E09 | 45 32 00 | 78 02 30 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | MURCHISON TP C6L17 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 132 | | 31E11 | 45 43 | 79 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | BUTT TP C9L5 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE FERGUSONITE ESCHYNITE |

| NUMBER | OTHER MINERALS | WALL-ROCKS | REFERENCES |
|--------|--|---|---|
| 111 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 147 1958 ROWE P. 94 1962 LANG ET AL P. 268 1967 HEWITT P. 65 |
| 112 | | SYENITE NEPHELINE SYENITE | 1958 RCWE P. 96 |
| 113 | ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE DIABASE | 1952 LANG P. 130 1958 RCWE P. 9b 1970 TRAILL P. 447 1971 FERGUSON P. 45 |
| 114 | ALLANITE BERYL MONAZITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE MARBLE | 1952 LANG P. 146 1953 HEWITT PP. 83-84 1958 RCWE P. 94 1971 FERGUSON P. 51 |
| 115 | FELDSPAR THUCOLITE ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE MARBLE | 1952 SFENCE P. 35 1952 LANG P. 146 1958 RCWE P. 94 1960 RCSE P. 4 |
| 116 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANITE GNEISS AMPHIBOLITE | 1956 SATTERLY P. 134 1958 RCWE P. 93 1967 HEWITT P. 64 1970 TRAILL P. 205 |
| 117 | | | 1952 LANG P. 142 1958 RCWE P. 93 |
| 118 | FELDSPAR THUCOLITE URANIUMITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1932 ELLSWORTH P. 173 1952 LANG P. 136 1958 RCWE P. 93 |
| 119 | THUCOLITE URANIUMITE ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1932 ELLSWORTH P. 173-173 1952 LANG P. 137 1958 ROWE P. 93 |
| 120 | | MARBLE | 1958 RCWE P. 93 |
| 121 | | | 1958 RCWE P. 96 |
| 122 | FELDSPAR | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 142 1958 RCWE P. 93 |
| 123 | FELDSPAR MONAZITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1932 ELLSWORTHITE PP. 192-194 1952 LANG P. 142 1958 RCWE P. 93 1971 FERGUSON P. 49 |
| 124 | | GRANITE | 1956 SATTERLY P. 41 1958 ROWE P. 92 |
| 125 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 150 1968 MULLIGAN P. 79 1971 FERGUSON P. 52 |
| 126 | URANIUMITE URANOThORITE ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANITE GNEISS SYENITE | 1956 SATTERLY P. 67 1962 LANG P. 293 |
| 127 | | PEGMATITE | 1955 SATTERLY AND HEWITT P. 21 |
| 128 | URANIUMITE URANOThORITE ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE AMPHIBOLITE GRANULITE GNEISS | 1956 SATTERLY PP. 43-45 1958 RCWE P. 92 1962 LANG P. 259 1967 HEWITT P. 54 |
| 129 | ALLANITE FELDSPAR | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1932 ELLSWORTH P. 189 1952 LANG P. 147 1958 ROWE P. 91 1960 ROSE PP. 21-22 |
| 130 | ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 147 1958 RCWE P. 92 1962 LANG ET AL P. 251 1967 HEWITT P. 65 |
| 131 | ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANITE | 1967 HEWITT P. 65 |
| 132 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1958 ROWE P. 91 1970 TRAILL P. 445 1971 FERGUSON P. 49 |

| NUMBER | N.T.S. BLOCK | LATITUDE | LONGITUDE | PROVINCE | COUNTY OR DISTRICT | TOWNSHIP OR PARISH | TYPE OF DEPOSIT | NB-TA MINERALS |
|--------|--------------|----------|-----------|----------|----------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------------|
| 133 | 31C15 | 44 56 30 | 76 23 20 | ONT | LANARK COUNTY | BATHURST TP C9L22 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE FERGUSONITE |
| 134 | 41Pv9 | 41 33 | 80 04 | ONT | TIMISKAMING DISTRICT | AULD TP C4 SE4 S2L5 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 135 | 31F14 | 46 48 45 | 77 16 30 | ONT | RENFREW COUNTY | ALICE TP C15L13 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 136 | 42Bc3 | 48 03 00 | 83 06 00 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | CHEWETT TP C6 L8 COLLINS TP C1 L9-10 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 137 | 41014 | 47 48 | 83 06 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | MONAUGHT TP C2-3L1 LACKNER TP C2-3L12 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 138 | 41014 | 47 48 | 83 03 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | LACKNER TP | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 139 | 41014 | 47 48 | 83 03 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | LACKNER TP | IRREGULAR | |
