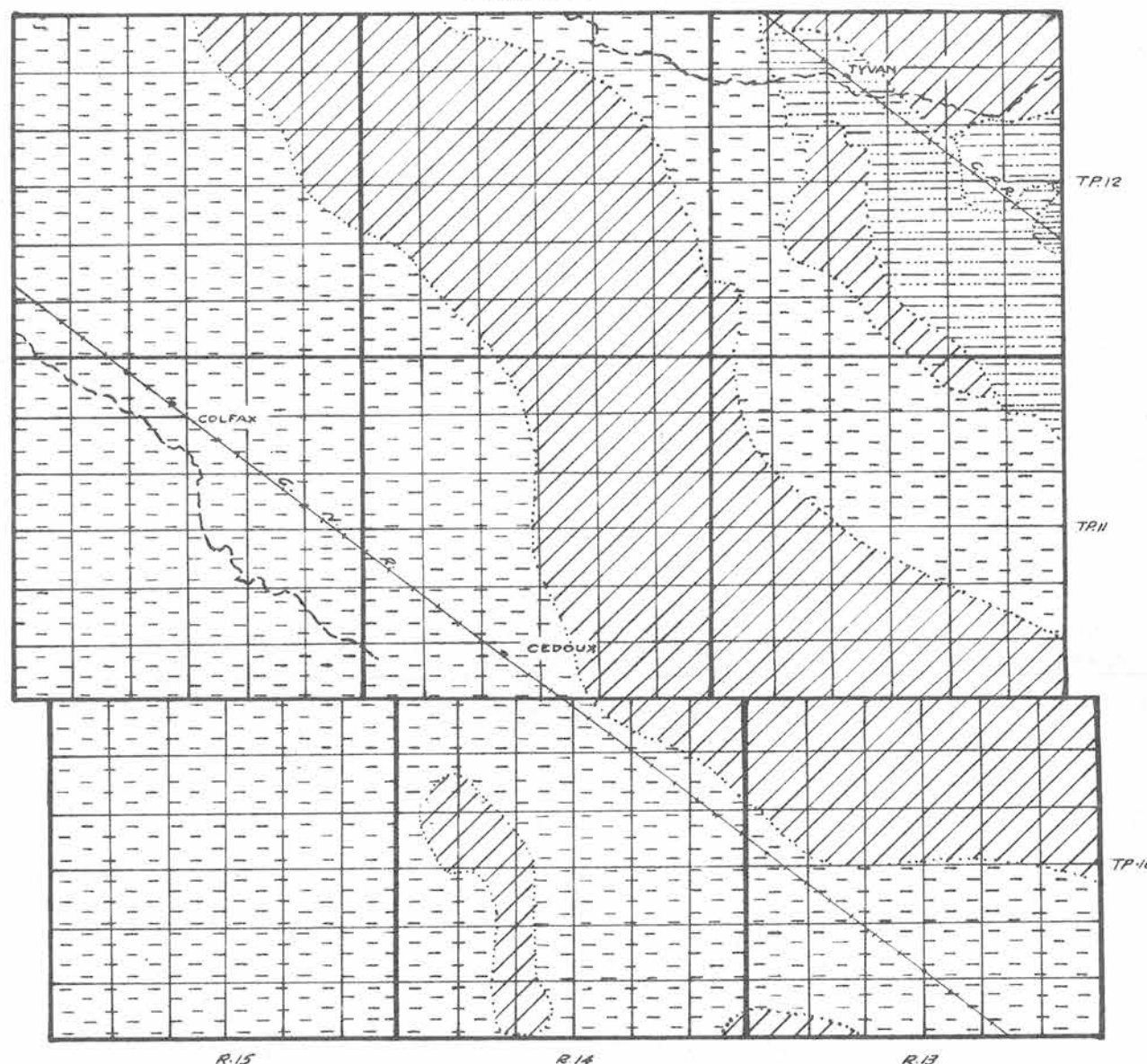


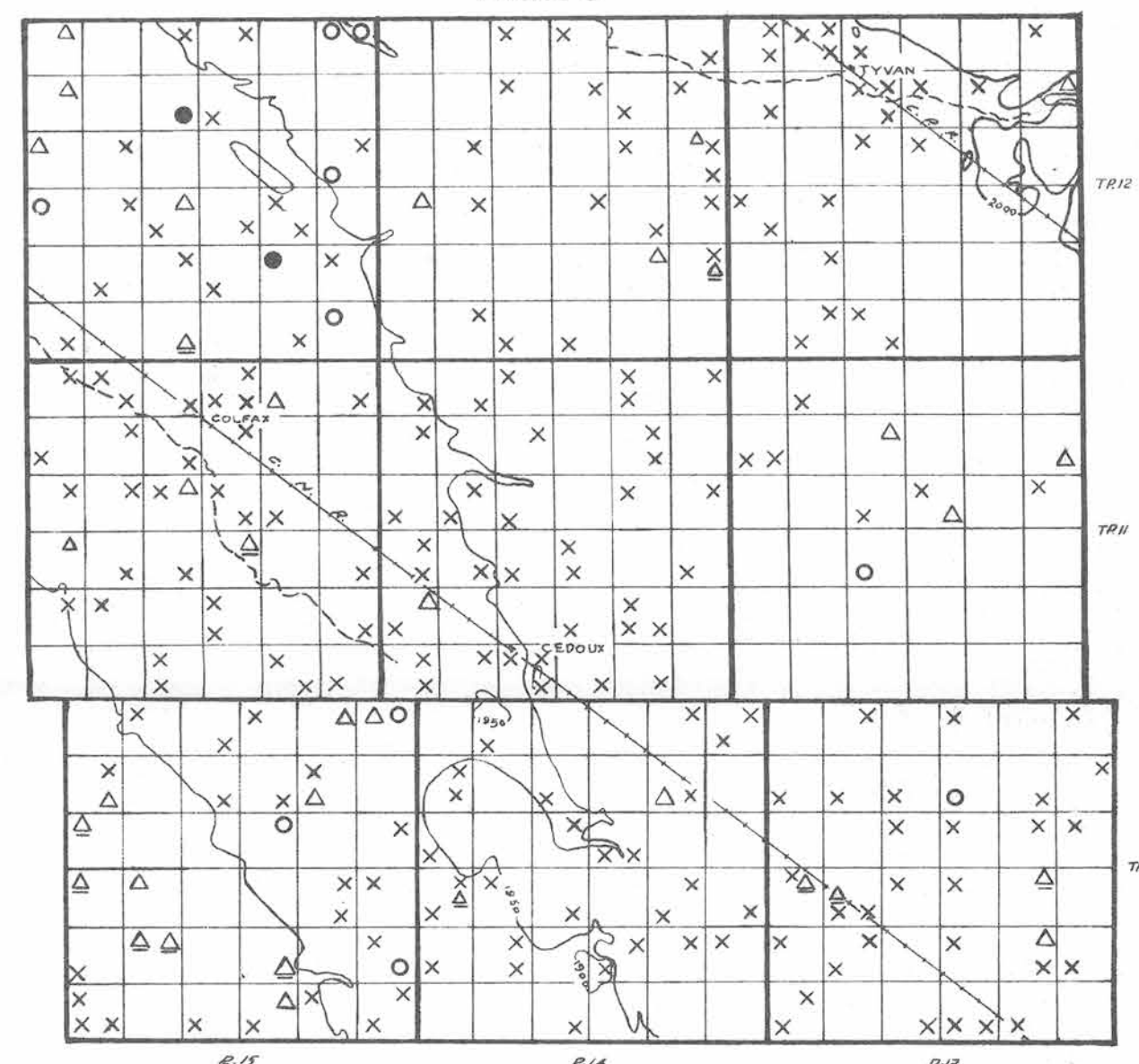
RURAL MUNICIPALITY OF WELLINGTON NO-97, SASKATCHEWAN

FIGURE 1



Map showing the surface and bedrock geology
as it affects the supply of ground water, and
areas in which the ground water occurs

FIGURE 2



Map showing the drainage and relief,
and the location and types of wells
with source of ground water supply



Glacial lake clays in which small
supplies of highly mineralized
ground water are obtained within
25 feet of the surface



Glacial drift in which small
supplies of mineralized water
are obtained from sand and gravel
pockets which lie within 40
feet of the surface



Glacial lake sands in which
abundant supplies of excellent
water are obtained within 15
feet of the surface



Glacial sands and gravels in
which abundant supplies of water
can be obtained within 20 feet
of the surface



Well class 1
In drift In bedrock

Flowing wells (These are
usually designated as
Flowing Artesian wells)



Well class 2
In drift In bedrock

Wells in which the water
is under pressure but does
not rise to the surface
(These are usually designated
as Non-flowing Artesian wells)



Well class 3
In drift In bedrock

Wells in which the water
does not rise above the
water table (These are
usually designated as Non-
Artesian wells)



Dry holes
In drift In bedrock



Contours (interval 50 feet)

