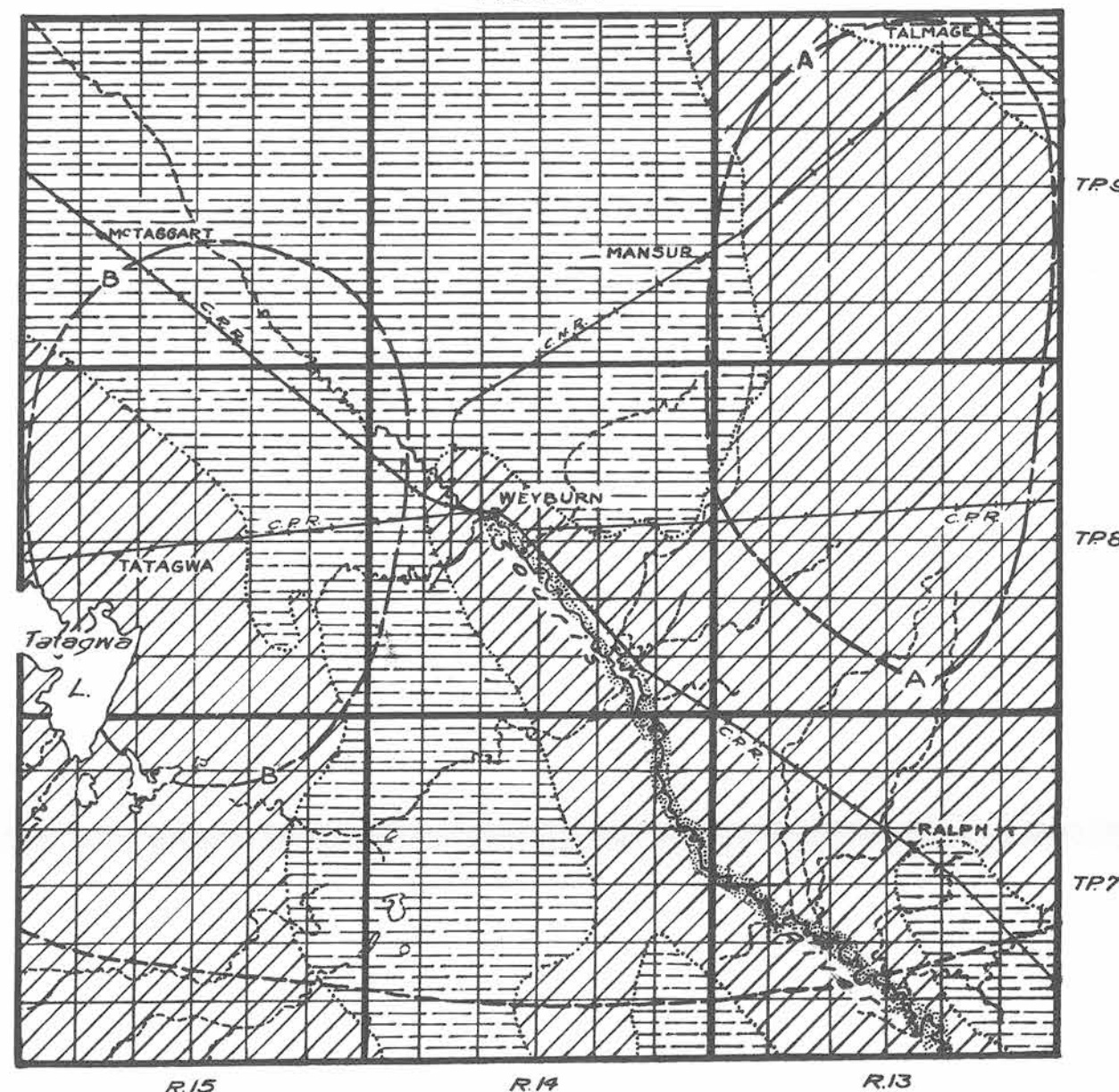


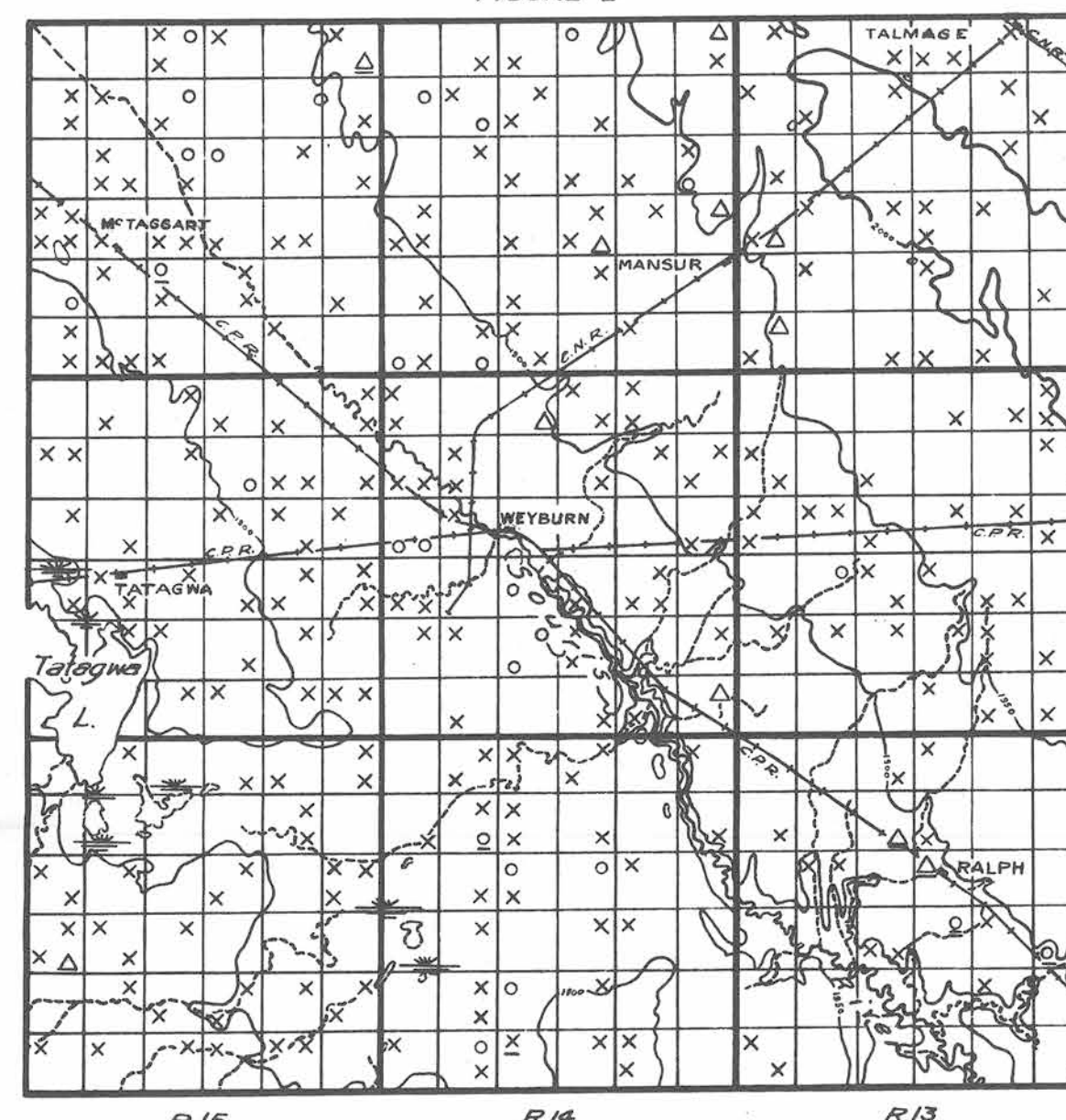
RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF WEYBURN NO-67, SASKATCHEWAN

FIGURE 1



Map showing the surface and bedrock geology
as it affects the supply of ground water, and
areas in which the ground water occurs

FIGURE 2



Map showing the drainage and relief,
and the location and types of wells
with source of ground water supply

Stream deposits in which small
supplies of ground water are
obtained within 15 feet of the
surface

Glacial drift in which small
supplies of water are obtained
from sand and gravel pockets
within 40 feet of the surface

Glacial lake clay in which small
supplies of highly mineralized
ground water are obtained within
40 feet of the surface

Boundary of area within which
ground water in substantial
quantities is readily obtained
within 40 feet of the surface

Boundary of area within which
ground water in substantial
quantities is difficult to
obtain at any depth

Approximate geological
boundary between the Ravens-
crag formation to the south
and the marine shale formation
to the north

Well class 1
In drift In bedrock

Flowing wells (These are
usually designated as
Flowing Artesian wells)

Well class 2
In drift In bedrock

Wells in which the water
is under pressure but does
not rise to the surface
(These are usually designated
as Non-flowing Artesian wells)

Well class 3
In drift In bedrock

Wells in which the water
does not rise above the
water table (These are
usually designated as Non-
Artesian wells)

Dry holes
In drift In bedrock

Contours (interval 50 feet)

0 3 6 9 12 15 18
Scale of miles

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Commission Géologique du Canada
Ottawa, Canada K1A 0E8