| 140 | 41014 | 47 48 | 83 03 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | LACKNER TP | IRREGULAR | |
| 141 | 41014 | 47 48 | 83 03 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | LACKNER TP | IRREGULAR | |
| 142 | 41014 | 47 58 | 83 11 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | MCGEE TP C3L2 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 143 | 410 3 | 47 41 00 | 83 16 00 | ONT | ALGOMA DISTRICT | TP 5E R12 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 144 | 41011 | 47 43 | 83 18 | ONT | ALGOMA DISTRICT | TP 28-29 R 23 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 145 | 42I15 | 50 52 | 80 37 | ONT | COCHRANE DISTRICT | SOUTH BLUFF CR AREA | POOS | PYROCHLORE COLUMBIITE |
| 146 | 41014 | 47 54 06 | 83 03 00 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | LACKNER TP | IRREGULAR | |
| 147 | 41014 | 47 48 | 83 03 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | MONAUGHT TP C1-3L1-6 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 148 | 41014 | 47 48 | 83 03 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | MONAUGHT TP SE | IRREGULAR | |
| 149 | 53A | 52 30 40 | 89 30 40 | ONT | KENORA DISTRICT | SCRYBURN LAKE | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 150 | 41G 3 | 47 01 | 83 17 | ONT | ALGOMA DISTRICT | TP 5G R 12 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 151 | 52M 2 | 51 03 | 94 32 | ONT | KENORA DISTRICT | PRAIRIE LAKE | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 152 | 41N15 | 47 55 00 | 84 42 00 | ONT | ALGOMA DISTRICT | TP 29 R22 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 153 | 31E01 | 45 14 06 | 78 05 30 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | HERSCHEL TP C16 L31 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE |
| 154 | 42I 6 | 50 24 | 81 02 | ONT | COCHRANE DISTRICT | JAMES BAY S | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |

| NUMBER | OTHER MINERALS | WALL-ROCKS | REFERENCES |
|--------|-------------------------------------|---|---|
| 133 | CRYOTOLITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANITE | 1952 LANG P. 137 1958 RCWE P. 91 1960 RCSE P. 28-21 1962 LANG P. 248 1967 HEMITT P. 65 1970 TRAILL P. 205 1971 FERGUSON P. 48 |
| 134 | | APLITE | 1958 RCWE P. 91 1971 FERGUSON P. 53 |
| 135 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 136 1958 RCWE P. 91 1962 LANG ET AL P. 130 1967 HEMITT P. 65 1970 TRAILL P. 206 1971 FERGUSON P. 51 |
| 136 | AEGIRINE MAGNETITE APATITE | FENITE CARBONATITE | 1961 PARSONS P. 46-50 1967 GITTINS ET AL P. 653 1971 FERGUSON PP. 41-42 |
| 137 | APATITE MAGNETITE COLUMBITE | IJOLITE HALIGNITE CARBONATITE GRANITE GNEISS | 1958 RCWE PP. 35-45 1961 PARSONS P. 61-68 1961 HODDER P. 65-67 1971 FERGUSON PP. 39-41 |
| 138 | APATITE MAGNETITE | SYENITE CARBONATITE | 1961 PARSONS P. 61 1971 FERGUSON P. 52 |
| 139 | APATITE MAGNETITE | NEPHELINE SYENITE CARBONATITE | 1961 PARSONS P. 60 |
| 140 | | CARBONATITE | 1961 PARSONS P. 60 1971 FERGUSON P. 52 |
| 141 | | CARBONATITE | 1961 PARSONS P. 60 1971 FERGUSON P. 52 |
| 142 | | FENITE GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1961 PARSONS P. 50 |
| 143 | MAGNETITE | IJOLITE SYENITE CARBONATITE FENITE | 1961 PARSONS P. 11-22 1971 FERGUSON PP. 31-32 |
| 144 | HEMATITE MAGNETITE | CARBONATITE FENITE VOLCANICS GRANITE | 1961 PARSONS P. 23-32 1971 FERGUSON PP. 30-31 |
| 145 | APATITE | CARBONATITE PYROXENITE MORBLENODE | 1967 GEORGE ET AL P. 135 1967 GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655 1970 STOCKFORD PP. 1-34 1971 FERGUSON PP. 33-35 |
| 146 | | IJOLITE GRANITE PEGMATITE GNEISS | 1961 PARSONS PP. 68-69 1971 FERGUSON P. 52 |
| 147 | MAGNETITE | NEPHELINE SYENITE CARBONATITE | 1961 PARSONS P. 68 1971 FERGUSON P. 52 |
| 148 | | GNEISS DIABASE CARBONATITE | 1961 PARSONS P. 68 |
| 149 | APATITE MAGNETITE | CARBONATITE NEPHELINE SYENITE BRECCIA | 1963 JENNESS PP. 43-44 1964 MELNICH P. 4-58 1967 GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655 1971 FERGUSON P. 48 |
| 150 | | SOWITE BRECCIA LAHPROPHYRE IJOLITE | 1967 GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655 |
| 151 | MAGNETITE BIOTITE | IJOLITE FENITE GNEISS JUVITE | 1967 GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655 |
| 152 | MAGNETITE PYRRHOTITE AEGIRINE | FENITE CARBONATITE SCVITE | 1967 GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655 |
