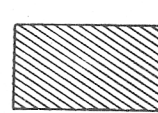
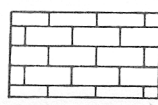


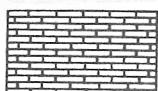
LEGEND



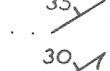
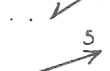


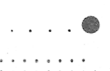


 Interbedded ripple-marked and cross-bedded arenaceous and calcareous strata, apparently non-fossiliferous; well-developed fracture cleavage (age unknown)

SILURIAN OR YOUNGER

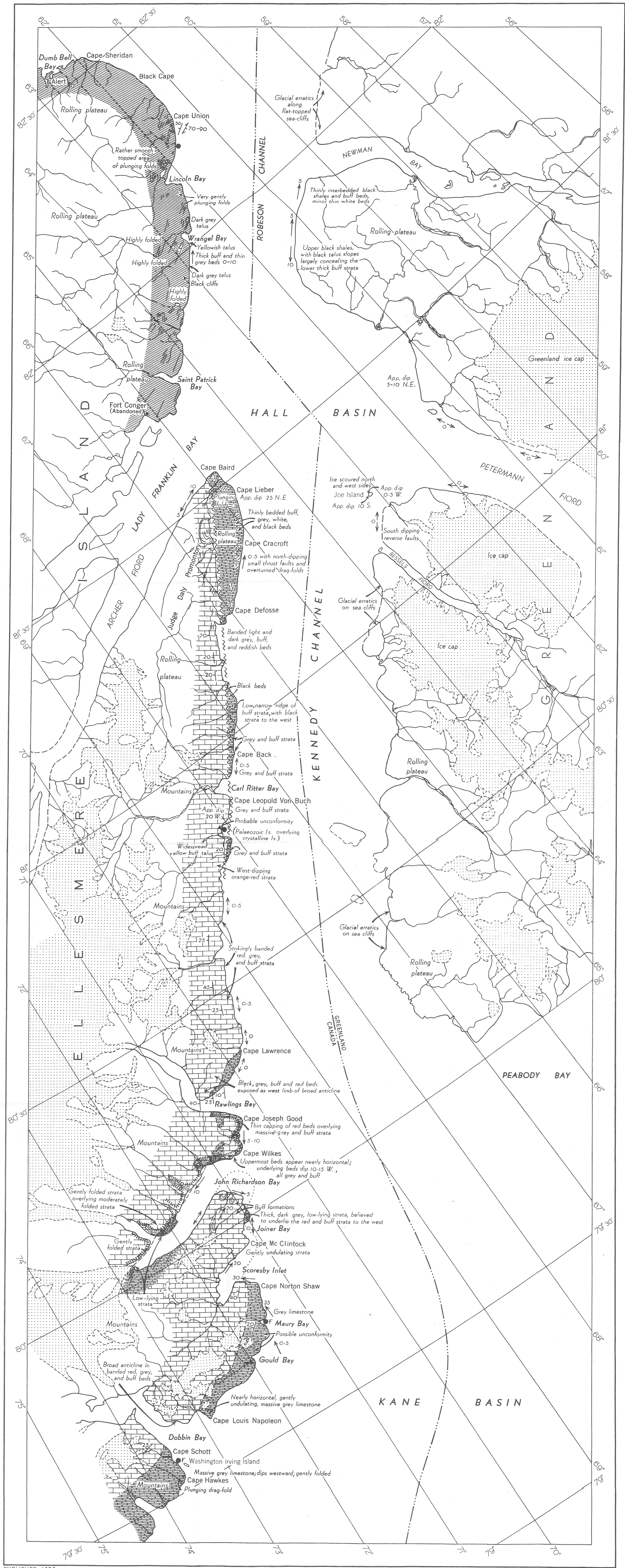
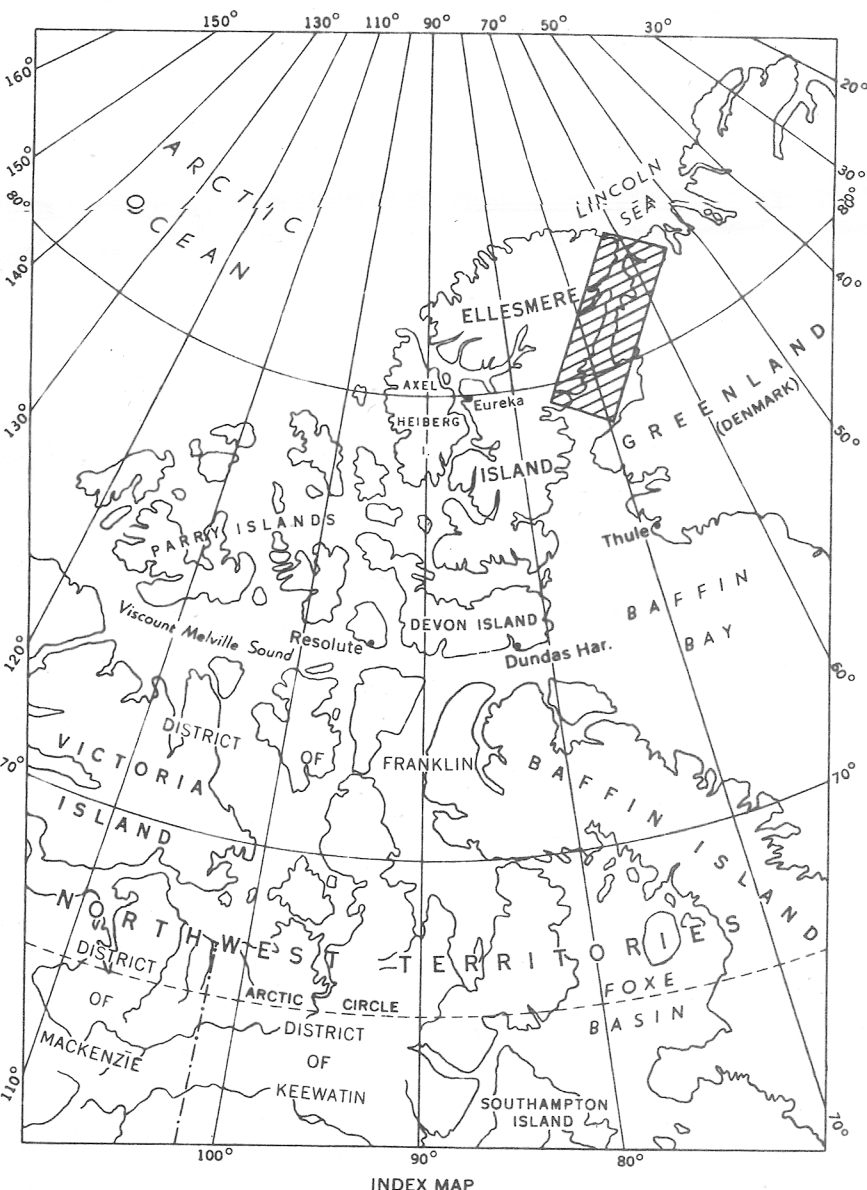
 Interbedded grey and buff limestone; red and white sandstone and conglomerate; black shale (?)

ORDOVICIAN (In part at least)

 Thick-bedded grey and buff limestone; minor black shale

Trend of bedding taken from air photographs... 
Cliff and folded beds (John Richardson Bay)... 
Bedding (inclined)...  35°
Schistosity (inclined)...  30°
Plunge or apparent dip...  5°
Fault (assumed)... 
Fossil locality...  F
Shore-point visited... 
Ice cap... 

Geology by V.K. Prest 1950



PUBLISHED, 1952

PRELIMINARY MAP 52-32A

Sketch Map of Robeson Channel - Kane Basin Coastal Area
Ellesmere Island, Northwest Territories

Scale: One Inch to Eight Miles = $\frac{1}{506,880}$

Miles 8 4 0 8 16 24