



GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF CANADA
DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND TECHNICAL SURVEYS

LEGEND

- Glacial striae (direction of ice movement unknown)
- End moraine
- Minor moraines
- Drumlins
- Crag and tail hills and other features e.g. striae (direction of ice movement known)
- Escarpment (downhill side indicated)
- Ice-dammed lake spillway (gorge)
- Limit of marine submergence (shown only in western part of map-area, where large areas were inundated)
- Ice-cap or glacier
- Collection locality (shell or peat) 8.
- Radiocarbon age determination, altitude in feet (refer to Table I) [6750 | 55]

Geology by Weston Blake, Jr., 1965. Field observations by W. Blake, Jr., F. M. Syge, R. G. Blackadar, R. N. McNeely, P. H. Smith, and F. C. Taylor, 1965. Published striae observations by Blackadar (1960-1962) Davison (1959a, 1959b), Gould (1928), and Riley (1959), and unpublished observations by Davison and Fortier are incorporated into this map

To accompany Paper 66-26; by Weston Blake, Jr.

Geological cartography by the Geological Survey of Canada, 1966

Height in feet above mean sea-level 370±

Base-map cartography by the Geological Survey of Canada, 1966 from maps published at 1:2,000,000 by the Surveys and Mapping Branch, 1959



INDEX MAP

Scale 1:2,000,000
(1 inch=approximately 32 miles)



Note: Off-shore islands lie within the Districts of Franklin and Keewatin

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Figure 2. Selected glacial features and location of radiocarbon-dated samples, southern Baffin Island, District of Franklin.