| 153 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1971 FERGUSON P. 47 |
| 154 | | CARBONATITE | 1967 GEORGE ET AL P. 135 1967 GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655 |

| NUMBER | N+T+S+ | BLOCK | LATITUDE | LONGITUDE | PROVINCE | COUNTY OR DISTRICT | TOWNSHIP OR PARISH | TYPE OF DEPOSIT | NE-TA MINERALS |
|--------|--------|-------|----------|-----------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| 155 | | 41I12 | 46 35 | 81 44 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | TP 107 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 156 | | 42G 2 | 49 18 00 | 82 50 00 | ONT | COCHRANE DISTRICT | CARGILL TP | IRREGULAR | |
| 157 | | 42E16 | 49 54 34 | 86 12 00 | ONT | THUNDER BAY DISTRICT | C'MEARA TP | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 158 | | 53A13 | 52 50 30 | 89 50 33 | ONT | KENORA DISTRICT | BIG BEAVERHUSE POST | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 159 | | 31E11 | 45 34 | 79 07 | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | BETHUNE TP | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITIE |
| 160 | | 41I 9 | 46 03 | 80 18 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | SCOLLARD TP | | PYROCHLORE |
| 161 | | 31L 6 | 46 14 | 79 16 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | E FERRIS N KIMSWORTH | | COLUMBITIE |
| 162 | | 41I 9 | 46 35 | 80 29 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | LOUGHRIE TP | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 163 | | 42C02 | 48 00 00 | 84 36 42 | ONT | ALGOMA DISTRICT | | | PYROCHLORE |
| 164 | | 42D05 | 49 24 00 | 87 50 33 | ONT | THUNDER BAY DISTRICT | AULD TP | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITIE |
| 165 | | 32D04 | 49 02 00 | 79 45 55 | ONT | COCHRANE DIST | STEELE TP C5 L5 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITIE |
| 166 | | 41P13 | 47 49 | 81 56 | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | WHALEN TP | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITIE |
| 167 | | 42O 5 | 49 18 00 | 88 00 00 | ONT | THUNDER BAY DISTRICT | BLAY LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITIE |
| 168 | | 31F04 | 45 00 | 77 56 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | FARADAY TP C6L4N2 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE |
| 169 | | 31F04 | 45 02 40 | 78 32 10 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | FARADAY TP C16L31-32 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE |
| 170 | | 31F03 | 45 08 45 | 77 50 30 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | MONTEAGLE TR C6L24N2 | PEGMATITE | ELLSWORTHITE |
| 171 | | 31FJ3 | 45 09 45 | 77 50 00 | ONT | HASTINGS COUNTY | MONTEAGLE TP C7L21 | PEGMATITE | ELLSWORTHITE |
| 172 | | 31E11 | 45 43 | 79 00 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | BUTT TP C7L13 S2 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE COLUMBITIE FERGUSONITE |
| 173 | | 31E11 | 45 28 15 | 78 45 00 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | PECK TP C3-4L6 | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE |
| 174 | | 31E08 | 44 58 30 | 78 05 30 | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | SAINE TP C15L32S2 | PEGMATITE | LUXENITE |
| 175 | | 31EJ4 | 45 12 | 79 52 | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | CONGER TP C9L10 | PEGMATITE | CALCIOSAPARSKITE |
| 176 | | 31E13 | 45 16 Ju | 79 53 45 | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | FOLEY TP C2L13 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |

| NUMBER | OTHER MINERALS | WALL-ROCKS | REFERENCES |
|--------|--------------------------------------|---|---|
| 155 | | CARBONATITE | 1967 GITTINS MACINTYRE AND YORK PP.6 1967 GEORGE ET AL F. 135 |
| 156 | | CARBONATITE | 1967 GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655 1967 GEORGE ET AL F. 135 |
| 157 | MAGNETITE APATITE CHALCOFYLITE | CARBONATITE ALKALINE SYENITE GNEISS BASALT | 1967 GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655 1971 FERGUSON PP. 42-43 |
| 158 | APATITE PYRMOHITE CHALCOFYLITE | CARBONATITE | 1967 GITTINS ET AL PP. 651-655 1971 FERGUSON PP. 36-37 |
| 159 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | |
| 160 | | | |
| 161 | | | |
