GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA
DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY, MINES AND RESOURCES

LEGEND

- Drumlin (direction of flow known, unknown)
- Rock drumlin (direction known from crag and tail unknown)
- Glacial grooves
- Glacial striae on bedrock
- Large meltwater or outwash channels and river channels bounded by cutbanks and terraces (arrows indicate direction of flow)
- Small meltwater or abandoned stream channels (direction of flow known, unknown)
- Pitted terrane
- Eskers and esker complexes
- Cirques
- End-moraine of valley glaciers
- Alluvial fans
- Approximate limit or margins of valley glaciers

Geology by H.W. Tipper, 1954-1969

To accompany GSC Bulletin 196 by H.W. Tipper

Geological cartography by the Geological Survey of Canada

Topographic base-map at the same scale published by the Surveys and Mapping Branch, 1959

Magnetic declination 1970, varies from 24°31′ easterly at centre of west edge to 23°55′ easterly at centre of east edge. Mean annual change decreasing 3.1′

Copies of the topographical edition of this map may be obtained from the map distribution office, Department of Energy, Mines and Resources, Ottawa

NATIONAL TOPOGRAPHIC SYSTEM REFERENCE AND INDEX TO GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA MAPS

INDEX MAP

Published, 1971
Copies of this map may be obtained from the Geological Survey of Canada, Ottawa

Printed by the Surveys and Mapping Branch

MAP 1291A

SURFICIAL GEOLOGY

MOUNT WADDINGTON

BRITISH COLUMBIA

Scale 1:250,000

Miles 4 0 4 8 12 Miles

Kilometres 6 0 6 12 18 Kilometres

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MAP 1291A
MOUNT WADDINGTON
BRITISH COLUMBIA