| 162 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1959 ROSE P. 39 |
| 163 | | | |
| 164 | SPODOMENE | GRANITE PEGMATITE BICLITE SCHIST | 1965 FYE P. 7b-77 1965 MULLIGAN PP. 57-58 1971 FERGUSON P. 53 |
| 165 | SPODOMENE POLLUCITE BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE METASECIMENT | 1962 LUMBERS P. 30 1967 HEWITT P. 68 1968 MULLIGAN P. 68 1971 FERGUSON P. 45 |
| 166 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1967 HEWITT P. 68 1971 FERGUSON P. 53 |
| 167 | SPODOMENE APATITE TURMALINE | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANITE BIOTITE SCHIST | 1965 FYE P. 62-64 1965 MULLIGAN PP. 59-60 1971 FERGUSON P. 53 |
| 168 | | SYENITE PEGMATITE | 1967 HEWITT P. 64 1971 FERGUSON P. 47 |
| 169 | URANINITE URANOTHORITE | SYENITE PEGMATITE GRANITE AMPHIBOLITE MARBLE | 1956 SATTERLY P. 122 1967 HEWITT P. 54 |
| 170 | ALLANITE MAGNETITE FELDSPAR | | 1954 HEWITT P. 42 1967 HEWITT P. 64 1971 FERGUSON P. 47 |
| 171 | FELDSPAR SPHENE MAGNETITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE AMPHIBOLITE | 1954 HEWITT P. 47 1967 HEWITT P. 64 1971 FERGUSON P. 48 |
| 172 | ALLANITE URANINITE MUSCOVITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1958 RCWE P. 91 1962 LANG P. 35 1971 FERGUSON F. 49 |
| 173 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANITE | 1958 RCWE P. 96 1971 FERGUSON P. 50 |
| 174 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANITE | 1967 HEWITT P. 65 1971 FERGUSON P. 50 |
| 175 | ALLANITE URANINITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1962 LANG P. 256 1971 FERGUSON P. 50 |
| 176 | ALLANITE | PEGMATITE | 1959 RCSE P. 37 |

| NUMBER | N+T+S+ | BLOCK | LATITUDE | LONGITUDE | PROVINCE | COUNTY OR DISTRICT | TOWNSHIP CR PARISH | TYPE OF DEPOSIT | NB-TA MINERALS |
|--------|--------|----------|----------|-----------|----------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 177 | 41H15 | 45 48 | 80 35 | | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | HEAVY TF C1 L6 | PEGMATITE | |
| 178 | 41H15 | 45 48 | 80 35 | | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | HENVEY TP | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 179 | 31E 5 | 45 25 | 79 37 | | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | MONTIEITH TP | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORITE |
| 180 | 31016 | 44 51 15 | 78 34 30 | | ONT | PETERBOROUGH COUNTY | CHANDOS TPC16L9S2 | PEGMATITE | |
| 181 | 41I09 | 46 59 06 | 80 31 06 | | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | HAGAR TP C3L10 | PEGMATITE | |
| 182 | 52H08 | 49 14 00 | 88 09 30 | | ONT | THUNDER BAY DISTRICT | COSGRAVE LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 183 | 52H08 | 49 23 00 | 87 16 30 | | ONT | THUNDER BAY DISTRICT | FORGAN LAKE | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 184 | 42I11 | 51 12 15 | 81 24 48 | | CNT | COCHRANE DISTRICT | VALENTINE TP | CARBONATITE | PYROCHLORITE |
| 185 | 31L07 | 46 15 | 78 45 | | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | CALVIN TP | IRREGULAR | EUXENITE |
| 186 | 31L 7 | 46 17 45 | 78 56 45 | | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | CALVIN TP C10L19-21 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE COLUMBITE |
| 187 | 21E09 | 45 33 20 | 78 03 30 | | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | MURCHISON TP C11L17 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 188 | 31L07 | 46 20 30 | 78 55 09 | | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | OLRIG TP CCL1S2 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 189 | 31L05 | 46 18 | 79 44 | | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | BURRITT ISLAND | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORITE |
| 190 | 31K05 | 46 16 | 79 53 | | ONT | NIPISSING DISTRICT | IRON ISLAND | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORITE |
| 191 | 52F15 | 49 49 | 92 39 | | ONT | KENORA DISTRICT | BRCWNRIIDGE TP S M L | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 192 | 53J13 | 54 43 42 | 92 00 00 | | CNT | KENORA PATRICIA DIST | CARD LAKE | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORITE |
| 193 | | 45 57 | 80 13 | | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | CARLING TP | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORITE |
| 194 | 31L03 | 46 10 | 79 25 | | ONT | PARRY SOUND DISTRICT | NORTH HIMSICRTH TP | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORITE |
| 195 | 41I+6 | 46 22 | 81 14 | | ONT | SUDBURY DISTRICT | NEMAG L S-SIDE IR-6 | PEGMATITE | NIOBIAN RUTILE |
| 196 | 42Ou2 | 49 02 | 86 13 | | ONT | THUNDER BAY DISTRICT | PRairie LAKE N-SIDE | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORITE |
| 197 | 42J06 | 50 24 20 | 83 10 00 | | ONT | COCHRANE DISTRICT | MARTISON L | IRREGULAR | |
| 198 | 32D 8 | 48 23 | 78 14 | | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | PREISSAC TP R7L55-68 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |

| NUMBER | OTHER MINERALS | WALL-ROCKS | REFERENCES |
|--------|---|--|---|
| 177 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1960 RCSL P. 38 1971 FERGUSON P. 50 |
| 178 | ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1958 ROWE P. 94 |
| 179 | URANOPHANE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1967 MEWITT P. 65 |
| 180 | ALLANITE URANOThCRITE BASTNAESITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE MARBLE | 1956 SATTERLY P. 178 |
| 181 | PYRRHOTITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1959 RCSC P. 37 |
| 182 | SPODUMENE BERYL CASSITERITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANITE | 1965 PYE PP. 84-85 1971 FERGUSON P. 53. |
| 183 | SPODUMENE APATITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE BIOTITE SCHIST DIABASE | 1965 PYE P. 80 1971 FERGUSON P. 53 |
| 184 | APATITE | CARBONATITE PYROXENITE NEPHELINE SYENITE | 1970 STOCKFORD PP. 33-34 |
| 185 | ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 137 1971 FERGUSON P. 49 |
| 186 | ALLANITE | | |
| 187 | FELDSPAR ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1971 FERGUSON P. 49 |
| 188 | MUSCOVITE TOURMALINE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1944 SATTERLY PP. 32-33 1971 FERGUSON P. 49 |
| 189 | AEGIRINE MAGNETITE APATITE | CARBONATITE FENITE GRANITE LAMPROPHYRE | 1971 FERGUSON P. 50 1971 LUMBERS P. 51,81 |
| 190 | MAGNETITE PYRITE APATITE | CARBONATITE NEPHELINE SYENITE IJOLITE LAMPROPHYRE | 1971 LUMBERS PP. 50-51,79-81 1971 FERGUSON P. 50 |
| 191 | SPODUMENE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1970 TRAILL P. 161 1971 FERGUSON P. 48 |
| 192 | APATITE SYNCHISITE | | 1971 FERGUSON PP. 35-36 |
| 193 | URANOPHANE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1971 FERGUSON P. 50 |
| 194 | MAGNETITE PYRITE | CARBONATITE NEPHELINE SYENITE LAMPROPHYRE | 1971 LUMBERS P. 52-53,83-85 1971 FERGUSON P. 51 |
| 195 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1971 FERGUSON P. 53 |
| 196 | MAGNETITE WOLLASTONITE | CARBONATITE NEPHELINE SYENITE PYROXENITE | 1971 FERGUSON P. 53 |
| 197 | MAGNETITE | GOSSAN | 1971 FERGUSON P. 45 |
| 198 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1945 NORMAN P. 8 1965 MULLIGAN P. 42 |

| NUMBER | N.T.S. | BLOCK | LATITUDE | LNGITUDE | PROVINCE | COUNTY OR DISTRICT | TOWNSHIP OR PARISH | TYPE OF DEPOSIT | NB-TA MINERALS |
|--------|--------|----------|----------|----------|----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|----------------|
| 199 | 31G 8 | 45 31 06 | 74 03 12 | QUE | TWO MOUNTAINS CTY | L'ANNONCIATION PAR | STRATIFORM | PYROCHLORE PEROVSKITE NICALITE | |
| 200 | 31G 8 | 45 33 | 74 01 54 | QUE | TWO MOUNTAINS CTY | L'ANNONCIATION PAR | STRATIFORM | PYRCHLORITE PEROVSKITE BETAFITE | |
| 201 | 32C 5 | 48 24 45 | 77 52 30 | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | LACORNE TP R8L16-17 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE | |
| 202 | 31G 8 | 45 33 | 74 03 | QUE | TWO MOUNTAINS COUNTY | OKA AREA | STRATIFORM | PYROCHLORE PEROVSKITE BETAFITE | |
| 203 | 32C 5 | 48 18 21 | 77 56 42 | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | LACORNE TP R2L11 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE | |
| 204 | 31G 8 | 45 31 54 | 74 03 54 | QUE | TWO MOUNTAINS CTY | ST JOSEPH DU LAC PAR | STRATIFORM | PYRCHLORITE | |
| 205 | 31G 8 | 45 30 12 | 74 03 12 | QUE | TWO MOUNTAINS CTY | L'ANNONCIATION PAR | STRATIFORM | PYROCHLORE BETAFITE NICALITE PEROVSKITE | |
| 206 | 31G | 45 35 | 75 35 | QUE | PAPINEAU COUNTY | PORTLAND TP R5L2 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE | |
| 207 | 31G 8 | 45 31 54 | 74 04 00 | QUE | TWO MOUNTAINS CTY | ST BENOIT PAR | STRATIFORM | PYROCHLORE PEROVSKITE | |
| 208 | 31G 8 | 45 30 18 | 74 02 00 | QUE | TWO MOUNTAINS CTY | L'ANNONCIATION PAR | STRATIFORM | PYROCHLORE PEROVSKITE | |
| 209 | 31G 8 | 45 34 | 74 03 | QUE | TWO MOUNTAINS CTY | ST JOSEPH DU LAC PAR | STRATIFORM | PEROVSKITE | |
| 210 | 31L16 | 46 49 | 78 26 | QUE | TIMISCAMINGUE COUNTY | VILLEDIEU TWP | PEGMATITE | PYROCHLORE BETAFITE MICROLITE | |
| 211 | 31F1J | 45 43 42 | 76 43 06 | QUE | PONTIAC COUNTY | GRAND CALUMET TP R9 L11-12 | VEIN | PYROCHLORE | |
| 212 | 31G12 | 45 30 34 | 75 52 04 | QUE | GATINEAU COUNTY | HULL TP R9L22 N/2 R10L22 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE BETAFITE | |
| 213 | 31G12 | 45 31 18 | 75 54 38 | QUE | GATINEAU COUNTY | HULL TP R10L27 N/2 R12L23-28 | VEIN | BETAFITE | |
| 214 | 31G12 | 45 32 06 | 75 54 48 | QUE | GATINEAU COUNTY | HULL TP R11L27 N/2 | VEIN | PYROCHLORE | |
| 215 | 31J13 | 46 45 | 75 55 | QUE | GATINEAU COUNTY | EASKATONG TP R2L2224 R2L2531 | VEIN | PYROCHLORE ELLSWORTHITE | |
| 216 | 31J16 | 46 48 | 76 00 20 | QUE | BERTHIER COUNTY | Maisonieuve TP R2L1 | PEGMATITE | SAMARSKITE EUXENITE FERGUSONITE | |
| 217 | 31J 9 | 46 42 | 73 58 | QUE | BERTHIER COUNTY | BRASSARD TOWNSHIP | PEGMATITE | SAMARSKITE | |
| 218 | 32D 8 | 48 24 45 | 77 59 51 | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | LAMOTTE TP R10L64 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE | |
| 219 | 32D 8 | 48 26 57 | 78 10 54 | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | FIGUERY TP R2L14 R2L36 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE | |
| 220 | 32C 5 | 48 24 45 | 77 48 23 | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | LOCORNE TP R9L52-53 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE | |

| NUMBER | OTHER MINERALS | WALL-ROCKS | REFERENCES | |
|--------|--------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------|
| 199 | CARBONATITE IJOLITE OKAITE | | 1957 MAURICE P. 1-9 1958 ROWE P. 86-87 1960 NICKEL | |
| 200 | APATITE CALCITE | MARBLE IJOLITE | 1958 ROWE P. 88 1959 ROWE P. 46 1969 GOLD AND VALLEE PP. 1-37 | |
| 201 | BERYL MOLYBDENITE GARNET | GRANITE PEGMATITE ADAMELLITE | 1950 TREMBLAY P. 89 1953 ROWE P. 16 1965 MULLIGAN P. 48-49 | |
| 202 | | MARBLE IJOLITE LAMPROPHYRE BRECCIA | 1958 ROWE P. 86 1959 FICKETT D.E. 1959 MTS MB IR59-20 | |
| 203 | SPODUMENE BERYL BISMUTHINITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANODIORITE | 1950 TREMBLAY P. 74 1957 MULLIGAN PP. 12-13 | |
| 204 | | DOLOMITE LAMPROPHYRE | 1958 ROWE P. 84-85 | |
| 205 | | MARBLE IJOLITE OKAITE | 1954 ROWE P. 1-18 1958 ROWE P. 86-87 | |
| 206 | FELDSPAR MONAZITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 154 | |
| 207 | | | 1958 ROWE P. 85-86 | |
| 208 | | MARBLE PYROXENITE IJOLITE FENITE | BRECCIA | 1958 ROWE P. 86 |
| 209 | | | 1957 MAURICE P. 18 1958 ROWE P. 97 | |
| 210 | | PEGMATITE | 1958 ROWE P. 88 | |
| 211 | URANIUMITE URANOTHRONITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE gneiss MARBLE GABBRO | 1956 GITTINS PP. 772-783 | |
| 212 | | GRANITE SYENITE | 1960 ROSE P. 48 1961 HOGARTH P. 615 | |
| 213 | URANIUMITE | GRANITE SYENITE | 1961 HOGARTH P. 615 | |
| 214 | | GRANITE SYENITE | 1961 HOGARTH P. 615 | |
| 215 | URANOTHRONITE THORITE | MARBLE | 1958 ROWE P. 97 1962 LANG P. 284 | |
| 216 | URANIUMITE | PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 153 1958 ROWE P. 98 1960 ROSE P. 59-10 1962 LANG P. 286 | |
| 217 | | | 1880 HOFFMAN 1917 FULLER AND KNIGHT P. 316 1932 ELLSWORTH P. 248 | |
| 218 | SPODUMENE BERYL GARNET | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANODIORITE DIOGRITE BIOTITE SCHIST | 1958 TREMBLAY P. 76 1965 MULLIGAN P. 47 | |
| 219 | SPODUMENE GARNET TOURMALINE | GRANITE PEGMATITE BIOTITE SCHIST | 1953 ROWE P. 1957 MULLIGAN P. 11 1965 MULLIGAN PP. 47-48 | |
| 220 | MOLYBDENITE BISMUTHINITE BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANODIORITE AMPHIBOLITE | 1950 TREMBLAY P. 76 1965 MULLIGAN P. 43-46 | |

| NUMBER | N.T.S. | BLOCK | LATITUDE | LONGITUDE | PROVINCE | COUNTY OR DISTRICT | TOWNSHIP OR PARISH | TYPE OF DEPOSIT | NE-TA MINERALS |
|--------|--------|-------|----------|-----------|----------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| 221 | | 32D 8 | 48 23 06 | 78 14 51 | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | PREISSAC TP R7L53-4 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 222 | | 32D 8 | 48 30 | 78 18 30 | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | PREISSAC TOWNSHIP | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 223 | | 21M16 | 47 24 | 70 51 | QUE | CHARLEVOIX COUNTY | LAC PIED DES MONT | PEGMATITE | SANAPSKITE FERGUSONITE EUXENITE |
| 224 | | 21N13 | 47 35 | 69 55 | QUE | CHARLEVOIX EST COUNT | CALLIERES TWP R1 L11 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 225 | | 21N13 | 47 35 | 69 55 | QUE | CHARLEVOIX EST COUNT | CALLIERES TP R2 3L 8 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 226 | | 31J 5 | 46 25 | 75 50 | QUE | GATINEAU COUNTY | KENSINGTON TP | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE ESCHYNITE PYROCHLORE |
| 227 | | | 48 24 45 | 77 47 15 | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | LACORNE TP R9L57 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE BETAFITE |
| 228 | | 32C12 | 48 25 54 | 77 54 30 | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | LANDRIENNE TP R1L26 R1L25 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE MICROLITE |
| 229 | | 31H11 | 45 30 | 73 20 | QUE | ROUVILLE COUNTY | ST HILAIRE L301-330 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 230 | | 31G 5 | 45 40 | 75 40 | QUE | GATINEAU COUNTY | TEMPLETON TP R1L20 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 231 | | 31G 5 | 45 40 | 75 50 | QUE | GATINEAU COUNTY | WAKEFIELD TP R3L25 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 232 | | 32C 5 | 48 25 06 | 77 51 54 | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | LACORNE TP R10L38 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 233 | | 32C 5 | 48 24 06 | 72 59 15 | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | LACORNE TP R9L1-2 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 234 | | 32C 5 | 48 18 57 | 77 50 18 | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | LACORNE TP R3L7-8 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 235 | | 32C 5 | 48 25 00 | 77 58 54 | QUE | ABITIBI COUNTY | LACORNE TP R10L1-2 R9L1-6 | PEGMATITE | COLUMBITE |
| 236 | | 21D11 | 48 33 | 71 12 | QUE | DUBUC COUNTY | SIMARD TP R7 | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 237 | | 31G 9 | 45 36 30 | 74 06 | QUE | TWO MOUNTAINS COUNTY | ST SCHOLASTIQUE | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 238 | | 31G 9 | 45 34 | 74 20 | QUE | ARGENTEUIL COUNTY | ST ANDRE EST | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 239 | | 31H | 45 30 | 73 30 | QUE | MONTREAL ISLAND | ST-MICHEL | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 240 | | 31Ku9 | 46 40 | 76 05 | QUE | GATINEAU COUNTY | LYTTON TP R1L26 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 241 | | 31JJ5 | 46 23 | 75 58 | QUE | MANIWAKI COUNTY | PINE CHUTES DESERT R | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 242 | | 31G11 | 45 40 | 75 40 | QUE | GATINEAU COUNTY | TEMPLETON TP P13L5 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |

| NUMBER | OTHER MINERALS | WALL-ROCKS | REFERENCES |
|--------|------------------------------------|--|---|
| 221 | BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE ADAMELLITE | 1965 MULLIGAN P. 42 |
| 222 | | PEGMATITE | |
| 223 | URANIHITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1906 OBALSKI P. 42 1959 ROSE P. 41 |
| 224 | URANIHITE MOLYBDENITE PYRITE | PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 152 |
| 225 | | PEGMATITE | 1958 SHAW P. 21 1962 LANG P. 285 |
| 226 | URANIHITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1958 SHAW P. 42 1959 ROSE P. 40 |
| 227 | SPODUMENE BERYL GARNET | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANODIORITE MONzonite | 1950 TREMBLAY P. 76 1957 MULLIGAN PP. 10-11 1965 MULLIGAN PP. 43-46 |
| 228 | SPODUMENE BERYL GARNET | GRANITE PEGMATITE Biotite Schist | 1950 TREMBLAY P. 77 1957 MULLIGAN P. 12 1965 MULLIGAN PP. 46-47 |
| 229 | | GABBRO NEPHELINE SYENITE | 1958 ROWE P. 97 |
| 230 | | PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 153 1959 ROSE P. 41 |
| 231 | URANIHITE | PEGMATITE | 1958 ROWE P. 98 1962 LANG P. 293 |
| 232 | SPODUMENE | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANODIORITE | 1950 TREMBLAY MAP 1957 MULLIGAN P. 12 1965 MULLIGAN P. 47 |
| 233 | BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANODIORITE | 1950 TREMBLAY MAP 1957 MULLIGAN P. 46 |
| 234 | SPODUMENE BERYL | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANODIORITE BIOTITE SCHIST VOLCANICS | 1957 MULLIGAN P. 12 1965 MULLIGAN P. 59 |
| 235 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE GRANODIORITE | 1950 TREMBLAY MAP 1951 MULLIGAN P. 12 1965 MULLIGAN PP. 46-47 |
| 236 | POLYBENCITE MONAZITE | COPPER CARBONATE NEPHELINE SYENITE DIORITE | 1970 VALLEE AND DUBUC PP. 1-35 |
| 237 | | | |
| 238 | FLUORITE BARITE | CARBONATITE | 1969 P. 1-1d |
| 239 | DAWSONITE HELOGRANITE | LIMESTONE | 1969 STEACY AND JAMBR PP. 1971 FERGUSON P. 24 |
| 240 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1959 ROSE P. 40 |
| 241 | ALLANITE URANIHITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1959 ROSE P. 40 |
| 242 | URANIHITE MONAZITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1960 ROSE P. 41 |

| NUMBER | M+T+S. | BLOCK | LATITUDE | LONGITUDE | PROVINCE | COUNTY OR DISTRICT | TOWNSHIP OR PARISH | TYPE OF DEFCSIT | NB-TA MINERALS |
|--------|--------|----------|----------|-----------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| 243 | 31K16 | 46 58 | 76 11 | QUE' | GATINEAU COUNTY | | TP P-68 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 244 | 31J12 | 46 40 | 75 40 | QUE | LABELLE COUNTY | | POPE TP | PEGMATITE | ELLSWORTHITE |
| 245 | 31J12 | 46 30 | 75 40 | QUE | LABELLE COUNTY | | ROBERTSON TP | PEGMATITE | ELLSWORTHITE |
| 246 | 31G13 | 45 43 33 | 75 28 41 | QUE | PAPINEAU COUNTY | | DERRY TP R2L14 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 247 | 31G13 | 45 43 52 | 75 26 01 | QUE | PAPINEAU COUNTY | | DERRY TP P2L3-4 | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 248 | 31P14 | 47 | 73 30 | QUE | ST MAURICE COUNTY | | ST CATHERINE TP R1-2 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 249 | 31Jv1 | 46 05 | 74 05 | QUE | TERREBONNE COUNTY | | WEXFORD TP | PEGMATITE | EUXENITE |
| 250 | 31G13 | 45 46 24 | 75 42 06 | QUE | PAPINEAU COUNTY | | W PORTLAND TP R6 L28 | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 251 | 31G 8 | 45 29 30 | 74 00 48 | QUE | TWO MOUNTAINS COUNTY | | L'ANNONCIATION PAR | IRREGULAR | PYROCHLORE |
| 252 | 73H 3 | 55 06 | 105 17 | SSK | LAC LA RONGE AREA | | LARONGE VILLAGE | PEGMATITE | PYRCCHLORE |
| 253 | 74N13 | 59 48 | 109 55 | SSK | CAMSELL PORTAGE AREA | | HAZELTON LAKE | VEIN | EUXENITE PYROCHLORE |
| 254 | 74N11 | 59 35 | 108 15 | SSK | GOLDFIELDS REGION | | VIKING LAKE | GOSSAN | FERGUSONITE |
| 255 | 74N10 | 59 35 | 108 15 | SSK | GOLDFIELDS REGION | | VIKING LAKE | PEGMATITE | FERGUSONITE |
| 256 | 74N10 | 59 35 | 108 15 | SSK | GOLDFIELDS REGION | | VIKING LAKE | PEGMATITE | PYRCCHLORE |

| NUMBER | OTHER MINERALS | WALL-ROCKS | REFERENCES |
|--------|--|--|---|
| 243 | MONAZITE ALLANITE URANINITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 152 1962 LANG P. 293 |
| 244 | ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1962 LANG P. 291 |
| 245 | ALLANITE URANINITE URANOCHRITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1952 LANG P. 151 1962 LANG P. 290 |
| 246 | ALLANITE URANINITE THUCOLITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1959 ROSE P. 40 |
| 247 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1959 ROSE P. 40 |
| 248 | URANINITE THUCOLITE ALLANITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1960 RCSE P. 41 |
| 249 | | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1959 ROSE P. 41 |
| 250 | ALLANITE WAKEFIELDITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE QUARTZITE MARBLE | 1971 MILES ET AL PF. 385-410 1932 SPENCE P. 77 |
| 251 | | CARBONATITE SOVITE | 1969 EOLD AND VALLEE P. 28 |
| 252 | CRYTOLITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE | 1958 ROWE P. 90 |
| 253 | | SERICITE SCHIST GRANITE | 1958 ROWE P. 90 |
| 254 | | GOSSAN | 1952 LANG P. 82 1955 ROBINSON P. 69 |
| 255 | | PEGMATITE GRANITE GNEISS | 195d RCWE P. 90 |
| 256 | URANINITE MONAZITE PITCHBLENDITE | GRANITE PEGMATITE AMPHIBOLITE GRANITE GNEISS | 1955 ROBINSON PP. 35-36 1958 RCWE P. 90 |